MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, JUNE 5, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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Minn Hist'l Society

THEY GET NOTHING

Influence of Minnesota Congressmen With Census Director Not Very Great.

AN EXTRA SESSION

Will Not Be Called Before October, and Perhaps Not Then.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Former Governor Merriam is giving the Minnesota congressmen a great deal of annoyance. Up to the present time their influence with him has been nil. They have made all sorts of overtures to him to get men in office, and the majority have failed. Merriam's reasons are always stereotyped, and to them, of course, always unsatisfactory. The supposition here is that Director Merriam has very little to do, himself, in making appointments in the bureau over which he presides. President McKinley and Senator Hanna seem to have taken full charge of dispensing the patronage in the census office, and the former governor of Minnesota is apparently a mere figurehead, when appointment matters are taken into consideration.

The Minnesota congressmen, while they have suffered greatly, are no worse off than their colleagues from other states. Even the Ohio delegation has so far been unable to secure any favors from the director of the census, for the reason that the president and the junior senator from Ohio have not signified their willingness to O. K. applications endorsed by the Buckeye state delegation.

The announcement that competitive examinations are to be held all over the country is considered to be a big bluff by those who are familiar with the inside working of the bureau, with Merriam as chief clerk, and President McKinley and Mark Hanna as chief patronage dispensers.

The Minnesota delegation suffers probably to a greater degree than that of any other state. This is because Merriam comes from that state.

Representative Morris is probably the worst sufferer in the Minnesota delegation, for he has made many recommendations without securing any results. His private secretary, John Boobar, as heretofore has been telegraphed to The Herald, may yet get a good clerkship, but at this time nothing definite can be learned at the census office regarding his probable appointment. The remaining Minnesota congressmen have been disappointed, so that Morris is not the only man in the delegation who has a grudge against the McKinley-Hanna census bureau combination.

* * *

It is said this afternoon that Director Merriam of the census bureau is going to try and get all the members of the Minnesota delegation to meet soon in St. Paul to decide upon the recommendation of the applicants they desire appointed. This, of course, is outside of the regular appointments given to each congressman in his district. The plan may or may not work. The chances are that Merriam will not be able to get the members of the delegation to agree to his new scheme.

* * *

Senators McMillan and Burrows of Michigan were callers at the White House this morning. They doubtless discussed the coming senatorial fight in the Wolverine state with the president. Politicians this afternoon emphatically declare Secretary Alger will cut no ice in the contest, and McMillan will therefore be re-elected.

* * *

The best information obtainable at the White House today is that President McKinley will not call congress together in extra session before Oct. 1. There is a bare possibility that he may find it unnecessary to have an extra session. The situation in the Philippines has changed so materially that the president does not now consider that he needs the assistance of congress. He is of opinion that the rebellion in these islands may be quelled before the rainy season sets in. This is his principal hope just now. If the insurgents are not subdued before this time, congress could be of but little assistance to him. The fact that the president is going to Minnesota in August is a strong indication that he is not worried over the situation in the Philippines. He will probably consent to go to Milwaukee on this trip. H. C. Payne, of that city, is here today urging him to do so. The only real reason in evidence at this time why the president may find it necessary to call an extra session lies in the fact that he is being urged by the currency reformers to call congress together early in the fall to endeavor to pass a currency bill. This he may or may not consent to do. That he may yield will be due to the agitation by the free silver men, who desire to put the Republicans on record regarding this important issue as early as possible. He may call congress in order to checkmate them, believing that early action on the currency question would probably be favorable to the Republicans in the next national campaign.

* * *

Congressman Frank M. Eddy of the Seventh Minnesota district has lessened his chances to become governor of Minnesota by showing the "white feather" in the speakership fight. He is a Sherman man, but did not appear to have nerve enough to come out and show that he openly favored the New Yorker, fearing that his defeat might be accomplished. Now that it is practically certain that Gen. Henderson of Iowa is to win this prize, Eddy is certain to lose prestige, not only in the house, but in his own state, and the next state convention will probably not chose him for leadership in the campaign next year. Joel P. Heatwole, another candidate for governor, will likewise suffer. Morris, who is said to have been a Henderson man from the start, will probably be retained as a member of the river and harbor committee, and may be given other assignments beneficial to him and the Sixth district. The wily congressman from the First district, James A. Tawney, will, however, capture all the big prizes for Minnesota, under the Henderson regime.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

A STRONG GALE

The Wind Blew Eighty Miles an Hour at Fennimore, Wis.

Milwaukee, June 5.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Fennimore, Wis., says a tornado in this vicinity resulted in considerable damage. The storm came from the southwest, and as it struck the western outskirts of the city the wind was a veritable gale, blowing at the rate of eighty miles an hour. The amphitheater, art hall, stalls and judges' stand of the Fennimore Fair and Driving Park association were demolished in an instant and then hurled several hundred feet. Continuing on its work of destruction, it partially unroofed the general merchandise stores of the Hinn Hildebrand company, which also sustained a heavy loss on account of goods damaged by water. The lumber yard of George W. Blanchard was scattered broadcast. A car on the Northwestern railway tracks was lifted off its trucks and hurled ten feet. C. N. Graham's hardware store was partially unroofed and St. Mary's Catholic church was deprived of its chimneys. Barns were unroofed, trees uprooted, gardens destroyed and other minor damage was done. Telephone and telegraph service was crippled.

RELATED TO PHILIPPINES.

The Action Taken at a Late Cabinet Conference.

Washington, June 5.—Secretary Hay was a party to last evening's conference at the White House, a fact not generally known last night. It is believed that advices were received from President Schurman of the Philippine commission. The conference prepared some instructions to govern the conduct of the officers in the Philippines, in accordance with the suggestions contained in the cable advices, and these were promptly cabled to Manilla. The fact that the secretary of state was called into the conference by the president is taken as an indication that the subjects discussed were not purely military in character, but related in some manner to large questions of policy connected with the Philippines; perhaps relating again to some fresh overtures from the insurgents. The matter is said to be in such shape that publication at this time would defeat the objects in view.

THEY DENIED.

De Baras Claim Their Brother-in-Law, Henschel, Is the Guilty Man.

Chicago, June 5.—The case of the baron and baroness de Bara, charged with using the United States mails to carry on fraudulent business, went to the jury today. Both defendants testified. Edgar de Bara said he was born in France and had never been naturalized in the United States. He attended a military school in France and served several years in the French army. Prior to 1893 he acted for several years as attache to the British consul in Japan. He met his present wife in that country. He denied all charges made by the government's witness, declaring that he carried on a legitimate business for his brother-in-law, George B. Henschel.

Fannie De Bara was somewhat nervous, but replied firmly to all questions and denied every charge made by the prosecution. She also spoke in detail of her romantic life history. She said her birthplace was in Japan, her father being Scotch and her mother Japanese. Her maiden name was Wilson and her sister had married George B. Henschel, who the defense claims is the originator of the fraudulent scheme. Mrs. De Bara admitted she had rented the office on Dearborn street, Chicago, but claimed that she did it for her brother-in-law, whom she considered an authorized manager of the Phonograph company. She declared she knew nothing of the advertisements in regard to the penny-in-the-slot machines, which the mysterious Henschel is said to have inserted in London papers as a bait for his alleged victims. The closing arguments of the counsel and the judge's charge were brief.

THE IDEAL FATHER.

Writing of the ideal father and ideal home training, in the Ladies' Home Journal, Frances Evans refers to the home life of a well-known writer "who considers no affair of greater importance than the direction of his four boys' minds. His boys run in age from 10 to 17, but even the little lad of 10 is admitted to the family talks, which are teaching these boys to think for themselves. Instead of telling the children to 'keep quiet' at the dining table, both parents, with wise kindness, promote and direct the natural talkativeness of youth into fruitful channels. The father brings home the news of the day, and each boy is encouraged to express himself on these current topics when they dine at night, provided he is willing to think about what he is saying, not deliver some careless, ignorant opinion, then obstinately stick to it. Argument is encouraged, and frequently started by the father. Each boy may give free rein to his opinion as long as he keeps his temper and argues his best. No slovenly habits of thought or expression are permitted in this family. The topic in hand may be anything from football to the latest scientific discovery.

SULUS ON WAR PATH

Uncle Sam To Meet More Armed Opposition In the Philippines.

DEWEY MUCH BETTER

But Looks Somewhat Haggard From Effects of Recent Strain.

New York, June 5.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Hong Kong says: The sultan of Sulu who, it was supposed, was favorably disposed toward the United States, it now turns out has imported a large quantity of arms from Singapore, via Sandaken, with a view to resisting the Americans.

These arms he has stored on the island of Siasi, and he is raising a force of Sepoys at Singapore.

It is believed that the decision of the sultan to fight the United States is the result of Bray's mission to Singapore in April.

Joseph Henry Grimes has a suit in the supreme court against Aguinaldo through his attorneys, Agoncillo & Lichanco, for $35,000, which he alleges is one-fourth of the profits of the Abbey expedition, to which he is entitled.

DEWEY SEEKS REST.

He Puts Quietus On All Attempts At Display.

Hong Kong, June 5.—Admiral Dewey left the Peak hotel and returned to the Olympia yesterday. This morning he paid farewell calls to Governor General Gascoigne and the commanders of the warships in the harbor.

Admiral Dewey's health has been considerably benefited by his residence at the Peak. He has refused all social invitations, and has taken a perfect rest. He appears somewhat haggard from the effects of the continual strain he has been under, and of the climate.

The Olympia will sail at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, but Admiral Dewey will not give a farewell dinner, nor will he accept one. It is hoped that the quiet change and the voyage will quite restore him to health by the time he reaches New York. The details of the ports at which he will call are still undecided, but it is probable that stops will be made at Singapore and Colombo.

The admiral seems anxious to avoid all display and merely to seek rest. His officers and crew are elated at the prospect of a return home.

PURPOSE OF THE CAMPAIGN.

To Drive Back Insurgents Who Have Been Harrassing Traffic.

New York, June 5.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: In dispatching Gen. Lawton to capture Morong, Maj. Gen. Otis is understood to have the purpose to destroy or drive back the strong force of insurgents which have been operating from that section against the Pasig river line. There is no expectation here that Lawton's column will go far from rivers or lakes, upon which supplies will be carried to him. The authorities appreciate the extreme difficulties of a campaign during the rainy season, and all they expect is that the American forces will make short incursions into the enemy's country, breaking up any large organizations which may establish themselves in the vicinity of Manilla, especially near Laguna de Bay.

It is apparent from the line which Lawton is following and the dispatch of the Washington troops to Morong, that it is hoped to get the insurgents between that point, Taytay and Antipolo and the lake hemmed in so that they can be destroyed or captured.

DEATHS IN HOSPITAL.

Gen. Otis Also Reports Some Caused By Drowning.

Washington, June 5.—Gen. Otis reports the following deaths since his last weekly report:

Typhoid fever, May 27, William Donsley, private, C, First California; May 28, Fred Krueger, private, K, Third infantry, cerebro spinal meningitis, May 28, Charles Kasger, private, M, Third infantry; strangulated hernia, James M. McCormack, private, B, Fourth infantry; alcoholism, May 27, Patrick Byrnes, private, L, Twentieth infantry; suppurative typhlitis, May 28, Edward Patterson, private, C, Third infantry; suppurative tonsillitis, May 29, Lyman Kelsey, private, D, Second Oregon; variola, Edward A. Campbell, private, F, Fourteenth infantry; suicide, May 21, Thomas Rock, private, F, Twentieth infantry; dysentery, David L. Williams, private, L, First Montana; drowned, accidental, June 1, Lawrence Occroy, corporal, G, Twenty-second infantry; drowned on duty, April 12, Frederick Grabow, private, F, Fourteenth infantry.

SIGNAL SERVICE BRAVERY.

A Number of Men Are Mentioned For Promotion.

Washington, June 5.—Reports from the chief signal officer at Manilla and from Maj. A. C. Davol of the quartermaster's department were made public by the war department today. The report of the signal officer sketches in detail the work of the signal corps in the islands, and speaks in terms of high praise of the work of both officers and men.

A number of instances of rapid work and distinguished bravery on the part of officers in the fight at Caloocan, where the laying of a long line of wire was necessary, a signal office was set up at the extreme front and was doing business in a few minutes after the action ceased. In the fight at Pondo an office was opened and doing business in the heart of the town before any attempt was made to put out the fire.

Every command, depot or outpost of the army can now be reached from twenty-nine different telegraph offices.

Among the officers mentioned for distinguished service under fire are: Capt. Edgar Russell, Lieut. Charles E. Kilbourne, Jr., Lieut. F. H. Bailey, Lieut. Charles H. Gordon, Lieut. E. E. Kelly and Lieut. George S. Gibbs.

Among the men and non-commissioned officers who are especially mentioned are Sergt. Thomas McKinstry, Corporals William F. Scholeman and Fred S. Haldace and Private Tracy Inman, who repaired a line under heavy fire; Sergt. Dan L. Hopkins, for similar work through a burning village; Corporal Fred Gellerman, for carrying the wounded from the field under fire; Sergt. Emmet R. Jones and William Howser, Corporal Fritz Biebel and Private Allan Forman, for maintaining signals with the navy from Fort Malate while standing up under fire, and Howser and Biebel, also marking the advance line with flags during a charge; Sergt. Paul O. Paulson, David T. Flannery and Arthur Alexander and Private Allen Kirby, for the excellence of their signalling under fire at Caloocan; Sergt. A. N. Maxheimer and Privates Weir and Prendergast, for long and trying service under fire at outposts, and Private H. B. Young, for carrying a message to a blockhouse in the face of a heavy fire.

The report of Maj. Davol of the quartermaster's department relates merely to the number of conveyances, pack trains and saddle animals in service with the troops, the statement being that they are well supplied for all requirements.

FIRST TO RETURN.

Oregon Regiment Leaves Manilla for San Francisco.

Washington, June 5.—Gen. Otis advises the war department that the Oregon regiment will leave for the United States this week. It will be sent direct to Portland, Ore., for muster out at Vancouver barracks.

NEXT SPEAKER.

A Brief Interview Indicates That He Is On the Fence.

Milwaukee, June 5.—The Journal today prints an interview with Gen. D. B. Henderson, of Iowa, in which he expresses gratitude for the effective efforts of Wisconsin congressmen in his behalf as candidate for speaker in the national congress to succeed Speaker Reed.

In regard to the report that he is an anti-imperialist and with reference to other like matters, Gen. Henderson said that now is not the time for individuals to fix policies.

"See where we are," said Gen. Henderson, "and then see whether it is reasonable for us to attempt to anticipate the conditions which time brings. Here we are on June 5 in a period of transition and readjustment, and congress will not meet until next December—unless, which is not likely, there should be a special session—and we should not attempt to forestall future action which the light of developments may show to be advantageous and proper.

"What we all should do at this time is to stand steadfastly in support of President McKinley. As the chief he is in possession of hourly acquired information as to the ever-changing conditions. This he in time will give over to us, I have no doubt, and in the meantime I believe it is the duty of all to give him our firm, loyal support. That is all I care to say. In fact I have said more than I had intended saying."

A WISCONSIN CYCLONE.

No Lives Lost, But Considerable Damage to Property.

Milwaukee, June 5.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Doylestown, Wis., says a cyclone struck the village of Otsego, two and a half miles south of this place, late last night, doing considerable damage to property, but no lives were lost. The property of Chauncey Tompkins suffered most, all of the outbuildings on his farm being demolished. A large tree was twisted off in the middle, the top portion lodging on the roof of the house, doing considerably damage.

The path of the storm was very narrow. The direction of the cyclone was from the west.

GOES TO GET DREYFUS.

Cruiser Sfax Has Been Ordered to Ile du Diable.

Fort de France, Martinique, June 5.—The admiral commanding the French squadron in these waters received yesterday an order to send the cruiser Sfax to take Dreyfus from Devil's island, off the coast of French Guiana, and convey him to France. The Sfax, which is commanded by Capt. Coffinieres de Nordeck, left for Devil's island at 10 o'clock yesterday evening.

WORD FROM KAUTZ.

Expects To Reach San Francisco On the 25th Inst.

San Francisco, June 3.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Kautz, dated at Apia, May 28:

"The department cable of the 13th inst. received. Will instruct the commander of the Badger to send the Brutus to Honolulu as soon as she can be spared. Expect to sail from here on the 21st with the remains of Lieut. Lansdale and Ensign Monoghan. Will probably reach San Francisco June 25th."

This dispatch was evidently brought into San Francisco by steamer and is therefore about three weeks' old. According to Admiral Kautz's program he is probably now at Honolulu. The run from Honolulu to San Francisco is about eight days, so that he will evidently be there for some time before sailing for San Francisco as he makes his date of arrival there June 25th.

KITCHENER IN LONDON.

London, June 5.—Lord Kitchener, of Khartoum, sirdar of the Egyptian forces, arrived here today and called upon A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, and government leader in the house of commons, with whom he had a long interview. Mr. Balfour today will give a full explanation in the house of commons of the reasons for destroying the tomb of the mahadi at Omdurman and the dispersal of his remains.

FIENDS USE DYNAMITE.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 5.—The store and residence of Joseph Schenck at Edwardsville was destroyed by dynamite today and Schenck, his wife and four children were slightly injured. It is supposed an attempt was made to kill the entire Schenck family. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

SCENES OF VIOLENCE

Great Uproar in the French Chamber of Deputies Over Loubet.

GUERLARD ARRESTED

The Lieutenant is Charged With Uttering Seditious Cries and Assault.

Paris, June 5.—There were violent scenes in the chamber of deputies this afternoon, owing to royalist denunciations of President Loubet, and the soldiers on duty had to expel the chief anti-Loubet speaker, M. Rious De Largentaye.

The chamber of deputies met at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The public galleries were crowded with fashionable people, including many ladies in pretty toilettes, who used their fans vigorously on account of the heat. The galleries of the senators and diplomats were also full. There was a large and carly attendance of deputies, who animatedly discussed the incidents of yesterday.

Premier Dupuy and the minister of justice, M. LeBret, sat on the ministerial bench.

M. Lafoge, who moved the interpellation, rose at 2:25 p. m. and said the hour of action had struck. (Cheers from Leftists and murmurs from the Rightists, and a babble of cries in which MM. Cassagnac and Lascies, anti-semite, participated.)

M. Lafoge asked the premier if he had been warned beforehand of yesterday's demonstration. He then eulogized President Loubet who, he said, undertook the presidency in a time of stress. (Loud applause.)

M. Rious De Largentaye, Conservative, representing the Second division of Dinan, Cotes-du-Nord, shouted: "Loubet is not honest; he is a Panamaist."

This statement called forth violent protests and shouts of "order," but M. De Largentaye persisted in spite of the uproar in declaring honest men were arrested yesterday. This was followed with shouts of "Down with Loubet" and a scene of wild excitement ensued. The Leftists shouted at the top of their voices: "Censure with temporary exclusion."

President Deschanel ordered M. De Largentaye to withdraw, but the latter refused, and the session was suspended, the deputies being requested to withdraw in order that M. De Largentaye be expelled.

Lieut. Guerlard has been arrested and charged, not only with uttering seditious cries, but with assaulting M. Touny, chief of the municipal police.

M. Emile Zola arrived in Paris from London yesterday evening, but refused to see anybody excepting his intimate friends. There is no excitement in the street where he resides, the Rue de Bruexelles, but policemen have been stationed near his residence.

The prefect of police, M. Blanc, has ordered the closing of the Automobile club de France, of which the Comte de Dion, who was one of the ringleaders at Auteil yesterday, is president. A police commissary thereupon proceeded to the club's premises, on the Place de la Concorde, and cleared the members out, after which he affixed seals to the doors.

Vigorous measures have been taken to suppress demonstrations. Mounted detachments of Republican guards have been stationed about the Place de la Concorde in the Rue de l'Elysee and in the Rue des Tuileries.

The cabinet did not arrive at any decision respecting Gens. DeBoisdeffre and Gonse, pending the result of the inquiry regarding Du Paty de Clam.

The ministers also decided to transfer Gen. Roget, who commanded the troops which M. DeRoulede attempted to lead to the Elysee palace at the time of the election of President Loubet, from Paris to Orleans.

1:45 p. m.—An order of the day was accepted by the government, stigmatizing the occurrence at Auteuil and approving the declarations of the government. It was carried without a division after the first part had been adopted by a vote of 513 to 32, and the second part had been voted by 326 to 123.

The chamber, by 299 to 238 votes, decided to adjourn the appointment of a commission of inquiry into the conduct of Gen. Mercier, the former minister of war, until after the court-martial at Rennes, which is to try Dreyfus, as a result of the decision of the court of cassation.

THE CHESS TOURNEY.

Positions of the Different Players When Adjournment Came.

London, June 5.—The fifth round of the International chess tournament was begun in this city this noon, when the play was arranged according to round seven of the Berger system, as follows: Mason vs. Lasker; Tinsley vs. Steinitz; Bird vs. Telchmann; Cohn vs. Marocsy; Schlechter vs. Pillsbury; Showalter vs. Janowski, and Lee vs. Blackburne; Tschigorin a bye. An adjournment was had at 4:30 p. m., when the following results had been arrived at: Mason and Lasker adjourned their game in an even position; Tinsley had lost to Steinitz; Bird had beaten Telchmann; Cohn and Marocsy adjourned their game, much in favor of the latter; Schlechter and Pillsbury, and Showalter and Janowski adjourned their respective games in even positions, and Lee had been beaten by Blackburne.

MODERN WOODMEN.

Practically All the Big Officers Will Be Re-Elected.

Kansas City, June 5.—Woodmen delegates poured into the city today by the hundreds. It is estimated that 15,000 delegates will be present at the opening session tomorrow. The biggest single delegation is from Iowa, numbering 500 men. Today the state caucuses are deciding on officers and the next place of meeting. The principal contest is for head banker, with Frank R. Crocker, of Iowa, apparently in the lead. Practically all the other big officers will be re-elected.

UNION LEAGUE ORGANIZER.

Philadelphia, June 5.—George Trott, one of the six organizers of the Union league here, is dead, at the age of 90 years. Mr. Trott was born in Boston and graduated from Harvard. For many years he was engaged in business in this city. He retired to private life about twenty-five years ago.

AN ATTACK ON LOUBET

The Royalists Make a Vigorous Demonstration Against the French President.

STRUCK ON THE HEAD

Former Anna Gould Was a Leader of the Royalist Mob.

Paris June 5.—President Loubet, accompanied by the premier, M. Dupuy, and the chief of the military household, Gen. MeBailloud, drove to the Auteuil races yesterday afternoon, closely followed by Mme. Loubet in a second landau.

As they drove along the Avenue des Champs-Elysees the crowd bowed respectfully, but on arriving at Auteuil they were met by a violent demonstration, evidently organized and directed against the president.

There was a storm of hoots, yells and cries of "Panama," "Abas Loubet" and "Vive L'Armee." A few shouts of "Vive Loubet" were drowned in the clamor.

The clamor increased to violence during the races and was plainly directed by a committee of the League of Patriots, collected with their supporters before and behind the presidential stand, around which a formidable affray proceeded.

During the grand steeplechase many blows were struck and several policemen were injured in their endeavors to prevent an invasion of the presidential stand.

At the crisis of the excitement, while shouts of "Vive L'Armee" and "Vive de Rouledc" were heard on all sides, Count Christiano rushed toward the president, brandishing a stick and directing a blow at him, striking his hat. The crowd rushed upon Christiano, who only escaped severe handling by being taken under police protection.

President Loubet remained all the while quite unmoved, taking in the disorder, while the members of his military household were defending him against violence. Finally, after thirty arrests had been made, the prefect of police ordered the Republican guards to surround the presidential stand.

The principal leaders of the demonstration were M. Joseph Lasies, anti-Semite and Nationalist deputy for Giers, and M. Firmin Faure, anti-Semite and Nationalist deputy for Orlu Algeria.

Police Inspector Gillier had his head seriously wounded, and President Loubet has since bestowed on him the legion of honor in recognition of his devotion to duty.

It seems certain that the demonstration was organized by the Jeunesse royaliste and the League des Patriotes and the anti-Semites. The rallying signal was a carnation worn in the buttonhole.

Count Christiano is a member of the Steeplechase society, a very select body and his conduct has produced the greatest excitement.

A special cabinet council was summoned at 9 o'clock last evening to consider the situation and complete measures were concocted to be submitted to the president and council today for the preservation of order. The ministers, who were in session until 11 o'clock, maintained strict reserve as to the nature of these measures, but a semi-official note has been issued which says:

"The government will act with the greatest energy and will impose respect for the president and for the state."

Further accounts show that the whole race course, particularly the enclosure, witnessed scenes of the wildest excitement.

Comtesse Boni de Castellane, who was Miss Anna Gould, of New York city, placed herself at the head of the Jeunesse Royaliste and marched up and down the lawn shouting "Vive L'Armee."

Comte Boni de Castellane and his brother Jean were arrested, but soon liberated.

Comte Jean, when arrested, resisted and wielded his cane, smashing it on a policeman's head, and causing the jeweled head to fly off, striking a journalist. He was detained in custody.

Altogether about 130 arrests were made. One is that of Daunesette, deputy mayor of Armentieriss.

Demonstrations and counter demonstrations continued until M. Loubet left the race course at 4:20 p. m. The arrival of his carriage was the signal for an indescribable tumult. The mounted guards with difficulty opened a passage through the crowd. The president was pursued to the last with hoots and yells. Even eggs were thrown.

It was noteworthy, however, that the people generally cheered him loudly, the cheers increasing as he drove towards the Elysee, which he reached safely at 4:45 p. m. During the demonstration a number of hats labeled "Resignation" were picked up.

Comte Christiano was thrown, trampled upon and severely bruised in the melee. He is a grandson of a general, who was well known during the empire.

It seems that it was intended to give the Marchand mission a big ovation. The government got wind of the affair and kept Marchand out of the way, although Capt. Baratiere and the other members of the expedition were there. The De Rouledeists, balked of the opportunity, evidently vented their spite on the president.

The race course committee apologized to the president, who replied that he could not think of holding them responsible.

He said to an important personage that he did not intend to be intimidated into resignation. During the demonstration, M. Rochefort, editor of Intransigeant, was seen. An attempt was made to induce him to lead the manifestation, but he discreetly slipped away.

Most of the persons arrested represent some of the best families in France. Comte Christiano is held on the charge of attempting to strike the president. Comte d'Aubigny d'Asy is charged with wounding Police Inspector Grillier and another policeman.

Among those now in custody are Mme. De Clermont Honnerre, De Reumsat, De Beaumont, De Villiers, De Neuville, De Panisse Passy, De Ferry and De Mun, son of Comte Albert de Mun, the well-known deputy for Finisterre.

Several others, scarcely less prominent, were arrested.

At a late hour last evening many influential persons sought to obtain the release of the aristocratic prisoners, but the prefect of police refused all such requests and removed all the prisoners to cells.

It is said that when M. Dupuy called on the convention of the municipal police, M. Touny, to interfere and put a stop to the manifestations the police acted too hastily and violently, thus fomenting instead of allaying the demonstrations. Inspector Grillier, who was hit in the nape of the neck by a loaded cane, was lying dangerously insensible and now lies in a dangerous condition.

It is asserted that the president's hat was pressed down over his face by Christiano's stick and that the occupants of the carriage were hit with eggs while returning to the Elysee.

MRS. CRAWFORD'S OPINION.

Paris, June 5.—Mrs. Emily Crawford, writing on the "Insult to Loubet" today says: "It was a premeditated riot that took place today on the weighing ground of the Auteuil race course. The object of the rioters was to insult President Loubet and, perhaps, in the heat of faction and fight to get rid of him. A stormy sitting is expected tomorrow in the chamber of deputies."

THE COPPER GAMBLE.

Said To Be a Long Way From Ending Yet.

New York, June 5.—The Times weekly financial cablegram says:

On Thursday last quite a flurry broke out in Paris, whose bourse threw about 5000 Rio Tinto shares on the London market. "Hullo, copper has gone and the smash has come already," eager bears exclaimed. It is not so, but merely another incident in the eternal Spanish gamble. At the bourse, in their monthly settlement, the Paris banks proceed to scrunch the bears with Spanish sealed bonds. In doing so, at least one heavy operator was driven into a corner, and being at the same time interested in Tintos, the result was that his account in both securities had to be summarily closed. Spanish bonds were brought back and Rio Tintos were sold. The price of the former, therefore, rose in the usual ridiculous fashion and the latter fell. It was all over in two days and the markets closed last night as calm and firm as ever.

The copper gamble is a long way from ending yet.

ADVERTISED A LYNCHING.

And a Southern Railroad Got Up An Excursion.

Chicago, June 5.—When the negro Hose was burned by a mob at Newnan, Ga., prominent colored people of Chicago raised a fund and sent a local detective, named Levin to investigate all the circumstances. Yesterday he reported at a meeting held at Bethel church that the burning of Hose was fully premeditated and was openly advocated by many of the leading men in the community as an example to the colored people. He said he learned positively that while Hose actually killed Cranford, Mrs. Cranford had admitted that the negro did not hurt her in any way.

One of the most astonishing charges made in his report is that the railroad officials who made up a special train for the lynching party after the capture of Hose actually advertised the contemplated burning and sold tickets to people attracted by these advertisements.

Detective Levin said that the torture and hanging of the aged colored preacher Elijah Strickland was without a shadow of reason.

HIS EYES BAD.

West Point, N. Y., June 5.—Three of the fifty-five candidates examined physically for admission to the military academy were rejected, including Merritt at large. Young Merritt, who is a nephew of Gen. Wesley Merritt, was rejected on account of his eyes but will probably be given another examination later on.

A TENNIS CHAMPION.

Berkeley, Cal., June 5.—News has been received here that Charles Allen Elliston, a former Berkeley student and now teacher of natural science in the high school of Honolulu, has won the tennis championship of the Hawaiian islands after a spirited contest with Featherton on May 24. Elliston won three sets out of four.

GEN. EZETAS DYING.

Oakland, Cal., June 5.—Gen. Carlos Ezetas, ex-president of Salvador, lies dangerously ill at his home here, and grave doubts are entertained as to his recovery. He is suffering from congestion of the lungs.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

Detroit, Mich., and Return, $10, Rail and Lake.

Tickets to be sold only on June 6. Remember the date. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. 426 Spalding Hotel block

Strictly Up-to-Date Spring Overcoats

We carry a large stock of spring overcoats at $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $13.50, $15.00 and $18.00. Come early before assortment of sizes is broken up.
CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

If every woman who expects to become a mother would heed and read that great book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., there would be stronger mothers and healthier, happier children in this world.

In this grand volume several hundred of its thousand pages are devoted to teaching women how to take care of themselves during every trying and critical period of their lives and especially at the time of approaching motherhood.

The author of this remarkable work has had a lifetime of practical experience in treating the special diseases and weaknesses of women, and is recognized as one of the foremost of living experts in this particular field of practice. His "Favorite Prescription" is the most wonderful medicine ever invented to restore natural organic strength and power to the delicate feminine structure which is most intimately concerned in motherhood.

Taken during the time of anticipation it deprives this ordeal of all its accustomed terrors and dangers; makes the coming of baby absolutely safe and comparatively painless; renders the mother strong and cheerful, and helps to endow the child with a strong, healthy constitution.

Mrs. Mabel Jordan, of Swofford, Lewis Co., Washington, writes: "I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription until the very last day. We now have a fine, plump little girl over two weeks old. I suffered less pain than with any of the others, this being the sixth child, and she has good health. I got up on the tenth day and dressed myself—something I could not do with the other babies. Have been gaining in strength every day and feel well, all due to God and to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

For the "Medical Adviser," send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, or for cloth-covered copy 31 stamps, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TAKING OF MORONG

The Feat Was Accomplished With Very Little Loss to Americans.

ANTIPOLO FALLS TOO

This Was Considered An Insurgent Stronghold and Difficult to Take.

Manilla, June 5, 1:40 p. m.—Two battalions of the Washington troops, under Whalley, on board cascoes, were towed from Pasig to Morong on Sunday and landed under cover of a well-directed fire from the "tin-clad" army gunboats Napidan and Covadonga.

The rebels, who were intrenched in the outskirts of the town, reserved their fire until the troops were ashore and in the open. The artillery opened fire on the insurgents and drove them from their positions, killing nineteen and wounding five.

The Washington troops then took the town, the rebels fleeing to the highlands.

While en route to Morong the gunboats were fired upon by rebel shore batteries near Ancona, the first shot striking the Cavadonga's awning aft at a range of 250 yeads. The Napidan was also fired upon. Gen. Hall's column in the movement on the Morong peninsula, completed a circuit of twenty miles over rough and mountainous country, having two engagements with the insurgents, one of them severe and kept up with scattered bands of insurgents for nearly twenty-four hours; from 4 o'clock Saturday morning until the column left the pumping station. The Filipinos were driven in every direction and the country through which Gen. Hale passed was pretty well cleared.

At 10 o'clock yesterday the column reached a point a few miles from Taytay, where a large Filipino force located on a hill was met by Gen. Lawton, who had already entered the town and found it deserted.

Gen. Hall's objective point was Antipolo, ten miles off, and there was desultory firing all along the line of march. The gunboats could be heard shelling the hills in advance of the column.

The column, after driving the rebels from the foothills near Maria Chino, about noon Saturday, with a loss of but two or three slightly wounded, proceeded with all haste toward Laguna de Bay. The Fourth cavalry in the lead; the Oregon regiment next and the Fourth infantry last.

At 5 o'clock those three regiments fought their second battle of the day and it resulted, like the first, in the complete rout of a large Filipino force located in the mountains and having every advantage of position. In this fight the American losses were four killed, three of the Fourth cavalry and one Oregonian, and about fifteen injured.

The Filipino loss could not be ascertained, but the terrific fire which the Americans poured into them for half an hour must have inflicted severe punishment, in this engagement our troops made one of the most gallant charges of the war and the enemy was forced to flee in the greatest disorder.

It was the intention to press on to Antipolo Saturday night, but this was found impossible owing to the two weeks and the constant marching for more than twelve hours with nothing to eat since morning and no supply train in sight. The troops suffered from the intense heat, many being prostrated and all greatly exhausted. Consequently they bivouacked for the night on the second battle field.

The cavalry, the Oreongians and two companies of the Fourth infantry had just crossed a small creek about 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon and entered a sunken road, from which they were emerging on to a small valley surrounded on all sides by a high and heavily wooded hill, when the rebels opened fire from intrenchments on three sides of the pain, opened a hot fire and sent showers of bullets into the ranks of the Americans while the latter deployed to the right and left of the road. Then followed a charge across the rice fields and ditches and up the hillsides from which the shots came, all the time pouring in a terrific hail, while the air resounded with the constant rattle of musketry.

The fourth cavalry being in front suffered the severest loss when the attack opened, two of their killed being sergeants and the other a private. The Oregonian killed was a private. The natives were unable to withstand the vigorous firing of the Americans long and at the first signs of their wavering, the cavalry, Oregonians and infantrymen broke into wild cheers and charged still higher up the hillside, pouring in volley after volley until the enemy left the places where they were partially concealed by the thicket and ran over the summit in wild confusion and disappeared in the surrounding valley. After the fight was over the firing was continued by the Americans for more than an hour in clearing out the bush and driving away straggling Filipinos.

The forces, after camping for the night on the battlefield, started at 5 o'clock yesterday morning for Antipolo, where it was expected a strong resistance would be made.

Antipolo is a place far up the mountains, which the Spaniards had said the Americans could never capture. It has cost Spain the lives of 300 troops.

The progress of the column was considerably delayed while rushing up the steep mountain side by a small band of insurgents, but these were effectively routed by the Fourth cavalry, which was in advance, and the troops reached Antipolo in a few hours. Our troops were immediately thrown around on three sides of the town and the final advance was made. But it was found unnecessary to fire a shot. Not a rebel was visible and the town was entirely abandoned.

Two hours later, after a conference between Gen. Lawton and Fen. Hall, the column proceeded towards Morong to drive away any rebels found in that quarter.

When the start was made for Antipolo in the morning the Oregonian regiment and the Ninth infantry were left behind as a rear guard and there was considerable firing along their lines in clearing the enemy from the high hill between their position and the lake.

Gen. Hale's column, which assembled at the waterworks, or pumping station, late Friday night, under cover of a moonless sky, consisted of the Second Oregon volunteers, who marched to the point of rendezvous from the city barracks; a battalion of the Second Wyoming, four troops of the Fourth cavalry—one mounted on the big American horses which so impressed the natives, the others unmounted—two battalions of the Fourth infantry, one battalion of the Ninth infantry, the first six companies of the First Colorado regiment and two mountain guns. The men robed themselves in their blankets and lay upon the wet grass for a few hours under a drizzly rain.

At 4 o'clock yesterday morning (Sunday) they began to cross the San Mateo river, and about noon easily repulsed a large band of Filipinos, about 1,000 strong, east of Manilla, between Mariquina and Antipolo.

The Oregon regiment, the cavalry, the artillery and the Fourth infantry accomplished this task, driving the insurgents from the hills, the other troops being held in reserves, but afterward joining the main column in the pursuit toward the sea.

A running fight was in progress all the afternoon. A Filipino outpost first attacked a few American scouts, whereupon the Fourth cavalry formed a long skirmish line and easily drove the insurgents into the hills. Then the Oregon regiment moved across a wet, soggy rice field, in extended order, toward the hills, where it was believed a large force of the enemy had concentrated.

When the Oregonians were within about a mile of the position, the Filipinos opened a heavy fire, the Americans replying and pressing forward more rapidly.

After a few volleys the insurgents were seen scattering over the crest of the hills in every direction and their panic was increased when the artillery opened upon them and the shells began to explode all around them, undoubtedly causing great loss of life. The bombardment by the batteries and the musketry was maintained for nearly half an hour, after which not a Filipino could be seen on the hills and not a shot came from their position.

The heat was intense and the troops suffered greatly, but they continued on the trail taken by the fleeing enemy in the hope of driving them toward the lake.

Col. Whalley, with two battalions of the Washington regiment, a battalion of the Twelfth infantry, two guns of Scott's battery and a party of scouts under Maj. Isenbarger left San Pedro Macati yesterday morning and after fording the River Pasig, advanced northwest upon Cainta while Gen. Hall approached the town from the northeast direction, the gunboats Napidan, Covadonga and Cesto co-operating in the river.

This important movement was kept so secret that the public thought the plan was to send Gen. Ovenshine's lines forward against the insurgents, who are intrenched south of the city.

The signal corps displayed admirable enterprise in laying wires with the troops, but the native sympathizers cut them behind the army even within the American lines.

FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

The American steamship Paris, now on the rocks near the Manacles, has been handed over to the underwriters and salvagers, who are preparing to make another attempt to float her. There has been no change in her position since the last attempt to tug her off.

Senor Carvijajal, formerly minister of foreign affairs in Spain, is dead.

M. Emile Zola, who has returned to Paris, has written asking the public prosecutor to send to his residence a notification of the sentence, which the Versailles court passed upon him in the libel action growing out of the charges he brought against the army officers who conducted the Esterhazy court martial.

The general tone of the Berlin press in commenting upon the acquisition of the Caroline, Ladrone and Pelew islands from the Spanish government is in the direction of belittling the value of the concession.

The race for the grand steeplechase stakes at Auteuil, yesterday, valued at 62?8, was won by Lancarville, Bremount s Brire was second, and Peu de Chose, third.

Maj. Marchand, whom the government has granted leave of absence to visit his father, and who should have left Paris at 9 o'clock last evening, was asked to delay his departure lest this might be the signal for some demonstration.

Yesterday was the hottest for June known in Chicago for five years. Two prostrations from heat were reported, both serious, but neither necessarily fatal.

The French cabinet council yesterday morning decided that the French cruiser Sfax, now at Fort de France, Martinique, should proceed immediately and bring Dreyfus from the Isle of Devils to France. The cruiser is expected to arrive at Brest about June 16, when Dreyfus will be handed to the military authorities and lodged in the military prison at Rennes.

ALASKA RATE WAR ENDS.

Seattle, June 5.—The steamer Dirigo, which has just arrived from Alaska, reports that the Alaska rate war has ended. The rate of $100 from the lakes to Dawson has been restored.

TWO DROWNINGS.

Eau Claire, Wis., June 5.—William Reinhart, a drug clerk of this city, was drowned yesterday near Colfax. His father has started for Colfax by team. William Zimmerman's 14-year-old son was drowned here yesterday while bathing in the Eau Claire river.

Half Rate Excursions
SOUTH AND WEST,
VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

June 6 and 20, home-seeker round trip tickets at one fare plus $2 to points in Arkansas, Arizona, Alabama, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, Iowa, Missouri, Washington, British Columbia, West and South generally. Full information and tickets at St. Paul & Duluth office, 332 West Superior street.

Detroit, Mich., and Return, Rail and Lake, $10.

Come and talk to us, 426 Spalding Hotel block, Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway.

A WORD TO THE WISE

is as good as a book to the unwise.

T.&T.

Coffee is good coffee. It never loses its freshness and contains no dust or dirt. Try it and send us your verdict. If your grocer does not keep it send us his name with your order, naming this paper, and we will see that you are supplied.

Packed exclusively by
THOMSON & TAYLOR SPICE CO.,
CHICAGO. ILLS.

Sick Women Advised to Seek Advice of Mrs. Pinkham.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 94,365]

"I had inflammation and falling of the womb, and inflammation of ovaries, and was in great pain. I took medicine prescribed by a physician, but it did me no good. At last I heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and after using it faithfully I am thankful to say I am a well women. I would advise all suffering women to seek advice of Mrs. Pinkham."—Mrs. G. H. Chappell, Grant Park, Ill.

"For several years my health was miserable. I suffered the most dreadful pains, and was almost on the verge of insanity. I consulted one of the best physicians in New York, and he pronounced my disease a fibroid tumor, advising an operation without delay, saying that it was my only chance for life. Other doctors prescribed strong and violent medicine, and one said I was incurable, another told me my only salvation was galvanic batteries, which I tried, but nothing relieved me. One day a friend called and begged me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began its use and took several bottles. From the very first bottle there was a wonderful change for the better. The tumor has disappeared entirely and my old spirits have returned. I heartily recommend your medicine to all suffering women."—Mrs. Van Cleft, 416 Saunders Ave., Jersey City Heights, N. J.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

Estimated that Over Ten Thousand Are in Boston.

Boston, Mass., June 5.—The followers of Christian Science yesterday observed communion day with four largely attended services at the mother church, the First Church of Christian Scientists in this city. Thousands packed into the edifice merely for the privilege of kneeling in silent communion, or to listen to the reading of a brief message and the exchanges of kindly greetings with fellow members.

After the silent prayer the annual message of the pastor emeritus, Mary Baker Eddy, to the modern church was read by John Reeder and listened to with great interest.

About 2500 new members were admitted to membership in the mother church at this communion. It is estimated that over 10,000 of the followers of Christian Science are in the city.

THE CUBAN IDEA.

They Do Not Want Gratuities, But a Loan.

Havana, June 5.—Gen. Collasco publishes in the Herald of Havana a letter, expounding the Cuban idea of the situation. He says in part:

"A good deal of the description now in progress shows the real situation is misunderstood. Both the Americans and the Cubans desire the independence of the island, the Americans because they are pledged to it, and the Cubans because of patriotic and political considerations. The American offer of charity affronts the dignity of our people and the gratuity of $3,-000,000 insults them. The United States government, if it intends to free the island, should pay what is due the army, in the form of a loan to Cuba, which Cubans would gladly and easily repay. We do not want gifts, and the course hitherto followed discredits the American government among us and inspires distrust."

According to a dispatch from Guines, Lieut.-Col. George M. Randall, who, with the pay car and his escort, arrived there Saturday to continue the payment of the Cuban troops, slipped on a piece of banana peel and broke a tendon of his left leg.

A PRESS CENSORSHIP.

The Latest Phase of Military Government in Cuba.

Santiago, Cuba, June 5.—In view of the continued publication of inflammatory editorials in the local press, Governor General Brooke has issued an order directing the appointment of a press censor for Santiago. The editors are indignant but the public generally is pleased. The seditious articles have not been in any sense an exercise of the general opinion.

Several anonymous letters have been received by the United States military authorities here, threatening an uprising at any time unless certain preposterous concessions are granted. One of these communications names June 29 as the date fixed for an outbreak.

BOUGHT THE TOWN OUT.

El Reno, O. T., June 5.—Mountain View, the new terminal town on the Chickasha extension of the Rock Island that was organized in a day, broke another record in town enterprise yesterday. There has existed a rival town a mile and a half away, and it was deemed advisable to consolidate them. After a week's diplomacy the deed to ground was signed and the towns are now one. The consideration was raised by the citizens of Mountain View, and amounted in total to $34,380, and now "Oakdale," the rival town, is on wheels and strung out on the road to Mountain View. This is probably the first case of buying a whole town outright that the annals of the West record.

TO VISIT ALASKA.

Chicago, June 5.—Senator Fairbanks of Indiana and Comptroller of the Currency Dawes, with their wives, left yesterday for Seattle, where they will embark on Admiral Dewey's former dispatch boat McCullough for a visit to Alaskan points.

ACCIDENT OR SUICIDE.

Gainesville, Fla., June 5.—George Graham, son of James M. Graham, president of the First National bank, shot and instantly killed himself with a shotgun last evening. It is not known whether it was suicide or an accident. Mr. Graham was to have been married shortly, and dined yesterday with his fiancee.

MOTHER'S AWFUL CRIME.

New York, June 5.—Mrs. Johanna Schilling, 35 years old, and her two young daughters, Gertrude, aged 10, and Edna, aged 8, were found dead in their home in a tenement. All had been asphyxiated by gas, doubtless turned on by the mother with the idea of murdering her children and then committing suicide. The tragedy evidently grew out of a quarrel between the woman and her husband, Otto Schilling, a tailor.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

NEW AND NOVEL CARS

NOW RUN FROM CHICAGO TO LOUISVILLE,

Through Indianapolis, over Pennsylvania Short Line, leaving Chicago Union station, 10 a. m. daily. These cars were constructed especially for the Chicago-Indianapolis-Louisville line, and are fresh from Pullman shops. They have all comforts of improved coaches and modern parlor cars. Complete cafe lunch served en route on a la carte plan. Full particulars for the asking. Address H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

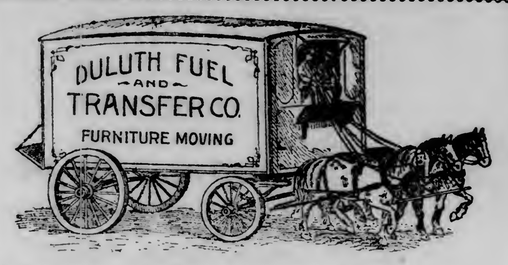
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A Favorite Everywhere

The qualities that have made this malt tonic popular with people everywhere are **purity, palatability, malt strength.** Then, too, it is a **non-intoxicant.**

Blatz Malt-Vivine excels all other tonics as a producer of flesh, blood and sound nerves. Tell your druggist that you want BLATZ MALT-VIVINE. If he suggests any other kind of malt preparation, go elsewhere, and **get the genuine. Highest Awards at Trans-Miss. and International Exposition, 1898.**

Prepared by VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee, U. S. A.
Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.



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Employ none but experienced men. Responsible for all breakages. Reasonable in prices. Get estimates before moving.

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WEAK MEN BRACED UP.

Try Mormon Bishop's Pills for all diseases arising from dissipation, self-abuse, excesses or cigarette smoking. In use over 50 years. Brings back your Manhood, cures depleted, worn out men, makes rich, red blood and tissue, cures wastings and all losses, makes you lastingly strong, cures impotency, lost power, emissions, varicocele and constipation, ands luster to the eyes, stops nervous twitching of the eyelids. Makes life worth living. A boon to old or young. Effects are immediate. Cure permanent. Price, 50c a box; 6 for $2.50. Send for free circular. Address

BISHOP REMEDY CO., San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

That Roof Should be Fixed! If you want it repaired promptly and thoroughly telephone

McMartin & Co.,
Roofing, Furnaces and Cornices.
21-23 Fifth Avenue West.

If you want a new awning or an old one repaired, all kind of Tents on hand, any kind of canvas work, Good work and reasonable prices, the best place is at Poirier & Nordstrom.

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Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
301 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE.—

Default having been made in the terms of a certain mortgage bearing date June 25th, 1898, executed by Gustavus Sjogren and Charles W. Sjogren, mortgagors, to the Zenith Building and Loan Association of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee; said mortgage having been duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, A. D. 1896, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 85 of mortgages, on page 531, the said default consisting in failure to pay the interest upon a note of $20.00 dated June 25th, 1898, payable semi-annually, and no interest whatever having ever been paid upon said note; and it being stipulated in said mortgage that if default should be made by the said mortgagors in any of the terms of the said mortgage, the said mortgagee should have power to declare the whole sum of the said note due and payable; and the sum of $245.77 being now due and payable upon said note and mortgage for principal and interest.

Now therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is hereby given that the premises described in the said mortgage, to-wit: Lot number 1, in block number 10, in the First Division of New Duluth, now a part of the city of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the county court house, facing Second street, in the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, on the 29th day of June, 1899, for the purpose of paying the said debt with interest, from the date of this notice, besides all taxes that may be paid by the said mortgagor and legal costs of this foreclosure, including $25.00 attorney's fees, stipulated to be paid in case of foreclosure, subject to redemption within one year from date of such sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 6th, 1899.

THE ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
of Duluth, Minnesota,
Mortgagee.

J. R. RICHARDS,
522 West Fifth street,
Duluth, Minnesota,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-8-15-22-29-June-5-12-1899.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eighty-four 54-100 dollars ($84.54) principal and interest, which is claimed to be due, and is due, at the date of this notice, on a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Andrew Nylund, unmarried, mortgagor, to H. E. Smith, mortgagee, bearing date the ninth day of February, A. D. 1897, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1898, at three o'clock and thirty minutes p. m., in Book 83 of mortgages, on page 46; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described therein, namely: Lot fourteen (14), in block twelve (12), in Hunter's Grassy Point Addition to West Duluth, "now Duluth, Minnesota," according to the recorded plat thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and twenty-five dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 15th, 1899.

H. E. SMITH,
Mortgagee.

PHINEAS AYER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Room 309 Palladio Building,
Duluth Evening Herald, May-15-22-29-June-5-12-19-1899.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred and seventy dollars, principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice on a certain mortgage made by Mary H. Lewis, mortgagor, to H. M. Sidman, mortgagee, bearing date September 5, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, November 13, 1894, at 11:45 o'clock a. m., in Book 55 of mortgages, on page 137, and no action or proceedings having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the northwest quarter (¼) of the northwest quarter (¼) of section twenty-seven, in township fifty, north of range fifteen west, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house, in said city of Duluth, said county and state, on the 21st, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said principal debt, interest and taxes, if any, and $25.00 attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 6, 1899.

H. M. SIDMAN,
Mortgagee.

PEALER & FESLER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Duluth Evening Herald, May-8-15-22-29-June-5-12.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one thousand two hundred eleven and 22-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Fred B. Barrows and Margaret Barrows, his wife, mortgagors, to W. Vernon Booth, mortgagee, bearing date the third day of August, 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the ninth day of October, 1894, at 3 o'clock p. m. in book 101 of mortgages, on page 254; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.: Commencing at the northeasterly corner of lot sixteen (16), block sixty-one (61), Portland Division of Duluth, thence in a southerly direction along the easterly boundary line of said lot seventy feet; thence westerly on a line parallel with the northerly boundary line of said lot seventy-five feet to the westerly boundary line of lot fourteen (14); thence northerly on the westerly boundary line of said lot, seventy feet to the southerly line of Third street, thence easterly on the southerly line of Third street seventy-five feet to the place of beginning, being the northerly seventy feet of lots fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), according to the recorded plat of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county and state, said premises lying and being in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 20th day of June, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of $1211.22, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 6, A. D. 1899.

W. VERNON BOOTH,
Mortgagee.

ALFORD & HUNT,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-8-15-22-29-June-5-12-1899.

A SLUMP IN WHEAT

Market Opened Strong, But Soon Weakened and Declined a Cent.

THE CABLES HIGHER

Splendid Prospects of Winter and Spring Crops Caused the Drop.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 5.—The wheat market opened strong and higher this morning, but prices soon took a rapid decline under heavy liquidation caused by bearish news. The foreign markets were strong and prices at Liverpool showed a good advance, but the domestic reports were calculated to cause weakness. The weather in the spring wheat region was reported more settled, and crop prospects in the winter wheat belt were said to be good, except in one or two states where Hessian flies are doing damage. The most bearish reports came from the Dakotas, where the conditions were said to be good enough to justify the prediction that the crop will be one of the largest in many years. It was not surprising that these reports caused liquidation and a decline of 1c from the opening prices. The market rallied a little, but again became depressed when the visible figures were posted, showing an increase in wheat of nearly 2,000,000 bus instead of the expected decrease. The close was 2c lower than Saturday here and 2@2½c lower at Chicago for the July option. September declined 2c here and 1c at Chicago.

Trading in futures was of fair amount on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 2c up at 77½c, sold at 77½c at 9:31, eased off to 77½c at 9:40, recovered to 77¾c at 9:50, slumped to 77c at 11:32 and closed at 77½c, being 2c under Saturday. September closed at 76¾c, a net loss of 2c for the day. There was fair business in cash stuff at 1c under July for wheat in store and the July price for wheat to arrive. Corn declined 1c, cash and September flax each lost 1c, while oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat, No. 1 hard, cash, 79c; July, 79¼c; No. 1 northern, cash, 76½c; July, 76¾c; September, 76c. To arrive No. 1 hard, 79½c; No. 1 northern, 76½c. Oats, 27@28½c. Rye, 55c. Barley, 34c. Flax, 99c; September, 96c. Corn, 32¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 159; corn, 90; oats, 37; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 146,655; oats, 4559; rye, 1912; barley, 2062; flax, 2378. Shipments—Wheat, 252,251; corn, 204,181.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car, in store....$0.80
No. 1 northern, 1000 bus, to arrive.. 77¾
No. 1 northern, 11,000 bus, to arrive. 77¾
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus, to arrive. 77¾
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus, to arrive.. 77½
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus, to arrive.. 77½
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus, to arrive.. 77½
No. 1 northern, 6000 bus, to arrive.. 77½
No. 1 northern, 12 cars, on track.... 77
No. 1 northern, 12,000 bus 77¾
No. 2 northern, 2200 bus, in store.... 75
No. 2 northern, 1 cars 74
N. 2 northern, 1 car 74¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car 74½

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Of stock of grain in store at Duluth, on Saturday, June 3, 1899:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	492,659
No. 1 northern	1,741,557
No. 2 northern	1,879,920
No. 3 spring	108,672
Rejected	15,329
No grade	872,658
Special bin	856,024
Total	6,069,229
Increase during week	419,584
Stocks last year	4,065,365
Corn, in store	571,076
Oats, in store	890,229
Rye, in store	100,574
Barley, in store	15,858
Flax, in store	341,534

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Started in Strong But Soon Weakened.

Chicago, June 5.—Wheat today showed some strength at the opening but soon weakened. Foreign markets, especially Liverpool, showed a good deal of strength, but domestic conditions soon became the factor. Weather in the West and Northwest was reported more settled and crop prospects everywhere, except in one or two states in the East, where some damage from Hessian fly was reported, were excellent. Reports from the Northwest were extremely favorable, conditions indicating one of the largest crops in many years. This started liquidation, in which influential houses were prominent, and the market under the offerings gradually eased off. July opened at 78¾@78⅞c, compared with Saturday's closing price of 79¼@79⅜c, and declined to 77¾c. Northwest receipts were 711 cars, against 323 last week and 124 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 94 cars.

The visible supply, instead of the decrease expected, showed a large increase, 1,983,000 bus, making the total 26,155,000 bus, compared with 22,587,000 bus a year ago. This was a severe disappointment to bulls, which manifested itself in the trading which followed. July sold off steadily and closed at 76¾c, a net loss of 1c.

Corn was quiet and irregular. Prices were higher at the opening but declined on moderate offerings. Crop prospects were reported extremely favorable and receipts were large, 457 carloads. Leading houses were sellers. July opened a shade higher at 34@34c and declined to 33⅝c.

Oats were slow and weak, following other grains. Receipts were 206 cars. July opened unchanged at 22⅝c, declined to 22¼@22⅜c, reacted to 22¼@23c.

Provisions were quiet but firm. Hog receipts were large, but yard prices were steady and there was not especial selling pressure. July pork opened unchanged at $8.12 and held steady at $8.17. July ribs ruled 5c higher at $4.75.

Close: Wheat, July, 76¾c; September, 77⅝c; December, 78¾c. Corn, June, 33¾c; July, 33⅝c; September, 34¼c; December, 33⅜c. Oats, June, 24c; July, 22¼@22½c; September, 20⅝@20¾c. Pork, June, $8.12; July, $8.17@8.20; September, $8.35. Lard, June, $4.57; July, $5.02; September, $5.15. Ribs, June, $4.60; July, $4.62½@4.65; September, $4.77½@4.77. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.02; cash Southwestern, $1.00; July, $1.00½; September, 93½c; December, 92½c. Cash: Wheat, No. 2 red, 97@97½c; No. 3 red, 76@77½c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 73@74c; No. 1 northern, spring, 77½@78c; No. 2 northern, spring, 76½@77½c; No. 3 spring, 72½@76½c. No. 2 corn, 33¾c; No. 3, 33¾@33¼c. No. 2 oats, 25c; No. 3, 24½c. Barley, cash, 36@39c. Rye, July, 50c; September, 51c. Timothy, September, $2.55; October, $2.45. Clover, October, $7.40.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 5.—The cotton market opened steady in tone with prices 1 to 2 points higher on a flurry of local covering and light foreign buying inspired by bullish cables regarding the condition of spot cotton and cloth markets in England. This activity soon disappeared and the market fluctuated narrowly.

Futures closed quiet. July, $5.92; August, $5.92; September, $5.89; October, $5.91; November, $5.91; December, $5.90; January, $6.02; February, $6.05; March, $6.09; April, $6.12.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: No active development was apparent in trade. The retail trade was steady and demand quite strong for the best quality drafters. Prices had no changes over yesterday's quotations. The trade the past week was decidedly moderate with no urgent orders for carload lots. Receipts of horses were large, supplying the market with stock too large for the demand. Prices dropped during the week owing to the slow disposals even ing losses on consignment in many instances. The representative sales were as follows:

Drafters, choice to extra	$120@$150
Drafters, common to good	80@ 90
Farm horses, choice to extra	100@ 120
Farm horses, common to good	50@ 70
Mules, 1350 pounds	70@ 100

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 5.—Clearings, $22,887,016; balances, $2,236,238. New York exchange: 20c discount. Sterling exchange: Posted, $4.87@4.89.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 5.—Close, wheat steady, 1½@1¾d higher. June 6s 1d; September, 6s 2d. Corn, quiet, 1½@¾d higher. July, 28 5½d; September, 28 6d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	77½B	75¾	78¾@78⅞	83⅝
High	77½	75¾	78⅞	83⅞
Low	76¾	74⅞	76⅞	82
Close	76¾B	74⅞@75	76¾B	82⅛B
September—				
Open	77B	74½	79¼@79¾	84
High	77	74⅝	79½	84
Low	76B	73½@75	77½@78	82⅛
Close	76B	73½@75	77⅝	82⅜A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23⅝@23½@23¾	34¼@34	$8.20
High	23	34⅜	8.20
Low	22¼	33⅝	8.15
Close	23¾@23¼	33⅝B	8.17

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 5.—Wheat, July, 82¾c; September, 82⅝c; December, 82⅝c. Corn, July, 39⅝c; September, 39½c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 5.—Foreign wheat markets were lifeless all around. Roumania crop reports are very bad; private cables report no rain in Russia. Foreign orders have been to buy. Southern Russia, Odessa and Nicolaieff crops are bad, needs rain. The world's shipments, 8,200,000 bus, including 1,600,000 bus from Argentine. Wheat on passage increased 960,000 bus. Visible supply increased 1,983,000 bus. European visible increased 2,520,000 bus, world's visible increased 4,503,000 bus. Primary receipts, 1,026,000 bus; shipments, 123,000 bus, clearances were 1,427,000 bus. Two hundred and sixty thousand bus wheat reported worked for export, including ten loads for Portugal. Rains still prevail and are very general all over the country with the exception of the Northwest. Crop damage reports still continue to multiply. It is now said that there has been considerable damage done by fly in Virginia and Pennsylvania. Missouri crop report is 57 against 81 last month. Receipts in the Northwest are heavy and considerable wheat has been sold from Minneapolis to this market during the last four or five days. Notwithstanding the strong markets abroad with a good cash inquiry and a continued falling down in winter wheat conditions, sentiment was more bearish than otherwise. In fact the Chicago crowd could not be happy without they were selling something all the time. To hear some of the cheap bears talk one would think that the Northwest crop was entirely made, but it is from it yet. We understand that the acreage in the Red River valley is 25 per cent shy as compared with last year. We favor purchases on breaks.

CIDER.

Corn and oats have been very heavy and they have been vigorously pounded today. Lake charters, 100,000 bus corn; sentiment is very bearish.

Provisions have held up rather firm and there seems to be an impression that values will show an improvement.

Puts, July wheat, 76¾@76⅞c.
Calls, July wheat, 78¾@77⅝c.
Curb, July wheat, 76¾@76⅞c.
Puts, July corn, 33⅝@33¼c.
Calls, July corn, 33⅞@34@33¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sugar	144	144	138⅞	142¼
Tobacco	96	96	95	95
Atchison, preferred	53½	53⅝	52⅝	53⅜
B. & T.	110¾	112	109⅝	110¼
C. B. & Q.	120	120⅝	120⅜	120⅞
C. & N. W.	153	153	153	153
Chicago Gas	117¼	117¾	116¼	117
L. & N.	66⅝	66⅝	66⅛	66¼
Leather	69½	69⅝	69½	69⅜
Manhattan	108¼	108⅞	107½	107⅝
Missouri Pacific	41	41⅛	40⅝	40⅞
Northern Pacific	46½	46⅝	46⅛	46¼
N. P. preferred	69⅜	70⅛	69¾	70
Rock Island	106⅞	107⅛	106¼	106¼
St. Paul	127⅜	127⅝	126¼	126¼
T. C. I.	62	63⅞	62	62
Union Pacific pfd.	75⅞	75⅞	75⅜	75⅞
Western Union	87⅞	88⅜	87⅝	88⅛
Federal Steel	81⅝	81⅞	81⅝	81¼

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 5.—Estimated receipts today: Hogs, 40,000; tomorrow, 27,000; left over, 9913; market light, hogs strong to shade higher, others 2½c lower. Mixed and butchers, $3.60@3.82½; good, heavy, $3.45@3.80; rough, heavy, $3.45@3.60; light, $3.60@3.85. Cattle receipts, 19,000; market weak to 5c lower. Beeves, $4.35@5.60; cows and heifers, $2.25@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.00. Sheep receipts, 19,000; market 10@15c lower. Sheep, $3.75@5.25; lambs, $3.75@6.30. Official figures for Saturday: Hogs receipts, 18,012; shipments, 2251. Cattle receipts, 111; shipments, 1166. Sheep receipts, 1326; shipments, none.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 5.—Money on call nominally, 2@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.88 for demand, and at $4.85½@4⅝ for 60 days. Posted rates, $4.86½ $4.87 and $4.89. Commercial bills, $4.84½@ $4.84¾. Silver certificates, 61@63c; bar silver, 60¾c; Mexican dollars, 48¼c. Government bonds, easier; 2s registered, $1.09; new 4s registered, $1.30½; coupon, $1.30½; old 4s registered, $1.12¾; coupon, $1.13½; 5s registered, $1.12⅝; coupon, $1.13⅝.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 5.—Wheat in store—No. 1 northern, June, 74c; July, 74½@74¾c; September, 73½@c. On track—No. 1 hard, 79c; No. 1 northern, 74c; No. 2 northern, 73c.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following were the closing quotations of copper stocks as reported by Paine, Webber & Co., Hotel St. Louis:

Boston, June 5.—Closing prices of copper shares: Adventure, 10½; Arcadian, 50@; Allouez, 9; Arnold, 12; Atlantic, 29; Baltic, 78; Boston & Montana, 230; Butte & Boston, 79; Calumet & Hecla, 800; Centennial, 22; Franklin, 19; Old Dominion, 37½; Osceola, 82; Mohawk, 205; Mas. Con., 12; Old Colony, 15; Rhode Island, 3; Tamarack, 225; Tecumseh, 6½; Union Land, 2½; Wolverine, 42½; Winona, 14½; Quincy, 150; Isle Royale, 35½.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Heaviness in the Foreign Market Is Reflected Here.

New York, June 5.—Heaviness in the foreign market on account of the political situation in France was reflected at the opening here in international stocks and was accentuated by a point decline in Sugar and Rubber and weakness in other of the specialties. The strength of the iron and steel stocks, however, caused an upturn in the prices after the opening. Steel and Wire leading with a gain of a point. The exceptional strength of the iron and steel stocks radiated throughout the market after the opening. Northwest was advanced 2½, Omaha 2½ and Burlington, New York Central and New Jersey Central a point. Local stocks were marked up 1 to 2 points, with Transit and Metropolitan prominent. A raid on Sugar dropped it 4, which tempted realizations in other quarters and a lower level of prices prevailed at 11 o'clock.

There was no abatement of the pressure against Sugar, which sold to 140. While there were no large offerings, in the general, prices steadily receded. Metropolitan losing 2 points. Most of the important declines in the railway group occurred in the grangers and Pacifics, but they did not exceed sharp fractions outside of Burlington, which lost a point. Sales of stocks to noon, 212,342 shares. The bond market displayed a firm tone on a small demand.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Clover Leaf, per lb	21 @ 22
Cream., separators, fancy	19 @ 20
Dairies, fancy, special make	14½@ 16
Packing stock	10 @ 11
Dairy, fair	13 @ 14
CHEESE.	
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11 @ 12½
Full cr'm Young America..	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13 @ 13½
Brick, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	12
Primost	5 @ 5½
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	13 @ 13½
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	2½@ 3
APPLES.	
Winter apples, bbl	5 50 @ 6 00
Wash. apples, bus box	1 75 @ 2 00
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25 @ 1 35
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 25 @ 1 50
Green and yellow peas	1 10 @ 1 25
Green peas, bus	90 @ 1 00
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, per lb	4
Chestnuts, per lb	8 @ 9
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12 @ 15
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	10
Brazils, per lb	8 @ 9
Pecans, per lb	8 @ 10
Filberts, per lb	10 @ 11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½@ 6
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, 24 qts	1 60 @ 1 80
California seedlings	2 75 @ 3 00
Bellflowers, per doz	1 25 @ 2 00
California navels	3 00 @ 3 50
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
California lemons, per box	3 00 @ 3 50
Limes, per case	2 00 @ 2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	90 @ 90
Figs, per lb	15 @ 19
Dates, per lb	6 @ 6½
Cranberries, per crate	2 60 @ 2 70
VEGETABLES.	
Pie plant, 100 lbs	75 @ 1 00
Green peas, bus	2 00
Wax beans, bus	2 25 @ 2 50
Cucumbers, per doz	40 @ 50
Beets, doz	50
Radishes	10 @ 15
Onions	10 @ 12
Carrots, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Rutabagas, per bus	45 @ 55
Parsnips	90 @ 1 00
Potatoes, per bus	40 @ 50
Egg plant, per doz	1 25 @ 1 50
Asparagus, per doz	40 @ 45
Oyster plant, per doz	60
Horse radish, per lb	8
Parsley, per doz	35 @ 40
Beets, bus	70 @ 80
Cauliflower, per doz	1 50 @ 2 00
Lettuce, bus	65 @ 75
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Spinach, per bus	70 @ 80
Red and green pepper	1 00 @ 1 25
Mint, per doz	30 @ 40
Cabbage, per lb	5 @ 6
Red cabbage, per doz	50 @ 60
Horse radish roots, per bbl	7 00 @ 7 50
California new onions	2 00 @ 2 25
Hot house cucumbers, doz	90 @ 1 00
Pie plant, per lb	1
CIDER.	
N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75 @ 3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	4 00 @ 4 50
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens, old	10 @ 11
Spring	12 @ 13
Old roosters	7 @ 8
Turkeys, fancy	12 @ 13
Turkeys, common	9 @ 11
Ducks	8 @ 9
Geese	8 @ 9
MEATS.	
Mutton	10
Lamb	11
Veal, fancy	10
Veal, good	9½
Hogs	5
BRAN AND SHORTS. CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00
Ground feed No. 1	15 00
Ground feed No. 2	16 00
Cracked corn	14 00
Coarse corn meal	14 00
Corn	37½
Oats, carlots, sack	30
HAY. CAR LOTS.	
Choice South. Minn	9 50
Medium	8 50
Choice timothy	10 50 @11 00
Mixed timothy	8 00 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 5.—Butter, receipts, 15,904 packages; steady; Western creamery, 15@15½c; factory, 11½@13½c; eggs, receipts, 12,360; firm; Western, 14@14½c; Southern, 10@12½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 5.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 13½@17½c; dairies, 10@16c. Eggs, firm. Fresh, 12c.

THE STEAM FITTERS.

Chicago, June 5.—The opening session of the twelfth annual convention of the National Association of Steam Fitters and Helpers of America was held today in Koch's hall. Delegates were present from seventeen states and the morning session was taken up principally in the appointment of committees. The convention will last throughout the week, during which questions bearing upon hours and schedule of wages will be discussed. Many of the delegates have not yet arrived and President John Mulvaney, of New York, thought it best to await their arrival before proceeding to active work.

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To margin 1000 bushels 2½ points

WHEAT Buy on the breaks Sell on the bulges.

If you don't know how come in and we'll explain.

GIBBONS & CO.,

Grain and Stock Brokers.

St. Louis Hotel Lobby or through 324 W. Superior St.

LOCAL SECURITIES, ETC.,

QUOTED BY

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

DULUTH, MINN.

Stocks, Etc.	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	111	109
Am. Exchange Bank	100	100	96
First Nat'l Bank, Superior	100	101	...
Sugar Drug Co.	100	55	45
Duluth Shoe Co.	100	81	70
L. S. Iron mines	100	...	43
Sundry gold stocks—Various.			
Globe Elevator Co.	100	..	..
Consolidated Elevator Co., 1st pfd.	100	100	99
Consolidated Elevator Co., 2nd preferred	100	100	90
Consolidated Elevator Co., common	100	50	20
County orders registered	...	...	Par
Government bonds—market firm.			

We act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors, and deal in good commercial paper and first mortgage loans.

THE GREAT BARGAIN!

8-room house on Third street (central), with a fine corner lot. House in fine condition. Price, if taken at once $4000; half cash, balance 1 and 2 years, 6 per cent. For sale by

GEO. H. CROSBY & CO., 106 Providence Bldg.

ONE CENT A WORD.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A 7-ROOMED HOUSE, TWO lots, for $600, Addison addition, West Duluth. Address F. A. Heberline, New Brighton, Pa.

FOR SALE—GOOD 6-ROOM HOUSE AT Lakeside. Fine lake view. X 100, Herald.

FOR SALE—240 ACRES FARM LAND near Mahtowa, fine soil, favorable terms. M 18, Herald.

FOR SALE—A PIECE OF GROUND, corner of Seventh street and Third avenue east, having a frontage of 200 feet on Seventh street and 140 feet depth. For further particulars address George Bailey, 222 Locust street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Wanted Applications.

On hand to loan on first-class mortgage security. $500, $1000, $1500 and other amounts to suit.

We have a lot 25x140 feet, West End, at a bargain.

We have some lots in Duluth Proper, Third Division, and Brookdale Division. The owner wants to sell. Call for description; they will go at a bargain. Have some lots at a bargain in Helm's Addition.

Chas. P. Craig & CO.,

Herald Building.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer. Salary no object. Address C 85, Herald.

EXPERIENCED CRUISER AND COMpassman would like to obtain a position; work guaranteed. Call at Palmer house.

WANTED—WORK BY DAY HOUSEcleaning, washing or scrubbing; or will take washing home and deliver, by young woman. Address C 91, Herald.

GOOD STEADY MAN WOULD LIKE A situation as cook in boardinghouse or camp. K 15, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer, assistant or general office man. Salary moderate. M 19, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED YOUNG lady stenographer, who understands bookkeeping, wants position. Address M. L. F., West Duluth.

WANTED—TO BUY.

Wanted to Buy—Modern 8 or 9 room House in East End of city.

F. E. KENNEDY, 302 and 303 Torrey Bldg. Commercial Investment Co

Wanted to Buy:

House and lot, for cash, of six or eight rooms, either centrally located or in East End. George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

LOST.

LOST—PAIR GOLD SHAWL PINS, connected by chain. Return to N. B. Pendergast, D. & I. R. office. Board of Trade, for reward.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ten hundred sixty and 17-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Elizabeth O'Meara (widow), mortgagor, to A. Buchanan, mortgagee, bearing date January 15, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, on January 26, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 98 of mortgages, page 208; which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by said A. Buchanan to James E. Bonar, by written assignment dated February 13th, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February 19, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 97 of mortgages, page 90; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered six (6), block seventy-two (72), Oneota, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in said county and state, on July 19th, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and fifty dollars attorneys' fee as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

Dated June 5th, 1899.

JAMES B. BONAR, Assignee of Mortgagee.

PEALER & FESLER, Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee. Duluth Evening Herald, June-5-12-19-26-July-3-10-1899.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING. MINNESOTA IRON COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Minnesota Iron Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may be presented at said meeting, will be held at the office of said company in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 12th day of June, 1899, at 11:00 o'clock a. m.

Chicago, Illinois, May 13th, 1899.

C. P. COFFIN, Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald May 15 to June 5 1899

LACE MITTS FOR EVENING.

What is exceedingly new and chic for full dress are lace mittens made out of piece lace and fitted to both hand and arm, says a foreign correspondent in Vogue. They are even longer than the longest evening glove, and are joined to the shoulder decolletage, with either short jeweled chains or ribbon jeweled for the purpose. They afford a delightful chance to show off one's handsome rings, but for those who dance gloves are far preferable and more desirable in every way.

Those having very thin arms and not sufficient flesh on their hands for beauty, will welcome mittens of this kind for informal dinners and other functions where a certain dressiness must be observed. For afternoon summer dress lace mittens, shortened to meet the elbow sleeves, so much in vogue again, will prove most welcome. Who can forget the effect of very red and very coarse arms exposed mercilessly to the full glare of daylight, when elbow sleeves were the craze several years ago?

Made-up mittens are deserving of a wide success. There is something far more fetching, too, in having mittens fitted and of the same lace as the rest of one's gown—in white, in ecru, in butter color, or in black. But these mittens have not yet been worn on this side. It remains for some smart women to start them at Newport and make them the fashion.

The Evening Herald gives all the news—gives it straight, and is the only newspaper in Duluth free from corporation control.

ONE CENT A WORD.

Bargains Wanted.

Cheap acres and outlying lots in West Superior.

SAMUEL F. WADHAMS, 304 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Notice to Contractors.

Our head office for the new work from Hibbing to Virginia is now open at Hibbing, where profiles can be seen and all information given in regard to contracts.

FOLEY BROS.

WANTED.

1000 Tamarack Ties, 6 in. x 7 in.-7 ft

Call or address Duluth Street Railway Co., General Office 11th Avenue W. and Michigan street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, at 1131 East First street.

LADY COOK WANTED AT SECTION house at Proctorknott.

WANTED—NEAT APPEARING YOUNG lady. Salary $1 per day. Call after 5 p. m. 316 West Second street.

WANTED — TWO LADIES—CLOTHES ironers, at the Peerless laundry.

WANTED—A GIRL ABOUT 15 YEARS old to be a playmate with two small children. Inquire 401 West Superior street or 921 East Second street.

AT 1105 LONDON ROAD—COMPETENT girl to do general housework.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework (woman preferred); must be good cook. Apply 211 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in family of three, where work is light. 601 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1213 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 320 West Second.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 1308 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 503 West Third street. Good wages paid to right party.

WANTED — SEAMSTRESSES FOR dressmaking and learn French tailor system; steady position furnished; good wages paid. Dressmaking in its most up-to-date styles; summer fashions now in; open evenings. Room 2, over 17 East Superior street.

WANTED—CAMP COOKS—TWO NIGHT cooks; in three houses, two girls each house; waitress and kitchen girl, and fifty girls for private houses. 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS SALESmen for Dakota work. Address M 22, Herald.

WANTED—A MAN FOR SHINGLE painting at St. Thomas' school.

WANTED—A PANTRY BOY AT BOYLE Bros., 317 West Superior street.

COATMAKER WANTED. J. JANZIG.

WANTED—CARPENTERS FOR ELEvator work. Apply on the work at Elevator E. Barnett & Record company.

WANTED — BELL BOYS AT THE Spalding.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—BENCH MEN. SCOTT & Holston's, Twenty-fourth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A SPECIAL summer campaign. The Saturday Evening Post—established by Benjamin Franklin in 1728—now published by the Curtis Publishing company, proprietors of the Ladies' Home Journal, is offered to subscribers, for one year only, for $1—the regular price is $2.50. This offer is for the purpose of a quick introduction, and will be withdrawn Sept. 1. The regular price of $2.50 will be maintained after that date. We will give a good commission for every subscriber secured, and distribute $3000 Sept. 1 among the 176 best agents. $500 will be given the person sending the largest number of subscribers at $1 each per year. At this special low subscription price thousands can be easily secured. Address the Curtis Publishing company, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gretzky Supply Co., 705 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

SCALP TREATMENTS—HAIR DRESSING

MISS TILLIE JORGENSON WILL give scalp treatment and shampooing for ladies at their homes. Call or address 531 East Third street.

FORTUNE TELLING.

1 CHALLENGE THE WORLD—CONsult this naturally gifted lady on business transactions, law suits, sickness of any kind; English and Swedish. 622 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—ONE TEAM OF HORSES and outfit; 100 cords of wood, one stack of hay. Alex Poirier, next poor farm.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND HAND CANopy top, cut under surries; nearly new. $75 each. 418 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF THE FINEST fresh milch cows at Downie's Cow market, 2012 West Superior street. Fat cows taken in exchange. Prices right.

FOR SALE — LADY'S ELDREDGE wheel, in first-class condition. 319 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, to arrive June 4. P. Sullivan. Twenty-eighth avenue west.

HORSES. HORSES.

300 head of farm horses, drafters, general purpose horses and drivers constantly on hand at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

HORSES — HORSES — BUY THEM AT the reliable sales stables of J. Hammel & Co., 125 West First street.

FOR SALE—HOTEL AND RESTAUrant with thirty steady boarders and good transient trade. All fixtures modern and in first class condition. For particulars call on or address Mrs. W. F. McFall, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE—40 A SOLDIER'S ADDItional. H. W. Coffin

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 614 CHAMBER OF Commerce. Bookkeeping. Collecting.

ONE CENT A WORD.

SHIRTS D. M. Morrison's Shirt Factory, Seventh Floor, Palladio Building, Duluth.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent for the summer. Cheap to the right person. M 23, Herald.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, WATER paid, $28 month. Four rooms, water paid, $9 per month. Sixth avenue east. Call at 513 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, REAR of 121 East Fifth street, $5 per month. O. N. Lundberg, 222 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park; also in city. George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

FOR REN

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

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DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

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One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK,

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 5.—The barometer continues high in Southeastern states and low throughout the Northwest; the center of the storm appears to be to the northward of Manitoba. Temperatures this morning range from 40 in Upper Rocky mountain districts to between 70 and 80 in the Mississippi valley and lower half of the lake region. Warmer weather is being experienced over Western Lake Superior and Eastern Montana; elsewhere it is generally cooler. Rains have fallen over the lake region, Upper Mississippi valley and Northwestern states. Fresh southerly to easterly winds prevail over Lake Superior this morning.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Duluth	57	Swift Current	32
Battleford	42	Qu'Appelle	38
Medicine Hat	40	Winnipeg	44
Calgary	36	Helena	48
Minnedosa	40	Bismarck	46
Port Arthur	46	Miles City	54
Williston	46	Moorhead	54
Rapid City	44	St. Paul	64
Marquette	50	Sault Ste. Marie	56
Huron	46	Milwaukee	60
La Crosse	64	Chicago	74
Detroit	70	North Platte	44
Davenport	70	Omaha	66
Kansas City	66	St. Louis	76
Dodge City	58	Memphis	76
Prince Albert	42	Lander	38

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Occasional showers this afternoon, tonight and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday; brisk and high easterly to southerly winds.

Local data for twenty-four hours ended at 7 a. m. today: Maximum temperature, 80; minimum temperature, 57; rainfall, .06 inch.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 5.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Continued warm weather with thunder storms this afternoon and probably on Tuesday; brisk and high southerly winds. Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight; probably local thunder storms Tuesday; warmer in west portion tonight; brisk to high southerly winds.

MRS. MAYBRICK'S CASE.

Late advices from London lead to the belief that Ambassador Choate has succeeded in convincing the British government that Mrs. Maybrick is unjustly confined in prison and is innocent of the crime of poisoning her husband. Nearly every person who has studied all the features of the case, including some of the leading lawyers in England, have long been convinced that Mrs. Maybrick was wrongfully convicted and should be released from prison. But the British government is slow to interfere in any criminal case, where the accused has been convicted of a serious crime, and repeated appeals on behalf of Mrs. Maybrick have been made in vain. The late "Gail Hamilton," it will be remembered, took a deep interest in this case, wrote a pamphlet which seemed to clearly establish Mrs. Maybrick's innocence, and worked hard in behalf of the unfortunate woman. Through her efforts the American government was induced to take a special interest in the matter, and it is undoubtedly the result of her past work that Ambassador Choate was instructed to do everything possible to obtain Mrs. Maybrick's pardon.

Mrs. Maybrick is an American by birth, being a daughter of the late W. G. Chandler, a well known banker of Mobile, Ala. Her mother, who is still living, was married a second time to a French baron. The daughter, when a girl of 7, was married in 1881 to James Maybrick, of Liverpool, who was many years her senior, and is said to have been of disolute habits and brutal in his disposition. Two children were born to them. On June 27, 1889, Mr. Maybrick, who had been ailing for a long time, in spite of the advice of his physician to the contrary, attended the Wirral races on horseback, was caught in a heavy rain and, without changing his wet clothing, spent the evening with friends, returning home very late, and on the next day was quite ill. Several physicians were called as he grew worse, and all agreed that his sickness was caused by some "grave indiscretion" of diet away from home.

Early on the morning of May 11, thirteen days after he was taken sick, Mrs. Maybrick fell into a speechless swoon, which lasted for nearly forty-eight hours, Maybrick dying meantime at 8:40 p. m. of that day. Immediately after Mr. Maybrick's death, upon the suspicions of his two brothers and of female servants, the police were called in and searched the house, finding arsenic in quantities "sufficient to poison fifty men," but all in his and none in her apartments or belongings. It was afterward proved by the affidavit of Valentine Blake, expert for manufacturing chemists, that about three months before Mr. Maybrick's death he had sold to Mr. Maybrick 150 grains of white and two kinds of black arsenic, of which Mr. Maybrick, who was known to be a confirmed arsenic eater, said: "I take it when I can get it." On the 14th Mrs. Maybrick, still unconscious

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

and alone, without a friend in the house, was arrested in her bed for murder. The jury found her guilty of murder and sentenced her to death. The sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

The only actual evidence against Mrs. Maybrick was the discovery of arsenic in the house, coupled with the finding of traces of arsenic in the dead man's stomach. The prosecution proceeded on the theory that, the arsenic being there, the wife must have administered it. They ascribed as the motive her desire to get rid of her husband in order to marry another man, who was shown to be her lover, and this was undoubtedly the worst feature of the case that the defense had to meet, and it is one of the principal reasons why it has been so difficult to induce the British government to grant a pardon.

TYPICAL TRUST CASE.

The New York World draws special attention to thirteen manufactories with a total capitalization of $21,580,000 that have organized themselves into a trust with a capital of $80,000,000, of this $40,000,000 is to be in preferred stock, paying 7 per cent a year, and $40,000,000 is to be in common stock, paying whatever may be left after the preferred stock has paid its $2,800,000 in annual dividends.

What do these promoters propose? They go into the money market, where the rate of interest on good security is less than 4 per cent, and ask the public—

First—To lend them $40,000,000 at 7 per cent interest, or more than 3 per cent above the market rate when the security or collateral is sound, and they offer as security property which even at their own valuation is worth only $2,580,000.

Second—To lend them $40,000,000 more on no security whatever and with no interest on the loan until after the first $40,000,000 shall have earned 7 per cent.

The demand for the articles which these gentlemen make is limited, and is not greater than the present facilities for making them can readily meet. True, prices can be put up, but surely not enough to give the huge margin of profit necessary to the success of this "trust." This case is not isolated, says the World. It is typical of what is going on in practically every branch of American manufactures today.

THE NEXT SPEAKER.

It is now practically settled that Gen. David B. Henderson, of Dubuque, Iowa, will be the successor of Thomas B. Reed as speaker of congress. For the first time in the history of the country the speakership comes to a man living west of the Mississippi. Gen. Henderson is particularly well qualified for the position and will rank well with the distinguished men who have preceded him in the office that has justly been said to rank next to that of president of the United States. The speaker of the American congress wields tremendous power and has great responsibilities. Gen. Henderson has been a member of the house for many years and has long been looked upon as one of the leading men on the Republican side. While well liked by members of all parties, he is an extreme partisan and has had frequent sharp clashes with his political opponents. He has also had some little fights with members on the Republican side with whom he could not agree on some prominent measures.

Where Gen. Henderson stands in relation to the administration's Philippine policy is not definitely known. It is known that he expressed grave doubts about the wisdom of the United States taking the Philippines, and declared on May 27: "If you ask me would I force a government upon the Filipinos against their will, I answer no." He qualified this somewhat, however, by saying: "That is my judgment, but when the time comes to settle that question—it is not here now—I must know what my duty to the country is, and I cannot tell without knowing the condition of the Filipinos and what they need and want." While he did not wholly condemn the president's Philippine policy, Mr. Henderson would not support the legislation which the president asked for to enable him to carry it out. When the administration asked for the increase of the army to 100,000 men and Mr. Hull brought in a bill to provide for that increase, Mr. Hull and his supporters decided not to enter into a fight with the senate for the 100,000 men, because they knew Mr. Henderson was heading a revolt against them on the Republican side of the house. Congressman Tawney denied this story, in a telegram to the Pioneer Press a few days ago, but it has since been repeated on as good authority as is Mr. Tawney, and it was common talk around Washington when the Hull army bill was under consideration in congress.

Nor does Gen. Henderson agree with President McKinley on the question of civil service reform. If he be judged by his utterances, Gen. Henderson would never have sanctioned such an order as the president made the other day, throwing open 4000 offices to the spoilsmen of his party. Once when the question of an appropriation for the civil service commission came up in the house, Gen. Henderson made a speech against striking out the appropriation. He declared then that "civil service has come to this government to stay, and the political party that deserts it will not stay and ought not to." He also said:

"I say to my associates on this side of the house that I helped to make the platform in 1888. I believed in it then; I believe in it now, and I am here to act upon convictions. Upon that platform we carried the country in 1888. We carried the best thought and sentiment of the country, and I say to my associates, 'Do not now in this indirect way desert that great standard of principles, and turn your backs upon the people of this country who put you into power and responsibility in the weighty issues of that great campaign.' I do not want to go back to the old spoils system. I want to get farther away from it. I want the lawmaker to be able to make laws and to equip himself for doing so, and not to become a mere lackey for the spoils system. In the name of progress, now that we have advanced the standard, let us keep hold of it, stand under it, fight for it, and perfect a law which was born of much thought, of much conflict, and which, whatever any political party may desire, the people of this country will never desert."

The Chicago Chronicle wants to know if the chocolate-colored Filipino is a fellow citizen or an alien? Are we plugging him full of lead because he is an erring brother or because he is a foreign enemy? These questions assume fresh interest because of the decision of Immigration Commissioner North, who has forbidden ten Filipinos to land at San Francisco on the ground that they are alien contract laborers. It is quite plain either that Commissioner North is wrong or that the proceedings in the Philippines are unjustifiable. The imperialist organs say the fighting Filipinos are rebels. If so they are subjects of the United States in insurrection, and those not in arms are American citizens entitled to all the rights of citizens.

The Kansas City Star says: "An interesting comparison of American and Spanish methods is found in a statement of the government commission appointed to investigate conditions in Porto Rico. It is found that the total amount of silver money in circulation under Spanish rule was $5,500,000, and that in the eight months the American soldiers have been there they have added five millions in money to the amount in circulation, or practically doubled it. It is therefore now twice as easy for a native Porto Rican to get a dollar as it was under Spanish rule." And yet they do not appear to be able to get the dollar and are clamoring for relief. The prices of all they sell have fallen one-half and they do not see any advantage in having been annexed to the United States.

A story is going the rounds that one of the horses in a New York livery stable which caught fire the other day, resisted all efforts of the fireman to lead it out of the burning building. After nearly every man had tugged at the bridle it was discovered that the horse was a wooden one. The horse was life size, and had been used to display harness, and when not in active service was kept in a rear stable.

The letter carriers throughout the United States, it is stated, will raise $200,000 for the purpose of lobbying a bill through congress advancing their pay. It is probably true that this class of public servants deserve more pay, says the Des Moines News, but the raising of a lobbying fund is a good way to defeat the measure.

The Anoka Herald denies that the Minneapolis Republicans contributed a dollar to the campaign fund for the election of Page Morris to congress. It should read the statement of receipts filed by the Republican congressional committee with the auditor of St. Louis county, then it would withdraw its denial.

A Funston enthusiast has suggested that the Kansas state motto "Ad Astra per Aspera," since the swimming feats of the Twentieth Kansas, be changed to the more euphonious and meaning motto: "Ad Astra per Aquam"—through waters to the stars.

The Waverly Tribune expresses the feelings of many people when it says, in reference to a report that the Filipinos are tired of the conflict: "The sooner either party gets tired the better. There is no excuse for this massacre."

A Mexican undertook to give an imitation bull fight in New Jersey the other day. He was nearly killed by the bull, and then he was arrested for cruelty to animals. He will probably not repeat the experiment.

The Ohio platform indorses President McKinley "for the judicious modification of the civil service rules recently promulgated." This is not surprising in view of the well-known inclination of the Ohio men.

One of the men killed in a railroad wreck in Iowa last week was on his way to marry a girl at Minneapolis, although he already had a wife in Texas. He certainly was tempting fate.

After all the talk about the drastic anti-trust bill passed in Texas, it is now announced that it does not take effect until 1901.

The expansion question will probably be settled this month—in the essays of the graduates.

Gilfillan and Nelson.

Martin County Sentinel: The Sentinel predicts that Hon. J. B. Gilfillan, of Minneapolis, will be a candidate for United States senator against Nelson, with a strong chance of winning. There are some strong points, in Gilfillan's favor: (1). He has a handsome and ambitious young wife, who is said to be an equal of Mrs. John A. Logan as a politician. (2). He will have the solid backing of Minneapolis whom Nelson has bitterly antagonized. (3). And most important and potent of all he has a barrel and is said to be willing to open a $250,000 bung hole to gain the prize. Mr. Gilfillan has served two terms in the lower house of congress and is a lawyer of fair standing. If Jim Hill backs him he will most likely win.

Morris and His Rivals.

Wright County Times (Rep.): It looks from this distance that Congressman Morris, who is serving his second term, will not only have a hard fight to be re-elected, but a harder one to secure a nomination. There are strong elements fighting him in his home county, which, while carrying it in '96, he lost in '98. J. Adam Bede is certainly a candidate not easily snuffed out. There is also Senator McCarthy of Itasca county, who is an admitted receptive candidate, whatever that may mean. Mr. Morris has made an excellent record, but that does not always count. The next Sixth congressional district convention will be a hot one.

SUMMER SMILES.

Detroit Journal: If a man owned the earth he would perhaps be more or less annoyed by people finding it cheaper to die than to pay rent.

Denver Post: Despite the low prices of all manner of wearing apparel this year, it will be observed by a study of our public thoroughfares when the likers are out that bicycle skirts come higher than ever.

Detroit Free Press: "See the instructive value of little things; the last straw broke the camel's back."

"Yes; why didn't somebody keep it to tickle the elephant with?"

Chicago Record: "Isabel, your new hat is absurd; it looks just like a huge flower bed."

"Well, you needn't get so excited, Edgar; you don't have to get up before daylight and pull weeds out of it."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Young Hammerhead seems to be on his knees to every woman he meets."

"Yes, he has his trousers creased by contract."

Chicago Tribune: Foreigner—Are all ze roads around here like zees?

Illinois Farmer (one of the unprogressive sort)—Yes, sir, pretty much. Some of 'em's better and some of 'em's a little worse.

Foreigner—Caramba!

Illinois Farmer—O, yes, you can ramble all you want to, I reckon.

Detroit Journal: When finally the rich uncle died, the poor nephew, being heir to everything, lost his head.

He became a spendthrift, actually paying taxes on all his property.

"The fool and his money soon part!" people exclaimed, ominously.

Indianapolis Journal: "Lawn mowers are so high-priced," complained the suburbanite. "I wish I could think of a good substitute."

"A few children to play on the lawn will make one entirely unnecessary," suggested the thoughtful neighbor.

Chicago Record: "Did you hear what Reginald gave Lucretia for a graduation present?"

"What was it?"

"A commutation ticket on a downtown soda fountain."

Washington Star: "Never mind," said Aguinaldo; "Napoleon met his Waterloo."

"Yes," answered the Filipino leader; "he met it. He wasn't chased up and down several mountain ranges by it, as I have been."

REVISED CIVIL SERVICE LIST.

Boston Transcript (Rep.): It is a sop to Cerberus; a small sop to be sure, and Cerberus is very hungry. The way to kill spoilism is not to throw it small sops; it is to give it nothing whatever.

Philadelphia Record (Dem.): President McKinley, who in his capacity as a legislator helped to carry forward the project of civil service reform, has been prevailed upon in his executive capacity to help undo his own work in answer to the demand of the spoilsmen. He has been very badly advised.

Indianapolis News (Ind.): We repeat that, on the whole, the President has done well. We imagine that the spoilsmen who were looking for a ripping up of the whole classified service and were confidently expecting a reversion to the good old days of feudal government will be bitterly disappointed.

Louisville Courier-Journal (Dem.): The president has finally taken the plunge and removed from the protection of the civil service laws 4000 offices for his partisans. There are few, if any, sincere civil service reformers among practical politicians—after they themselves get offices in which they can make capital of subordinate offices.

New York Times (Dem.): It is a bad situation, and especially it is bad with regard to the duty Mr. McKinley has to perform in our new possessions. The service there must be of the highest type. Every place in it must be treated as a trust. It is an ill omen to abolish trusteeship as to 4000 places and treat them as the patronage of politics.

Chicago Post (Rep.): One thing is certain, however. The order was not issued without prolonged and anxious study of the situation, and the president has been too firm, consistent and determined a supporter of the merit system to warrant sweeping condemnation of his step. If an error has been committed the civil service commission will fairly and candidly point it out.

Detroit Free Press (Dem.): Against his better judgment, we believe, and against his conscience, he has yielded to the importunities of the spoilsmen at the very moment when the exigencies of the public business are calling for the enforcement of the merit system as never before in our history. At the critical juncture when a new colonial bureau is to be organized for the government of troublesome dependencies Mr. McKinley has aimed a crippling blow at civil service reform.

Philadelphia Ledger (Rep.): The friends of good government may not be disposed to review the discretion of the executive in excepting from the provisions of the civil service law such positions as private secretaries or confidential clerks, special agents charged with confidential duties and the actual heads of important bureaus, but the list of exemptions contains more than 5000 places which are exempted, apparently for no other reason than a willingness on the part of President McKinley to yield to the clamor of the patronage mongers.

Kansas City Star (Ind.): Many people will agree that private secretaries and confidential clerks should perhaps be selected freely from the country at large by the men they are to serve, but there is no excuse for placing the offices of deputy revenue collectors, and many others included in this sweeping order, at the mercy of the spoils distributors. The Republican party may gain by this more in the effectiveness of its machinery, but the administration has placed itself on record thereby as unfriendly to the cause of good government, and as not sincere in its advocacy of the merit system.

Philadelphia Times (Dem.): The withdrawal for special reasons of 4000 out of 65,000 appointments included within the classified service cannot be construed into an abandonment of the civil service principle, and the president deserves to be sustained in the matter until it is shown that he has made a mistake, and even in that case criticism should not extend beyond the especial appointments in which experience demonstrates that the service has retrograded.

Wait Until Alger Resigns.

When the fireworks blaze,
And the cannons boom loud,
And the flag with the laurel entwines—
Oh, it will be great
When Dewey gets home—
But wait until Alger resigns!

When the people all shout,
And go wild over the man
Who feared not torpedoes not mines—
Oh, it will be great
When Dewey gets home—
But wait until Alger resigns!!

When we're drunk thro' toasting
The admiral bold,
And the treasury's full from the fines—
Oh, won't it be great
When Dewey gets home—
But wait until Alger resigns!!!

Our country shall honor
The hero so brave,
Till the star of her glory declines;
And great though it be
When Dewey gets home—
JUST WAIT UNTIL ALGER RESIGNS!!!!
—Random.

SIX FIREMEN HURT.

Burning of a Feed Store, Formerly a Theater.

Philadelphia, June 5.—Frank P. Mellon's feed and grain store, Eighteenth street, above Chestnut, was destroyed by fire early today and six firemen were hurt. The injured are: Richard Berry, acting assistant chief; Edward Ralston, Harry Parker, Chris Daly, Patrick Monahan and James Dolan.

The origin of the blaze is unknown. Loss about $25,000. Years ago the feed store was a famous dramatic hall, known as the Drawing Room, in which many prominent actors and actresses made their first appearance.

A 5 Cent Lunch.

A 5 cent package of **Uneeda Biscuit** forms the basis of an ideal lunch. Ideal because they do good as well as taste good—muscle building as well as palate pleasing.

Uneeda Biscuit

are good anywhere and everywhere. Good for the child's lunch as the working man's; equally good as the basis of a dainty luncheon or a substantial meal. You can't understand the goodness of **Uneeda Biscuit** until you try them.

Your grocer has them in air tight, moisture proof 5 and 10 cent packages. Never sold in bulk. Take no imitations.

THE DAKOTAS.

Jack Trusty is Found Guilty of Murder in Second Degree.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jack Trusty was found guilty of murder in the second degree. He was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary.

Rockford—Leland Keim, 5 years old, attempted to climb on a separator in motion and fell, the wheels passing over his head, causing instant death. He was the son of the superintendent of schools, Mrs. M. M. Keim.

Valley City—The appointment of A. Berg, of Grand Forks, as captain of Company G of this city, now in Manilla, over First Lieut. Charles W. Getchell, to succeed Capt. Mudgett, recently discharged for disability, is an unpopular action here and Governor Fancher is sharply criticized.

Grand Forks—The annual convocation of the Episcopal church is now in progress in Grand Forks, a large number of prominent clergymen and laymen from all over the state being present. Bishop Edsall presides.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Milbank—The South Dakota Sheep Breeders' association will hold a convention at Big Stone on June 28 and 29. M. F. Greeley, the leading authority on sheep industry of the Northwest, is president of the association.

Mount Vernon—Mount Vernon people anticipate a big crowd at the old settlers' reunion which will be held on Wednesday, June 7. Excursion rates on the Milwaukee road have been secured, and the east and west trains will be held at Mount Vernon an hour and a half in the evening. The festivities of the day will conclude with a grand ball.

Hot Springs—Considerable complaint is being made by the cattlemen of this county against stockmen of Nebraska and Wyoming bringing their herds into this state for the summer range. An earnest effort will be made by the stockmen to have strictly enforced the law passed by the last legislature, taxing transient cattle and sheep at so much per head. The good rains this spring have brought the range into fine condition and unless the grass is soon eaten off outside cattle our stockmen will be able to have their stock in fine condition for the winter.

Pierre—The insurance department of the state promises to be again changed July 1, as it is now generally rumored that L. G. Campbell is to be dropped on that date, and C. P. King appointed in his stead. King would have been appointed long ago had there not been a question of his right to hold the place until the expiration of his term as representative.

ROBINSON NOW MAJOR.

Governor Lind Commissions Him to Succeed Diggles.

St. Paul, June 5.—Capt. Noyes C. Robinson has been commissioned major of the Thirteenth regiment by Governor Lind, vice Diggles, deceased. Capt. Robinson has been commander of Company C from its mustering in, and has been in command of the battalion part of the time, and has a bullet mark on him.

Maj. Masterman's appointment still hangs. Governor Lind has received an intimation from the war department that they will "adhere to their former ruling." The governor differs. "There is no warrant in law for such a ruling," he says. "The regiment is entntled to three majors. I have issued the commission to Maj. Masterman, and the war department will recognize it."

"It is too bad," says the governor, "that anybody should speak disparagingly, as some have done, of the officers of the Thirteenth. It pains me when I hear it. Why, do you know that in that last expedition they plunged right into the trackless bush and marsh, making their path through ways almost impassible. After the first few days the bullocks gave out and the men had to themselves drag the guns and supplies through the bush. They were fighting every day, exposed to attack every minute in the jungle. They did not have their clothes off for thirty days.

"The service in Manilla may not have been glorious, but it was dangerous and useful, and was faithfully performed. And when we hear the whole story of the circuit through the bush of the two battalions, we will find that it was the finest feat in the Philippine army, as difficult and determined a piece of work as has been done in the whole war.

"The Minneapolis papers have been representing me as opposed to the muster-out there. I'm not. Nothing would give me greater pleasure, personally. But you heard what I said in the senate chamber. I told them I would co-operate with them in any way, but that the wishes of the boys would control. That would be law to me. I sent to them over my own signature the cablegram that Mr. Johnson, their secretary, wrote, the very words. That is the only communication I have had with the regiment on the subject. I have not sent any other message nor spoken of the matter since.

"It is impossible to tell when we shall hear from them. They are probably canvassing the choice now by companies, as there is no regimental assembly."

COLLEGE UNROOFED.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, June 5.—Several thousand dollars' damage was done by the heavy rain storm, accompanied by a strong wind, which swept over this city early Sunday evening. The east wing of Penn college was unroofed, and the building flooded. Many small buildings throughout the city were demolished. No injuries to persons are reported.

TO SPIN METAL.

A Cleveland Inventor Named Bevington Has Evolved a Plan.

Cleveland, June 5.—James H. Bevington, a Cleveland inventor of note, has completed a device for spinning metal which promises to work important changes in various lines of metal manufacturing.

The principle upon which the discovery is based is extremely simple. The metal that is spun is in tubular form, and is placed in a lathe which turns at the rate of 1800 revolutions a minute. In a moment's time the metal becomes hot and softens from the friction and can then be shaped by the operator according to his wishes. The tool, which consists of hard steel jaws touching on either side of the revolving tube, can be readily gauged to any desired width, and the softened metal to be spun drawn by means of pressure to any size or shape, so long as a circular form is retained.

FARMING ON THE YUKON.

Col. Ray Says Magnificent Crops Can Be Grown.

San Francisco, June 5.—Col. S. H. Ray has arrived here on his way to take command of the department of Northern Alaska, which comprises all the territory north of the sixty-second degree of latitude. He expects to leave about June 20 with his command, which will consist of two companies of infantry, probably from the Seventh regiment now on its way to the coast.

It is the intention of the government to establish three posts along the Yukon which will be permanently garrisoned. Col. Ray's headquarters will be at the junction of Mission creek with the Yukon, ninety miles from Dawson and about ten miles from the frontier. When he was in Washington he had the postoffice officially named Fort Egbert, in memory of the late Harry C. Egbert, who fell at Manilla in the Philippines.

The object of the government is to establish law and order in the country and to encourage its permanent occupation by settlers.

Col. Ray says that the lower Yukon valleys are capable of raising magnificent crops, and he believes that many articles of food now imported by the miners can be produced along the banks of the great river.

A LATE CONFERENCE.

No Information Obtainable as to Its Cause.

Washington, June 5.—No definite information was obtainable today as to the subject of discussion during the conference at the White House late last night between the president, Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn and Adjt. Gen. Corbin. The latter refuses to refer to the matter in any manner. Mr. Meiklejohn says the dispatches received referred exclusively to future military movements which it would be impolitic to make public at this time.

TO TRY ESTERHAZY.

Minister of War Has Ordered Proceedings Against Him.

Paris, June 5.—The minister of war, M. Krantz, has ordered proceedings to be taken against Esterhazy for obtaining and using documents connected with the so-called "secret dossier," and the minister has also issued instructions that proceedings be taken against Gen. Pellieux for the manner in which he conducted the Esterhazy case.

The minister of justice, M. LeBret, has written to the president of the chamber of deputies, M. Deschanel, calling his attention to the reference in the decision of the court of cassation to Gen. Mercier's showing documents connected with the Dreyfus court-martial, in order that the chamber may decide whether Mercier is to be proceeded against for an unlawful act committed while he was minister of war.

THE RACE TRACK ROW.

Government Will Answer Questions as to Sunday's Turmoil.

Paris, June 5.—The government will accept an immediate discussion of the interpollation of M. Lalogo, Independent Socialist, representing one of the Saint Denis districts of the Seine, on the subject of the incidents which occurred yesterday on the Autenail race course.

A great number of people called at Elysee palace and signed the visitors' book.

Maj. Marchand proceeded to Thoissey, nine miles from Macon, last evening, in order to visit his parents.

TO TRY A JUDGE.

French Ministers Think Dr. Roulede Got Off Too Easy.

Paris, June 5.—The ministers met this morning, President Loubet in the chair, and decided to remove the advocate general, M. Lombart, and the minister of justice, M. Lebret, was directed to begin proceedings against M. Tardif, president of the assizes court, before the council of magistracy, for the way in which they conducted the case against MM. De Roulede and Marcel-Habert, who were acquitted Wednesday last of the charge of inciting soldiers to insubordination at the time of the election of President Loubet.

THE KIDNAPERS.

The Wilsons Do Not Want to Go to New York.

New York, June 5.—The examination of George B. Barrow, alias James Wilson, and his wife, charged with abducting Marion Clark, was to have taken place at Garnerville today, but it has been deferred until 2 o'clock p. m. Irving Brown, counsel for the accused, said today:

"We don't expect any sensational features at this hearing, but merely a simple rehearsal of the crime and the capture. My clients would rather be tried here than in New York, and I believe we can mete out as thorough justice here as in New York county."

ANOTHER CONFESSION.

Esterhazy Says Du Clam Has Some Protecting Documents.

Paris, June 5.—The Matin today publishes an interview with Maj. Count Esterhazy, in which Esterhazy accuses Lieut. Col. Du Paty de Clam of having, for safety, placed in his mother-in-law's house at Brussels extraordinary documents which protect them both, notably the plan to be followed in order to screen Esterhazy.

The Matin's correspondent at Brussels confirms the statement that Du Paty de Clam left documents in the possession of the D'Ursel family. Du Paty de Clam's wife is a daughter of the Duc D'Ursal.

RIGHT TO BUY WHISKY.

Columbia, S. C., June 5.—The superior court has reversed the decision of the lower court in an important case effecting the dispensary law. The decision gives a citizen the right to drive over into North Carolina or across the bridge at Augusta, Ga., or send his team over with an agent, buy whisky for his own use and return with it.

AMUSEMENTS.

HILL TOP — **CASINO and PAVILION.** J. C. MORRIS, Lessee and Manager.
Next Sunday and all Next Week, MATINEES DAILY.
"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,"
Military Brass Band, Fashionable Vaudeville, Autocratic Curios, Concessions and Privileges.
POPULAR PRICES.—Afternoon 1:30 sharp; evening 7:30 sharp. Double Bill. Two Shows.

PARLOR THEATER.
19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, Matinee Saturday, 2:30 p. m.
Mlle. Modesta Burlesque Co.
20—Handsome Ladies—20.
A laughing hit from start to finish.

SUMMONS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

George R. King and Hugh Steele, copartners as King & Steele, Plaintiffs,

vs.

The Carroll-Porter Boiler & Tank Company, Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of said court at the county court house, in the city of Duluth, said county and state, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in 500-505 Lonsdale building, in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of seven thousand five hundred sixty-five and 24-100 dollars, together with interest thereon from January 7, 1898, and for the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated February 19, 1895.

WASHBURN, LEWIS & BAILEY,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Duluth, Minn.,
500 Lonsdale Building.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-15-22-29-June-5-12-19-1899.

Coffee Given Away

For one week only at the special sale of

O'DONOHUE'S

Greater New York Coffee

BANNER BRANDS

5th Ave. Mocha & Java - - - 35c.
Mindoro Java & Mocha - - - 30c.
Oriental Blend - - - - - - 25c.

Every purchaser of 1½ lbs. of either brand gets

1-2 LB. FREE.

First come first served.

MONDAY, JUNE 5, to SATURDAY, JUNE 10. JOHNSON & MOE, 2102-2104 West Superior St., DULUTH, MINN.

WAS AN OLD CHARGE.

Why Whiteman Forfeited His Bail In New York.

The Dansville, N. Y., Express of June 1 says: The New York papers of Monday morning announced the arrest of A. J. Whiteman in New York city on Sunday and containing the usual sensational trash which is given out by the Pinkerton detective agency, whenever he is arrested. Whiteman has been arrested half a dozen times, usually at the instigation of the Pinkertons, and in every instance he has finally succeeded in defeating their efforts to send him to prison. This latest arrest was on an old charge—on a warrant sworn out in March, 1898, charging him on information and belief with having passed a worthless check for $83.75 on the Hotel Amsterdam in December, 1897. It looks very strange that this warrant should not have been served sooner, if there was any merit in the charge.

Whiteman has been here in Dansville nearly all the time since September last, and the New York police and Pinkertons have known it very well, for they were advised of his presence here as soon as he came home from Chicago. He left here three weeks ago with the intention of going to London to meet his sister, Mrs. Gibbs. In New York he received a cablegram requesting him not to come and saying Mrs. Gibbs would be home this month. He had $900 in currency when he left here and therefore it is quite ridiculous that he should be charged with passing worthless Canadian $10 bills on the hotels in New York, as stated in a New York paper of Tuesday. Mr. Whiteman was arrested Sunday morning and promptly gave bail in the sum of $500 and was released. He came at once to Dansville and states that the reason he did not appear in court next morning was because he was threatened by the detectives with arrest on some other charge and they wanted time to trump one up. He acted on the advice of one of the best lawyers in New York who assured him he would recover the $500 he deposited, within a short time.

In regard to the charge of the Hotel Amsterdam, Mr. Whiteman says it is absolutely false. He saw the proprietor of the hotel on Sunday, after his arrest, and he stated that the matter had entirely passed from his memory and upon investigation he found that they had received the money from the man who gave them the check, and that they had given a receipt for it. He told Mr. Whiteman that he would make no charge against him, and that he would immediately notify the police and magistrate of the fact. He gave to Mr. Whiteman a statement in writing that the hotel had received their money and that they could not make any criminal charge. But in spite of these facts there is good reason to believe the Pinkerton's and the New York police would have tried to hold him.

Mothers lose their dread for "that terrible second summer" when they have Dr. Bowser's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for bowel complaints of every sort.

Spring Underwear.

Handsome line of Underwear at 25c garment, 50c garment, 75e garment, $1.00 garment, $1.50 garment.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

In many important particulars, Hood's Sarsaparilla is Peculiar to Itself. It is a medicine as far ahead of the usual preparation as the electric light is ahead of the tallow dip. The ingredients used in making it are selected with the very greatest care, and are gathered for us at the time they possess the greatest remedial value. The peculiar combination, proportion and process used in Hood's Sarsaparilla, are unknown to any other, thus making Hood's Sarsaparilla *peculiar to itself*. The value of this peculiarity is best shown by actual results. And Hood's Sarsaparilla has a record of cures unequaled in medical history. Has more of them, greater successes in serious cases, better genuine, unsolicited testimonials than any other medicine in existence. It cures extreme cases of blood diseases, humors, scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism, catarrh, and all other troubles traceable to impure or vitiated blood. Possessing great stomach-toning qualities, it cures indigestion, dyspepsia, catarrh of the stomach, etc. It builds up the nerves, renewing and reviving brain, nerve and mental strength and curing nervous prostration. As a natural tonic, it strengthens the whole system and cures that tired feeling. It has done all this for others and what it does for others it will do for you. All we ask for Hood's Sarsaparilla, is a *necessity*, an *opportunity* and a *fair trial*. Be sure to get Hood's. Sold by druggists. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. *It never disappoints.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is Peculiar to Itself

ALASKA MAILS.

Mails originating in the United States for Alaska and the British Yukon district are principally dispatched from Seattle, Wash. From Seattle there ar three regular steamship lines by which Alaska mails are forwarded, viz: The Seattle & Skagway R. P. O., whose boats leave Seattle every fifth day and two lines known as the Seattle & Dyea R. P. O., each having two departures each month from Seattle (dates irregular). These lines supply all southeastern coast and island points, including Wrangel, Sitka, Juneau, Dyea and Skagway.

The Sitka & Ounalaska (steamboat) R. P. O., connecting the Seattle & Skagway R. P. O., at Sitka, leaves Sitka about the fifth of each month, supplying Orca (Copper river), Yakutat, Valdez, Seldovia, Homer (Cook's Inlet), Tyoonok, Kodiak and points on the southern coast of the Alaskan peninsula. This service is supplemented by a line between Juneau and Tyoonok (Cook's Inlet) leaving Juneau about the 15th and 30th of each month. These two lines together give trimonthly mail service to points on Copper River and Cook's Inlet, including Homer, Kodiak, Orca, Seldovia to Valdez.

From Ounalaska to Nushagak and other points on Bristol Bay mails will be carried in charge of a railway postal clerk, three round trips during the spring from Ounalaska about the 15th of June, July and August, in close connection with boats of the Sitka & Ounalaska R. P. O.

Steamers will depart from San Francisco about June 1st and 20th, and July 5th 1899, and from Seattle June 10th, July 20th and August 20th, 1899 (six trips in all), carrying mail to Ounalaska, St. Michael's and all points on the Yukon river to Circle, Alaska; Dawson, N. W. T., and returning by same route. Each of these steamers will carry a railway postal clerk, who will make delivery of mails for all points in the interior of Alaska and Northwest territory, including points which are not postoffices, but where mail can be left in charge of responsible parties, such as the agents of transportation and trading companies, and also mail to individuals when they are known to be the addresses. On these trips all classes of mail matter will be carried. Additional trips will be made from Seattle to St. Michael's, one way only, leaving Seattle about September 20, 1899; and from Dawson to Seattle, one way only, arriving at Seattle about Oct. 20, 1899.

Between St. Michael's and Tanana (900 miles) mails are carried one round trip a month the first year.

The overland dispatch of mail for all Youkon river points, both in Alaska and the British Yonkon district, is made from Skaguay, Alaska. Mails are dispatched from Skaguay under U. S. mail contract twice a month, the route following over White pass via Lake Bennett, Tagish lake, White Horse rapids, Dawson City, Forty Mile and Circle to Tanana, a distance of about 1500 miles. The distance from Skaguay to Dawson is about 570 miles, and from Circle 790 miles. Mails are also carried twice a month by Canadian mail contractor from Skagway to Dawson City, alternating between that and the U. S. mail contractor. Letter mail only is carried by the overland route. The time in transit is very indefinite, and varies greatly in different seasons of the year. During the summer months, when navigation on the lakes and rivers is uninterrupted, the mails are forwarded in much shorter time than during the winter season.

EDWARD B. BEEBE DEAD.

Night Manager of North American Telegraph Office is No More.

Edward B. Beebe died Saturday afternoon at St. Mary's hospital of cancer of the liver, aged 40 years. He has been confined to his bed for thirteen weeks. He leaves a wife and two children. Mr. Beebe has been at the head of the lakes for a number of years, coming to Duluth in 1887 from Sleepy Eye. He was a telegrapher and has been in the employ of the North American Telegraph company here. He was in West Superior for several years as manager of the office there. He came back to Duluth in 1892 and has since been night manager of the North American office here.

Mr. Beebe was a member of the Knights of the Maccabees. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the Maccabees from Hunter block hall. The Uniform Rank attended and the Duluth City band headed the procession. The body was interred at Forest Hill cemetery.

Found In Duluth.

W. H. Altenberger, the man who escaped from the insane asylum at Mount Pleasant, Iowa, and for whom the authorities here had been looking for several days, was found Saturday night at the Midland hotel and taken in custody by a deputy sheriff. Altenberger was working at the hotel as chore man.

The insane asylum authorities sent word that Altenberger had written them a letter stating that he was at the Midland hotel here, but no man of that name was known there. Saturday the proprietor of the Midland asked the chore man, who had been recently employed, what his name was and the latter said that it was Altenberger. The proprietor notified the authorities.

FIRE AT HIBBING.

Serious Damage Done to the Hibbing Hotel.

Hibbing, Minn., June 5.—The Hibbing hotel, one of the best hotels on the iron ranges, was badly damaged by fire on Saturday afternoon. The fire originated in the kitchen. The inside of the hotel, in the rear, pretty badly scorched and all of the rooms on the third floor and about half of those on the second floor were flooded with water and quite badly damaged. The hotel is operated by Sicard & Mehady, and is owned by Mrs. Frank Hibbing, of Duluth. The building is insured for $20,000.

TWO DEATHS.

Washington, June 5.—Gen. Brooke reports the accidental death by falling from a telegraph pole at Matanzas of Sergt. Hugo Behune, signal corps. Also at Pinar del Rio of Private James H. Davis, C. Seventh cavalry, on May 31, of typhoid.

Pants! Pants!

At popular prices; perfect fitters; well sewed at $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and upwards.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

ANNUAL SERMON

Baccalaureate Address To Graduating Class Delivered By Bishop Morrison.

WORDS OF COUNSEL

Tells the Pupils of the Great Field Which Lies Before Them.

At St. Paul's church last evening Bishop James D. Morrison delivered the baccalaureate sermon to the senior class of the Duluth high school, which will graduate this week. The members of the class occupied seats in the center of the church. A large number of friends were present and the church was filled.

The text was from St. Luke xvi, 10: "He that is faithful in that which is least is faithful also in much; and he that is unjust in the least is unjust also in much."

He spoke in opening in explanation of proverbs, saying that many men, when they have by experience or observation discovered some important truth, have tried to cast it into some terse form to be transmitted to others. The proverb is the form chosen, and from age to age proverbs have been handed down to us to guard us against pitfalls and give us strength in the battle of life. These proverbs vary in strength and value with the author. Shakespeare has given the world some epithets of wonderful power with which few can compare. If mortals can give us such words of wisdom, what great weight should there not be to the proverb from divine lips? Such is the text. When He speaks let our voices keep silent.

"He that is unjust in the least is unjust also in much." The bishop dwelt upon these words. It is little acts that lead to the great abyss of sin: little acts of dishonesty, of untruth, of meanness. The man who is unjust today in small acts tomorrow will be unjust in matters involving much.

He next dwelt upon the other side of the text, "He that is faithful in that which is least is faithful also in much." We all love to read of the heroes of our race and are thrilled with the stories of their achievements and with a desire to emulate them. In our own town so, too, are strong instances. There are our heroes of the recent war. When we read in history the wonderful stories of these heroes and heroines we should not make the mistake of believing that they had but to step out without preparation and do their great deeds. Not so. Years of building up and preparation fit for the life have given them the power to do great things. Often they have prepared for great deeds by a lifetime of patient, unrewarded service. Little duties well done, little trials bravely borne are the preparation for great deeds. It is the man who meets all trials peacefully, and who falls before little temptations, that falls when the great opportunity comes.

All of us have the desire to be great. We do not know what God has in store for us. He may call us to a prominent place, or the day of great deeds may never come to us, and yet the deeds which are great to God come every day. To be a faithful Christian is better than to be a victorious emperor or a triumphant statesman.

"My young friends," said the bishop, "you have come to the close of your high school career. You are about to enter on new responsibilities; perhaps to enter business, perhaps to engage in the beautiful duties of household life, perhaps to enter on a collegiate course. and as you go out to life's battle we would that you might be clothed in the most invulnerable armor and be armed with the keenest of weapons; that you might honorably and successfully accomplish your destiny in the place to which God may call you. How beautiful and attractive is the morning of life, with all the world before you from which to choose and with all the splendid endowments of life, its genuine enthusiasm, its resolute hopefulness, its beautiful imaginations and its wonderful powers of soul and body still in your sole possession. The question comes, will you use this wisely and will you select the way of pleasantness and the paths of peace? You stand in the garden of life and must pluck its fruits. "What word of counsel shall I give you? First, I wish you happiness and plenty of it. I wish that you may be as happy as God permits any of his creatures to be. I hope that your life may be one of pleasure. Pleasure is lower than happiness, but of pleasure perfumed with innocence no man need be the foe. But remember that God created you for a purpose and the true happiness is not that which comes from self seeking. Happiness comes from doing one's duty. The man or woman who seeks for happiness and pleasure will never find it. Do God's will and do everything faithfully. Happiness will come in the thrill of duty well done and the sweetness and content of an approving conscience.

"We are proud of the high school and its work. Education is a wonderful thing. It is the drawing out and development of the faculties of man. To what purpose? That he may know the distinction between right and wrong, a most difficult thing to learn. We are too quick to estimate sin by earthly consequences. You have passed through your high school curriculum. Are you going to stop studying? What is a school? It is the nursery of the mind. Does the education of the child stop at the nursery? That idea is just as ridiculous as to believe that you should stop studying now. Before you lies the wonderful literature of your race.

ATHLETE FLOUR IS BEST ADVERTISED BY THE CONTENTS OF THE PACKAGE.

ALL GROCERS.

YOU HAVE NO EXCUSE.

For Suffering with Coughs, Colds, Catarrh and Bronchitis.

"Hyomei" Cures All These Diseases or Money is Refunded.

Boston, Nov. 16, 1897.
Messrs. R. T. Booth Co.
Gentlemen—Your "Hyomei" preparations are the best I have found either in Europe or America, for the throat and lungs. My pupils are using it with wonderful success. It has cured one of bronchitis, another of deafness. You deserve success, as Hyomei does a great deal more than you claim for it. In my opinion it is a valuable remedy. Most gratefully yours,
AXELINA DE BERG LOFGREN,
Teacher of Singing, 149 Tremont St.

Your physician will tell you that "HYOMEI" is the only germicide which can enter the bronchial tubes and lungs.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail. "HYOMEI" outfits $1.00. Extra bottles 50c.
"HYOMEI" DYSPEPSIA CURE, GUARANTEED, 50c.
Send for Folder.
R. T. BOOTH CO., Auditorium Building, Chicago.
For Sale by S. F. BOYCE.

Strive to be a master in something, to be better in it than your fellow men. What illustrious examples we have of this. W. E. Gladstone was not only a most distinguished statesman, but he was also an accomplished classical scholar and up to the end of his glorious life kept up his studies, in Greek and Latin. Sir John Lubeck, the great English banker, is also a high authority in natural science. Mr. Balfour, the distinguished Conservative leader of the English parliament, is not only a prominent and astute politician, but a philosopher as well. Study actively and the triumphs of knowledge will be yours.

"All life should be meditation and service and many foolish people make the mistake of believing that man lives for himself alone. The love of God should be our motive and the service of man our aim. It is a fatal mistake not to recognize that. Life is also a conflict. Before each one of us stand great temptations, great trials, great responsibilities and there is only one fatal catastrophe that can confront goodness, and beauty, and life, and that is sin. It is sin that fills our jails and prisons.

"It remains for me only to wish you Godspeed in life's journey. It is a wonderful thing to come to maturity on the opening of the twentieth century. Who can measure the opportunities that must come to the men and women of this nation during the next fifty years. Truly we can say that it is a great thing to be an American and a citizen of this noble state of Minnesota. Within 100 years our country has risen from nothing to the foremost nation among the people of the earth and not only do our measureless grain fields feed the multitudes beyond the seas, but manufacturers are sending their wares to all parts of the earth."

The bishop dwelt briefly upon the great events of the past twelve months and the wonderful era opened before this nation. He also touched upon the richness of Minnesota and of Duluth, saying that it was a great privilege to be a resident here. In conclusion he said:

"Be real. Be honest. Be true. Be accurate in doing service in that place to which you may be called and shun with every energy of your nature that spirit which has been the great obstacle of development to our great state, the desire to get something for nothing. It is a sham and a curse. Where one succeeds a thousand fail and the success of one man is often the ruin of a community.

"The men and women we need are those not so seeking, but those that are intent on giving honest and faithful service and willing to accumulate wages from straightforward industry, and depend on it, these are the men and women—and not the shyster and gamblers—who, in fifty years from now will occupy seats of honor in our land. My young friends, life's journey has begun. Your record you cannot stop. What it will be you must determine as time goes on.

"With reverential feet I pass,
"I hear a voice that cries alas, alas.
"Whatever hath been written shall remain,
"Nor be erased, nor written o'er again.
"The unwritten still belongs to thee,
"Take heed and ponder well what that shall be."

TAKES A GAME.

Duluth Finally Administers a Defeat To Superior At Base Ball.

Duluth won a ball game from Superior yesterday, and won it hands down, the score being 8 to 1. The day was fine and the crowd was the largest of the season. The Duluth club outplayed the visitors at every point. Only two errors were scored against the locals, and there were six put down against the Superior players. Six of the runs made by the Duluth men were earned and Superior earned one run. Wiggs pitched for Superior, and during the first two innings he did well In the third, however, the Duluth boys began to get onto him, and they ran up five scores in that inning. Two more came in the next inning, and the third one was in the eighth. Superior made its lonely score in the eighth. In the seventh inning Wiggs was replaced in the box for Superior by Hansel, from whom Duluth got one run. In the eighth Wiggs retired from the game and Matchet ran in his place, making the score for Superior. Patterson did some effective work. Burns did Duluth's best batting, and La Bert and Shepard made some hits that resulted in scores.

The Duluth fans were out in force, and they rooted as if they were used to having Duluth win. There were a good many Superior men over, too, but their rooting was cast in the shade by Duluth's. It is possible that another game will take place either in Duluth or Superior Wednesday afternoon. The managers of the teams are considering it.

Rafts Go to Pieces.

Four log rafts went to pieces on the south shore near the Superior entry last Saturday and Friday night, and logs were scattered far and wide Saturday. Another log raft went to pieces Saturday near Two Harbors. The four rafts that went to pieces off Superior were towed by the tug Jim Fullar, for McLaren & Tourish, the tug Canfield for Tourish, the tug Nellie Cotton for the Lesure Lumber company and the tug Castle towing for the Cranberry Lumber company. The tug Anderson had the raft that went to pieces near Two Harbors and the logs were owned by Wheelihan & Potter. There were about 300,000 feet in each raft. Most of the logs will be recovered and they will be sorted out in the sorting grounds in the bay.

$2.00! $2.00!

Strictly all wool pants at only $2.00; new patterns.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

A Shattered Nervous System.

FINALLY HEART TROUBLE.

Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

MR. EDWARD HARDY, the jolly manager of Sheppard Co's. great store at Braceville, Ill., writes: "I had never been sick a day in my life until in 1890. I got so bad with nervous prostration that I had to give up and commence to doctor. I tried our local physicians and one in Joliet, but none gave me any relief and I thought I was going to die. I became despondent and suffered untold agony. I could not eat, sleep nor rest, and it seemed as if I could not exist. At the end of six months I was reduced to but a shadow of myself, and at last my heart became affected and I was truly miserable. I took six or eight bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine. It gave me relief from the start, and at last a cure, the greatest blessing of my life."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

ALMOST THEIR END

Three Lakeside Boys Have a Thrilling Experience In the Lake.

THE BOAT CAPSIZED

Overturned in a Squall and They Were Rescued None Too Soon.

A sailboat containing Byron and Floyd Howard, sons of Capt. Ben Howard, and a boy named Joseph Sorby, capsized off Forty-fourth avenue east yesterday afternoon. They clung to the boat and were rescued after being in the water about twenty minutes. They are none the worse for their adventure.

The accident occurred a few minutes after 1 o'clock. The young men had been sailing about for some time, and had been out quite a distance. The wind began to freshen, and they headed for shore. They had run in within a few hundred yards, and were attempting to come about, almost opposite the Howard residence, to head for the landing place. A puff of wind struck the craft as it came around, and it went over. Two or three people saw the boat capsize, and the attention of a number of others in the vicinity were attracted by the cries of the young men for help, and a wild search for boats by a dozen men began. Mrs. Howard, the mother of the Howard boys who were on the sailboat, had seen the overturned boat, and rushed down to the shore and was a witness of the proceedings.

A boat was found nearby by Thomas S. Brown, of 4309 London road, and a young man named Robert Gaylord, but it was chained to a stake. An ax was procured at an adjacent house and the chain broken. There was quite a sea rolling, and considerable water was shipped in getting the boat off, and by the time Brown and Gaylord had reached the capsized craft their boat was half full of water.

Floyd Howard and Sorby were in good condition when the rescuers reached them, but Byron Howard was almost exhausted, and said afterwards that he could not have held on much longer. He was clinging to the stern. Floyd to the bow and young Sorby was astride of the boat.

Meanwhile two other young men, Charles Dailey and Selby Brown, had found a boat some distance up the shore and pushed off and picked up the coats and hats of the wrecked crew.

The rescued ones were taken to Capt. Howard's residence and put to bed and dosed with stimulants. By supper time they were able to dispose of a good meal.

The life saving station was notified by telephone, and the crew made a fast run down the lake, under sail and with six men at the oars. The message was received at Singer's tug office, and a man ran across the canal to the life saving station, there being no telephone to the latter. The life savers getting away at 1:45 and reaching the scene at 2:25. They found the boat, which had drifted on the rocks just in time to save it from being battered to pieces.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At Buffalo, a fire which originated in the storehouse of the Potter Wall Paper company did damage to the amount of $100,000.

The famous old St. Charles theater at New Orleans was destroyed by fire last night, with adjacent buildings. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

The Griffin rifles were ordered out at midnight by the governor of Georgia to guard the jail, the sheriff having telegraphed him that the "regulators," a lawless band, were assembling to attempt the rescue of five of their gang, who are in jail awaiting trial.

A report from Union Pacific sources is to the effect that the Albany county sheriff's posse has captured three of the Union Pacific train robbers six miles from Casper, Wyo., and that one of them has made a confession. The rest of the gang is being pursued in the direction of Glen Rock.

The Canadian government has been notified by the imperial government that they can publish the protocol in reference to the Alaskan boundary.

A new bicycle century run was established from Milwaukee yesterday, the course being from Milwaukee to Waukegon and return. The run was made under the direction of Chief Centurion Marshall of the Wisconsin division L. A. W. Owing to the threatened weather only a few riders made the run. The roads were bad and the best time was thirteen hours flat.

FAWCETT'S BILL

Considerable Trouble Over It Stirred Up At School Board Meeting.

There was considerable discussion and little action at the meeting of the board of education Saturday evening. Most of the discussion was over a voucher for $87 that had been allowed Hugh Fawcett, formerly superintendent of buildings in the employ of the board. Director Bowman brought the matter up, and charged that the voucher had been improperly allowed, and questioned some of the items that made it up. Mr. Fawcett was present by invitation, and he made explanations of the items brought in question.

The voucher had not been properly approved by the finance committee, and yet it was paid. When it was first presented Dr. Bowman, as chairman of the committee, refused to sign it, and called for a more carefully itemized statement. Two other members of the committee signed it, however, and it went through the usual course and was paid. The bill called for a number of small items of expense, including time put in in superintending repair work on schools. Director Bowman seemed to want an investigation of the bill, and stated that he had made inquiries of the janitors of some of the school buildings, and some of them had told him that on the days when Mr. Fawcett charged for attendance on the work he was not present. Mr. Fawcett made an explanation of the matters raised by Dr. Bowman, to the satisfaction of most of the members of the board. Dr. Bowman himself said that the explanation caused him to look at the matter in a different light.

There was some discussion because the putty had been taken off the windows of one of the schools and permitted to remain off until the snow. Some of the members thought this might have increased the fuel bill, some at that school. When asked why the putty had been left off Mr. Fawcett said that the janitors had left it that way. He had nothing to do with it, as the board had forbidden anyone but janitors to do the work about the buildings.

Director Cobb stated that he had known that the putty was off, but the board had passed a resolution to the effect that no bills could be contracted for labor, and thus the hands of his committee retired and the putty remained off. Director Harrison said that this was unreasonable, because if the board had known of this it would certainly have provided some means of remedying it. Mr. Cobb said that he had repeatedly told the board that it would have to have extra labor, but Mr. Harrison said that that would not do. If he had known of the putty being off it was his duty to tell the board, and something would have been done.

Though Director Milne moved to approve the action of the officers in paying the Fawcett bill, no action was taken either way, and the matter was left as it stood before. P. A. Yoder, teacher of chemistry, was granted a year's leave of absence. He is to visit Germany. The committee on buildings and grounds advised against the sale of lot 214 Lake avenue, Upper Duluth, at present. It recommended that the application of Mrs. Boughlin to connect her house with the Bryant school water pipe be granted on payment of $25.

Tithing Circle Meeting.

The first quarterly meeting of the new tithing circles of the First Methodist church was held yesterday afternoon in the lecture room of the church.

The children first marched in procession, and deposited their money boxes on a table, a marching song being sung. Then followed a program, consisting of recitations, singing, a Chautauqua drill, readings and remarks by W. S. Moore.

The members of the circle are children from 3 to 10 years of age. A tenth of their savings are given to the Lord at each quarterly meeting. The offerings will probably be used by the Home Missionary society to help send missionaries to Utah. The offerings yesterday amounted to $3.97.

Three tithing circles were organized yesterday, one each at Lester Park, Oneota and Grace Methodist churches.

THE WEATHER.

Galena, Ill., was deluged with rain last evening and at one time the wind assumed the proportions of a tornado. Much damage to property was done, particularly in the northern portion of the county and in Southern Minnesota.

At Kenosha at 1 o'clock yesterday the thermometer registered 98 degrees. This reduces all records for this time of the year.

At Zanesville, Ohio, the most terrific storm for many years raged yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Baum, aged 70 years, died from fright caused by the storm, and more than twenty places were struck by lightning in the city.

Yesterday was the hottest day of the season at Milwaukee, the official record showing 90 degrees. Two prostrations were reported to the police, neither of which will prove fatal.

Mr. Arctander's Lecture.

John W. Arctander, the well-known Minneapolis lawyer, spoke Saturday evening at the Armory on temperance. He presented the case of "Common Sense vs. King Alcohol," and argued for the plaintiff. His plea was that of a lawyer appearing before a court rather than a jury plea. He did not appeal to sympathy or emotion, but to common sense. He admitted no case in which whisky is beneficial—not even for snake bites. He presented the evil effects of drink on the system, and in every way made a very strong argument. Dr. Long of the First Methodist church introduced the speaker.

GOLD.

The supply of gold in the United States is about one thousand million dollars. The present gold production of the country averages about $5,000,000 per month. The general wealth is rapidly increasing and the American people are getting more for their money each year. In traveling facilities no country compares with this in point of maximum comforts with minimum costs. The Milwaukee's Pioneer limited between St. Paul, Minneapolis, Milwaukee and Chicago every day is the only perfect train in the world, and that great company is constantly adding to the comfort and security of the traveling public. The berths in it's private compartment and standard sleeping cars are longer, higher and wider than those in any other cars, and the cost of traveling on the Milwaukee is as low as the lowest.

MAKES HEALTHFUL FOOD — **No Rochelle Salts No Alum** — MODERATE IN PRICE

in the food prepared with

Calumet Baking Powder

We will give $1000 for anything injurious found in food prepared with

NONE SO GOOD — **CALUMET** — CONTAINS NOTHING INJURIOUS

BASEBALL.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Minneapolis, 1.
At Buffalo—St. Paul, 15; Buffalo, 11.
At Indianapolis—Kansas City, 7; Indianapolis, 5.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At New York—New York, 13; Louisville, 2.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
At Detroit—Detroit, 6; St. Paul, 2.
At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 6; Indianapolis, 5.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 7; Milwaukee, 0.
At Columbus—Columbus, 2; Kansas City, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Baltimore—Chicago, 14; Baltimore, 5.
At New York—Louisville, 5; New York, 2.
At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 15; Philadelphia, 3.
At Washington—Washington, 11; St. Louis, 2.
At Boston—Boston, 8; Cincinnati, 2.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 13; Cleveland, 4.

COLLEGE GAMES.
At New Haven—Yale, 8; Princeton, 0.
At Ithaca—Michigan, 14; Cornell, 8.
At Champaign, Ill.—Illinois, 12; Wisconsin, 5.
At Philadelphia—University of Pennsylvania, 11; Columbia, 2.
At Hanover—Dartsmouth, 23; Amherst, 3.
At Lafayette, Ind.—Purdue, 13; Beloit, 3.
At Cedar Rapids, Iowa—Grinnell, 12; Cornell, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	42	31	.738
Boston	40	27	.675
St. Louis	41	25	.610
Chicago	42	25	.595
Philadelphia	40	23	.575
Baltimore	41	23	.561
Cincinnati	39	21	.538
Pittsburg	39	17	.436
New York	41	16	.400
Louisville	42	13	.357
Washington	42	13	.310
Cleveland	37	8	.216

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	34	25	.750
Minneapolis	35	19	.543
Milwaukee	35	19	.543
Columbus	31	16	.516
Detroit	34	17	.500
Indianapolis	33	16	.485
Buffalo	32	14	.438
Kansas City	34	14	.412

The Popular Route.

See that your ticket reads via the popular Wisconsin Central lines from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Marshfield, Stevens Point and Milwaukee, Wis., Chicago, Ill., and all points East and South.

High School Assembly Hall

TESTIMONIAL CONCERT TO

MRS. JOHN LOMAN.

MONDAY, JUNE 5. Admission 50c.

Dr. Pierce,

Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of

Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat. Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Failing of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other Physicians.

25 Years Experience, 5,000 Cases Treated Annually.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES, affections of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES —Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 p. m.

Who's to Blame?

Come now, whose fault is it if you've been buying your clothing at stores where they don't care whether they fit you or not, so long as they sell you something? It isn't our fault.

Give Us a Trial.....

We will fit you, please you, treat you well and you will come again, and that's the point we are after.

The Hub
ONE PRICE
107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ASK THE SAME.

All Lumber Pilers Make a Demand For Two Dollars Per Day.

The lumber pilers at all the mills made a demand this morning for $2 per day. The mill men and the pilers were negotiating this morning, and at noon, as far as could be learned, the strike had not extended beyond the two mills already closed, Scott & Holston's and the Alger-Smith company's.

The chain crew at the Alger-Smith mill, which had gone out, agreed yesterday afternoon to go to work if the company would pay pilers $1.87½ per day, which the company promised to do. This morning, the chain crew found that the company had employed new pilers instead of the old men and the chain crew thereupon quit.

THE BREHANY CONCERT.

A Fine Company and Fine Program At Pilgrim Church.

The Louise Brehany Concert company, which appeared here Saturday night under such peculiar disadvantages is deserving of the heartiest endorsement, owing to the inclemency of the weather and the number of counter-attractions. The company did not have the audience it merited, but in spite of this the program as presented was such as to bring forth united praise from the musical people who were present.

While Miss Brehany's forte is ballad singing, which in a high-class concert program such as was given would not be in place, she proved herself able also to handle concert work most acceptably. Her powerful voice is made doubly attractive by its sweetness and sympathy.

Miss Jessie Waters has rather a soprano than a mezzo voice, which is well under control and pleased her hearers.

Miss Pringle has exceptional talent, which with persistent effort will give her front rank among violinists.

The tenor has a voice of great promise, which appeared to splendid advantage in tenor-baritone duet.

Mr. Dethlefs has a powerful baritone, and although laboring under a heavy cold, he sang in a very acceptable manner.

Concerning the pianist it can be said that Duluth is seldom favored with a visit by so great an artist as Mr. Sauvlet. Rarely does a real pianist of so great ability possess talent as an accompanist. In Mr. Sauvlet is found these combined in a remarkable degree.

Several local musicians while here, it will be of interest to Duluth people to know, can be heard by Mr. Sauvlet. He spoke in the highest terms of both Mrs. Woodward and Miss Donovan. He was very much pleased with Miss Donovan's appearance on Saturday afternoon and said he had a real treat in accompanying Mrs. Woodward in several selections at her home.

It can but be wished that Duluth may be favored with a future visit by this company, and that in that case it will be greeted as its ability deserves.

The Young Men's Christian association does not often appear in the field of special entertainments, and are to be congratulated for having brought such a company of artists to the city.

Will Go On Your Bond!

CONTRACTORS' BONDS
ASSIGNEES' BONDS
LODGE BONDS
COURT BONDS
American Bonding & Trust Co.,
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk

THE VIADUCT CASE.

Judge Ensign Will Take It Up For Trial.

Tomorrow morning in district court Judge Ensign will take up for trial the Garfield avenue viaduct case, in which the city is seeking to compel the St. Paul & Duluth, Northern Pacific and Duluth Transfer railroads to build a viaduct over the point where their tracks cross Garfield avenue. The case was tried once before in district court before Judge Ensign, and he decided that the roads would have to build the viaduct. The supreme court on appeal sustained this holding, but sent the case back to have the court determine what share of the building is to fall upon the different companies. City Attorney Richards will appear for the city, Hadley & Armstrong, of St. Paul, for the St. Paul & Duluth, and Washburn & Bailey for the Northern Pacific and Duluth Transfer companies.

THE NEW GOLF LINKS.

They Are Complete and the Club House Nearly Finished.

The links of the North Land Golf club at Fortieth avenue east are all completed, and all but the finishing touches on the club house is done. The house, which is situated north of the street railway tracks, has yet to have lockers put in, some inside finishing done and the outside painted. The color will be red and white. The grounds are completed and several of the members of the club have already made the round of the course to see how it goes, though there has been little weather suitable for golfing. The course is said to be the hardest in the state, and a member of the club who has had some experience says that anyone who gets accustomed to getting around these links will have little difficulty with the ordinary run of golf links. The golfer must cross the street railway tracks in going around the links once. It is as yet impossible to tell what will be a good record for the links, but it is said that it should be possible to do them in sixty to sixty-five.

Red Men Meet Tonight

Wigwam 118 W. Superior St.

Trust Company Answers.

The State Trust company has filed its reply to the city's answer in its case against the city of Duluth. It denies that the hydrant rentals paid to the Duluth Gas and Water company were exorbitant or that the agreement as to hydrant rentals had anything to do with the bills sued for. The contract between the company and the city only requires the company to flush gutters, it is claimed. The plaintiff denies all knowledge that during the time the services sued for were rendered that any officers of the city were stockholders in the Duluth Gas and Water company.

Bassett-Frantz Marriage.

Mrs. Mary F. Bassett, of Duluth, and Charles F. Frantz, formerly of Duluth, and now of St. Paul, were married in St. Paul yesterday. Both of them have many warm friends in Duluth. The bride has been proof reader on The Herald for the past six years. Mr. Frantz was formerly a member of the firm of Gordon & Frantz, dealers in art goods, in this city. He is now connected with the Northwestern headquarters of the A. Booth company, in St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. Frantz will live in St. Paul.

Wedding at Proctorknott.

Miss Annie Nelson, of Proctorknott, and George Lynch, of Duluth, were married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Brayden, of Proctorknott, at 10 o'clock this morning. The bride has been a resident of this place for three years and has won the esteem and respect of a multitude of friends, who regret her departure. Mr. and Mrs. Lynch will take up their residence in Duluth.

THE COUNCIL MEETING.

Prospects Are for a Quiet Session This Evening.

The council will probably have a short session this evening. The petition of the River Lake people to have the road to that place improved to the city limits will be before the council, and there will, also, probably be a petition for an appropriation of $200 for the improvement of the road up Lester river from Grand avenue to the river.

A petition for a license to sell liquor at the Pavilion has been put in by J. C. Heides of the Duluth Brewing and Malting company, and this will probably be acted on tonight. The application for a license to sell liquor on Park Point, which was put in by Charles Fenton, has been withdrawn. Several of the aldermen in discussing the latter application have stated that there are usually at least four "blind pigs" on the point during the camping season and have expressed their surprise that anybody should want to pay $1000 for a license. Mr. Fenton has withdrawn his application on account of protests from the campers and a number of temperance people throughout the city.

The question of whether the reports of city officers shall be printed may be decided tonight.

Dr. Weaver Spoke.

At the men's meeting yesterday Dr. W. H. Weaver, of Baltimore, was greeted with a hall well filled with interested hearers. Mr. Weaver stands at the head of his race as a powerful speaker. The association proves itself up-to-date in the list of eminent men who appear in this meeting from week to week. The cornet and flute accompaniments yesterday greatly added to the singing.

15-Cent Business Men's Lunch

At Hotel Northern today was a great success, but preparations had not been made to serve the large number that came. Tomorrow there will be an abundance of meats, fish and vegetables for everybody at 15 cents. Give us a call.

SAM ATKINSON, Prop.

Baseball on Wednesday.

On Wednesday afternoon there will be a baseball game at the West End park between Duluth and Superior nines. The visiting Maceheds will have a chance to see a rattling good game. Patterson and Kline will be the Duluth battery.

BORAX IN BUTTER.

Chicago, June 5.—The pure food investigation was resumed here today. Senator Mason alone being present. From the testimony it developed that borax is employed in preserving meats and butter. The packers said that borax was not injurious to health and Dr. Frank Billings of Rush Medical college declared that only certain individuals could be hurt by it. Makers of oleomargarine will be called upon to defend their product early this week.

There can be no bargain sale in Duluth that is not advertised in The Herald.

THEY FORM A COMPANY

Tug Men Organize the Co-Operative Towing Company at a Meeting Today.

HAVE THE CAPITAL

They Claim to Have Money Pledged---Are Running Wild Tugs.

Since Saturday the striking tug men have placed in operation a new tug line, with which they cleaned up everything in the harbor yesterday and got the situation ready to open up this morning with the congested conditions of Saturday entirely relieved. At one time yesterday they had eleven tugs in operation, all of them busy. The first thing that was done was to clear the channel between Duluth and Superior, where the Northern King and Nyanza got aground Saturday afternoon abreast of each other and blocked the way. The Northern King was on some time before the Nyanza came along, and she effectually blocked the channel for larger vessels. When the Nyanza came along on her way out from the ore dock she got aground just where the blocking was completed in such a manner that even tugs could not get by.

Yesterday morning it was a short matter for the new tug line to clear these boats out. Then the lumber hookers that had been waiting for assistance were looked after, and during the day three lumber tows of eleven vessels got away. By last night all the vessels needing assistance had been attended to and the situation was relieved. Today the new line continued to do the harbor work, and the men say that they are in a position to keep on doing so until the strike is settled, and if it is not settled they say that they will keep on working, forming a co-operative company if necessary. They say that they can raise $10,000 to $15,000 if necessary to conduct the business. Their office is on the Fifth avenue dock, where the tugs will lie when not in use and a telephone has been put in.

The new tug line is composed of wild tugs from all over the head of the lakes. Among the tugs composing it are the following: King & Steele's E. P. Ferry, Luther Ryan's Crosby, Davidson's industry, seven tugs of the Stevens line, Capt. John O'Shea's Jim Pullar, Alex. Sang's City of Marquette, Whitney Brothers' Stanwood and Maj. Dana and McGee's McFadden.

Saturday night a meeting was arranged at the St. Louis hotel between the managers of the tug lines and their men, but it resulted in nothing. The men refused to accept any compromise, and they refused to submit the matter to arbitration. The managers matter from the meeting somewhat discouraged. Yesterday they proposed to the men that they would grant the wages asked for if they were permitted to reduce the number of tugs in operation in each line to three. This would lay off two crews in each line, and the men rejected this proposition. They said that there would be as much work after the strike as there was before, and that the proposal is unreasonable. The managers, on the other hand, said that they can do the business with three tugs each, and if they can they do not see why their men should attempt to compel them to use more tugs than they need. The tug managers complain principally of this point, and say that they should be allowed to decide how many tugs they want to use.

The managers are inclined to think that the contractors and others who have furnished the men tugs have jumped to the conclusion that the men are right, or they would not have been so ready with their assistance. At the same time both of the managers were glad that the situation in the harbor had been relieved.

FORM A COMPANY.

This afternoon the men met in the engineers' headquarters, in the Hunter block, and organized a tug company, which they named the Co-operative Towing company, of Duluth. The stockholders will be largely the men formerly employed on the two Duluth lines, but it is said that several outsiders have interested themselves in it and will take stock in it. While the meeting was in progress a disinterested outsider came in and offered the use of a large, strong harbor tug, and offered to invest in the company if his money was needed.

Just as fast as the vessels can be added to this line, the men say, they will be put in commission, and they expect within a short time to have enough tugs to do all the harbor work if necessary. Today there were not nearly so many wild tugs in operation as there were yesterday. Yesterday and Sunday, and many tugs could be secured that the owners had to use in their own business today. The Davidson tug Industry is doing good service, and her crew is putting in night and day in taking care of the larger vessels. The tug McFadden and several others were used by the men today.

One of the men today took exception to Capt. Inman's statements in the morning paper. "In one statement," said the tug man, "Capt. Inman said he was glad that the men had cleared up the situation in the harbor with the wild tugs, and in another he said that he could not understand how the contractors and others who allowed the men to use their tugs could have done so unless they had jumped to the conclusion that the men were right and the managers wrong. The managers have been today to some of the men who let us use their tugs and attempted to get them to keep their tugs away from us, and I am informed that they threatened to drive one of them out of business unless he refused to allow us to have his tugs."

BEESON'S MARINE DIRECTORY.

Beeson's marine directory is out for the twelfth consecutive time, and following the practice of former years, it is bigger and better than ever before. There are a large number of excellent illustrations of subjects of interest to vessel men, there are articles of interest to the trade, lists of vessels, sail and steam, with full information about each, record of engines and boilers, giving type and size of those on each vessel on the lakes, a directory of vessel owners and a classified directory of all those connected with the lake marine in various capacities. There is a list of the vessels lost during 1898, with the manner of their destruction, a description of the various ports of the lakes, the output of iron ore by ranges, ports and mines, and, in short, everything that could be expected of such a work and a goode deal more. By the use of addenda the changes of ownership and ratings of vessels are given up to May 10. The book is handsome typographically, and its advertisements are practically a directory of the marine interests of the lakes. It can be obtained only from the publisher, Henry C. Beeson, 308 Royal Insurance Building, Chicago.

HER SMOKESTACK DOWN.

The steamer Sarah E. Sheldon came into the harbor yesterday with her smokestack down, the guy lines that held it in place having broken in the gale. The stack has been set up again.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hanna, 7:30 last night; Sitka, Yukon, 8; Linden, Adams, 9:30; McWilliams, 2:30 a. m.; Tonawanda, 2:40; Manhattan, 5:30; Ogdebay, R. Wallace, 9:30; Rhodes, Clinton, Grimsby, 8:30; Wahjula, India, Panther, Mills, Exile, Crosthwaite, 10:30.

Down: Richards, Hutchinson, 9:30 last night; Pratt, Athens, midnight; Frontenac, Black, 1:30 a. m.; Langell Boys, Comstock, 2:30; Orinoco, 2:50; Johnson, Sanber, 3:30; Stevens, 4:30; Wawatam, 5; Vulcan, 6:30; Gratwick, Moravia, 8; Castalia, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Rappahannock, Sevana, Chisholm, 8 a. m.; Madden, Nominksy, Manteno, Webb, 11:30; John Mitchell, No. 132, Case, Forest City, Saveland, Manitoba, 1 p. m.; Fulton, Thomas, 1:30; Harvey Brown, 2; Venezuela, Granada, Holland, Fryant, Brazil, Fayette Brown, 4:30; Emily, Watt, 4; Aurania, 5:30; Watt, Jenny, 6. Down: Cumberland, 5:30 a. m.; Corona, Nicaragua, Neshoto, 6:30; Ausdaste, 7:30; Paris, 10:30; Stimpson, 2 p. m.; Grover, 4; Lansing, 1:30; Wade, 5.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Wilhelm and consorts, 11 last night; Bickpan, 1:30; Hiawatha, 2 a. m. Down: Glidden, Minch, Warmington, 9:30 last night; New Orleans, 9:30; Curt, Russell, Whitworth, Bartlett and whalebacks, 12:30 a. m.; Montana, 1; Mohawk, 6; Marina, Maria, 7; Penobscot, 10:30.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Sheldon, Harper, Lake Erie, coal; Hunter, Ashland, passengers and mdse; Seguin, Kingston, light for grain; China, Buffalo, passengers and mdse; North Star, Buffalo, mdse; Volunteer, Buffalo, light for grain; Craig, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—United Empire, Sarnia, passengers and flour; Wyoming, Abyssinia, Aztec, Zapotec, light; Charles Eddy, Appomattox, Nyanza, Buffalo, grain; Dixon, Port Arthur, passengers and mdse; Meriden, Lake Erie, ore; Mulligan, Mingee, Schoolcraft, Nestor, Ed Smith No. 2, Connelly Bros., Ogarita, Gardner, Leland, Montgomery, Dobbins, Lake Erie, lumber.

Later—Arrived: Outhwaite, Phoenix, Ida Keith, Viking, Vinland, Lake Erie, coal; City of Naples, City of Genoa, Senator, Waldo, Lake Erie, light for ore; Majestic, Collingwood, passengers and merchandise; Northern Queen, Buffalo, merchandise; Turner, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Scranton, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—Ericsson, Craig, Krupp, City of Naples, Lake Erie, ore; Wotan, Lake Erie, lumber; Osceola, Buffalo, flour; Iron Voyage, Hancock, passengers and merchandise; Ford, Ashland, light; City of Venice, Two Harbors, light.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

Subscribers to The Herald, intending to camp on Park Point, can have their paper delivered to their camp by leaving change of address at this office.

The Kelley Hat Hospital, 415 W. Sup. St.

Charles S. Morris, son of Hon. Page Morris, left on the St. Paul & Duluth this afternoon for Salt Lake City, Utah, where he will be engaged in copper mining with R. H. Channing.

The parlor theater will offer a new program of vaudeville acts, commencing this evening. Many new artists will make their initial bow. Mlle. St. Armond, the famous muscle dancer will appear.

Fred Borge, who was in police court Saturday on the charge of drunkenness and let off under suspended sentence, bobbed up again this morning for the same thing. He will spend thirty days on the hill. John Eade pleaded guilty of drunkenness and was let off with sentence suspended.

City Attorney Richards is in St. Paul attending the supreme court.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Joseph Dodier and Bertha LeTourneau, and to Charles Hallberg and Emma Longsdale.

Register of Deeds R. S. Munger has reported to the county board that he received $840.92 in his office during the month.

Examinations are in progress in the public schools today, and they will continue tomorrow. The schools close for the summer Friday.

The Eastern Railway of Minnesota has changed the time of its Fosston branch train. It will now leave here at 8:15 a. m. instead of 7 a. m.

A beautiful electric stereopticon exhibition on seventy slides illustrating the life and campaign of Napoleon Bonaparte will be given with a lecture by Mlle. Jesuran at Craggencroft, this evening, at 8 o'clock.

The charge of mayhem against Louis Fobar, on complaint of E. B. Davis, a street car conductor, was dismissed this afternoon on motion of the state. Fobar was charged with chewing Davis' thumb in a fight between the two on the latter's car during the strike troubles.

A TIME WILL SURELY COME.

Is there ever a woman so new that she doesn't like to be petted occasionally. Does she always remain so new that she doesn't sometimes feel old and helpless and babyish, and infinitely more in the humor to be taken care of than to take care of herself?

There may be some such staunch oaken feminine natures, but I believe that they are very few and far between, and that even they have a little, soft, approachable side that responds to caresses and to tender endearments just as readily as does the weaker vessels that haven't a new womanish idea in their whole make-up, says the Philadelphia Press.

It is all very well to be a cheery bachelor girl, with snug quarters all one's own, with a personal purse and bank account of one's own making and spending, an independent existence, unhampered by the say of anyone, but there is another side to that picture that means more in the shadowy outlines than the broad strokes in the sunshine.

The snug quarters are very comfortable and comforting until some night the bachelor girl comes home with a headache and wound, oh so gladly, find someone there to remove her hat, bathe her throbbing temples with cologne, gently urge her to repose, and then quietly go about and attend in loving, devoted fashion to all those thousand and one things that the independent young creature has done for herself until physical and mental weariness made her realize that it is not well for woman to live alone.

The woman who fights her battles with the world in brave, self-reliant fashion, is very often the one who would give up all her success for the environment of care and affection that falls to the lot of her less determined sister.

It would, of course, be rank heresy to declare against a mental equality of the sexes, but I am not forced to say that a brilliant feminine mind of necessity implies a sturdy, rugged body, that never wants to be treated as though it were a feeble one, and not allied to anything any more overpowering than a baby's intellect.

I never read of women who have made great names for themselves but I wonder how they act when they are sick or tired. Women are women. God made them to be surrounded by affectionate attention, and all the progress in the world will not carry them so far out of themselves that they will not at some time long for the spoiling and petting to which they try to consider themselves superior.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

OUTLAWS CAPTURED.

Omaha, June 5.—A special to the Bee from Cheyenne, Wyo., says: A courier has just reached Casper with news of a battle between a Union Pacific posse and the outlaws who dynamited the company's train at Wilcox. The three outlaws were captured without loss of life and will be brought to Casper.

Blue Serge Suits.

In single and double breasted, silk faced or plain; guaranteed fast colors; fit perfect; at $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $5.00, $18.00. They are going rapidly.

CHAS. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

You can have The Evening Herald delivered every night at your home in city or suburb for 10 cents a week.

AT WEST DULUTH

Business in This Section is Showing a Substantial Improvement.

DEMAND FOR STORES

It is Good and Few Places Remain Vacant---Other News.

Central avenue in West Duluth presents a much better appearance now than it did six months ago. In the two blocks south from the Phillips hotel corner there is today hardly a vacant store building, while in the early spring nearly a third of the business places in the two blocks were empty. Among the new undertakings are three dry goods stores, two saloons, three groceries, three restaurants and several other concerns of minor importance.

The appearance of general prosperity on the street is heightened by the fact that several of the storekeepers have brightened up their places by the addition of paint and paper inside and outside.

All these things are indications of the fact that the belief is general in improved conditions—in fact, that the tide has turned and the affairs of this end of the city are on the mend. The sale of the blast furnace to practical furnacemen has done much to bring about this feeling of confidence. The shut down of the Malleable works has been something of a disappointment, but it is believed that when the concern is properly financed and managed it will prove to be a profitable and permanent industry.

The extensive improvements being made to the buildings and grounds of the old Marinette Iron works plant is also a strong factor in the general situation, for it is rightly argued that it is hardly probable that so much money would be put into the plant unless it was intended to get it back.

With all the sawmills running night and day and the chances bright for a renewal of the iron and steel industry on an extensive scale, there is reason for the general improvement in the business center, and a basis for the expectation that West Duluth's future development will be enduring if not rapid.

NO SETTLEMENT AS YET.

Settlement of financial matters at the Interstate Malleable Iron works do not progress as rapidly as anticipated. A large number of the former employes gathered at the works Friday afternoon in the hope of receiving their pay, having been informed by members of their comittee that they would be paid off that day. An inquiry by telephone by The Herald at 3 o'clock that afternoon was answered by somebody at the office that the pay would be forthcoming between that time and 6 o'clock, but it did not come, and the men went away disappointed again. The works are practically deserted this morning, the man in charge not being able to say when there will be anything new in the situation to report.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A saloon row disturbed the Sunday quietness yesterday afternoon. Considerable gore was shed, but no great damage was done and no arrests were made.

Nygren sells lots of wall paper.

The ball game yesterday was pleasing to the West Duluth fans, who turned out in force fully expecting that the tables would be turned against West Superior.

Thistle and Fulton bicycles, the C. M. Phillips company, agents, Silvey block 401 Central avenue.

Lost—A large red, dehorned cow; white streak along back, clipped tail, heavy with calf. Will pay $5 reward for return of cow to my barn, corner Fifty-fifth and Grand avenues.

JOHN WINNESS.

PERSONALS.

New sailors—Miss Swenson's, over Suffel's.

Miss Elizabeth Payne is home from Stanford university, California.

C. H. Pettit, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding today.

C. M. Harkness, of Iron River, Wis., is at the Spalding.

A. E. Clifford, of Ashland, is at the Spalding.

Hon. D. M. Sabin, of Stillwater, was at the Spalding yesterday.

T. E. Dockery, of Fond du Lac, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

G. A. St. Clair came up from Minneapolis this morning.

T. R. Foley, of Aitkin, is at the St. Louis.

Christ Rupp, of Saginaw, is at the St. Louis.

A. C. Clausen, of St. Paul, state grain inspector, is in the city today.

Judge C. L. Brown, of Morris, supreme judge elect, is at the Spalding.

Capt. T. H. Pressnell was able to sit up on Saturday.

CHURCH IS DEDICATED.

Swedish Mission Church Consecrated At Yesterday's Services.

The dedication of the Swedish Mission church at Twenty-first avenue west and Second street was concluded last evening with services at the church, followed by the formal transfer of the new edifice to the pastor and trustees. The exercises began Saturday evening with a concert in the church parlors, the affair being arranged by the ladies of the congregation and under the auspices of the choir. Among the numbers were two solos by Miss Emily Johnson, teacher of vocal music at the St. Cloud normal school.

Yesterday there were special services in the afternoon, at which an elaborate musical program was rendered, besides the morning and evening services.

The morning services were conducted by Rev. C. A. Burg, of Chicago, president of the Swedish Mission denomination.

At the afternoon services Rev. L. Lundeen, the pastor, delivered an address, and there were remarks of congratulation from the visiting pastors. The musical program was rendered by the choir, assisted by Miss Johnson.

The formal dedicatory services in the evening were conducted by Rev. C. A. Burg. At their conclusion Rev. J. E. Seth preached. After the sermon Rev. K. A. Johnson, of Minneapolis, and Professor Mangur spoke briefly. There was special music, and the services closed with the singing of "America" by the congregation.

There was a large attendance at all the services and the concert.

K. O. T. M. Welcome.

And when in the city visit

The Criterion

Duluth's Only First-class Restaurant....

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

FOR TOMORROW, TUESDAY.

DINNER.

SOUP.
Calves Head, a la Portuguese.
Radishes. Sliced Tomatoes.
Queen Olives. Chow Chow.
Sliced Cucumbers.
FISH.
Broiled Columbia River Salmon, Maitre de Hotel.
Dressed Lettuce. Green Onions.
BOILED.
Boiled Leg of Mutton, a la Francaise.
ROAST.
Roast Prime Beef, Yorkshire Pudding.
Young Turkey, Savory Dressing. Cranberry Sauce.
Spring Lamb, Mint Sauce.
ENTRIES.
Larded Tenderloin Beef, with Mushrooms.
Potted Ox Tongue, Maccobine. Chicken, a la Terrapin.
COLD.
Ham. Beef. Pork. Mutton.
SALAD.
Lobster in the Shell, with Mayonnaise.
German Asparagus, French Dressing. Water Cress Salad.
VEGETABLES.
Boiled Potatoes. Mashed Potatoes.
Wax Beans, Spinach
Butter Sauce With Egg.
PASTRY.
Pies: Rhubarb, Apple, Lemon, Strawberry, Pie with Cream.
Steamed Fruit Pudding, Brandy Sauce. Ice Cream.
Strawberries and Cream. Buttermilk.
Cottage Cheese. Brick Cheese.
Pie or Pudding with all above Meat Orders.

Everything Strictly First-class.

HALEY & CO.

At the Big Store.

Bed Room Suit, square glass---$11.00
Bed Room Suit, French Pattern Plate $13.00
Odd Dresser, French Pattern Plate---$8.25
Woven Wire Springs---$1.25
Wool Top Mattresses---$1.50

Prices to you according to my expense of doing business, which is two-thirds less than any like store in the city.

C. O. NELSON,

THE HOUSE FURNISHER.
Nineteenth Ave. W. and Superior Stree

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Rooms 5 and 6, Phoenix Block.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Prof. Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES: 216 W. Superior St.

AMERICAN TEA.

A Series of Experiments Carried on In South Carolina.

A few samples of American grown tea have from time to time found their way into the hands of the tea importers and dealers in this city, says the New York Commercial. It is the result of a series of experiments conducted by Charles Shepard on a Plantation near Summerville, S. C. These experiments, so far as they demonstrate the possibility of growing tea in the Southern portions of the country, have been more or less successful, according to the view taken of the matter by the particular tea dealers and the theoretical experimentalist.

Since the appearance of a story published in the Commercial some weeks ago relative to the progess that has been made in experimental tea growing in this country, Mr. Shepard, in answer to some questions concerning the methods of growing and curing the leaf, says:

"I do not permit direct sunlight to strike the tea leaf, either in withering or in the final drying; consequently there is little or no red leaf in my product until the autumnal plucking, when it seems to be almost inevitable or account of some unknown chemical changes in the leaf.

"I have produced green tea of the highest type—the sort that gives a pea green liquor and remains at once on the nervous system, but there is no machinery suitable for making green tea. It has to be made entirely by hand and is on that account very costly. Then again if 'fired' at a suitable low temperature to preserve its fragrance, it is apt to undergo a change in a couple of months whereby the liquor changes from green to yellow. Green teas are not oxydized as are the blacks.

"I have had constructed abroad machinery to roll the fine green tea 'in vacuo,' and shall experiment with it this summer. My black tea is made very largely by mechanical process. I use it in shifting, rolling, oxydation and firing."

Samples of the black tea accompanied Mr. Shepard's communication, and these were submitted to several tea experts yesterday, and their views as to the character of the American product were obtained.

Mourilyan, Heimann & Co., after a careful examination of the sample, said: "This tea was evidently grown from Indian bushes, although the leaf lacks some of the flavor of the imported article. It would sell in this market at about 24 cents per pound. It is a good tea, but is by no means a high-class article. Samples of the American-grown tea have appeared in this market before, and I think I have heard that the grower has succeeded in producing about 1000 pounds in one season. I do not see how it could be sold to compete with many of the lower grades of imported Ceylon or Indian teas."

Thomas Phelan, former government tea expert, when shown a sample, said: "I have seen the tea before, and while I consider it a fairly good leaf, I have my doubts as to the practicability of growing it cheaply enough to make the enterprise profitable."

A. R. Robertson, after testing the leaf, said: "The tea is rather indefinite in character. The liquid is thin and almost flavorless. I have tested samples of the leaf sent me from Pinehurst that were much better than this, and should gather from that that the soil or climate, or both, had affected the quality somewhat.

"From the appearance of this sample I should say that the sorting was irregular, and that the leaf is too highly 'tired.' The leaf is also short and much broken. It compares favorably with some of the lower-priced teas, and I should say that 25 cents per pound would be the most it would sell for in this market. I doubt if it can be grown for double that price."

After an exhaustive test, H. Osborn, of Osborn & Lindsley, said: "This ten compares favorably with Ceylon tea, selling here at 25 cents per pound. It has some of the characteristics of Ceylon tea, but is radically different from Formosa Oolong tea, which it resembles somewhat in appearance. In flavor it is equal in some respects to some grades of Ceylon test, but I doubt if it can be produced in this country for a price that would enable a dealer to sell it in competition with imported teas of equal flavor. We know what the actual cost of production is, but, taking into consideration the higher cost of our labor, I don't think it will prove a profitable crop."

MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.

HIGH SOUNDING CLAIMS,

Misrepresentations and bluster are not needed to keep you for a customer after you have once tested the quality of our "Moose Brand" of Bottled Beers. Merit has won for them their reputation.

2 dozen quarts delivered to your home for $2.25.

ROHL BROS., City Agts.
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.,
3 West Superior Street. 'Phone 484.

They Are Going To California!

The National Educational Association, and the general public as well, at the time of the great convention at Los Angeles in July.

The round-trip rate will be a one-way fare, plus two dollars.

Liberal stop-overs and choice of return routes to those who go by the

Santa Fe Route.

This route is the coolest, most replete with interest for the educated traveler, and 24 to 36 hours shorter than any other. Send for particulars.

C. C. CARPENTER,
PASSENGER AGENT.
617 Guaranty Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

OFFICERS OF HOUSE

Many Speculations as to the Officials of the Next Congress.

M'DOWELL AS CLERK

Present Incumbent of the House Clerkship Liable to Win Again.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Now that it is or seems to be practically settled that Gen. David B. Henderson of Iowa will succeed Thomas Brackett Reed as speaker of the Fifty-sixth congress, speculations of all sort regarding committee assignments and the constitution of the officers of the next house are rampant. As to the choice of assignments upon committees they are so numerous that it would take a very large volume to contain in printed form all the gossip appertaining thereto.

As to the chief offices of the house, clerk, doorkeeper and sergeant-at-arms, under whom nominally come all the appointments to minor places, there is considerable speculation also, but more definite conclusions may be drawn from the gossip than as to that relating to chairmanships and important assignments upon committees.

Maj. Alexander McDowell, formerly congressman-at-large from Pennsylvania, has been clerk of the house for two sessions—Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth sessions—and being a shrewd manipulator he is being played as a favorite for the office during the Fifty-sixth. Maj. McDowell is a man of considerable means, it being said that he is easily worth $500,000, all of which having been made by the sweat of his brow, that is, by contracting his brows in thought and, having thought out a good scheme, put into operation at once, usually with golden results, of course he does not need the office from a money standpoint, but likes to be near the scene of national political action. He is somewhat like the German letter carrier's dog, who, when asked why his faithful canine always followed him, rain or snow, fair or foul weather, merely replied: "Vell, he yust likes to go long." Maj. McDowell is like the carrier's dog, he just likes to be along, or, in other words, to march as close to the band as possible. Maj. McDowell is considered one of Senator Quay's closest friends. It is a mooted question whether Quay made McDowell or McDowell was the chief instrument in elevating Matthew Stanley Quay. At any rate they pull together and, working in double harness, usually manage to arrive at any goal they undertake to reach several lengths in advance of their competitors.

There was some doubt in the minds of those watching events here just who Maj. McDowell was working for in the speakership contest, and speculative persons withheld the placing of their wagers until they could discover the whereabouts of the wily major. At first Maj. McDowell seemed to be for everybody, and at that time if the major's preferences were all selected to fill the speaker's chair, there would scarcely have been enough gavels in this blessed city to wield. Gradually one by one the major dropped candidates, something like the stars from an exploded sky-rocket, fade away until nothing is left but the gleaming stick, and unto this glittering stick, which is, of course, the only real and tangible evidence left of the sky-rocket, McDowell clutched firmly and maintains his grasp. Now he is for David B. Henderson, of Iowa, and therefore wiseacres are today putting up their salaries and other people's funds that he will be the next clerk of the house of representatives.

The present doorkeeper of the house is William J. Glenn. He resides in Cuba, not the Gem of the Antilles, but a prosperous little town in the Empire State. There he runs a newspaper during his idle moments, and when he happens to be otherwise engaged the rag comes out with due regularity. Who gets it out when Glenn is away is one of those Kipling chestnuts—another story. However, it is not quite definitely known here with whom Glenn has affiliated during the speakership contest. It is presumed he is for "Jim" Sherman, of Utica, who today appears fated to appear in the also ran column. Doorkeeper Glenn is very popular in Washington, and if he fails to retain his present position during the coming congress none will be more sincerely regretted than he.

No matter who may eventually be selected speaker, it is certain that "Farmer" Russell, as Sergeant-at-Arms Benjamin F. Russell of Missouri is familiarly known, will be dropped. Mr. Russell is a good fellow, they say, not penurious when you are fortunate enough to get close to him, but one must of necessity have a very sharp ax to hew away the outer bark to get at the sap. His friends are just now retailing a story illustrating the "Farmer's" generosity. It occurred just prior to the opening of the Fifty-fourth congress, when the contest was on which resulted in the selection of the present officers of the house of representatives. Maj. McDowell and Mr. Glenn had opened headquarters at Willard's hotel, engaging a suite of handsome rooms, and for days they kept open house, with all the term implies, nothing being dry except possibly some brands of champagne. Mr. Russell was taken into the combine, which afterward became familiarly known as the "Hog Combine," and it was presumed that he would, of course, contribute his share when the offices sought were secured and the date of reckoning with the proprietor of the hotel came. McDowell and Glenn gently approached the Missourian upon the subject, finding him in one of the corridors of the hotel munching a large red apple. "Why, good morning, major hodwide, Glenn," cheerily said the "Farmer," "pleasant morning. Remarkably fine flavored apple this, grew on my place out in Missouri. Try one," as he swung his left hand into his tail coat pocket and dug up a couple of very large and fine apples. "Think you'll find them nice. I will order a couple of barrels of them sent to you soon as you get settled here." And these two red apples were all that Mr. Russell ever contributed to the expenses of the headquarters which McDowell and Glenn opened and lavishly dispensed hospitality. It is true the old gentleman did keep his promise about sending a barrel of apples to each of his running mates, but it is current that the barrels were practically empty when received, but, of course, that was not Russell's fault. They had been tampered with in transit.

* * *

A New York newspaper, much given to illustration, prints a cut representing President McKinley seated in his "new trap," the "best ever owned by a president," enjoying himself, apparently, in endeavoring to induce the balky steeds to get a move on themselves. It is further reported that the president obtains much enjoyment from this exercise and the ruddy glow of health has returned to his pallid cheek. "Outdoor exercise with these blooded horses has wrought a great change in the president's appearance and also in his manners," so we are informed. More than this it is added that he thoroughly enjoys driving and yearns for the afternoon outing with the stubborn "blacks." In addition to this the remarkable statement is made that President McKinley "walks an hour each day," but the state of his pedometer was probably not accurately taken, if other journals are to be credited which have asserted that he walks the floor hour after hour, even into the owlish hours of the night.

The truth of the matter is that the president of the United States lives very much as any fairly well-to-do citizen might whose residence was alike his home and his office. He usually rises at 7, breakfasts, reads his favorite newspapers and glances through his private correspondence and appears at his desk about 9 o'clock. From then till 1 he is engaged in the various matters which are brought to his attention, receiving callers, official and otherwise, except, of course, on cabinet days, and lunches with his wife or friends who may be guests at the executive mansion. After luncheon he returns to his office and resumes work. Usually in the afternoon he and Mrs. McKinley go for a drive, seated in an open Victoria if the weather be fine or in a closed vehicle if threatening weather be predicted. After dinner, which is early, the president very frequently returns to his office and dictates to one of his secretaries, replying to such personal letters as cannot be answered by his secretary or in getting up some state paper. He usually retires about midnight. And this briefly stated is about the daily grind of the president of the United States. He works harder and longer and is more conscientious than the average $100 a month government clerk, without being able to take the recreation that the clerk may avail himself.

* * *

The coal production and consumption of the world during the past fifteen years are presented in some tables just prepared by the treasury bureau of statistics. These show that while the United Kingdom is a close second, and if the present rate of gain is continued will soon become the leading coal-producing country of the world. The coal production of the United Kingdom in 1897 was 202,000,000 tons, that of the United States 179,000,000 tons, Germany 91,000,000 tons, France 30,000,000 tons, Belgium 22,000,000 tons, Austria-Hungary 12,000,000 tons, Russia nearly 10,000,000 tons, Australasia nearly 6,000,000 tons, Japan over 5,000,0 tons, British India 4,000,000 tons, Canada nearly 4,000,000 and Spain 2,000,000, while no other country reached 1,000,000 tons in production. The United States, however, has gained much more rapidly during the fifteen years under consideration than has the United Kingdom or indeed any of the important coal-producing countries of the world, her gain during the fifteen years being over 73 per cent and that of the United Kingdom less than 24 per cent. The announcement just made by the geological survey that the coal product of the United States in 1898 was 219,826,000 short tons against 226,287,000 for Great Britain shows that the United States is rapidly gaining upon that country as a coal producer and will soon become the leading coal-producing nation of the world.

As an exporter of coal, however, the United States takes low rank in proportion to its production and stands fourth in the list of coal exporting countries. In 1897 the exportations of coal from the United Kingdom were 48,999,000 tons, from Germany 12,000,000 tons, from Belgium over 6,000,000 tons and from the United States a little less than 4,000,000 tons. Australia comes next to the United States as a coal exporting country, her exports amounting to nearly 3,000,000 tons, while France exported about 2,500,000 tons, Japan 2,000,000 tons and Canada about 1,250,000 tons in 1897.

France is the largest coal importing country, her importations in 1897 being nearly 12,000,000 tons, while Germany imported 6,000,000 tons, Austria-Hungary 5,600,000 tons, Italy, 4,250,000 tons, Canada nearly 4,000,000 tons, Belgium nearly 3,000,000 tons, Russia 2,500,000 tons, Sweden over 2,250,000 tons, the United States nearly 1,500,000 and Australasia 1,000,000 tons, while no other country imported as much as 1,000,000 tons.

Great Britain is also the largest consumer of coal in proportion to population, her coal consumption in 1897 being 3.87 tons per capita, that of Belgium 2.70 tons, the United States 2.42, German, 1.58, Canada 1.25, France 0.98, Australasia 0.97, Sweden 0.50, Austria-Hungary 0.37, Spain 0.19, Italy 0.13, Russia 0.09 and Japan 0.07 of a ton per capita.

According to these figures, which are summarized from a report of the coal production of the principal countries of the world, just issued by the British government, the United States now produces about 30 per cent of the coal of the world, the coal product of the fourteen countries enumerated in the tables being in 1897 566,000,000 tons, of which the United States produced 174,000,000 tons, while in 1883 she produced but 27 per cent of the total coal product of the countries enumerated. As above indicated, the 1898 figures make an even more satisfactory showing for the United States, whose produce in long tons for that year is 196,282,000, against 202,042,000 long tons produced in Great Britain.

* * *

Consul J. C. Monaghan, writing to the state department from Chemnitz, says:

It is interesting to note this empire's eagerness to equal England as a mercantile and manufacturing state. This city, hundreds of miles inland, organized last week a branch of what is known as the national union for increasing the fleet. In the industrial development that has assumed gigantic proportions in the last forty years, the mercantile marine has not only kept pace with the internal progress, but has done much to increase its fields of operation. Germany's fleet is second only to that of England. In 1875 Germany's mercantile marine numbered 4062 ships with 1,068,000 registered tons net; in 1895 she had 3665 ships with 1,570,000 tons; in 1898, 3692 ships and 1,555,000 tons. While the number of ships is smaller, the number of tons, compared with 1875, has increased 50 per cent. The falling off is in sailing ships. In 1875 there were 4303 with a capacity of 878,385 tons and 299 steamers with 189,998 tons; in 1885 there were 3667 sailing ships with 880,345 tons and 350 steamers with 412,943 tons; in 1895, 2622 sailing vessels with 660,856 tons and 1043 steamers with 893,046 tons; in 1898, 2522 sailing vessels with 585,571 tons and 1171 steamers of 969,800 tons. In general, a steamer is thought to be able to carry three times as much as a sailing vessel of the same size. The falling off in sailing ships from 4303 in 1875 to 2522 in 1898 was more than made up for in the increase of steamers from 299 in 1875 to 1171 in 1898. The regular crews numbered, in 1898, 42,428 men. The average was 5.7 men to a sailing ship and 24.3 to a steamer. German writers point with pride to the fact that whereas formerly a good many, if not quite all, of the big ships were built abroad they are now built in German shipyards, by German mechanics, with German materials, etc. All that is now needed, they say, is a powerful fighting marine. The empire's interests are in every part of the world. These must be protected. Germany will probably give attention next to building a large and powerful fleet.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Mme. Yale's
HAIR TONIC

Ladies and Gentlemen: It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to the Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to its original color without dye. It has gone on record that

MME. YALE,

wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally endorses its action and gives the public her solemn guarantee that it has been tested in every conceivable way, and has proved itself to be the only Hair Specific. It stops hair falling immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not stick or greasy—on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful, fluffy, and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies with hair a little gray, streaked gray, entirely gray and with BALD HEADS, it is especially recommended. Price, $1.00. Our special price—

89 cents.

For sale by

Panton & White.

GIVE THE CHILDREN A DRINK

Called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant, but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about one-fourth as much as coffee. 15 and 25 cents.

TRIAL OF THE BAKERS.

There Had Been No Shooting Up To Noon.

London, Ky., June 5.—There was no trouble up to noon at the trial of the Baker boys, begun today at Manchester. Col. Williams, in command of the troops sent to guard the court house, is camped with his men near the building, ready for action. Sentinels are posted to keep the Howards, Whites and Bakers out of the town. The Whites and Howards have also put out guards to pluck off the Bakers if they attempt to enter town.

The Bakers are camped on Bear creek 100 strong. There are fully 100 of the Whites and Howards. Col. Williams has only 100 soldiers. The Whites and Howards and Bakers are heavily armed, but as yet there has been no shooting.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Topeka, Kan., June 5.—L. G. Hastings, assistant treasurer of the Rock Island railway, with headquarters in Topeka, committed suicide just before noon today by shooting himself through the head at his hotel. His accounts are said to be in good shape. For several months he has been subject to melancholia.

"Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

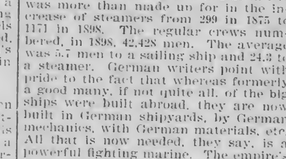
Wisconsin Central Lines.

Through sleeping cars from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Milwaukee and Chicago.

Just Think of It,

Ten dollars will buy a ticket, Duluth to Detroit and return, on June 6, rail and lake, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

"A Wheel with a good reputation"



EAGLE,
$30.00 AND $40.00

Bicycle Sundries,
Fishing Tackle,
Base Ball Goods, etc.,
At Popular Prices.

REPAIR SHOP
IN CONNECTION.

J.W.NELSON
No. 5 East Superior St.

IN COPPER COUNTRY

Death of Thomas Mason May Bring About Change At the Quincy.

KILLED BY A SHOCK

A Domestic in Houghton Meets Death From Incandescent Wire.

Houghton, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The death of Thomas F. Mason, president of the Quincy Mining company, at New York on Saturday, may enable the Standard Oil people to secure control of the property. They attempted last winter to secure both the Calumet & Hecla and Quincy, the greatest copper producers of the Lake Superior district, but the managements of both mines refused to consider any propositions.

Mr. Mason controlled a majority interest in the Quincy, which is valued at upwards of $15,000,000, and is now earning net profits of $125,000.

The north half of section 25-56-32, known as the Florida property, consisting of 320 acres, has been purchased by the Calumet and Hecla Mining company, the consideration being $100,000. The lands closely adjoin the village of Laurium, and, while located on the mineral range, past explorations on the lands gave no promise of their having any mineral value.

FROM INCANDESCENT WIRE.

A Houghton Domestic Shocked To Death By Electricity.

Houghton, Mich., June 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mary Manderfeld, a domestic employed in the family of Congressman Charles Sheldon, was instantly killed last night by a shock from an incandescent electric lamp of 32-candle power. She had occasion to enter the laundry in the basement and in turning on the light her hand came into contact with a live wire and her feet being on the wet cement floor, a circuit was formed and she was killed by the comparatively weak incandescent current, supposed to be entirely harmless.

News has arrived here that Governor Pingree's message on the subject of appropriations had borne fruit, the hope cutting $50,000 from the appropriation for the college of mines, eliminating the items for engineering, ore crushing and buildings. Forty-five thousand dollars also were slashed from the university appropriation. Thursday the governor sent another message to the legislature, advocating the enactment of a law levying a specific tax on the output of all the mines in the state. He showed that the market value of the mines (presumably iron) in two Upper Peninsula counties is $18,745,000, but they are assessed $219,220. It is said the farmers in the legislature have decided to stand for such a bill at rates that will yield $1,000,000 annually.

UPPER PENINSULA NOTES.

Negaunee—During the past few weeks the committee of twelve members of the local lodge of the Sons of St. George which is directing the work of preparing for the genuine lodge meeting here on Aug. 15, 16 and 17 has held several meetings, and the arrangements are well along. It has been definitely decided that a wrestling tournament will be made the leading feature of the program of sports. Cornish wrestling will be the chief sport and prizes to the extent of $300 will be offered. This sum will be divided into several purses, the first two of which will be abundantly large enough to attract the best wrestlers in this region of the country.

Menominee—The Crawford Manufacturing company's planing mill and sash and door plants at Menominee burned Wednesday afternoon. The fire was caused by spontaneous combustion. The loss is $20,000, with no insurance.

Iron Mountain—Antoine Izzo was caught between two cars at Iron Mountain wednesday night and crushed to death. Richard Downing, employed as oiler at the concentrating works, was caught in the machinery Thursday morning and so terribly mangled that he died a few hours late.

On Sunday, June 18, the St. Joseph's Catholic church of Iron Mountain will be dedicated with imposing ceremonies. Very Reverend Father Eis, acting bishop of the diocese, will be present and preside at the ceremonies.

St. Ignace—The St. Ignace council held a special meeting Monday evening, at which the deal with Mr. Highstone for the property adjoining Father Marquette's grave was closed. Charles Martin, of Cheboygan, a house-mover, came to the city Wednesday and completed arrangements to transfer the Highstone building now on the site to the lot given by the council in exchange therefor. Mr. Martin will begin work on the job at once, so the Marquette Park is now an assured fact, and will soon be an attractive feature of St. Ignace.

Sault Ste. Marie—Capt. Jack King, who is in charge of the copper mining operations on Michipicoten Island, was in the city several days this week, having returned from a business trip to the Upper Peninsula copper country, where he engaged another lot of miners to go to Michipicoten. Several new shafts are being sunk on the property, and a force of about 150 men are now employed in the operations there. The work of developing the mine is being energetically and intelligently pushed. More than 200 men will be at work by midsummer, and machinery is constantly going in.

A telegram fom Lansing Wednesday announced that the bill granting specific taxation to the Michigan Lake Superior Power company, had been favorably acted on by the senate. The bill was passed by the house some days ago, so that it now rests with the governor as to whether it will become a law or not.

Dr. F. Beadmmn has been appointed local inspector at this point for the bureau of Animal Industry. His duties will be to inspect all live stock brought to any port in this district, with a view to quarantining o rejecting the same. The necessity of such an oppointment has long been felt by the stock raising interests of this country. The arrangement makes the Soo the only station in the district of Superior and the only one between Duluth and Detroit.

Proposals for the bond issue of $22,030, the proceeds from which will be used for the construction of the new West End school, were opened Thursday afternoon in the office of Superintendent Ferguson. The bonds run ten years and bear 4½ per cent interest. They were secured by Devitt Trimble & Co., of Chicago, who bid par value, accrued interest and a premium of $1510.

RUN OF ILL LUCK.

Tacoma, June 5.—The American ship Sachem, which sailed from Philadelphia last fall laden with kerosene oil, has arrived at Shanghai, after an eventful voyage. Before she reached Hong Kong her master died and was buried at sea. In Formosa channel she was struck by lightning. Her foremast was reduced to splinters and over half of the crew was knocked insensible. The mate, who was one of the victims, remained unconscious for six hours.

MR. BLAND ILL.

Lebanon, Mo., June 5.—Congressman Richard P. Bland is seriously ill and his friends are considerably alarmed over his condition. For the last two months he has been confined to his room attended daily by a physician. Last night the patient suffered such an alarming change for the worse that his sons at school in St. Louis were summoned by telegraph.

ZOLA RETURNS TO PARIS.

Writes a Letter Saying He Expects No Reward.

Paris, June 5.—The Aurore has a long article from M. Zola entitled "Justice." He says that he did not go into exile in order to flee from justice, but to gain time so as not to allow the feeble glimmer of light, then daily increasing, to be extinguished.

"At no matter what price," he continues, "the innocent had to be saved and a most frightful moral disaster for the country to be averted."

After alluding to the bitterness of exile, he added: "I return because the truth is manifested. I do not return to cause trouble or demonstration. I wish neither applause nor reward, even if any believe I have merited it. My one reward is in the thought of the innocent man, whom I have aided to draw from the tomb.

"If the struggle is finished, I desire, so far as I am concerned, no victorious triumph, no political mission, no honors. My soul is serene and without anger or rancor. But, if the great criminal goes unpunished, people will never believe in the immensity of the crime."

A QUESTION OF DATE.

The Only Difference Between American and English Colleges.

Oxford, Eng., June 5.—A cable message has been received from Harvard and Yale, accepting the challenge of Oxford and Cambridge for an athletic contest, provided certain conditions are adjusted, and suggesting either July 12, 13 or 14 as suitable dates. But not one of these dates will do, as the contest must take place on a Saturday, in order to catch the London crowd and July 15 is the date for the great social functions, the Eaton and Harrow cricket match and the Eclipse strikes at Sandowne park. It is understood that Oxford and Cambridge will make a counter-proposal for July 22, the Saturday preceding the break-up of the London season and the exodus to the Goodwood races.

HE TELLS HOW.

Capt. Grimes Makes a Confession of His Part In Aiding the Filipinos.

New York, June 5.—A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Washington says: Capt. Joseph Henry Grimes has made a complete confession of the part he took in aiding the Filipinos and the document is in the possession of the government. He is a British subject, born in Hong Kong 29 years ago. He was office manager at Shanghai for L. Seitzel & Co. and there became acquainted with the agents of the Filipino rebellion.

On June 7 Grimes' firm contracted with Aguncillo to supply 5000 Mauser rifles, two Maxim guns, 1,000,000 cartridges, the steamer Uasig and provisions, etc., at a cost of $128,000. The outfit was seized by the British authorities at the request of the Spanish consul.

Then, says Grimes, B. F. Sylvester, a member of his firm, arranged with Edward Bedloe, American consul at Canton, to send the arms to that point by means of a false sale to the Chinese government. The Chinese viceroy was to reject them, but, as it turned out, he seized 4500 and kept them to suppress a rebellion in his own territory. The local authorities refusing permission for the Pasig to sail, she was transferred from British to American register by Consul Bedloe, her name changed to the Abbey, and Bedloe cleared her and the supplies for the Filipinos for Singapore. On Aug. 27 the Abbey, flying the American flag and commanded by Capt. A. Wells, an American citizen, left Whampoa, fifteen miles from Canton. On board was Lewis Leonard Etzel, the American citizen, whose mission it was to teach the Filipinos how to use the Maxim guns.

Sylvester, Grimes, asserts, falsely told him that the facts about the expedition were known to Admiral Dewey and Consul General Wildman.

The cargo was taken to Santang, eighty miles south of Manilla, and turned over to the insurgent governor of that town. It consisted of 496 rifles, 500,000 cartridges, two Maxim guns and 2000 pounds of Maxim ammunition.

After discharging the cargo, Grimes went to Bacoor, where he met Aguinaldo, who said he wanted more ammunition. Grimes returned to Hong Kong, but was not successful in his further plans.

Sylvester visited Aguinaldo and failed to conclude a contract with him to procure arms in Germany.

"It will be seen by the above statement," Grimes says, 'that both Sylvester and Etzel plotted on American soil against the American government."

The Abbey was seized about Sept. 25 last by the American revenue cutter McCulloch, which was attached to Admiral Dewey's fleet. Grimes was arrested in Manilla on Nov. 5.

ACADEMY OF MEDICINE.

The Officers Chosen and Some Papers Read.

Columbus, Ohio, June 5.—The American Academy of Medicine elected the following officers: President, Dr. G. Hudson Makuen, Philadelphia; vice presidents, Dr. A. G. Plummer, Salt Lake City, Dr. A. Goldspoken, Chicago, Dr. Edwin F. Wilson, Columbus, Ohio, Dr. A. L. Benedict, Buffalo; secretary and treasurer, Dr. Charles McIntyre, Easton, Pa.; assistant secretary, Dr. W. L. Pyle, Philadelphia.

The place of the next meeting will be selected by the council. The annual address was read by President Edward Jackson, of Denver, entitled "The Doctor's Duty as a Teacher." Other papers were read by various members.

The academy will adjourn tonight. The American Medical association convenes here tomorrow.

MOTHERS' CONGRESS.

Philadelphia, June 5.—The national congress of mothers has decided upon Des Moines, Iowa, May 23, 1900, as the place and date for the next congress.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The North-Western Line.

ADDITIONAL TRAIN SERVICE.

Leave Duluth daily, 5 p. m.
Arrive Wausau, Wis., 2:40 a. m.
Arrive Appleton 6 a. m.
Arrive Neenah-Menasha 6:10 a. m.
Arrive Oshkosh 6:50 a. m.
Arrive Fond du Lac 7:20 a. m.

Wagner sleepers and free chair cars. Tickets and berth reservation, 405 West Superior street.

GOVERNORS TO DECIDE.

They Can Dispose of the Captured Spanish Cannon.

Washington, June 5.—The war department has solved the question as to the disposition of the artillery captured from Spain in Cuba and Porto Rico, by turning the whole matter over to the governors of the states. Very many applications have been received at the department for the gift or loan of these guns and the pressure has been renewed since the navy department made known the fact that all of its guns had been disposed of. The law under which these guns can be distributed provides that they may go only to the Soldiers' Monument associations, Grand Army posts and municipal corporations. One gun will be allotted to each state and the governor is asked to decide what disposition shall be made of the gun for his state.

EXCITING SCENES.

National Demonstration In Belfast Leads to Rioting.

Belfast, June 8.—There were exciting scenes here this afternoon in consequence of the Nationalist demonstration, headed by William O'Brien and accompanied by bands of musicians displaying banners. The Protestants threatened trouble and large bodies of police and military were stationed in the streets. Several conflicts took place and the infantry charged the crowd with fixed bayonets. Several persons were injured.

INDICTMENT RETURNED.

New York, June 5.—The grand jury has returned an indictment in the kidnaping case. It is said that the indictment is against Bella Anderson and James and Jennie Wilson. Judge Newburger refused to allow the indictment to be seen on account of the persons indicted not yet being under arrest in this county.

OLD SOLDIER KILLS HIMSELF.

Philadelphia, June 5.—James A. Price, commander of Reynolds post, No. 71 G. A. R., committed suicide today by cutting his throat with a razor. Ill health caused the suicide.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Mothers.

Bring in your little fellows when in need of a pretty little suit. We have a beautiful line at $1.25, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25, $3.00 and upwards.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

The Northwestern Line

ROUND TRIP EXCURSIONS.

Buffalo, June 11-12.....$ 23 50
Oshkosh, June 5 to 7..... 12 75
St. Louis, June 19-20..... 22 30

Homeseekers' excursion South and West, June 6-20.

Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

You can have The Evening Herald delivered every night at your home in city or suburb for 10 cents a week.

1000 Miners Wanted.

Machine men preferred. Wages $3.50 per day of ten hours, for the Coeur d'Alene mining district of Idaho. Very low railroad rate arranged for. Destination, Wallace, Idaho, the heart of the district.

Apply Thomas G. White & Co., No. 427 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. ALWAYS reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Sold by all Local Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square PHILADA., PA.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1946 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days; 100-page book free.

WILCOX COMPOUND
TANSY PILLS

The only reliable female regulator Never Fails. Price, $2.00 by mail Take no substitute. Write for Woman's Safeguard FREE. Wilcox Med. Co., 23 S. 8th St., Phila. Pa

Boils and Pimples Give Warning.

AN UNFAILING SIGN THAT NATURE IS APPEALING FOR HELP.

When Nature is overtaxed, she has her own way of giving notice that assistance is needed. She does not ask for help until it is impossible to get along without it. Boils and pimples are an indication that the system is accumulating impurities which must be gotten rid of; they are an urgent appeal for assistance—a warning that can not safely be ignored.

To neglect to purify the blood at this time means more than the annoyance of painful boils and unsightly pimples. If these impurities are allowed to remain, the system succumbs to any ordinary illness, and is unable to withstand the many ailments which are so prevalent during spring and summer.

Mrs. L. Gentile, 2004 Second Avenue, Seattle, Wash., says: "I was afflicted for a long time with pimples, which were very annoying, as they disfigured my face fearfully. After using many other remedies in vain, S. S. S. promptly and thoroughly cleansed my blood, and now I rejoice in a good complexion, which I never had before."

Capt. W. H. Dunlap, of the A. G. S. R. R., Chattanooga, Tenn., writes: "Several boils and carbuncles broke out upon me, causing great pain and annoyance. My blood seemed to be in a riotous condition, and nothing I took seemed to do any good. Six bottles of S. S. S. cured me completely and my blood has been perfectly pure ever since."

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

is the best blood remedy, because it is purely vegetable and is the only one that is absolutely free from potash and mercury. It promptly purifies the blood and thoroughly cleanses the system, builds up the general health and strength. It cures Scrofula, Eczema, Cancer, Rheumatism, Tetter, Boils, Sores, etc., by going direct to the cause of the trouble and forcing out all impure blood.

Books free to any address by the Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

STEAM HEAT. ELECTRIC LIGHTS
MODERN CONVENIENCES.
When In Calumet, Stop at
THE ESTHER HOTEL,
C. L. THOMAS, Prop.
Sample Rooms in Connection.
The Finest Hotel in the City. Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts. CALUMET, MICH.

The Best Costs no More than the Inferior Kinds. DRINK
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

FITGER & CO.'S
Reliable Brands of Pale Bohemian and Bavarian
BEER.
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

LOVERS

OF COMFORT AND A GOOD TABLE

Should Try the
Wisconsin Central Lines
Dining Car Service.

Meals in Dinlag Cars are Served A La Carte.

Direct Line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, Chicago, Milwaukee, and All Points EAST and SOUTH.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p. m. Lv. Duluth .....Ar. 11:15 a. m.
4:15 p. m. Lv. W. Superior...Ar. 11:00 a. m.
4:35 p. m. Lv. Superior .....Ar. 10:37 a. m.
7:25 p. m. Lv. Ashland .....Ar. 7:45 a. m.
9:14 a. m. Ar. Neenah .....Lv. 11:55 p. m.
9:34 a. m. Ar. Oshkosh .....Lv. 11:31 p. m.
5:09 a. m. Ar. Fond du Lac.Lv. 10:55 p. m.
7:15 a. m. Ar. Milwaukee ....Lv. 8:45 p. m.
9:45 a. m. Ar. Chicago .....Lv. 6:25 p. m.

For Rates or other information apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior St., Union Depot, or

W. M. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior St General Agent.

STATE OF MINNESOTA COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

Samuel Loeb and Bert Fesler, of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, being first duly sworn, each for himself deposes and certifies that the said Samuel Loeb is the president and the said Bert Fesler is the secretary of the Duluth Drug Store Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the general laws of the state of Minnesota; that on the 26th day of May, 1898, at a special meeting of the stockholders of said Duluth Drug Store Company, called for that purpose and clearly specifying the purpose of said meeting and outlining the amendment hereinafter mentioned, held in the city of Duluth, said county and state, at which the holders of more than two-thirds of the issued shares of the stock of said corporation were present in person and voting, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote of all of said stockholders present at said meeting, to-wit:

"Resolved, that article one (1) of the original articles of association of this corporation be amended so that the first sentence thereof relating to the name of this corporation shall read as follows: The name of this corporation shall be Samuel Loeb & Company."

SAMUEL LOEB, President.

BERT FESLER, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of May, 1899.

E. CATHERINE NEFF,
Notary Public St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1899, at 4 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book V2 of Incorporations on page 385.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record June 3, 1899, at 10 a. m. and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscel. page 538.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By S. L. PIERCE,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, June 3 7t.

Special Sale. Continued.

SUFFEL & CO. 129 W. Superior St.

Special Sale. Continued.

Special Sale Continued

Of Ribbons, Shirt Waists, Hosiery and Mackintoshes.

The balance of our stock of Mackintoshes almost given away. Do you need one.

All $3.50 Ladies' Mackintoshes while they last **$1.25**
All $5, $6 and $7 Ladies' Mackintoshes, while they last **$2.00**

House Wrappers.

Ladies' $1.00 House Wrappers **75c**
Ladies' $1.25 House Wrappers **98c**
Ladies' $1.75 House Wrappers **$1.25**
Ladies' $2.00 House Wrappers **$1.49**

RIBBONS 15c a Yd 5000 yds of choice Fancy Ribbons in all the new styles and colorings, actual value 40c, 35c and 25c. They all go on sale at 15c a yard.

Silk Shirt Waists.

READ THESE PRICES:

$4.00 Silk Waists **$2.69**
$5.00 Silk Waists **$3.69**
$7.50 Silk Waists **$4.69**
$10 & $8 Silk Waists **$4.98**

These Waists are the very latest style and up-to-date in every respect. No such values have ever been given in Duluth. They have just been received per express today. See them.

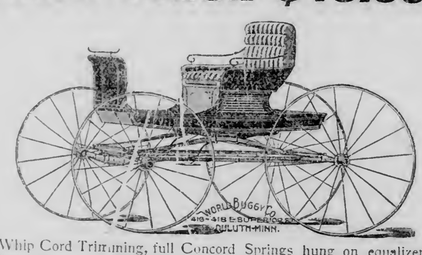
Washable Shirt Waists.

One lot of Shirt Waists at ..... 49c Regular value 75c
One lot of Shirt Waists at ..... 75c Regular value $1.25
One lot of Shirt Waists at ..... 98c Regular value $1.50

FREE! We have just received another large invoice of German and Japanese China and Glassware which we are giving away absolutely FREE to our customers. Be sure and ask for coupons with your purchases—they cost you nothing.

SUFFEL & CO.

CASH PRICE $45.00.



Fancy Whip Cord Trimming, full Concord Springs hung on equalizers, Solid Panel Back to seat. A comfortable, serviceable, up-to-date Concord for a very low price.

M. W. TURNER, 416-418 E. Superior St.

LESTER RIVER ROAD.

Citizens Appear In Behalf of Its improvement.

The people who own property up on Lester river are pushing the matter of getting the road up the east side of the river improved, from Grand avenue east to the city limits, a distance of one and a half miles, by the city. The cost, it is estimated, will be about $200, it is said that the town of Duluth will improve the road the balance of the way, a distance of about two miles.

P. F. Anneke and Robert Benson appeared before the board of public works this morning in behalf of the people interested. The members of the board inclined to the opinion that the city could not expend any money on the road until a right-of-way shall have been condemned, the road at present being over private property. Messrs. Anneke and Benson then determined to present a petition to the council for the improvement, and it will probably go in tonight.

Last of the Series.

Tomorrow evening at Odd Fellows' hall Temple Emanuel congregation will give its last progressive cinch and dancing party this season. That it will rank socially with all other affairs heretofore given it is needless to say, and the members of the congregation are anxious for a large attendance to help swell the building fund, for the benefit of which these entertainments have been given.

Robbed the Till.

The till of the "Maine" saloon, on Lake avenue south, between Superior and Buchanan streets, was robbed of its contents, about $15, last night. The bartender thinks the money was taken after he closed up, which was about midnight, but if this is the case the place was entered by means of a key, as there are no traces of a forcible entry.

"Boston" O'Brien and a man named Kilder, who were in the saloon just before it was closed, were arrested this morning by Detective Donovan on suspicion, but they had no money and were sober.

Will Let Contract.

The plans and specifications of a 2-story brick building, to be erected on the lot between the King block and the Duluth Trust Company building have just been completed by Wangenstein & Bray, architects, and bids are being received for the immediate erection of the building.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

WE GUARANTEE EVERY PACKAGE OF

TO BE ABSOLUTELY PURE.

COMING IN RAPIDLY

Supreme Officers and Delegates to the Maccabee Convention are Arriving.

BIG TIME PLANNED

Outlook Is For a Large Attendance Outside of the Delegates.

Tonight at the Armory the formal opening of the joint biennial convention of the Knights and Ladies of the Maccabees of the state of Minnesota will take place. The event is one of great interest to the state and to this city, which probably leads all cities of the state in membership, or will after the great initiation tomorrow evening.

Preparations for the reception of the visitors have been under way for several days, and were being vigorously pushed today. The big "Welcome," in red lights, which was stretched across Fifth avenue west, at Superior street, at the time of the Fosston celebration last fall, was placed in position this morning. All business men have been urged to decorate for the parade tomorrow evening. A large motto, L. and K. O. T. M. is placed underneath.

The Maccabees began to arrive yesterday, although not in very large numbers. A few came in on late trains. This morning they began to come in in large numbers. The supreme officers came in and a large number of people from all over the state. The Spalding is the headquarters, and the local reception committee was busy receiving the guests and looking after their entertainment and comfort.

At noon today there were more arrivals, and tonight will bring many more. The delegates to the convention number about 150, but they will represent only a small percentage of those who will be here. One tent from Minneapolis will send up a large delegation in addition to the delegates to the convention.

Supreme Commander D. P. Markey, of Port Huron, Mich., arrived this morning and is much pleased with the outlook for this convention. He anticipates a very successful meeting and one which will bring greater strength and encouragement to the Maccabees of Duluth.

Maj. N. S. Boynton, of Port Huron, Mich., supreme record keeper; W. E. Blaney, of Oil City, Pa., great record keeper of the great camp of Pennsylvania; F. W. Stevens, editor of the Bee Hive, and Mrs. Lillian Hollister, supreme commander of the Ladies of the Maccabees, were among the arrivals this morning. Mrs. Hollister became a member of the order in 1893 and was elected supreme commander in 1895. As a parliamentarian and public speaker, Mrs. Hollister is unexcelled, and under her able leadership the supreme hive has attained to a wonderful measure of growth and prosperity. Mrs. Hollister is also prominently identified with the work of the W. C. T. U.

Miss Bina M. West, supreme record keeper, will arrive tomorrow. She has been identified with the order almost from its inception, and has held the office of supreme record keeper since the organization of the supreme hive in October, 1892. Miss West is an eloquent and magnetic public speaker as well as a thorough parliamentarian. Owing to her official position, together with her widely extended field and organization work, she has become generally and favorably known wherever the order exists.

Maj. Boynton is undoubtedly the figure of greatest interest to all Maccabees. He is the "father of the Maccabees." To the indefatigable energy of this one man in his eighteen years of service for the Maccabees has the great success of the order been due rather than any other fact. He has been identified with the order since its organization and has done more for it than any other man ever enrolled in it. He was elected great record keeper of Michigan in 1881, when the order was in its infancy and held this office, as well as that of supreme record keeper, until 1894. He was then elected great commander of the Great camp of Michigan and still holds the office of supreme record keeper.

Mr. Boynton is a self made man. He was born in Port Huron, Mich., in 1837, and when 10 years of age removed with his parents to a farm where he lived until he was 20 years of age, when he engaged in business, but in a short time, in 1857, he sold out to "see the world." He went through Ohio, stopping at several points and finally drifted down to New Orleans. This was just before the war and he found it altogether too warm in New Orleans for a Northerner and came back to St. Louis, thence to Cincinnati, where he remained until after the war broke out.

In 1862 he returned to Michigan and enlisted as a private in Eighth Michigan cavalry. Promotion came to him soon on account of his recognized bravery and devotion to duty, first to first lieutenant, then captain and finally major. His promotion to the captaincy was for important service in the capture of Morgan, the Southern raider. The latter had turned and was hastening to cross the Ohio when Boynton dashed between the raiders and the river with his company of 100 men, heading off the escape. It was his company which caused the surrender of Morgan. Boynton was with Sherman on his march to Atlanta and was the first Union soldier, after the evacuation of that city, to enter it, being at the head of the column. He was in the battle of Nashville and all the accompanying engagements of that campaign in Tennessee.

After the war Mr. Boynton returned to his home in Port Huron, Mich., and has since held several political offices. He was mayor of his home city in the '70s for two terms, and again lately, his second term having expired last January.

Mr. Boynton is much pleased to be here, and anticipates a fine convention. He speaks with pride of the growth of the order, and is especially pleased at the proportions it has attained in Duluth.

Dr. R. E. Moss, supreme medical examiner, is here also, and is a very busy man. He is assisting in the work of preparing the class of between 400 and 500 for the initiation tomorrow evening. Dr. Moss and Maj. Boynton, in speaking of the growth of the order, remarked that more applications are turned down each year now than were received in a year about fifteen years ago.

After this convention the supreme officers will go to Fond du Lac, Wis., where the Wisconsin state convention will be held.

Tonight there will be a grand public reception at the Armory to the supreme officers of the order. Hon. G. R. Layhoun will be chairman. There will be an address of welcome by the mayor, Hon. D. P. Markey, supreme commander of the Maccabees, will deliver an address on "Fraternal Beneficiary Societies; Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, on "Ladies of the Maccabees; Maj. N. S. Boynton, supreme R. K., on "The Lodge and the House," and W. E. Blaney, G. R. K. of Great camp for Pennsylvania, will speak.

There will be a fine musical program, consisting of selections by Flaaten's orchestra, a vocal solo by Miss Julia Donovan, a flute solo by A. Hoelscher and a violin solo by Gustav Flaaten. The program will open with Sousa's march, "Hands Across the Sea," and will close with the "Star Spangled Banner," by the orchestra.

Tomorrow the convention will be called to order at 10 o'clock at the Armory for business, after the visitors have filled their lungs with ozone and their hearts with inspiration by a trip around the boulevard. The start for the drive will be at 8:30. The first order of business at the morning session will be the appointment of committees, after which recess to 2:30 will be taken, when the regular order of business will be taken up.

Tomorrow evening, the grand parade of the order will take place, starting at 8 o'clock. After the parade, the initiatory work will be exemplified by the degree team from the Duluth tent.

Wednesday morning at 9, the visitors will embark on the Bon Voyage for a boat ride, and will land at West Superior, where the exercises for the day will take place. These will consist of a street parade, followed by a public reception and banquet. The visitors will then return to Duluth and in the evening the grand ball at the Armory will take place. It will be preceded by an exhibition drill at 8:30 by the uniform rank.

The committee of the Lady Maccabees met at 10 this morning at K. O. T. M. hall for instruction, and at 4 o'clock this afternoon Pearl Hive No. 2, from West Duluth, initiated a large class.

At 7 this evening the ladies will meet at the K. O. T. M. hall, Hunter block, to march to the Armory for the reception.

MACCABEES BALL

Duluth division No. 2 Uniform Rank, will give an exhibition drill, followed by a grand ball in the Armory Wednesday evening, June 7. Tickets $1.00 per couple. Flaaten's full orchestra. Fisher, prompter. Come and enjoy yourselves.

Fiebiger's Store Entered.

E. Fiebiger's hardware store, across the street from police headquarters, was robbed this morning some time between 6 and 6:30 o'clock, a quantity of knives and razors and several revolvers being taken. The store was entered through the back door, which was unlocked. Mr. Fiebiger, whose residence is in the rear of the store, had unlocked the door and had gone back to his house for a few minutes. In order to get to the back door the thief or thieves had to go through a narrow entry between the house and the store building. There were about two dozen pocket knives, about the same number of razors and four or five revolvers taken.

The theft was discovered a short time afterwards. There is no clue.

Trial Estimate Passed.

The board of public works this morning passed the final estimate on the reservoir amounting to $3570.75, and on the trench from Fortieth avenue east to the reservoir, amounting to $100. This closes the connection of the board of public works with the matter and on the approval of the allowance by the council the reservoir and trench will be turned over to the light and water board.

The estimate for the gas fixtures in the Armory and police headquarters, amounting to $403, was also allowed.

Open Every Monday Night in the Year Until 9:30.

The Great Eastern Duluth.

Come in and see the new idea in Clothing, Burrows "Form-Fit" Suits.

Large Stocks Are Peculiar to This Store.

Half of the charm of shopping lies in having great variety to choose from. We must buy hundreds, but we do not buy hundreds alike. If there can be a variety in a hundred things there should be splendid choosing in our elegant stock.

Now is the time to get your Spring Suit!

Thermometer says so—The Old Suit says so—Custom says so—

And so you'll have to do it. Here are Suits by the hundred—original and exclusive patterns—the very best styles that the leading mills have produced for this season—neat Scotch effects, quiet Plaids, Checks, Stripes in smoother goods, hard-finished Worsteds—light patterns and dark—everything, practically. Pick the suit that pleases your fancy. Never mind. Keep "trying-on" till you get the suit that becomes you perfectly, that fits you perfectly. Salesmen who know their business are here in plenty to give you every assistance. Expert tailors will make any alterations needful. A suit to fit you out to your complete satisfaction will cost

$7.50, $8.50, $9.50, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20 up to $25

And behind every suit—"your money back if dissatisfied."

200 Bicycle Suits First-class Suits—and bargains for sure. $6 to $8.50, your choice this week for ..... —Neat Checks and Scotch Mixtures—Suits that have sold from **$5.00**

Straw Hats For Ladies, Men and Boys.

M. S. Burrows.

We Never Had such a stock of Straw Hats before.....

MERRITT IS REACHED.

Lots In That Town Sold In Forfeited Sale Today.

The forfeited tax sale was in the village of Merritt all this morning, and at noon it looked as though it would last all of the afternoon. The village of Merritt is deserted with the exception of some vacant buildings, the occasion for a town there having departed with the burning of the C. M. Hill Lumber company's mill there. Nearly every lot in the village was sold in the forfeited tax sale, and most of them were bid in by C. A. Congdon and James T. Hale. It is said that they were bought in because of mineral indications on or near the property. James A. Crawford was present and bid on every lot, and got a few of them. He put in an electric light plant at Merritt, and got nothing out of it, it is said, except a judgment against the village. It was said that he was bidding on the property to see what he got something out of his judgment. The lots sold for $2 to $3 or less, and each brought about 50 cents above the state tax.

After Merritt comes the city of Ely.

Is Appointed Assessor.

County Auditor Halden has appointed Thomas B. Perry assessor for the unorganized territory in the county, and has presented the appointment to the county board for confirmation. In his communication to the board Mr. Halden states that there is some personal property in the unorganized towns that the various township assessors will be unable to get at, and the appointment of an assessor for the unorganized territory is made in order that such property may be reached and taxed.

To Visit the Mines.

Henry Moore, of Whitehaven, England, and Douglas Jackson, of Newmains, Scotland, arrived here today and have gone up to the iron ranges to look over the iron mines and study the mining methods employed there. They are interested in iron mining, having an interest in mines in Newfoundland. Upon their return they may spend a day or two here. Mr. Moore has been here before but it is Mr. Jackson's first visit.

The Ministers Meet.

The Ministerial association met this morning at the Y. M. C. A. building. Rev. Harry White read a paper on "The Theology of Browning." It was a fine paper. The discussion was participated in by Dr. Cleland, Dr. Milne and others. Rev. Dr. Weaver, the famous colored minister, was present. Dr. Cleland was appointed some time ago to consult Congressman Morris in reference to the admission of the Mormon Utah congressman. He reported today that Congressman Morris could be depended upon to do the proper thing when the time came.

Christian Union To Meet.

The Young People's Christian union, recently organized in this city, will hold an important conference at the Y. M. C. A. tonight, of three delegates from each young people's society, consisting of the president and chairman of two committees. This conference will consider the work of the societies for the summer season, it being the first of a series of quarterly conferences for considering important subjects for mutual advancement of young people's work.

Much Road Business.

Commissioners Williams, Kauppi and Kugler of the county board committee on claims and accounts, met at the court house this morning to audit the bills against the county. Because the forfeited tax sale is taking place in the commissioners' room they were forced to meet in court room No. 1. The county board meeting will take place tomorrow afternoon, and as stated by The Herald Saturday, the principal business to come up will be county roads. There are a large number of petitions for new roads and for the improvement of old ones on file, and the board will have quite a time to attend to them all.

His Secretary Replies.

President McKinley will come to Duluth on his Western trip this summer if it can be conveniently arranged, according to a letter received by Mayor Truelsen from G. B. Cortelyou, acting secretary to the president. The letter expresses the thanks of the president to the mayor and council for the invitation.

Tell them you saw it in The Herald.

FIRE HYDRANTS WILL FREEZE,

But not when the Carroll Patent Non-Freezing appliance is attached. Can be placed on any hydrant and it is then always and forever ready for use in any temperature. Adopted by the Detroit Fire Department with absolute results. State rights for sale. Correspondence promptly answered; full particulars free. Carroll Patent Drainage company, 372 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Lawnmowers sharpened and repaired.

CITY GUN STORE

AUCTION SALE ..Oriental.. Rugs.

103 W. Superior St.

The real gems in Antique Rugs of this superb collection will be sold tomorrow (Tuesday) and Wednesday, at 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.

W. D. GORDON,
City Auctioneer.

FREIMUTH'S

MATCHLESS OFFERINGS FOR TUESDAY

And we say matchless with a double meaning—matchless in beauty as well as in price. We cannot claim a patent on high class merchandise—the markets of the country are open to all—nor can we alone quote low prices, but considering styles, qualities and prices as a unit, we doubt if there's a store in the Northwest holds the equal to the following specials.

Silks.

GREAT VALUES FOR TUESDAY.

19-inch Black Swiss Taffeta Silk, a real 75c quality; Tuesday, a yard..... 55c

21-inch Black Swiss Taffeta Silk, worth fully 85c a yd; Tuesday, at, a yd..... 68c

23-inch superb quality Black Swiss Taffeta Silk, worth fully $1.00 a yard; Tuesday, at, a yard..... 85c

5 pieces Black Peau De Sole Dress Silks, they are known for their superior wearing quality, we'll sell these $1 a yard kind Tuesday, at, a yard..... 75c

8 pieces of Black Brocaded Satins and silks, in pretty designs, 75c and 85c qualities, for Tuesday, at, a yard..... 59c

500 yards of choice Plaids and checked Taffeta Silks, pretty bright colorings, values up to 75c a yard; for Tuesday, at, a yard..... 46c

10 pieces high class Novelty Taffeta Silks, best styles and colorings, in plaids and stripes, silks that are worth fully $1.25 and $1.50 a yard; go Tuesday, at, a yard..... 85c

Black Silk Grenadines.

44-inch black fancy striped and Brocaded Iron frame Grenadines, worth $1.65 a yard, sell Tuesday, at, a yard..... $1.35

Black Satin Striped Gauzy Silk Grenadines, 44-inch wide, very stylish and dressy kind, would be cheap at $1.75 a yard; Tuesday's price, a yard..... $1.38

44-inch Barred Black Silk Grenadines, good wearing qualities, worth $2.25 a yard; sell Tuesday, at, a yard..... $1.75

Colored Dress Goods.

20 pieces of stylish Dress Materials, fully 46-inch wide, very serviceable and dressy kind, all popular shades, can't be duplicated anywhere for less than 85c a yard; our Tuesday price, a yard..... 65c

GREAT REDUCTION on all our high-class Imported Wool Dress Patterns.

NOTE THE PRICES:

$27.50 Patterns, at $16.98
$25.00 Patterns, at $15.00
$24.50 Patterns, at $13.98
$20.00 Patterns, at $11.98
$15.00 Patterns, at $9.98
$13.00 Patterns, at $8.98

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

Wool Challies.

8 pieces of Silk Striped, pretty figured, Wool Challies, sell Tuesday, at, a yard..... 30c

Black Dress Goods

BUYING TIMES.

You cannot invest your money more profitably than to buy Black Dress Goods at these figures.

44-in Black all-wool Storm Serges, 45-in Black all-wool French Serges, 40-in and 42-in Black wool Fancies, not a yard in the lot worth less than 75c, we make the price for Tuesday, at, a yard..... 49c

One lot of 46-inch Black Mohair Crepons, 44-inch and 42-inch Black all-wool Jacquards, materials that have sold up to $1.25 a yard; go Tuesday, at, a yard..... 75c

46-inch black all-wool Figured Granites, 44-inch black all-wool Brocaded Solleis, 45-inch Black Mohair Crepons, values up to $1.50 a yard; go Tuesday, at, a yard..... 98c

Another lot of those 48-inch black Mohair Crepons, that usually sell at $1.95 a yard, for Tuesday, at, a yard..... $1.45

Wash Goods.

SPECIALS—

20 pieces Sateen finish Dress Prints, in pretty designs, good colorings, worth 7c a yard; Tuesday, at, a yard..... 4½c

10 pieces of 30-inch Covert Suitings, in popular mixtures, they are just the thing for Bicycle Suits, worth fully 20c a yard; Tuesday's price, a yard..... 12½c

25 pieces of striped and fringed Cheviots, all good shades, very proper and stylish for Shirt Waists, sold everywhere at 25c a yard; here Tuesday, at, a yard..... 15c

Another lot of those 20c a yard Black Dress Sateens, Tuesday, at, a yard..... 12½c

Agent for Butterick's Patterns.
Agent for Her Majesty Corsets.

FREIMUTH'S

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, JUNE 6, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

SIDE BOARDS

Among others we are selling a good Side Board made of dark wood with good mirror and of excellent finish for ---------- $9.85

This line of Side Boards is one of the most comple in this country. It contains boards of every conceivable shape and finish; also a large line of Combination Side Boards and China Closets which are very handy and great room savers.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month
$40.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month
$70.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month

FRENCH & BASSETT,
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

We Have Them! Come and see for yourselves.
A full line of Eastman Kodaks and Supplies.
Base Balls, Bats, Masks, Gloves, Etc.
Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 West Superior Street.

Offices Duluth & Western Duluth
H. E. Smith & Co.
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.
Offices—Palladio Building and West Duluth Bank Building. See us Before Negotiating Securities.

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.
Rooms 5 and 6, Phoenix Block.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Prof. Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
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THE OLYMPIA SAILS.

There Was No Demonstration at Hong Kong When She Left.

Hong Kong, June 6.—The U. S. cruiser Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, left here at 4 o'clock this afternoon. There was no demonstration. The weather was wretched. It was blowing and raining hard at the time of the warship's departure.

Consul Wildman remained on the Olympia until the last minute, with a few friends of the admiral, who went on board to bid him farewell. At 4 o'clock sharp the ensign was run up to the peak and a large admiral's flag was hoisted at the main. The Olympia moved off with a marine guard drawn up on her poop L.

THREE-CENT FARES.

Detroit Street Railway Commission Arranges a Plan.

Detroit, June 6.—The Detroit street railway commission will tonight submit practical means for carrying out the municipal ownership of Detroit's street railways. Two ordinances will be presented to the common council, one to secure the bonds proposed to be issued by the Municipal Street Railway company (corporation proposed to be organized within the commission itself) to the Metropolitan Street Railway company, a consolidation of the various street railway companies. The other ordinance grants an operating franchise to the Municipal Street Railway company, authorizing it to operate all the lines in the city on straight 3-cent fare or five for 15 cents.

A security franchise to be given to the Metropolitan company to secure the purchase price is in process of preparation. It provides 5-cent fares, or six for 25 cents, in the event of a failure to pay for the roads and reversion of the property to its present owners.

It is believed that the ordinances will pass.

NO HOPE THERE.

The Hague Conference Will Not Discuss Political Questions.

Chicago, June 6.—The Rev. T. M. Jakimoviez of the Polish Baptist church, who recently forwarded to the American peace commissioners a memorial signed by members of nearly every Polish society in America, praying for autonomy for the kingdom of Poland, has received an answer signed by Secretary Hollis, which is in part as follows:

"In reply I am directed by the commission to call your attention to the fact that the commission at this conference is strictly representative of the president and secretary of state and must receive all instructions with reference to its action here from the state department in Washington. We could, therefore, in no case present a memorial without such instructions and besides this we regret to say that the rules and regulations of the conference exclude from discussion all questions of a strictly political nature."

AN ASSASSINATION.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 6.—Sherman Reese, assistant superintendent of the Ducktown Sulphur and Copper works, was shot from ambush and killed by unknown parties near Isabella, Polk county. The affair has created a great sensation. Bloodhounds have been sent from this city and were put on the trail tonight.

WASHOUTS IN MICHIGAN.

Benton Harbor, Mich., June 6.—Trains on all roads are delayed on account of washouts. Heavy rains late yesterday afternoon in all parts of Berrien county have swollen all the streams, and bridges are washed away. Much damage to crops, especially berries, has resulted.

MAY BE TROUBLE

Dispute Over the Promotions In the Thirteenth Minnesota Regiment.

LIND SENDS A LIST

Which Does Not Please the Officials of the War Department.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—It seems almost certain that there will be trouble among the officers and men of the Thirteenth Minnesota on the question of promotions. Already there is a marked difference of opinion between the war department and Governor Lind as to the methods to be pursued in making these promotions. The differences, it is said, grow out of representations made by friends of each side to a controversy which is becoming somewhat complicated. The trouble arises over advancing commissioned men all along the line as proposed by the war department. It is the policy in the regular army to promote officers and men for good work done in battle and for deeds of gallantry. Hence Gen. Corbin would like to promote the boys who have done the fighting, at the same time giving Ames and Friedrich honorable discharges as colonel and lieutenant colonel. Governor Lind has not consented to this, but sends in recommendations for promotions beginning with Maj. Diggles' successor and going up through the line. It is intimated today that Acting Secretary Meiklejohn may soon take action regardless of any further correspondence with the state officials of Minnesota.

* * *

R. Van Bargan, of Shanghai, China, is in Washington on important business. From remarks made by him it is clear that he has run afoul of Consul General John Goodnow. Van Bargan is a German commercial agent and represents large business interests in the Orient. Asked as to what he thought of Mr. Goodnow's administration as the representative of this country, Mr. Van Bargan said that when Goodnow first took the office at Shanghai some of the foreign residents there were impressed that the American consul was about to revolutionize matters. Prince Henry of Germany and Goodnow had a tilt that was the talk of diplomatic Shanghai for a long time. Goodnow is considered the best man the United States could have selected for the position. Speaking of opportunities for the extension of American trade in China, Van Bargan says this country does not realize its opportunities in a field that will prove most profitable to the United States in the future.

* * *

It is said by Gen. Henderson's friend's here today that he will retain Representative Morris on the rivers and harbors committee and designate him to better places on other committees than were occupied by the Sixth district congressman in the past. Judge Morris was early in evidence as a Henderson man, so he will not fare badly when the Iowan announces his committee assignments.

* * *

Mark Hanna is not to be President McKinley's manager in the national campaign next year. This information comes from a source known to be authentic, and will be verified in the very near future. The reason for Hanna's retirement is due to ill health. As soon as he can arrange his political and business affairs he leaves with his family for Aux Les Bains, France. Senator Hanna some time ago said he had worked long enough for others, and now proposed to put in a few strokes for himself, by which under recent developments he meant he proposed to rest and build up as rapidly as possible his wasted energies and tissues.

The most intimate of the junior Ohio senator's friends in Washington fear that he may not be able to return from abroad to take full charge of the campaign for Mr. McKinley and the Republican party in 1900. Public men were approached at a late hour today as to the probable successor of Hanna at the head of the national campaign committee. It was impossible for any man to designate as good a man as Hanna to conduct the campaign for the Republicans next year.

* * *

It is now definitely known that Admiral Dewey will reach this country by Oct. 1. This information comes direct from President McKinley. The chief executive imparted the news to H. C. Payne, national Republican committeeman from Wisconsin, at the White House this afternoon. The president informed Mr. Payne that Admiral Dewey would participate with him in laying the corner stone of the Chicago federal building on Oct. 10 next. This is the only definite information regarding Dewey's movements yet made public in Washington.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

HE IS INSANE.

Colorado Springs, Col., June 6.—August F. W. Hartman, of Milwaukee, Wis., who was arrested here Wednesday on the charge of attempting to poison Charles E. Livens and family by mixing strychnine with their food, has been released, having been adjudged insane. He started for Milwaukee yesterday in company with his father.

SPANISH-GERMAN TREATY.

German Minister Makes a Statement as to Cessions.

Berlin, June 6.—The minister of foreign affairs, Baron von Buelow, in the reichstag today, made a statement on the subject of the German-Spanish teraty of the cession of the Caroline, Ladrone and Pellew islands. He said that in order to round off the German possessions in the Pacific, and in view of German commercial interests which had long existed in the Caroline islands, "we considered it our duty to take care of this group, so that in the event of a change in ownership it should not be lost to Germany."

The minister then read the text of the agreement which was concluded on Feb. 12, 1899:

"First, Spain cedes the Carolines, Pelews and Ladrone islands, except the island of Guam, in consideration of a compensation of 25,000,000 pesetas.

"Second, Germany concedes the Spanish trade and agricultural enterprises in those islands the same treatment and facilities as conceded to German trade and concedes to the Spanish religious orders in the islands the same rights and liberties as the German orders.

"Third, Spain will establish naval, mercantile and coaling stations in the Carolines, Pelews and Ladrones and will be allowed to retain them in case of war.

"Fourth, this agreement is to be submitted for the constitutional sanction of the two countries and is to be ratified as soon as the sanction is given."

Continuing, Baron Von Buelow said: "An understanding has also been arrived at with Spain regarding the mutual granting of conventional tariffs, such as correspond with the wishes and interests of Germany as well as Spanish trade. Soon as the cortes shall have sanctioned the sale of the islands, we will immediately submit the necessary bills to the reichstag, which will have the opportunity of a thorough and practical examination of the matter. Until then we hope the reichstag will defer its discussion, out of international courtesy."

A BIG SHOOT.

Crookston Gun Club Will Dedicate Its New Club House Soon.

Crookston, Minn., June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Crookston Gun club will hold its fifth annual shoot on Thursday and Friday, June 29 and 30. There will be eight regular events each day. The club will also add $10 and up to each event. Besides the regular events there will be a number of sweepstakes and a house-warming, as the club will formally open its new club house, which is now in course of construction and will be finished by the above date.

It will be strictly an amateur shoot, professionals and manufacturers' agents being barred.

The club extends a general invitation to all amateur marksmen and promises a pleasant and enjoyable time at the new quarters.

The Crookston Gun club is one of the best amateur organizations in Northwestern Minnesota. President C. C. Hoch and Field Capt. Morris deserve great praise for the excellent condition of the club's affairs.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

Negotiations Are Still Pending for a Settlement.

London, June 6.—The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, replying in the house of commons today to Sir Edward Temperley Gourley, advanced Liberal, member for Sunderland, said that before the Anglo-American-Canadian high commission adjourned proposals and counter-proposals for the arbitration of the Alaskan boundary were made, but the commissioners, he added, were unable to agree respecting the tribunal and terms of reference. The negotiations, however, were still proceeding between the governments of Great Britain and the United States.

THE PRESIDENT AND WIFE.

They Sorrow Over the Death of Frank Thomson.

Philadelphia, June 6.—Among the messages of condolence received by the family of the late Frank Thomson, president of the Pennsylvania Railway company, today, was the following:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., June 6.—Miss Anne Thomson, care E. T. Postlewaite: You have the heartfelt sympathy of Mrs. McKinley and myself in the loss of your dear, devoted father. We share your sorrow.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY."

It has been decided to hold the funeral services at the late residence of Mr. Thomson on Thursday, at 11 o'clock a. m. Rev. Dr. S. K. McConnell, of Brooklyn, a close friend of Mr. Thomson, has been asked to conduct the services. The honorary pall bearers will be the directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company. The directors of the company will meet tomorrow and take action on Mr. Thomson's death. At the same time his successor will probably be temporarily chosen. The responsibility will fall to either James McCrea, first president of the lines west of Pittsburg, or S. M. Prevost, at present third vice president of the company.

In the natural line of succession John P. Green, first vice president of the Pennsylvania system, would be promoted to the presidency, but it is understood he does not desire the position.

SHORTAGE CHARGED.

Dover, N. H., June 6.—The Cocheco savings bank of this city was enjoined yesterday from paying out or receiving money, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of Harry Hough, the treasurer, who is charged with a shortage of $8,000. The Cocheco National bank also closed its doors today and National Bank Examiner Carroll is expected to take charge of the National bank at once. Hough, besides being treasurer of the savings' institution was paying teller of the National.

THE COLLEGE MEET.

Oxford, Eng., June 6.—Satisfactory cable messages have straightened out the main difficulties in the effort to arrange an athletic meeting in July between teams representing Yale and Harvard and Oxford and Cambridge. The negotiations now concern only points of details which can be easily adjusted.

FAREWELL BY GOMEZ

The Soldier and Patriot Addresses the Cuban People Before Leaving.

COUNSELS PATIENCE

Says Cuba Must Eventually Be Independent as She Deserves It.

Havana, June 6.—Gen. Maximo Gomez, the former commander-in-chief of the Cuban army, will issue his farewell manifesto today.

In substance it will say: "The mission I have been entrusted with is nearly concluded. I have attempted to find a solution of questions concerning the army which I commanded during the bloodiest war known in America. I am now leaving, regretfully, to attend to necessary private business.

"A parting word to the people for whom I have sacrificed thirty years of my life, and to my friends in the army just disbanded, which action should have been taken instantly after the removal of the bloody weight of Spain's merciless regime. We armed ourselves, and therefore now we no longer want soldiers but men for the maintenance of peace and order, which are the basis of Cuba's future welfare.

"It is necessary to understand that the nation in this epoch, most difficult and unequalled in history, should avail itself of the opportunity to show it possesses virtues, in spite of the vices caused by colonial government and the harshness of warlike life. We wanted and depended upon foreign intervention to terminate the war. This occurred at the most terrible moment of our contest and resulted in Spain's defeat. But none of us thought this extraordinary event would be followed by a military occupation of the country by our allies, who treat us as a people incapable of acting for ourselves, and who have reduced us to obedience, to submission and to a tutelage imposed by force of circumstances. This cannot be ultimate fate after the years of struggle, and we should aid by every pacific method in finishing the work of organizing, which the Americans accepted in the protocol, and which is as disagreeable for them as for ourselves. This aid will prove useless without concord among all the islanders. Therefore it is necessary to forget past disagreements to completely unite all elements and to organize a political party, which is needed in any country.

"It is always said that countries have the government which they merit, and Cuba will have that which her heroism entitles her to. Today she can only have one party in Cuba, with one object, that of obtaining the aspiration of years.

"We must devote ourselves to pacific labors; gain the respect of the world, and show them though our war was honorable our peace could be more so.

"We must make useless by our behavior the presence of a strange power in the island and must assist the Americans to complete the honorable mission they have been compelled to assume by force of circumstances.

"This work was not sought by those rich northerners, owners of the American continent. We must form immediately a committee or a club to be a nucleus of government. This will serve Cuban interests purely, and act as aid to the interveners.

"I, as one of the first Cubans, although one of our last old soldiers and not far from the grave, without passions or ambitions, call on you with the sincerity of a father and urge a cessation of the superfluous discussions and the creation of parties of all kinds which disturb the country and tend to cause anarchy.

"In this country there should be no man whom we consider a stranger. Today we no longer have autonomists or conservatives, but only Cubans.

"My mission having ended, I will absent myself temporarily to embrace my family, but I will return shortly to Cuba, which I love as much as my own land.

"My last words for my soldiers are that, as always, where my tent is the Cubans have a friend."

ON THE BAND WAGON.

New York Congressional Delegation Will Support Henderson.

New York, June 7.—The New York congressional delegation has decided to support Henderson for speaker.

Congressmen Ray and Wadsworth left the conference of New York Republicans on the speakership this afternoon. They said Congressman Littauer had introduced a resolution that the ten congressmen present indorse Congressman Sherman for the office. They said this resolution would be useless because of Congressman Henderson's strength, and they (Ray and Wadsworth) considered that the resolution would be an insult to Sereno E. Payne, the other candidate.

Representative Sherman did not go into the conference. He said it was his intention to obey the decision of the conference whatever it might be.

Those in the conference notified Mr. Sherman that they had decided to vote for him. Mr. Sherman then went into the conference and said that Mr. Henderson, of Iowa, having developed such great strength as would make him practically the only candidate, he would suggest that the delegation go over to that congressman. An informal discussion followed and it was decided to support Mr. Henderson.

Representative Sherman was requested to telegraph Mr. Henderson notifying him of this action. The conference then adjourned.

The conference was attended by six of the Republican congressmen of this state and six others were communicated with by telephone or otherwise, so that twelve of the New York delegation of fifteen had decided for Henderson. Mr. Payne, before leaving for Alaska, declared himself as in favor of the Iowan, and as his supporters, Messrs. Ray and Wadsworth, will probably follow his lead, it seems certain that Henderson will have fifteen votes from New York.

NO CHANGE.

Lebanon, Mo., June 6.—There was no material change in the condition of Representative Richard Bland today. He is still critically ill.

A Hearty Welcome Extended To All Visitors!

Duluth's Greatest Store

Offers you values measured by quality—prices measured by volume of business combined with advantages we possess in the markets of the world over all competition in this section.

Bargain Counter No. 4.
Wash Goods Sale.
5c—Percales, Corded Dimities, Fancy Dress Prints, worth from 7c to 12½c—Sale price—
5c.

Bargain Counter No. 1.
Parasols and Umbrellas.
500 Child's Parasols; sale price each 10c
500 Ladies' Umbrellas, worth $1.00, for—each 59c
500 Ladies' Gloria Silk Umbrellas, worth from $1.25 to $1.75 each for—each 99c
250 Ladies' Black Silk and Fancy Plaid Silk Umbrellas, worth up to $5; for $2.75

Cloak Department.
Grand selling of Ladies' Wash Skirts and Waists.
Ladies' Crash Skirts, made with deep hem— 98c, $1.25, $1.49
Ladies' White Pique Skirts in plain and fancy trimmed latest style cut price— $1.25, $1.49, $1.98 to $7.50
Ladies' Blue Denim Skirts, made to look very stylish; price $1.49
Blue Duck Skirts, trimmed with white, considered very swell; price— $2.75 and $2.98
Ladies' Wash Waists—49c kind; ten dozen to go on sale at 49c
25 dozen Wash Waists, all new patterns, 3 rows of tucks across the front, to go on sale at 69c
9 dozen Wash Waists, white and colored, all pretty patterns—price— 75c, 98c and $1.25
300 children's Gingham and Percale Dresses, all daintily trimmed with embroidery, sizes 2 years to 14 years old; to go on sale at— 49c, 69c, 75c and 98c
Mousseline de Soie.
At the Silk Counter, 50 pieces to choose from in Foulard Silk designs; 30 inches wide; a summer wash fabric; choice 50c
Silk Waist Patterns.
100 exclusive Waist Patterns, no two alike, strictly up-to-date; former prices $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 a yard; choice of the lot at—per yard 99c
Reduction Sale of Black Crepons.
Silk Crepons, Silk and Mohair Crepons, Mohair Crepons, former prices $2.25, $2.50 and $3.00—reduced to—per yard— $1.98, $1.39 and $1.00
Imported Dress Patterns.
Exclusive, Novelty Dress Patterns, our entire stock; former prices $35, $25 and $15, reduced to—per pattern— $19.50, $12.50, $9.50 and $7.50
Dress Goods Remnants.
All colored Dress Goods Remnants, values up to $1.50 in two lots at— 39c and 19c yd
Wash Goods Specials.
Challies—Lawns and Plaid Suitings former prices 5c, 6c and 7c; choice of the lot—a yd.. 2c
Limit 20 yards.
Apron Checked Ginghams.
Blue Checked Apron Ginghams; special—per yard 3½c
Dimities.
100 pieces choice Dimities in summer effects; 10c qualities—sale price, per yard.. 5c

Linen Department.
18-inch Linen Damask Toweling, & checked glass Toweling 8c quality; special—per yard 5½c
50 dozen Pillow cases, ready made 42x36 inch "cord hem" worth 15c; special—each 10c
10 dozen sheets, "ready made" 2½x2½ yards; cheap at 59c; special—each 45c
100 Bed Spreads, full size, ready hemmed, $1.25 quality —special, each 95c
50 dozen Turkish Towels, and pure white honeycomb Towels, size 18x38 inch, 12½c kind; special—per yard 10c
60-inch Cream Linen Damask, soft and fine 35c quality; special—per yard 25c

Linen Dept. (Continued.)
66-inch Cream Damask, heavy and soft finish; cheap at 55c special—per yard 45c
72-inch fine Cream Damask Satin finish, all pure linen, worth $1.00; special—per yd.. 85c
68-inch fine bleached Damask, pure linen, good value at 98c, special—per yard 85c

Ladies' Underwear
Sale of Great Magnitude.
At 12½c—Ladies' Ribbed Vests, in all fancy colors, Blue, Pink, Stripes, White and Ecrue, low neck and Short Sleeves, and sleeveless, and are worth 20c 12½c
At 19c—Fancy Swiss ribbed; in Ecrue and White, silk taped and silk crochet edge, and are worth 25c 19c
At 29c—White Jersey Ribb Vests and Pants, vest high neck, long and short sleeves; pants French bands, knee length; they are worth 50c 29c
At 49c—our celebrated "Harvard" Swiss Ribb, white and ecrue, vests high neck, long and short sleeves; pants French band, ankle and knee length; they are worth 75c 49c
At 50c—Fine Jersey Ribb Union Suits, white and Ecru, low neck, sleeveless, knee lengths, shaped and silk taped; they are worth 75c 50c
At 98c—Ladies' Union Suits, cotton and Lisle thread, black, white and ecru, high neck, long and short sleeves, also low neck and sleeveless, knee length; these are special values, and are worth $1.50 ..... 98c

Carpet Department
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS—Best 10-wire goods; nice line of patterns; regular value 80c; for this week—per yard 65c
INGRAINS—Extra heavy all-wool Ingrain, worth 62c a yard —all this week 55c
UNION INGRAINS—Good patterns, cheap at 35c a yd; all this week 25c

Curtain Dept.
TAPESTRY PORTIERES—Fringe top and bottom, regular $1.85 quality; all this week—per pair $1.45
SWISS RUFFLED CURTAINS—100 pairs 3 yards long, a bargain at $1.00; as long as they last—per pair 59c
JAP CREPE—For Drapery or Comfortables, 12½c kind; all this week —per yard 5c

Shoe Department.
Style and Quality considered, we guarantee our prices to be lower than any Shoe house in the city.
Ladies' Vici Kid Shoes, lace or button, light flexible sole, others advertise them as a $3.50 for $2.50; we have but one price, and that is... $2.50
Ladies' Dongola Kid, lace or button, in tan or black, equal to any Shoe sold in the city for $2.00; we sell them for $1.50
Ladies' Oxfords and Strap Sandals, in tan or black —all sizes 99c
Little Gents' $1.50 and $1.75 box calf and kid Shoes, sizes 8½ to 13; on bargain table— price $1.25
Youth's Satin Calf Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, sold elsewhere at $1.25; our price 99c
Ladies' Serge Buskins, for summer wear, comfortable and cool 29c
Men's, boys' and youths' Tennis Slippers, all at one price 48c

Mid-Week Sale
Of extra fine Carnations, worth 50c per dozen, go at 19c

Candies.
2000 pounds assorted Candy, warranted absolutely pure, worth 15c, sale price, lb 10c

NE IMPUNE LACESSIT
PANTON & WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

WANT TO JOIN US

People of St. Kitts Island, In West Indies, Issue a Plebiscite.

NEGROES OPPOSE IT

But the White People Are Very Anxious for Annexation.

Kingston, Jamaica, May 30.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The abstract question of the political possibility and the industrial and commercial desirability of the annexation of the British West Indies to the United States is nothing new. As a matter of casual discussion at least it has been on the cards since 1867, when Gen. Grant developed the scheme for acquiring the Danish islands.

It, however, remained for the American conquest of Cuba and Porto Rico to awaken the English colonists to a full realization of the outlook. The Americanization of those two islands presents a most serious menace to the industrial and commercial prosperity of their British neighbors, and it is only natural that the English colonists should have been attracted by Andrew Carnegie's suggestion to exchange the British West Indies for the Philippines.

As far back as August of last year the question of securing annexation to the United States was mooted in Jamaica. Nothing came of it, however. A plebiscite was suggested in certain circles and the community was not wanting in sympathy with the proposal. But, on the other hand, the extreme antagonism of the colored population was so marked that the most enthusiastic annexationist realized the then impracticability of a plebiscite. Consequently the matter was speedily shelved.

The continued industrial decadence of the islands under the unfair treatment of the mother country and the ever-growing menace of Cuba and Porto Rico has again brought the question into prominence. In this case it is the island of St. Kitts that has taken the initiative and made some definite move. While Jamaica, on the principle of half a loaf being better than no bread, insists on securing commercial reciprocity with the United States, St. Kitts has come forward with a plebiscite asking for actual annexation.

As might have been expected, the West Indian newspapers as a whole, being mostly in the hands of colored men, to whom the very word American is odious, have denounced the plebiscite and endeavored to obscure its significance. Under the circumstances the St. Kitts annexationists have issued a manifesto to the sister colonies, setting forth their position and furnishing seven reasons why West Indians should seek admission into the United States.

This manifesto, signed by the most prominent men in the island, excited widespread attention, and promises to bring the whole question to an acute stage.

SCHEME OF MEDIATION.

Revised Plan Is Read to the Hague Conference.

The Hague, June 6.—The arbitration committee of the peace conference held a meeting today under the chairmanship of M. Leon Bourgeois. The secretary of the drafting committee read the scheme of mediation, it had had under consideration.

Articles one and two are declaratory—to the effect that the signatory powers, in order to prevent a recourse to force, have agreed to effect pacific solutions of differences and will, except in exceptional circumstances, before an appeal to force have recourse to the mediation of one or more friendly powers.

Article 3.—"Independently of a recourse to such amicable means, the signatories deem it expedient that one or more powers not concerned in the conflict should offer, of its or their own initiative and, so far as circumstances will permit, its or their good offices of mediation to the States at variance. The right to offer good offices of mediation belongs to powers not concerned in the conflict, even during the course of actual hostilities; and the exercise of this right can never be considered by the parties at variance as an unfriendly act."

Article 4 provides that the role of mediator shall consist in the reconciliation of conflicting claims and the allaying of bitterness between states at variance.

Article 5 defines the limitation of the functions of a mediator, and says they shall cease on the moment when it is stated by one of the parties to the dispute, or by the mediator, that the arrangements on the basis of a friendly understanding proposed by him is not accepted.

Article 6 says that the good offices contemplated, either at the instance of the parties at variance or on the initiative of uninvolved powers, are exclusively of the character of friendly counsel.

Article 7 asserts: "Acceptance of mediation cannot have the effect, except by virtue of a convention to the contrary, of interrupting or retarding or hampering mobilization or other preparations for war. If mediation intervenes after the opening of hostilities it shall not interrupt, except by virtue of a convention to the contrary, military operations in course of execution."

Article 8—"The signatories are in accord to recommend, all circumstances permitting it, special mediation in the following form: In the event of grave differences threatening peace, the states at variance shall choose respectively a power to which each shall confide the mission of entering into deliberations with the power chosen by the other side, in order to prevent a rupture of friendly relations, during the currency of their mandate, which except in the event of a stipulation to the contrary, shall not exceed thirty days. The question in dispute shall be considered as referred exclusively to these powers. They shall apply all their efforts to settle the dispute amicably in the event of an actual rupture of friendly relations, shall remain charged with the mission of taking advantage of every occasion to restore peace."

The draft was adopted without modification, although the committee stipulated that it should be subject to modification at the second reading.

THE PE BARAS CONVICTED.

Chicago, June 6.—Baron Edgar de Bara, and his wife, Fanny, were found guilty in the United States district court, of having used the United States mails to defraud residents of Great Britain. The jury returned a verdict of guilty in both cases after a deliberation of three hours. The extreme penalty for the total of twenty-five counts is a fine of $25,000 and twelve years' imprisonment. Judge Kohlsaat reserved sentence until the arguments for a new trial are made by the defendants' attorney. Both prisoners received the verdict quietly and expressed themselves as confident of a new trial and final acquittal.

A PERUVIAN ELECTION.

Lima, Peru, via Galveston, June 6.—The election of Senhor Eduarde Romans as president and of Senhors Alzamora and Bresani as first and second vice presidents respectively, has been secured by a trifling number of votes over the minimum required by law.

Father Time's scythe is a weapon that no man can escape. Sooner or later it must lay all men low.

With premature death it is different. Nature intended that every man should live a long and useful life, and die a peaceful, painless death. Men defeat the intention of a beneficent Providence by the manner in which they live, their disregard of the laws of health and their utter failure to protect health when it is threatened and restore it when it is lost. The most common result of neglect of health is that dread disease, consumption. Not many years ago it was considered incurable. Now it is known that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure 98 per cent. of all cases if taken in time. That is its record during a period of thirty years. Many of the thankful patients have permitted their names, experiences and photographs to be reproduced in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Any sufferer who wishes to investigate these cases may secure a copy of this book *free*, by sending 21 one-cent stamps *to cover cost of mailing only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and then write to the patients themselves. In consulting Dr. R. V. Pierce by letter, the sufferer consults a skillful specialist who for thirty years has been chief consulting physician to the great Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. With the assistance of a staff of able physicians, he has successfully treated tens of thousands of cases of bronchial, throat and lung affections. He will cheerfully answer letters from all sufferers, without charge. Address the Doctor as above.

"I had bronchitis for eighteen years and I was treated by three physicians, but all failed," writes David Wartzenluft, Esq., of Shoemakersville, Berks Co., Pa. "They told me there was no cure for me. I then used Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and was entirely cured. My weight is now 172 pounds."

THE ACTOR FILIPINOS.

Permitted to Land, On Agreeing To Return Home.

Washington, June 6.—Mr. Powderly, commissioner of immigration, has issued instructions to the officials of his service at San Francisco to land the company of Filipino actors who have been detained there for some weeks pending a final determination of the case. In the course of his letter Mr. Powderly says that the persons having a contract with the Filipinos and that were instrumental in bringing them to this country assert that it was their intention to procure the services of natives of the Philippine Islands who would be only fair types of people of that race.

"That in addition, they should be competent to illustrate the domestic life, habits and customs of their countrymen and that they should be users of such recognized ability as to enable them to faithfully portray, as actors, the scenes and incidents of life in the Philippines to sing the native songs and dance the native dances of the Filipinos, and further to illustrate the games and festivals which form a part of their domestic life and that under no circumstances would they be allowed to perform any service in competition with American labor."

Mr. Powderly has secured a pledge from the persons bringing the company over that they will execute a new contract with the Filipinos which will provide that their services will be for the purpose of exhibiting the songs, dances games and plays of said islands, and that they shall be returned to their native country at the cost and expense of the contractors at the specified time in the original contract."

THE BATTLE WON.

Meeting of Iowa Congressmen Is Called Off.

Des Moines, Iowa, June 6.—The meeting of the Iowa congressional delegation, which was to have been held here today for the purpose of pushing the candidacy of Col. Henderson for the speakership, has been called off. Col. Henderson has evidently concluded that the battle is won, for he notified the members of the delegation that in his opinion the necessity for the meeting no longer existed.

AN ISSUE SUPPRESSED.

Berlin, June 6.—The proceedings against the New York Herald for lese majeste for printing the verses of the song, "Hoch, Der Kaiser," which Capt. Joseph B. Coghlan of the United States cruiser Raleigh gave at the Union League club, New York city, last April, have resulted in an order by the court directing the suppression of that issue of the newspaper.

ROBERT WALLACE DEAD.

London, June 6.—Robert Wallace, Liberal member of parliament for East Edinburgh, who, while speaking during the debate on the grant to Gen. Kitchener, of Khartoum, was seized with cerebral paralysis, is dead.

THE ALASKA RAILWAY.

San Francisco, June 6.—The tracks of the White Pass railway will be completed to Lake Bennett by July 1. The schedule time from Puget sound ports to Dawson will then be about eight days.

Detroit, Mich., and Return, Rail and Lake, $10.

Come and talk to us, 426 Spalding Hotel block, Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway.

A Senator's Wife

made over three thousand calls in person and by card during one winter season in Washington. She was utterly exhausted in the spring and kept her bed almost all summer to regain strength for the next winter. Had she systematically taken

Pabst Malt Extract
The Best Tonic

night and morning every day, she would have been strengthened, sustained and nourished, so that at the end of the season, instead of being vitally depleted and ready to die, she would doubtless have been in good physical condition or even in most excellent health.

At all drug stores.

CRUEL WAR IS OVER

All the Natives of Samoa Have Given Up Their Arms.

TELLING TROUBLES

Mataafa Expresses Willingness to Abide By Commission's Decision.

Apia, Samoa, May 31, via Auckland, N. Z., June 6.—Malietoa and Tamasese have visited the members of the Samoan commission on board the United States transport Badger and Mataafa visited them the following day. Neither of them was recognized as king. Mataafa expressed willingness to abide by the commissioners' decision and blamed the Europeans for the troubles here. The commissioners informed him that they had power to establish a government with or without a king. Mataafa thought the Samoans should have a king, but expressed willingness to disarm his followers and leave the matter in the hands of the commission.

The Germans acted for the first time in many months with the representatives of the other powers and have officially sent a guard ashore.

The naval authorities and the mission societies have submitted their views to the commission and the latter, by proclamation, fixed May 27 as the date for the natives to surrender their arms. Mataafa, however, asked for an extension of the time until today, when he surrendered 1800 guns on board the Badger. The Malietoans are now disarmed.

The United States cruiser Philadelphia, flying the flag of Admiral Kautz, sailed May 21, and the British and German consuls, E. B. S. Maxse and Herr Rose, proceed to Europe June 17.

Queen Victoria's birthday was celebrated with rejoicing, about 300 strong men of the Malietoa party attending the festivities at Mulinuu, in the presence of British and naval officers. The procession visited the graves of the British and Americans and then marched to the graves of the Germans who were slain in the battle of Fagalt in 1879. The Americans fired a salute over the German graves.

The natives are gaining confidence and are freely submitting their grievances to the commission. The natives brought here from other islands at the time of the disturbance will be returned to their homes and all the warships will then leave Samoa at an early date.

The chief justice, William L. Chambers, will continue the sittings of the supreme court. Dr. Wilhelm Solf, the newly arrived German president of the municipal council here, has not yet assumed his duties.

The commissioners are reticent, but it is understood they are considering a reduction of the cost of the administration as established by the Berlin treaty and that the number of officials may be reduced.

The residents of Apia express dissatisfaction at the indications given by the commission that the rebels will not be punished and that they will also be paid for arms illegally imported. They consider this a bad precedent and have admitted this is too early to eradicate the action of the commissioners.

The American engineering staff has arrived here and will proceed to erect a naval jetty and coal stores at Pango Pango.

Judge Mulligan, the former American consul, has arrived here to conduct the compensation claims and defend Mataafa. But the commission has intimated that no notice will be taken of the claims beyond recording them, and it is possible the commission will ask even power to compensate its own citizens or subjects, as the case may be.

OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED.

Washington, June 6.—The secretary of state has received the following cablegram from Bartlett Tripp, the United States representative on the Samoan commission:

"Apia, May 31, via Auckland, N. Z., June 6.—Mataafa disarmed. Over 1800 rebels surrendered.

TRIPP."

COWS HAD CONSUMPTION.

Governor Tanner Watches a Test In the Stockyards.

Chicago, June 6.—Governor Tanner at the stock yards yesterday witnessed the slaughtering of twenty-seven cows in a test conducted by the board of health and the state board of live stock commissioners. Twenty-five were found to be in an advanced stage of consumption and the other two had well developed cases. This herd came from a dairy farm in Sangamon county that supplies the governor's household with milk and he expressed himself very forcibly on the subject.

"That test demonstrates," said he, "the danger that constantly confronts the public and proves that the live stock commissioners should be invested with power to examine every herd in the state whether private or not. Dr. Lovejoy tells me that this herd is the worst that has been met yet. Why, they were simply rotten with disease, which must certainly spread the germs of tuberculosis."

LYNCHED A FIEND.

People of Cuba Get Even With Weyler's Agent.

Havana, June 6.—A dispatch from San Antonio dos Lostanos says that Pose Labreget, a notorious agent of Gen. Weyler, who outraged defenseless women and killed children, arrived there recently. His appearance was the signal for a gathering of relatives and friends of those whom he formerly prosecuted. The excitement continued through the day and Sunday night. About midnight a crowd surrounded the house where he was and began to threaten him. He attempted to escape and, on meeting the demonstrators, emptied his revolver, wounding two persons. The crowd closed in and captured him, and he was lynched in the public square.

The anxiety following the excitement caused a commission of Spaniards to come to Havana to ask the interference of Gen. Brooke. He could not receive them before a late hour of the evening, but he readily offered to send a detachment of American soldiers to the town. The commission, which left San Antonio before the lynching returned to find Labreget dead.

TO VISIT MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, June 6.—Henry C. Payne, who went East armed with invitations from several societies and the president McKinley to visit Milwaukee on his Western trip, wires that the president has consented to include a city in the itinerary.

SAMOANS DISARMING.

Apia, Samoan Islands, May 31, via Auckland, N. Z., June 6.—Both native factions, the Malietoans and the Mataafans, are disarming. Mataafa has surrendered 1500 guns.

LIFE SAVED BY SWAMP ROOT.

The Wonderful New Discovery in Medical Science.

SAMPLE BOTTLE SENT FREE BY MAIL.

Swamp-Root, discovered by the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, is wonderfully successful in promptly curing kidney, bladder and uric acid troubles.

Some of the early symptoms of weak kidneys are pain or dull ache in the back, rheumatism, dizziness, headache, nervousness, catarrh of the bladder, gravel or calculi, bloating, sallow complexion, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, suppression of urine or compelled to pass water often day and night.

The mild and extraordinary effect of the famous new discovery, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best.

Sold by druggists in 50 cent and $1 sizes. You may have a sample bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and a pamphlet that tells all about it, including many of the thousands of letters received from sufferers cured, both sent free by mail. Write Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and please mention that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald.

THE POSSE ROUTED.

Wyoming Train Robbers Shoot Down Three Horses.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 6.—The sheriff's posse, which left Casper in pursuit of three of the Union Pacific train robbers, overtook them when thirty miles out, and were given a severe setback in the fight which followed, the robbers shooting three of their horses and stampeding two others. The posse followed the trail of the robbers almost due north and over high, sandy, rolling prairie. The bandits had been following high ridges, but after leaving Teapot rocks struck down a draw to the head of Teapot creek, and followed along the creek bottom for six miles. At a high cliff of rock the bandits turned abruptly to the left and rode into the rocks. They were seen by the posse following closely, one man trailing them while the others rode to the side. Within 200 yards of the rocks, Charles Halliby and E. T. Payten were in the lead. Suddenly two shots rang out and Payton's horse went down with a bullet through the heart. The whole posse dismounted and ran in among the rocks under cover. In a few minutes other shots were fired by the robbers, but only two shots were fired in return as they were completely hidden behind rocks and could not be seen. A few minutes afterward J. E. Long, of the posse, with a bad horse some distance behind, came up and the robbers put a ball through his horse lengthwise, and rained bullets around him like hail. Two more of the horses stampeded down the trail to the east, and the posse was demoralized. The robbers took advantage of this to beat a hasty retreat, and as it was too dark to follow them the pursuit ceased until morning. Two of the posse returned to Casper, where reinforcements were mounted on good horses and immediately started out to take the trail. If the robbers succeeded in reaching Hole in the Wall the fastnesses will be surrounded, and a determined effort made to capture them.

BASEBALL.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 14; Cleveland, 2.
At Washington—Washington, 11; St. Louis, 3.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 13; Pittsburg, 5.
At Baltimore—Chicago, 9; Baltimore, 5.
At Boston—Boston, 10; Cincinnati, 5.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Kansas City, 19; Indianapolis, 7.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 7; St. Paul, 1.
At Columbus—Minneapolis, 5; Columbus, 3.
At Detroit—Milwaukee, 9; Detroit, 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	42	32	.711
Boston	41	28	.683
Chicago	43	26	.605
St. Louis	42	25	.595
Philadelphia	41	24	.585
Baltimore	42	23	.548
Cincinnati	40	21	.525
Pittsburg	40	17	.425
New York	41	17	.415
Washington	43	14	.326
Louisville	43	13	.302
Cleveland	38	8	.211

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Minneapolis	36	20	.556
Milwaukee	36	20	.556
Kansas City	38	19	.500
Columbus	38	18	.474
Detroit	38	16	.368
Indianapolis	41	16	.351
Buffalo	39	15	.385
Kansas City	39	15	.385

ANOTHER CLUB CLOSED.

Paris, June 6.—The government has closed the Puteau Athletic club, which numbered among its members Count Christiani and many others of those who took part in the demonstration against President Loubet at the Auteuil race course on Sunday.

TO FIGHT PAPER TRUST.

Chicago, June 6.—Printers and lithographers met here for the purpose of taking action against the threatened advance in the price of print paper when the combination of manufacturers of paper is completed. A temporary organization with W. B. Brewster, of St. Paul, as president, was formed.

IN A SMALL VESSEL.

San Francisco, June 6.—The 5-ton schooner Coke has sailed from this port for Manila, Capt. Freitch, the sole occupant of the little vessel, expects to reach the Philippines in sixty days.

MAY BE MURDER.

City of Mexico, June 6.—Capt. Lorenzo Santibanez, the leader of the presidential staff band, who has frequently taken that organization to the United States, was shot and instantly killed Sunday night. Capt. Santibanez was at a party given at the house of Alejandro Cassilao, who, pretending to jest at the expense of Capt. Santibanez, pointed a pistol at him. The pistol went off and the bullet entered the left eye of Capt. Santibanez, causing instant death. At midnight Cassilao was arrested and the law will determine whether it is a case of murder or an accident.

ENGLAND WOULD VETO.

Auckland, N. Z., June 6.—At the queen's birthday celebration in Samoa it was officially announced that Great Britain would absolutely veto any proposition that Mataafa should ever become king.

TWO DEFICIENT.

West Point, N. Y., June 6.—These candidates for admission to the military academy were found deficient before the medical board today: Carl D. Thomas, of Michigan; M. J. Raymond, of Wisconsin.

Detroit, Mich., and Return, $10, Rail and Lake.

Tickets to be sold only on June 6. Remember the date. Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

Half Rate Excursions

SOUTH AND WEST.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

June 6 and 20, home-seeker round trip tickets at one fare plus $2 to points in Arkansas, Arizona, Alabama, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Minnesota, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, Iowa, Missouri, Washington, British Columbia, West and South generally. Full information and tickets at St. Paul & Duluth office, 332 West Superior street.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

Yesterday was the hottest day of the season in New York and there were many cases of prostration. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the thermometer registered 97 degrees in the shade. At 8 o'clock in the morning the mercury stood at 80 degrees and it continued to climb until it reached 97 degrees and then began to fall slowly.

At Cincinnati, the mercury yesterday afternoon registered 96 degrees. Three sunstrokes were reported, of which that of James G. Thompson, an inmate of Cincinnati hospital, was fatal.

Word has reached Chicago that negotiations for the proposed $50,000,000 plow trust have all but been abandoned.

The First bank of Skagway has closed its doors and J. G. Price has been appointed receiver. The liabilities of the bank are estimated at $16,000; assets, $18,000.

The Democrats of the District of Columbia held an enthusiastic meeting last night, at which many speeches eulogizing Bryan and endorsing him for the next president were made.

The deal which had for its purpose the consolidation of the leading street car works of the country has fallen through.

Wid Ables, a negro, assaulted Mrs. Vicey Ekkerton, a young white woman, living near Boxley, Ga. A posse pursued and captured him, and he is now in jail. It is believed the law will be allowed to take its course.

Frank R. Sherwin, promoter, of No. 1 Exchange Place, New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with known liabilities of $80,411 and no assets.

Congressman David B. Henderson received further evidence of support last night in a message from Gen. Henry H. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, who notified him that thirteen congressmen of that state were for him and that he might secure twenty. Gen. Bingham was one of the candidates for speaker.

Governor Mount of Indiana is threatened with bronchial pneumonia. His physician says the attack is not necessarily of an alarming nature.

Prominent members of the Kentucky Distillers and Warehouse association have received definite information that the attempt to make a combination of the rye distillers of the East had been abandoned as a total failure.

The Grank Trunk railway trackmen are again on a strike. The trouble was supposed to have been settled Saturday night. By the arrangement the men were to receive a raise of 10 cents a day for the present and the question of a subsequent increase was to be left to arbitration. When the men reported for duty they were refused tools and were told that they would have to apply for positions the same as an outsider. This the men refused to do and the strike was declared on again.

The United States transport McPherson arrived in quarantine last night from San Juan, Porto Rico, and Santiago, Cuba.

The National City bank of New York will export $1,000,000 in gold today by the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, of the North German Lloyd line. The gold will probably be taken from the sub-treasury and will be exported in the form of coin.

Farmers and retail dealers in agricultural implements will have to pay more for their plows, harrows, seeders and implements of a kindred nature in the future. At a meeting of manufacturers of these implements of farm industry it was decided to make a general raise in the price of all agricultural implements.

Work on an electric road which will extend from Cleveland to Indianapolis was begun at Findley, Ohio. Sixty-five-pound rails are to be used and the road will be equipped so that a schedule of fifty miles an hour can be made.

Frank Thomson, president of the Pennsylvania railway, died at his home at Merion, near Philadelphia last evening.

By direction of the president, Brig. Gen. Charles King, who has been in charge at San Francisco from service in the Philippines, has been honorably discharged from the volunteer army, to take effect Aug. 2.

Liabilities amounting to $236,650 are scheduled in a petition of bankruptcy filed in the United States district court at Chicago by Julius Wile, who was in the wall paper in the engraving and publishing business. No scheduled no assets.

The United States transport Meade, from Porto Rico, was sighted near the bar yesterday coming in. She has on board the Nineteenth regiment infantry, which goes to San Francisco, sailing thence on June 20 for the Philippines.

AMONG THE PUGS.

At Buffalo before the Olympic Athletic club last night, Al Welnig, of Buffalo, knocked out Jon Beckwith, of Cleveland, in the second round of a ten round scheduled for twenty rounds at ten pounds.

Kid Goodette, of Rochester, and Sam Bowden, the New York colored boxer, fought a 20-round draw last night before the Metropolitan club in Wheeling, W. Va.

Kid McCoy, the pugilist, passed through Chicago yesterday en route to New York to challenge the winner of the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight Friday night.

At the West End club in St. Louis last night, Jim Scanlon, of Pittsburg, knocked out Charlie Lawler, of St. Paul, in the first round of a 20-round contest. Both men are heavyweights. The large crowd of sporting men who had assembled to see the fight were disappointed at its shortness.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The rumor that Germany has offered to exchange a cable station in the Carolinas for a similar station in the Philippines is contradicted in Berlin.

Joseph Meyers, the traveling representative in Asia of the Singer Sewing company, met a horrible death in the harbor of Hong Kong May 1. While in the act of visiting some naval officers aboard the U. S. S. Charleston, he was crushed and instantly killed by a boat which fell from the warship. The news of the accident was brought in a private letter from Hong Kong.

Maj. the Honorable A. S. Harding, the brother of Viscount Harding, a brilliant and popular officer of the Scots Fusiliers, who was thrown from his horse in Hyde park last Wednesday, died last evening.

A dispatch from Cayenne, capital of French Guiana, says that Dreyfus was yesterday transferred to the military authorities. He will stay on Isle Royale until Thursday, when he will embark upon the French cruiser Sfax in the roads of Isle Royale.

A HEAVY WIND.

Valparaiso, Ind., June 6.—A heavy storm swept over this city last evening. The wind swept away large smoke stacks on the electric light plant, crashing into the roof, disabling the plant. The auditorium of the Normal, the largest building in the city, was half unroofed and the interior of the building badly damaged.

A FATAL COLD.

Columbus, Ohio, June 6.—Dr. W. E. Moore, one of the oldest and best known Presbyterian divines in the country, died yesterday afternoon from bronchitis contracted at Minneapolis during the recent Presbyterian general assembly, of which body he was permanent clerk. He served in the Second United States infantry during the Black Hawk war in 1837-38, and during the civil war was a lieutenant in a Pennsylvania battery. Dr. Moore was 87 years of age.

BLAND VERY ILL.

Lebanon, Mo., June 6.—Congressman Richard P. Bland's condition is very serious and grave fears are entertained for his recovery. All the members of his family are at his bedside. The patient is suffering from nervous prostration, the result of an attack of grip shortly after his return from Washington, and has been confined to his room for two months.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

Chicago, June 5.—Bids were advertised for today, for furnishing the war department with $1,500,000 worth of supplies, consisting chiefly of clothing and other articles, part of the regular supplies furnished the army every year. The bids will be opened in Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston June 20, and the contracts will be awarded by the war department at Washington. This is the first opportunity ever given Western manufacturers to compete with Eastern firms in furnishing the government with this class of supplies.

THE BAREFOOT KING.

Tomb of a Hawaiian Ruler Has Been Robbed.

San Francisco, June 6. The report comes from Honolulu that when the tomb of Lunalilo, the "Barefoot King of Hawaii," was recently opened it was found that the remains had been removed and the metal casket contained only portions of the grave cloth. It is surmised that the body may have been taken by natives to a heathen grave in the mountains.

Lunalilo was elected king in 1873, but thirteen months afterwards died of consumption. A though possessed of a large fortune, he insisted on going about the streets barefooted at all times. By his will, which was not opened until 1881, he left his entire fortune to found a home for aged Hawaiians.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

"THERE IS SCIENCE IN NEATNESS."
BE WISE AND USE

SAPOLIO

Fifty Cents Per Box

TRADE MARK **Palmo Tablets**

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

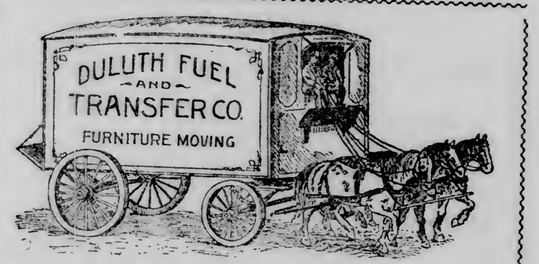
stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, life-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, Etc., a box (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH Druggist.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

BEFORE AFTER

This Great Vegetable Vitalizer will quickly cure all nervous, or diseases of the generative organs brought on by youthful errors or excesses, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Spermatorrhœa, Rainsh Rash, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Bashfulness, Varicocele and Constipation. Stops losses by day or night. Prevents sickness of discharge, which leads to Spermatorrhœa and Impotency. Cleanses the Liver, Kidneys and urinary organs of all impurities. Strengthens and restores small weak organs. $1.00 a box; 6 for $5.00. Guaranteed to cure. Send for free circulars and 2000 testimonials. Dayol Medicine Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by MAX WIRTH Druggist, Duluth, Minn.



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Employ none but experienced men. Responsible for all breakages. Reasonable in prices. Get estimates before moving.

DULUTH FUEL & TRANSEER COMPANY
Office—401 West Superior Street.

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Made a Well Man of Me

THE GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

Royal Medicine Co. 266 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by B. F. BOYCE, druggist.

MAKE PERFECT MEN

DO NOT DESPAIR! Do not Suffer Longer! The joys and ambitions of life can be restored to you. The very worst cases of **Nervous Debility** are absolutely cured by **PERFECTO TABLETS.** Give prompt relief to insomnia, failing memory and the waste and drain of vital powers, incurred by indiscretions or excesses of early years. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Brace up the system. Give bloom to the cheeks and lustre to the eyes of young or old. One 50c box renews vital energy. 5 boxes $2.50 a complete guaranteed cure or money refunded. Can be carried in vest pocket. Sold everywhere, or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price by THE PERFECTO CO., Gaties Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Duluth, Minn., by MAX WIRTH and B. F. BOYCE, druggists.

Trade Mark **BIG G** CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

A SLUMP IN WHEAT

Market Started Out Weak Again and Prices Took a Decline.

THE CABLES LOWER

Large Receipts at Duluth, Minneapolis and Chicago--- Good Crop Weather.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 6.—The wheat market was again weak and declining this morning. The news was bearish and very similar to what it was yesterday. The receipts here and at Minneapolis and Chicago were very heavy as compared with a year ago and the weather in the wheat belts was favorable to the growing crops. The cables were also weak, wheat at Liverpool being 1¾d lower. There was a report from Russia that the damage from drouth is increasing, but this had little effect in view of the bearish news and the large amount of wheat offered for sale. The close was 1¾c lower than yesterday here and 1¾c lower at Chicago for the July option. September declined 1¾c both here and at Chicago.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July opened ⅛c down at 75¾c, sold at 76⅛c at 9:32, at 75⅞c at 9:35, again at 76⅛c at 10, declined to 75⅝c at 11, reacted to 76c at 12 and fell off to 75¾c at 1 o'clock. It closed at 75¾c, being 1¾c under yesterday. September closed at 74¾c, a net loss for the day of 1¾c. Cash stuff was quiet at ⅛c under July for wheat in store and the July price for wheat to arrive. About 50,000 bus changed hands. Oats declined ¼c, rye fell off ⅛c, corn lost ⅛c, while barley was unchanged. Cash flax declined 1c and September flax lost ¼c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77¾c; July, 77¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74¾c; July, 75¾c; September, 75¾c. No. 2 northern, cash, 72¾c; spring, 68¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 77¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c. Oats, 28¾@29¼c. Rye, 56½c. Barley, 32c. Flax, 81½c. September, 82¾c. Corn, 32⅝c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 236; corn, 10; oats, 19; rye, 3; barley, 6; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 187,295 bus; corn, 100,916 bus; rye, 5,172 bus; barley, 834 bus; flax, 1055 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 271,092 bus; corn, 54,675 bus.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 hard, 40 cars.....to arrive....80,758
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus to arrive....76¾
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus to arrive....76
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus to arrive....75¾
No. 1 northern, 5 cars on track....76¾
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus on track....76¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car on track....77¾
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus to arrive....75¾
No. 2 northern, 3 cars on track....73¾
No. 2 northern, 5 cars on track....72¾

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended June 3, 1899:

	Bbls.
Production by local mills	32,750
Receipts by rail	139,585
EXports	5,800
Total shipments	15,950
Stocks in store	92,787

BOARD NOTES.

Total clearances today—Wheat and flour, 295,000 bus; corn, 305,000 bus.

Chicago wires: St. Louis parties are selling wheat here today on account of weakness in their own market.

Today's Northwest weather—Valley City, part cloudy, rained hard all night; Oakes, cloudy, raining, rained hard all night; farmers complaining of washing wheat out in low lands flooded; Fergus Falls, part cloudy, heavy rain last night; Jamestown, cloudy, 62 above, heavy rain last night, complains of too much rain here; Grand Forks, part cloudy, 62 above, rained hard last night; Fargo, part cloudy, rained hard last night; 62 above. Crookston, summary, Wednesday wheat, visible increase, 1,943,000 bus; wheat east of Rockies, increase, 1,753,000 bus; Europe afloat, decrease, 240,000 bus; corn, increase, 312,000 bus; oats, increase, 1,000 bus.

July wheat, puts, 75c; calls, 75c. July corn, puts, 32c; calls, 32½c. Good all this week in the Chicago market.

In several localities of the Northwest rains for several days have been heavy and to some extent low field flooded. The bulk of the ground, however, shows good conditions, with the grain presenting a healthy, dark green color and rapid growth, largely overcoming the result of late seeding in the north. High lands are greatly benefited by the heavy rains, compensating on the whole for the excess of moisture on low lands. In the counties that were late, owing to the heavy rains in the spring, there is a shortage in the acreage of perhaps 25 per cent, sold later with flax, barley and oats. Altogether the situation is favorable throughout with prospects now looking to a large crop of all grains if weather conditions prove favorable during the remainder of its season. Some of the Red River county reports indicate a yield well up to last year, while all south of them are called by experts on the spot as good as in 1898. The heavy rains created anxiety least the present prospects might be reduced by them, but since the rains have blown over, much of that feverish anxiety is dispelled and farmers are now looking forward with hopefulness of good results.

E. E. Baker said at the opening: Wheat cables are lower. The gimp seems to be out of the market for the time; think wheat will break today.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Heavy Selling of Wheat and the Price Declines.

Chicago, June 6.—Everything on change except provisions was weak today. The influences governing wheat were much the same as yesterday. Receipts here and in the Northwest were heavy, the weather generally was favorable and cables were lower. There was a selling rush at the opening and initial prices showed a recession from yesterday's close of from 5⅝@7⅝c. July ranging from 76⅛@76⅝c. There was a good demand from shorts and outsiders at the decline and a gradual recovery to 76⅝c took place, that price holding until influential selling began. There was no apparent limit to the offerings and July declined 2¼c from the top before 11 o'clock. Northwest receipts were 340, 215 of contract grade. Russia reported drought damage increasing, but this had little effect. July opened 76¼@76⅝c, advanced to 76⅞c and declined to 75¾c.

Corn was moderately active and weak, influenced by the fine weather and large receipts, 901 cars. Commission houses were prominent sellers. July opened 32½@32⅝c lower at 29⅝@29⅞c, advanced to 30⅛@30⅜c and reacted to 29¾c.

Oats ruled weak and lower with other grain markets. Receipts were 220 cars. July opened ⅛c lower at 25½@25⅝c, sold at 25¾@25⅞c and reacted to 25¾c.

Provisions were quiet, but steady. There was a fair demand for all products, with packers moderate sellers. Hog receipts were light. July pork opened a shade higher at $8.20 and sold at $8.17; July lard opened unchanged at $5.02 and sold at $5.02@5.05; July ribs a shade higher at $4.65.

Weakness at Liverpool, notwithstanding the reports of Russian drought unsettled the minds of local traders, who could not reconcile reports of European crop damage with the declining Liverpool market. The market became very weak when closing Liverpool figures were posted, showing 1½d decline and July sold off steadily to 74¾c and closing with sellers at 75c.

Close: Wheat, July, 75c; September, 76½c; December, 77c. Corn, June, 32½c; July, 32¼@32⅝c; September, 34c; December, 35⅜@35¾c. Oats, June, 24c; July, 23¾c; December, 26½c. Pork, June, $8.15; July, $8.22; September, $8.40. Lard, June, $5.02; July, $5.07; September, $5.20. Ribs, June, $4.55; July, $4.65@4.70; September, $4.80@4.82½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.03; cash Southwestern, $1.01; July, $1.01½; September, 99½c; October, 92½c. Cash wheat: No. 2 red, 77¼@77½c; No. 3 red, 72½@75½c; No. 2 hard winter, 72½@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 70½@71½c; No. 1 northern, spring, 76½@76¾c; No. 2 do, 75¾@76c; No. 3 spring, 70½@75c. No. 2 corn, 32¾@33c; No. 3 corn, 32¼@32¾c. No. 2 oats, 25c; No. 3, 24½c. Barley, cash, 35¼@36c. Rye, July, 56c; September, 53½@54c. Timothy, September, $2.55; October, $2.45. Clover, October, $7.40.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 6.—The cotton market opened steady with prices unchanged to one point higher, then became listless and uneventful. Shorts and the foreign contingent absorbed the little cotton offered for sale by first hour. The start and continued the leading buyers throughout the day.

Spot cotton closed steady and unchanged; sales, 921 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet: June, $5.89; July, $5.93; August, $5.93; September, $5.90; October, $5.94; December, $6.00; January, $6.04; February, $6.06; March, $6.10; April, $6.13; May, $6.16.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 6.—Estimated receipts today: Hogs, 16,000; tomorrow, 35,000; left over, 2132; market active, strong. Mixed and butchers, $5.75@5.90; good, heavy, $5.80@5.90; rough, heavy, $5.55@5.65; light, $5.80@5.90; some held at $5.92½. Cattle receipts, 2000; market dull. Beeves, $4.50@5.60; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.00; Texans, $4.00@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.10. Sheep receipts, 8000; market weak. Sheep, $5.00@5.80; lambs, $3.85@6.00. Official figures for yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 40,426; shipments, 778. Cattle receipts, 15,445; shipments, 1352. Sheep receipts, 19,005; shipments, 139.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The activity in stock circles had a slight reaction, all classes of horses had a fair demand causing the outlet satisfactory for this season's trade. Buyers were mostly local men. Receipts of horses were quite large, most of the horses were of high quality and in the best condition for a favorable disposal. Prices ranged at below quotations. Western horses had a fair call for quiry and sold at $18 to $55 per head. The nominal value of serviceable, sound horses from 4 to 8 years is as follows: Drafters, choice to extra.....$120@150
Drafters, common to good.....$80@100
Farm horses, choice to extra.....100@120
Farm horses, common to good.....70@100
Mules, 1350 lbs.....70@100

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 6.—Wheat, quiet, 1½d lower; July, 5s 8½d; September, 6s 2d. Corn, quiet, ½d lower; July, 3s 5¼d; September, 3s 5¾d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 6.—Money on call, nominally, 2@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88@4.88½ for demand, and at $4.83¾@4.83¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4.87 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.85½@4.85¾. Silver certificates, 60¾@61¾c; bar silver, 60¼c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds, strong; 2s, registered, $1.00; 3s, registered, $1.00½; coupon, $1.00½; new 4s, registered, $1.30⅜; coupon, $1.30⅝; old 4s, registered, $1.12⅜; coupon, $1.13¾; 5s, registered, $1.12¾; coupon, $1.12¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 6.—Clearings, $21,148,432; balances, $2,336,269. New York exchange, 15@20 per cent discount. Sterling exchange, $4.87@4.89.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 6.—Wheat, July, 80⅝c; September, 80⅝c; December, 81c. Corn, July, 39⅝c; September, 39¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

July—	Du-luth.	Minne-apolis.	Chi-cago.	New York.
Open	76¾	75⅞	76⅝-¾	81⅝
High	76⅞	77⅛	76⅞	81⅞
Low	75⅝	75⅞	74⅝	80½-⅝
Close	75⅝	75⅞	75A	80⅝
September—				
Open	75¾	75⅜	77¼-¼	81⅞
High	75¾	75⅜	77½	81⅞-82
Low	74⅞	74⅞	76⅝	80½
Close	74¾-⅞	75A	76A	80⅝

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23-⅛	32½@32⅝	$8.20
High	23¼-⅜	33⅜	8.27
Low	23	33⅜	8.17
Close	23⅜	33½-⅝	8.22

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bus.	Shipments. Bus.
New York	139,400	94,871
Philadelphia	2,512	2,597
Baltimore	83,320	
Toledo	78,781	12,000
Detroit	8,529	6,552
St. Louis	28,700	5,740
Boston	6,500	
Chicago	149,479	7,300
Milwaukee	58,100	8,255
Kansas City	56,400	26,400
Duluth	187,295	271,092
Minneapolis	393,870	72,710

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 6.—Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, June, 75¾c; July, 75¾c; September, 71¾@73c. On track, No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 71¾c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of E. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 10, Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 6.—As expected, foreign markets came lower due to decline here yesterday, although reports from Russia that the drought continues and the rye and wheat crop in Roumania is in a very bad position. Surplus from the French crop estimated May 1, 32,200,000 bus. Showers still prevail in the Northwest, but crop conditions in the Southwest are said to have much improved. Cutting will commence in Indian territory and Oklahoma this week. Southern Indiana reports weather very hot and wheat ripening prematurely. Reports from Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania show a loss of conditions. Primary receipts, 852,000 bus, shipments 411,000 bus. Bradstreet's world's visible increased 1,943,000, one half as much as expected. Minneapolis flour sales yesterday 45,000 barrels, two-thirds for export. Exporters bought 272,000 bus at the seaboard yesterday, but we have heard of no new business today. It has been a case of liquidation from start to finish. St. Louis and Southwest were very heavy sellers on offerings of new wheat to arrive in July. The Northwest was also on the selling side and there was enough decline to cause a number of local bulls to let go. The principal selling seemed to be for September, and it looks as if in the last few days a good-sized short interest has been put out. The best buying noticeable was by C. H. Smith, who absorbed about 2,000,000 bus against puts. The government reports is only four days away and as it is always a menace its baleful effects was recognized by a number of bull leaders, and of course, as the bears had the upper hand today, predictions were made of a report favorable to their views. The decline may be extended some further before there is any recovery.

Corn and oats—Considering the weakness of wheat, these cereals have stood up well. Receipts are large. Bradstreet's visible corn increased 442,000 bus, oats 725,000 bus. Charters, corn, 300,000 bus. Oats 200,000 bus.

Provisions—Hogs were firmer at the yards, shipments of meats liberal, 4,780,000. Shorts were the best buyers, while packers supplied their wants. With a good demand for meats values ought to show more improvement.

Puts, July wheat, 74¾-⅞@75⅜c.
Calls, July wheat, 76¼@76⅝c asked.
Curb, 75¼@75⅜c.
Puts, July corn, 32½-⅝@32¾c.
Calls, July corn, 33⅜@33½c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sugar	118⅝	119¼	118⅛	119
Tobacco	94⅝	94⅝	93½	95
Atchison preferred	54⅜	55⅝	54⅜	55½
B. R. T.	109½	111⅛	109½	110¾
C. B. & Q.	128⅝	130	128⅝	129
C. & N. W.	158	159	157	158
Chicago Gas	116¾	117⅝	116⅝	117¼
L. & N.	66⅝	67⅜	66⅝	67⅜
Leather	28⅝	29⅝	28⅝	29⅝
Manhattan	108⅜	108⅞	108⅜	108⅞
Missouri Pacific	40⅜	41⅜	40⅜	41
Northern Pacific	46	46¾	45⅞	46½
N. P. preferred	75¼	75½	74¾	75⅜
Rock Island	106⅝	106⅞	106⅛	106⅞
St. Paul	124½	124¾	123¾	124
T. C. I.	62	64	61	63
Union Pacific pfd.	73¾	74⅜	73⅜	74¼
Western Union	88¼	89¼	88¼	89
Federal Steel	81	81⅝	81	81⅝

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing prices on copper stocks, reported by by Paine, Webber & Co., Hotel St. Louis:

Boston, June 6.—Closing prices of copper shares: Adventure, 11; Arcadian, 49; Allouez, 8; Arnold, 12; Atlantic, 28½@29; Bells, 28; Boston and Montana, 525; Butte and Boston, 72; Calumet and Hecla, 790; Centennial, 22¾; Franklin, 19½; Humboldt, 2; Old Dominion, 36; Osceola, 82; Mohawk, 25½; Mass. Consolidated, 17½; Rhode Island, 9¼; Tamarack, 210; Union Land, 7½; Wolverine, 42; Washington, 2; Winona, 11½; Quincy, 155; Isle Royale, 42.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Changes Were Equally Divided Between Gains and Losses.

New York, June 6.—The opening was quiet and changes were generally small and very equally divided between gains and losses. Little effect was produced by a fall of 1⅛ in Sugar and 3¼ in Anaconda, Pennsylvania lost only ⅜ on news of the death of the president of the company. Short selling on Sugar apparently overreached themselves. They hammered the price down to 140½, but when they started to cover they found little stock offered and their efforts to even up forced it to 141. Local transportation shares stiffened over a point and the Steel group was well supported. A demand for Pennsylvania and Pittsburg, C. C. & St. L. advanced then 1½@2¾, but there were no important changes in the other railroad features. Sugar and Consolidated Gas were again attacked and broke 2 to 3 points. The market sold off in sympathy on small transactions.

Shortly after noon pressure became earlier low point when a 2-point rally followed. Sharp losses were registered in other specialties. Depth of offerings stimulated a general rally. Pittsburg C. C. & St. Louis forged steadily upward, touching 525. Sales of stocks to noon, 141,842 shares. Bonds were neglected, but fairly steady.

The improvement in prices became qu to general among railroad stocks, many of which reached a point or more in price. Trading was of insignificant proportions and the advances were not held. The closing was dull and with an easy tone on small realizing by room traders.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred in an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Clover Leaf, per lb	21	@	22
Cream., separators, fancy	19	@	20
Dairies, fancy, special make	14½	@	16
Packing stock	10	@	11
Dairy, fair	13	@	14
CHEESE.			
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11	@	12½
Full cream, Young America	14	@	
Swiss cheese, N. Y.	13	@	13½
Brick, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	12		
Primost	5	@	5½
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	13½	@	14
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
APPLES.			
Winter apples, bbl	5 50	@	6 00
Wash. apples, bus box	1 75	@	2 00
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25	@	1 35
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 25	@	1 50
Green and yellow peas	1 10	@	1 35
Green peas, bus	90	@	1 00
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, per lb	4		
Chestnuts, per lb	8	@	9
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	10		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	8	@	10
Filberts, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6
FRUITS.			
Strawberries, 24 qts	1 75	@	2 00
California seedlings	2 75	@	3 00
Pineapples, per doz	1 25	@	2 00
California navels	4 00	@	5 00
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@	4 00
California lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Oranges, per case	2 00	@	2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	50	@	60
Figs, per lb	15	@	19
Dates, per lb	6	@	6½
Cranberries, per crate	2 50	@	2 75
VEGETABLES.			
Pie plant, 100 lbs	75	@	1 00
Green peas, bus	1 50	@	1 50
Wax beans, bus	2 25	@	2 50
Cucumbers, per doz	45	@	50
Beets, doz	50		
Radishes	10	@	15
Onions	10	@	12
Carrots, per bus	90	@	1 00
Rutabagas, per bus	45	@	55
Parsnips	90	@	1 00
Potatoes, per bus	45	@	50
Egg plant, per doz	1 25	@	1 50
Asparagus, per doz	35	@	40
Oyster plant, per doz	60		
Horse radish, per lb	8		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Beets, bus	70	@	80
Cauliflower, per doz	1 50	@	2 00
Lettuce, bus	50	@	60
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Spinach, per bus	75	@	85
Red and green pepper	1 00	@	1 25
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, per crate	2 00	@	3 00
Red cabbage, per doz	75	@	1 00
Horse radish roots, per bbl	7 00	@	7 50
California new onions	1 80	@	2 00
Hot house cucumbers, doz	90	@	1 00
Pie plant, per lb	1		
CIDER.			
N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	4 00	@	4 50
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens, old	10	@	11
Spring	12	@	13
Old roosters	7	@	8
Turkeys, fancy	12	@	13
Turkeys, common	9	@	11
Ducks	8	@	9
Geese	8	@	9
MEATS.			
Mutton	10		
Lamb	11		
Veal, fancy	10		
Veal, good	9½		
Hogs	5		
BRAN AND SHORTS. CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00		
Ground feed No. 1	15 00		
Ground feed No. 2	16 00		
Cracked corn	14 00		
Coarse corn meal	14 00		
Corn	35½		
Oats, carlots, sack	30		
HAY. CAR LOTS.			
Choice South. Minn	9 50		
Medium	8 50		
Choice timothy	10 50	@	11 00
Mixed timothy	8 00	@	10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 6.—Butter, firm. Creamery, 15½@18c. Eggs, steady. Fresh, 12c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 6.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 13½@18c. Eggs, steady. Fresh, 12c.

MOLASSES FOR MULES.

The largest sugar plantation in Texas is owned by J. W. Cunningham. His plantation and refinery are located at Sugarland. The crop is cultivated and harvested by convicts who are leased from the state. Several hundred mules are employed on the plantation, and Mr. Cunningham introduced a new food for them a few years ago. This food is pure, black molasses, and the animals are fed nothing else throughout the year. Large troughs have been built in the stables, into which the molasses is conducted direct from the refinery through pipes. The mules have a great fondness for the molasses and they are kept in prime condition all the time. The molasses fed to these animals is of a coarse quality and would command only a low price in the market. It is much cheaper than corn or oats. "It not only keeps the mules in good condition," said the man who told the story, "but it flavors the meat, so that 'sugar-cured mule hams' will soon be a profitable product."

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ONE CENT A WORD.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT; RESIdence of the late Capt. Pelton. 813 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A 7-ROOMED HOUSE, TWO lots, for $600, Addison addition, West Duluth. Address F. A. Heberline, New Brighton, Pa.

FOR SALE—GOOD 6-ROOM HOUSE AT Lakeside. Fine lake view. X 100, Herald.

FOR SALE—240 ACRES FARM LAND near Mahtowa, fine soil, favorable terms. M 18, Herald.

FOR SALE—A PIECE OF GROUND, corner of Seventh street and Third avenue east, having a frontage of 200 feet on Seventh street and 140 feet depth. For further particulars address George Bailey, 222 Locust street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Wanted Applications.
On hand to loan on first-class mortgage security, $500, $1000, $1500 and other amounts to suit.
We have a lot 25x140 feet, West End, at a bargain.
We have some lots in Duluth Proper, Third Division, and Brookdale Division. The owner wants to sell. Call for description; they will go at a bargain.
Have some lots at a bargain in Helm's Addition.
Chas. P. Craig
& CO.,
Herald Building.

A GREAT BARGAIN!
8-room house on Third street (central), with a fine corner lot. House in fine condition. Price, if taken at once $4000; half cash, balance 1 and 2 years, 6 per cent. For sale by
GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,
106 Providence Bldg.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—GO-CART. K 18, Herald.

WANTED—2000 TELEPHONE POLES. For specifications call at 308 Lyceum building.

Wanted to Buy:
House and lot, for cash, of six or eight rooms, either centrally located or in East End. George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 614 CHAMBER OF Commerce. Bookkeeping. Collecting.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SQUARE PIANO, $20 OR trade for phaeton, furniture, carpets. Forty-fifth avenue east and Robinson street.

PRETTIEST COTTAGE ON PARK Point for sale. Enquire Camp Interlachen.

FOR SALE—GOOD SAILBOAT, CHEAP. Owner no use for it. Larson & Anderson, 1306 Fifth street, West Superior.

FOR SALE—ONE SEVEN DRAWER flat top desk, one typewriter desk. Room 2 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—ONE TEAM OF HORSES and outfit; 100 cords of wood, one stack of hay. Alex Poirier, next poor farm.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND HAND CANopy top, cut under surries; nearly new. $75 each. 418 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF THE FINest fresh milch cows at Downlle's Cow market, 2012 West Superior street. Fat cows taken in exchange. Prices right.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, to arrive June 4. P. Sullivan. Twenty-eighth avenue west.

HORSES. HORSES.
200 head of farm horses, drafters, general purpose horses and drivers constantly on hand at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

HORSES — HORSES — BUY THEM AT the reliable sales stables of J. Hamme & Co., 125 West First street.

FOR SALE—HOTEL AND RESTAUrant with thirty steady boarders and good transient trade. All fixtures modern and in first class condition. For particulars call on or address Mrs. W. F. McFall, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE—40 A SOLDIER'S ADDItional. H. W. Coffin.

ONE CENT A WORD.

Bargains Wanted.
Cheap acres and outlying lots in West Superior.
SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,
304 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Notice to Contractors.
Our head office for the new work from Hibbing to Virginia is now open at Hibbing, where profiles can be seen and all information given in regard to contracts.
FOLEY BROS.

WANTED.
1000 Tamarack Ties, 6 in. x 7 in.-7 ft
Call or address Duluth Street Railway Co., General Office 11th Avenue W. and Michigan street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CARPET sewer, at once. French & Bassett.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; family small. 5 Fifth avenue east.

GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. APply at 809 West Superior street.

WANTED—WOMAN OR COMPETENT girl for housekeeper; whd have full charge, and a permanent place. Must be a good cook. Address K 17, Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL. 1132 EAST First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Not a cook; wages good. Sundays off; small family. Apply F. L. Barber, Proctorknott.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 519 East Superior.

WANTED—COMPETENT MILLINER at once. Apply 1819 West Superior street. Mrs. E. Westburg.

LADY COOK WANTED AT SECTION house at Proctorknott.

WANTED—NEAT APPEARING YOUNG lady. Salary $1 per day. Call after 5 p. m. 216 West Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL ABOUT 15 YEARS old to be a playmate with two small children. Inquire 401 West Superior street or 921 East Second street.

AT 1105 LONDON ROAD—COMPETENT girl to do general housework.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in family of three, where work is light. 601 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 402 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1213 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 320 West Second.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 502 West Third street. Good wages paid to right party.

WANTED — SEAMSTRESSES FOR dressmaking and learn French tailor system; steady position furnished; good wages paid. Dressmaking in its most up-to-date styles; summer fashions now in; open evenings. Room 2, over 17 East Superior street.

WANTED—CAMP COOKS—TWO NIGHT cooks; in three houses, two girls each house; waitress and kitchen girl, and fifty girls for private houses. 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED — SAWMILL ENGINEER. Call at 1531 West Michigan street.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS SALESmen for Dakota work. Address M 22, Herald.

WANTED—A MAN FOR SHINGLE painting at St. Thomas' school.

WANTED—A PANTRY BOY AT BOYLE House, 317 West Superior street.

COATMAKER WANTED. J. JANZIG.

WANTED—CARPENTERS FOR ELEvator work. Apply on the work at Elevator E. Barnett & Record company.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—BENCH MEN. SCOTT & Holston's, Twenty-fourth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

SALESPEOPLE WANTED FOR THE "Life and Achievements of Admiral Dewey," by Murat Halstead. Size 8x10. Nearly 600 pages, 200 illustrations. Beautiful book. Only $1.00. Sells on sight, clearing from $6 to $50 a day. Enormous demand for Dewey is coming home. Big profits guaranteed. Freight paid. Credit extended. Outfit free. National Book Concern, Department 12, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A SPECIAL summer campaign. The Saturday Evening Post—established by Benjamin Franklin in 1728—now published by the Curtis Publishing company, proprietors of the Ladies' Home Journal, is offered to subscribers, for one year only, for $1—the regular price is $2.50. This offer is for the purpose of a quick introduction, and will be withdrawn Sept. 1. The regular price of $2.50 will be maintained after that date. We will give a good commission for every subscriber secured, and distribute $3000 Sept. 1 among the 156 best agents. $500 will be given the person sending the largest number of subscribers at $1 each per year. At this special low subscription price thousands can be easily secured. Address the Curtis Publishing company, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A PLACE TO DO CHAMber work. Please call or address 1707 West Third street.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING TO TAKE home. Apply at 2013 West Third street.

WANTED—SITUATION IN SOME OFfice or store by young man, 19 years old. Experienced in office work and collecting. Can give references. Address M. S., Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer. Salary no object. Address C 85, Herald.

EXPERIENCED CRUISER AND COMpassman would like to obtain a position; work guaranteed. Call at Palmer house.

WANTED—WORK BY DAY HOUSEcleaning, washing or scrubbing; or will take washing home and deliver, by young woman. Address C 91, Herald.

GOOD STEADY MAN WOULD LIKE A situation as cook in boardinghouse or camp. K 12, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS BOOKKEEPer, assistant or general office man. Salary moderate. M 19, Herald.

TRY THE CHINESE HAND LAUNDRY.
Best hand work in town; prices reasonable. Will call and deliver. No. 23, First avenue east. Prop. H. F. Shing.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LADIES CLEAN YOUR KID GLOVES with Miller's gloverine. It is not a liquid; leaves no odor and can be used while the glove is on the hand. For sale only by Max Wirth, druggist.

ONE CENT A WORD.

SHIRTS D. M. Morrison's Shirt Factory, Seventh Floor, Palladio Building, Duluth.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

HOUSE FOR RENT—MODERN WITH in two minutes walk of the Spalding; $30 month. Moore & Stark, over Exchange bank.

A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent for the summer. Cheap to the right person. M 23, Herald.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, WATER paid, $25 month. Four rooms, water paid, $9 per month. Sixth avenue east. Call at 513 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, REAR of 121 East Fifth street, $5 per month. O. N. Lundberg, 1123 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park; also in city. George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

FO

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THE EVENING HERALD.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK,

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 6.—The center of the Northwestern storm remains nearly stationary over the region north of Manitoba, but the storm itself has decreased somewhat in energy, in fact the barometer has risen in nearly all districts; pressures are high over Tennessee and over the Western portions of Wyoming and Montana. Cooler and freezing conditions are reported from Wyoming, while in the lake region and central valleys the temperature ranges from nearly 6° degrees over Northern Minnesota and Lake Superior to between 70 and 80 degrees further south. Rains have fallen in the lake region, Southwestern Kansas, the Dakotas, Montana and Northwest Canada. Fresh variable winds prevail over Lake Superior, and fresh to brisk southerly (mostly southwest) over Lakes Huron and Michigan.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Duluth	55	Swift Current	40
Battleford	34	Qu'Appelle	42
Minnedosa	46	Winnipeg	52
Port Arthur	44	Hecla	49
Williston	42	Bismarck	50
Havre	36	Miles City	44
Rapid City	41	Moorhead	56
Marquette	56	St. Paul	66
Huron	56	Sault Ste. Marie	58
La Crosse	70	Milwaukee	64
Detroit	68	Chicago	74
Davenport	71	North Platte	58
Denver	48	Omaha	72
Kansas City	74	St. Louis	74
Dodge City	64	Memphis	74
Prince Albert	40	Lander	26

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Continued unsettled and showery weather tonight and Wednesday. Brisk and occasionally high winds, becoming southerly this afternoon or tonight and shifting to westerly Wednesday.

Local data for twenty-four hours ended at 7 a. m. today: Maximum temperature 76 degrees; minimum temperature, 55 degrees; precipitation, .44 inch.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 6.—State and lake forecasts: Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with possibly showers and thunderstorms.

For Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and probably local thunder storms tonight and Wednesday. Warmer in extreme southeast portion tonight.

Lakes Superior, Huron and Michigan—Brisk and possibly high southerly winds shifting to northwest over Western Superior Wednesday. Partly cloudy with probably scattered thunder storms.

TAXATION IN MICHIGAN.

A dispatch from Houghton to The Herald today represents that the people of the upper peninsula of Michigan are much wrought up over the bill that has passed the lower house of the Michigan legislature increasing the taxation of iron and copper mines, while at the same time a sugar bounty bill has been passed that will take from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 out of the state treasury for the benefit of the farmers residing in the portion of the state south of the straits of Mackinaw. Threats are made that, if these bills become laws, all the trade of the upper peninsula that now goes to Detroit and other cities in the southern part of Michigan will be diverted to Duluth and other wholesale centers.

The bill that has passed the house places a specific tax of 2 cents a ton on the iron ore output. It is estimated this will produce an annual revenue of about $130,000. The rates on copper are as follows: Companies producing less than 5,000,000 pounds, 1-16 of a cent per pound; from 5,000,000 to 10,000,000 pounds, ⅛ of a cent; from 10,000,000 to 50,000,000 pounds, ¼ of a cent; in excess of 50,000,000 pounds, ½ of a cent. This tax is estimated to produce an annual revenue of $1,200,000, and $900,000 of it will come from the Calumet & Hecla. Last year the copper companies paid $91,000. Thus it will be seen that the taxes of both the iron and copper mines would be very heavily increased by the bill, and naturally the corporations interested and the people of the upper peninsula who think that it is an attempt by the residents of the lower peninsula to unjustly tax that section are up in arms. Strong pressure will be exerted to prevent the passage of the bill by the senate. The Marquette Mining Journal says:

"The scheme is, evidently, to make the iron and copper mines pay for creating a beet sugar industry in Lower Michigan, the beneficiaries of which will be the crafty grangers who raise the beets and the capitalists who establish sugar factories. We cannot believe that the senate will agree to this bill, the enactment of which into a law would strike a crushing blow at the mining industry of this peninsula, and open a sectional fight between the two divisions of the state that would breed infinite harm to the state at large in the future.

"The iron mining industry in this peninsula is just beginning to recover from a long interval of depression, and is in no condition to stand the burden of excessive taxation which the bill passed by the house would impose on it. When the mines were required to pay a specific tax before the present system of taxing them was adopted the rate was but half that proposed by the house bill passed Friday, or 1 cent a ton. Yet ore was then selling for more than twice what it brings today. This fact alone reveals the injustice of the proposition to which the house has committed itself. The iron mines are not making any profit with ore selling at the price it now brings that justifies the imposition on them of double the tax they were asked to pay when the iron mining industry was in a much more flourishing condition than it now is, or is likely to ever again be.

"The Mining Journal has been rejoiced of late years to note a growing feeling of satisfaction in this peninsula with the treatment accorded it by those who make and administer our laws, and sincerely hopes that this wholesome sentiment among our people will not receive the killing check it would sustain should the house bill providing for specific taxation of our iron and copper mines be adopted by the senate and become a law."

It will be noticed that the Marquette paper has nothing to say in opposition to increasing the taxes of the copper companies, but confines itself to the claim that a tax of 2 cents a ton on iron ore would be unjust. If it be true that the total taxes paid by the copper mines last year only amounted to $91,000, it must be admitted that they were not taxed enough and are not paying their just proportion of the public burdens. One of the representatives from the iron country said in the legislature that the iron companies are also paying less taxes now than they should. This may be correct, but that does not furnish a good reason for compelling them to pay an excessive tax hereafter. Nor should the copper mines be subjected to excessive taxation. Perhaps when the bill reaches the senate the taxes for which it provides may be modified so as to deal justly with both the iron and copper mines, so that they will not be compelled to bear more than their proper share of the taxation nor permitted to escape the payment of less than they should pay.

DULUTH'S ADVANTAGES.

The tug strike at the head of the lakes has served to again direct attention to one fact of much importance to vesselmen and all others interested in the lake marine trade. That is, that vessels can arrive and depart from Duluth harbor proper without the aid of tugs. All the railroad and coal docks and the elevators between the canal entrance and the end of Rice's Point on this side of the bay can be reached by vessels without any trouble, no tugs being required to tow them through the broad and safe channels. This is one of the reasons, it is said, that caused Mr. Peavey to begin the erection of a new elevator system on this side of the bay.

Of course vessels destined for the ore docks at Oneota and the lumber mills beyond Rice's Point must have tugs. And not a vessel can reach Superior or leave it without the assistance of a tug. Thus it will be seen that Duluth harbor proper possesses advantages not duplicated at any other point at the head of the lakes.

DESTROYED BY TRUSTS.

Reference was recently made to the practical destruction by a trust of a thriving town in Pennsylvania. The town had been built up by several mills for the manufacture of wire and wire nails. It was almost entirely dependent upon these mills; they were profitable to their owners, and gave employment to hundreds of men, women and children. A trust was formed to control the industry in which these mills were engaged, and their owners had no choice but to sell out to the trust or be crushed by it. They sold out. The mills were closed at once, their employes were thrown out, every other interest in the town was paralyzed and ruined, every store was closed, property that was valuable a few weeks before could not be sold at any price; a blasted town and an almost despairing population was the spectacle which the merciless power of a trust presented where there had been a scene of prosperity and happiness.

This is not the only instance of the blighting exercise of the power of combines and monopolizing capital that has recently been witnessed in the United States. The Washington Post gives this account of the effect of trust methods upon another town:

"The town of Fairmont, near Cincinnati, affords a pertinent illustration of this phase of trust operations. The American Steel and Wire company owns wire fence works there that have been in operation for twenty years or more. Until recently these works employed 500 men, nearly all of whom lived in Fairmount or its immediate vicinity. The pay rolls amounted to something like $5000 a week—more than $250,000 a year. It is said that employment was steady, wages good, and that many of the workmen own their homes. Fairmount was, in fact, a typical manufacturing village. Last Tuesday night the works 'closed—closed down indefinitely.' The trust does not need them, because it can make all the wire it can sell at other plants where production is cheaper. Those works were purchased at high figures in order to kill off competition. Their cost, as well as that of others similarly treated, has gone, with nobody knows how much water, into the capitalization of the great combine.

"This sort of thing bears hard on the displaced workmen and their families. It is more of a tragedy than a comedy. And this is what is going on in many another town. But the injury is not confined to the workmen and their dependents. The weekly payment of $5000 will be sadly missed in the business of the town and among the farmers of the adjacent country. Trade will languish, the value of real estate will decline, and discontent will prevail where prosperity and happiness abounded."

The Post, which has not been conspicuous as an anti-trust newspaper, admits that "in many of the states there are small towns that have been blasted by the trusts through the shutting down of manufacturing establishments."

The Atlanta Journal says: "We wonder if the men who organize and control trusts believe that they can push the methods which have made them already despicable just as far as they please. We wonder how much longer the people will tolerate trusts, or any political party that does not oppose them, not by words and platforms, but by actual, practical and effective legislation to prevent the outrageous abuse of their power."

The great publicity given to the Clark baby kidnaping was unquestionably the main cause of the final rescue of the child. Chief of Police Devery of New York is free to say: "I think a large part of the credit of finding the child is due to the newspapers, as they have heralded the matter far and wide, and aroused a public interest that made concealment impossible." The pictures which the papers printed also helped to make identification easier, although that was a minor factor in the case of one so young. The Clark case has demonstrated that newspaper sensationalism is a positive factor for good in abduction cases.

That the president's civil service order was issued just before the Ohio state convention is a fact possessed of some significance, according to Charles M. Pepper, a political correspondent of such Republican papers as the St. Louis Globe-Democrat and Washington Star. He wrote from Columbus before the convention: "The patronage cuts an important figure. The taking of a number of federal offices out of the civil service classification just at this time is of advantage to Senator Hanna." And of course Hanna won the day.

The editor-postmaster at Barnum says in the current issue of his Gazette: "Say, my dear friends, will you kindly compare the situation of three years ago with that of today, and honestly tell us if you do not think that this country has had enough of 'Bryanism.'" Will the editor-postmaster explain when the country has had any "Bryanism," inasmuch as Mr. Bryan and his friends were defeated in 1896. Do not blame them for the present trust-ridden condition of the country.

It is significant while the Ohio Republican convention came out strong against the trusts, it refused to renominate Attorney General Monnett, who has been conspicuously active in prosecuting the Standard Oil and other trusts. Mr. Hanna favors anti-trust laws, but he is opposed to their enforcement.

The story that the Countess de Castelnaue, formerly Miss Anna Gould, of New York, paraded at the head of the Royalist demonstration in Paris seemed rather improbable. Now it is denied as a complete fabrication. The countess did not leave her seat and did not even see what was occurring.

The St. Joseph News says "there is no question but that the water of the Missouri river, when properly settled and filtered, is the most wholesome that can be obtained." Perhaps it is, but who ever saw the Missouri water settled?

Mr. Atkinson's latest pamphlet has not been shut out of the mails to the Philippines. It is an elaborate treatise on the lost art of bread-making, and the postmaster general has not found anything seditious in it.

It is too bad that Rudyard Kippling has incurred the enmity of the literary editor of the News Tribune. But he must pay the penalty for being a successful writer. And he has never had a story in the Black Cat.

The Kansas City clergyman who thinks that auricular confession should be heard by women priests forgets that the secrecy of the confessional is one of its main features.

The state of Ohio has furnished another strong argument in favor of universal disarmament, two girls having fought a duel with hatpins over a young man.

In Paraguay a gentleman is enjoined by the laws of good society to kiss every woman to whom he is introduced. What's the matter with Paraguay?

Justice Harlan of the United States supreme court is an enthusiastic devotee of golf. And nothing worse has been said against him.

Why should not Duluth have an old-fashioned, whooping and glorious Fourth of July celebration?

The dispatches from Manilla indicate that the fighting in the Philippines is far from ended.

POLITICAL COLD FEET.

Denver Post: As a tidy bit of word painting the Republican platform adopted in Ohio will attract some merited attention. It is what might be called a fair platform, ingeniously constructed to appeal to the artistic senses without at the same time in any way definitely committing the party to a settled line of policy. It makes evident the interesting fact that the administration is still sparring for wind. It cannot definitely commit itself with reference to Cuba or the Philippines; while proceeding along the lines of territorial expansion it dare not specifically justify itself in its course or stand squarely on the issue of imperialism, which it has raised and fostered. It proclaims opposition to trusts, but in the perfunctory tones of an organization which proposes to use the issue for political and vote-getting purposes, rather than to remedy a ghastly public evil. Strangest of all it handles the money question with much circumspection. It refers grandiloquently to "sound money," denounces the Cleveland administration for acts which the Republican party and gold Democrats alone approved or sought to justify, but carefully avoids any suggestion of a solution of the vexed problem.

The problem is of public interest only because it was promulgated in the president's own state and doubtless after careful consideration by him. It suggests nothing bold or aggressive. At a time when the political field swarms with grave public issues it can only temporize and palter. It is a product of the vote-seeking politician and not a square and manly enunciation of principles upon which intelligent and thoughtful American citizens may stand. If these are not times which call for bold and vigorous utterances and for radical legislative action, then we have rarely ever passed through such a period in our national career. The issues are now quite as plain as they can be made; the people are arrayed upon each side of them, yet the Ohio Republicans content themselves with glittering generalities, very much more concerned to offend no one than to bravely go on record in a grave crisis. The spectacle is interesting but not edifying.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Chicago Record: "We are an ungrateful nation."

"What do you mean?"

"As soon as one of our army or navy officers does anything heroic we try to get him into politics."

Detroit Journal: "Oh, the people in our village all thought they'd be made rich when the trolley line was built out here."

"Were they disappointed?"

"Mostly. Only six persons all told have been run over and settled with by the company so far."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "There is one feature of high civilization that we must teach the Cubans right away."

"What's that?"

"The love of money."

Chicago Post: "No, sir," exclaimed the legislator emphatically. "I never accepted a bribe."

"Is that so?" was the reply of the man who knew him. "The representatives of the corporations are really honest, then?"

Chicago Post: "It certainly speaks well for Brown that he has become mayor of that Western city to which he moved."

"Oh, I don't know," replied the cautious man. "It may be more in the nature of a reflection on the city."

Philadelphia North American: Krepps: "Who's the scared-looking little chap so completely under the influence of the big woman?"

Higson: "That's Sizboom. Got a brevet and a gold medal for daring work in the Philippines."

Chicago Record: "Well, did you have a good trip?"

"No. Merely sold a lot of goods to men that wanted them."

"What on earth do you consider a good trip?"

"Selling a lot of goods to men who don't want them."

Detroit Free Press: "Why is it you never entertain Jones any more? You used to say that he could sit down any time and give you all the news of the day."

"So he could, but after figuring on what he ate, smoked and drank, I found that I could save money by taking three or four first-class newspapers."

Limit of Bravery.

Although he's not a hero, he has courage without doubt,
In times of war he's always at the front;
He stormed the hill at San Juan, and put the foe to rout,
And gallantly he bore the battle's brunt.

He has traveled o'er the regions of Alaska's icy plains,
And he has safely passed through Africa's burning sands;
He will never shirk a trial, no matter what the pains,
So long as it is duty that commands.

One day, while he was walking through a crowded street at home,
He stopped a frightened horse's mad career.
Another time he saved a life, by risking of his own,
For he doesn't know the meaning of "to fear."

I say he's not a hero, for he never has gained fame,
Though he certainly deserves a laurel wreath;
For the only time he ever quailed in any kind of game,
Was when the dentist tried to fill his teeth.

—Detroit Free Press.

Lillie Dee.

By the deep blue sea lived Lillie Dee—
Her smile I will ever remember—
Eyes as bright as the stars at night,
A heart that was true and tender;
Her father old, kept the lighthouse bold,
On the steep, rocky coast and worn,
And my sweet Lillie Dee, ah me! ah me!
Ruled my heart as the sun rules the morn.

Chorus—
Sweet Lillie Dee, I am longing for thee,
Thou are e'er in my tho'ts day and night,
'Neath the dark cruel sea sleeps my own Lillie Dee
Near the rocks by the great shining light.

I had asked her one day to with me go away,
Tho' she loved me she would not consent,
"My old daddy, dear, I can't leave him here,
But must care for his old form and bent."
In the calm nights of June, by the light of the moon,
We wandered o'er white, pebbly beach;
Tho' our lives seemed as one she could ne'er be my own,
And still in my heart I beseech.

One day Lillie Dee saw a wreck far at sea—
The crew had all perished but one—
A spar clinging on to the crest of the blue,
Was a sailor, his course nearly run;
She pulled o'er the wave, his life tried to save,
Nearly reached she the drowning man's side,
But a heavy blue sea hid from view Lillie Dee,
And she sleeps 'neath the turbulent tide.

—CHARLES H. HANSEN.

Colorado's Good Law.

In some respects the far Western states are out-doing the East along the line of true civilization and humanity, as proven by the following which has recently become a law in Colorado, namely: "An act to prevent the docking of horses' tails, or procuring the same to be docked; to prevent the importation, or bringing into this state of docked horses; to require a registry of all docked horses, now in this state; to prevent the use of all unregistered docked horses; and to provide a penalty for the violation of the provisions of this act."

The provisions are stringent, and the Colorado Humane society will have plenty of work on its hands in the endeavor to see them carried out. May success attend it.

STAYING AWAY FROM CHURCH.

"Sometimes there is no good in going to church," writes Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst, D. D., on "What Is the Good of Going to Church?" in the June Ladies' Home Journal. "It depends principally on the church. It is often claimed that church attendance is on the decrease. People are not going to be drawn in by being scolded for staying out. Nor are they going to be drawn in—in a way to hold them—by being coaxed in by artificial seductions. A good deal of money is put into the artistic trimmings of sanctuary service. There is no objection to the artistic if it is wrought into the body of the service, and not availed of simply as so much millinery put on to make the service more presentable. The advertising of sensational topics is another way the pulpit takes to worry truth into reluctant hearts of advertisement-captured congregations. It does not hold the people, but it does cheapen the pulpit and set the house of God in the same row with the dry-goods stores, millinery shops and other institutions that put big headlines in the newspapers and flaming placards in the front windows. We may call the rank and file of people very godless, but there are able to distinguish remarkably well between facts and fiction in matters of religion. I believe that ninety people out of a hundred would respect God's house if they were sure that it is God's house more than it is man's. It takes a good deal besides a pulpit, a choir loft and a spire to make a church."

GOING TO ALASKA

Senators and Representatives Preparing to Visit the Rich Territory.

THEY HIT A FORTUNE

Two Young Ohio Farmers Who Are Among the Lucky Few.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Nothing probably excites greater interest just at present than a desire to know more of Alaska, where such remarkable discoveries of the yellow metal have been made, and excursions of the curious who are not classed as speculators precisely are the order of the day. In addition to hundreds who will make the journey to Alaska this summer in the hope of securing fortunes there, numerous small parties are being organized all over the country to visit the "gold country," merely for pleasure. Other parties of excursionists are preparing to make the trip for the combined purpose of pleasure and instruction, and in this latter class there are not a few prominent senators and representatives in congress who believe that they can vote more intelligently upon the various questions affecting Alaskan interests which will come up for consideration during the coming session if they have familiarized themselves by personal observation of the conditions existing in this great territory of the United States. On June 10 the revenue cutter Hugh McCullough will sail out of San Francisco bearing a distinguished party of senators and representatives bound for Alaska. The majority of these gentlemen go to Alaska in an official capacity relative to the dispute which has arisen between the United States and Canada relative to the exact location of the boundary between the possessions of the United States and those of her most gracious majesty, Queen Victoria.

A small party of distinguished senators and representatives are now planning here to make an Alaskan trip simply as private citizens, paying their expenses and having in view taking in the entire territory so far as possible. The gentlemen who will compose this party are Congressman Gordon of St. Marys, Ohio; "Bernie" Layton, assistant sergeant-at-arms of the senate, also of Ohio; Senator Bacon of Georgia; Dr. Gallinger, senator from New Hampshire; Senators Clark of Wyoming and Turner of Washington, and there will possibly be several others more or less distinguished to join the party before they leave Seattle for Alaska. The plan as at present outlined by Congressman Gordon is that the Eastern members of the party rendezvous at Chicago one week hence, and then proceed to Spokane, the home of Senator Turner of Washington. There the Easterners will be entertained several days, or perhaps a week, by Senator Turner, and then proceed to Seattle. After a brief stay in Seattle the party will embark for Alaska, via the Linn canal inside route to Skagway. They will visit Juneau, Sitka, Dawson, Circle City, and in fact every point which they decide would be profitable or interesting to take in.

* * *

And speaking of Alaska, an interesting story reaches Washginton relative to a strike which was made by a couple of sons of the Buckeye State in the gold fields. Two years ago two young farmers residing near Sidney, Ohio, decided to tempt the goddess of fortune in the Alaskan gold fields. The spirit of the Forty-niners dwelt in their veins, their father having been one of the Argonauts. Stories of rich finds in Alaska were being daily printed in the newspapers and the daily grind upon the farm had long been distasteful, so these two sturdy sons of Ohio decided to go to Alaska and try conclusions with the fickle goddess upon her native heath. They were in fairly comfortable circumstances, owning their own homestead without incumbrances, but had little ready cash. The homestead was held in the name of the mother of the two adventurous spirits, and she was finally induced to place a mortgage on the place in order to raise sufficient ready money for her sons to go to the gold fields. The family name is Staley, and the boys were christened Daniel and Joseph. The mortgage was placed and the money, some $2500, was raised and the boys started for Alaska. They went there and, strange as it may seem, they made a golden strike.

Joe, as his familiars address him, returned to his Ohio home a few days ago, broken in health, but with a plethoric purse. He paid off the mortgage the first day after his arrival home, and deposited in bank to his mother's credit the neat sum of $25,000. Joseph Staley has a claim, which it is said is panning out at the rate of $1000 a day, and his brother, who has withstood the rigors of the climate, is pulling out gold at the average rate of $500 per day. This may be an exceptional case, but it is a true story, as I have it from the lips of the congressman, and representatives in the United States congress were never known to utter an untruth.

* * *

George H. Gilliland, formerly private secretary to the late Senator Calvis S. Brice and now holding a similar position to the "Copper King," so called, Senator Clark of Montana, was today exhibiting something in the way of a railroad pass which attracted considerable attention even in Washington, where free passes on railroads are by no means a novel sight and almost everyone in public or semi-official life possesses anywhere from several to several hundred, according to the manner of his grafting propensities. Mr. Gilliland holds an annual pass over one of the leading railroads of the Chinese empire, generally spoken of as the "Flowery Kingdom," and the decorations upon the pass certainly bear out the ideality. The "transportation" bears upon its face nothing whatever that the average American could understand. Were it not so elaborate in design, one might think he had come into possession of a Chinese pawn or laundry ticket. On the obverse side are peacocks with all their feathers, dragons with teeth which would defy for ages any dental attention, to say nothing of the red inked hieroglyphics the Chinese brethren use in their alphabet. On the reverse side are other characters which presumably contain the name of the railroad and also the conditions under which George H. Gilliland may use the transportation. It is supposed it has the usual nontransferable clause, and suggestions if discovered in the possession of any other than the person to whom it is issued will be promptly confiscated and the man attempting to impersonate another will be forced to pay full fare or else be dropped off the train at the next station. But at any rate, George Gilliland says it is an annual pass upon a Chinese railroad, and it certainly looks the part, and there are none brave enough to gainsay his assertions. It has evidently been engraved, and the work upon it is as fine as anyone is accustomed to see upon Uncle Sam's promises to pay, and it would be a difficult matter to counterfeit it. Gilliland figures out with the aid of a huge atlas, and having some knowledge of transcontinental routes, that it would cost him just $1800 to reach China, or rather the portion of China where this railroad operates, in order to avail himself of the courtesy which has been extended to him, and he says he will probably not be able to utilize his Chinese pass before it expires by time limitation.

* * *

Startling stories have been going the rounds about the expected enormous immigration this year, and estimates as high as 500,000 are accepted as authentic. These estimates are gross exaggerations. The entire number of foreigners coming into this country to settle this year will be less than 300,000. This will be a material increase over the years immediately preceding, but looked at as a part of the entire population the item becomes insignificant. Estimating our population at 75,000,000, this year's immigration will be less than two-fifths of 1 per cent of the whole. A great majority of the immigrants come from Austria-Hungary, Italy, the Russian empire and the United Kingdom. The record for March is a fair index for the year. During that month arrivals numbered 29,704, of which 8355 were from Italy, 7960 from Austria-Hungary, 5960 from the Russian empire and 1887 from the United Kingdom. Immigration is at its highest during the months of April and May. The following table showing the immigration by months for the past three years will enable readers to guage the movements of our new neighbors:

	1897-8.	1898-9.
July	21,456	14,951	17,141
August	18,836	13,395	16,779
September	20,338	20,450	25,380
October	20,857	21,046	27,459
November	14,871	15,759	22,718
December	11,239	15,965	17,823
January	7,292	9,629	10,682
February	8,610	11,727	14,478
March	19,421	25,516	29,704
April	31,582	34,071	40,576
May	25,749	22,554	
June	20,561	16,824	
Total	230,852	229,396	220,421

An unprecedented demand upon the United States treasury for subsidiary coin tells the cheerful story of general expansion in the small business of the country. Usually at this season of the year there is an over supply of dimes, nickels and pennies. At the present time stocks are at a low ebb, and the mint at Philadelphia is being worked as never before grinding out "little money." During the month of May there were coined at the Philadelphia mint 2,644,167 dimes, 1,967,000 nickels, or 5-cent pieces, and 2,340,000 pennies or 6,951,167 pieces in all. This money goes to all parts of the country requisitions oftentimes coming from places where there has never before been a call. Nothing smaller than nickels is wanted on the Pacific coast and in the mining districts of the West, but in all other parts of the United States there is a smart demand for copper pennies. The bullion value of the gold and silver and the material composing the smaller coins minted during the month of May is officially given at $7,804,566.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

REAL PEWTER SCARCE.

Article of Table Ware Which Has Become Rare.

It has been the fortune of a few people to dine off gold plate on some great state occasion. Rather more people have sat at a meal when the plates and dishes were of silver; but only a small circle, it is quite safe to say, have been at a dinner when every article upon the table was made of pewter, says the Chicago Chronicle.

To the ordinary person the word "pewter" means the metal, or rather alloy of metals, which go to form the ordinary beer tankard in an inn. The collector of pewter, however, knows very differently, and most people will be surprised to hear that real old pewter is extremely rare.

The modern public house tankard, although it may be known by the generic title of "pewter," is not pewter at all, but a much cheaper and less interesting mixture of metal known as "sand pewter."

In fact, the old art of pewter making is almost entirely lost, and no modern makers have been able to produce a combination of lead and tin equal to that which was current 10 or more years ago.

Experts in the subject say that in all probability the famous pewter makers, Robhouse, Jarmyn and the like possessed the secret of a third ingredient which is not now known. When the improved processes of glassmaking made glass vessels extraordinarily cheap pewter making fell into disuse and with its fall its secret perished also.

For the collector of pewter this is a most happy circumstance, for it makes his objects rare and valuable. Probably the best known pewter collector in England is Frank Jackson, the well known artist and the secretary of the London Sketch club.

It was owing to him that the first dinner was eaten entirely from pewter, and it is through him that the "pewter dinners" have become an artistic function, to which many amateurs of the curious in life would give a good deal to be invited.

The originator of the idea began to collect pewter some time ago in fragments. He would come across a dish here, a plate there or a fine tankard in some country tavern. As the collection grew it became his ambition to have a complete dinner service for at least six people, a thing which, as every collector knows, is extremely difficult of achievement.

Gradually the set grew. The fine collection of tankards belonging to one of the smaller inns of court came into the market and was at once bought up. Some wonderful tureens and basins of pewter were found in Rome, the remains of the table service of a cardinal in the middle ages.

The greatest difficulty of all was experienced in the search for liquor "glasses" of pewter. The artist was determined that nothing should be wanting in his dinner service and that it should be complete down to the smallest detail.

Eventually, strange as it may seem, the liquor "glasses" were picked up in Algiers. They are of very rare and curious workmanship. Pewter seems so thoroughly an English product that one finds it difficult to imagine it of Moorish workmanship.

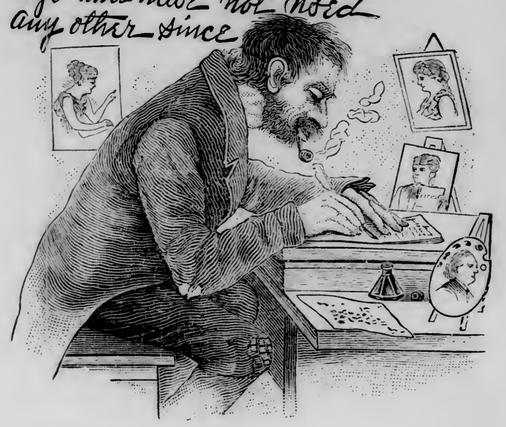
The knives were discovered at the sale of an old country mansion with its effects. The handles are of thick pewter. It is curious also to find how difficult it is to eat with pewter spoons after the light silver ones in use in the present day. When the whole dinner service was completed the plan of regular pewter dinners was inaugurated by Mr. Jackson. These take place in a great studio at the home of the artist, Bedford Park. More than one old English tradition is kept with due solemnity and old English fare is eaten.

JAP ROSE

GLYCERINE SOAP

A SOAP-CERTIFICATE.

I used your soap two years ago and have not used any other since



Why buy inferior and adulterated Soaps for the bath and toilet when it is just as easy to get the best? Every dealer of any consequence carries Jap Rose Glycerine Soap in stock, because they know it is an absolutely pure, reliable brand of Soap.

Use Jap Rose for toilet and bath.

Health for 10 cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

HILL TOP **CASINO and PAVILION.**

J. C. MORRIS, Lessee and Manager.

Next Sunday and all Next Week, MATINEES DAILY.

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,"

Military Brass Band, Fashionable Vaudeville, Autocratic Curios, Concessions and Privileges.

POPULAR PRICES.—Afternoon 1:30 sharp; evening 7:30 sharp. Double Bill. Two Shows.

PARLOR THEATER.

19 Second Avenue West.

TONIGHT, Matinee Saturday, 2:30 p. m.

Mlle. Modesta Burlesque Co.

20—Handsome Ladies—20.

A laughing hit from start to finish.

Coffee Given Away

For one week only
at the special sale of

O'DONOHUE'S

Greater New York Coffee

BANNER BRANDS

5th Ave. Mocha & Java - - - 35c.
Mindoro Java & Mocha - - - 30c.
Oriental Blend - - - - - - 25c.

Every purchaser of 1½ lbs. of either brand gets

1-2 LB. FREE.

First come first served.

MONDAY, JUNE 5, to SATURDAY, JUNE 10. **JOHNSON & MOE,** 2102-2104 West Superior St., DULUTH, MINN.

NOT THE OBJECT

Visit of Railroad Commission Excites Considerable Talk Among Grain Men.

WRONG IMPRESSION

Members Say It Was Not in Connection With Chief Inspectorship.

The members of the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission, Gen. George L. Becker, P. M. Ringdahl and Judge Ira B. Mills, of Moorhead, together with A. K. Telsberg, clerk of the board, were in Duluth yesterday afternoon. They came up on the afternoon train and left last evening for St. Paul again. A. C. Clausen, the state grain inspector, was also here yesterday.

The visits to Duluth of the board and Mr. Clausen, especially the latter, are frequent and occasion no comment, but this particular one did for the reason that another gentleman was here with them. This is R. C. Burdick, of St. Paul, who at one time was superintendent of the Great Northern elevators here and has for a short time been in a position in the state grain inspection office. Mr. Burdick some time ago was talked of as the possible successor to State Grain Inspector Clausen, but since he went into the office in another capacity this talk has died out. The visit of the commissioners, Mr. Clausen and Mr. Burdick to Duluth and the fact that they spent the day at the grain inspection office in Duluth revived the rumor among the grain men that Mr. Burdick was here to look over this office preparatory to his taking Mr. Clausen's office. This idea gained much credence among the grain men in the afternoon.

This idea is without foundation, however, as far as could be learned last evening and as it was denied by the commissioners it is undoubtedly untrue.

Judge Mills said when asked about the matter last evening that the board was not here for that purpose and that it had not considered any change in the chief inspector's office, so far as he knew. "However, I am the Republican member of the board and Gen. Becker and Senator Ringdal are the Democratic and Populist members and would suggest that you see them." Which, it would be inferred, meant that if they saw fit to make a change they had the power to do so.

Senator Ringdal when approached said that the visit of the board and Messrs Clausen and Burdick had to do with an entirely different matter, and the chief inspectorship was in no way concerned in it. What the visit was for he did not explain, but it is quite possible that it was in relation to the change in the weighmaster's office here, the position which H. B. Moore will take on June 15.

TESTIMONIAL TO MRS. LOMAN.

Large Attendance at the Concert Last Evening.

The concert given last evening at the High School as a testimonial to Mrs. John Loman was largely attended and was an event which interested all the musicians of the city. Mrs. Loman has lived among them for several years and there has been no more popular member of musical circles, nor one whose ability and talent has been more cordially conceded. Her departure from the city will be a loss that all musicians will feel, for she has not only been a most thorough musician, but has done much to disseminate musical knowledge and cultivate among the people of Duluth a finer taste for music.

Mrs. Loman gave three piano numbers, two by Grieg and a rustic wedding procession by Strong. They were delightful. Mrs. Woodward sang "Charming Bird," from "Pearl of Brazil." Miss Donovan sang "By the Fountain," by Adams. Mr. Hoelscher gave a fine flute solo. George Tyler sang a brilliant tenor solo from "Lucia."

A large choir sang "Hail, Bright Abode," from "Tannhaeuser." Selections from "The May Queen" were sung by the chorus, with solos by Miss McKay, Mr. Shepard, Miss Hector and Mr. Gearhart. The sextet from "Lucia" was sung by Miss McKay, Mrs. Burt Holcomb, George Tyler, C. D. Shepard, H. G. Gearhart, C. Applehagen and chorus.

Mrs. Loman played the accompaniments and Professor Custance directed.

On a Fishing Trip.

Congressman Morris and a couple of his officeholders, Collector L. M. Willcuts and Postmaster E. L. Fisher, and also William Getty, who has always been one of the strong supporters of Judge Morris, are reducing the stock of fish in the lakes near Deer river, and incidentally springing campaign yarns. They will spend several days up there, and doubtless will have an enjoyable outing.

The Non-Irritating Cathartic

Easy to take, easy to operate—

Hood's Pills

FINDS RICH ROCK.

Capt. Thomas Well Pleased With Fond du Lac Mine.

Capt. Thomas, in charge of the work now being done at the Fond du Lac mine, the property of the Superior and Boston people, reports great things being done out at the mine. He has made another rich strike on the Parker vein, 150 feet from the spot where he made the find he has found some more rock that is fit for a king. The work of putting in a compartment shaft has been stopped by the rain, but the captain says that just as soon as the weather lets up he will have the Parker shaft fitted up in first class style. The work of timbering it has been commenced, and it will be sunk right down to a depth of 100 feet, whereas now it is but 70. When this depth is reached the work of crosscutting will be commenced, and it is the opinion of the captain that when the shaft is down a ways it will be found that the seven veins on the property all come together, and that there will be a regular bonanza body of mineral-bearing rock. The captain is highly pleased with the results of the work so far.

"I said when I first examined the range that seven veins would be found," said he, "and we have already found that many. It would not surprise me at all if there were more, but I would not like to make a sure statement on that."

The Power of the Press.

"The power of the press" is a common expression, but few really realize its actual power. Deep thinkers do not hesitate to assert that half the crime of our country may be traced to this source. But great as is the influence of the press, it cannot begin to equal the power of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters over disease. Most diseases originate in a weak stomach. The Bitters strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood and cures constipation. They tone up the nervous system and stimulate inactive kidneys. As an appetizer it is unequalled. It cures sick people, and an occasional dose regulates the bowels and prevents well people from becoming sick. If you want to get well and keep well, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

WAS A FINE SHOOT.

Scores Made In the Interstate Contest Were Excellent.

The Gun club shoot Sunday for the interstate cup, which resulted in a victory for the Duluth team, was one of the best the shots at the head of the lakes have ever seen, and would compare favorably with the Eastern scores. The Superior club was unfortunate in having two of its best shots, Dixie and Harold, away on a fishing trip. Had they been here Superior would have showed up even better, but the Duluth men think they would have won nevertheless. The scores would have been higher, however. It was an ideal day for shooting, there being no wind and the weather being comfortably warm.

Another shoot for the cup may be held next Sunday.

Dent's Toothache Gum is sold everywhere by all first-class druggists. 15 cents.

Comptroller's Statement.

Comptroller McCormick's statement of the city's balances at the close of May 18 is as follows:

Debit account—	
City treasurer	$104,477 12
Permanent improvement fund	376,735 78
General fund	50,922 43
Fire department fund	258,106 19
Interest fund	1,621 31
Total	$831,783 10
Credit account—	
Voucher account	$588,088 55
Library fund	2,438 46
Park fund	1,727 88
Sinking fund	62,978 19
Water and light fund	176,850 02
Total	$831,783 10

The Salvation Army.

Special service will be held at the new Salvation Army hall, No. 622 West Superior street, Friday evening, Brig. Hamlin and Staff Capt. Kimball and wife, of Minneapolis, will have charge of the service. The brigadier is an accomplished musician and the staff captain carries with him a phonograph. A special free entertainment for children will be given Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

DROWNED AT BEMIDJI.

Brainerd & Northern Brakeman Perished While Out Boating.

Bemidji, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Sunday afternoon our people were shocked to learn of the bath of Mr. Gordon, a brakeman on the Brainerd & Northern Minnesota, while out boating on our lake. Mr. Gordon went out at 5 o'clock in the evening in company with Miss Riley, of Brainerd, who has been here visiting for a few days. They crossed the lake and seemed to enjoy rocking on the waves as the wind was quite high. Finally the boat dipped and was nearly half filled with water which caused Mr. Gordon to jump out. For a while he hung onto the boat and tried to go to shore. All this time he was calling for help, and he became so weak that the boat tipped over and Miss Riley was thrown out. She too hung onto the boat and went with the wind shoreward. Mr. Gordon died while still hanging to the boat and was held there by the brave young lady until within a short distance from shore where the water was but four feet deep. In her effort to save Mr. Gordon she nearly exhausted herself and suffered greatly. The back of her hands are bare where the boat rubbed the skin off.

MORE CARS ON SUNDAY

Council Orders a Ten Minute Service to Lakeside to Be Given.

HE SPRINGS A PLAN

Alderman Neff Presents Another Assessment Settlement Proposition.

The council last evening adopted a resolution requiring a 10-minute service on the Lakeside street car line on Sundays, from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m., beginning June 11 and continuing to Sept. 24. Should the company fail to comply with the resolution, the city attorney is directed to take steps to compel the company to comply with section 4 of its charter, which provides that cars shall be run "as often and at such hours as public convenience shall require," and at least every fifteen minutes between 6 a. m. and 7 p. m. every day and all the year round.

The resolution was introduced by Alderman Krumsieg. It was absolutely impossible, he said, for many people to get to Lakeside on pleasant Sundays. He had started for Lester Park with a friend last Sunday, he said, but had to give it up. They waited twenty-five minutes before a car came along, and then it was so packed that they could not get on. They waited twenty-five minutes longer for another car and that was full to the limit, and after another considerable interval another car came along and it, too, was full, and then they gave up the attempt.

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

A motion by Alderman Crowley was passed instructing the city attorney to advise the council whether it has power to amend or repeal the ordinance authorizing the Commercial Light and Power company to extend its poles and wires, and if it is found that the council has not the power at present, to state when it would.

A scheme to let out owners of inside property who have not paid their assessments on still easier terms than are offered in Alderman Crowley's resolution recently passed was sprung by Alderman Neff, in the shape of a resolution providing in effect that the assessments should be cancelled on payment of 25 per cent of the assessed valuation of the property. The resolution starts out with a provision that assessments shall be settled on payment of the face thereof and 8 per cent interest, and the gradle comes in last in the shape of a provision that if this amounts to more than 25 per cent of the valuation, a sum equal to the latter shall be accepted.

Alderman Neff repeated his previous assertion that he wanted the city to get all it could out of the property and for the seeming inconsistency between this assertion and his action in suggesting this plan before the expiration of the sixty days for making application for settlement under the Crowley resolution, he offered an explanation to the effect that this Sunday was engulfed by the wish that nobody should have reason to say again that anybody else had gotten off easier than they had. He asked that the resolution go over for one week.

Alderman Krumsieg moved an amendment referring the resolution to a committee consisting of the treasurer, comptroller and attorney.

Alderman Sang objected to a consideration of the resolution before the expiration of the sixty days for application under the Crowley resolution as inopportune and he moved that it be tabled until then. To this objection Alderman Neff replied that all should be afforded the same terms. He took it for granted that some would not take advantage of the Crowley resolution, his idea was that the truck-dodgers would get in the benefit and that the benefit had better be given to all.

The matter was referred to the committee named in accordance with Alderman Krumsieg's amendment, with instructions to report in one week.

Alderman Cromwell made a fight on granting licenses for complete saloons on the Bowery. One of the places is at the foot of the incline pavilion, the applicant for which was E. F. Schmidt. The alderman stated that applications were granted there would be a saloon on both sides of the incline landing. A lot of loafers would congregated on the sidewalk on both sides and ladies and children would have to stand out in the street.

Alderman Wing said that he could see no objection to having a saloon on both sides. The women and children could stand in front of the incline, and if they did not like it there they could go into the car.

Licenses were granted both places, the other being that of Forest & LeTorneau, No. 601 West Superior street.

A resolution appropriating not to exceed $75 for the repair of the dock at Pine avenue was introduced by Alderman Schaffer and after considerable debate was left in the committee on harbors and docks for a report on the necessity of the work.

Pursuant to a request of a number of residents of the vicinity of the Raleigh street crossing of the Northern Pacific and St. Paul & Duluth roads were directed to keep a flagman there.

The comptroller was, by resolution, directed to enter judgment on delinquent assessments and sell the property thereunder.

The committe on purchasing and supplies reported in favor of publishing only the annual report of the board of public works instead of those of all the city officers as heretofore. The report was received and it was directed that bids for printing othe report with and without illustrations be obtained.

The board of public works was directed to investigate the condition of the Vermilion or Rice Lake road, within the city limits.

A communication from H. F. Greene was received requesting payment of his expenses, amounting to $30, incurred on two trips to St. Paul during the last session of the legislature in the interest of the charter bill. He stated that he went at the request of the mayor and legislative delegation and was told that his expenses would be paid. Referred.

The following appointments by the mayor were confirmed: George Hawksworth and James McCue, special police officers without pay, and F. E. Burg special officer and poundmaster at Woodland at a salary of $20 per month from the city.

Several small waterworks estimates, amounting to $310.85, were approved.

WILL BOYCOTT.

Upper Peninsula Business Men Threaten the Lower Peninsula Wholesalers.

Houghton, Mich., June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—If legislation carries by which the lower peninsula farmers will draw $1,000,000 to $2,000,000 annually from the state treasury on sugar bounties, and which is amounting to about $1,000,000 is placed on the upper peninsula copper and iron mines, business men in Michigan, north of the straits of Mackinac, will boycott all lower peninsula wholesalers and manufacturers in favor of dealers in Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis and Duluth.

Superintendent Chynoweth, of the Fay group of mines, paid a visit to the copper range explorations while on a trip to the Elm mine last week and returned most enthusiastic in regard to the work being conducted by Dr. Hubbard. He stated, and his remarks are substantiated by every one who has visited the openings, that the copper range people have exposed a lode 30 feet in width. The foot and hanging walls are located, and in Mr. Chynoweth's opinion the surface showing is the greatest ever seen in the Lake Superior copper district with the exception of that at the Mass mine during its early career. Among insiders there is certainly a buoyant feeling regarding copper range. Three lodes, all copper-bearing, have been located on the property. Capt. Chynoweth stated also that a ledge had been reached at the Tri-mountain, and a blast in the rock Friday afternoon revealed a showing of copper.

No. 16 shaft, located on the Osceola amygdaloid lode on the Calumet and Hecla property, has been commenced.

John Carkeek and John O'Neil, the well-known wrestlers, met at the Houghton opera house Saturday night and in the presence of a big assemblage put up a contest that proved interesting throughout and at times highly exciting. Under the conditions of the match the result was a victory for Carkeek, though why he should be granted a handicap by Carkeek is not clear. The conditions of the match were that Carkeek was to throw O'Neil three times to win and, in the meantime, should O'Neil succeed in getting but two falls he became the victor. Up to the last moment it was understood that a straight catch-as-catch-can match was to take place, and had this been carried out the spectators would have gone away much better satisfied.

The match finished, Joe Pope, of Ishpeming stepped to the front of the stage with a roll of bills a foot thick and offered to back Carkeek for a match with O'Neil, Cornish style, for $500. Mr. Pope is arranging a wrestling tournament at Ishpeming and will offer liberal pizes with the hope that they will be an inducement for Rowett, O'Neil and Carkeek. Carkeek is unlikely to enter, as he stated before the match that he was averse to tournament wrestling, where one fall constitutes what is practically a defeat, and he says any wrestler is liable to be caught napping for a fall.

There is some prospect for a straight Cornish wrestling match between O'Neil and Rowett, in which event Joe Pope, the latter's manager, will probably ask that it take place at Ishpeming. Mr. Pope is a firm believer in Rowett's ability, and there is no better judge of a wrestler than he.

SOUTHERNERS AND COFFEE.

A Cooking School Teacher from the South.

My father was a Southerner, and therefore we always had coffee three times a day, and as a result are a very nervous family.

I could not break off from the coffee habit until I found a delightful beverage in the Postum Food Coffee.

I have learned to like it better than coffee.

We did not like it at first, because it was not made according to directions, but since we have come to know that it must be boiled, we are enthusiastic in its praise.

I give lessons in cooking and am naturally brought in contact with a great many people whose habits of food and drink I learn. I find that many families have come to know of the advantage of Postum Food Coffee and have abandoned common coffee altogether. I could send you a long list of these if you care for it.

I cannot speak too highly in praise of Postum. I have often wished I could afford to buy a few dollar's worth and give it to those who are suffering from the drug contained in ordinary coffee and who would be glad to know that they could have a delicious cup of health coffee. Mrs. Myra J. Tullar, 302 West Fifth street, Kansas City, Mo.

TRAP SHOOTING EXPERTS.

Gather at Buffalo to Participate In State Shoot.

Buffalo, June 6.—The trapshooting experts from all over the United States and Canada participated in the state shoot which opened here today under the auspices of the Buffalo Audobon club. There were nine target events on the card for the day, the total number of targets to be shot at being 165. Four events are at fifteen targets and four at twenty, one being at twenty-five. In the smaller events the conditions are $25 added, entrance fee $2, five moneys. The 25-target event has an entrance fee of $5 and a $500 guaranteed purse, surplus added. In this event there are eight moneys. Fifty dollars is added for the day's amateur average, and the ten high guns get $5 each. The weather conditions at the opening were about perfect.

THE PLAGUE IN EGYPT.

Cairo, Egypt, June 6.—The total number of plague sufferers at Alexandria is placed at fourteen, of which two are dead. Four cases have been cured. Four new cases were reported yesterday, but no new cases have been reported lsewhere.

RICHARDS RELEASED.

London, June 6.—Westby Richards, the commission agent (bookmaker), who was arrested at the Bank of England April 29, while attempting to cash three £100 notes which were stolen on January last at Parr's bank, was discharged today, the evidence against him being insufficient. Richards claimed he had received the notes at the Newmarket races. The magistrate declined to make an order respecting the notes.

STRONG TESTIMONY.

This is Duluth Testimony and Will Stand Investigation.

If you doubt this and wish to investigate, you haven't to go to some other state in the Union to prove it. It's not a long yarn published in Duluth about a resident in Kalamazoo, Mich., or Woonsocket, R. I.; it's about a resident of Duluth. You can get lots of testimony in Duluth papers about remedies, but keep this fact constantly in view: there is only one remedy endorsed by bona fide Duluth residents. Read this case:

Josiah Collins, of 510 Third avenue east, employed at C. Coon's meat market, says: "I suffered severely from rheumatism for a long time, and during a year was so bad I could hardly get around at all and found it impossible to get up and down a hill. I felt like an old man, all worn out; my shoulders were so sore I could scarcely raise my arms, and the least exertion tired me out completely. I tried bottle after bottle of medicine and spent lots of money treating for the trouble, but nothing did me any good. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's and used it. I felt some better after the first box and continued their use until I had completed my seventh box, when I had no sign or symptom whatever of the trouble left. I cannot express how grateful I am to have gotten rid of a complaint which rendered me almost helpless. I strongly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone suffering from kidney trouble or rheumatism."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name. Doan's, and take no other.

FORMAL OPENING

Public Reception to the Visiting Maccabees Given At the Armory.

THE OFFICERS TALK

Supreme Officials of the Order Review and Commend Its Work.

The state convention of the Maccabees could not have been started better than it was by the public reception to the supreme officers at the Armory last night. The reception was a great success in every way. The Armory was packed, upstairs and down, and there has seldom been as large a crowd in the building as there was last night. The program was very enjoyable, and the audience was ready and warm with its applause. The duties and privileges of membership in the order were set forth in glowing and eloquent terms by the speakers, and the crowd, many members of which knew from actual experience what the pleasures and benefits of membership are, cheered them to the echo. There was a very excellent musical program. Flaaten's orchestra, under his own able direction, played several pleasing numbers in its usual finished and satisfactory manner. Miss Julia Donovan sang a contralto solo, "My Heart at Thy Sweet Voice," from Saint-Saens' "Samson and Delila," and of course she did it well. Her rich, sweet voice defied the poor accoustic properties of the hall and showed to most excellent advantage. She was very warmly applauded and compelled to respond to an encore. Gustave Dalaten gave the "Hungarian Rhapsodic," and every detail of his performance was correct and delightful. A. A. Heelscher gave a flute solo, an American fantasie, and of course he did it well.

The reception was somewha late in starting, so George R. Laybourn, who acted as the chairman, made no introductory speech. With a few words he introduced to the audience Mayor Truelsen, who made the address of welcome in behalf of Duluth and of the Duluth Maccabees.

"It is my pleasant duty," he said, "to extend to one and all a most hearty welcome. I hope that your visit will be a pleasant one, and that when you leave after the convention you will carry with you a pleasant recollection of the Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas. The order of the Maccabees has had a phenomenal success, and its growth, from its inception to its present membership of hundreds of thousands has been marvelous. What is the cause of it? The cause is the brotherhood beauties of the order, and the fraternity and beneficience which make its foundation. Its benefits have been incalculable. Think of the homes that would have been desolate but for the effects of the order. It benefits its members through their lives by providing them with social relations, through sickness and accident by providing them with sustenance, and when they are gone it steps into the homes of the bereaved ones and renders them independent from want. The associations of the Maccabees reminds the member of his duty to his fellow man. It is not only a privilege, but a duty that no man should neglect, to join at least one of the several fraternal and beneficiary orders. Once more I wish to bid you welcome, and to hope that your memories of Duluth will always be pleasant. You will find her people generous and warm-hearted, and they will afford you good entertainment."

C. J. Mallory, state commander, was then called upon, and he responded by welcoming the visitors to the homes and hearts of the people of Duluth, the mayor having welcomed them to the city. "After the mayor has spoken there is little left for me to say in the way of welcome," he said; "but I want to extend to the supreme officers of our order a hearty welcome, not only on behalf of the city and of the entire Maccabee sisterhood and brotherhood of the state, but on behalf of the 800 members present on order in the city of Duluth. We are glad to have the supreme officers with us tonight. They will enlighten us on the ends and aims of our order. There is nothing in the gift of the sir knights of the city too good for the supreme officers, whom we all honor and love. The same welcome is extended to the supreme officers of the Ladies of the Maccabees, and while the mayor has given you all the freedom of the city, I wish to extend to you the freedom of our homes and hearts."

D. P. Markey, of Port Huron, Mich., supreme commander of the order, was next introduced. "After the royal welcome that has been extended on behalf of the citizens and Maccabees of Duluth we should feel quite at home, and I assure you on behalf of every knight and lady here that we do feel welcome. This is not my first visit to Duluth, and I know your hospitality. We were here once before and were received with open arms. The order is growing more welcome in your city day by day. I have heard since I arrived here that recently 500 men have given in their applications, and this shows how the order is growing. I will not weary you by talking of the objects of the order, because they are to well known. I only wish to say that this order, as well as other similar orders, has come to do you good, and that it is doing good. It binds its members together in a closer bond of fellowship, aids the needy and afflicted, and affords the comfort of love, friendship and bortherhood. It is doing the work thoroughly. During 1898 the fraternal organizations of the country distributed $40,000,000 in the homes of deceased members. This is outside of all that local organizations have done, and is only what the grand and supreme organizations have done. This went into 20,000 homes, and it means that $15,000 was distributed for every working hour of the day.

"With all this, the system is so perfect that while you have provided this money, none of you have felt it, and none of you could say at the end of the year that he had spent any of this money so that it bothered him. These organizations have come to stay, and the order of the Maccabees, whose Minnesota convention will begin tomorrow, is only one of them. True, it is said by the mayor that its members are numbered by hundreds of thousands, but it is only one of those orders and one of the youngest. They are all working for a common end, however, and they are like the waters that reach the gulf of Mexico, it is hard to tell whether they come from the Mississippi, the Missouri or any other point, blended together as they are. The fraternal orders are blended together in the cause of universal brotherhood. People should be glad that years ago men thought out this system. While the Maccabees is one of the youngest of the fraternal organizations, it is also one of the strongest. Its showing of 365,000 is one every one should be proud of, and it is capable of doing a world of good. It is doing good, and I congratulate you on the splendid progress the order is making in this state. The first five months of this year show more progress in this state than in any other in the Union. The organization of the Maccabees, while large in numbers, has a democratic system of government. It is an institution of, for and governed by the people. The Maccabees of Minnesota are here for the purpose of administering their affairs of the order in this state. Duluth has also shown splendid progress, and I want all of you to feel that the credit is yours. You have all had a part in it, and the credit belongs to you. Sir Knights of the Maccabees, I congratulate you on the fact that you are to entertain this gathering, and I hope everyone will exemplify to the citizens of Duluth that it is a good thing to be a Maccabee.

"While young in years, this organization has distributed more than $12,000,000. The mayor has asked what is the cause of the order's great growth. The fact that people in this great country appreciate the homes and the measures for their protection and upbuilding is responsible. You have built a great city here and its homes must be protected. This order cares for the sick, relieves the distressed and disabled, and goes into the homes of the departed and leaves substantial evidence of the fact that the deceased was a member. There is not a fraternal organization of the country that will exemplify the true principles of fraternity and love better than the Maccabees. I only want to add in conclusion, that this is a great brotherhood and sisterhood, a co-partnership. Its foundations are not only in love, but in honor. I ask you to so live as to be worthy of recognition as a Maccabee wherever and whenever you require it. It will protect you as it has protected those who have gone in the past. Let us demonstrate to the world that membership is not only a privilege, but that it is one only to be enjoyed by those who are honorable, upright and worthy. The true foundations of the family altars is love. The order is for the home and the family. Wherever a certificate of membership in a fraternal organization is found, there will be found love and faithfulness. The mission of the organization is to make the world better."

Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, supreme commander of the L. O. T. M., was next introduced. After stating her pleasure at meeting the people of Duluth on this her first visit, she said: "The question that is agitating the minds of scientists and sociologists of today is what is to be woman's share in active life. When we consider the large number of women there are in the world, it is no wonder people are wondering what they are going to do. The first social group was mother and child. At first there were several such groups to one man. Now there is but one man attached to one such group, and this is the family. Some say that women talk a great deal, but they have a perfect right to do so. They were the medium through which language was disseminated. In olden days women captives were made slaves or adopted into the tribes by which they were captured, and in this way they spread languages. In the old days men went to war and the women tilled the soil. Now the age of militancy is passed, nearly if not quite, and women have had to change their occupations. The articles they used to make in the home are now the product of factories. She must do something, so she is forced to leave her home and go into the factories to work. This destroys the home. Man has had the advantage of woman in many ways. He had the right of organization before woman thought of it, and his guilds preceded any women's organization by centuries. Under paganism woman did not even have the comfort of a soul or a hereafter. Now she has the hope of a hereafter. To-day women are in the professions, yea, and in commercial lines. Of thirty female graduates of Harvard only eight took simple degrees. Woman is preparing to occupy any position that may fall to her.

"I am here to represent a great business organization of women. Its membership now is 113,000. Fraternal organizations are becoming popular and are reaching all homes. The order not only affords its members social opportunities, but it pays death benefits of $500 to $2000. Sentimental objections to this should not be considered. It should be looked at squarely from a business and fraternal standpoint. There are great advantages to women who join the organization. I heard a discussion in a newspaper office recently, where several men were arguing over what word means most. One said 'heaven,' another 'mother' and a third 'home.' A bystander said that the last was the greatest, because it contained both of the others. No mater how simple a home is, it is great. The home is where the heart is. The object of the fraternal organization is to protect it and surround it with safeguards."

Maj. N. S. Boynton, supreme record keeper of the order, was the next speaker, and he kept the audience in a roar of laughter while he was speaking. "I am glad to be with you, Mr. Mayor," he began. "I have been there myself, and I know how to sympathize with you. The position of mayor is not a pleasant one, though quite honorable—in your mind. I am glad to see all you people looking so jolly. It is because you are all out for a lark. That is one of the best things about this order; it gives you a chance to get out for a lark. This is a pretty good world. It is the best I ever lived in, and if you've ever lived in a better let's hear about it. The world is as you make it. There is no use moping. If you get in a hornet's nest, get out of it, or stay there and take it without whimpering. That's what I believe in. I am not here to talk either fraternity or business. We might get too much of fraternity and make a mess out of it. We might get too much business in it and freeze the whole thing up. So we put in equal amounts of each, and find it goes very well. You see the result tonight in this great crowd. There are 360,000 men and 113,000 women in this order, and I was introduced tonight as the 'father of the Maccabees.' (Great laughter.) I have had to raise all these children. Do you wonder I look like a toothpick?

"We cannot always agree perfectly, or love our neighbor as ourself, but that does not prevent us from touching shoulders in fraternal organization. The great secret of the success of these orders is that their government is democratic. Every individual member has a voice and a vote. Its yours and mine, and it is in our power to correct any evils that may occur."

Mrs. S. P. Carpenter, deputy supreme commander of the L. O. T. M., was the next speaker. She briefly dwelt upon the results of the assessments paid by the members. She said that the thought had come to her that these assessments went on and on, doing good in an ever-increasing circle, and even if the member did not see any of that good, he or she could know that it was being done.

W. E. Blaney, grand record keeper for the state of Pennsylvania, spoke briefly, owing to the lateness of the hour. He told of the growth of the order in his state, and said that it was based on the good people saw it doing. He referred to the fact that people can enter the order merely for the social part, or for insurance in its various forms, and the assessments are regulated so the members pay only for what they get.

Best Seller in the State!

Sweet Lotus

Unconditionally the Best Bright Sweet Long Cut Tobacco on earth to

smoke and chew

Comparison with other tobaccos will convince you.—Ask your dealer for Sweet Lotus!

WELLMAN-DWIRE TOBACCO CO. ST LOUIS, MO.

MUNYON'S INHALER

CURES CATARRH

Colds, Coughs, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches the sore spots—It heals the raw places—It goes to the seat of disease—It acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—$1.00 at druggists or sent by mail. 1505 Arch St., Phila.

WORD FROM ANDREE.

But Dated a Very Short Time After He Started.

Christiania, June 6.—The slip of paper found inside the cork buoy picked up by two boys on May 11 last on the north coast of Iceland, as cabled to the Associated Press yesterday, was inscribed:

"Drifting buoy No. 7. This buoy thrown from Andree's balloon July 7, 1897, 10:30 p. m., Greenwich time, 82 north, 25 east. We are at an altitude of 400 meters; all well.

"ANDREE.
"STRINDBERG.
"FROENCKEL."

The ballon thus had only traveled seven hours and fifty minutes when the buoy was thrown out.

THE OLYMPIA SAILS.

Washington, June 6.—Admiral Dewey's flagship Olympia sailed today from Hong Kong for Singapore, returning to the United States.

$38,000,000 In Gold.

The Salmon and Clearwater placer mines in Idaho, according to Wells Fargo Express company's receipts, yielded in gold dust and nuggets from $38,000,000 to $40,000,000 between 1860 and 1864. Notwithstanding the difficulties of transportation in those days, inexperience from civilization, and hostile Indians, the fame of the rich gold placers around Elk City, Florence, Oro Fino and Millersburg reached the outside world and a stampede marked the opening of the '60s. Bancroft, the historian, long ago expressed the belief that these placer mines were but the outskirts or washings of a richer central deposit, and almost simultaneously with the recent completion of the Northern Pacific's Lewiston, Idaho, extension from Spokane, comes the announcement that prospectors have discovered immense ledges of gold-bearing quartz in the Buffalo Hump range lying between the Salmon and the South Fork of Clearwater, along which latter stream the Northern Pacific is now building its Clearwater line. For a map folder giving fuller information regarding this new mining region send 2c stamp to Charles S. Fee, St. Paul, Minn., or any general or district passenger agent of the Northern Pacific railway.

The Popular Route.

See that your ticket reads via the popular Wisconsin Central lines from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Marshfield, Stevens Point and Milwaukee, Wis., Chicago, Ill., and all points East and South.

CANDY CATHARTIC **Cascarets** REGULATE THE LIVER

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Mary A. Warfield, Plaintiff.

vs.

Fred Reynolds, as receiver; James C. Hunter, as receiver; Clinton Markell, as assignee of Henry H. Bell, Insolvent; Josiah C. Frisbee, David P. Frisbee, Mary E. Howe, The Hastings Malting Company, John S. Robertson, Andrew D. Davidson, as assignee of the State bank of Duluth, Insolvent; Victor Stearns, as administrator of the will annexed of Ozora P. Stearns, Deceased; The American Exchange Bank of Duluth, The Security Land and Iron Company, Charles H. Graves, Max Shapiro, Hauser & Sons' Malting Company, Fay Armstrong Cork Company, C. L. Kiewert & Company and Julia Robertson, as administratrix of the estate of John S. Robertson, Deceased, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 22nd day of May, 1899, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the eighth day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

All the easterly one-half (e'ly ½) of lot numbered forty-six (46), in block numbered one (1), Central Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat of said Central Division of Duluth, on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, it being the intention to describe a rectangular plat of ground, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on Superior street, by one hundred fifteen (115) feet deep, all in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated May 23rd, 1899.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-23-30-June-6-13-20-27.

Shall Not the Self-same Mould Produce the Self-same Shoes?

To find out how strong a stick is break it.

To find out how much finish and service a $5.00 shoe factory can put into $3.50 footwear, see the new Burrow's "Regent" $3.50 shoe.

As carefully made as any $5.00 shoe sold in exclusive shoe stores.

Produced by highly skilled labor, on the self-same foot-fitting lasts, with the same expensive machinery as that which produces the standard of America—"The Burrows $5.00 Shoe."

Made from four warranted leathers—Black and Tan Chrome Calf, Tan Russia Calf, Black Vici Kid and Wax Calf.

Twelve shapes, eleven half sizes and six widths.

Wear and fit warranted to equal any make of $5.00 shoe except the $5.00 Burrows Shoe."

The name stamped on the sole of every pair.

Visitors Welcomed. Investigation Courted.

M. S. BURROWS

Dealer in Reliable Footwear.

MARINE NEWS.

Contract Made for the Building of Four Large Steel Ships.

Chicago, June 6.—The American Shipbuilding company has closed a contract for the four largest steel ships ever built on fresh water. Each will be 500 feet long and have a cargo capacity of 8000 tons. Their total cost will be $1,800,000. A. B. Wolvin, of Duluth, who ordered the vessels as trustee, is supposed to represent the American Steel and Wire company, which last winter purchased the entire fleet of the Zenith Transportation company, of which Mr. Wolvin was general manager.

THE STEWART BURNED.

Bayfield, Wis., June 6.—The passenger steamer R. G. Stewart, from Hancock to Duluth, ran ashore on Michigan island, one of the Apostles group, at midnight Saturday night. At 10 o'clock Sunday morning the vessel was burned to the water's edge.

One of the crew was drowned in escaping from the burning wreck. The others with the three passengers were saved. The dead man is George McKenna, wheelsman, Detroit, Mich. The boat was launched when the fire started and all had entered except McKenna. He jumped into the little boat from the steamer's deck, and capsized it. The others managed to get hold of the life lines but McKenna was drowned.

The R. G. Stewart has been running on the south shore run for several seasons. She has been carrying passengers and freight and has been doing a thriving business. She was owned and commanded by Capt. Con Flynn, of Duluth. The Stewart was built in 1878. She was 100 feet keel and 22 feet beam. She carried 325 net or 487 gross tons and was a staunch little craft.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 6.—Special to The Herald.—Up: Stephenson, Holley, Queen of the West, Tasmania, 10 last night; Uganda, 10:30; Carnegie, Norton, 12:24 a. m.; Roby, 12:40; Fryer, 4:30; City of New York, Ward, Keating, Grundy, Black Rock, 5:30; Bielman, 11. Down: Marshall, Tilden, Kingfisher, 11:30 last night; Schuck, 2 a. m.; Rosemount, Melrose, Selkirk, 2:30; Chisholm, 4; Burnham, 6; Osceola, King, Corning, 10; Pontiac, Morgan, Mingo, 10:30; Lenty, Botsford, Shawnee, Abrams, Smith, 11.

Up yesterday: Gilbert, Yale, noon; Oliver, Hudson, 2 p. m.; Avon, 4; Merrimac, Tecumseh, Marengo, 8:30; John Owen, 5:30; Thompson, 11:15. Wright, Columbia, 6. Down: Rees, Athabasca, 2 p. m.; George Gur, Carrington, 3:30; Lagonda, 4:30; United Empire, 5.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Mahoning, 1 a. m.; Rockefeller and whaleback, 2:30; Lockwood, Cuba (British), 4; Lyon, 5:30; Neilson, Cobalt, 8:30. Down: Grover, midnight; P. Foster Wade, 2:30 a. m.; Carpenter and barges, 3; Hebard and consorts, 4; Curry, 5:30; St. Louis and consorts, 8; Frontenac, 11.

THE FREIGHT SITUATION.

Cleveland, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—There are a few more Escanaba vessels offering than for several days past, but no indication of a change of any kind in ore rates. Coal shippers claim they are getting a few more vessels than last week, and are therefore holding out stronger than ever against the higher rates that have been so long talked of.

THE TUG STRIKE.

The tug strike situation is unchanged today, no approach at a settlement having been made. The men are still making their new tug line, and they have the Dudley of the Stevens line and one or two others working today. The Davidson tug industry is doing great service still, handling all it possibly can. It is not connected with the strikers' line, however, as some have imagined, and is working entirely distinct from them.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Rangabanock, Pringle, Harrison, Chadilla, Sweetheart, Sevona, Rosamania, Barium, Crete, Sandusky, Bermuda, Tom Adams, John Mitchell, 352, Lake Erie, coal; Monarch, Saring, passengers and merchandise; Harvey Brown, Stone, Ogdebay, Lake Erie, light for ore; City of Traverse, Chicago, passengers and merchandise; Holland, White and Friant, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Roman, Parry Sound, flour; China, Buffalo, passengers and flour; Majestic, Collingwood, passengers and merchandise; Meriden, Turner, Lake Erie, lumber; Seguin, Kingston, grain; Senator, Saddle, Lake Erie, ore; Volunteer, America, Sacramento, Grampian, Buffalo, grain; Auburn, Northern King, Ward, Buffalo, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Patricia from New York for Hamburg.

Glasgow—Arrived: Hibernian from Boston.

To Open on Sunday.

The Uncle Tom's Cabin company, which opens next Sunday afternoon at the Pavilion, played the week before last at the Grand Opera house in St. Paul to over 2500 people at one of the matinees. It is thoroughly cosmopolitan and up to date, carrying a brass band of sixteen pieces and full orchestra. This company introduces a novel innovation in "Uncle Tom" shows by having a different specialty appear between each act, thus offering a strictly continuous performance from the beginning of the drama until the termination of the final act. Manager Morris proposes to make the lower floor of the Pavilion, which has heretofore been left vacant, one of the important features of his entertainments producing vaudeville specialties there in connection with a cric annex, all for the one price of admission. There will be daily matinees next week, commencing next Sunday, starting at 1:30 sharp, owing to the extreme length of the program, which will be a double bill.

THE PRETTY CREOLE MAIDEN.

"The home life of our demoiselle as she approaches young womanhood is full of bright and varied interest," writes M. E. M. Davis, of "The Creole Girl of New Orleans," in the June Ladies' Home Journal. "She is in close touch with Pere and Mere (as the grandparents are called); she confides her innocent dreams to Gande-Consine, the wrinkled dame about whose long-gends; she reads poetry with Mons Pierre, who has seen service in the field; she besins to superintend the piano or harp lessons of her little sisters. She is herself initiated into the mysteries of the sewing-room; she learns to brew the potions necessary to the sick-room; she is taught the secrets of those soups and conserves for which the women of her house are famous.

"One night late in August there is a family gathering. A farandole is danced, perhaps, led by Pere himself, who draws the long, laughing line of children and grandchildren, aunts, uncles and cousins about the halls and parlors of the old house, up and down the stairways, in and out of the arched corridors. At its close mademoiselle, with eyelids reddening, says a tearful good-by, to be whisked away by an early morning train to the convent in the country, where she happily passes the last year of her school life.

Just Think of It,

Ten dollars will buy a ticket, Duluth to Detroit and return, on June 6, rail and lake, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

BUSINESS SESSION

State Convention of Maccabees Convenes in Armory This Morning.

COMMITTEES NAMED

Order of March for the Parade Tonight---Initiation of the Class.

The convention of the Maccabees was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning at Armory. Hon. G. J. Mallory presided. There were over 100 delegates present. Organization was effected and the committees appointed at the morning session.

The following were appointed a committee on credentials: E. E. Foster, of Lynd; F. G. Dumble, of Fergus Falls, and E. J. Reinnert, of Virginia.

After the committee on credentials had reported, the organization was perfected, the following being elected officers:

Commander, Hon. G. J. Mallory, Duluth; past commander, J. W. Devery, Faribault; lieutenant commander, G. S. McKay, St. Paul; record keeper, S. W. Rohbar, Eveleth; finance keeper, E. M. Snow, Little Falls; chaplain, J. H. Welch, Owatonna; master-at-arms, J. Pierce Wolf, Moorhead; sergeant-at-arms, E. E. Barnidge, Tower; first inside guard, J. C. Smallwood, Brainerd; second inside guard, Anderson Johnson, Echo; sentinel, A. J. Kline, Minneapolis; picket, A. W. Ackerman, Blue Earth City; physician, Dr. Eugene Hubbell, St. Paul.

The committees appointed are as follows:

Order of business—F. P. Scott, Mankato; J. W. Bodilly, Two Harbors; Louis A. Runge, Minneapolis.

Resolutions—E. H. Haas, St. Paul; M. L. Olson, Albert Lea; L. S. Bishop, Sandstone.

Printing and press—R. F. Berdie, Hibbing; Alexander Stewart, West Duluth; H. K. Walker, Duluth.

Mileage and per diem—C. O. Johnson, Camden Place; Martin Peterson, Canby; W. L. Cook, Marshall.

An adjournment to 3 o'clock was taken at noon, and the delegates went to the high school to have a group picture of them taken.

Tonight with be the big parade, which will start at 8 o'clock. The parade will be headed by the City band. The order is as follows:

Carter Division.
Minneapolis Delegation.
Float.
Duluth Division No. 3.
Supreme Officers, Knights and Mayor in Carriages.
Visiting Delegates.
Float.
Supreme Officers of the Ladies K. O. T. M.
Lady Maccabees in Carriages.
West Duluth Band.
West Duluth Tent No. 2.
Float, Superior.
Superior Band.
West Superior Tents of K. O. T. M.
Duluth Tent No. 1.

Immediately after the parade the initiation ceremonies will take place at the Armory. The work will be exemplified by the degree team from Duluth tent.

Tomorrow at 9 a. m. the visitors will go for a boat ride on the lake, and will land at West Superior and join in a big street parade. After the parade there will be a public reception and banquet. All will return to Duluth after the banquet, and in the evening the grand ball will take place at the Armory, preceded at 8:30 by an exhibition drill by the Duluth rank.

Mrs. Anna M. West, of Port Huron, Mich., S. R. K., Lady Maccabees, arrived today.

THE DOCTORS.

Columbus, Ohio, June 6.—Today the fifteenth annual meeting of the American Medical association convened here. Doctors from all parts of the United States are present, and it is expected the total attendance will reach 2500. The first general session was called to order by President Joseph M. Matthews, of Louisville, in the Grand Opera house at 10 o'clock. After an invocation by Rev. Washington Gladden, addresses of welcome were delivered by Hon. Asa S. Bushnell, governor of Ohio, and Hon. Samuel J. Swartz, mayor of the city of Columbus.

In his annual address President Matthews recommended the selection of permanent headquarters and expressed a preference for Washington, D. C. He called attention to the ravages of consumption and urged that steps be taken to place the matttter before congress and secure needed legislation. Co-operation with the international movement for the prevention of disease was urged. A constitutional amendment providing for a representative committee in Washington was also offered. This goes over for one year. The convention then adjourned until 10 a. m. Wednesday.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
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Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Drowned at the Entry.

Yesterday a man employed on one of the Barker scows was drowned between the piers at the East End natural entry. He was winding up the chains which operate the door and lost his balance. After falling in he floundered around for a time, but sank before he could be reached. His name could not be learned.

Have you ever tried "T. & T. Coffee?" The most deliciously flavored brand ever offered for sale. Put up in 2-lb. air-tight cans, sealed.

Wisconsin Central Lines.

Through sleeping cars from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Milwaukee and Chicago.

BEECHAM'S PILLS make life worth living

Cure Bilious and Nervous Disorders.

10 cents and 25 cents, at drug stores.

EARLY RISERS.

Great Men Who Get Up In the Morning Early.

Although there is no necessary connection between early rising and a brilliant career, it is an interesting fact that many of our most eminent men and women spend less time in their beds and leave them much earlier than most of us. Through the whole of his working life the late President Faure was rarely, if ever, in bed after 5 o'clock in the morning. Even when president he invariably rose at 5 o'clock even in the depth of winter, had a cold bath, and was immersed in his books in his library at 6 o'clock. To this habit of early rising the "tanner president" attributed much of his success in life, says Tit Bits.

M. Jules Verne is another practical believer in the virtues of rising early. His practice is to rise at dawn in summer and at 6 in winter. After a light breakfast, he takes up his pen and writes industriously until 11 o'clock, when his day's work is complete, and he can devote himself to recreation. "If I had not been an early riser," he says, "I should never have written more books than I have lived years."

Alexander von Humboldt, the great German philosopher and traveler, rarely spent more than four hours in bed, and, on the testimony of Sir James Sawye, was frequently content with two hours; and Littre, who lived to be 80, thought that to spend more than five hours a day in bed was shameful self-indulgence. Although his invariable hour of rising was 8 o'clock, he scarcely ever left his desk until 2 in the morning, or until sunrise warned him that a new day had dawned.

There are few earlier risers than the kings and queens of Europe, who might pardonably indulge in later hours than their subjects. In his younger days the Austrian emperor used to rise at 4:30 in summer and 5 o'clock in winter, and was paying his morning visits to the stables when nearly all Vienna was sleeping.

The German emperor has never been a sluggard, and is usually hard at work in his study at 5 o'clock and on horseback at 8, while the empress shares her husband's love of morning hours, and may be seen cantering on her favorite mare two hours before the world breaks its fast.

King Oscar of Sweden and Norway is usually to be found among his beloved books between 6 and 7 every morning, and the kings of Italy and Roumania have also left their beds at this hour.

The young queen of Holland, like her mother, rises at 7, and at about the same hour the queen regent of Spain may be seen, in sombre black, "fat and florid," on her way to mass.

Many of England's greatest men have scorned the delights of bed while living "laborious days." Brunel, the great engineer who lived to be 80, rarely spent more than four hours in bed at any time of his crowded life, and Sir William Arrol, the engineer of the Tay and Forth bridges and the Brunel of our day, rises earlier than any of his employes, and will frequently crowd twenty-four hours' work into one day during the progress of his great enterprises.

Art, too, has its early risers among its most eminent men. G. F. Watts, the great academician, has rarely allowed his bed to keep him away from his brushes later than 5 o'clock in the morning, and has put in many hours of hard work when the breakfast bell rings.

Sidney Cooper, the doyen of the world's artists, who is now in his 96th year, has always been an early riser and has often been busy with his palette at 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning.

Sir Richard Webster rarely allows himself more than four or five hours' sleep and often has to content himself with less. He has frequently retired to bed at 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning, and has been ready for the day's labors at 5 o'clock, and yet he is one of the most vigorous and robust men in England. For many years Lord Russell did not average five hours' sleep a night, and the same story is told of Sir Edward Clarke and the late Lord Herschell in their busy days at the bar.

Lord Wolseley, like Von Moltke and Bismarck, is a believer in early hours, and is often at work in his study at 6 o'clock in the morning, but perhaps no eminent man of our time spends more hours out of bed than Mr. Edison, the "Wizard of America." It is no unusual thing for Edison to work thirty-six hours continuously at a single problem, and on many occasions he has spent a whole week "in his clothes," snatching a few minutes' sleep when exhausted nature proved too strong for him.

TRUE HOSPITALITY.

Is it a delight to your guest to enter your home, and does she feel when the doors have closed behind her that she is welcome in the truest sense of the word, that her presence there is a joy to you as well as a pleasure to herself? If not, then you have failed as a hostess.

You may have invited your guest from any one of several motives, but there is something lacking in your hospitality.

You have done everything, you say, to make things pleasant. The house is in immaculate order, the pantry is full of good things to eat, you have rushed and set up late nights in order to get this or that thing done so that you may better entertain your guest. This is the trouble—all summed up in the common phrase "to entertain your guest."

Your guest doesn't want to be entertained. She has come for a change. She wants to leave all the entertainment behind and just slip into your home life, says Harriet Caryl Cox in the Ladies' World.

The truest hospitality you can offer is to open the inner walls of the home, the heart and mental home, as well as the material one, and to take her in so that she shall be one with you. It is the glimpse we get into the lives, not the mere habitation, of our friends that makes communion with them a blessing, as well as a pleasure. Your guest is perhaps tired from her own circle of friends, of the ruts into which she has unconsciously fallen, and it is sweet and refreshing to breathe a different air mentally as well as physically.

You think, perhaps, that it is from a sense of duty that your guest comes to let her help you in your morning tasks, and you laugh and push her back into the chair from which she has half arisen in her offer, and, smiling, say: "My dear, you are here to rest." And she does not persist, fearing it will really annoy you.

You have made a mistake. Accept the offer as it is made. This sharing of work is another tie between you; it proves to your guest that she is really one of you, not an outsider who can only go thus far in the home life. In the sharing of work, in the talk over dishes of vegetables, or with duster in hand, some of the most precious moments of the visit will be passed. This will be the happy memory that your guest will carry home with her, not the influence of the quiet book in the parlor or on the shady piazza, where she is installed alone as company while you do up the work.

There is one thing that the thoughtful hostess always notices and profits thereby, and that is the individual tastes of her various guests.

We all have our peculiarities of palate, but the truly "homey" hostess knows them as well as she knows the vagaries of her own immediate family. She will remember that you take your coffee without milk, and not daily insist that it be passed to you and recall attention to the fact. She will note what dishes please you most, and repeat them at no-too-frequent intervals. So many a housewife, having found a favorite dish, will repeat it so often that it becomes tiresome. Do not make this mistake. Try different dishes; there may be something else equally pleasing.

I know a woman who has a knack at making verses, and invariably her guests find printed to their pillow or the toilet table, or perhaps hidden in the towel or soap-dish, a note of greeting in verse, or a reminder of some joke or memory of the past. Sometimes at breakfast she will pass around a platter of verses, each applying to each person, and then all read aloud and the application made amid much good cheer.

Not all of us can rhyme, but in plain prose we can write some kind word of greeting that should supplement our verbal welcome.

I remember one night reaching the end of my journey late, tired and worn, and as I mounted the stairs this one word, written in large letters on pieces of paper, greeted me: "Welcome." A portiere bore a similar cheering word, and a big, comfortable sofa said very plainly: "I am glad you have come." Do you wonder that a good deal of the weariness vanished before this and the hearty, cordial hand-clasp of my cheery hostess?

It is a great thing to be able to dispense hospitality, one of the privileges of our lives. Let us do it heartily. When we give, give freely. Open our doors and our hearts together and take our friends in.

This is the true hospitality.

Tell them you saw it in The Herald.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

REMNANTS

Will place on sale tomorrow morning an accumulation of Remnants from this season's DRESS GOODS in black and colors, lengths ranging from 1½ to 6 yards, at---

Greatly Reduced Prices

The goodness of our Dress Fabrics is too well known to need any further comment, and thrifty buyers should not overlook this exceptional opportunity.

IRISH FAIR

The Passing of the Famous Donnybrook on Dublin's Outskirts.

Was Once the Glory and the Shame of Ireland's Capital.

Donnybrook fair, once the glory and the shame of Ireland's capital, "dear old dirty Dublin," for a long time past has been little else than a reminiscence, but its site is now, so to speak, to be blotted out. Dubliners and visitors to that proud city by the Liffey are now taking a last glimpse of the field famous in history, song and story, and noted for its fun and faction fights, its carousings and its riots, and the wit and humor of the reveling, light-hearted Irishman. The fair grounds some time since were cut up into lots and a portion of them occupied by artisans' cottages, and now the identity of the site is being completely wiped out by the erection of more pretentious buildings.

Donnybrook fair was one of the oldest institutions of the kind in the modern world, and its fame runs through the centuries. Not as important commercially as the great fair at Nishni Novgorod, it was as well known in most nations and more famous because of its national characteristics and distinguishing features. Donnybrook is a village in the county of Dublin, and is now included in a suburb of that city. It is situated about two miles southeast of the limits of the old corporation, on the River Dodder, and its name signifies probably the dun or foot ford of the badger.

King John of England, known as Lackland (sansterre), founded the fair in the early years of the thirteenth century, when, after defeating Scotland's kings, he went to Ireland with a large army to punish the rebellious Normans. John was a roysterer and reckless and his creation perpetuated his reputation.

It was first established for the sale of horses and cattle, but in its later days became a mere pleasure fair, and the boisterous and humorous doings that characterized the annual gatherings overshadowed the purpose of its founding and have given it its unique and world-wide renown. Originally the fair lasted two weeks from Aug. 26 every year, but later it was limited to one week, and finally in 1855 it was abolished as a public and authorized event because of its riotousness, recklessness and wild carousings.

But if Donnybrook fair has been abolished, it will always live in the annals of the day, and more particularly in the rollicking song of Edward Lysaght, affectionately known as "Pleasant Ned Lysaght," entitled:

THE SPRIG OF SHILLELAH.

O! love is the soul of a neat Irishman,
He loves all that is lovely, loves all that he can,
With his sprig of shillelah and shamrock so green!

His heart is good humored, 'tis honest and sound,
No envy or malice is there to be found;
He courts and he marries, he drinks and he lights,
For love, all for love, for in that he delights,
With his sprig of shillelah and shamrock so green!

His clothes spick and span new, without e'er a speck,
A neat Barcelona tied round his white neck;
He meets, with a friend and for love knocks him down,
With his sprig of shillelah and shamrock so green!

At evening returning, as homeward he goes,
His heart soft with whisky, his head soft with blows,
From a sprig of shillelah and shamrock so green!

He meets with his Sheelah, who frowning a smile,
Cries, "Get ye gone, Pat," yet consents all the while,
To the priest soon they go, and nine months after that,
A baby cries out, "How d'ye do, Father Pat,"
With your sprig of shillelah and shamrock so green?

Bless the country, say I, that gave Patrick his birth,
Bless the land of the oak and its neighboring earth,
Where grows the shillelah and shamrock so green!

May the sons of the Thames, the Tweed, and the Shannon,
Drub the foes who dare plant on our coniines a cannon;
United and happy at loyalty's shrine,
May the rose and the thistle long flourish and twine,
Round the sprig of shillelah and shamrock so green!

Lysaght was a brilliant specimen of the Dubliner during the closing third of the last century. Full of wit, humor, a bon vivant, a raconteur, a good lawyer, and a patriot, he enlivened a society which was then known as one of the brightest, most attractive and intelligent in Europe. He was the contemporary of Grattan, Curran, Charlemont, and scores of others of wits, scholars, orators and daring souls, who were ever ready for a song, a speech, a reckless episode, or a duel. He lived in the days when the Irish parliament was in its glory and when it embraced, as Sir Jonah says, the greatest set of geniuses that any legislative body ever mustered.

When Donnybrook was founded it was within what was called the English Pale, a strip of territory reaching some thirty miles around the city of Dublin, and within which, if one of the old native Irish was found with his coulin or flowing locks, he would be likely to have his coulin or his head cut off, and maybe both. So, then, it is not to be marveled that the notable characteristics of Donnybrook as handed down, whether good or bad, are to be attributed to the natural impulses of the ancient Irish. Donnybrook's revels and debaucheries were Norman and Saxon rather than Celtic. It was, maybe, because of these excesses at Donnybrook fair and the corruption of the day which was plotting to destroy the legislative independence of Ireland that "Pleasant Ned" wrote:

At St. Patrick's command
Vipers quitted our land—
But he's wanted again in our island.

As the week of the fair came around each year all Dublin and much of Ireland was alive to the approaching festivities and prolonged spree. As at Christmas, the people were reminded that—

Donnybrook comes but once a year,
But when it comes it brings good cheer.

The people welcome it for its passing and boisterous pleasures, but the clergy of all denominations denounced it, and it was mainly through their efforts and protests that the fair was abolished. The week of merriment they saw was followed by months of misey, and the savings of a year were often spent by the toiler in that single week of folic.

In those days not even omnibuses had been invented, to say nothing of the street or tram car, and so the jaunting car was the vehicle of the populace. The pride of the Dublin Jehu was then in constant demand, but thousands walked, for the distance was not far in a land where the people are accustomed to pedestrianism. On fair days the road from Dublin to Donnybrook had scenes like those now witnessed on the road to Epsom Downs when England's Derby is run. When the green was reached, says a chronicler of Donnybrook in its palmy days, on the right hand was to be seen the still unsold stock of the early morning. On the left were the booths and tents, at first glance looking like the encampment of a small army. Plentiful affording refreshments, meat as well as drink, to hungry and thirsty travelers, were to furnish forth later comforts for the fray if occasion should arise. Near at hand were merry-go-rounds, swings, pregshows, temporary theaters for strolling players, acrobats, jugglers and all the regular attendants at a country fair. In their latest days there were exhibitions of game as well as wild beasts in these gardens, one Christmas fat cattle the show having been held there.

But the tightrope walker of the day was the man who "belied or fortune," with a condescending professor of its chances directing its movements. Of whiskey, of course, there was no stint; it was there galore, and everywhere, and the plentiful supply being availed of by the thirsty and the pugnacious, there were no long waits between fights among the factions of the day.

There was music and dancing, too, everywhere, and as the strains of the jingle or the fiddle "set fire to their heels," the poteen set fire to their heads and clashes over a colleen or a fancied or remembered wrong were inevitable.

Those were days of factions and of dueling, and of heavy drinking, and it did not take a great number of "drops of the crayther" to produce a combat. Custom made nearly everybody bibulous and warlike.

When Mars, the god war,
He first began to think,
He fixed a "sword" upon his thigh
And mixed a drop or drink.
If Anderson no
To wine was very civil
Had he Inniskowen
He'd pitch wine to the devil.

The butchers and weavers of Dublin were hereditary foemen, and the latter who were like their fellow-countrymen in Spitalfields, London, refugees from France, suffered terribly when the murderous, bright cleavers of the butchers were brought into action. The weavers however, during Donnybrook week, frequently had their revenge. At one time they swooped down upon the butchers, and, capturing a number of them, they hung them up on the meat hooks, and left them there to wriggle and suffer until relieved by their friends.

The Sunday before the fair was called "Walking Sunday," a term still retained for the Sunday before other fairs still held in Ireland. A parish priest near Dublin once made this quaint announcement:

"Next Sunday, I believe, is walking Sunday. If I get behind any of you that don't behave yourselves and keep sober, I'll turn the walk into a trot." For in those days he well knew that a drunk and a fight were supposed to be crowning glories of the fair, and one was usually the consequence of the other.

University students and the populace among whom they lived were never on good terms in those days, and are not abroad so still. When wishing to provoke what was called a "town and gown" fight, the boys of Trinity college would almost nightly during fair week sally out and parade around the statue of King William, flourishing blackthorns and other clubs. A slur cast upon "Orange Billy" or the mention of the Boyne, or Aughrim, or Castlebar, or other battlefield that was a taunt to either side, was sure to provoke a riot. People did not carry what were known as deadly weapons then, and enthusiastic street fighters were satisfied with the shillelah, for as the boast had it, "the shillelah never missed fire, and it hops off the head and you are on your guard in a minute."

It is related that, after a fight at Donnybrook, when a man was killed, the coroner's jury brought in a verdict of justifiable homicide. The puzzled coroner asked what they meant by such an opinion, and the foreman replied that "a man had no business to go to Donnybrook fair with a head like an egg shell."

But the glory of Donnybrook is past, and now that the fame of the historic green is fading, and the green field itself about being obliterated, it is not amiss to recall the feastings, the carousings, and the pleasant as well as boisterous scenes that are entwined with its story, some may respect its eclipse; but for the alleged horse fair at Donnybrook the Royal Dublin society has provided a more fashionable and peaceable substitute in its annual great horse show at Ballsbridge, on the "Rocky Road to Dublin." The world is not so peaceable yet but that the Irishman who regrets Donnybrook can find fighting under almost any flag save his own.

EACH HEART KNOWS.

"They bear it well!" we say of those
Who stand alone in storm and stress,
Unmoved they seem, but each heart knows
Its bitterness.

"She hath forgot!" we say of one
Whose heart beat faithful to our own,
Yet who with memory hath done?
The dead alone.

The saddest words that lips can say
Are those we utter not at all,
And our most bitter tears are they
That must not fall.
—Womankind.

WHO HATH WOE?

Hillsboro, Ill., News: Man that is married to a woman during housecleaning time is of a few days and full of carpet tacks.

A cloud that obscureth his vision and great gobs of dark brown gloom possesseth his soul.

He rises up betimes and snifferth the morning air with a heavy heart and an obstructed nose.

He snatcheth a few pancakes from the griddle and rusheth to his labors depressed in spirit, saturated with dyspepsia.

He returneth at noon and falleth over a mop.

The dull, sickening thud of the belarruped carpet is heard in the land.

The queen of his household croweth herself with a dirty towel and a fierce look.

She resembleth an avenging angel.

Her scepter is a broom, the carpet fuzz clingeth to the selvage of her nose.

Large quantities of real estate settleth among the dimples of her swanlike neck.

Her eye glareth with the fury of great enterprise.

She maketh her spouse to eat dinner from the ironing board in the kitchen which resteth on two chairs.

He findeth a cake of soap besides his plate and a portion of the scalp of the scrubbing brush in the butter.

At night he returneth to his home with a timid, halting step. He feareth the worst.

The swish of the peach-limb is still heard as it poundeth a $50 carpet into shreds.

He drinketh a little cold tea from a tin cup and prepareth for bed.

A live carpet tack buryeth its fangs in his foot.

He yelleth in agony "Hellinaminit!" and bumpeth the plastering from the ceiling in a vain and futile endeavor to jump through the roof.

He lieth down on his couch and wetteth his pillow with his tears.

The family dog howleth beneath his window like the wail of a damned soul and Notre Dame soul in the house sleepeth.

The fetid fragrance of boiling specific smelleth to heaven and the fumes of new-laid moth balls sifteth through the lid of the clothes-chest.

Who hath woe? Who hath sorrow? Who hath redness of eyes and a stopped-up nose? He who monkeyeth with housecleaning.

Who maspheth a thumb? Who polluteth his lips with blasphemy? Who imperileth his immortal soul? He who tarryeth at home to tack down carpets.

GIRLS NEED OCCUPATION.

Too little attention is paid to the subject of employment for idle girlish hands. Too little thought is given to this in school or college or home. Boys have greater liberty of action, their whole minds are filled with their boys' work or games or plans. They come and go almost as they please, always in a hurry, always with schemes of something to be done. When the same liberty is given to a girl the result is disastrous. What is more pitiful than to see some of them, scarcely more than children, allowed to roam the streets until 9 or 10 o'clock? It is not liberty the girls need, but occupation, says the Philadelphia Inquirer.

To the boys are given tool boxes, scroll saws, printing presses, with which to satisfy the craving for work that they can see grow under their hands, the marvel of inventive or creative powers. Girls are believed to be happy and satisfied with their dolls—and, after all, dolls are so often "stuffed with sawdust!"

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

They Are Going To California!

The National Educational Association, and the general public as well, at the time of the great convention at Los Angeles in July.

The round-trip rate will be a one-way fare, plus two dollars.

Liberal stop-overs and choice of return routes to those who go by the

Santa Fe Route.

This route is the coolest, most replete with interest for the educated traveler, and 24 to 36 hours shorter than any other. Send for particulars.

C. C. CARPENTER,
PASSENGER AGENT.
617 Guaranty Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

INDIGESTION.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Reaches forms of indigestion that no other medicine seems to touch.

Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

PROCTOR WORRIED

President's Order Displeases the Head of the Civil Service Commission.

MAY RESIGN SOON

This Order Practically Does Away With the Civil Service Rules.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is consternation in the office of the civil service commissioners, caused by the amendment of the rules by President McKinley, and especially the one removing the year limit for appointment or reinstatement. In a word, the order is more sweeping than any one at a casual reading would imagine. To use the expression made by a gentleman in the commission, not only was a panel of the fence taken down, but the entire fence was removed. This opinion is concurred in by a number of gentlemen in the office of the commission. Notwithstanding the fact that Secretary Gage says in an interview that the changes made were after consultation with heads of departments, and urged by them, and that it is in no way to thwart civil service, it is not so regarded by the commissioners and hundreds of others. Secretary Gage also said that the number of "exceptions in the order compared with the 85,000 places that were included in President Cleveland's order relatively are few. It is a matter of surprise and satisfaction that experience has shown that the exceptions now made should be more numerous than so few." It is not the opinion of the president of the civil service commission that the "exceptions are so few" on the contrary, the commission believes that the removal of the year limit for appointment and reinstatement will throw the bars down to thousands who could not otherwise get in.

In the president's order, rule XIII of the civil service regulations is amended to read:

"Certifications for appointment of persons for service in, or for direct detail from, any department or office in Washington, D. C., shall be made so to maintain, as near as the conditions of good administration will warrant, the apportionment of such appointments among the various states and territories and the District of Columbia, upon the basis of population," and then going on to expect a few minor positions, he says, "and provided further, that no person who has been or may be separated from a classified position by reason of a necessary reduction of force, or by reason of an appointment to a position not in the classified service, may be reinstated under the provision of rule IX nor with additional new evidences of citizenship, and said appointment shall be charged to the apportionment of the state in which the citizenship was claimed before the said separation, unless a new separation is claimed, in which case the citizenship shall be proved in the manner required for original appointment."

Rule IX is amended so as to read: "Any person who has been separated from the service by any reason of a reduction of force specifically required by law, may be reinstated without regard to the length of time he or she has been separated from the service. And provided, further, that any person dismissed from the service upon charges of delinquency or misconduct may be reinstated, subject to the other conditions of these rules, without regard to the one year limit of this rule, upon the certificate of the proper appointing officer that he has thoroughly investigated the case and that the charges upon which the dismissal was based were not true."

Rule X is amended to read that: "Any person who has received absolute appointment may be transferred, without examination, from any department, office or branch of the service, upon requisition and consent of the proper officers and the certificate of the commission. * * * But the provision in relation to apportionment shall be waived upon certificate of the appointing officer that the transfer is required in the interest of good administration."

When President Proctor of the civil service commission was questioned about the order this afternoon he did not at first appear disposed to discuss the matter, but on the point of removing the year limit he said:

"I cannot say positively what ruling will be made on the year limit amendment, but at first thought I would say that it gives the discharged employes of fifty years ago as good a chance for reinstatement as those of recent date. That is my first idea, but I do not know whether the president intended the order to be construed in this way or not. The fact is we have not had an opportunity to give the matter sufficient thought to come to any definite understanding as to what will be done. The new regulations and amendments are now being printed, and these will be carefully gone over and some conclusion reached. It is difficult to say what construction will be put on the year limit rule either by the commission or the heads of departments. I presume, however, there will be no unity of opinion as to its proper construction, and I am free to say that just at present it appears as though we may be forced to call upon the attorney general for a ruling on the question. To me, at present, it appears quite a knotty problem. I can scarcely believe the president intended to make such a broad and sweeping amendment as to go back for years. But it is necessary to wait and see what will be decided upon. I prefer not to talk on any of the questions at this time."

President Proctor, it was plainly evident, is not pleased with the order. In fact, he is anything but pleased, and an employe of the commission, to whom the representative talked after his audience with the head of the commission, said:

"Mr. Proctor is worried over the order, and I would not be the least bit surprised if his resignation is handed in before many days. It is a well-known fact that he has not been upheld in his work as he should have been, and this fact is telling on his patience, sense of honor and duty. Simeon Roosevelt was in Mr. Proctor's shoes at this time. There would be a lot of smoke and fire around this old shack. Something would drop, and drop quick, too. I tell you, this order practically does away with civil service. With the year limit taken off, every discharged employe of 50 years past will be hustling for places, and many of them will get in, too. Those who were fired for cause, such as debts non-payment, general inefficiency, drunkenness and every other offense on the calendar will have a chance equal to those who have stood the examinations and are now on the eligible list. Many of them are close friends to some of the heads of departments and appointment clerks, and it will be no difficult matter to get the necessary certificates that the charges which brought about their dismissal were false. Then look at the order wherein a laborer is made eligible for appointment by transfer to any position in the classified service. Simply get in by appointment to the humblest position, and one is eligible to promotion to the very highest and most lucrative berths in the service. All in the world that is needed is a close friendship with the appointing officer or good congressional or senatorial influence, and they will land flat-footed. The order is, beyond question, a very black eye to civil service, for, candidly, the order could not have been much more sweeping unless it had been a wipe-out entirely."

The views expressed by the clerk in the commission are also those entertained by hundreds who have studied the order, and the hungry office-hunters who have been in and around Washington for lo these many days feel more hopeful of making a landing than ever before. There is general rejoicing among them, and many Democrats are trembling in their boots, well knowing that new and heavy pressure will be brought into play for the places held by them.

Should the question of the amendment to the year time limit for appointment and reinstatement be submitted to the attorney general for a ruling as to whether it applies to the date of the enactment of the civil service law or to time immemorial, there are those who are of the opinion that the decision will be in favor of the latter, as Attorney General Griggs was an out-and-out anti-civil service advocate while he was governor of his state.

But no matter what turn things may take regarding the order, there can be no question but that there is widespread dissatisfaction in the civil service commission, and if there are resignations there it will not be a surprise to many.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

BASE BALL

Tomorrow—Wednesday,

Duluth vs. Superior.

AT FAIR GROUNDS.

Game at 3:30.

TANNER IS SCARED.

He Recommends Vigorous Treatment of Consumptive Cattle.

Chicago, June 6.—After the post mortem examinations of the tuberculosis cows killed at the stock yards Governor Tanner said:

"I am convinced that tuberculosis has made a more general invasion of live stock than is generally believed, and I also am confident that such a condition, if not remedied by proper laws and a liberal appropriation by the state, will have immeasurably more serious than the mere loss of cattle.

"I shall recommend at the next session of the legislature that the state board of live stock commissioners be given an appropriation of at least $50,000 with which to carry on the work of exterminating tuberculous cattle. I shall exert my influence in shaming for the commissioners more authority.

"My observations lead me to believe that it is unsafe to drink milk which is not known positively to be non-tuberculous. The cattle which were slaughtered and dissected and which I saw were saturated with tuberculosis, ten days ago were furnishing milk to this city. I never questioned its purity. I am glad my eyes have been opened. The recent awakening of public interest on the subject will have practical results.

"What is necessary is this: The live stock commissioners must be given police power to enter any and all dairies for the purpose of testing the cattle with the tuberculin test. They must confiscate to the state all cattle that show symptoms of tuberculosis. They must also be allowed enough money to remunerate the former owners of such confiscated cattle. The cattle then must be slaughtered and destroyed."

In view of the encouragement given the commissioners by Governor Tanner, the live stock board held a meeting at the Great Northern hotel and adopted plans for the summer's work. New rules were adopted in accordance with the advice given by the governor, that the commissioners utilize as rigorously as possible all the authority given them under the present law. The live stock commissioners today started on a tour of inspection of dairies in McHenry county.

THE CHESS TOURNEY.

Positions of the Different Players When Adjournment Came.

London, June 5.—The fifth round of the international chess tournament was begun in this city this noon, when the play was arranged according to round seven of the Berger system, as follows: Mason vs. Lasker; Tinsley vs. Steinitz; Bird vs. Teichmann; Cohn vs. Mirocsy; Schlechte vs. Pillsbury; Showalter vs. Janowski and Lee vs. Blackburne; Tschigorin a bye. An adjournment was had at 4:30 p. m. when the following results had been arrived at: Mason and Lasker adjourned their game in an even position; Tinsley had lost to Steinitz; Bird had beaten Teichmann; Cohn and Mirocsy adjourned their game, much in favor of the latter; Schlechter and Pillsbury, and Showalter and Janowski adjourned their respective games in even positions, and Lee had been beaten by Blackburne.

Does Your Head Itch?

Are you troubled with dandruff? Is your hair falling out? Are you gradually getting bald? Have you tried many so-called hair restoratives with unsatisfactory results? If so we urge you to try our Glob Hair Restorative and Dandruff Cure, which is positively guaranteed to permanently cure all the above ailments. Your money will be refunded if it fails to do the work. Will be sent to any address prepaid for $2.00. Globe Manufacturing Co., Grinnell, Iowa. Sold and guaranteed by A Quaily, Max Wirth, S. F. Boyce, S. O Sterrett, Duluth Minn.

Beecham's pills for stomach and liver ills.

What do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee.

The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems.

Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

Try Grain-O!

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O Accept no imitation.

AT WEST DULUTH

William Bissell Arrested for Stealing From Malleable Iron Works.

ANOTHER IS WANTED

John McDonald is Implicated and is an Old Offender.

William Bissell was arrested yesterday by Lieut. Briggs while on his way up town with a heavy load of brass castings stolen from the Malleable Iron works and engines of the transfer road. The prisoner is but 15 years old. He came here with another boy named John McDonald, formerly a resident of West Duluth. They arrived a few days ago and the police were notified, but they remained in the outskirts and did not come into town except in the night.

McDonald saw the arrest of his partner and skipped. He has not been captured yet.

Young Bissell says he ran away from his guardian in Pittsburg, where he fell in with McDonald. They traveled west, committing small thefts on the way. They recently worked for a farmer near St. Paul for a few days.

The pair got into the Malleable works last Sunday, gathered the brass together and then removed it Sunday night, hiding it under the bridge near by until yesterday afternoon.

The McDonald family formerly lived in West Duluth, where the boys were almost continually in trouble. An older brother of John, named Pete McDonald, is now serving a sentence in Washington for burglary. John was released from the Minnesota reform school but a short time before his parents left here for Pittsburg, having robbed a West Duluth jewelry store some time ago.

Young Bissell was arraigned in police court this morning and his hearing set for June 13.

BAND WILL BE OUT.

The West Duluth band expects to distinguish itself this evening in the Maccabee parade. It will lead the West Duluth division in the parade and will play the "Maccabee March," which is the first time the composition will be heard at the head of the lakes.

If the weather is good a large delegation from West Duluth may be expected—both members of the order and other citizens intending to turn out in force.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Nygren sells wall paper.

Mr. and Mrs. Keefe have returned to their home in St. Paul, after a visit here with their brother, Daniel Keefe.

Dick English and party returned home yesterday from Fond du Lac, Minn., where they captured barrels of wall-eyed pike during their stay.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Congregational church will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. William Kelley corner of Fifty-fourth avenue and Main street.

There will be another game of baseball tomorrow afternoon between the Duluth and Superior clubs at the driving park in Superior, and Sunday the Minneapolis Brewers, the champion amateur club of the Twin Cities, will play the Duluths here.

The West Duluth fire department will be inspected this afternoon by the mayor, members of the council, the chief of the department and the board of fire commissioners. There will be a run on Central avenue and it is expected that the affair will take place about 3 o'clock.

J. C. Coleman has secured a contract to build a residence for the pastor of St. James' Catholic church. The foundation was partly built some time ago.

Thistle and Fulton bicycles, the C. M. Phillips company, agents, Silvey block 501 Central avenue.

WEST DULUTH ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hendricks Dry Goods Company.

Our late purchase of—

LIGHT SUMMER DRESS GOODS

Now just opened is by far the best selection we ever had and we invite our lady friends and customers to call and see our line before going elsewhere to purchase. We now offer an elegant line of fancy Summer silks in checks, plaids, and stripes, at prices ranging from—

75c to $1.00 a yard.

A choice lot of fancy silk stripe, and satin cord Novelties, at—

25c, 40c to 60c a yard

Better than Silks.

Our new line of Percale, and fancy Ginghams, in all the new shades and styles, are complete, and prices at—

8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c to 25c

Are certainly the very lowest that any reliable house can sell them at, and goods are strictly fresh.

LININGS

We handle the Gilbert's Manufacturing company's linings, which are second to none in the country, and give you a choice of prices from—

5c to 35c a yard

WHITE GOODS

In plain Checks and stripes at

5c to 25c a yard

White Piques and Corded Stripes—

25c to 50c

New lot Organdies at—

40c, 50c, 66c to 75c a yard

GENT'S' FURNISHINGS.

New, neat, stylish, tasty, seasonable serviceable goods in Dress Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Half Hose, Gloves, Hats and Handkerchiefs; now on sale at right prices.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

All good things in Shoes for Ladies, Gentlemen and Boys, Misses and Children.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.

The North-Western Line.

ADDITIONAL TRAIN SERVICE.

Leave Duluth daily, 5 p. m.
Arrive Wausau, Wis., 2:40 a. m.
Arrive Appleton 6 a. m.
Arrive Neenah-Menasha 6:10 a. m.
Arrive Oshkosh 6:50 a. m.
Arrive Fond du Lac 7:30 a. m.

Wagner sleepers and free chair cars. Tickets and berth reservation, 405 West Superior street.

THE CROWN PIANO

"THE ONE OF MANY TONES."

If you have not seen and heard these wonderful instruments you have a revelation in store for you. We invite you to come. The Crown Pianos contain the greatest improvements of the age. Sold at $10 monthly.

French & Bassett,

Reliable Piano Dealers.

THE DAKOTAS.

How the Bibulously Inclined Make Saloons of the Depots.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—The case in which the Great Northern agent at Buxton was arrested for handling packages of liquor in a manner contrary to law is likely to have a counterpart in some of its features at least. For a long time it appears to have been customary for liquor dealers in East Grand Forks and Moorhead and other Minnesota points to ship to North Dakota stations packages of liquor addressed to "John Doe," "Ole Olson" and other imaginary persons, and for local residents to call for them as they were wanted, sign whatever name happened to appear on the bill and pay the C. O. D. charges, and take them away. The effect of this custom was, of course, to transform the North Dakota depots into liquor stores.

The city council, at its meeting last night, let contracts for the paving of a little over a mile of street, and in another month about three miles more will be let. Before fall Grand Forks will have about ten miles of paved streets, the first two miles laid in 1896 having proven so satisfactory that the work is not likely to be discontinued until practically every street in the city is paved.

Mayville—William W. Sturdivant was committed by Justice Larin, in default of $1000 bail, to answer to the charge of rape upon Emma Kjorven, a student at the state normal school at Mayville, about 15 years of age. Sturdivant was foreman of the Goose River Farmer office, and a married man. Miss Kjorven was a cousin of Sturdivant's wife. On May 25, Sturdivant invited the young lady to go with him to his father's home, where he was going to bring home his wife and child. Before reaching there, on account of approaching rain, they returned, and Sturdivant asked the young lady to go to his home and fix up the house as his wife had been absent for some time. He fastened the doors of the house, and in the night is alleged to have committed the crime. The age of consent in North Dakota is 16 years. Sturdivant escaped to St. Paul and was there captured and returned without a requisition.

Jamestown—The contract for the construction of a cottage was awarded by the state hospital trustees to Stewart Wilson of Fargo. He agrees to erect the building for $2,345. A contract for the erection of a laundry was also let to Mr. Wilson at $2300.

Bathgate—The weather for the last ten days has been fine and crops look fine with the exception of spots which have turned brown, but the rain last night will freshen them up. The acreage of wheat will be fully 15 per cent short of last year, but will be made up by flax and other grain. Building is having a boom here this spring. There are now under way six buildings and carpenters are at premium. The local lumbermen are very busy and expect that trade will keep up until harvest at least, and with the present outlook building will be good after the crop is out. There is considerable wheat being marketed and that makes money more plenty. Farmers are farming and paying more attention to stock raising and that makes a good demand for wire.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Fort Meade—Troop M of the First cavalry, stationed for some time at this fort, has been left for the Yellowstone park to do guard duty. This leaves but three troops at this fort. Two troops of the Fourth cavalry, now on duty at the park, will soon be transferred to Manilla with the rest of the regiment.

Deadwood—P. N. Hanson, who has a lease and bond on the Manchester group of mining claims in the squaw creek mining district, has returned from Minneapolis. The roads from the mine to the shipping station at Crown Hill have become all right and ore is being hauled out from the mine. The ore contains considerable lead and is considered a good proposition. The first payment on the bond has been made, and it is the intention of Mr. Hanson to complete the purchase.

Hot Springs—Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease will make a tour of the Hills this month, speaking at Deadwood on June 16, Lead on June 17, Rapid City on June 19 and at Custer and Sturgis during the week. She will then come to Hot Springs for several days to deliver several addresses.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Texas, has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages, and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

THE NINETEENTH INFANTRY.

Reported to Be Anxious to Go to the Philippines.

New York, June 6.—The United States transport Meade, having on board the Nineteenth regular infantry from Porto Rico, arrived at Jersey City today, where the soldiers were met by many of their friends. The regiment is en route for Camp Meade, where the soldiers will remain until about June 15, then proceeding to San Francisco and from there to the Philippines for duty.

The men appeared to be all in good health and spirits and anxious to go to the Philippines. The soldiers will remain on the transport until tomorrow morning, when they will disembark and proceed on a special train to Camp Meade.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

FELL BY THE WAY

Terrible March of Hill's Forces From Santa Teresa to Morong.

INSURGENTS ESCAPE

The Filipinos Attack a Friendly Macabebe Town and Burn It.

Manilla, June 6, 8:30 a. m.—The American forces have occupied the peninsula, and Gen. Hall's column is encamped at Morong. Maj. Truman, marching across the Binangonan, found it impracticable to form a cordon; and the insurgents, with the exception of a hundred or two, escaped through the mountains after Gen. Pio del Pilar, dragging their battery by buffaloes at night. A few, however, may be trapped.

The Washington troops have returned to Pasig, but the program of the other troops is uncertain.

The present expedition shows the difficulty which is encountered by an army which must depend upon wagon trains in catching barefooted bandits in their own mountains, and also gives proof that the rebels do not intend to fight battles.

Gen. Hall left Santa Teresa yesterday morning and marched twelve miles to Morong, up and down Rocky hills and through woods and swamps. Scores of them en fell out owing to the extreme heat, and were left to follow as best they could. The head of the army arrived at Morong at noon, having exchanged only a few shots with insurgent skirmishers on the way. Groups of straggling soldiers followed all day, but the force was 200 smaller than when it started. The men were almost thirty-six hours without rations, and it was considerable of an achievement for them to recover the ground they did.

En route into Morong the Americans met flocks of Filipinos and flags of truce, many of them young men with the bearing of soldiers. Many discarded uniforms were found in the houses, apparently those of soldiers who had escaped by changing their costumes from "insurrection" to "amigo," and walking baldly past the army, which had expected to corral them. Few were found about Morong.

One member of the Washington regiment was killed and two were wounded in the encounter with the outposts.

Gen. Lawton, on board a gunboat searching the coast for Maj. Truman, stopped at Binangonan, opposite Morong. The natives immediately ran up a flag of truce, and a delegation in canoes put off and greeted the Americans with the usual protestations of friendship.

ATTACKS ON SAN FERNANDO.

The Insurgents Make Nightly Excursions Against the Americans.

Manilla, June 6, 1:10 p. m.—The rebels on Saturday night made an attack upon the friendly town of Macabebe and, after driving its inhabitants out, burned the town.

The insurgents nightly annoy the troops at San Fernando. Several Americans have been slightly wounded recently. The enemy have several Krupp guns, which they bring forward and use for firing three shells into the town, then retreating with their guns. One of the insurgent shells fell within thirty yards of Gen. MacArthur's headquarters Saturday evening. The American troops do not reply to the nightly outbreaks.

ADDITIONAL CASUALTIES.

Five Men Killed Since and Including June 3.

Washington, June 6.—The war department has the following additional casualty list from Gen. Otis:

KILLED.

Twelfth Infantry—June 3, G. Private David Goldschmidt; June 4, G, Private Converse Warner.

Second Oregon—H, Private William McElwain.

Fourth cavalry—C, Sergt. S. Lovell; I, Sergt. Benjamin Craig.

WOUNDED.

Second Oregon—April 25, Maj. Surgeon M. H. Ellis, leg, slight; June 3, E, Private Henry M. Wagner, iliac region, severe; H, Austin J. Salisbury, axillary, severe; June 4, C, Privates Elmer L. Doolittle, arm, moderate; K, William E. Smith, arm, severe.

Fourth cavalry—June 4, C, Privates Patrick Branigan, leg, severe; G, Nelson E. Daily, chest, severe; I, Maurice Coffield, chest, moderate.

First Montana—C, Private Theodore Schulze, back, slight.

Fourth infantry—June 1, Private James McCarthy, thigh, slight.

A DISPATCH FROM SCHURMAN.

Understood That He Recommended More Liberal Treatment.

New York, June 6.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: President Schurman of the Philippine commission, in a dispatch to Secretary Hay, has, it is believed, recommended more liberal concessions to the Filipinos with a view of ending the insurrection at once. An official acquainted with the message said: "I reviewed the situation in the Islands and said it was of an encouraging nature.

The dispatch was considered by the president and Secretary Hay and the president has sent a reply. The nature of the answer is not divulged. It is significant, however, that coincident with his message to Mr. Schurman a cablegram was sent to Gen. Otis with instructions in line with the president's belief that the restoration of peace can only be recommended by the complete subjugation of the Filipinos. Gen. Otis will continue his military operations throughout the rainy season.

It is apparent that the president does not look for the close of the rebellion until the Filipinos are convinced of the military superiority of the United States. The concessions already offered are liberal, the administration believes, and as far as the president can go without authority from congress and it is doubtful if the new propositions made by the commission have received his approval.

The war department is preparing plans to send the 6000 men needed by Gen. Otis to make up the 30,000 which he says he must have in order to control the situation. Regiments will probably be withdrawn from Cuba and Porto Rico, sufficient with other regulars to be taken from the United States to make up the number desired.

THEY HAD REVENGE.

Washington, June 6.—Another report from Col. Stotsenburg was made public by the war department today. It related to the capture of the Manilla waterworks and pumping station on Feb. 6. Early in this fight Dr. H. A. Young, of the Utah battery was cut off by the insurgents and his body was found horribly mutilated. It was only a few minutes after seeing this evidence of barbarity that the Nebraskans emptied one insurgent trench, leaving seventeen of its occupants to be cared for by the burying squad.

FOR CONTEMPT.

Judge Fines Every Man In Town One Cent Each.

Princeton, Ky., June 6.—Every man in town was fined today for contempt of court. A petition had been signed by all the citizens asking the grand jury not to indict the insurance companies and no indictments were found. The commonwealth's attorney moved to proceed against the officers for contempt of court. The judge fixed the fine at 1 cent and the defendants responded the decision.

A DOCTOR MISSING.

Went to Chicago to Take a Post-Graduate Course.

Chicago, June 6.—Dr. E. A. Russell, a prominent physician of Butler, Pa., and heir to a large fortune, is missing, and it is feared by his relatives that he has been robbed and murdered. Dr. Russell came to Chicago early in February to take a post-graduate course in medicine. He received a large sum of money about May 10 and has not been seen since that time. A brother of the missing man, A. E. Russell, is in Chicago trying to trace his relative.

ANNA BEHAVED HERSELF.

Count Castellane Denies a Rumor Concerning His Wife.

Paris, June 6.—Count Boni de Castellane has written a letter to the Echo de Paris denying the statements of newspapers that the contess formerly Miss Anna Gould of New York, placed herself at the head of the Jeune-se Royalists at the Auteuil demonstration. The count declares his wife does not belong to the clubs and that she did not leave her seat from which she could not even see what was occurring.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company.

The Northwestern Line

ROUND TRIP EXCURSIONS.

Buffalo, June 11-12.....$ 23 50
Oshkosh, June 5 to 7..... 12 35
St. Louis, June 19-20..... 22 30

Homeseekers' excursion South and West, June 6-20.

Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

You can have The Evening Herald delivered every night at your home in city or suburb for 10 cents a week.

1000 Miners Wanted.

Machine men preferred. Wages $3.50 per day of ten hours, for the Coeur d'Alene mining district of Idaho. Very low railroad rate arranged for. Destination, Wallace, Idaho, the heart of the district. Apply Thomas G. White & Co., No. 427 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn.

"A Wheel with a good reputation"

EAGLE,

$30.00 AND $40.00

Bicycle Sundries, Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Goods, etc., At Popular Prices.

REPAIR SHOP

IN CONNECTION.

J. W. NELSON

No. 5 East Superior St.

A GOOD CIRCULATION! A GOOD CONSTITUTION!

IS MADE BY USING

MATT J. JOHNSON'S

It Cures Rheumatism. It Cures Liver Complaint. **6088** It Purifies the Blood. It Opens the Bowels.

TRAVELER'S LETTER NO. 5.

H. J. JUDD & CO., Ornamental Brass Works, Chicago, Ill.

MATT J. JOHNSON,

Please send two bottles of 6088. I got one bottle while in your city and it has helped me more than anything I ever took.

Respectfully, F. H. LIBBY, Chicago, Ill.

For Sale and Guaranteed By—

S. F. Boyce, William Spencer, West Duluth; Max Wirth, Shesgren & Son, Smith & Smith, Lyceum Pharmacy.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1946 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured 25 to 35 days; 100-page book free.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS

The only reliable female regulator Never Fails. Price, $2.00 by express. Take no substitute.

Write for Women's Surgical Book. Wilcox Med. Co., 273 S. 8th St., Phila., Pa.

STEAM HEAT. ELECTRIC LIGHTS. MODERN CONVENIENCES.

When In Calumet, Stop at

THE ESTHER HOTEL,

C. L. THOMAS, Prop.

Sample Rooms in Connection. The Finest Hotel in the City. Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts. CALUMET, MICH.

The Best Costs no More than the Inferior Kinds. DRINK

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

FITGER & CO.'S

Reliable Brands of Pale Bohemian and Bavarian

BEER.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

LOVERS

OF COMFORT AND A GOOD TABLE

Should Try the

Wisconsin Central Lines

Dining Car Service.

Meals in Dining Cars are Served A La Carte.

Direct Line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, Chicago, Milwaukee, and All Points EAST and SOUTH.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p. m. Lv. Duluth .....Ar. 11:15 a. m.
3:35 p. m. Lv. W. Superior...Ar. 11:00 a. m.
1:35 p. m. Lv. Superior .....Ar. 10:37 a. m.
7:25 p. m. Lv. Ashland .....Ar. 7:45 a. m.
1:11 a. m. Ar. Neenah .....Lv. 11:55 p. m.
3:30 a. m. Ar. Oshkosh .....Lv. 11:31 p. m.
5:00 a. m. Ar. Fond du Lac.Lv. 10:05 p. m.
7:15 a. m. Ar. Milwaukee ..Lv. 8:45 p. m.
9:45 a. m. Ar. Chicago .....Lv. 6:25 p. m.

For Rates or other information apply City Ticket Office, 423 West Superior St., Union Depot, or

W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent.

430 W. Superior St

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

Samuel Loeb and Bert Fesler, of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, being first duly sworn, each for himself deposes and certifies that the said Samuel Loeb is the president and the said Bert Fesler is the secretary of the Duluth Drug Store Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the general laws of the state of Minnesota; that on the 26th day of May, 1899, at a special meeting of the stockholders of said Duluth Drug Store Company, called for that purpose and clearly specifying the purpose of said meeting and outlining the amendment hereinafter mentioned, held in the city of Duluth, said county and state, at which the holders of more than two-thirds of the issued shares of the stock of said corporation were present in person and voting, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote of all of said stockholders present at said meeting, to-wit:

"Resolved, that article one (1) of the original articles of association of this corporation be amended so that the first sentence thereof relating to the name of this corporation shall read as follows: 'The name of this corporation shall be Samuel Loeb & Company.'"

SAMUEL LOEB, President.
BERT FESLER, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of May, 1899.

E. CATHERINE NEFF, Notary Public St. Louis Co., Minn. (Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1899, at 4 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book N-2 of Incorporations on page 385.

ALBERT BERG, Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS, State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record June 3, 1899, at 10 a. m. and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscel, page 588.

R. S. MUNGER, Register of Deeds.
By S. L. PIERCE, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald June 3 7t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT TODAY | NEW ADVERTISEMENT TODAY

Duluth's Greatest Store.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

Wet Weather Goods.....

At Appropriate Prices.

Mackintosh Specials for Tomorrow.

Men's Black or Blue all wool frieze cloth Mackintoshes, with strap seams, double stitched, properly vulcanized and a good waterproof coat, sold elsewhere for $7.00, our price $5.00

Men's Imported Kersey Cloth Mackintoshes in black, blue, drab, tan or grey, the greatest assortment ever shown by us. This line consists of several of the best makes known and are cheap at $15.00. We will continue to sell them for— $10.00

Umbrella Specials for Tomorrow.

300 Men's Umbrellas, 26 and 28 inch made of fast black serge, with extra heavy steel rods and first quality Congo handles, with up-to-date trimmings, a $1.50 value for $1.00

58 close roll Silk Taffeta Umbrellas, 26 and 28 inch, Congo, Cherry and Furz handles, steel rods and best lock rib frame at— $2.50

NEW LIBRARIAN CHOSEN.

Miss Lydia Poirier to Be in Charge the Coming Year.

The public library board appointed Miss Lydia M. Poirier librarian for the ensuing year at its meeting last evening. Miss N. Hamilton was appointed an assistant librarian.

The board did not organize for the year, owing to the absence from the city of President Gilbert. Vice President R. C. Mitchell presided. The board adjourned, subject to call to organize when Mr. Gilbert returns, which, it is expected, will be in about a week.

One Is Discharged.

Edward, alais "Boston," O'Brien, and James Kilder, who were arrested on suspicion of having tapped the till of the "Maine" saloon, on Lake avenue south, Sunday night, were arranged before Judge Edson yesterday on the charge of vagrancy. Both pleaded not guilty. O'Brien was acquitted. Kilder's trial was set for this afternoon. He was held under $10 bail.

Peter Greysdahl was arranged before Judge Edson yesterday afternoon on the charge of invading the residence of Charles Burgitzi, No. 507 Nineteenth avenue west, June 4. Greysdahl acknowledged that he had been trespassing on the premises, but pleaded as an excuse that his ideas were tangled up by too much beer. He was fined $25 and costs. He went up for twenty days in default.

MACCABEES BALL

Duluth division No. 2 Uniform Rank, will give an exhibition drill, followed by a grand ball in the Armory Wednesday evening, June 7. Tickets $1.00 per couple. Fladen's full orchestra. Fisher, prompter. Come and enjoy yourselves.

Visited the West.

C. P. Maginnis has returned from a trip of four weeks to California and the West. He was away on business, but it was in a sense, also a business trip. He spent a week in Montana with his brother, Hon. Martin Maginnis. He says that in California there is much complaint of dreuth.

Mr. Silverman Arrives.

Lazarus Silverman, the well known Chicago banker, is at the Spalding. He is the first of the stockholders of the Minnesota iron company to arrive here for the annual meeting next Monday. Mr. Silverman is a large owner of mines and other land in this county.

To Be Heard Next Week.

William Bissell, the boy who was arrested at West Duluth yesterday by Lieut. Briggs for stealing brass work from the Interstate Malleable Iron works building, was this morning held by Judge Gearhart for examination June 13 at 2 p. m. on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree. Bail was fixed at $200, and Bissel went to jail in default. He is charged with taking a brass locomotive lubricator and other fittings aggregating $50 in value.

Will Let Contract.

The plans and specifications of a 2-story brick building, to be erected on the lot between the King block and the Duluth Trust Company building have just been completed by Wangenstein & Reay, architects, and bids are being received for the immediate erection of the building.

FRANKLIN IS TRANSFERRED.

Formal Passing Over of the Mine to Republic Company.

The deal for the transfer of the Franklin Rockefeller holdings on the Mesaba iron range to the Republic Iron and Steel company, one of the new combinations, has been closed, and the deed was filed in the office of the register of deeds this morning. The deed bears date of May 24, but negotiations have been pending for a month or more on the deal. The deed conveys the Franklin, Bessemer and Victoria mines, all of the Franklin Rockefeller holdings. The consideration is stated in the deed as $10 and other amounts and other valuable considerations, but the revenue stamps affixed show a valuation of $200,000.

The Franklin mine is in the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 9, 58-17. The leasehold interest in the Bessemer mines, Nos. 1 and 2, located on the sw¼ of the ne¼ and the nw¼ of the se¼ of section 9, 58-17, is also transferred, as well as the Victoria mine leasehold interest. The Victoria is in the s½ of the se¼ of section 9, 58-17. The deed also conveys all of the mining equipments on the three properties.

Lively Time in Section 30.

Those in attendance on the forfeited tax sale are looking for a lively time when the sale reaches 62-11, for the famous "section 30" is in that town and range, and a part of it is on the forfeited tax list. It is said that when it is reached there will be some lively bidding for it, as the various interests claiming the land will be there to put the price up. The city of Ely was finished this morning, and during the remainder of the forenoon session acres in Breitung township were on sale. Bidding for them was fairly lively, and in some cases the amounts paid were above the amounts of the taxes. Robert Whitesides paid $750 for eight forties in section 2, 62-14, and other good sales were made.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOWEST RATES—NO DELAY. ANY AMOUNT.

Stryker, Manley & Buck,

TORREY BUILDING.

June Excursions via the Milwaukee.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 11 and 12. Order of Mystic Shrine, St. Louis, June 19 and 20. Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Half fare, plus $2 for the round trip from the Twin Cities and points on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. July excursions to Detroit, Mich.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Richmond, Va.; Indianapolis, Ind., at greatly reduced rates. For particulars apply to agents of Milwaukee or address J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders are requested for the construction of thirteen manholes on the conduit system of the Zenith City Telephone company. Plans and specifications at the office, 308 Lyceum building.

Welcome to Visiting Maccabees.

Our store is headquarters for all kinds of SOUVENIRS from the Head of the Lakes. A large stock of Agate goods and SOUVENIR SPOONS always on hand at

G. A. KLEIN'S, The Jeweler

Give Us a Call. 325 West Superior Street.

FLOODED THE MINE

Terrific Rain Storm Pours Enormous Volume of Water Into Fayal Mine.

THE MEN IN DANGER

All Brought Out Without Loss of Life---Six Mules Are Drowned.

The village of Eveleth on the Mesaba range was in a wild state of excitement and alarm yesterday morning. A terrific rain storm visited the place. It was what is often called a cloud burst, although the weather bureau recognizes no such thing. About 4 o'clock alarm signals came from the Fayal mine. No one who has not lived in a mining town can realize what that means. Mothers, fathers, wives and children instinctively know that their loved ones are in peril. Thus it was that in spite of the storm which beat about them, the people of the village were quickly on their way to the mine, some dressed, some half dressed, all with but one thought.

Their fears were by no means groundless, for the mine was rapidly being flooded. The pumps were working as hard as they could be driven, but the fall from the heavens was more than their equal. The men were quickly hustled out, however, and everyone escaped. Six mules that had recently been sent down in the mine were drowned. The mine was flooded to a depth of twenty-nine feet.

The master mechanic in charge of the machinery and the pump did magnificent work, and is said to be sick now from exposure.

The mine is fitted up in excellent shape. The shafts vary from 200 to 500 feet in depth and are fitted with electric lights and all modern improvements.

COUNTY BOARD MEETING.

Most of the Road Petitions Must Go Over.

There will probably be little excitement at the county board meeting tomorrow. The grist of road petitions on file will mostly have to go over until the next meeting, as many of the notices have not been posted the required thirty days. Little if any action will therefore be taken on road matters. Some of the roads that have been in use six years or more will not have to be legalized, as the fact that they have been in use continuously for that period makes them legal. It is likely that the Crane Lake road will go over with the rest.

The members of the county board who were out on the road inspection tour during the month will not be able to say that they do not know that the road needs repairs, for they were out in a rainstorm on the road, and came very near being seriously injured. They were passing over the road when one wheel went into a mud hole, and the big mountain wagon came near turning over. Luckily the driver was able to hold his horses in or there might not have been a quorum at this afternoon's meeting of the board. The committee's trip was a hard one, as it rained pitchforks all the time it was away.

"Judge" Middlecoff has come to the rescue of the county treasury again with his fees for the year, which amounted to $11.55. He has reported to the county board the receipt of that amount, and has turned the money over to the county treasurer, as shown by a receipt from that official.

ALL AMICABLY ADJUSTED.

Question of Wages at Saw Mills Has Been Settled.

The question of wages of the pilers at the Merrill & Ring, Duncan-Brewer and Mitchell & McClure mills was settled yesterday afternoon, it having been agreed at a meeting between the employers and the men that the wages asked should be paid. There was no strike at these mills and the best of feeling has prevailed between the men and the employers.

The Scott & Holston mill is also in the agreement and the six striking pilers there returned to work this morning.

At the Alger-Smith mill, the men were still out this morning and the mill was not running. The Alger-Smith people stated that they were in no hurry to start.

Purchases Some Timber.

The Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines is the purchaser of the timber on several tracts of land in 58-17, the deeds for which were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. The Olean Land company transfers all the pine timber and half of all other timber on certain tracts for $2500. For $5200 the same company transfers all the pine timber on another tract, and for $8557.50 it conveys half the pine timber on still another tract. F. W. Higgins, of Olean, N. Y., conveys for $3162.50 half the pine timber on certain land.

The Police Court.

S. J. Catlin was arraigned in police court this morning on the charge of draying without a license. He pleaded not guilty and the trial was set for Friday afternoon, he being released on his own recognizance.

John Brown and Frank Mills pleaded guilty of vagrancy and went up for five days.

A. Swanson, M. Riley and Samuel Rice pleaded guilty to drunkenness. Swanson went up for ten days and the others were let off with sentence suspended.

Is Coming Next Week.

Maj. Sears has received notice from the war department that Secretary Alger will arrive in Duluth somewhere between June 12 and 16. He will meet the secretary, place one of the yachts used in the government service at his disposal, and entertain him in any way that may be agreeable to him.

Excursions Called Off.

It is announced that the annual tour of the whaleback excursion steamer Christopher Columbus to Lake Superior cities has been abandoned for this season on account of the inability of the Goodrich people to get the work being done on the big boat completed in time. Instead of going to Lake Superior the Columbus will go to Chicago and start in on her excursion run between Chicago and Milwaukee, June 24.

P. D. Q.
Photography Done Quickly.

Ely, the photographer, made a negative of the delegates to the Maccabee convention from the high school steps at 12:15, and at 1:30 he was at the Armory with a proof, taking orders.

NO STOVE TRUST.

Chicago, June 6.—J. Harley Bradley, presiding at a secret meeting of plowmakers from the Northwestern states, denied the report that any attempt at forming a trust had been made.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Subscribers to The Herald, intending to camp on Park Point, can have their paper delivered to their camp by leaving change of address at this office.

Duluth Ice Cream company, telephone 561.

The Kelly dye works, 415 W. Sup St.

The marriage of Miss Virginia LaVaque, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. LaVaque, of 113 East First street, and Charles F. Macdonald, will take place on June 28.

Circle No. 4 of St. Paul's church will hold its regular monthly reception tomorrow from 3 to 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. S. F. Hugo, 122 East Third street.

The Garfield avenue mandamus case is set for hearing tomorrow before Judge Ensign instead of today, as stated yesterday.

One of the old landmarks of Duluth, the 2-story frame store building at No. 121 East Superior street, is being torn down to make way for a brick structure. It was erected in 1869, and in the old days Alois Elsner and afterwards Albert Miller kept a saloon there.

A quit claim deed to blocks 2 and 4, Bay Front division, which includes the west side of Sixth avenue in the wholesale district and the dock front adjoining, has been given by Luther Mendenhall to A. L. Ordeim. The consideration is $1, but the revenue stamps attached indicate a valuation of $150,000.

John R. Ritzinger has sued Allan Bell for $75 alleged to be due for goods. The case is from Hibbing, and W. J. Powers is the attorney.

R. L. Cochrane has begun suit against John Hannon, et al, to foreclose a lien for building materials used in a house at Proctorknott. The bill is $295.71. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

Marriage licenses have been issued to William Homer Pride and Mae Fraser, and to Aiton A. Radley and Katherine Boyd.

Articles of incorporation of the Duluth Acme club were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. The objects of the club are stated as the encouragement of social culture and mutual improvement in athletics, music and games. The incorporators are Bartholomew Hall, president; Edward Lane, treasurer and manager, and Edward Williams.

The force in the office of County Treasurer Whipple is feeling very chipper over the record it made on the recent tax settlement. It took in $265,000, issued over 1600 provisional receipts, covering 40,000 descriptions, and only made one minor mistake.

Next Thursday evening at 1926 West Superior street, there will be an illustrated stereopticon lecture given by V. S. Tisera, the tea merchant, from Ceylon. The lecture will be on India, Ceylon and the Philpine islands.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr., returned yesterday from the Brule.

Miss Jessie Brownell, of Elmira, N. Y., is here for the summer.

Mrs. George C. Howe and Miss Howe have returned from a pleasure trip of several months. Miss Powell, of Brockville, Ont., cousin of Miss Howe, accompanied them and will visit here.

A. M. Prime returned today from an Eastern trip.

C. J. A. Morris, of St. Paul, was at the St. Louis last evening.

H. W. Hodgeson, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding.

I. H. Bradford, a banker, of Hubbard, Minn., is at the Spalding.

City Attorney Richards returned from St. Paul this morning.

Miss Potter, daughter, of New Philadelphia, Ohio, arrived on the steamer Monarch last evening. Mr. Potter has two daughters teaching school in Duluth, and they will return with him. He has been prominent in Democratic politics in Central Ohio and is an ex-member of the legislature.

W. B. MacArthur, of Shakopee, Minn., is here looking after his real estate interests.

G. W. Moody, of Brainerd, is at the St. Louis.

H. A. Weed, of Grand Rapids, is at the St. Louis.

H. H. Ellenberger, a Cleveland lumber buyer, is at the Spalding.

T. S. Bishop, of Sauk Center, is at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Richardson have returned from Rochester, where they were called by the serious illness and later death of Mrs. Richardson sister, Mrs. Predmore. About four weeks before her death a little girl was born and it was Mrs. Predmore's earnest wish that her sister should adopt the child, and to that end the baby was brought to Duluth and steps taken for her adoption. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson will reside for the present at 307 East Third street.

BASE BALL

Tomorrow—Wednesday.

Duluth vs. Superior,

AT FAIR GROUNDS.

Game at 3:30.

TOMORROW'S BALL GAME.

Patterson and Mullaney Will Be In the Points.

Tomorrow afternoon the baseball game between Duluth and Superior will take place at the West End grounds. The line-up and battery order will be as follows:

Duluth.		Superior.
Lambert	c. f.	Hart 3rd b.
Shephard	s. s.	Hansell s. s.
Burns	2nd b.	Page 1. f.
Featherston	1st b.	Keefe s. s.
Cox	3d b.	Porter 2nd b.
Kline	c.	Riches 1st b.
Patterson	p.	Millard c. f.
Gerard	r. f.	Matchet r. f.
Revoy	l. f.	Mullaney p.

Excursion for Maccabees.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7.

The steamer BON VOYAGE will leave Fifth Avenue dock at 9 a. m. and run around the bay, returning by lake and giving a most delightful ride on Lake Superior, landing the people at West Superior in time for the Grand Parade.

THE STEAMER MAKES A SECOND TRIP

Leaving West Superior at 3 o'clock p. m., going out into the lake to Duluth and making a ride of 15 miles, and arriving at Duluth at 5 p. m. in time to get supper and attend the

Exhibition Drill by the Uniform Rank in Armory Hall at 8:30 p. m.

Everyone should take this beautiful trip on Lake Superior.

GOELET'S WILL.

Newport, R. I., June 6.—The will of the late Robert Goelet was filed for probate yesterday. After making provision for certain bequests of the widow's support during her lifetime, it divides the remainder of the estate between Robert Walton Goelet and the daughter Beatrice. To Mrs. Goelet is given the steam yacht Nahama and her fittings, all household furniture, carriages, horses, pictures, works of art, etc., also a life interest in the house on Fifth avenue, New York, and the Newport cottage and an income of $30,000 a year.

HOT IN PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, June 6.—For three days the mercury has registered in the nineties. Yesterday it touched 95 and today promises to break the record. Many of the mills have been forced to shut down temporarily, and a large number of prostrations have occurred.

FROHMAN'S LATEST.

London, June 6.—Charles Frohman has engaged Ellaline Terris and Seymour Hicks for three years. They will appear at the Criterion theater under Mr. Frohman's management in September in "My Daughter-in-Law," an English adaptation of the present comedy success in Paris, "Ma Bru."

AGED BANKER DIES.

Boston, June 6.—Frederick O. Prince, aged 84 years, a well-known banker and former mayor of Boston, died today from lung trouble.

NEW HOUSE TO OPEN

A Wholesale Dry Goods Concern for Duluth, Patrick & Granger Company.

TO BE OPENED SOON

Completion of New Building Will See it Ready for Business.

One branch of the wholesale trade in which Duluth has been lacking is to be supplied in the near future. The Patrick & Granger company will open a wholesale dry goods house in the new building which is to be erected at once on south Fifth avenue west, adjoining the Stone-Ordean-Wells company's house. One-half of the new building, which is to be six stories in height and of about the same construction and size as the nearest Stone-Ordean-Wells house will be occupied by the new company. The new company is composed of practically the same interests as those identified with the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, but it will be a separate and distinct concern.

F. A. Patrick, manager of the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, will manage the new house, without, however, severing his relations with that company. He will be assisted in the management of the dry goods business by Mr. Chas. M. Rice. Mr. Rice was formerly manager of the Duluth Rubber company and for the past two years has been in charge of that department of the Stone-Ordean Wells company devoted to the handling of supplies for lumbermen's wear. In this line there has been developed a large business which has laid the foundation from which arises the new concern.

Duluth business men are convinced that there is a good opening here in this line of business. The men associated in the new company are jobbers doing a large business in the territory adjacent to Duluth, and probably know that territory and its needs as no other people do. They have within a few years built up a wholesale grocery establishment that is second to none in the West, and the same wisdom and foresight exercised in this new line will undoubtedly be rewarded with an equal measure of success.

THE SHERIFF SHOT.

Another Desperate Encounter With the Wyoming Bandits.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 6.—Sheriff Hazen, of Converse county, and the posse in pursuit of the Union Pacific robbers had another fight with the bandits yesterday afternoon, news of which has just been brought in. The robbers were surrounded in a gulch, where they were forced to abandon their horses, which were captured. They hid behind rocks and made a desperate fight. Sheriff Joe Hazen was shot through the body and dangerously wounded. He is being brought into Casper. Reinforcements for the posse are going out from Caspar as fast as the men can be mounted and armed. The entire country will be scoured and the prospects are good not only for capturing the train robbers, but the entire band of outlaws which has infested the Hole in the Wall country.

PURELY VOLUNTARY.

Alleged Assessment of Police Telegraph Operators in Chicago.

Chicago, June 6.—The Bater senatorial committee, appointed by the legislature last winter to investigate the methods of the Chicago civil service commission and the police department, resumed its session in Chicago today. Alleged violations of the civil service law were taken up, and evidence was given tending to show that police telegraph operators had been assessed for political purposes. The evidence was in the form of a letter written by an operator giving instructions to another operator to pay his assessment. The writer, however, testified that the assessment was purely a voluntary one.

MORE THAN DOUBLED.

Price of Steel Billets Is Now $31 a Ton.

Pittsburg, June 6.—Steel billets and pig iron have again advanced. The price of steel billets is now placed at $31 a ton. Pig iron is selling at $17.50 in the valley, while the price in Pittsburg is $18.15. One lot of 600 tons and several small lots of billets were sold at $31 a ton. It is said by prominent steel brokers that it is very hard to fill large orders on account of the heavy demand. Less than six months ago steel billets sold at $15 a ton.

A VISIT TO MILWAUKEE.

Washington, June 6.—The president has accepted the invitation extended by Henry C. Payne, of Wisconsin, on behalf of the Merchants and Manufacturers association, of Milwaukee, to visit that city in October. This will occur during the same week as the laying of the corner stone of the new custom house in Chicago, the ceremonies in connection with which the president has already promised to attend.

BELIEVED TO BE LYNCHED.

Centreville, Ala., June 6.—Will Hill, an alleged accomplice in the murder of Mrs. Rufus Hubbard, near Eoline, Bibb county, was captured near here. The posse left for Centreville to place the man in jail, but had not reached here up to noon today and it is believed that Hill was lynched. Rufus Hubbard, who was wounded by Alex Hill, died today.

MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.

ASTONISHMENT....

Is pictured in the face of every new customer when he first drinks a glass of our "Moose Brand" of bottled beer. He doesn't see how we can supply the families of Duluth with such good beer at so moderate price.

ROHL BROS., City Agents,

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.

3 West Superior St. 'Phone 484.

PROF. H. BROWN

SPECIALIST.

Discoverer and Manufacturer of the Celebrated

JUSTICE

Remedies for the Hair and Scalp.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

I wish to say a few words in behalf of my Justice Remedies for the hair and scalp, which I think will convince you that my preparations are all right, and that they are entitled to the name I give them, Justice. I have been a citizen of Duluth for eighteen years and have been in the tonsorial business during that time, where I have had the experience in handling all kinds of scalp diseases. I have been continually experimenting and studying the different conditions of the hair and scalp. With the experience and study I have given them, along with my long siege of experimenting, I have at last discovered a preparation I consider does justice to the parties who use them, thus doing justice to myself. I consider I have a general knowledge of the hair and scalp. If I have not by this time I don't think there is much use in any person else undertaking the task. Furthermore, it would not be a business proposition for me to sell one of my customers a bottle of my discovery where I would make from 35 cents to 40 cents and loose their patronage, which is worth to me from $15 to $50 per year. That would not be business.

I will further say, that my preparations have worked their way on their own merits for the first six months without labels. The only advertising they had was from one customer to the other. If they benefited you, it was natural for you to speak well of them and recommend them to others. This is where I get my business, from those who use them. I consider if ever there was a just preparation put up for the hair and scalp, I have got them. And a trial is all I ask of any person to convince them that my Justice Remedies will do all I claim for them and more. And that they are justly entitled to the name I gave them, Justice. Room D, Torrey building is the only place you can purchase my Justice Remedies.

Justice Dandruff Cure, price $1.00
Justice Hair Growing Balm, price $1.00
Justice Gray Hair Restorative, price $1.00
Queen Esther Cream Food, price 50c

Call or send P. O. order to PROF. H. BROWN

TEICHMANN WITHDRAWS.

One Chess Player Decides to Quit the Tournament.

London, June 6.—Previous to play in the sixth round of the international chessmasters' tournament, now in progress in this city, it was announced that Teichmann had withdrawn from the contest and that all the games yet to be played by this player would be scored against him, according to the rules of the tournament. Round 6 of the Berger system was adopted for the pairing in today's play and the players therefore met as follows: Tinsley vs. Mason, Bird vs. Blackburne, Cohn vs. Lasker, Showalter vs. Steinitz, Janowski vs Teichmann, Pillsbury vs. Marocsy and Lee vs. Tschigorin. Schlechter and Janowski had byes. When the usual adjournment was made at 6:30 Tinsley and Mason had drawn, Bird and Blackburne adjourned their game in favor of Blackburne, Lasker and Cohn adjourned in favor of Lasker, Showalter had the better game against Steinitz and Pillsbury and Marocsy and Lee and Tschigorin adjourned their game in even positions.

BRYAN TO SPEAK.

Ten Thousand Woodmen Are Present at Kansas City.

Kansas City, June 6.—The convention of Modern Woodmen of America began today. Ten thousand Woodmen were present and hundreds are arriving on every train. On Thursday the great parade will be held, the team contests will open and William J. Bryan will speak. The city is decorated in carnival fashion.

The state canemses had acted as a unit, and it is believed that all the principal officers will be re-elected. Probably the only exception is the office of head banker, for which Iowa, Missouri and other states are contending, and the selection of a place for the next convention, which is sought for by St. Paul and Grand Rapids. The opening session today was enthusiastic, and consisted of welcoming addresses by Governor Stanley of Kansas, Mayor Jones, John Sullivan on behalf of the local Woodmen and Attorney James E. Reed; response by Consul William A. Northcott of Illinois, and the appointment of committees.

HE SAID GOOD BYE.

President Kruger and Sir Alfred Milner Separate.

Bloemfontein, Orange Free State, June 6.—The conference between President Kruger and the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner, who is also governor of Cape Colony, was concluded today. The president and the high commissioner took leave of each other in a cordial manner. They have agreed not to publish the result of their deliberations until Wednesday next.

TO BE RE-ESTABLISHED.

Game of Football Between West Pointers and Middies.

Washington, June 6.—It is settled that the annual game of football between the middies and West Pointers, which was abandoned during Secretary Lamont's administration, will be resumed. Secretary Long has received a letter from Admiral McNair, superintendent of the naval academy, to whom the question of re-establishing the game was referred, giving his adherence to the proposition.

THE CRICKET MATCH.

London, June 6.—The Australia eleven in the cricket match at Lords with the Marylebone club, which began yesterday, were all out today in their first innings for 352 runs. The home team in the first innings, ended yesterday, scored 245 runs.

THOSE SPANISH PRISONERS.

Madrid, June 6.—At a meeting just held at Valencia, the archbishop presiding, it was decided to telegraph an appeal to the peace conference at The Hague asking the delegates to consider the steps to be taken for the release of the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos when their other labors are concluded.

AS RECEIVER.

Washington, June 6.—Comptroller Dawes today appointed National Bank Examiner E. H. Carroll as receiver for the Cocheco National bank of Dover, N. H.

WISCONSIN ODD FELLOWS.

Oshkosh, Wis., June 6.—The grand lodge of Odd Fellows for the state of Wisconsin is in annual session today, with 600 members present. The state encampment of Daughters of Rebekah is also in session with an attendance of 300. The sessions last three days. Tomorrow the visitors and local members will embark on a fleet of six steamers for an excursion around Lake Winnebago.

DRUGS IN BEER.

Chicago, June 6.—Senator Mason was again the sole member of the pure food commission today when scientists and makers of butter and beer and wine testified. Dr. Pruyn Stringfield of the Northwestern university declared that salicylic acid is almost universally mingled in the beer drunk in this country. He said he knew of cases where death was directly traceable to this.

A CABINET MEETING.

Washington, June 6.—The cabinet today transacted no business of general importance. The entire time of the meeting was devoted to routine matters connected with the various departments. The Philippine situation only came up incidentally and developed nothing new. Attorney General Griggs and Secretary Alger were the absentees.

THREE MEN SMOTHERED.

Allentown, Pa., June 6.—Three men were smothered to death today in a cave-in at E. D. Peters & Sons' slate quarry at Berlinsville. The dead are: Robert Snyder, leaves widow and seven children; Jacob Shafer, leaves widow and four children; Ammon Beers, single.

THE CREDIT MEN.

Buffalo, June 6.—The fifth annual convention of the National Association of Credit Men opened here today and will continue for three days. The question of petitioning congress to amend the bankruptcy act will be the most important subject considered. William A. Prendergast, of New York, read a paper on "Law and its Relation to Trade and Commerce."

DEPARTMENT RE-ESTABLISHED.

Washington, June 6.—By direction of the president the acting secretary of war has issued an order for the re-establishment of the military department of Texas and the assignment of Col. Chambers McKibben, of the Twenty-first infantry, to command of the department. Col. McKibben is now on duty at Columbus barracks, Ohio. He has a splendid record and is one of the most popular officers in the army.

HIGHEST OF THE YEAR.

Washington, June 6.—The official thermometer at the weather bureau in this city reached the highest mark of the year this afternoon. At 2 o'clock it recorded 94 degrees.

MARRIES A WEALTHY WIDOW.

Fargo, N. D., June 6.—Commodore M. S. Mayo, of Washington, one of the retired naval list, who received a divorce here last November, has returned, accompanied by Mrs. N. C. Hall, a wealthy Washington society widow. They were quietly married last night by Judge Roberts. The commodore owns a handsome home in Iowa Circle, Washington. They will stay here several days.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN.

Mansfield, Ohio, June 6.—The Reformed Presbyterian national synod today decided to hold their next conference at Cedarville, Ohio.

Kenosha, Wis., June 6.—Judge Gurdin Gillette, known throughout the state as Kenosha's grand old man, died at his home in this city today, aged 91 years. His death resulted from a paralytic stroke, which he suffered a few days ago. Judge Gillette was prominent in politics and educational lines.

FIRE HYDRANTS WILL FREEZE,

But not when the Carroll Patent Non-Freezing appliance is attached. Can be placed on any hydrant and it is then always and forever ready for use in any temperature. Adopted by the Detroit Fire Department with absolute results. State rights for sale. Correspondence promptly answered; full particulars free. Carroll Patent Drainage company, 372 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Don't Economize

At the expense of your eyes. We don't sell cheap glasses, but we sell good ones as low as is consistent with the best workmanship and material. A fine line of Kodaks. Get particulars of our camera contest.

G. D. TROTT, Optician

329 West Superior Street.

Family Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at Boyce's Drug Store.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Each Department

Of this splendid store beckons you to pleasing selections among fresh, new goods, where fashion and quality are as sure to be right as that night follows day.

For Men—Blue Serge Suits at **$10, $12, and $15.** The highest standard in tailoring in both single and double breasted styles. Just as you'd order from the tailor, so you'll find these Blue Serge Suits. Trousers of superb qualities; new patterns, low prices, correct styles.....**$3.00 to $7.00**

For Boys—Wash Suits.....**75c to $3.00** including, in the most liberal variety of colorings, all the proper materials, made up in that superior manner which always characterizes our clothing.

Straw Hats—For children, boys and men. The new spring lines have been put on sale, and the selections delight all who see them.

Negligee Shirts—Such a magnificent display of these shirts has never before been shown in Duluth. We say this carefully, measuring every word; not one shirt from last year either—**50c to $2.00**

See That Window—

That of itself has never been matched in this city. Come here with high expectations. We never leave a loop hole for disappointment to creep in here.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. **The BIG DULUTH** Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

125 and 127 West Superior Street.

Money-Saving

Appeals to you as well as to every other careful citizen. In all housefurnishings we are in a position to save you money. Don't take our word for it. Come in and pass judgment on our stock and prices.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

Price $7.35.

What do you think of this for a low-priced Dining Chair, antique oak finish, turned spindles in both back and base, also carved back. Price—

59c.

Each—6 only to a customer.

Every one wants a high grade wheel.

And they look carefully before considering Wheels offered at a low price. Thousands of people ride the IMPERIAL and sing its praises. It's beyond all question a high grade Wheel in the full meaning of the term. The 1898 wheel sold in 1898 for $75 cash. We can now offer a few of them, both ladies' and gents', while the lot lasts for only.....**$35.00**

It's the bargain of the year.

Remember, COLUMBIA Wheels, at the lowest 1899 prices—$40 to $75, are to be had only in our store. It's always creditable to ride a COLUMBIA. Remember also, we still have a few of those Marvel Wheels at, each.....***$18.50***

A LEADER IN ROCKERS.

This Rocker, a large high arm rocker, hard wood, antique finish, shaped wood seat, usually sold for $3.00 to $3.50. Special.....**$1.99**

In the same lot we have a splendid wood seat high back dining chair at.....**59c**

And a better one at only.....**79c**

IRON BEDS.

See this Iron Bed in our show window. It is one of the heavy post kind; nothing cheap about it but the price, and that will be

$2.95

Remember everything goes on our usual easy terms. No matter how low the price you have these easy terms open to you.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,

Duluth's Finest House Furnishing Store.

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Rooms 5 and 6, Phoenix Block.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Prof. Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES: 216 W. Superior St.

WILL NOT RESIGN

Tom Reed Will Remain In Congress as Republican Floor Leader.

TO SUCCEED HOBART

Necessary to Find a New Running Mate For President McKinley.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thomas B. Reed, it is learned on good authority here today, will not resign his seat in congress. It is his intention, it is now said, to be the Republican floor leader in the next house, in his capacity he will be at his best.

* * *

As I telegraphed yesterday, Senator Hanna does not care to manage President McKinley's campaign next year. This is due to the fact he is in ill health and may be compelled to remain abroad for an indefinite period. It is not yet known who will succeed Hanna as chairman of the campaign committee. The man selected, however, will probably be from Ohio. Hanna will dictate his choice and the president will probably accept him.

* * *

A free delivery service will be established at Crookston on Oct. 1 with three letter carriers and twenty-one street letter boxes.

* * *

Senator Hanna is having a good deal of trouble to decide upon a man for Maj. McKinley's running mate next year. If it could be established that Vice President Hobart would be physically able to make the race next year he would, beyond doubt, be the choice of President McKinley and Chairman Hanna. It was only a few days ago, however, that the vice president left for his summer home in New Jersey, practically a physical wreck. All the trouble that has been brought upon him is due to his stomach, and his physicians have whispered that this illness came from dining too often and too well since Mr. Hobart came to Washington as Mr. McKinley's associate. Mr. Hobart is wealthy, and the entertainments at his Washington residence have been the most elaborate given by any official of this administration. The vice president, when well, is the most genial member of it. He is well liked by his associates in the senate, an intimate friend of Mr. McKinley and the favorite of all in official and social life of the capital. His serious illness, since the adjournment of the last congress, has given concern to all his intimate associates, and it is now considered doubtful whether he will consent to again enter the political arena in next year's national contest. If he is compelled to retire, on account of ill-health, as before stated, Messrs. McKinley and Hanna will have a very hard time to select so popular a man as Hobart to make the race with the president in 1900. About the only man in the East considered available is Governor Roosevelt of New York or Senator Lodge of Massachusetts. Both are young, aggressive, popular with the people, though financially are outranked by the present vice president. If a man is chosen from the East, however, either Roosevelt or Lodge may be selected at the next Republican national convention. If a Western man is looked for the Pacific coast states will be drawn upon for the vice presidential timber required. In such an event M. H. DeYoung, proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle, stands as good a show as any man on the West coast. Mr. DeYoung has been several times a candidate for the senatorship of the Golden State, and has always been unlucky enough to have one of his rivals win the toga. He has before been discussed as an available man for the vice presidency. As is well known, he has plenty of money, and is willing to spend it to further his political ambitions. If the East fails, De Young is the most likely man in the West, and it will not be a great surprise anywhere is he is the choice of Mr. McKinley and Mr. Hanna for the former's running mate in the next national campaign.

* * *

Governor Roosevelt of New York, were it not for the fact that he is handicapped by Senator Platt, might prove a strong candidate for first place on the Republican ticket in 1900. At one time it was anticipated that he would compete with President McKinley for this honor. The maneuvers of Senator Platt, however, have placed the Empire State governor in an awkward position, and he is no longer looked upon as a dangerous rival of the present occupant of the White House. Governor Roosevelt might figure extensively at the next national convention as a vice presidential possibility, should he desire the office, if Mr. Platt would consent to his candidacy. The New York senator, however, may yet decide to down the present governor of New York and prevent his name being presented at the convention, and also defeat him for re-nomination for governor of New York next year. Nothing definite, however, is known by politicians in this city whether or not Senator Platt and Governor Roosevelt will be able to fix up their differences satisfactorily to both and, in the event they fail, it will be open warfare between them from this time forward, with the chances that Platt will deliver the knock-out blow and thereby lay the pet of the Rough Riders on the political shelf.

* * *

When Secretary Alger returns to Washington from his present sojourn in Michigan he will undoubtedly be satisfied that he stands no chance whatever of succeeding Millionaire McMillan in the United States senate from that state. If Governor Pingree should finally decide to throw his support to the present secretary of war it would do the latter very little good. President McKinley has been made aware of the fact by Senator McMillan that he intends to succeed himself, and that it would be a good thing for the administration to remain neutral in this contest. Senator Burrows has told the president the same thing. Senator Hanna will be made aware of this fact by Mr. McKinley. He will be instructed not to mingle in the senatorial fight in the Wolverine state. This will leave McMillan with a fair field and no favors to ask. It also means that if Alger enters the contest he will be defeated. It is therefore considered probable by his intimates here that, at the proper time, he will announce that he is not a candidate. He will save any amount of trouble for himself if he takes this course.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

A RICH THIEF.

Man Convicted of Stealing Thirty Cents Is Heir to Fortunes.

San Francisco, June 7.—Richard Daverkosen, who is now serving a term in the county jail for stealing 30 cents from the poor box of St. Joseph's Catholic church, will find 200,000 gulden, or about $75,000 American money, to his credit in the National Holland bank when he is released two weeks from today. He took the 30 cents because he was on the verge of starvation and was too proud to beg. After his conviction his wife and children left him returning to their former home in Germany.

Several days ago the German consul here, Adolph Rosenthal, received a letter from La Chapelle, making pressing inquiries for Richard Daverkosen, once staff officer of the great Von Moltke, and stating that an inheritance of 300,000 gulden, part of the estate of his maternal aunt, Mme. Schlecher, was awaiting the lucky heir's pleasure. The letter was from the sister of the missing man. He was found in prison and taken by two officers to the consulate, where he established his identity as Capt. Daverkosen, son of one of the best and most wealthy families in Arnheim, Holland.

He joined the German army on the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war and made a good record. It is said he will inherit $300,000 more on the death of his step-mother.

WORKED A SLICK GAME.

Two Smooth Young Men Rob a Louisville Bank.

Louisville, Ky., June 7.—The German Insurance bank of this city was victimized out of $5000 Monday afternoon by two well dresed young men who worked a neat game. Just before the hour for closing the bank the assistant cashier of the German Insurance bank was rung up by telephone and asked if he could accommodate the Citizens' National bank with $5000 in currency. On being answered in the affirmative, the inquiring party said he would send two men around to get the money. Shortly afterward two young men appeared at the bank with a check for $5000 bearing the supposed signature of the cashier of the Citizens' National bank. The assistant cashier suspecting nothing wrong counted out the money to the young men, who were profuse in their thanks as they accepted it. When the check reached the clearing house today it was discovered to be a forgery.

DREYFUS IS MUM.

Apparently In Good Health But Seems Fatigued.

Fort De France, Martinique, June 7.—Dispatches from Cayenne say all efforts to interview Dreyfus have been futile. He is now under the guard of Capt. Cachoux, of the gendarmie and four gen d'armes. The prisoner is apparently in good health, but seems to be fatigued. The verdict of the court of cassation has caused a very favorable impression here and in French Guiana.

HEAT WAVE IN LONDON.

London, June 7.—A heat wave, similar to the one which is now affecting New York, prevails over Europe. Here the continuance of hot weather so early in June almost breaks all records. The thermometers in this city have been registering 88 degrees in the shade, at the hottest of the day, for five days past, and there has been several deaths from heat. A commercial traveler committed suicide yesterday, saying: "I must get out of the world; I will suffocate."

STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Hamilton, Ohio, June 7.—At 8 o'clock last evening Chief of Police Peter A. Claire, of this city, with his wife and daughter, Margaret, in a carriage, attempted to cross the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad four miles south of here. A locomotive struck the carriage, dashed it into pieces, killed the chief immediately and so injured the child Margaret, that she died in the hospital a few hours later. The wife and mother cannot survive the night.

KILLED HERSELF.

Cincinnati, June 7.—Mrs. Belle Marshall Roloson, wife of R. L. Roloson, for twenty-five years a prominent and wealthy member of the board of trade, committed suicide at her home, 2109 Prairie avenue yesterday, by shooting herself in the right temple. Mrs. Roloson had for some time been a sufferer from nervous prostration. Fears of not regaining health had made her despondent and, it is thought, aggravated by ill-health of the last few days, unbalanced her mind and caused her to end her life.

KINGSHIP UNDECIDED.

Both Mataafa and Tanu May Be Given Jobs.

New York, June 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from Apia, Samoa, June 1, via Auckland, N. Z., says: The British gunboat Pheasant and the Badger went to Malie today to disarm the Mataafans, who have 2000 rifles.

The commission will probably compensate the natives for their arms.

Malietoa Tanu will then disarm his followers and the sailors will withdraw to their ships.

The new civil government has commenced operations.

The kingship is still undecided. It may be decided to abolish the office and appoint both Mataafa and Tanu as chiefs of districts.

THE CUBANS BITTER.

They Threaten the Lives of All Spanish Guerrillas.

New York, June 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: The Spanish consul has cabled the Spanish minister at Washington advising taking action against the United States, holding the Americans responsible for the death of Jose E. Lobregat at San Antonio on Sunday. Lobregat was killed by Cubans infuriated over the fact that he was formerly a Spanish guerrilla. His funeral occurred this afternoon. Feeling in the town is very bitter against former Spanish soldiers. A Cuban soldier said this afternoon that when the republic was formed it was the intention to kill all the guerrillas.

THEY ARE KEPT OUT

A Thousand Refugees Desiring Admittance to Manilla Are Turned Away.

DISCARD UNIFORMS

Insurgent Soldiers Ordered to Wear White to Deceive the Americans.

New York, June 7.—A dispatch to the Herald from Manilla says: A thousand refugees who are attempting to come to Manilla are being turned back by the authorities, who are fearful of the city becoming over-populated, causing pestilence and famine.

There are frequent sights on the country roads of men, women and children staggering along under loads of household effects. The refugees are hungry, but not starving. The American officials are issuing rice to them for their present needs.

Many of the refugees tell of being forced to give up their supplies to the insurgent army. They are afraid to return to the rebels' lines on account of the possible attacks.

The insurgent government is to issue an order for all the military forces to discard their uniforms and wear ordinary white in order to deceive our army.

Communistic societies have been formed in Northern Luzon for the equal division of property.

SCHURMAN LEAVES MANILLA.

He Will Investigate Affairs In the Southern Islands.

Manilla, June 7, 4:40 p. m.—Professor Schurman of the United States Philippine commission, sails from here on Friday on board the United States gunboat Bennington, for a three weeks' trip among the Southern islands. The gunboat Petrel has also been placed at the professor's disposal, and he will visit Iloilo, Cebu, Negros and Sulu. He expects to investigate the local governments and have talks with the leading natives. He will sail for home in July. The other members of the commission will remain here for some months longer.

Gen. Hall's brigade left Morong yesterday, marching along the lake to Taytay. The troops encountered practically no opposition on entering several small towns, though a few insurgent sharpshooters hung about the flanks of the brigade.

Morong, which is an important port, will be garrisoned temporarily by the North Dakota regiment and the Fourth cavalry.

A REPORT BY FROST.

He Tells Some Things About South Dakota's Regiment.

Washington, June 7.—The report of Col. A. S. Frost, First South Dakota, giving the details of the operations of his regiment in the fighting of Feb. 2 and 3, was made public at the war department today. This regiment repulsed an early morning attack by the Filipinos. There were several movements during the early day, and sometimes the enemy occupied the ground which had been once covered by companies of the South Dakota regiment. Afterwards guns of the Utah battery were brought into action and did effective work in driving the insurgents out of the woods and from the cover they had sought when repulsed by the infantry.

Col. Frost speaks in high terms of Maj. Charles A. Howe, Capts. A. L. Fuller and A. B. Sessions, and Adjt. Jonas H. Lyon, who commanded different detachments of the regiment.

Gen. Anderson made a report on Feb. 21 concerning the fires that occurred in Manilla the night before. He concurred in the report of the inspector general that they were of incendiary origin. In 230 vacant houses candles were left burning, so that they would set fire to the buildings, which were burned down. Two Filipinos were taken in women's clothes, who evidently were incendiaries. The natives in the vicinity of the fires all had their effects packed ready to move. Gen. Anderson commends Capt. Otis for preserving order under difficult circumstances.

TAKES HIS LIFE.

Manilla, June 7.—Lieut. Fred W. Pearce, of the Sixth United States artillery, committed suicide here this morning. He came from Iloilo a week ago on leave, but lingered here beyond the limit and failed to reply to repeated telegrams from his commander. Yesterday he was put under arrest on his commander's order. This morning another officer called to see him, when he suddenly pulled a revolver from under his pillow and shot himself through the head. His friends say his mind was affected by a recent sunstroke.

A Spanish paper asserts that Col. Arguelles, one of the two members of the original Filipino military commission, who were placed under arrest at Parlac last month after returning to Luna's camp from their conferences with the United States commissioners, has been court-martialed and sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment for "friendship displayed toward the Americans."

THE BUFFALO SHOOT.

It Is Found Necessary to Add a Fourth Trap.

Buffalo, June 7.—There were nine events on today's card of the state shoot, the principal event being No. 3, to which the entrance was $5 and the prizes number 125, articles of merchandise valued at $5 to $500 each. It is at twenty-five bluerocks. The other events are at fifteen and twenty targets each, in all 170 targets. Three traps were in use yesterday, but it has been found necessary to add a fourth and to begin shooting an hour earlier in order to finish the program.

A proposition to hold a big target and live bird shoot here as a feature of the Pan-American exposition in 1901 was well received by the marksmen.

Thursday's Opportunities

At Duluth's Big Store. It's the volume of business not large margins makes prices such as we quote below possible.

OUR MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

95c each.

A grand, good cut in the price of our Colored Split Sailor Hats in browns, whites and greens. Also a line of Rough Straw Sailors in black and white. Also two lines of Fancy Walking Hats formerly sold at $1.50 and $1.75—***Price 95c.***

Boys' and Misses' Hats and Caps.

500 of them worth up to 50c each will be placed on sale Thursday at each.....**25c**

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS.

We have fully 1,000 trimmed hats to select from, prices ranging from $2.75 up to $35.00, every one of them different to what you will find elsewhere. Character and exclusiveness combined with quality are the features embraced in this department.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

LADIES' JACKETS—
We have in stock 27 Ladies' fine tailored Jackets, comprising all that is new and fashionable; quality the best, the prices have been from $10 to $11.50 each; your choice on Thursday for.....**$7.50**

SILK WAISTS—
To make an interesting item for you to look at, we shall place on sale Thursday morning 100 fine colored Taffeta Silk Waists, corded front and back, at.....**$4.98**

DRESS SKIRT SALE.

Good Black Mohair Skirts at.....**$1.49**

Good Black Brilliantine Skirts at.....**$2.25**

Good Black Cheviot Serge Skirts at.....**$2.98**

Good black Venetian Cloth Skirt at.....**$3.98**

Good Black Silk Skirt, $7.00 kind; sale price.....**$3.98**

10 dozen Ladies' Wrappers, full width skirt, separate waist lining, fancy trimmed, regular $1.25 kind; sale price.....**98c**

Ladies' Wash Waists, tucked fronts in dainty patterns, sold by small stores at 98c, price.....**69c**

Cut Prices on Toilet Goods.

"4711" GLYCERINE SOAP—
You pay elsewhere 25c per cake; special.....**15c**

SWAN DOWN POWDER—
Henry Fellow's, the original and best; 25c is the standard price; for.....**14c**

MARSHMALLOW CREAM—
Applied makes the skin like satin; 25c size for.....**18c**

CASHMERE BOUQUET SOAP—
Small size.....**15c**

SOZODONT—
Special, per bottle.....**55c**

SMALL WARES.

SPOOL COTTON—
100 dozen of 6-cord Spool Cotton, 150 yards to the spool, in black only, good for hand or machine, per spool.....**1c**

CURLING IRONS—
Wood handles, nickel plated; special.....**3c**

HAIR PINS—
The kind we sell at 2c a paper; at this sale you get 6 papers for.....**5c**

ENGRAVED CARDS.

Name Plate and 50 Cards.....**98c**

Name Plate and 100 Cards.....**$1.45**

Second order, 50 Cards.....**50c**

Second order, 100 Cards.....**75c**

THE COUNTESS OF CRAVEN

One of the world's celebrated women. Constantinople are intensely interesting. The records of her travels through the Crimea to She was a noted writer of plays, poems and romance, while her own memoirs are fascinating because of the insight they give into the lives of royal people whom she knew intimately. A woman of unusual intellect and great beauty, she has made her name famous. Every woman cannot become famous and every woman cannot be beautiful, but every woman can have a graceful figure by wearing

KABO CORSETS

No Brass Eyelets. Celebrated for Style, Fit and Comfort.

Discriminating ladies everywhere wear them. The above cut shows style No. 423. Price $1.50

Here you will find a complete assortment of the famous Kabo Corsets, the best on earth for the money.

DRESS GOODS.

BLACK CREPONS—
10 pieces Mohair Crepons, 38-inches wide for skirts or dresses, former price 50c; sale price.....**33c**

NUNS VEILING—
A special offering of imported Nuns Veiling and all-wool Batiste, 40 and 45 inches wide; specials, a yard—**75c, 50c and 45c**

BRILLIANTINES—
Mohairs, Alpacas, Raven Black, beautiful, lustrous fabrics for Shirt Waists and dresses—Special, a yard—**$1.00, 75c, 50c and 39c**

DRESS PATTERN SALE—
Colored Novelty Dress Patterns, smooth and rough effects, all-wool and silk and wool, every one this season's style, have sold as high as $35.00; in 4 lots, at a pattern—**$19.50, $15.00, $9.50 and $7.50**

COLORED BRILLIANTINES—
For Skirts or Waists, in navies, wines, greens, browns, genuine 69c goods; special, a yard.....**50c**

CHEVIOTS—
Storm Serges, Cheviots, Camel's Hair, fine English Serges, in shades of new blues, cadets, Napoleon blues, medium and dark navies, etc., at, a yard—**$1.25, $1.00, 89c and 79c**

Wash Goods Specials.

10c Fast Black Sateens.....**7½c**

12½c Fast Black Sateens.....**9½c**

25c Fast Black Sateens.....**15c**

36-inch new English Percales, mill lengths, from 2 to 10 yards genuine 12½c goods; choice.....**6c**

A special 12½c sale fine Dimities, pine apple cloths, fine gingham, piques, ducks, etc., values up to 20c; special, a yard.....**12½c**

Extra Choice Marshmallows, Worth 35c, for lb.....**15c**

Fine Mixed Candy, Kind that sells all over the city at 25c lb; our price lb.....**10c**

PANTON & WHITE THE GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

BIG SALE OF SEATS

Fitzsimmons-Jeffries Bout Draws Better Than Any of Its Predecessors.

IT MAY BE STOPPED

But William A. Brady Says There Will Be No Interference.

New York, June 7.—That great interest is taken in the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight is shown by the sale of seats. At a recent auction sale of boxes every box was sold, bringing $21,000. One box was sold afterward by a speculator to a party of Wall street men for $350. Last night the directors of the Coney Island Sporting club met and added thirty-five new boxes, nearly all of which have already been sold for a good round sum.

The $15 seats have been liberally purchased, while hardly any of the $10 seats are left, at least six rows having been sold.

The demand exceeds that for even the Sharkey-Maher, Corbett-Sharkey, or McCoy-Sharkey fights.

At a rough estimate the Coney Island club has sold $45,000 worth of seats. The prices of admission to see the fight and the seating capacity of the Coney Island Sporting club are here given: The prices of tickets are $5, $10, $15, $20 and $25. The following are the number of seats: 500 admision at $5, $25,000; 1000 reserved at $10, $10,000; 658 reserved at $15, $9870; 800 Mezzanine seats at $20, $16,000; 726 box seats at $25, $18,150. Total number of seats, 8174; total amount, $79,020.

NO SLUGGING ALLOWED.

No Fighting Permitted at Fitzsimmons-Jeffries Match.

New York, June 7.—Chief of Police Devery gave out the following statement relative to the action he will take in case the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries fight, next Friday night, resolves itself into a brutal slugging match:

"From certain published statements of experts on prize ring and boxing matters and from various sources, it would appear that the two would-be pugilistic champions, who are down for a sparring contest at the Coney Island Athletic club on Friday night next, or their backers or managers, intend to have under the guise of prize fights, if the such slugging match is intended, then the inference is that these statements and impressions are spread for the sole purpose of imposing on the public.

"Considering the parties to the contest, their respective weights, 208 and 168 pounds, and other attending circumstances and conditions, it is almost a physical impossibility for the two contestants to carry on a lawful contest for points on the coming occasion. The very nature of things tend to an out and out prize fight.

"I shall be present at the contest, and as chief of police I shall personally see to it that the letter and spirit of the law relative to such contests are obeyed, and that there will be no slugging or heavy hitting, nothing but a clean-cut, lawful sparring exhibition for points. Any person who permits himself to be grilled or imposed on by thinking otherwise will find himself very much mistaken. It will be well for the public to understand that the first heavy blow struck will mark the end of the contest."

MR. BRADY'S OPINION.

He Says the Contest Will Surely Take Place.

New York, June 7.—William A. Brady when seen last night concerning the statement issued by Chief Devery, said there would be no trouble with the police on Friday night.

"The contest will surely take place," said Mr. Brady, "It will be conducted under the provisions of the Horton law and no law of the state of New York will be violated. Chief Devery attended the Corbett-Sharkey contest, the McCoy-Sharkey contest and others of a similar character that have been held in New York during the last year.

"The Coney Island club has not proposed to give a prize fight, but a contest similar to the ones I have mentioned and we do not expect any interference on the part of the police if we keep within the limit which applied to the former contests and that is what we expect to do."

Mr. Brady said an examination of the club building had already been made and it had been pronounced all right.

ART COLLECTOR DEAD.

Was Formerly a Dry Goods Merchant of St. Paul.

New York, June 7.—Godfrey Mannheimer, an art collector, is dead at the Plaza hotel in this city in the 61st year of his age. He was born in Bavaria and came to this country about thirty years ago, engaging in the dry goods business in St. Paul, Minn., and Chicago, from which he retired about fifteen years ago. Mr. Mannheimer has been known since then as an art collector and possessed an elaborate collection of paintings and bric-a-brac. About ten years ago he presented the large painting "Justinian in His Court" to the Metropolitan museum of art, of which he was a member.

BLACK HILLS PIONEER.

Capt. Russell, an Old Prospector, Dies In Deadwood.

Chicago, June 7.—A special from Deadwood, S. D., to the Record says Capt. T. H. Russell died in this city last night. He was one of the most prominent characters in the West. He was born in Pennsylvania and went to Colorado long before Denver was thought of. He organized what afterwards was known as the Russell expedition, which entered the Black Hills in 1875. He had been a leading spirit in the hills ever since.

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

Cottage Grove, Ore., June 7.—Hon. B. F. Harding, former United States senator from Oregon, has been stricken with paralysis and is not expected to live. Harding was elected to the United States senate in 1862 as a Douglas Democrat, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Col. E. D. Baker, who was killed at Balls Bluff.

Woman's power is largely dependent upon her ability to interest, entertain, attract and please. It is for this reason that women strive to become accomplished. They study in order that they may converse intelligently on all subjects. They strive to become good musicians, graceful dancers and amiable hostesses.

All accomplishments are unavailing if a woman suffers from ill-health in a womanly way. The special weakness peculiar to the womanly organism, will rapidly wreck the general health. The sufferer will lose her natural vivacity, her wit, her good looks, and the ambition and power to display the accomplishments at her command. Any woman affected in this way should resort to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a wonderful medicine for ailing women. It is the invention of an eminent and skillful physician, Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. It aims to cnre but one class of diseases, and claims to be good for nothing else. It imparts health, elastic strength, vigor and virility to the delicate feminine organs. It prepares a woman for wifehood and motherhood.

Mrs. Ramon Sanchez, Penasco, Taos County, N. Mex., in a letter to Dr. Pierce says: "From a grateful heart my voice goes up to God both night and day in a solemn prayer that He may guard your health and preserve your life. I hereby express my gratitude to you for the relief I have received from your wonderful medicine, 'Favorite Prescription.' After suffering years of misery I am to-day a healthy and happy wife, and can truthfully recommend to women the use of the 'Favorite Prescription' as a regulator of the monthly periods."

The quick constipation-cure — Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Never gripe.

WELL RECEIVED.

The People of Porto Rico Are Adopting American Educational Methods.

New York, June 7.—Gen. John W. Eaton, who, in company with Dr. Victor S. Clarke, was sent to Porto Rico last January as inspector of public instruction, returned on the transport McPherson and will proceed to Washington today to make his report. Gen. Eaton seemed satisfied that the American methods of education had taken well in Porto Rico when seen by a reporter at the Park Avenue hotel.

"We have tried in our work," he said, "not to throw the American system just as it is at the Porto Ricans, but to adapt and remould it to their needs, retaining the fundamental principles which have long ago proved their correctness, but changing the details to suit the best interest of the people. The Porto Ricans have taken naturally to our system and the improvement in the educational facilities of the islands is already marked.

"Gen. Henry authorizes the appropriation by the general insular government of $325,000 for the good of education during the coming year and the Society of Education, which has been formed for the benefit of the children, is doing a great work for good in that direction. We have divided the island into sixteen parts and a teacher who speaks English is assigned to each of these districts. This teacher visits the different schools in the district and corrects the pronunciation of the English taught there."

Gen. Eaton said that Gen. Davis, the new governor of Porto Rico, was well liked and was engaged at present in studying the different questions as to the future of the island before taking any active measures.

BASEBALL.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Brooklyn, 6; Cincinnati, 4.
At Boston—Boston, 9; Louisville, 4.
At New York—New York, 9; Cleveland, 6.
At Philadelphia—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 3.
At Washington—Washington, 3; Chicago, 1.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6; Pittsburg, 3.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Buffalo—St. Paul, 3; Buffalo, 1.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Kansas City, 3.
At Columbus—Columbus, 3; Minneapolis, 1.

COLLEGE GAMES.

At Philadelphia—University of Michigan, 4; university of Pennsylvania, 2.
At Chicago—University of Illinois, 9; University of Chicago, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	44	33	.750
Boston	42	29	.690
St. Louis	45	26	.605
Chicago	44	26	.591
Philadelphia	42	24	.571
Baltimore	43	24	.558
Cincinnati	41	21	.512
New York	42	18	.429
Pittsburg	41	17	.415
Washington	44	15	.341
Louisville	43	13	.302
Cleveland	39	8	.205

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
St. Paul	36	20	.556
Milwaukee	36	20	.556
Minneapolis	37	20	.541
Columbus	32	17	.515
Indianapolis	35	17	.485
Detroit	35	17	.485
Buffalo	34	15	.441
Kansas City	36	15	.417

ONCE A WHIG.

Boston, June 7.—Hon. Frederick O. Prince, widely known as a lawyer and politician, died at his home from lung disease. Frederick O. Prince was born in Boston Jan. 18, 1818, was graduated from Harvard college in 1833, and was admitted to the Suffolk bar in 1840. In early life he allied himself with the Whig party. In 1860, on the disruption of the Whig party, he transferred his allegiance to the Democratic party, and was elected a delegate to the Charleston convention of that year and cast his lot with the Baltimore division which nominated Stephen A. Douglass for president of the United States. He was secretary of the national Democratic party from 1880 to 1888. He was elected mayor of Boston in 1868 by the Democrats, and twice re-elected. In 1896 he was a candidate for governor of Massachusetts on the gold Democratic ticket. He leaves a widow and four sons.

THE FIGHT RENEWED

Against the Government Support of Sectarian Schools and Hospitals.

AN IMPORTANT TEST

Change In Carriage of Rapid Firing Field Guns Is Necessary.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fight which was unsuccessfully waged in congress last winter to defeat appropriations for the support of sectarian schools and hospitals has been taken up by one Joseph Bradfield, of the District of Columbia, and takes the form of a petition in equity, which has been filed in the supreme court of this district. Mr. Bradfield, in his petition, makes objection to appropriations which were made for the support or partial support of certain hospitals, all Catholic institutions, and the legal ground is urged that such expenditure of the public funds is contrary to the provisions of the constitution.

Ellis H. Roberts, treasurer of the United States, is named defendant. The object of the suit is "to obtain a decree enjoining and forbidding the defendant from paying out any part of the sum appropriated by congress to sectarian institutions. The appropriations to which objections is made are as follows: $32,000 to Providence hospital for the construction and maintenance of an isolating hospital for minor contagious diseases, for the maintenance of isolating wards in Garfield and Providence hospitals, $8000 for the maintenance of St. Anne's infant asylum, $5400; for the support and care at Providence hospital of ninety-five medical and surgical patients, under contract with the surgeon general of the army, $9,000; an amount not specified for the education of Indian pupils at 'contract' sectarian schools."

As ground for interference by the court the petition represents that all the schools and hospitals mentioned, except Garfield hospital, which is not included in the suit, are Roman Catholic in their management; that only the exercises, doctrines and discipline of the Catholic church are taught there; that such institutions, by a provision of the constitution, cannot legally receive aid from the government, and that acts of congress in contravention of that provision of the constitution are not law. Therefore, as "the plaintiff and all other citizens and tapayers of the United States are injured by reason of the aforesaid acts of congress, in virtue whereof the public funds are being pledged and used for the advancement and support of sectarian education and charities, prayer is made that Mr. Roberts be enjoined from paying out national funds as directed in these appropriation acts specified, and that these laws be declared null and void for want of a constitutional authority.

* * *

Gen. Buffington, chief of ordnance, United States army, has completed arrangements for an important test to be made soon of several designs of 3-inch field gun carriages. The war department has determined that to develop and use the rapid firing field gun to the best advantage a change in the carriage must be made. With this object in view the authorities have purchased several types of carriages, and they will be given a competitive test at Sandy Hook.

The information secured by the department in regard to foreign carriages was so meager that it seemed desirable to purchase abroad one carriage of each type, which had developed sufficient merit in trial, and to submit them to an exhaustive test in this country. A carriage was also ordered from the Driggs-Seabury company on plans submitted by that company, and another was purchased from the American ordnance bureau. This has been built, and is now at the proving station, where it will be tried in competition with the other designs.

A report submitted to the war department says that all these carriages are of the non-recoil type. In the foreign carriages the counter recoil springs and the hydraulic cylinder are placed beneath the trail the cylinder being fixed in the ground by a spade. This permits the recoil of the whole carriage, while its return to the firing position is effected by the springs. In the remaining carriages the spade is attached directly to the end of the trail, and the energy of the recoil is absorbed by the hydraulic cylinders interposed between the gun and the carriage.

* * *

A hearing in one of the local courts brought out a remarkable story from Samuel R. Curtis, 19 years old, a Yale student, who ran away from college and found work as a waiter in a Washington restaurant. He was charged with stealing a horse and buggy. He said his home was at Chelsea, Mass., and that he was a student at Yale. The struggle to keep his standing in his class was more than he could endure, so when given money for his college expenses he boarded a train and came to Washington to look for work. He was unsuccessful in getting what he wanted, and finally accepted a position as a waiter in a lunch room on Pennsylvania avenue. This work, he found, was harder than the grind at college, so he made up his mind to "beat" his way back home. A verdict of guilty was returned on a charge of grand larceny, and Curtis was remanded to await sentence.

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is roasted and packed under a new process. It is healthful and absolutely pure. Free from dust and dirt. Experts say *T. & T.* is the finest coffee sold. Try it. See that the seal is unbroken to assure purity.

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SHOT AS SPIES.

The Japanese Killed By Russians Were Scientists.

Victoria, B. C., June 7.—Kobe papers of May 16 contain the news that the fate of the party of scientists missing for upwards of a month past has been disclosed. They had landed near Tosang, on the Liao Tung peninsula, to pursue their investigations of earthquake phenomena and mountain flora, when they were made prisoners by a party of Russian cavalry and shot as spies without the semblance of a trial. Their photographic and other scientific apparatus was destroyed. There were eleven professors in the party, one German savant and ten native Japanese, whose homes were in Kobe and Tokio. The Japanese authorities will make a thorough investigation.

THE BAKER TRIAL.

Believed That It Will Proceed Without Any Trouble.

Manchester, Ky., June 7.—Judge Eversole has now held court in Clay county two days without disturbance. During the past two days he has attended to other cases before bringing in Thomas Baker, charged with murder, but who has been out on bail at his home on Crane creek. The feud between the Whites and the Howards on one hand and the Bakers and others on the other hand, the families all having large followings, has existed for years. According to common report the first bloodshed was when the Bakers bushwhacked old man "Ball" Howard, Wilson Howard and Burch Starr. Then Jame's Howard shot old man Baker and finally Thomas Baker killed William White, a brother of B. F. White, Jr., the sheriff of the county. Of course Tom Baker would not take kindly to being brought into court by Sheriff White and Judge Eversole assigned that duty to Col. Williams, who is in command of the state troops that have been sent here to preserve peace. Sheriff White insists that Baker will be protected and peace preserved and he thinks he can get along without the troops that are encamped here for the trial.

REMARKABLE SCENE.

Burial of Bishop Durien Attended By Indians.

Vancouver, B. C., June 7.—The burial of Bishop Durien, who for twenty-five years worked among the natives of British Columbia, was the occasion of a remarkable scene. Surrounding the bier were 5000 Indians chanting a death song in the native guttural tongue, swaying their bodies in unison to measured strains of music, while on an elevation, in the rear of the catafalque, the crucifixion of Christ was being enacted, a lay figure representing the Savior being lowered from the cross by Indians dressed in vestments of Biblical character.

DIED TO SAVE ANOTHER.

Chicago, June 7.—In his efforts to save 9-year-old Mabel Smith from being crushed under the wheels of a passenger train yesterday afternoon, Martin O'Malley, a flagman, 60 years of age, sacrificed his own life at the Wood Street crossing of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. The Smith girl walked upon the tracks reading a book. She did not see the approaching train nor heed the shouts of O'Malley. The old man dashed at the girl, catching her by her long braids of hair and pulled her from the track. In turning to make his own escape he was run down.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

L. W. Osborne, consul general at Samoa, denies writing the letter to London Truth which contained a severe arraignment of Chief Justice Chambers of Samoa, who is also an American, and also of the British consul and naval commanders. The writer of the letter was Lloyd Osbourne, a stepson of the late Robert Louis Stevenson and at one time vice consul at Apia.

Miss Nannie Paul, of Stanford, Ill., was found at midnight last night drowned in the lake at Miller park. She was a daughter of the president of the Bank of Stanford. It is believed to be a suicide, probably from mental aberration.

President McKinley has accepted an invitation to the Kenyon commencement at Galbier, Ohio, June 17, and will probably be present.

The Portland Argus this morning says that Speaker Reed's resignation has been sent to Governor Bowers and it is to be presented at the next meeting of the governor and council.

Christopher H. Mooney, of New York, is under arrest at Montreal on the charge of having misapplied the sum or value of about $22,000, the property of Milnor E. Listenberger, of South Bend, Ill.

New Orleans, at a special election by an overwhelming vote decided on a special tax for drainage, pure water, paving, park and other improvements.

In a terrible wind storm in Oshkosh Punhouguah school house was struck by lightning and three children were unconscious for fifteen minutes and over 100 were overcome with fright.

There will be no advance in the price of window glass at present. This statement is made on the authority of James A. Chambers, president of the American Glass company.

The navy department has received a suggestion from the Portsmouth, Va., board of trade that the captured Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes be completely rebuilt at the Norfolk navy yard, supplied with the very best guns and armor and then presented to the queen regent of Spain as an evidence of the good will cherished by the United States for her country.

The entire evening session of the Modern Woodmen was taken up with discussion of the proposition to create a reserve fund. Finally by a vote of 205 to 81 the resolution offered by the Missouri delegation providing "that some form of emergency or reserve fund be adopted at this session," was adopted.

It seems very probable that Governor Pingree will veto the beet sugar bounty bill. Attorney General Oren gave the governor an opinion that the bill is unconstitutional for the reason that it appropriates money raised by taxation for other than a public purpose.

Admiral Dewey will accompany President McKinley to Chicago when the chief executive goes to lay the corner stone of the new federal building Oct. 9.

Directors of the National Steel company met at Chicago and declared the first quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock. No statement regarding earnings was made at the meeting and the matter of common dividends was not discussed.

At Butte, Mont., the machine and blacksmith shops of the Western Iron works, together with all valuable patterns, were destroyed by fire. Loss, $75,000; insurance, $15,000.

Two babies, aged 1 and 3 years, children of Mrs. Carl Detloff, of Poplar Grove, Ill., were instantly killed yesterday. The mother left the baby carriage on the depot platform while she stepped into the station. A gust of wind blew it in front of a fast coming freight, mangling both children.

The statement made in the Canadian house by the premier yesterday to the effect that the Canadian government has proposed to the Americans to establish a customs house on the Dalton trail and regard it as marking the provisional boundary there causes great surprise in Washington, the officials asserting that this is the first that they have heard of such a proposition.

The members of the St. Paul and Buffalo baseball clubs, who were arrested on Sunday at Buffalo while playing ball, charged with violating the Sunday law, were given a jury trial and acquitted.

A new overland fast mail train on the Canadian Pacific will be put into service June 15. It will be called the imperial limited.

Reports from Tilden, Mason county, and Kearney, in Buffalo county, Neb., report damage from tornado and rain.

Union Pacific officials at Omaha have received information that Sheriff Hazen, who was wounded in the fight with train robbers, died at 7:30 yesterday afternoon.

The regulations allowing the volunteers to purchase the arms and equipments which they carried during the Spanish war will be continued in the case of the volunteers returning from Manilla. They may purchase the Springfield rifles at $10 each and the revolver and equipments at the same price, while the other portions of the outfit are sold at cost.

The question of transportation for troops destined for the Philippines is worrying military authorities greatly.

The National City bank of New York will ship $500,000 gold by steamer St. Paul today.

The eighteenth annual meeting of the Actors' Fund of America was held at New York yesterday. The following officers were elected: President, Louis Aldrich; first vice president, John Drew; second vice president, Antonio Pastor; treasurer, Andrew A. McCormick; secretary, Edwin Knowles; trustees for two years, A. M. Palmer, W. E. Sinn, Augustus E. Pillou, Charles H. Merit, Roland Reed, Augustin Daly, Milton Nobles and Hrary Harwood.

L. P. Mitchell, the assistant comptroller of the treasury, holds that if an enlisted man in the regular or volunteer army enlisted subsequent to the declaration of war for the war only, and afterwards, before the war is over, seeks and obtains his discharge for his own convenience and not on account of ill health or disability, he is not embraced within the meaning of the act of March 3, 1899, and is not entitled to the extra pay provided by it.

When the Mazet investigating committee resumed its sitting yesterday the first thing done was to decide that in the future none of the witnesses subpoenaed to appear before the committee could be represented by counsel.

One of the first duties that will be imposed upon Belkamy Storer when he takes up his post at Madrid will be to secure the reinstatement on the "Book of Peerage" of Spain of the names of the holders of the obligations issued to them by Spain as one of the results of the negotiations of the treaty of 1831. The American holders are entitled to an annual payment of about $600,000.

MINNESOTA CORPORATIONS.

St. Paul, June 7.—Articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state as follows:

Red Wing normal college and business school, by H. J. Meyers, president, and O. A. Ulvin, secretary.

Western Realty and Investment company of Minneapolis, capital $50,000, by Julius Schutt, E. C. Holliday and M. F. Schutt.

The Interstate Elevator company of Winona has increased its capital stock to $200,000.

Spring Underwear.

Handsome line of Underwear at 25c garment, 50c garment, 75c garment, $1.00 garment, $1.50 garment.

CHAS. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

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Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

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FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

WINE OF CARDUI

WOMAN KNOWS WOMAN.

ZURICH, KAN., Jan. 31.

I used Wine of Cardui for nervousness and weakness in the womb. After taking one bottle I was well again. I am a midwife, and always recommend Wine of Cardui to my lady friends during pregnancy and after birth as a tonic. Every lady who takes it finds that this treatment does even more than is claimed for it.

MRS. V. M. BOISVERT.

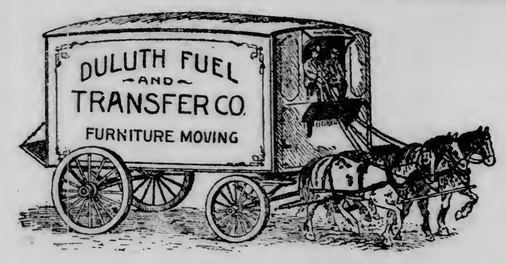
McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

Nobody knows woman like woman. Men go to medical colleges, study books and listen to lectures. They learn indirectly of the diseases of women, but they are men and can never fully understand the ailments, the sufferings, the agonies of our mothers, wives and sisters. A women ***knows.*** Mrs. Boisvert ***knows.*** She has passed through the trials and tribulations of her sex. She has been near by when her sisters suffered. She has seen them relieved and cured with Wine of Cardui. Is it any wonder she recommends it? Is it any wonder that thousands of other women recommend it. ***They know.*** They have actual experience to prompt them. They spread the tidings from mouth to mouth, telling how Wine of Cardui helps young girls, helps the weak of all ages, helps and cures every womanly ill.

LADIES' ADVISORY DEPARTMENT. For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, *Ladies' Advisory Department*, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

DRUGGISTS SELL LARGE BOTTLES FOR $1.00.

WINE OF CARDUI



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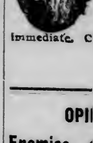

WEAK MEN BRACED UP.

Try Mormon Bishop's Pills for all diseases arising from dissipation, self-abuse, excesses or cigarette smoking. In use over 50 years. Brings back your Manhood, cures depleted, worn out men, makes rich, red blood and tissue, cures wastings and all losses, makes you lastingly strong, cures impotency, lost power, emissions, loss of memory, bad dreams, shrunken organs, despondency, sleeplessness, varicocele and constipation, adds luster to the eyes, stops nervous twitching of the eyelids. Makes life worth living. A boon to old or young. Effects are immediate. Cure permanent. Price, 50c a box; 6 for $2.50. Send for free circular. Address

BISHOP REMEDY CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

OPINION IS DIVIDED.

Enemies and Friends of Gomez Comment on His Address.

Havana, June 7.—The farewell manifesto of Gen. Gomez is the principal topic of conversation among Americans and Cubans among all shades of politics. The Americans for the most part consider it an affecting address, expressing the real views of the old patriot and also his sincere intention to retire from public life. His Cuban admirers say the address will range amongst the most famous in history. His opponents, especially the members of the former military assembly, insist that he has no intention to retire for more than a few weeks, and that his real object is to obtain public sympathy.

They say also that Col. Carlos Cespedes virtually writes the greater part of what Gomez issues to the public, though in this instance probably a third was written by Gomez himself.

It is now thought probable that Gomez will leave Havana before the first of July. Many residents of Havana who are neither friendly nor unfriendly to Gomez believe that if he lives he will soon wish to resume his connection with the association, and they also believe that Cuban sentiment in the main would favor his being largely interested in the future of the Cuban republic, even if not as its president.

Senor Perfecto Lacoste, the mayor, has prohibited expectorating in public.

The state department has authorized a municipal tax of 25 per cent on alcoholic liquors.

Advices from Lieut. Cols. Randall and Bisbox show that the work of paying off the Cuban troops is proceeding without special interest, the applicants waiting their turn patiently.

SEPARATION PROBABLE.

Washington, June 7.—A deed has been recorded here by which Bishop John F. Hurst of the Methodist Episcopal church transferred through an intermediary to his wife, Ella Root Hurst, their fine home on Massachusetts avenue, in the fashionable part of the city, caused a great deal of comment here today. It being reported that the transfer was preliminary to a legal separation. Bishop Hurst was out of the city and his attorney said he had nothing to say about the matter. Mrs. Hurst has been in Europe for two years.

THREE FATALLY HURT.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 7.—A heavy wind and rain storm at Guttenberg, forty miles north of here yesterday evening, did much damage. Emil, John and Theodore Path were fatally hurt. A boy named Ratch was drowned in the Mississippi.

Mothers lose their dread for "that terrible second summer" when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for bowel complaints of every sort.

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Leading Specialist for the cure of

Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other Physicians.

25 Years Experience, 5,000 Cases Treated Annually.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES, affections of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES—Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 p. m.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Market Opened Firm, Took a Slump But Became Strong Again.

THE RECEIPTS BIG

Too Much Rain Reported to Have Done Injury In Northwest.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 7.—The wheat market was stronger and higher today, although there was a slump in prices during the morning. The tendency, however, was towards a recovery from the recent decline and the sentiment was quite bullish. The news at the opening of the market regarding both American and European crops was very contradictory, but high r prices prevailed owing to reports of too much rain in the Northwest. The heavy Northwest receipts and rains in the Odessa district of Russia, however, brought out a quantity of long wheat and sharp decline took place on the heavy selling. When this pressure was removed the market turned strong again and an advance of 1c from the low point soon took place. The market ruled firm to the close, which was 3c higher than yesterday here and 1⅝@1¾c higher at Chicago for the July option. September gained ⅞c here and ⅞@⅞c at Chicago.

Speculative trading was fairly active on the Duluth board, July wheat opened ⅛c up at 75¾c, declined to 75¼c at 9:40, reacted to 75⅝c at 10:50, fell off to 74⅝c at 11:40, recovered to 75¼c at 12 and was quoted at 75⅝c at the close, being 3c above yesterday. September closed at 75c, showing a net gain of ⅝c for the day. There was light trading in cash stuff at the July price both for wheat in store and to arrive. Oats advanced ¼c, rye and corn each declined ½c, barley was same as yesterday and September flax lost ¾c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77⅜c; July, 75c, No. 1 northern, cash, 75⅜c; July, 75¼c; September, 75c. No. 2 northern, 70¾c. No. 3 spring, 68¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 75c; No. 1 northern, 75½c. Oats, 27@28½c; Rye, 50c. Barley, 31c. Flax, $1.00½; September, 92c. Corn, 32¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 201; corn, 2; oats, 5; barley, 1; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 225,775; corn, 11,629; oats, 3,931; rye, 1,959; barley, 1113; flax, 1285. Shipments—Wheat, 120,253; corn, 181,194; flax, 28,281.

BOARD NOTES.

July wheat, 1000, 72c; calls, 50c; July corn, puts, 32½c; calls, 34½c; good all next week in the Chicago market.

Today's weather: Minneapolis, clear, 70 degrees above; rained last night; Jamestown, part cloudy, 59 degrees above, no rain; Valley City, clear, cool; Fargo, part cloudy, no rain, 56 degrees above; Grand Forks, part cloudy, no rain, 54 degrees above; Fergus Falls, clear, cool.

Russian advices are mixed, but generally report drouth and crops in bad condition.

New York wires acceptances wheat good; considerable export business looked for. St. Louis has been buying back today some of the wheat it has sold lately.

Total clearances wheat and flour, 280,000 bus; corn 152,000 bus.

George Rupley had the following wire from P. B. Weare early this morning: Think on any weak spot best to buy wheat, this is a June break.

B. E. Baker says: The last day or two people are paying more attention to reserves and receipts of wheat than they had for a month, for a long time no news attracted any attention except crop damage reports.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3000 bus, to arrive.....$0.75½
No. 1 northern, 600 bus, to arrive..... 75½
No. 1 northern, 4 cars, on track..... 75½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars, on track..... 74½
No. 1 northern, 15 cars, on track..... 75½
No. 1 northern, 35,000 bus, to arrive.. 75¾
No. 1 northern, 10 cars, on track..... 75¾
No. 1 northern, 9 cars, on track..... 75

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

The News Contradictory and the Trading Halting.

Chicago, June 7.—Wheat today showed a tendency to recover somewhat from the recent decline. At the start there was apparently a good deal of uncertainty among traders as to which course to pursue, news regarding both American and European crops being of a contradictory character, July opened at 75@75¼c, 1@1½c over yesterday's closing. The strength was in part due to reports of too much rain in the Northwest. The market weakened immediately, however. Rains in the Odessa district of Russia and heavy Northwest receipts brought considerable long wheat into the market for a time, the pressure resulting in a break to 74@74½c. After the first hour's trading a better tone developed, and prices gradually improved. Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 350 cars, against 1215 last week and 134 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 58 cars, 5 of contract grade. July advanced steadily from 74½c to 75¼c, holding steady around the top figures.

Much of the weakly held wheat, which has been placed on the market during the last two days, had been disposed of before noon. The market then developed a tone of firmness, which held up to the close. July wound up strong at 75¼@75⅝c.

Corn was dull and little lower early with wheat, but became stronger later on the wet weather West. Receipts were 360 cars. July opened ⅛c lower, at 32⅝@32¾c, sold at 32⅝@32⅝c and reacted to 33⅛c.

Oats were quiet and featureless. Receipts were 146 cars. July opened ⅛c higher at 25¾c and advanced to 25⅞c.

Provisions were quiet but steady. Hog receipts were 18,000. There was some realizing by longs. July pork opened a shade lower at $8.17½ and advanced to $8.22. July lard opened 2½c lower at $5.05. July ribs opened a shade lower at $4.67 and sold at $4.67@4.70.

Close: Wheat, July, 75¼@75⅝c; September, 75@75½c; December, 77½c. Corn, June, 32⅝@32¾c; July, 32⅝@32¾c; September, 34½@34¾c; December, 33⅜c. Oats, June, 24½c; July, 25½@25⅝c; September, 20¾@24⅞c. Pork, June, $8.20; July, $8.25; September, $8.40. Lard, June, $5.00; July, $5.05; September, $5.17½. Ribs, June, $4.55; July, $4.67; September $4.85. Flax, cash, Northwest, $1.02; Southwest, $1.01; July, $1.02; September, 98c; October, 92½c. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 77½@78c; No. 3 red, 75@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 73@74c; No. 3 hard winter, 71½c; No. 1 northern spring, 75½@76½c; No. 2 northern spring, 74½@75½c; No. 3 spring, 72@75c. No. 2 corn, 32¾c; No. 3 corn, 32¾@33c. No. 2 oats, 24½c; No. 3 oats, 24@25c. Barley, cash, 36@39c. Rye, July, 55½@58c; September, 52½c. Timothy, September, $2.57½; October, $2.47½. Clover, October, $7.40.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 7.—Money on call nominally 2½@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¾ for demand and at $4.85¾@4.85⅞ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4.87 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.85¼@½. Silver certificates, 61@62c; bar silver, 60¼c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds weak; 2s registered, $1.0; 3s registered and coupon, $1.08⅝; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.30⅜; old 4s registered, $1.12⅜; coupon, $1.13⅞; 5s registered and coupon, $1.12¾.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 7.—Estimated receipts today: Hogs, 28,000; tomorrow, 24,000; left over, 2466. Market opened strong; weak later. Mixed and butchers, $3.70@3.92½; good heavy, $3.85@3.95; rough heavy, $3.60@3.75; light, $3.75@3.95. Cattle, receipts 12,000 head. Market strong. Sheeves, $4.50@5.60; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.00; Texans, $3.75@3.95; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.10. Sheep, receipts, 8000. Market steady. Sheep, $2.75@4.65; lambs, $2.75@5.75. Official figures for yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 17,201; shipments, 5462. Cattle, receipts, 5019; shipments, 1995. Sheep, receipts, 8853; shipments, 1219.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Later Phases of the Market Were Distinctly Favorable.

New York, June 7.—The cotton market opened quiet and firm at an advance of 1 point. The later phases of the market were distinctly favorable to the staple though speculative interest did not appreciably broaden. Prodigious sales of spot cotton at a further advance of 1-32c and an additional improvement in futures at Liverpool, furnished considerable food for reflection for the bear element, and 1@1 4 number of this class of traders to seek cover. Prices steadily improved as a result during the early session.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16c higher. Middling uplands, 6 5-16c; middling gulf, 6 9-16c; sales, 232 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. June, $5.52; July, $5.96; August, $5.96; September, $5.91; October, $5.88; November, $6.01; December, $6.04; January, $6.08; February, $6.11; May, $6.15; April, $6.18; May, $6.21.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 7.—New York exchange, 20c discount. Clearings, $21,454,455; balances, $2,142,568. Sterling exchange, $4.87@4.89.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	75¼	75¼-¼	80¼	
High	75⅝	75⅜-¾	80⅝-⅞	
Low	74¾	72½	79¾-⅞	
Close	75⅛B	73⅜	80¼	
September—				
Open	74½	76⅜	80⅝	
High	75⅛	76½	80¾-⅞	
Low	74¼A	75⅜	79⅝	
Close	75⅛	72⅝-¾	80¼B	

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23¼	32⅝	$8.15
High	23½-⅝	32¾-⅞	8.25
Low	23⅛	32⅝-½	8.15
Close	23½-⅝	32⅝-¾	8.25A

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bus.	Shipments. Bus.
New York	77,795	
Philadelphia	40,435	16,010
Baltimore	37,901	24,444
Toledo	108,927	
Detroit	10,052	18,600
St. Louis	21,541	
Boston		10,510
Chicago	170,000	24,861
Milwaukee	40,600	92,040
Kansas City	38,400	17,500
Duluth	225,773	25,800
Minneapolis	216,010	120,625
		26,750

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 207 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 7.—Liverpool wheat came lower, but closed steady. Paris lower. Reports as to damage in Russia and Roumania are conflicting, but the best people here and at the seaboard believe that considerable damage has been done according to private advices. Clearances, fair, at about 350,000 bus. Primary receipts, 862,000 bus; shipments, 312,000 bus; there was at least 500,000 taken for export yesterday and New York wires us that there will be at least 80 loads worked today. Rains have continued in the Northwest, but influences are for cooler weather. Alton railway officials quoted as saying the crop outlook in their territory is all but encouraging. Two cars of new wheat were received at St. Louis from Texas, and graded No. 2. It almost created a panic in that market, as the premium paid went to a discount of about 2c. There was a very slight rally at the start today which was met by heavy selling principally for St. Louis and Northwestern account. The def-rred features lost a part of the premium which has been in evidence of late. There was good buying today when has been in evidence of late. There was good buying today which easily absorbed everything offered in the way of liquidation and short sales, and it is the opinion of well-posted people that the St. Louis crowd are very largely short. The appearance of new and large export business has given the bully element renewed courage and we are inclined to look for steadier if not a higher market tomorrow. It is well enough to remember that the winter wheat crop is not yet harvested and the spring wheat crop is not yet made. The bear party is very aggressive and when they sell the market down we think it should be taken advantage of to make purchases.

Corn—A great deal of rain has prevailed through the corn belt and it has retarded planting and cultivation. The market has shown a firm front and there is a good cash demand. 25 loads reported for export.

Oats have ruled firm. It looks very much as if there is a large short interest in this cereal which would scare easily on any further advance.

Provisions ruled much stronger on covering of a large short line. Outside of this there was very little feature.

Puts, July wheat, 74¾@75c.
Calls, July wheat, 75¾@76¼c.
Curb, July wheat, 75½c.
Puts, July corn, 32⅝c.
Calls, July corn, 33⅛-¾c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sugar	144½	149¼	143¾	149
Tobacco	95	96	95	95¾
Atchison preferred	55¾	56⅜	55⅝	56¼
B. R. T.	110⅜	112⅛	109¾	111⅞
C. B. & Q.	129⅞	131⅝	129⅞	129½
C. & N. W.	154½	157	154½	157
Chicago Gas	117	117⅝	116½	117⅜
L. & N.	67¼	67⅝	67	67⅛
Leather	69⅝	69¾	69¾	69¾
Manhattan	109	110	109	110
Missouri Pacific	41¼	42¼	41¼	42⅛
Northern Pacific	46¾	47	46¼	46⅞
N. P. preferred	75	76	75½	76
Rock Island	110¼	111⅜	110¼	111⅜
St. Paul	122⅜	123⅝	122½	124⅜
T. C. I.	64	64	63½	63½
Union Pacific jfd.	74¼	74⅝	73⅞	74½
Western Union	89	89½	89	89½
Federal Steel	81⅝	82½	80¾	82⅛

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 7.—July wheat, 80¾c; September, 80¾c. Corn, July, 39½c; September, 39½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 7.—Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, July, 73¼c; September, 72¾@72½c. On track, No. 1 hard, 74¼c; No. 1 northern, 73⅛c; No. 2 northern, 72⅛c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The retail trade was fairly well kept up, offerings of high quality were placed on the market. Prices were firm without fluctuation. Buyers were fairly well in attendance. No wholesale trade was effected. Supplies of horses were large and difficulty was experienced to meet all demands. The nominal value of serviceable, sound horses, from 4 to 8 years were as follows:

Drafters, choice to extra	$120@150
Drafters, common to good	80@ 90
Farm horses, choice to extra	110@125
Farm horses, common to good	50@ 70
Mules, 1350 lbs	70@100

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing prices of copper stocks furnished by Paine, Webber & Co., Hotel St. Louis,

Boston, June 7.—Closing prices of copper shares: Adventure, 10; Arcadian, 50; Allouez, 8¾; Arnold, 12; Atlantic, 30; Baltic 29½; Boston and Montana, 225; Butte and Boston, 73½; Calumet and Hecla, 780; Centennial, 33; Franklin, 19; Old Dominion, 30⅜; Osceola, 82½; Mohawk, 57; Mass Consolidated, 11; Old Colony, 105½; Rhode Island, 9; Tecumseh, 6¾; Union Land, 7½; Wolverine, 125; Winona, 14½; Quincy, 155; Isle Royale, 32.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

The Small Speculative Interest Was In the Industrials.

New York, June 7.—Railroad and steel stocks were heavy at the opening, the former under the influence of lower quotations from London. Sugar was marked up over a point but reacted quickly and Brooklyn Transit also ran off, depriving the market of about all the support it had. Anaconda dropped nearly 2 points and Steel and Wire a point. The small speculative interest was centered in the iron and steel shares and other green industrials. Steady offerings caused them to fall heavily. Anaconda and American Steel and Wire losing 3 points. Sugar was quieter than of late but worked steadily downward.

Professional operators curtailed ventures as the hour approached for the declaration of the Sugar dividends. The market was almost at a standstill. Sugar rallied 3 points. Other stocks, however, declined somewhat and those which had suffered most earlier led. Sales of stocks to noon, 118,611 shares. There was trifling doing in bonds and quotations did not move over ⅛c either way.

After Sugar had become quiet a new demand had sprung up for the certificates, and the whole market weakened into animation, with an uncertain tone on prices all around. The grangers were the heaviest bought, each advancing a point or over and Northwestern gaining three points. The New York local stocks rose sharply. Fort Worth and Rio Grande gained four points. Sugar went to 149¾ and then hesitated. This brought some realizing clear through. The closing was active and about steady at slightly below the best.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best grades or shipping and to cover cost incurred in advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Clover Leaf, per lb	21 @ 22
Cream., separators, fancy	19 @ 20
Dairies, fancy, special make	14½@ 16
Packing stock	9@ 11
Dairy, fair	13 @ 14
CHEESE.	
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11 @ 12½
Full cr'm Young America	14 @
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13 @ 13½
Brick, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primost	5 @ 5½
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	13½@ 14
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover, in jars	
strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	2½@ 3
APPLES.	
Winter apples, bbl	5 50 @ 6 00
Wash. apples, box	1 75 @ 2 00
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25 @ 1 35
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 25 @ 1 50
Green and yellow peas	1 10 @ 1 25
Green peas, bus	90 @ 1 00
NUTS.	
Hickory nuts, per bu	4
Chestnuts, per lb	8 @ 9
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12 @ 13
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	10
Brazils, per lb	8 @ 9
Pecans, per lb	8 @ 10
Filberts, per lb	10 @ 11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½@ 6
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, 24 qts	1 75 @ 2 00
California seedlings	1 50 @ 2 00
Pineapples, per doz	1 25 @ 2 00
California navels	4 50 @ 5 00
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
California lemons, per box	3 50 @ 4 75
Limes, per case	2 00 @ 2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	50 @ 60
Figs, per lb	15 @ 19
Dates, per lb	5 @ 6½
Cranberries, per crate	2 00 @ 2 75
VEGETABLES.	
Pie plant, 100 lbs	75 @ 1 00
Green peas, bus	1 50 @ 1 00
Wax beans, bus	2 25 @ 2 50
Cucumbers, per doz	45 @ 50
Beets, doz	50
Radishes	10 @ 15
Onions	10 @ 12
Carrots, per bus	90 @ 1 00
Rutabagas, per bus	45 @ 55
Parsnips	90 @ 1 00
Potatoes, per bus	45 @ 50
Egg plant, per doz	75 @ 1 50
Asparagus, per doz	35 @ 40
Oyster plant, per doz	60
Horse radish, per lb	8
Parsley, per doz	35 @ 40
Beets, bus	20 @ 30
Cauliflower, per doz	1 50 @ 2 00
Lettuce, bus	50 @ 60
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 00 @ 4 50
Spinach, per bus	45 @ 55
Red and green pepper	1 00 @ 1 25
Mint, per doz	30 @ 50
Cabbage, per crate	2 00 @ 3 00
Red cabbage, per doz	50 @ 60
Horse radish roots, per bbl	7 00 @ 7 50
California new onions	1 50 @ 2 00
Hot house cucumbers, doz	90 @ 1 00
Pie plant, per lb	1
CIDER.	
N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75 @ 3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	4 00 @ 4 50
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens, old	10 @ 11
Spring	12 @ 13
Old roosters	7 @ 8
Turkeys, fancy	12 @ 13
Turkeys, common	9 @ 11
Ducks	8 @ 9
Geese	8 @ 9
MEATS.	
Mutton	10
Lamb	11
Veal, fancy	10
Veal, good	9½
Hogs	5
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00
Ground feed No. 1	15 00
Ground feed No. 2	16 00
Cracked corn	14 00
Coarse corn meal	14 00
Corn	37½
Oats, carlots, sack	30
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice South. Minn	9 50
Medium	8 50
Choice timothy	10 50 @11 00
Mixed timothy	8 00 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 7.—Butter receipts, 5782 packages. Firmer. Western creamery, 15@18¾c; factory, 11½@13½c. Eggs, receipts, 11,934 packages. Steady. Western, 14@15c; Southern, 10½@12½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 7.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 10@16c. Eggs, steady. Fresh, 12c.

MURDERER HANGED.

Princeton, Mo., June 7.—Peter Kindred, who shot and killed Andrew A. Alley and dangerously wounded his cousin, Joseph A. Alley, at Mercer on Feb. 5, 1898, was hanged in the jail yard here today. Joseph Alley and the wife of the murdered man witnessed the hanging.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

Weare Commission Co.
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS and BONDS.
CHICAGO.
Private Wires to all exchanges. Telephone 713. Duluth Office 310 Board of Trade.
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We make a specialty of Boston Copper Stocks.

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SELL STOCKS
Some are too high, and they are all high enough to sell
ON BULGES.
If you don't own any sell them short.
If you want to know more come in.
GIBBONS & CO.,
Grain and Stock Brokers.
St. Louis Hotel Lobby.

ONE CENT A WORD.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT; RESIDENCE of the late Capt. Pelton. 812 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—GOOD 6-ROOM HOUSE AT Lakeside. Fine lake view. X 100, Herald.

FOR SALE—240 ACRES FARM LAND near Mahtowa, fine soil, favorable terms. M 18, Herald.

FOR SALE—A PIECE OF GROUND, corner of Seventh street and Third avenue east, having a frontage of 200 feet on Seventh street and 140 feet depth. For further particulars address George Bailey, 222 Locust street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Wanted Applications.

On hand to loan on first-class mortgage security, $500, $1000, $1500 and other amounts to suit.

We have a lot 25x140 feet, West End, at a bargain.

We have some lots in Duluth Proper, Third Division, and Brookdale Division. The owner wants to sell. Call for description; they will go at a bargain. Have some lots at a bargain in Helm's Addition.

Chas. P. Craig
& CO.,
Herald Building.

A GREAT BARGAIN!

8-room house on Third street (central), with a fine corner lot. House in fine condition. Price, if taken at once $4000; half cash, balance 1 and 2 years, 6 per cent. For sale by

GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,
106 Providence Bldg.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—GO-CART. K 18, Herald.

WANTED—2000 TELEPHONE POLES. For specifications call at 398 Lyceum building.

Wanted to Buy:

House and lot, for cash, of six or eight rooms, either centrally located or in East End. George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

School for Advertising

What Printers' Ink Says.

The paper with the largest circulation pays the best.

An ad must look for the reader. Readers seldom look for an ad.

The greatest lesson the advertiser has to learn is to know what publications to keep out of.

Rival manufacturers have no right by imitating devices to beguile the public into buying their wares.

People remember your goods because you force them to. Stop forcing and they'll stop remembering.

There is no haphazard, hit-or-miss, take-your-chance sort of advertising in your results if you use the classified columns.

A whole page ad in two issues of a paper would be better than a half-page in four issues for impressing the people with the idea that something really is going to happen.

If you ever attain that proud position where your goods are in universal demand, because of the advertising you have done, and you get the idea into your head that you can keep up that demand without advertising, forget the idea at once and keep right on sending out copy and paying the bills. It's cheaper.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

$30 ORGAN HIGH TOP, WALNUT case; all improvements—used short time. 16 Phoenix block.

BICYCLE—HIGH GRADE, COST $50, suitable for girl 9 to 12, $10. Call St. James' hotel Thursday afternoon.

PRETTIEST COTTAGE ON PARK Point for sale. Enquire Camp Interlachen.

FOR SALE—ONE SEVEN DRAWER flat top desk, one typewriter desk. Room 2 Exchange building.

$100 PIANO UPRIGHT, GOOD AS new, first class; examine it. 16 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—ONE TEAM OF HORSES and outfit; 100 cords of wood, one stack of hay. Alex Poirier, next poor farm.

FOR SALE—TWO SECOND HAND canopy top, cut under surries; nearly new. $75 each. 418 East Superior street.

HORSES. HORSES.

300 head of farm horses, drafters, general purpose horses and drivers constantly on hand at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

HORSES — HORSES — BUY THEM AT the reliable sales stables of J. Hamme & Co., 125 West First street.

PIANOS TWENTY UPRIGHTS, $175 up; new, just arrived from factories; bargains; examine them; monthly payments. 16 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—HOTEL AND RESTAURANT with thirty steady boarders and good transient trade. All fixtures modern and in first class condition. For particulars call on or address Mrs. W. F. McFall, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE—40 A SOLDIER'S ADDITIONAL H. W. Coffin

RUSSIA'S PLAN.

Her Scheme for a Permanent Arbitration Tribunal.

The Hague, June 7.—Russia's scheme for a permanent arbitration tribunal contemplates the institution of a tribunal for a certain number of years, to which will be submitted to obligatory arbitration cases enumerated in article 10 of the Russian project already published unless the powers in conflict agree on a special tribunal to settle their differences.

All cases of optional arbitration can also be submitted, and all the powers whether signatory or otherwise, may submit their differences to this tribunal by applying to the permanent bureau.

Appendices to this agreement provided a basis for the organization of the tribunal, rules of procedure, and the creation of a permanent bureau to sit at The Hague.

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY.

Washington, June 7.—The United Daughters of the Confederacy began a two days' reunion at Glen Echo, near this city, today. The dedication of the Stonewall Jackson spring was postponed until 6:30 p. m.

ONE CENT A WORD.

Bargains Wanted.

Cheap acres and outlying lots in West Superior.

SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,
304 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Notice to Contractors.

Our head office for the new work from Hibbing to Virginia is now open at Hibbing, where profiles can be seen and all information given in regard to contracts.

FOLEY BROS.

WANTED.

1000 Tamarack Ties, 6 in. x 7 in.-7 ft

Call or address Duluth Street Railway Co., General Office 11th Avenue W. and Michigan street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

NURSE GIRL WANTED. APPLY AT 1306 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for small family. Good wages paid. Inquire at 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL AT 1116 EAST SECOND street. Call evenings.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family small. 5 Fifth avenue east.

GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. APply at 809 West Superior street.

WANTED—WOMAN OR COMPETENT girl for housekeeper; will have full charge, and a permanent place. Must be a good cook. Address K 17, Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL. 1432 EAST First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Not a cook; wages good. Sundays off; small family. Apply F. L. Barber, Proctorknott.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 519 East Superior.

WANTED—COMPETENT MILLINER at once. Apply 319 West Superior street. Mrs. E. Westburg.

LADY COOK WANTED AT SECTION house at Proctorknott.

WANTED—NEAT APPEARING YOUNG lady. Salary $1 per day. Call after 5 p. m. 316 West Second street.

WANTED—A GIRL ABOUT 15 YEARS old to be a playmate with two small children. Inquire 401 West Superior street or 924 East Second street.

AT 1105 LONDON ROAD—COMPETENT girl to do general housework.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in family of three, where work is light. 601 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 403 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1213 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 320 West Second.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 503 West Third street. Good wages paid to right party.

WANTED—CAMP COOKS—TWO NIGHT cooks; in three houses, two girls each house; waitress and kitchen girl, and fifty girls for private houses. 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN of good address to canvas. Salary and commission paid. Good local references required. Apply at room 305 Burrows' building.

WANTED—A FEW BENCH MEN AT D. E. Ralston & Co.'s sash factory, West Duluth.

WANTED—A MAN FOR SHINGLE painting at St. Thomas' school.

COATMAKER WANTED. J. JANZIG.

WANTED—CARPENTERS FOR ELEvator work. Apply on the work at Elevator E. Barnett & Record company.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—AGENTS.

RELIABLE MAN TO HANDLE agents for telephone tablets and specialties; pays $5000 a year; enclose stamp. Victory Manufacturing company, Cleveland, Ohio.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A SPECIAL summer campaign. The Saturday Evening Post—established by Benjamin Franklin in 1728—now published by the Curtis Publishing company, proprietors of the Ladies' Home Journal, is offered to subscribers, for one year only, for $1—the regular price is $2.50. This offer is for the purpose of a quick introduction, and will be withdrawn Sept. 1. The regular price of $2.50 will be maintained after that date. We will give a good commission for every subscriber secured, and distribute $3000 Sept. 1 among the 176 best agents. $500 will be given the person sending the largest number of subscribers at $1 each per year. At this special low subscription price thousands can be easily secured. Address the Curtis Publishing company, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A WELL EDUCATED YOUNG MAN, good rapid penman, desires position as clerk or assistant. Address C 94, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY COMPETENT young man who has had five years' experience as clerk. Well acquainted in city and can furnish references. Address 297, West Duluth.

WANTED—A PLACE TO DO CHAMber work. Please call or address 1707 West Third street.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING TO TAKE home. Apply at 2013 West Third street.

WANTED—SITUATION IN SOME OFfice or store by young man, 19 years old. Experienced in office work and collecting. Can give references. Address M. K., Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer. Salary no object. Address C 85, Herald.

EXPERIENCED CRUISER AND COMpasman would like to obtain a position; work guaranteed. Call at Palmer house.

WANTED—WORK BY DAY HOUSEcleaning, washing or scrubbing; or will take washing home and deliver, by young woman. Address C 91, Herald.

DRESSMAKING SCHOOL.

THE GENUINE TAILOR SQUARE dressmaking school established in Duluth. Patterns cut to measure, cording and important points in dressmaking free. 2 East Superior street.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 614 CHAMBER OF Commerce. Bookkeeping. Collecting.

ONE CENT A WORD.

SHIRTS D. M. Morrison's Shirt Factory. Seventh Floor, Palladio Building, Duluth.

PERSONAL.

GENTLEMAN WITH A FORTUNE, heart whole, offers love and devotion for happy home to appreciative wife. Arthur, 3126 Forest avenue, Chicago, Ill.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

A WELL FURNISHED HOUSE FOR rent for the summer. Cheap to the right person. M 23, Herald.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, WATER paid, $28 month. Four rooms, water paid, $9 per month. Sixth avenue east. Call at 513 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, REAR of 121 East Fifth street, $5 per month. O. N. Lundberg, 223 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park; also in city. George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 6-ROOM flat. 235 Lyceum.

TO RENT—FLATS.

EIGHT-ROOM STEAM HEATED FLAT, gas range. Ingalls' flats, No. 216 East Fourth street.

FLAT FOR RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, over Day's jewelry store. All modern improvements. Call at Boyce's drug store.

FOUR ROOMS, $5; 8 ROOMS, $10; WELL. No. 718 West Fifth street. C. E. Holt.

ONE MODERN FLAT, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, 306 Lonsdale building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 309 West First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BATH, 127 West Fourth street.

NICE FRONT ROOM WITH GRATE, suitable for two. 203 West Second street.

OFFICES AND ROOMS IN McDONnell block. J. T. Dunphy, 430 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND UNFURnished rooms. Apply at the Big Duluth, 125 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE OR apartments for light housekeeping. Gentleman and wife, or board and room in private family. Must be first class table. Address K 16, Herald.

MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE — MRS HANKS, 328 ST Croix avenue, private hospital.

INSTRUCTION.

WANTED—A FEW SELECT SUMMER pupils by experienced teacher, highly successful in bringing backward or conditioned pupils up to grade. Address "Teacher," care Herald.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK,

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 7.—The storm is moving eastward and upward to be central north of Lake Superior, barometric pressures are highest over Western Montana. Temperatures this morning range from 40 to 50 throughout most of the Northwest and from 60 to 80 in the lake region. Mississippi valley and Lower Missouri valley. Rains have fallen in all districts except over the western portions of Kansas, Nebraska and South Dakota, Southern Montana and Wyoming. Fresh and brisk southerly winds prevail in the lake region this morning.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Duluth	42	Swift Current	42
Battleford	36	Qu' Appelle	36
Medicine Hat	48	Winnipeg	48
Calgary	36	Helena	34
Minnedosa	40	Bismarck	46
Port Arthur	46	Miles City	46
Williston	42	Moorhead	48
Havre	46	St. Paul	56
Rapid City	44	Sault Ste. Marie	58
Marquette	60	Milwaukee	62
Huron	44	Chicago	72
La Crosse	64	North Platte	48
Detroit	68	Omaha	58
Davenport	70	St. Louis	76
Denver	44	Memphis	72
Kansas City	68	Lander	39
Dodge City	56		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight and Thursday; warmer this afternoon; fresh and brisk southerly to westerly winds.

Local data for twenty-four hours ended at 7 a. m. today: Maximum temperature, 60; minimum temperature, 46; rainfall, .46 inch.

Chicago, June 7.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Thursday preceded by thunder storms in east portion and probably cooler tonight; winds shifting to brisk westerly. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Thursday; cooler in extreme northeast and in extreme southeast portions tonight; fresh westerly winds.

THE CARTER SCANDAL.

The sentence of Capt. O. M. Carter of the engineer corps is still hung up between the secretary of war and the attorney general and the signs are increasing that the effort to save the officer from paying the penalty for his crime against the government will be successful. Great political influence has been exerted to secure a reversal of his sentence. Capt. Carter was convicted over a year ago of malversation of the public funds in his charge, exceeding $1,000,000. In other words he, the government engineer in charge of public work, entered into a corrupt agreement with contractors to pass false estimates and, as a result, the public treasury was robbed of an amount exceeding $1,000,000, which was evidently divided between Carter and the contractors.

A year has been spent in an effort to pick flaws in the court-martial that resulted in his conviction and sentence, but apparently without success. Had any defect been found the proceedings would have been set aside long ago. The papers in the case are now pigeon-holed, and the excuse for the delay is offered that the attorney general has not had time to examine them, owing to the large amount of other important work imposed upon him. It was recently stated that the captain's and contractors' bondsmen will be released from liability if the delay is extended until July 10, and it is intimated that this is one of the scandalous reasons why the delay continues. It is almost incomprehensible that President McKinley should permit such a scandalous proceeding to take place, because it is bound to reflect upon his administration.

UNFAIR TREATMENT.

A copy of Freedom, one of the soldiers' papers published at Manilla, which has been received in Duluth, contains a statement of what appears to be a well-founded grievance on the part of the volunteer regulars. When the treaty of peace with Spain was ratified, the contract entered into between the government and the volunteer regulars expired. It then became the duty of the government to discharge these men numbering between 3000 and 4000, and under former rulings and by precedents in force when they enlisted they were entitled to travel pay from Manilla to the place of enlistment. Their places must also be filled by recruits. If they could be induced to remain and re-enlist the problem would be greatly simplified. The war department issued an order cutting off travel pay to San Francisco. An order was made giving ex-soldiers going home steerage accommodations to San Francisco, the cheapest means the government could provide, instead of being given first-class accommodations as was the old rule in the army.

Next it was announced that volunteers who would re-enlist would be allowed full travel pay, from $250 to $400, from Manilla to their place of enlistment. Freedom says this plan did not work and it is assured that no less than 3000 men have refused the bounty and asked to be releasd from their contract with the government. "One feature of the abolition of travel pay," says Freedom, "relates to soldiers discharged on surgeons' certificates of disability. These men cannot re-enlist and it would appear that they should receive their travel pay. There are those who enlisted in California and adjacent states who left their positions to serve the nation; some of these men have been discharged on certificates of disability, and they have reached their homes disabled and penniless; some found their positions abolished or filled. Possibly the government is acting justly with these disabled and broken down men, who freely offered themselves to the nation in its hour of need. It should be remembered in this connection that all who were discharged in Manilla up to January received travel pay in full. An association of discharged soldiers is being formed for the purpose of bringing this matter before congress, as high authority has stated that such men have a valid claim against the United States. The amount saved to the government by abolishing travel pay from Manilla to San Francisco is about $775,000."

Certainly the above state of affairs represented by Freedom is not creditable to our government. But as long as the war department has Alger at its head, nothing better can be expected.

FORTY YEARS A BISHOP.

The fortieth anniversary of the consecration of Rt. Rev. Henry Benjamin Whipple, first Episcopalian bishop of Minnesota, is being celebrated by impressive services at Faribault today. Seventy-seven years of age, the venerable bishop is said to be still in fairly good health, while his mental faculties are wholly unimpaired. The latter fact was well shown recently on his trip to Europe. In April last he delivered several notable addresses, at Oxford and Cambridge and other places.

Bishop Whipple has always been a leader in educational and divinity work. His labors to elevate the condition of the Indians in the Northwest and to Christianize will always be recounted as among the grandest efforts of his busy life. When he came to the state in 1849 he at once began his work among the redskins. He learned the languages of the different tribes and soon became a linguist in many Indian tongues. He learned to love the language, and found it picturesque, romantic and exceedingly simple and impressive. He found what few others had found, that the Indians possessed sterling traits of manhood. He gained the name from the Indians as "The Father Who Does Not Lie," and "Straight Tongue." He was pointed out as the man who never lied to an Indian. He fought the iniquitous systems by which the government agents swindled the Indians right and left, and made himself both loved, feared and respected. His influence with the various presidents in Indian affairs has always been, and is still, strong. He was a member of several commissions appointed to make treaties with the Indians, and on one occasion it was solely through his influence that a terrible outbreak and butchery was prevented. Present at the exercises at Faribault today are a score of Indian rectors and communicants of the Protestant Episcopal church—convincing evidence of the success of his labors among them.

The people of Minnesota, regardless of creeds, will rejoice that the good bishop has lived so long to carry on his good work in this state and will unite in the wish that he may be spared for many years to receive the congratulations of his many friends and to see the steadily increasing success of the institutions that he founded.

The payment of $20,000,000 to Spain was made by bookkeeping, not a dollar actually changing hands. New York had some balances against Berlin, and notified its correspondents to wipe twenty millions off the books. Through Paris Berlin squared accounts with Madrid. A few lines were erased in books and memorandums and the payment was made.

Today is the anniversary of the fire that destroyed a large portion of Fargo, and the people of that city are holding a celebration. Of course they are not really celebrating the fire but the great improvements in the shape of new business blocks and residences that have taken place since that time.

Says the Ballard, Wash., Union: "A hot poker game was played in one of our saloons last night between a Chinaman, a cowboy and one of our leading doctors. The Chinaman held four aces, the cowboy held a gun and the doctor held an inquest on the Chinaman."

A couple named Newton Lord and Jennie Helper were married in an Eastern Kentucky town some days ago, and the editor of the local paper was almost clubbed to death by the indignant groom because he made use of the heading Lord-Helper.

Mr. Hopkins of Illinois did not improve his chances for the speakership when he said that, if elected, he would do the opposite from Tom Reed. The latter's way was not the best, but the opposite way would not be better. There is a golden mean.

The Springfield Republican says: "The interview with Dewey in which he talked about his statue facing Ethan Allen's at Montpelier must have been a fraud. For Dewey is quoted as referring to the inscription on the Allen statue. Now, it never has had an inscription."

At last the immigration department has agreed to admit the Filipino actors, on the condition that they will return home as soon as their present engagement has ended. Why not also apply this rule to the actors from England and other countries?

Chauncey Depew told an interviewer in London that Gorman may be the Democratic candidate for president in 1900. Chauncey must be practicing on the English style of joke. His first effort is certainly "a peach."

A Texas man has been sent to jail for thirty days for publicly washing his clothes on Sunday. Evidently some of the people of the Lone Star state do not believe that cleanliness is next to Godliness.

The New York Sun, a Platt organ, is awfully mad because a Western man is to be speaker of the next congress. If Henderson only wore a Platt tag, the Sun would not be so crazy.

What does Duluth intend to do in regard to celebrating the Fourth of July? Why not get up a big celebration that will attract people from all the towns in this vicinity?

There is a ranch owner in Kansas named Nottabittiwiski. It is entirely appropriate that he should live in a prohibition state.

Some of the Eastern newspapers are deluding themselves with the idea that Sherman still has a chance to be elected speaker.

"A Kansas baby girl has been named Funstonje," says the Chicago Record. What will her pet name be—Funny, or Stonie?

Two St. Louis girls were poisoned a few days ago by eating cream puffs. The young men will be able to find the moral.

The annual coal production of the United States is 219,835,993 tons. That should make the country warm enough.

The state campaign in Ohio will be five months long. The people of the state are entitled to sympathy.

Mrs. Stanford has given Andrew Carnegie a valuable hint on how to dispose of his millions.

WHITTLED TO A POINT.

Detroit Journal: Housewife—And you expect me to give you a dinner?

Hobo—Madam, you certainly wouldn't give a hungry man an "at home," would you?

Indianapolis Journal: "Could I get you to take some stock in a liquid air company?"

"Not me. None for little Willie. I put up once in a liquid real estate transaction."

Chicago Record: "When a man pays a woman a compliment it is said that she never forgets him."

"That's not exactly the way of it; she sometimes forgets the man, but she always remembers the compliment."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "They say that this new goat exlir can be administered in the commonest article of food."

"It strikes me the beer would be the appropriate place for it."

Washington Star: "Of course," said the apprentice in politics, "you always look at both sides of a question before you decide."

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "I don't put it exactly that way. I usually endeavor to allow myself to be seen by both sides."

Detroit Free Press: "My daughter was once engaged to a plumber."

"She didn't marry him?"

"No; we broke it off; a druggist will do just as well, and it is so nice to have a soda fountain in the family."

Chicago Post: "So she has refused you?" said the native.

"She has," replied the titled, but impecunious foreigner.

"Ah, well," said the native consolingly, "a disappointment in love——"

"Hardly that," interrupted the titled foreigner. "Rather a disappointment in business."

Detroit Journal: "I was only joking!" protested Desdemona frantically.

"Well, suppose you choke some more!" retorted Othello, with grim humor, as he pressed the pillow over her face.

It was all very well for the program to explain that "choke" was the German dialect for "joke." But by what right did Othello, an Afro-Venetian, essay German dialect?"

Value of Persistence.

As incessant drops of water
With persistent, tiny blows,
Beat down the rugged mountains
And dissolve the deepest snows;

As when thread to thread is added,
Larger still the fabric grows,
And the most persistent knitter
Wears the longest, warmest hose;

As the dog, by dogged knawing,
Tastes the marrow of the bone,
And repeated mallet tapping
Brings the statue from the stone;

As the most untiring printer,
With incessant "click, click, click,"
Marches largest verbal armies
By divisions o'er his stick;

As letter to letter added
Makes complete the longest page,
And minutes oft recounted
Tell the sum of longest age;

As oft-gained bits of wisdom
Make the store of knowledge great
And man after man enlisted
Fills the armies of the state;

As rivulet joining rivulet
Swells the river o'er its banks,
And continued penny savings
Aggregate the wealth of banks;

So the constant advertiser,
By the law of common sense,
Builds his business enterprises
Into volumes most immense.

—Inland Printer.

TROUBLE WITH CANADA.

Philadelphia Telegraph: Canada wants a slice of our Alaskan coast, not because she has the slightest pretense of title to it, but because it would be convenient for her to possess a part of the territory which we bought from Russia, paid for in sound money, and have held in undisputed possession for the past seven and twenty years. What question there is here that can be decided by arbitration it is a little difficult for us to understand.

New York Post: If the British negotiators are willing to submit the question in dispute to arbitration, and we are not, the reason must be found in the timidity of President McKinley, who fears to offend some small clique or interest which may have a voice in the next national congress.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: Our experience as to the Alaskan boundary makes it clear that arbitration may be used as a cloak to dignify the most high-handed and imprudent schemes and to hide the most unprincipaled motives that a powerful nation can cherish.

Chicago Record: When the United States took the territory known as Alaska all the right of Russia came with that territory. Canada made no claim to the boundary which it now marks out. The United States has held undisturbed possession for more than thirty years. That would constitute a good title in England, even were there no other.

Chicago Journal: Probably Sir Wilfrid Laurier would not like to be considered an Aguinaldo, but his opposition to concessions on the part of Canada that would settle the Alaska boundary question and promote the better understanding between Great Britain and the United States, which Great Britain so strongly desires to promote, seem to put him almost in the Aguinaldo category.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SIXTH DISTRICT POLITICS.

Minneapolis Tribune (Rep.): The Duluth News Tribune, together with quite a number of Sixth district newspapers, has entered into what would appear to be a frantic attempt to convince the public that this paper is endeavoring to create trouble for Congressman Page Morris, and this attempt has even been carried so far as to take the form of an assertion by the Duluth paper that the articles regarding the matter which appeared heretofore in the Tribune have been inspired by Senator F. B. Daugherty, for whom the News Tribune seems to have a deadly hatred.

This would be very amusing if it did not do Mr. Daugherty a great injustice. That gentleman has never, either directly or through any of his friends, furnished this paper any of the information used, and the attempt to drag him into the matter is as absurd as it is unfair.

Perhaps the real reason why the News Tribune is so bitter against Daugherty, and so ready and willing to make capital against him in reason and out, is explained by the words of a well known Duluth Republican who visited Minneapolis a few days ago. This man says that the News Tribune is inspired in its present course by reason of the fact that in the last session of the legislature the senator did his utmost to secure an appointment among the list of senate employes for a reporter on an opposition newspaper. It is not claimed that the News Tribune had any person of its own choice in mind, but that its opposition was based solely upon the ground that the reporter in question was employed upon a rival newspaper.

This man also says that in Duluth the so-called Republican leaders who are holding offices by grace of Congressman Morris, and who are supposed to have more or less control over the columns of the News Tribune, became sadly frightened when it was hinted that perhaps some outsider might aspire to the position now held by their friend and patron, Congressman Morris, and it is generally supposed by this crowd that Senator Daugherty had congressional aspirations, they immediately emptied their vitals of wrath upon his luckless head. It is not supposed that Mr. Morris has been at all to blame for the actions of these foolish friends, but the row they have succeeded in stirring up has assumed such serious proportions that they may have some difficulty in finding a safe way out of their present dilemma.

* * *

That the recent articles regarding Sixth district affairs in this column have been read with interest and believed by many is evident. That they have been based upon the best knowledge at hand is a fact. No attempt has been made to do Mr. Morris any injury, and if injury results Mr. Morris can blame the Duluth newspaper and his other so-called friends who have insisted in turning it into a personal attack upon Senator Daugherty. The personal friends of Daugherty have assured the News Tribune that he would not be a candidate to succeed Mr. Morris unless his health, which has been very poor for some time past, should improve greatly within the next year. Mr. Daugherty is ambitious, but withal sensible. Many Republicans in Duluth deplore the fact that in selecting a successor to Mr. Morris failed to choose him rather than the present incumbent, who is not supposed to be as good a political manager as the district needs. Mr. Daugherty's ability along that line is beyond dispute, and his friends assert that with management of the Daugherty fund, the Sixth district could at once be taken out of the doubtful kind, and the road made more easy for Judge Morris.

* * *

Mr. Morris, however, is making moves upon the political checkerboard which shows that he is alive to his own interests, and by a continuation of the same good work between now and convention day he can practically make his own renomination secure. The particular reason for this comment is found in the appointment of A. N. Dare, speaker of the house, as supervisor of the census. A recent letter from Duluth says:

"In this neck of the woods your political seals news and comments concerning the Sixth district and Page Morris have created quite a stir among those interested in politics. Morris himself has been somewhat alarmed. However, his choice of A. N. Dare for supervisor of the census is highly commended politically and otherwise, and notwithstanding the cynicism of Pease, of Anoka, it has helped Morris out of complications threatened in Crow Wing, Morrison, Todd and Anoka counties."

* * *

A Duluth correspondent takes very favorably to the proposition to nominate A. N. Dare for either lieutenant governor or railroad commissioner, and he declares that the speaker can obtain the solid vote of St. Louis county delegation in the state convention with very little effort, the feeling in that neighborhood being very friendly toward Mr. Dare.

* * *

The same correspondent, who, by the way, keeps close tab upon everything political in the sixth district, says that it is very noticeable that while Senator C. O. Baldwin faintly protests against being the Democratic candidate for congress from this district, he and his friends are not putting any serious obstacles in the way of his nomination, and that a blind man could easily discover that Baldwin would be highly gratified to receive the nomination and to make the race. He concludes by saying that "Baldwin could, and in the opinion of many will, be the Democratic nominee." In view of this, would it not be wise for C. A. Towne to cut short that little trip through Europe before it is everlastingly too late?

GREED OF MONOPOLY.

Philadelphia Ledger: There is no better example of the pernicious power and the baneful effects of trusts on the nation than is now given by the one which controls the window glass industry. Nothing shows more clearly the necessity for vigorous legal means to prevent combinations of capital from perpetrating similar wrongs. This grasping monopoly has spoken the word and all the window glass factories in the country with the exception of the co-operative concerns were shut down the other day. Those which are excepted represent about one-tenth of the output in the United States, and they are to be permitted to operate only until the last week in June. Thus, for sordid gain, 17,000 skilled and other workmen, not including those formerly in independent factories, are thrown out of employment, without probably a thought given as to whether they starve or not.

Two things the window glass trust has done in violation of the best business interests of the country and the welfare of the people. It has crushed healthy competition and threatened at least 50,000 men, women and children with starvation. It was not difficult for the trust to do this. Nothing could be easier than the process adopted. Backed by almost unlimited capital, it began by decreasing the price of window glass until it succeeded in making it unprofitable for independent concerns to continue business. Next, the field being clear, the mandate has gone forth to restrict production, and by the mere exercise of arbitrary will the fires are put out from under the ovens of its own factories, and 7000 skilled and 10,000 other employes, able, willing and frugal workmen, are left to shift as best they may, deprived for an indefinite period of both work and wage, of the means to support themselves, their wives and children. And this crushing of competition, this restriction of trade, and, worse than both, this heartless, wanton disregard for the workingman, this callous indifference to whether he lives or starves, is done in the name of business, to add more wealth to already large capital! Surely there must be some legal remedy, apart from the repeal of the tariff laws, for such an exhibition of ruthless power, of perverted business methods and injury to trade and people. It seems incredible that the anti-trust laws are not ample to cover this case, imperfect though they be.

NUN OF KENMARE DEAD.

London, June 7.—Sister Margaret Anna Cusack, known as the Nun of Kenmare, died today at Leamington, near Warwick.

COPPER NEWS.

Good Showing Made Recently at the Isle Royale Mine.

Houghton—The Isle Royale management has every reason to be pleased at the showing made by the new drifts under way, sixteen in number. In many of these drifts the heavy copper interferes to no little extent with the progress made by the miners. At No. 1 shaft the new compressor is ready for the application of steam. It is installed in a splendid building of stone and steel that is absolutely fireproof and indicates that when the Isle Royale is permanently equipped it will be with a class of buildings that will be durable during the life of the property. A large boiler house at No. 1 shaft is being built of stone.

No less than seventy men will be employed at the Elm River property, and excellent accomodations for this number have been completed. A force of men has been at work on the property for some time. A conglomerate and several amygdaloid outcrops have been located, and with the proper equipment at hand no delay is anticipated in the quick development of the property. A matter that should receive the prompt attention of the townships interested is the condition of the Ontonagon road south of Eleven-Mile lake. This highway is almost wholly impassable to heavy team traffic, and it is no uncommon occurrence for teamsters to be compelled to unload in order to release their wagns from mud-holes. The repairs thus far made, with the exception of those by Adams township, have been done largely by the mining companies, and Elm River employes are now clearing out that portion of the road leading to the mine in order that machinery and supplies now at Houghton may be delivered.

Jim Irvine, the well known land looker and explrer, was at Portage Lake yesterady and expressed surprise that the old Plutus shaft at the Wahnita had not been located. Irvine says he has traversed the proprety many times and has seen the old shaft, and further that it yielded considerable copper. Mr. Irvine will accompany E. J. Hemlitzer on a trip to the Wahnita in a few days, and promises to locate the shaft at once.

The Atlantic's output of mineral ofr May was 235 tons, 1,595 pounds. During the same period the Wolverine produced 218 tons, 1,980 pounds. The Quincy reports a product for May of 450 tons and 125 pounds. The mine was closed down in respect of the late president of the company, Mr. Mason, whose funeral was held in the morning in New York.

Hancock—Alphouse Goulette, formerly of Marquette, was found drowned in Portage Lake.

UPPER PENINSULA NOTES.

Escanaba—The new catholic church at Shaffer in Delta county was dedicated Thursday, June 1, with appropriate ceremonies. Acting Bishop Father Eis, assisted by Father Barth, of Stephenson; Herman and Saurol of Escanaba; Glasner of Gladstone, and several other priests read the church ritual and pronounced blessing upon the bell.

Ironwood—The case of the auditor general against the county of Gogebic for the collection of about $4,000 in back taxes, which the supreme court sent to the Ingham circuit court to determine certain facts, was passed upon by Judge Person last Friday. The circuit court found that of the amount claimed $13,000 had been paid and $7000 was found not to be due at this time. The court will therefore report to the supreme court that there remains due the state from the county the sum of $25,000. The findings of the court were assented to by the attorneys for the state as well as those for the county. It is expected that the amount will be spread upon he tax rolls of Gogebic county next fall.

Ishpeming—Joe Pope meant what he said when he stated that he was arranging for a big sporting tournament at Union Park. Within a few days posters will be spread broadcast over the peninsula advertising the biggest tournament that has been held in the park since the day of its opening. Horse racing and Cornish wrestling will be the attractions which will draw people from all over the peninsula to Ishpeming. There will be $1000 in cash prizes hdung up for the owners of winning horses in the races. With Carkeek among the entries the tournament will determine the world's championship in the Cornish style of wrestling. The last match will be contested for that title and a substantial purse. Jack Rowett and Jack O'Neil have already signified their intention of entering. The presence of these three men, whose prowess as wrestlers is known all over the peninsula, will do a great deal toward drawing people to the city. Besides these champions, there will be many entries of wrestlers of less fame, as the list of prizes will offer substantial reward to men not in the class of the big three.

DIED QUIETLY.

Ralph Wireback Is Hanged For the Murder of His Landlord.

Lancaster, Pa., June 7.—Ralph W. Wireback, the murderer of D. B. Landis, was hanged in the jail yard today in the presence of several hundred persons. The drop fell at 10:15 and life was pronounced extinct fifteen minutes later.

This was the first execution in this county since 1858. Wireback walked quietly to the scaffold and died without a struggle.

The crime for which Ralph Wirback was hanged today was the murder on April 7, 1898, of David B. Landis, president of the Conestoga National bank. Wireback occupied a house owned by Landis, and which the latter sold. Wireback refused to vacate the premises, claiming that he had a verbal agreement with Landis which gave him the option of remaining in the house another year. Proceedings were instituted and a constable repaired to the house to eject him. He found the house barricaded from cellar to garret. Wireback was driven from room to room until eventually he took refuge in the garret, which had been strongly barricaded and access to which was only by a narrow stairway. He was armed with an old muzzle-loading shotgun, and from an aperture in the barricade he had complete control of the stairway. During one of the numerous parleys held with him he asked for Mr. Landis and the latter ascended the steps when Wireback asked what would be done for his (Wireback's) family if he should surrender. Landis made an equivocal answer, and a moment later Wireback fired, blowing off the top of Landis' head.

REGULAR DIVIDEND.

New York, June 7.—The directors of the Commercial Cable company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent, payable July 1.

"Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

$2.00! $2.00!

Strictly all wool pants at only $2.00; new patterns.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

GRAIN-O BRINGS RELIEF

To the coffee drinker. Coffee drinking is a habit that is universally indulged in and almost as universally injurious. Have you tried Grain-O? It is almost like coffee, but the effects are just the opposite. Coffee upsets the stomach, ruins the digestion, affects the heart and disturbs the whole nervous system. Grain-O tones up the stomach, aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. There is nothing but nourishment in Grain-O. It can't be otherwise. 15 and 25 cents per package.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE has saved more people from untimely deaths and is keeping more people in perfect health to-day, than any other discovery ever known in the entire history of the world.

Of it one of the most noted physicians of the day has said:

"I gratefully recognize its precious value and if I found myself the victim of kidney trouble, I should at once use WARNER'S SAFE CURE."

THE DAKOTAS.

Recruiting Agents on Northern Trip Unable to Get a Single Man.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The government recruiting agents who have recently been at Fargo for several weeks, recently took a trip through the northern and western part of the state in search of recruits. They returned to Fargo disgusted, not having been able to enlist a single man. Future trips of the kind, of which several had been planned, will be abandoned.

Congressman Spalding, who has been on the Pacific coast, has just returned via Chicago, where he had a conference with Col. Henderson, whom he favored from the first for speaker. He has remained silent as Minnesota and South Dakota wanted a conference before final action. Spalding is an enthusiastic Henderson admirer.

Today is the anniversary of the big Fargo fire, and there are lots of North Dakotans here to assist in celebrating the occasion. Elaborate preparations have been made for the occasion, and if the weather is at all favorable there should be the largest crowd since the occasion has been observed.

Valley City—Alfred Buger, city attorney, and Miss Emma Holtand, clerk of the county auditor, were married Monday afternoon. They went to Minneapolis for the honeymoon.

Fargo—In the United States court Judge Amidon vacated the former decree ordering a side of the Northern Pacific lands in this state east of the Missouri river, to be sold in front of the government building in Fargo, July 18. A new decree was immediately made ordering the sale of the lands in front of the court houses of each county in which the land was located. The sale will be readvertised in the papers of each county.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Redfield—The outlook for a good crop in this section of the state is very good at present. The average rainfall during the last month has been considerably greater than for five or six years previous. Rust is reported in one or two localities, and some pieces are very weedy, but on the average the crops are in the best possible condition.

Sioux Falls—There was so much talk over the death of Frank Boone, the young man who was serving a life sentence in the penetentiary here for a murder committed in Coddington county early in 1898, who committed suicide Saturday evening, that Coroner T. V. Booth decided to hold an inquest. The jury, after listening to the testimony and visiting the jail, returned a verdict that Boone came to his death by his own hands while temporarily insane.

Aberdeen—Michael Mollick, of Nebraska, is in the city seeking the possession of his 5-year-old child who is living with her aunt, Mrs. Rowbens, at Bowdle. Mrs. Rowbens took her when she was left motherless when five months of age. Mr. Mollick has married a second time, and claims he can now give the child a good home. The case will be argued before Judge Campbell.

SLOAN WINS ANOTHER.

London, June 7.—Tod Sloan won the Godstone high weight selling handicap plate at the Lingfield Park spring meeting today, on A. J. Schwabb's 4-year-old chestnut colt Azalie. Goon was second and Erlking third. Fifteen horses ran. The betting was 7 to 4 against Azalie.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Saturday, June 10,
ONE NIGHT ONLY,
America's Foremost Comedian.
Bobby Gaylor,
With his merry associates in the hilarious farce,
McSorley's Twins.
PRICES 25c, 50c, 75c.

HILL TOP CASINO and PAVILION.
J. C. MORRIS,
Lessee and Manager.
Next Sunday and all Next Week,
MATINEES DAILY.
"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,"
Military Brass Band. Fashionable Vaudeville. Automatic Carlos. Concessions and Privileges.
POPULAR PRICES.—Afternoon 1:30 sharp; evening 7:30 sharp. Double Bill. Two Shows.

PARLOR THEATER.
10 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, Matinee Saturday, 2:30 p. m.
Mlle. Modesta Burlesque Co.
20—Handsome Ladies—20.
A laughing hit from start to finish.

THE STORY INACCURATE.

Admiral Dewey Has Not Arranged to Visit Chicago.

Chicago, June 7.—The statement that Admiral Dewey had arranged to visit Chicago in October seems to have been inaccurate. Private information from the White House and Henry C. Payne, of Milwaukee, has been received indicating that there have been no arrangements for such a visit.

PRESIDENTIAL FAVORS.

Washington, June 7.—The president has made the following appointments: Clinton T. Stranahan, of Lewiston, Idaho, agent for the Indians of the Nez Perces agency in Idaho; William R. Logan, of Alhambra, Mont., agent for the Indians of the Blackfeet agency in Montana; James F. Randlett, of California, agent at the Kiowa agency in Oklahoma; Peter T. Morris, of Bozeman, Mont., mineral land comissioner in the Bozeman land district in Montana.

CANCER IS DEADLY!

Results Fatally in Nine Cases Out of Ten—A Cure Found at Last.

This fearful disease often first appears as a mere scratch, a pimple, or lump in the breast, too small to attract any notice, until, in many cases, the deadly disease is fully developed.

Cancer can not be cured by a surgical operation, because the disease is a virulent poison in the blood, circulating throughout the system, and although the sore or ulcer—known as the Cancer—may be cut away, the poison remains in the blood, and promptly breaks out afresh, with renewed violence.

The wonderful success of S. S. S. in curing obstinate, deep-seated blood diseases which were considered incurable, induced a few despairing sufferers to try it for Cancer, after exhausting the skill of the physicians without a cure. Much to their delight S. S. S. proved equal to the disease and promptly effected a cure. The glad news spread rapidly, and it was soon demonstrated beyond doubt that a cure had at last been found for deadly Cancer. Evidence has accumulated which is incontrovertible, of which the following is a specimen:

MRS. S. M. IDOL.

"Cancer is hereditary in our family, my father, a sister and an aunt having died from this dreadful disease. My feelings may be imagined when the horrible disease made its appearance on my side. It was a malignant Cancer, eating inwardly in such a way as to cause great alarm. The disease seemed be and the skill of the doctors, for their treatment did no good whatever, the Cancer growing worse all the while. Numerous remedies were used for it, but the Cancer grew steadily worse, until it seemed that I was doomed to follow the others of the family, for I know how deadly Cancer is, especially when inherited. I was advised to try Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), which, from the first day, forced out the poison. I continued its use until I had taken eighteen bottles, when I was cured sound and well, and have had no symptoms of the dreadful affliction, though many years have elapsed. S. S. S. is the only cure for Cancer.—MRS. S. M. IDOL, Winston, N. C.

Our book on Cancer, containing other testimonials and valuable information, will be sent free to any address by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

PRICE CUTTERS THE FAIR

STACK & CO. DULUTH, MINN.

Coupons free with every purchase. The more coupons the better your chance to secure the machine.

Black Satin Waists at extremely low prices. "Keochlin Freres" best Black Satin Waists at half price.

95c Waists at 49c
$1.25 Waists at 98c

50 doz handled and unhandled white Granite Cups and Saucers, worth $1.00 per dozen, at per pair **5c**

50 Gallons Zenith Floor Paint, made especially for us, quality guaranteed, worth $1.25 per gallon..... **75c**

Paint Brushes, a big snap in them, such as you get here, brushes worth 29c, 35c and 45c; choice..... **19c**

Fiber Lunch Boxes, 2 gross of the small size; the small size is the most popular; 15c is the regular price for them; our price **10c**

Fiber Tubs, they are the best in the world, their price was usually high on account of patents, we've got around that:
$1.25 tubs at *75c*
$1.48 Tubs at..... *95c*
$1.75 tubs at..... *$1.15*

50 dozen Summer Corsets, they are just as good as regular 45c goods; Thursday at **25c**

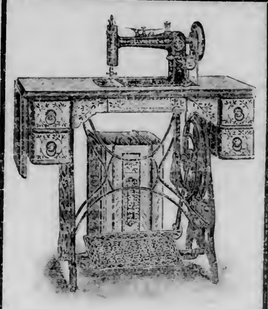
50 dozen Opaque Curtain Shades, an opportunity that is not to be overlooked; there has been an advance of 25c a dozen within the last sixty days, still we are selling regular 35c Shades at **23c**

Curtain Poles, complete with brackets, in oak, mahogany, maple and cherry; choice **10c**

Toilet Soaps—We put profits out of the way; 1000 cakes of soap, per cake **1c**

250 boxes of Note Paper, each box contains 24 sheets and 24 Envelopes, per box..... **5c**

Toilet Paper—5000 rolls Toilet Paper, per roll **1c**



Don't Forget

To ask for a ticket with every purchase you buy from us, on the high grade Belvidere sewing machine, to be given away June 16th. It costs you nothing; you may be the lucky one; try it anyway.

Ewers and Basins—We got them in at last; the strikes at the lake ports caused delay; to make up for lost time, we'll sell bowls and pitchers, worth 75c and 25c per pair, at..... **50c**

Uncovered Chambers, best white granite, worth 29c each, at..... **25c**

2000 yards fancy Cretonne, regular selling price 8½c per yard, remnants from 5 to 10 yards at **5c**

Men's fancy Shirts, with cuffs to match, nicely laundered, worth 75c; to close out at **35c**

Men's Tan Sox, worth 15c per pair; 3 pair for..... **52c**

Go-Carts at closing out prices; $3.50 Go-Carts at *$2.50*
$4.00 Go-Carts at..... *$2.98*
$5.00 Go-Carts at..... *$4.19*

500 pairs Feather Pillows, another proof of our price-cutting; they sell in other stores at $1.48 a pair; our price..... **88c**

Novelty Wringer, made by the American Wringer company; housekeepers know this to be a first-class high grade guaranteed wringer, with value to it; the wringer is the same as usual, but the price will be reduced for Thursday to **$2.25**

White Figured Skirts—A warm snap for June, nobby white skirts, trimmed with white insertion, an item to warm up trade, the skirts are good value at $3.95; tomorrow they go at **$2.48**

WILL REPAIR THE DOCK.

Lehigh Reorganization Committee Will Put It In Shape.

The reorganization committee of the Lehigh Coal and Iron company, representing the majority of the bondholders who purchased the plant at the recent sale, has decided to make the necessary repairs to the dock at Superior. The plans and specifications have been completed for the repairing of the portion damaged by fire last fall, and, in addition to this, extensive repairs will be made to the other portions of the dock, which will put the property in good condition again. The cost of these repairs will aggregate about $50,000.

The dock will be occupied as before by the Lehigh Coal and Coke company, and it will continue its operation. The hoisting machinery, which was all run to the inner end of the dock last fall, was not damaged by the fire and can be used, though restricted to a small part of the dock. The company has received four cargoes of coal this year, but a couple of weeks ago restricted the number of boats coming up, in order to await the result of the sale, which puts the dock in the hands of W. B. Banks and E. T. Buxton as trustees for the bondholders, insures the Lehigh Coal and Coke company in the possession of the plant. More coal cargoes will now be ordered to this dock.

Up to this time about 8000 tons of the coal which went through the dock at the time of the fire last fall have been removed. Several thousand tons remain at the bottom of the bay, and it recovered will have to be dredged out. The workmen who have been removing the coal found no trace of the man supposed to have lost his life in the fatal slide, but, as the unfortunate workman was at the very bottom at the time, his remains must be under the coal still in the bay.

"'Tis Worth a Bag of Gold."

This applies to nothing better than the glorious Spring time that moves all verdure to life and brings around the day when all humanity can have an opportunity to cleanse their blood and thus put into operation all the health and vigor that is possible. Everybody naturally turns to America's Greatest Spring Medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, to prepare themselves for the joys and pleasures of summer. *It never disappoints.*

Goitre—"For 42 years I had goitre or swellings on my neck, which was discouraging and troublesome. Rheumatism also annoyed me. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me completely and the swelling has entirely disappeard. A lady in Michigan saw my previous testimonial and used Hood's and was entirely cured of the same trouble. She thanked me for recommending it." MRS. ANNA SUTHERLAND, 406 Lovel Street, Kalamazoo, Mich.

Blood Poison—"I lived in a bed of fire for years owing to blood poisoning that followed small pox. It broke out all over my body, itching intensely. Tried doctors and hospitals in vain. I tried Hood's Sarsaparilla. It helped. I kept at it and was entirely cured. I could go on the housetops and shout about it." MRS. J. T. WILLIAMS, Carbondale, Pa.

Bad Blood—"Although past 70 years of age I am thoroughly well. It was three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla that made me so after spending over $60 in medical attendance. My trouble was a raw sore on my ankle." MRS. LOUISA MASON, Court Street, Lowell, Mass.

Kidneys—"My kidneys troubled me, and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla which gave prompt relief, better appetite. My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 3473 Denny Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Rheumatism—"My husband was obliged to give up work on account of rheumatism. No remedy helped until he used Hood's Sarsaparilla, which permanently cured him. It cured my daughter of catarrh. I give it to the children with good results." MRS. J. S. MCMATH, Stamford, Ct.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CLASS DAY EXERCISES.

They Will Be Held Tonight at the High School.

Tonight the graduating exercises of the Duluth high school begin at 8 o'clock with the class day exercises of the senior class, which will be held in the High School Assembly hall. Friday night the graduating exercises will be held.

Tomorrow night the graduating exercises of the eighth grade, which will become the freshman class of the high school next year, will be held. The program will be as follows:

Invocation ..... Franklin school.
Chorus—"Hail Columbia, Happy Land"
Recitation—"The Telegram" .....
..... Alice H. Conklin, Lowell school.
Essay—"Rudyard Kipling" .....
..... Ella Bergren, Fairmount school.
Dumb bell exercise .....
..... Franklin school.
Declamation—"Abraham Lincoln" .....
..... Bishop Newman
Chorus—"Hail Columbia, Happy Land"
Recitation—"The Telegram" .....
..... Alice H. Conklin, Lowell school.
Essay—"Rudyard Kipling" .....
..... Ella Bergren, Fairmount school.
Dumb bell exercise .....
..... Franklin school.
Declamation—"Abraham Lincoln" .....
..... Bishop Newman
Annie Elizabeth Nelson, Adams school.
Declamation—"Extract from speech of Patrick Henry" .....
..... J. Gotch Harrison, Endion school.
Declamation—"Charge of the Light Brigade" ..... Tennyson
..... With Roman sword drill.
Roy Silas Phillips, Longfellow school.
Declamation—"How David Went to the Cirkis" ..... David Harraun
..... Arthur Hointord, Jackson school.
Recitation—"The Life Boat" .....
..... George R. Sim
Nettie Meining, Emerson school.
Recitation with dumb bell drill—"Grandmother's Story of Bunker Hill Battle" .....
..... Margaret Wallace, Irving school.
Essay—"Life in Cuba" .....
..... Mabel Hollister, Lakeside school.
Recitation—"South Wind and the Sun" .....
..... Riley
Jane Carr, Washington school.
Club swinging and recitation—"Through the Sergeant" .....
..... Kipling
Florence Brown, Jefferson school.

The class day exercises will be held tonight at 8 o'clock in the Assembly hall of the high school.

SUPERIOR NORMAL SCHOOL.

Closing Exercises to Take Place on June 23.

The closing of the Superior normal school is an event of interest to many Duluth people, for a number of scholars from this city attend. The program of commencement exercises has been prepared by President McNeil. The events will cover a period from June 16 to 23, and will be of an interesting character. On June 8 the committee of the state board of normal regents will be in the city and inspect the normal. The committee for the inspection of school and building consists of Regents F. L. Lord of River Falls, Z. P. Beach, of Whitewater; Hon. L. D. Harvey, of Madison, and A. E. Thompson, of Oshkosh.

On June 13 and 14 the committee on graduation of the board of regents will be at the normal and pass upon the qualification of seniors for graduation. This committee consists of Regents J. Q. Emery of Albion; Hon. L. D. Harvey, Madison; F. A. Ross, of Superior; J. J. Fruit, La Crosse; T. J. Jenkins, Platteville, and G. E. McDill, Stevens Point.

Friday evening, June 16, will witness the graduation of the model department. There will be special examinations June 21, and in the evening of June 21 the class day exercises of the seniors will be presented. The annual address of the class will be given on the morning of the 22nd by Hon. Ira B. Bradford, of Augusta, Wis., with the commencement exercises of the seniors. The program will include a few musical selections. In the afternoon a reception and reunion will be held at the school, and in the evening the annual alumni banquet will be had at the West Superior hotel. Friday, June 23, will be devoted to special examinations and reports.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

Blue Serge Suits.

In single and double breasted, silk faced or plain; guaranteed fast colors; fit perfect; at $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $5.00, $18.00. They are going rapidly.

CHAS. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

The Popular Route.

See that your ticket reads via the popular Wisconsin Central lines from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Marshfield, Stevens Point and Milwaukee, Wis., Chicago, Ill., and all points East and South.

AMOUNT IS SMALL

County Board Only Allows $1000 For the Crane Lake Road.

SOME TAX MATTERS

Several Are Brought Up and Disposed of---Other Business.

The board of county commissioners met yesterday afternoon, and its session lasted until 9:30 o'clock last night. As stated yesterday by The Herald, the road petitions were put over until next month, and the board will meet July 7 for a hearing on all of the many petitions that are on file. The only action taken on road work was to appropriate $1000 each for the Crane Lake road and the Proctorknott road. It is not figured that this amount will do much with the Crane Lake road more than to put it in shape for carrying mails. It is said that what has cut the road up so badly is that it has been the custom to carry very large loads, sometimes 4500 pounds, over it. The appropriation for the Proctorknott road is to be expended in ditching and turnpiking the road.

The Crosley Park Land company had a petition asking that it be given some sort of relief on its taxes, and a resolution was introduced providing that the 1898 taxes, less penalties and interest, and 50 per cent of the 1896 and 1897 taxes, might be accepted on lands that had not been assigned for taxes of 1896 or 1897. There was considerable discussion over the proposition, and it was withdrawn with the idea that the matter was to come up in another form, probably an application for the abatement of taxes.

The board authorized the sheriff to accept the amount of the personal property taxes on corporations with franchises less the amount for which the franchise was taxed, and less the penalties and interest. This is in accordance with the decision of the supreme court that franchises may not be taxed, and with the decision of the district court to the effect that penalties should not attach where the taxes had been delayed because of a meritorious defense, such as that of the taxation of franchises. The taxes against the Duluth Dredge and Dock company were discharged on a showing that the company had paid a tax on its tonnage to the state. The sheriff's time for settling up personal property taxes was extended one month, as the board thought that it would be to the interest of the county to do so. It is expected that the sheriff will collect nearly all of the delinquent taxes in his hands, now that the time has been extended.

G. G. Hartley, as receiver for the Duluth-Superior Bridge company, wanted the taxes reduced. He offered to pay the same rate of taxation as the Northern Pacific bridge does. He claimed that the taxes levied are all out of proportion, and that to the amount of 50 per cent of the gross earnings. If persisted in, he said, they will bankrupt the company. Action should be taken at once, he said, as the bridge was likely to pass any time into the hands of a railroad company, when the tax will all go to the state. He said that if his petition were acted upon favorably he would undertake to see that the taxes in future come to the county. The application was referred to the committee on taxes and assessments, but the comment was unfavorable to granting it.

R. Manheim, of Virginia, complained because Deputy Sheriff Bates had collected $14.54 personal property taxes from her by threats, she said. The tax was against H. Manheim, and she claimed that she knew nothing of it and asked to have her money refunded. From what the county treasurer said, it appeared that H. Manheim was the husband of R. Manheim, and that it looked like a deal to get out of the taxes. No action was taken on the petition. Watterworth & Fee wanted $13.50 they had paid on property that they were using when it was taxed, but which they claim belonged to the Missabe road. The board declined to refund the money, and the firm was told that it might look to the road for its money.

The appointment of T. B. Perry as assessor for unorganized towns was approved. The committee on taxes and assessments reported favorably on the applications for abatement of taxes of John Ilson, James McCahill, Sarah A. Smith, Nels Hall, David Burr, Mamia Myllya, E. G. Swanstrom, Franz Datka, Julia Armstrong, J. J. Armstrong.

James McCahill offered to sell the county two and three-quarters acres of land now used for road purposes. The land belongs to McCahill, and the time for acquiring it by condemnation is past. He wanted $200 for the land.

A committee, consisting of County Auditor Phelps and Commissioners Kugler, Williams and Kauppi, was appointed to confer with the bondsmen of the Marine National bank in reference to a settlement of the county's claim against them. This was at the instance of W. E. Lucas, receiver of the bank, who urged that instead of bringing suit against them, with its resultant costs, the board get a settlement out of them. He found that he had got more money this way than he would if he had put everything to judgment. The board will meet July 16 to hear the committee's report. The county's claim was $63,500, and the receiver will pay nearly 75 per cent of that.

The bond of the First National bank as a depository was accepted. It is for $300,000, and the American Surety company is back of it.

County Auditor Phelps sent in a communication advising the board that it cannot furnish washing materials for the county jail, as the law contemplates that this shall be furnished at the sheriff's expense.

NARROW ESCAPE

Burning of Steamer Stewart Was Attended With Thrilling Dangers.

The destruction of Capt. Con Flynn's steamer R. G. Stewart by fire Sunday off Michigan Island was attended by some exciting experiences for the crew. The boat left Ontonagon at 6 o'clock Saturday night for Bayfield, where some cattle were to be delivered. In the fog the vessel went on a reef near Michigan island light, and the fire started while an attempt to get her off was being successfully made. The fire caught over the boilers, and the pony was started and the hose turned on the blaze. In a very short time the men were obliged to leave the boiler room, and then the boat was given up. The boat was alongside the gangway, and everybody started for it. Capt. Flynn left $300 in money in his cabin. The boat was cut out, but George McKenna were aboard the boat jumped, and striking the gunwale overturned the boat. Six of the crew started to swim ashore, and the rest clung to the boat, though until the painter burned away the boat was attached to the burning vessel, and the men were scorched by the flames. McKenna took close to the shore, and was pulled out, but he could not be resuscitated. Capt. Flynn, Andrew O'Brien, George McKenna, George Shortall, Fred Hantz and William Murphy were landed safely ashore, and R. A. Parker, Paul Holt, S. P. Lee and son, of Fergus Falls, and Mike Close, of St. Paul, clung to the boat. When the fire burned the painter the boat and men floated ashore. Hantz became exhausted in swimming ashore, and George Shortall went to the rescue. The cattle were landed and swam ashore.

The Stewart was built in 1878 and remodelled in 1886. She was first a ferry between Black Rock and Fort Erie on the Niagara river, and was brought to Duluth by Capt. Flynn in 1894. Her former insurance valuation was $13,000, but it was $8000 this year. The vessel was insured with companies represented by the Graves-Manley agency, for $6000.

THEY ARE DISAPPOINTED.

Duluth People Had Counted Much on Copper Country Excursion.

The announcement that the Christopher Columbus will be unable to give the advertised excursions on Lake Superior will be very disappointing to people in Duluth, and the copper country. A great crowd was to have come here next week on the boat, and Duluth people were making great preparations to entertain them. Duluth wholesale houses do a very large business with the copper country merchants, and these excursions serve to cement the business friendship, and also to bring into social acquaintance the jobber and his customer. They are, therefore, of incalculable benefit to the city. The reception committee was preparing to give the copper country people the best the city has.

It is possible that some other arrangement can be made for an excursion, and if it can it will be done. It will be very difficult and probably impossible to make any arrangement that will bring as many people to Duluth as would the Christopher, but something a great deal better than no excursion at all can probably be arranged.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ATHLETE FLOUR IS BEST ADVERTISED BY THE CONTENTS OF THE PACKAGE.
ALL GROCERS.

Miss Senior's Recital.

Miss Grace Antonia Senior, of Duluth, will give a piano recital at Pilgrim Congregational church in West Superior, corner of John avenue and Fourteenth street this evening. She will be assisted by Edward T. Buxton, vocalist. The program is as follows:

PART I.
"Sonata Appassionata" ..... Beethoven
"Assai Allegro"
"Andante con Moto"
"Allergo ma non Troppo"
Songs—"Protestations" ..... Homer A. Morris
"Cradle Song" ..... Arthur E. Gilbert
Mrs. Edward T. Buxton.
"The Earl King" ..... Schubert-Liszt
"Impromptu in B Flat Major" ..... Schubert
PART II.
"Grande Valse, Op. 42" ..... Chopin
"Polonaise in F Sharp, Op. 44" ..... Chopin
Song—"Spring Song" ..... Becker
Mrs. Edward T. Buxton.
"Barcarole in G Minor" ..... Rubinstein
Etude—"Play of the Waves" .....
..... Leschetizky
"Etude in G Flat, Op. 24, No. 1" .....
..... Moszkowski

AMUSEMENTS.

BOBBY GAYLOR COMING.

Bobby Gaylor, the well-known Irish comedian, will be at the Lyceum next Friday evening, appearing in "McSorley's Twins." The Denver Republican said:

"Bobby Gaylor, one of the foremost Irish comedians of today, captured the entire audience when he first appeared, and kept the house in a roar of laughter as long as he was in sight. Bobby's main forte is his remarkable use of English, always starting out like he is thoroughly familiar with his subject and invariably getting tangled or else forgetting entirely what he presumably intended saying. All the specialties introduced were up-to-date and therefore pleasing."

"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN."

The Pavilion will open Sunday afternoon with Davis & Bushy's magnificent scenic production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." The show will be produced with forty men, women and children and a full aggregation of dogs, ponies, etc. The production has been given in all of the large cities and has given complete satisfaction. It will be given every afternoon and evening next week.

DANGER IN SODA.

Serious Results Sometimes Follow Its Excessive Use.

Common soda is all right in its place, and indispensable in the kitchen and for cooking and washing purposes, but it was never intended as a medicine, and people who use it as such will some day regret it.

We refer to the common use of soda to relieve heartburn or sour stomach, a habit which thousands of people practice and one which is fraught with danger; moreover the soda only gives temporary relief and in the end the stomach trouble gets worse and worse.

The soda acts as a mechanical irritant to the walls of the stomach and bowels, and cases are on record where it has accumulated in the intestines, causing death by inflammation or peritonitis.

Dr. Harlandson recommends as the safest and surest cure for sour stomach (acid dyspepsia) an excellent preparation sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These tablets are large 20-grain lozenges, very pleasant to taste and contain the natural acids, peptones and digestive elements essential to good digestion, and when taken after meals they digest the food perfectly and promptly before it has time to ferment, sour and poison the blood and nervous system.

Dr. Wuerth states that he invariably uses Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in all cases of stomach derangements, and finds them a certain cure not only for sour stomach, but by promptly digesting the food they create flesh and strengthen the action of the heart and liver. They are not a cathartic, but intended only for stomach diseases and weakness, and will be found reliable in all stomach troubles except cancer of the stomach. All drugists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at 50 cents per package.

A little book describing all forms of stomach weaknesses and their cure mailed free by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Minneapolis Brewers Coming.

Next Saturday and Sunday afternoon the Duluth baseball team is to cross bats with the Minneapolis Brewers, one of the best amateur nines in Minnesota. Manager Wade considered himself fortunate when he secured the dates for the Brewers are scheduled for a good many games.

Great Dredge Record.

On Monday Capt. C. S. Barker's dredge Portage took out 4155 cubic yards of hardpan at its stand opposite the West Superior Lumber company's yard. This is a record breaker, but E. T. Williams & Sons have a dredge which is giving it a close rub and may break the record any day.

FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

The Matin says that the government has taken steps to demand the extradition of Esterhazy, according to Echo de Paris. Gen. Zurlinden will replace Gen. Zurlinden as military governor of Paris.

Le Petite Republique gives details of the royalist plot of Sunday and asserts that the duke of Orleans has been in Paris since Saturday. The paper says he is at the residence of Count D'Harcourt and only goes out at night disguised. It asks why the government has not yet acted.

A special dispatch from Bloemfontain says that the conference between President Kruger and Sir Alfred Milner proved abortive.

A Vienna correspondent says that Rigo, the gypsy musician, who eloped with Princess de Chimay, while returning with the princess to Austria, died at Alexandria.

When the dispatch boat Goeland, bearing the superintendent of the prison and the commander of marine artillery, who were designated by the French government to notify Dreyfus of the revision of his trial, arrived from Cayenne at the Ile Du Diable, Dreyfus was waiting on the shore. Although endeavoring to maintain his self-possession, he received the official intelligence with a countenance raidant with joy.

Pants! Pants!
At popular prices; perfect fitters; well sewed at $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and upwards.
CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 94,398]

"I am so grateful to you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me that I feel as though I must tell about it. A year ago I was taken very sick. Doctors could do me no good only to deaden the pain which I had almost constantly. I got some of your Compound and took one bottle and received benefit from it at once. I have taken it ever since and now have no backache, no pain in my side and my stomach and bowels are perfectly well. I can honestly say that there is nothing like it. If I could only tell every woman how much good your medicine has done me, they would surely try it."—MARTHA M. KING, NORTH ATTLEBORO, MASS.

Women Would Surely Try Mrs. Pinkham's Medicine if They Only Knew, Says Mrs. King

The way women trifle with health shows a degree of indifference that is past understanding. Happiness and usefulness depend on physical health; so does a good disposition. Disease makes women nervous, irritable and snappish. The very effort of ailing women to be good-natured makes them nervous. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, she will help you to health and happiness.

It costs nothing to get Mrs. Pinkham's advice. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Over the Tea Cups

Is not only a good place to discuss **Uneeda Biscuit,** but a good place to test them—test them by tasting. For a cup of tea accentuates the delicate goodness of the new delicacy, and the flavor of a good cup of tea is, in turn, made better by **Uneeda Biscuit.** You can't understand this until you try them; then you will understand the wide spread popularity of

Uneeda Biscuit

Ask your grocer about them. Sold only in 5 and 10 cent packages. Never in any other way. Take no imitations.

THE LABOR MEETING

Some of the Matters to Be Considered at Coming Convention.

TO AID THE CAUSE

Way and Means to Encourage Organization Will Be Discussed.

The Minnesota State Federation of Labor convention, which meets here June 12 and 13, will consider three very important questions, viz., that of strengthening and aiding the unions, that of extending the work of organization in every part of the state and that of devising a plan to secure better results from legal enactments that will actually improve the conditions of workers.

The members of organized labor find that the benefit of organization is demonstrated in the attitude of legislators from districts where labor is well organized as compared with those from districts where there is lack of organization toward bills in the interest of labor. Members from districts where there is organization are, as a rule, friendly to labor measures, and on the other hand, the greatest amount of anti-labor legislation originates from districts where there is none, and opposition, as well, to bills in the interest of labor introduced from other localities. The representatives from the country districts are generally bitterly hostile to organized labor.

The question of extending organization throughout the state is, therefore, felt to be as of great importance as any that will come before the convention.

Of the greatest benefit to the cause of organized labor the per capita tax plan has proven itself to be. It has filled the veins of the organization with blood, as it were. Money is the sinews of war and without it the most righteous cause must languish. Since the inception of the plan the annual income has increased five fold. Before its adoption, which was in August, 1897, there was a tax of $1 per delegate at the convention and the income from this source did not average $100 per annum. The per capita tax, which is an assessment of 1 cent per month on each member of a union in good standing, realizes about $600 per annum, and if every union in the state were affiliated the annual income would reach $2400.

In the two years since the per capita tax plan was adopted there have been fifty-three unions organized, a number greater than the total for the whole time preceding from the organization of the federation in 1890. In the last two years the federation has been extended to the small cities. In Winona there was not a labor organization in December, 1895. After the convention met there that year, the work of organization began and there are today fourteen bona fide labor organizations there, eight of which were formed since the adoption of the per capita tax. Among the other places in which organizations have been formed for the first time since the tax was adopted are Waseca, Red Wing, Rochester, Cloquet, Sandstone and Mankato.

There is no state in which the work of organization is more economically conducted than in this. The average cost of organizing a union is $5.75. In New York state the federation paid an organizer $1200 in 1896, and but twelve unions were formed, an average cost of $100 each.

The Minnesota federation can boast of the most improved method of keeping the accounts. Everything is shown in detail and the financial condition and the sources of receipts and items of expenditure can be told at a glance.

The general reception committee appointed by the mayor is co-operating with the Trades assembly committee in preparing for the reception of the delegates and visitors to the convention, and Secretary McEwen, in behalf of the latter committee, expresses great pleasure at the spirit shown. The general committee will erect a handsome illumination arch, on which will appear the word "Welcome," and the initials of the federation. All of the bunting used at the labor bazar will be used in the decorations.

The delegates, the greater part of whom will probably arrive Sunday, will be taken charge of and cared for by the reception committee appointed by the Trades assembly. A large number of lady visitors are expected, and they will be taken in tow by the ladies' reception committee.

The convention will be called to order at 10 a. m. Monday, in Odd Fellows hall, and will continue in session until 4, with a recess for luncheon. After the adjournment in the afternoon the visitors will be taken around the boulevard in Nichols & Thomas' English brakes. In the evening, the banquet will be given. Tuesday afternoon there will be an excursion on the lake, if a boat can be secured. Otherwise there will be some other plan to entertain the visitors. Tuesday evening there will be the reception and ball at the Armory. Flaaten's orchestra will furnish the music for this.

Following is the program in full:
Monday, 10 a. m.—
Calling convention to order by Henry Davyschak, of the reception committee.
Welcome of delegates in behalf of city, Mayor Henry Truelsen.
Response, President G. T. Collins.
Appointment of credential committee.
Report of credential committee.
Appointment of standing and special committees.
Reports of president, secretary-treasurer and federation of council, adjourn until 2 o'clock.
Photographing of convention.
Monday, 2 o'clock—
Presentation of resolutions and memorials.
Report of committee on order of business and rules of order.
Reports of financial committee.
Reports of delegates to and from farmers alliance.
Report of constitution committee.
Adjourn until 4 p. m.
At 4 p. m. ride on Boulevard.
Nine a. m. banquet—a la Bryan at Turner hall.
Tuesday, 9:30 a. m.—
Report of committee on resolutions.
Reports of special committees on organization.
Tuesday, 2 p. m.—
Unfinished business.
Reports of organizations.
New business.
Election of officers.
Installation of officers.
Adjourn until 4 p. m.
Four p. m. excursion on Lake Superior.
Nine p. m., grand ball and reception at Armory. Flaaten's orchestra. Fisher prompter. Grand march led by Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Collins.

SPORTS OF A DAY.

At the Lenox Athletic club last night in New York the principal bout was between two negro giants, Bob Armstrong, of Chicago, and Ed Martin, of Denver. Martin had decidedly the better of the early part of the first round, but when Armstrong cut loose he put it all over his man and in the second round put him out with a right on the wind. Bellfield Walcott, brother of Joe Walcott, defeated Sam Holmes in the second round of a bout of 135 pounds.

The managers of the Cornell Athletic club for next season were chosen as follows: W. L. Wright, Sioux City, baseball; L. G. Robbins, Pittsfield, Mass., crew; G. R. Sedgwick, Syracuse, track team. H. A. Haines, of Chicago, the present manager of the track team, was chosen as president of the Interscholastic league of New York state for the coming year.

ENGINE RAN AWAY.

Colorado Springs, Col., June 7.—A locomotive, when taking water at a tank near Hickman, on the Colorado Midland railroad, broke away from its crew and started on a wild run down grade. Near Buena Vista the runaway crashed into the eastbound passenger train. Both engines were totally wrecked. Fireman George Beswick was killed, and Engineer Arthur La Londe received fatal injuries. No passengers were hurt.

Railroad Engineer

Testifies to Benefits Received From Dr. Miles' Remedies.

THERE is no more responsible position on earth than that of a railroad engineer. On his steady nerves, clear brain, bright eye and perfect self command, depend the safety of the train and the lives of its passengers. Dr. Miles' Nervine and other remedies are especially adapted to keeping the nerves steady, the brain clear and the mental faculties unimpaired.

Engineer F. W. McCoy, formerly of 1323 Broadway, Council Bluffs, but now residing at 3411 Humboldt St., Denver, writes that he "suffered for years from constipation, causing sick, nervous and bilious headaches and was fully restored to health by Dr. Miles' Nerve & Liver Pills. I heartily recommend Dr. Miles' Remedies."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

VISITED SUPERIOR

Maccabees Spend Most of the Day In City Across the Bay.

THE GRAND PARADE

Will Be Held In Duluth This Evening---Last Night's Work.

The heavens opened yesterday afternoon and let out a downpour of rain that utterly disgusted all the local and visiting Maccabees and all citizens as well, for all were interested in having the visitors enjoy themselves to the fullest measure.

The parade was to have been a great event last evening, but the condition in which the streets were left and the threatening condition of the weather made it advisable to postpone it until tonight. It will occur before the grand ball of the Uniform Rank at the Armory this evening. The order of march as published yesterday will be followed. It is as follows:

Platoon of Police.
Duluth City Band.
Carter Division.
Minneapolis Delegation.
Float.
Duluth Division No. 3.
Supreme Officers, Knights and Mayor in Carriages.
Visiting Delegates.
Float.
Supreme officers of the Ladies K. O. T. M.
Lady Maccabees in Carriages.
West Duluth Band.
West Duluth Tent No. 2.
Float, Superior.
Superior Band.
West Superior Tents of K. O. T. M.
Duluth Tent No. 1.

The electric arches on Superior street were lighted last evening, and in spite of bad weather the street presented a pretty picture. The new flags which the reception committee has provided are beauties.

The feature last evening was the initiation of the big class of candidates, more than 250 entering the order. The initiation was a matter of many hours' work. West Duluth tent No. 2 had 158 members put through and Duluth tent No. 1 more than 200. All of these had to be grouped and arranged for the initiation, and it was no small work. It was difficult to find room in which to gather the candidates, but they were finally turned loose in the basement. By midnight all the candidates were checked up, and it was well on toward morning when the last man had been put through. These new members will bring the order in Duluth up to a large membership and will greatly increase its strength.

At the afternoon session of the Maccabee knights yesterday resolutions were adopted, delegates to the supreme tent meeting were elected, and the place of holding the convention two years hence was selected, Mankato being the choice.

Among the resolutions was one recommending to the supreme tent the reinstatement of the by-law providing that stage officers shall be elected instead of appointed, which was suspended at the last convention of the supreme tent.

A resolution was adopted thanking the press of the city for courtesy shown, and the Maccabees and citizens of Duluth for the hospitality extended the delegates.

Those placed in nomination for delegates to the supreme tent were: Christopher Kelly, of Modin tent, No. 20, of Minneapolis; B. K. Walker, Duluth tent, No. 1, of Duluth; G. J. Mallory, of West Duluth tent, No. 2, of West Duluth; J. W. Devery, of North Star tent, No. 5, of Faribault; and E. E. Barnes, of Tower tent, No. 7, of Tower.

The election resulted as follows: Christopher Kelly, first delegate; B. K. Walker, second delegate; J. Pierce Wolf, of Moorhead, first alternate; J. W. Devery, second alternate.

The supreme tent convenes at Port Huron, Mich., July 18.

Today was devoted to Superior. About 10:30 o'clock the steamer Bon Voyage took the Maccabees out for a ride on the bay. The Uniform Rank marched from the Hunter block hall down to the boat, headed by the Duluth City band. The party was landed at the Tower bay slip dock in Superior and was welcomed by the Maccabees of that city. A parade then took place and it was a large affair. The weather was all that could have been desired. The following was the order of march:

Escort of Police.
Reviews of Band.
Division No. 1, Uniform Rank, of K. O. T. M. of Minneapolis.
K. O. T. M. Goat with Candidate.
Mayor Deitrich and Supreme Officers in Carriages.
Visiting Delegates.
K. O. T. M. Delegates to the Convention.
Floats Representing the L. O. T. M. and K. O. T. M.
K. O. T. M. Band of Duluth.
Duluth Sir Knights.
Superior Sir Knights.
Fire Department.

The parade was in charge of Sir Knight Judge Parker as marshal and Sir Knights Temple and Courtney as aides. The procession moved up Tower avenue to Belknap, east to Ogden avenue and then to the county fair building, where a meeting was held.

Sir Knight Crownhart presided and an address of welcome was made by Mayor Dietrich. Several knights responded to the greeting. Refreshments were served and a reception followed.

This afternoon the Maccabees returned to Duluth and tonight will close their festivities here.

At 8:30 p. m., after the parade, there will be an exhibition drill given by the Uniform Rank in the Armory. After that the first annual ball of Duluth Division No. 3, Uniform Rank K. O. T. M., will be given. Flaaten's orchestra will play.

THE LADIES' SESSION.

They Hold Their Business Meeting at Hunter Hall.

The Maccabee ladies met in business session yesterday in Hunter hall. The convention organized with the following officers: Commander, Lillian Hollister; past commander, Mrs. L. White; lieutenant commander, Mrs. Welch; record keeper, Bina M. West; chaplain, Mrs. Melhorn; mistress at arms, Mrs. Cox; sergeant, Mrs. Badeaux; sentinel, Mrs. Young; picket, Mrs. Adams; committee on credentials, Linda Seal, Bertha Wells, Mrs. Macelroy; committee on new business, Agnes Philistine, Mrs. Crepar; committee on resolutions, Calla Chambers and Bina Grant.

An address was delivered by Miss Bina M. West, supreme record keeper, and reports from the hives were received at the morning session.

At the afternoon session Mrs. Carrie Cox, of Duluth hive No. 1, was elected delegate to the supreme hive, which will convene at Port Huron, Mich., July 18, and Mrs. E. Melhorn, of West Duluth hive No. 4, was elected alternate.

After the order of business had been finished the degree team of West Duluth hive No. 4 initiated thirty-four members. Refreshments were served after the ceremony.

At the evening session forty-two candidates were initiated. Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, S. C., and Miss Bina West, S. R. K., delivered short addresses.

Mrs. Hollister and Miss West were given beautiful bouquets last evening on their departure for St. Paul.

WILL NOT RECONVENE.

Nothing to Bring the Grand Jury Together.

There will be no extraordinary session of the grand jury of the May term of district court. The judges have decided that there will be no necessity for the grand jury to reconvene, and Judge Ensign issued an order to that effect today. Notices will be sent to the members of the jury that they will not need to return. When the grand jury was discharged a short time ago the trouble on the street railway lines was in progress, and it was feared that if the jury was dismissed altogether there might be more trouble, so the jury was excused until June 12, and instructed to return at that time if contrary word was not received.

TWO TAILORS QUARREL.

Result of Their Trouble Results In a Red Hot Chase.

Henry Rhode and Louis Nelson two tailors, had an altercation in front of Brenton's tailor shop, on Superior street, between Third and Fourth avenues west, about 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, during which Rhode struck Nelson a blow on the head with the handle of his umbrella, inflicting quite a bad scalp wound. After striking Nelson, Rohde started to run. Several people called to stop him, and somebody yelled that Day's jewelry store in the vicinity had been robbed.

Officer Roy McKenzie was attracted by the tumult, and seeing Rohde running east, on Superior street, the officer started in pursuit, followed by the crowd, and two hacks joined in the chase. Rhode darted up Third avenue west, and the officer, followed by the crowd, run through the alley between Superior and First streets, thinking that the fugitive would double back from First street. He did not, however, and left them all sidetracked in the alley.

Nelson swore out a warrant for his assailant, and the police were looking for the latter today.

Court In Lake County.

Judge Cant left this noon for Two Harbors, where he was to hold the first general term of court for Lake county under the new law passed by the legislature last winter. The law provides that a term of court shall be held in Lake county on the first Wednesday of June of each year. There was little to come up at the term, so far as appeared at latest accounts; A jury was called some time ago, but there will be little for it to do.

Bad Case of Snakes.

Cries of "I've been robbed! I've been robbed!" were heard on the Bowery shortly after 3 o'clock this morning. Officers Fritz and Gillon, who were several blocks away from where the yells proceeded, hastened to the spot and found a very much intoxicated individual emitting the sounds in the brief intervals when he was not either falling down or picking himself up. He told the officers that he had been robbed of $10 and then called their attention to a large snake out on the car track.

At police headquarters he repeated his assertion that he had been robbed of $10, but no details could be obtained from him. He encountered more snakes in the jail and kept up a din until morning. He was sent up this afternoon for ten days for drunkenness.

Pretty Home Wedding.

There was a very pretty home wedding last evening at the bride's home, 122 West Fifth street, Miss Mae Fraser being united in marriage to William Homer Pride. The bride, who was given away by her father, Alexander Fraser, wore a very pretty gown of mousseline de soie and carried bridal roses. She was attended by her sister, Miss Anna, who was attired in a very charming gown of white, and also carried white roses. F. N. Pride acted as best man. The decorations were very artistic and pretty and consisted chiefly of palms. Miss Tena Shannon sang "O Promise Me" in a very pleasing manner, and the guests spent a very pleasant time. A large assortment of beautiful presents were received by the bride. Dr. S. F. Long of the First Methodist church officiated.

NEW SUMMER RESORTS.

LAKE POKEGAMA, PINE CITY.

But few people know that near Pine City, on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, is located one of the most beautiful lakes in Minnesota. Two splendid hotels, a few summer cottages, two small steamers on the lake. Abundance of everything needful and conducive to good living and best of all three trains daily to and from Duluth, making it easy of access. One fare rate for round trip on Saturdays. Try it.

MANY ARE INJURED

Between Twenty and Thirty Passengers Hurt In a Train Wreck.

THE CARS DERAILED

Three Cars Heavily Loaded Toppled Over Into a Slight Embankment.

Atchison, Kan., June 7.—An eastbound mixed train on the Central branch of the Missouri Pacific was wrecked a mile out of Goffs at 12:10 o'clock last night and between twenty and thirty passengers injured. The most seriously injured are: C. C. Wadleigh, Centralia; James Bidkin, Osborn; Ben McCrary, mail agent, Concordia; S. A. Welsted, Jewel City; J. W. Knewburn, postal clerk, Atchison; C. D. Bidwell, baggageman, Atchison; S. J. Fiske, Green leaf; P. T. Stackpole, Washington, Kan.; F. E. Burke, Burr Oak; J. P. Breman, Omaha; Mrs. Roy Bigelow; H. S. Burkhold, D. T. Salvage and wife, Washington, Kan.; W. W. Beatty, Ylelts; J. W. Wilson, Frankfort, Weston Massey, Atchison; C. S. Ellis, Jamestown.

From some unknown cause the mail car, smoker and chair car became derailed while the train was going at full speed, and the three cars, well loaded with passengers, toppled over a slight embankment. The passengers were hurled in every direction by the sudden overturning of the coaches, which fortunately tore themselves loose from the balance of the train.

A relief train was immediately sent out and the injured returned to Goffs.

HAS LEASED MINING LANDS.

Lazarus Silverman Lets Some to the Laughlins of Pittsburg.

Yesterday afternoon the annual meetings of the Oriental Granite and Iron company, the North Star Mining company, the Hope Mining company and the Enterprise Mining company were held. The officers are: President, Lazarus Silverman; vice president, Emil Hartman; secretary, Sol Sulzberger. Ben Rosenberg and Oscar Rosenberg, of Chicago, are directors. Mr. Silverman says his company has made eleven leases of lands to the Laughlins of Pittsburg; seven on Vermilion properties, and others in 59-14 and 63-12. The The Pittsburg and Lake Angeline company will develop the properties. A spur will be built to them by the Iron Range road. Mr. Silverman says that when the mines in 63-12 are developed the water power in which he is interested will be improved. Possibly the electrical process of smelting will be tried.

MARINE NEWS.

Tug Strike Still on and Managers Waiting For Vessel Men.

The tug strike situation is unchanged today. The tug Industry and one or two tugs managed by the striking men are doing all the towing there is done. The managers say that they have done all they can do, and they are waiting now for the vessel men. If the latter say that the tug men must end the strike by acceding to the full demands of the men, they will end it, but they do not feel like doing so on their own motion. They say that they are losing money now, but if they are forced to keep more tugs than they need in commission, as the men insist on their doing when they demand all their places back, they will lose still more.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Maruba, 9:30 last night; Mariska, Malta, Northern Light, 5 a. m.; Redemer, Roebling, 8:30; Caledonia, Polynesia, 10. Down: Merida, Cartwick (wood), Moravia, 10:30 last night; Charles Eddy, 2 a. m.; Orr, Carrington, 10; Langell Boys, Tempest, Coyne, Ralston, 11.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hay Gould, 7 last night; Selwyn Eddy, Mahoning, 3:20 a. m.; Niagara, 6; McDougall, Constitution, 7; Grattwick (steel), 8; Wilhelm, Nirvana, Gladstone, 8:30; Maruba, Mandia, 9:30. Down: Genoa, 12:30 a. m.; Nasmith, Craig, 3; Centurion, 3:30; Trevor and Whalebacks, Senator, 5:30; Elphicke, Roman, 6:30; Roby, Seguin, Iron Duke, Wallace, Volunteer, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Colgate, No. 127, No. 107, noon; Brenton, Commodore, Bissell, 12:30 p. m.; Hiawatha, 1:30; Collingwood, 2. Down: Emory Owen, Michigan, 2 p. m.; Osceola, 3; Manhattan, 3:30.

COAL FREIGHTS EASIER.

Cleveland, June 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—This market now seems settled for some time to come. Coal shippers are not getting anything like the number of vessels they need, but they have held out for some time now against a market that is somewhat easier from their standpoint than it has been for several days.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Hudson, Buffalo, merchandise; Yale, Wallula, Oliver, Stephenson, Lake Erie, light for ore; Granada, Venezuela, Panther, John Owens, Uganda, Lake Erie, coal; Hunter, Ashland, passengers and merchandise; Ningon, Angus Smith, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Bon Voyage, Hancock, passengers and merchandise; India, Buffalo, passengers and merchandise.

Departed—Sage, S. O. Co. 86, Hudson, Suit, Viking, Keith, light; McWilliams, Outhwaite, Oglebay, Stone, Harper, Wallula, Lake Erie, ore; Coffinberry, Homer, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Amazonas, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Ems, from Naples; State of Nebraska, from Glasgow.

Southampton—Arrived: Trave from New York via Cherbourg for Bremen.

Just Think of It,

Ten dollars will buy a ticket, Duluth to Detroit and return, on June 6, rail and lake, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. 426 Spalding Hotel block.

MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.

GET TOGETHER!

Why shouldn't we get together on the subject of Bottled Beer for your home? We feel sure that you want the kind we have got, and we know we have got the kind you want. Just try a case of our "Moose Brand." We'll take the consequences.

ROHL BROS., City Agts.
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.,
3 West Superior Street. 'Phone 484.

NAUSEOUS OR PLEASANT.

A Remedy Pleasing to the Palate of More Benefit than a Nauseating One.

In former days a medicine was valued according to its nauseousness. Even now there are those who distrust a pleasant medicine. Yet our sense of taste is a guard and guide implanted in us to enable us to avoid that which would do us harm. What the taste benefits the body, what it rejects would oftimes, if taken, impair the health, sometimes destroy the life.

The very qualities which the taste approves upbuild and fortify the body against the onslaughts of disease.

This truth is wonderfully exemplified in the wider and wider recognition of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey as possessing the most wonderful medical and stimulating power of any agent that is known to the medical profession.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is as harmless as milk, as pleasant to the taste as nectar, and as powerful in remedial and stimulating power as are all the agents of the whole pharmacopoeia. This great truth is gradually becoming known the world over, and it is well for the human race that such is the case.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Subscribers to The Herald, intending to camp on Park Point, can have their paper delivered to their camp by leaving change of address at this office.

The Kelley flat Hospital, 415 W. Sup. St.

Dr S. C. McCormick has removed his offices from the Providence to the New Jersey building, formerly the Woodbridge block.

The charges of disorderly conduct against Louis Fobar and E. B. Davis, a street car conductor, who had a fight on the latter's car May 24, were dismissed this morning on payment of the costs by them.

James McTevish went up this morning for ten days for drunkenness.

Marinda McGibbins has brought suit in the municipal court against the street railway company for $100 damages alleged to have been caused by a car running into her cow at Woodland May 6 and injuring it so that it had to be killed.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Abner J. Baker and Mrs. Maggie Reed, and to John Swanson and Ida M. Carlson, all of Superior, and to Jordan Nelson and Helga S. Swenson, of Duluth.

George E. Waldron has sued Conrad Weisel, his former partner in the logging business, for $304.07 alleged to be due on a number of different causes of action. He claims that he has coming a part of his half of the profits of the business, and that he lent the defendant money, sold him goods, and bought up claims of other people against him to make up the amount sued for. George L. Spangler is the attorney.

The Modern Samaritans will hold their monthly social session and dance this evening. First-class amusement and refreshments are assured. All Samaritans and their friends are invited to attend at Alpha council No. 1, in Elks' hall.

Next Thursday evening at 1926 West Superior street, there will be an illustrated stereopticon lecture given by V. S. Tisera, the tea merchant, from Ceylon. The lecture will be on India, Ceylon and the Philippine Islands.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Brown, of No. 20 Fourth avenue west, died this morning of gastro enteritis.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Robert Ferguson and children leave today for Glasgow, Scotland, to spend the summer, visiting their relatives.

Charles Boyle returned yesterday from St. Louis and Hot Springs, Ark. Mr. Boyle was seriously ill with pneumonia while in St. Louis, but has nearly recovered from the effect of the attack.

Reduced prices on hats, Miss Swenson's.

Mrs. D. K. Gordon, of Detroit, is at the Spalding.

Dr. E. O. B. Treligh, of Stillwater, is at the Spalding.

John C. Eden, general freight agent of the Eastern Minnesota railway, is at the Spalding.

G. E. Cory, of Pittsburg, is at the Spalding.

J. L. Snapp, the St. Paul attorney, is in the city today.

Attorney A. L. Agatin left last evening for Mount Clemens, Mich., where he will remain for about two weeks.

Oscar Lonegren, of St. Paul, is at the St. Louis. He was formerly assistant state examiner, but is now manager of the St. Paul branch of the Northwestern Life association of Minneapolis.

L. O. Rinney, of Ashland, is at the St. Louis.

W. H. Whitney, of Grand Forks, is at the St. Louis.

G. W. Butters came up from Minneapolis today.

John Miller, of Detroit, Mich., manager of the Alger-Smith company, is at the Spalding.

THE CREDIT MEN.

Spent Some Time in Criticising Commercial Agencies.

Buffalo, June 7.—The National Association of Credit Men devoted considerable time in their convention here today to discussion of the alleged deficiencies of the mercantile agencies. Letters were read from R. G. Dun & Co., and from Bradstreet's in reply, stating that the agencies had to the best of their ability kept pace with the growth of business in this country. The national bankruptcy law was next taken up. The report of the committee dealt with uniformity in the bankruptcy laws and action to that end was advised and adopted. John Fields, of Philadelphia, was nominated for president an F. W. Standart, of Denver, for vice president.

A MURDER PROBABLE.

Eccentric Martin Meier Found Dead In His Home.

Chicago, June 7.—Martin Meier, a wealthy and eccentric Swiss, was found dead today in a house at 1550 West Fifty-seventh street, which for years he had occupied alone. The condition in which he was found points to murder, with robbery as the motive. Meier's hands were tied behind his back with a rope and his feet were tightly bound with a leather strap, and around his neck was twisted a towel. Another towel was bound around the old man's eyes. Nearly every article in the house had been overturned. Meier was a marble polisher and reputed to have accumulated nearly $100,000. The condition of the body indicated that he had been dead for some time. There is no clue to the murderers.

THE STORY CONFIRMED.

Will Hill Lynched for the Murder of the Hubbards.

Birmingham, Ala., June 7.—A special from Centerville, Ala., confirms the lynching of Will Hill, the alleged accomplice of his brother, Alex. Hill, in the murder of Mrs. Rufus Hubbard and her husband in Bibb county.

Hill was shot to death yesterday by a posse near the Hubbard home. Alex. Hill is still at large.

NO ASSESSMENTS.

Chicago, June 7.—More police operators were placed on the witness stand today by the Baxter committee in an effort to learn something definite in regard to the alleged assessments for the Democratic campaign fund. All the witnesses claimed to have no personal knowledge of the assessments.

It was announced that the committee intended to investigate justice court practices.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

Offer Tomorrow—

Crash, Pique, Linen and Duck Skirts

At special prices. Regular $2.00 Crash Skirts at—

$1.45

Regular $3.75 Duck Skirts at—

$2.95

And beautiful effects in Wash Skirts and Suits at—

$4.50, $5, $6.50, $7.50

Wash Fabrics

In Peques, Organdies, Persian Lawn, Grenadines, Scotch Ginghams, Dimities and Mouseline De Soie at—

12½c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c and 90c

the yard, in the season's newest and best patterns and styles that you'll find here exclusively. Also new lines of Crash and Grass Cloth for Suits and Skirts at—

12½ to 35c the yard.

Showing of many original creations in

Summer Parasols

With all the new Chiffon effects, or Ladies'

Summer Umbrellas

In all the new and handsome colors, ranging in price from—

$1 to $5.75

Also very pretty effects in

Children's Parasols

at 15c, 25c, 50c and $1 or $1.75

Cute creations in

Children's Headwear

In plain lawn or trimmed with Ribbons and Embroideries—or Straw, in pink, blue, red or white. Styles that cannot be purchased elsewhere in the city. Prices ranging from—

25c to $2.50

Women's Neckwear.

All the new ideas for women of fashion. "Mannish" Neckwear for those who like them. Puffs, Ascots, English Squares, Bows and Ties, or the New Chiffon and Mull Ties from—

25c to $3.50

Dress Goods Remnants.

The greatest values that were offered this season in Dress, Skirt and Waists, lengths of new and desirable dress materials, are to be found on our Remnant Table, which began this morning.

Millinery.

For your fashionable styles at moderate prices we invite the ladies to compare our Department with any in this city, and we are satisfied that you will be more than pleased. **New Fashion Sheets for July are in.**

IS DIFFICULT.

To Reach a Modus Vivendi With Canada Over the Alaskan Boundary.

Washington, June 7.—Nothing is known here officially as to what progress has been made in the negotiations at London toward reassembling the Canadian high joint commission. It is known that the arrangement of a modus vivendi to govern the relations of the United States and Canada, on the Alaskan boundary, is receiving a great deal of Ambassador Choate's attention.

The basis for the temporary delimitation of the boundary in the neighborhood of the passes leading into the Klendike from the Lynn canal will, if the present effort succeeds, be on White pass on the east and on Chilkoot pass in the middle, at the points where the Canadian custom houses were established about eighteen months ago.

On the Dalton trail the point has not yet been selected, and as the pressure toward the sea in this westernmost trail by the Canadians has been more severe than at any other point, very naturally great difficulty is experienced in reconciling, even temporarily, the conflicting claims to jurisdiction.

While Pyramid harbor is not insisted on at this juncture by the Canadians as part of the temporary arrangement, they are desirous of getting as near to tide water as possible, and their claim in this quarter includes the important Indian village of Klukwan, a town that has long been under the protection of the United States, and which our government is indisposed to surrender, even temporarily, into Canadian control.

If this difficulty can be solved and a divisional point located on the Dalton trail, there is no doubt that a modus will be the outcome. This would remove the chances of hostile collisions on the border and postpone, until calmer feelings prevailed, the permanent settlement.

With this Alaskan boundary controversy removed from the subjects for consideration by the joint high commission, there is every reason to believe that a treaty can be framed satisfactory to both parties in time for submission to the senate at its next session.

KNOWS WHERE BENHAM IS.

Detective Benson Says He Is Well and Happy.

Detective Robert Benson has located Ellsworth Benham. He declines to say, however, where he is and does so at Mr. Benham's wish.

"Mr. Benham is well, happy and in his right mind," he says. "He left here of his own free will and is glad he did so. There is no cause for alarm about him."

AS PURCHASING AGENT.

Washington, June 7.—A. V. Rice, of Ohio, was today appointed a special agent of the census bureau, to act as purchasing agent.

THE KIDNAPERS.

New York, June 7.—Word was received by telephone at the district attorney's office today from Nyack, that the authorities of Rockland county had consented to the release of the man Barow, alias Beauregard, and his wife, charged with kidnaping Baby Marion Clark, and that the prisoners would be at the district attorney's office in this city at 5 o'clock tonight.

MARRIAGE AT WASHINGTON.

Philip H. McMillan Weds Miss Elizabeth Kilgour Anderson.

Washington, June 7.—Philip Hamilton McMillan, the second son of Senator and Mrs. McMillan of Michigan, was married at noon today to Miss Elizabeth Kilgour Anderson, daughter of the late Col. Nicholas Anderson, of Ohio. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Mackay Smith at St. John's church.

Among those present were President McKinley, Secretary of State and Mrs. Hay and the Misses Hay; M. Cambon, French ambassador, the Belgian minister and Countess Lictervelde; Adjt. Gen. Corbin. A reception and wedding breakfast followed at the home of the bride's mother. Mr. and Mrs. McMillan will spend the summer abroad. Mr. McMillan is a member of a law firm in New York.

G. MANNHEIMER DEAD.

A Former St. Paul Man Passed Away at New York.

Godfrey Mannheimer, of New York, brother of John and Robert Mannheimer, the great St. Paul merchants, died Monday morning at New York. He leaves a wife and daughter. Mr. Mannheimer was formerly a resident of St. Paul, and built the building at Third and Minnesota streets, at one time occupied by Mannheimer Brothers. He had large property interests in St. Paul, Duluth and other Northwestern points.

BEERS ARE PURE.

Chicago, June 7.—At today's session of the senatorial pure food investigation committee, Theodore Oehne and Ernest Pecker, both brewers, denied the assertions that salicylic acid is used in making beer. Pecker said that the acid appeared in imported beers.

ORDERED TO ALASKA.

Chicago, June 7.—Company F of the Seventh infantry now stationed at Fort Thomas, Ky., has been ordered to Alaska. The company will leave for San Francisco within a few days.

CLIMBED A TREE TO GET A FISH.

It is not often that fine brook trout are picked from trees, but this was the experience of George W. Aldrich, of Norwich, Conn., recently. Mr. Aldrich had gone trout fishing, and, while whipping a brook not far from Chenango lake, had the misfortune to catch his line in a tree. In his efforts to disentangle it he broke the line, leaving snell and hook, with a grub attached, dangling from the limb. The following day he went over to the same fishing ground and was surprised to find a fine trout weighing a pound and a quarter dangling from the line. It had jumped from the water to catch the grub, and was still alive. Mr. Aldrich climbed the tree, obtained his fish and had it fried for supper.

LOWER RATES TO EASTERN POINTS.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Reduction in one way rates to Albany, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Toronto, Montreal, Syracuse, Eastern and Canadian points generally. Summer tourist excursion rates to Eastern and Western resorts. Full particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

MADAME'S BACK ORNAMENTS.

If the fashion of ornamenting the back of the feminine costume continues, a maid will be a necessary adjunct to the humblest woman of them all after a while. Perhaps some plan may be put into execution by and by, by which three or four girls may hire an efficient "dresser" together and share her services, taking care to arrange the hours at which the different toilets are made, so that there will be no conflict in the demands on her time. Until such clubs are arranged younger sisters and patient mothers or impatient husbands will have to officiate.

There was a time when madame's ornaments were all placed in front of the gown or hat. Jewels and trimmings had no place in the back view, which was severely plain. Now it is different, says the Baltimore News. A tortoise shell comb holds her knot of hair at the back of her head, a gold pin fastens her locks just above the neck, the back of her collar is fastened with another pin; at her waist line she wears a flashing buckle, and below this three little gold plus hold together the troublesome placket of her gown. Altogether there is a regular line of these ornaments and they must form a line, too, for let one be the least bit awry and the good effect of the costume vanishes as mist before the sun.

This is the reason that maids are once more necessary, unless one's family has the patience of Job and not the unpleasant habit that families sometimes have of commenting on the nuisance of having people around who cannot dress themselves and who are constantly in need of assistance.

The Parlor Theater.

One of the best programs of the season is being presented at the Parlor theater this week. The specialty features are all new. The triple trapeze work by the Coles and Henderson is first class. Mlle. St. Ormand, in her muscle dance, is pleasing to the audience and the classical statuary or living art pictures are put on excellently.

Wisconsin Central Lines.

Through sleeping cars from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Milwaukee and Chicago.

FIRE HYDRANTS WILL FREEZE,

But not when the Carroll Patent Non-Freezing appliance is attached. Can be placed on any hydrant and it is then always and forever ready for use in any temperature. Adopted by the Detroit Fire Department with absolute results. State rights for sale. Correspondence promptly answered; full particulars free. Carroll Patent Drainage company, 372 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

They Are Going To California!

The National Educational Association, and the general public as well, at the time of the great convention at Los Angeles in July.

The round-trip rate will be a one-way fare, plus two dollars.

Liberal stop-overs and choice of return routes to those who go by the

Santa Fe Route.

This route is the coolest, most replete with interest for the educated traveler, and 24 to 36 hours shorter than any other. Send for particulars.

C. C. CARPENTER,
PASSENGER AGENT.
617 Guaranty Bldg., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

WE GUARANTEE EVERY PACKAGE OF TO BE ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Do You Wear Underwear?

45c Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear, fancy colors, summer weights, real 75c quality; while they last, 45c. See them in our baby show window.

The Hub
ONE PRICE
107 W. Superior St.

CASH PRICE $45.00.

Fancy Whip Cord Trimming, full Concord Springs hung on equalizers, Solid Panel Back to seat. A comfortable, serviceable, up-to-date Concord for a very low price.

M. W. TURNER, 416-418 E. Superior St.

WEST DULUTH

It is said that another West Duluth young man, besides Bissell and McDonald, was implicated in the brass robbery. When Bissell was arrested he immediately said that this individual had offered them 10 cents a pound for the brass before it was stolen. His evidence unsupported would probably be insufficient to secure a conviction, hence it is unlikely that the accused will be arrested unless McDonald should be captured and he should confirm Bissell's statement.

The latter appears to be a fairly decent sort of boy, and the officials believe he has been led into the devilry by McDonald and the other fellow. When arrested Bissell made a clean confession, and appeared to be sorry that he had been led into such acts.

With the money secured from sale of the brass Bissell and McDonald intended to make their way to the state of Washington, where a brother of the latter is soon to be liberated after serving a term for burglary.

COMMISSIONERS DRENCHED.

Owing to the rain the visit of the fire commissioners, mayor and council to the West Duluth fire department did not occur yesterday afternoon. The party got as far as the West End engine house when the rain set in, and they were thoroughly drenched before they reached home. The inspection of the West Duluth department will take place some afternoon this week.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mixed paints at cost at Nygren's.

John Caplis and family have gone to Grand Forks to reside. Mr. Caplis is engaged there as foreman for Contractor McDonnell.

Nicholas Collins has been appointed policeman for West Duluth, and will be stationed on Second street. He will also collect the dog taxes.

J. W. Bodilly, formerly foreman at the Marinette Iron works, is down from Two Harbors as a delegate to the Maccabee convention, and incidentally to visit old friends in West Duluth.

Glen Maritz 10-year-old son of Charles H. Maritz, fell from his wheel Monday afternoon, while riding on Oneota street, and was quite severely injured.

The members of the West Duluth band were considerably disappointed over the fact that rain prevented the Maccabee parade last evening, as they had made considerable preparation for the event. It is hoped that the weather on Friday evening will be such that the band will have an opportunity.

HONORARY DEGREES.

Syracuse, N. Y., June 7.—At the twenty-eighth annual commencement of Syracuse university today, the following honorary degrees were bestowed: Doctor of laws, President DeWitt Clinton Huntington, of Nebraska Wesleyan university, and the Rev. William L. Whitlock, professor of Latin in Ohio Wesleyan university; doctor of letters, Professor John Scott Clark, Northwestern university; doctor of divinity, President Elmer E. Smiley of the state college of Wyoming, and President John H. Race of Grant university, Tenn.

Dr. Henry King Carroll, recently President McKinley's special commissioner to Porto Rico, gave the annual address, making a strong argument for expansion. A class of 101 students was graduated.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TRAINS.
FOND DU LAC AND SPIRIT LAKE.
VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Special excursion trains will leave the Union depot Sunday, June 11, at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. for Spirit Lake, New Duluth and Fond du Lac, stopping at Twentieth avenue and West Duluth stations. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. No more beautiful spot anywhere to spend a delightful outing. Tickets at all stations at very low rates.

Safe and Comfortable.

"When I put my wife or daughter aboard one of the splendid trains of the Milwaukee line, in charge of their competent train officials, I always feel that they are in safe hands and on a safe road," remarked a prominent Twin City business man recently. The Milwaukee's celebrated Pioneer limited, with its costly private compartment cars, is a positive boon to ladies traveling without escort.

THE IRON WORKERS.

Meet the Steel Men to Formulate a Scale.

Detroit, June 7.—The wage committee of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers and representatives of the iron and steel manufacturers returned to Detroit today and began their final conferences upon the settlement of the wage scales for the coming year. Eighteen of the workers, including President Schaffer and Secretary and Treasurer Williams, were present. Following are the iron and steel men: James Natt, of the Republic Iron and Steel company; N. E. Taylor, of the American Hoop and Steel company, and J. S. Shields, all of Youngstown, Ohio; George D. Wick, vice president of the Republic Iron and Steel company, Chicago; George L. Reiss, of the Federal Steel and Iron company, Milwaukee.

The new steel scale formulated by the Amalgamated association calls for an increase of $1 per ton in the base rate for puddling, with a proportionate increase in the finishing department. The manufacturers have declined to meet this demand, except in their own way. They agree to the increase, provided the old base rate of $4 per ton is continued and placed on a 1 cent basis instead of 1.3 cents as demanded. They maintain this practically amounts to the same thing, but the workers deny this.

Representatives of the American Tin Plate company are expected here tomorrow.

THE SAMOAN SITUATION.

The Washington Authorities Have Had No Official Report.

Washington, June 7.—All of the information that the state department has received relative to the progress of the work of the Samoan commission at Apia, save a brief statement that the natives were disarming, has come through the press dispatches. No information has come from any official source to the effect that the three consuls and the chief justice were to be relieved. The instructions of the British and German governments to their own consuls are known only at London and Berlin, but so far as Mr. Osborne, the United States consul, is concerned, there is no intention on the part of our own authorities to remove him. The impression prevails among the officials that Mr. Osborne has been fortunate enough to avoid making enemies at Apia, and he is believed to be obnoxious neither to the German nor the British elements.

As to Chief Justice Chambers, the Samoan commission, it is said, has no power to remove him. He is part of the machinery of the government of Samoa provided by the Berlin treaty, and he can be deposed only through complaint formally preferred by one party to the treaty and found sufficient by the nation from which he is appointed, or by combined complaint by two of the powers. The office cannot be abolished by the commission, for their proceedings are entirely ad referendum wherever treaty changes are involved.

WILL ENDORSE HENDERSON.

Detroit, June 7.—Eleven of the twelve members of the Michigan congressional delegation sailed from Detroit today aboard the yacht Grace, to combine a day's pleasure with a settling of the question of the delegation's attitude in the matter of the house speakership. It is known that the Michigan congressmen were divided in their preferences for speaker, but they will doubtless endorse Henderson.

ROOSEVELT AN LL.D.

New York, June 7.—Columbia university conferred the degree of LL.D on Governor Roosevelt today.

A ROAD TRANSFERRED.

Pittsburg, June 7.—The Cleveland, Akron & Columbus railroad has been transferred to the Pennsylvania company. The road is 178 miles long. It will give the Pennsylvania company a new route to Cleveland.

Mothers.

Bring in your little fellows when in need of a pretty little suit. We have a beautiful line at $1.25, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25, $3.00 and upwards.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

IT MAY MEAN WAR

Speculation Over the Breakdown of the Bloemfontein Negotiations.

KRUGER'S PROPOSAL

He Wanted All Disputes Referred to an Arbitration Tribunal.

London, June 7.—The report of the break down of the Bloemfontein negotiations has created considerable anxiety in political and official circles, and there is much speculation as to the next move of the British government. While Great Britain does not probably mean war, it is generally thought that, at any rate, there will be military preparations.

ONLY FOR THE STRONG.

Arbitration Principle Is Not For the Smaller Nations.

Brussels, June 7.—Dr. Leyds, the European representative of the Transvaal, has received an official dispatch from Pretoria, confirming the report of the failure of President Krueger and the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner, to reach an agreement at the conference just held at Bloemfontein. It is added that, although President Krueger offered important concessions, he made them contingent upon the British acceptance of the principle of arbitration on the difference existing between Great Britain and the Transvaal. This Great Britain heretofore has invariably refused on the ground that it would be an acknowledgment of the equality of the two countries.

According to the dispatch received by Dr. Leyds, President Krueger proposed that a sojourn of two years be necessary for naturalization and that the full franchise be acquirable five years later, coupled with property and other qualifications. The British high commissioner regarded the proposition as insufficient and made a counter proposal. President Kruger, it is further asserted, intends to submit the British proposals to the volksraad, subject to the favorable decision of Great Britain relative to arbitration.

WAS UNSATISFACTORY.

Interview Between President Kruger and Sir Alfred Milner.

London, June 7.—The Exchange Telegraph company today publishes an interview with the parliamentary secretary of the colonial office, the earl of Selborne, in which he is quoted as declaring that the conference at Bloemfontein, Orange Free States, between President Kruger of the Transvaal Republic and the British high commissioner and governor of Cape Colony, Sir Alfred Milner, proved imminently unsatisfactory and that there is no probability of its resumption.

FLATLY DENIED IT.

Hanna Says He Will Not Retire From Chairmanship.

Cleveland, June 7.—Senator Hanna today flatly denied the report sent from Washington that he intended to retire from the chairmanship of the national Republican committee.

"It's a sheer fabrication," said the senator. "I don't see how or by whom the story could have been started.

"There is no basis for it. I shall retire from the chairmanship when my term is up, of course, but you can see that I fully expect to call the next national convention to order."

SLOAN A WINNER.

London, June 7.—At Lingfield park P. Lorillard's racht Colonia, Calman, ridden by Sloan, won the second Imperial stakes of 1200 sovereigns. J. Wallace's Queen Fairy was second and Sir J. B. Lindell Maple's Sandwich third. The betting was 20 to 1 on Calman.

The village selling plate was won by W. Taylor Sharpe's bay filly Fairing, by Oberon—Caruthy. Sloan rode T. G. Walker's chestnut colt Salad, but was unplaced. Fourteen horses ran, five furlongs. The betting was 11 to 4 against Salad. The George handicap of 150 sovereigns was won by Forso, J. B. Leigh's 3-year-old bay filly Clay Pigeon, ridden by Sloan, was unplaced. Fifteen horses ran five furlongs straight. The betting was 8 to 1 against Clay Pigeon.

TEST RACES.

London, June 7.—According to the Exchange Telegraph company, arrangements are being made for six test races, to take place in the Solent during the month of July between the prince of Wales' cutter Britannia and Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock, challenger for the America's cup.

HANGED FOR WIFE MURDER.

Westchester, Pa., June 7.—Jonas Preston, Jr., colored, was hanged in the jail here today for the murder of his wife in February, 1898.

TO BE DOCKED.

San Francisco, June 7.—The Iowa sailed today for Port Orchard, where the vessel will be placed in the dry dock and thoroughly scraped.

TO BE CASHIERED.

Paris, June 7.—The minister of war, M. Krantz, has requested the military governor of Paris, Gen. Zurlinden, to summon a court-martial with the view of cashiering the Nationalist deputy, M. Lasies, who is also a lieutenant of reserve cavalry, for an article published by him in the Libre Parole, denouncing the war minister.

MADE PERMANENT.

Denver, Col., June 7.—Judge Hallet in the United States district court today made permanent the injunction recently granted on application of the Mercantile Trust company of New York, restraining the city council of Denver from repealing the ordinance of 1895 granting the Denver Tramway company a blanket franchise in perpetuity.

SUES THE BANK.

London, June 7.—An interesting action has been commenced by a tradesman against the Bank of England for refusing to cash a £100 note, which formed part of the money stolen on January last from Parr's bank.

CONGRESSMAN BLAND BETTER.

Lebanon, Mo., June 7.—There is a slight improvement reported in the condition of Congressman Bland today.

DEATHS FROM HEAT.

New York, June 7.—Seven deaths from the heat were reported during the twenty-four hours ending at noon today.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Mme. Yale's FRUITCURA

A SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY BY A WOMAN TO CURE WOMEN.

WOMEN OF ALL AGES, ATTENTION!

MME. YALE, Queen of Beauty, who has lectured in all of the prominent cities of the world before vast audiences, and has been pronounced by all newspapers to be the most perfect woman in form and feature now living, speaks to the women of the world and confesses to them that the secret of her beauty lies in perfect health, and the secret of her health lies in the use of her own remedies—among them, Fruitcura—her great and wonderful tonic for curing all female ailments and building up the system. Fruitcura restores all weak organs to perfect health. It cures the many complaints of women that only women know of. It restores the vitality, makes the eyes bright, the step elastic and brings the bloom of health to the faded cheek. It renews the nerve tone and makes the flesh firm, hard and velvety. In fact, its use is the royal road to perfect health and beautiful womanhood. It cures their complaints and nervous troubles of any nature, and revives the vitality which is lacking in all such cases. For women of all ages. A discovery by a woman to cure women. Price $1.00 per bottle.

For sale by PANTON & WHITE.

Write for Mme. Yale's new scientific treatise called "Woman's Wisdom." Contains 96 pages. Mailed free.

A RESERVE FUND.

The Modern Woodmen Very Likely to Establish One.

Kansas City, June 7.—Modern Woodmen of America went to work earnestly at today's session of the biennial convention. Several thousand members of the order arrived during the night.

The action of last night's session, which took the preliminary steps toward creating a reserve fund, a question which has been fought for ten years, was discussed freely.

The report of Head Consul Northcott, who had been instructed to appoint a committee of five to draft a plan for such a fund, was made the special business of the day, and it proved one far fruitful debate.

PAID MORE SOLDIERS.

Four Cubans Caught Selling Fraudulent Service Certificates.

Havana, June 7.—Col. George M. Randall paid 193 Cuban soldiers yesterday at Jarnco and rejected forty-four others. This makes 1437 Cubans paid by Col. Randall so far.

It was discovered that four Cubans were selling fraudulent certificates of service in the Cuban army, charging $1 each for them. This so enraged several soldiers, who had legitimate discharges, that they badly beat the sellers of the bogus certificates. Three of the four men escaped on a train bound for Havana, but the fourth was arrested.

WAS FROM ARKANSAS.

Washington, June 7.—Fred A. Pearce, who committed suicide in Manilla, was appointed a cadet from Osage Mills, Ark., June, 1883, and graduated in 1887. He was assigned to the Sixth artillery in March, 1888, as a second lieutenant. His father was N. B. Pearce, who was a graduate from the military academy in 1846, but resigned from the army in 1858. He became a brigadier general in the Confederacy during the civil war.

THE CHESS PLAYERS.

London, June 7.—The seventh round of the International chessmasters' tournament was begun at noon, the pairing being arranged according to round No. 12 of the Berger system, as follows: Schlecter vs. Bird, Showalter vs. Tinsley, Janowski vs. Tschigorin, Pillsbury vs. Mason, Marocsy vs. Blackburne and Lee vs. Colle. Steinitz and Larker had byes. When an adjournment was taken this afternoon Schlecter had beaten Bird and Janowski had worsted Tschigorin; Pillsbury and Cohn had the better positions in the adjourned game against Mason and Lee respectively, while the other games stood even.

THE POSTAL CLERKS.

Indianapolis, June 7.—The National Association of Railway Postal Clerks met here today. They were welcomed by Charles Wilson, secretary to the governor, and Mayor Taggart. In his annual address President Shaffer expressed regret regarding the failure of the last congress to pass the reclassification act. The association discussed the reclassification plan. The convention will remain in session tomorrow.

A MISSOURI HANGING.

Bethany, Mo., June 7.—Freeman Cochran, who killed George Stanbrough near here in 1897, was hanged in the county jail today. Cochran and Stanbrough were farmers and quarreled over a woman.

Cheap Rates South.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month, up to and including October, the Southern railway offers to homeseekers and settlers the advantages of cheap one way and round trip tickets to practically all points in Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia and Florida.

Homeseekers' tickets will be sold at the rate of one fare plus $2 for the round trip, tickets good twenty-one days from the date of sale in which to return.

The Southeastern territory offers to the prospector and settler more advantages than any other part of the United States, and the Southern railway has arranged for the sale of tickets on the dates mentioned above at low enough rates to enable any one to go South and investigate the opportunities in that territory.

For illustrated matter, rates and further particulars, address
WM. H. TAYLOE, A. G. P. A.,
Louisville, Ky.
J. C. BEAM, JR., N. W. P. A.,
No. 80 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

The North-Western Line.

ADDITIONAL TRAIN SERVICE.
Leave Duluth daily, 5 p. m.
Arrive Wausau, Wis., 2:40 a. m.
Arrive Appleton 6 a. m.
Arrive Neenah-Menasha 6:10 a. m.
Arrive Oshkosh 6:50 a. m.
Arrive Fond du Lac 7:30 a. m.
Wagner sleepers and free chair cars.
Tickets and berth reservation, 405 West Superior street.

DEFECTIVE MEMORIES

The New York Police Know Nothing About Gambling Places.

IS FREE FROM VICE

Opinion of One Detective as to the Tenderloin District.

New York, June 7.—Upon the transcript of evidence of Police Detectives Henderson and Gilligan, which the Mazet committee today directed to be sent to the board of police commissioners, the board might order the institution of an examination for "defective memory."

Both of the officers named were questioned by Counsel Moss as to the existence of policy shops in the Tenderloin district and both, while admitting that they heard of such concerns and that there is such a person as Al Adams, commonly known as "the policy King," protested that they neither knew the location of the one nor where the other had his headquarters. They had "suspicions" but not knowledge. Detective Gilligan said that he thought the Tenderloin was free from vice.

Policeman Patrick Curry furnished the commission with a list of places in the Nineteenth precinct where, it was suspected, policy was played. This policeman did not know what a gig was.

Detective Tompkins testified that in the last seven months he had made 1520 visits to places in the Tenderloin where gambling was suspected to be going on, but no ground for the assertion was found.

He, like the others, was densely ignorant of policy, and had very little knowledge of other gambling games.

THE OUTLOOK ROSY.

Joseph Chamberlain's Tact Is Very Highly Complimented.

London, June 7.—A high authority of the colonial office has informed a representative of the Associated Press that the negotiations with reference to the Alaskan question are in the rosiest possible condition. After the interview which the United States ambassador, Mr. Choate, had yesterday with the marquis of Salisbury at the foreign office the lines of a prospective settlement and for carrying on the discussion in the high commission were formally submitted by the secretary of the state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, who throughout has had most potent influence with the Canadian side. Every arrangement in the negotiations here between Mr. Choate, Lord Salisbury and Sir Julian Pauncefote has gone through him and the prospective settlements in a great degree may be sidered a triumph for Mr. Chamberlain's tact and perseverance.

THE MATRIMONY PROMOTER.

A Jury at Milwaukee Finds Rowan Not Guilty.

Milwaukee, June 7.—The jury in the case of Charles H. Rowan, who has been on trial in the United States court, charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes, returned a sealed verdict of not guilty today. Rowan conducted a matrimonial bureau. He will now be tried on several other counts, one of which is an attempt to bribe United States officials.

A POET'S BIRTHDAY.

St. Petersburg, June 7.—There is a great national celebration here today in honor of the centenary of the birth of Alexander Pushkin, the most renowned of Russian poets. The government institutions, schools and various associations subscribed large sums to found commemorative scholarships, libraries and schools, and all the newspapers published appropriate articles.

THE DOCTORS.

Columbus, Ohio, June 7.—Attendance at the American Medical association was largely increased today by delegates who arrived during the night. Added interest was given to the general session by the announcement that Surgeon Sternberg, United States army, would be present. Sessions of the various sections were held.

LONDON SECURITIES MARKET.

London, June 7.—Consols and rupees were dull. Silver was quiet and railroad shares were depressed on the stock exchange today. Foreigners receded, notably Spanish 4s, but Brazilians were firm. West Australians sagged. The Japanese loan has not been a success and is now quoted at ¼ discount. Later in the day operators on the stock exchange were seriously disturbed by the South African news. Prices dropped sharply and there was a semi-panic in Kaffirs.

OFFICERS CHOSEN.

Chicago, June 7.—At the annual meeting of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad company today, the following directors were re-elected: W. A. Nash and Tracy Dows, of New York; Marshall Field and H. A. Parker, of Chicago. A. R. Flower, of New York, was elected in place of the late Roswell P. Flower. All the directors' meeting officers were elected as follows: R. R. Cable, chairman of board; W. G. Purdy, president; H. A. Parker, first vice president; Robert Mather, second vice president; J. M. Johnson, third vice president; F. E. Pain, treasurer, and G. H. Crosby, secretary.

GOLF IN ENGLAND.

London, June 7.—The open golf championship contest opened today at Sandwich, with magnificent weather. The chances of T. G. Tait, Park and Varden are most favored.

Park made the round in 77; Braid in 78 and Ball of the Kirkaldy club, St. At the end of the first round, the leaders were Varder, Kinnell and Williamson with scores of 76. Among the other well known players, Herd had 80 and Tait St. Hambro led the amateurs with 78.

TILDEN'S HOME SOLD.

New York, June 7.—Greystone, the country seat of the late Samuel J. Tilden at Yonkers, was sold today in accordance with an order of the supreme court. Samuel Untermeyer was the purchaser for $171,500.

SENATOR JONES BETTER.

Washington, June 7—A letter has been received from Senator James K. Jones of Arkansas, chairman of the national Democratic committee, who went abroad some time ago for his health, in which he says that he has been so greatly benefited he now feels better than he has for the past ten years.

BEER JUDGMENT.

IT'S just as well to exercise judgment in the matter of beer drinking and GET THE BEST.

See That Blatz is Up at the Cork

It Cheers. Blatz THE STAR MILWAUKEE BEER LEADS FOR Quality and Flavor.

Latest Honors—Highest Awards at International Exposition, 1898.
Send address and receive illustrated beer booklet.
VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE, U.S.A.
DULUTH BRANCH:
Telephone 62.

Flags, Bunting, AND WINDOW DECORATIONS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Albertson Stationery and Book Co., Successor to A. T. ALBERTSON

AN EXTRA DIVIDEND.

Directors of the Atchison Road Pass Some Resolutions.

New York, June 7.—Following resolutions were passed by the Atchison directors today:

"Whereas, it appears from returns and careful estimates that the surplus net earnings of the company for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, after deducting all charges and the full interest on the adjustment bonds, and after setting apart a reasonable sum as a reserve, are sufficient to pay a semi-annual dividend of 1½ per cent on the preferred stock, in July and another dividend of 1½ per cent in January next, making 2½ per cent out of the surplus net earnings of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899; therefore, be it "Resolved, that a semi-annual dividend of $1.25 per share on the preferred stock of the company is hereby declared out of the surplus net earnings, payable July 20, 1899."

THE CRICKETERS.

London, June 7.—In the cricket match between the Mary ebone eleven and the Australians, at Lords, the home team was all out today in its second innings for 230 runs.

The Australians won by eight wickets.

AGAINST COMBINES.

Indianapolis, June 7.—The Indiana supreme court held that a public corporation which entered a combination with other corporations to destroy competition and thereby increase the selling price of goods, became liable to a forfeiture of its franchise. The decision is in the case of the state against the Portland Natural Gas and Oil company.

SUGAR DIVIDENDS.

New York, June 7.—The directors of the American Sugar Refining company have declared the regular dividends of 2 per cent on the common stock and 1¾ per cent on the preferred.

DOGS OF CONSTANTINOPLE.

I never saw so much mud, such unspeakably filthy streets and so many dogs as Constantinople can boast, but nowhere have I seen them described in a satisfactory way—so that you knew what to expect, I mean. In the first place, they hardly look like dogs. They have woody tails like sheep. Their eyes are dull, sleepy and utterly devoid of expression. Constantinople dogs have neither masters nor brains. No brains because no masters. Perhaps no masters because no brains. Nobody wants to adopt an idiot. They are, of course, mongrels of the most hopeless type. They are yellowish, with thick, short, woolly coats, and much fatter than you expect to find them. They walk like a funeral procession. Never have I seen one frisk or even wag his tail. Everybody turns out for them, they sleep—from twelve to twenty of them—on a single pile of garbage, and never notice either men or each other unless a dog which lives in the next street trespasses. Then they set him up, for they are jackals as well as dogs, and they are no more epicures than ostriches. They never show interest in anything. They are blase. I saw some mother dogs asleep, with tiny puppies swarming over them like little fat rats, but the mothers paid no attention to them. Children seem to bore them quite as successfully as if they were women of fashion, says Lilian Bell, in the Woman's Home Companion.

Sunday trains to Fond du Lac and Spirit Lake, leaving Union depot at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Strictly Up-to-Date Spring Overcoats

We carry a large stock of spring overcoats at $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $13.50, $15.00 and $18.00. Come early before assortment of sizes is broken up.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

The Northwestern Line

ROUND TRIP EXCURSIONS.

Buffalo, June 11-12	$ 23 50
Oshkosh, June 5 to 7	12 55
St. Louis, June 18-20	22 30

Homeseekers' excursion South and West, June 6-20.

Tickets, 405 West Superior street.

1000 Miners Wanted.

Machine men preferred. Wages $3.50 per day of ten hours, for the Coeur d'Alene mining district of Idaho. Very low railroad rate arranged for. Destination, Wallace, Idaho, the heart of the district.

Apply Thomas G. White & Co., No. 427 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn.

"A Wheel with a good reputation"

EAGLE, $30.00 AND $40.00

Bicycle Sundries,
Fishing Tackle,
Base Ball Goods, etc.,
At Popular Prices.

REPAIR SHOP IN CONNECTION.

J. W. NELSON
No. 5 East Superior St.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders are requested for the construction of thirteen manholes on the conduit system of the Zenith City Telephone company. Plans and specifications at the office, 308 Lyceum building.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1946 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured 15 to 35 days; 100-page book free.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS

The only reliable female regulator Never Fails. Price, $2.00 by mail. Take no substitute.

Write for Woman's Safeguard FREE.

Wilcox Med. Co., 322 S. 9th St., Phila., Pa.

STEAM HEAT. ELECTRIC LIGHTS
MODERN CONVENIENCES.
When in Calumet, Stop at
THE ESTHER HOTEL,
C. L. THOMAS, Prop.
Sample Rooms in Connection.
The Finest Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts.
Hotel in the City. CALUMET, MICH.

The Best Costs no More than the Inferior Kinds. DRINK
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

FITGER & CO.'S
Reliable Brands of Pale Bohemian and Bavarian
BEER.
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

LOVERS
OF COMFORT AND A GOOD TABLE
Should Try the
Wisconsin Central Lines
Dining Car Service.
Meals in Dining Cars are Served A La Carte.
Direct Line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, Chicago, Milwaukee, and All Points EAST and SOUTH.
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p. m.	Lv. Duluth	Ar.	11:15 a. m.
4:15 p. m.	Lv. W. Superior	Ar.	11:00 a. m.
4:35 p. m.	Lv. Superior	Ar.	10:37 a. m.
7:25 p. m.	Lv. Ashland	Ar.	7:55 a. m.
4:14 a. m.	Ar. Neenah	Lv.	11:53 p. m.
4:34 a. m.	Ar. Oshkosh	Lv.	11:31 p. m.
5:06 a. m.	Ar. Fond du Lac	Lv.	10:50 p. m.
7:15 a. m.	Ar. Milwaukee	Lv.	8:45 p. m.
9:15 a. m.	Ar. Chicago	Lv.	6:25 p. m.

For Rates or other information apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior St., Union Depot, or
W. M. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior St. General Agent.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—ss.

Samuel Loeb and Bert Fesler, of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, being first duly sworn, each for himself deposes and certifies that the said Samuel Loeb is the president and the said Bert Fesler is the secretary of the Duluth Drug Store Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the general laws of the state of Minnesota; that on the 26th day of May, 1899, at a special meeting of the stockholders of said Duluth Drug Store Company, called for that purpose and clearly specifying the purpose of said meeting and outlining the amendment hereinafter mentioned, held in the city of Duluth, said county and state, at which the holders of more than two-thirds of the issued shares of the stock of said corporation were present in person and voting, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote of all of said stockholders present at said meeting, to-wit:

"Resolved, that article one (1) of the original articles of association of this corporation be amended so that the first sentence thereof relating to the name of this corporation shall read as follows: The name of this corporation shall be Samuel Loeb & Company."

SAMUEL LOEB,
President.
BERT FESLER,
Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of May, 1899.

E. CATHERINE NEFF,
Notary Public St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1899, at 4 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book V2 of Incorporations on page 386.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record June 3, 1899, at 10 a. m. and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscel. page 528.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By S. L. PIERCE,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, June 3 7t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT TODAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT TODAY.

DULUTH'S GREATEST STORE.

Hanan's Famous Shoes here for $5.00.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

The only place in town to get Hanan Shoes.

Get Posted

before you purchase any new garments in clothing. You'll never know the new, the snappy styles until you see our Spring line. **The Striped Worsted Suits** shown by us are attracting widespread attention and are acknowledged a glittering success. In fact, words of unqualified praise and admiration are heard from all swell dressers who see our grand assortment.

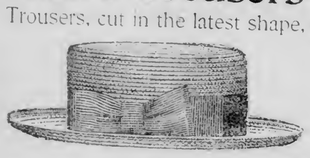
Dressy Garments for Men.....

50 styles New Striped Worsted Suits that are studies in originality and elegance, faultlessly tailored and richly trimmed, in single or double-breasted sack styles—our price this week..... **$18, $15, $12.50**

Elegant Serge Suits, Unfinished Worsteds and Cassimeres, in fancy mixtures, checks and plain patterns, beautifully made and finished, perfect tailor work, custom fitting and over 100 good stylish patterns to choose from; worth and sold for $15 everywhere. THIS WEEK **$10**

Men's Spring Top Coats Made from the patricians of the loom in every style Covert Cloth, light and dark colors, satin-lined throughout and perfect fitting. Such superb garments will shine in any company and are seldom found in clothing houses—$20 Coats for..... **$10**

Men's Trousers —Special— 500 pairs newest style Striped Worsted Trousers, cut in the latest shape, $6 and $7 values—this week..... **$4 and $5**



Hats and Headgear For MEN, BOYS and CHILDREN.

Our Men's $1.00 Straw Hats.....

These are price wonders and the best values we've ever shown for the price. Yacht and soft brims, Mackinaw, Sennet and Milan braids, plain and fancy colors. Equal to the $2.00 Straws of any other store.

The finer grades of Men's Straws, in the swellest styles imaginable, are priced as follows: $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.

Boys' and Children's Straws "galore" in Sailor, Yacht and soft brims—in an endless variety of colors and designs, ranging in price from 25c to $2.00.

The "Burrows" Men's $3.50 Soft and Stiff Hats are the world's best for the price. All colors from black to pearl—equal to anybody's $5.00 quality.

Everything in headgear for Man and Boy.

Coming Next Week.

H. C. Church has returned from the East, where he met President Urban of the United States Flour Milling company. He says that President Urban and Mr. McIntyre, the organizer of the flour mill combine will be here the last of the week and the management of the head of the lakes mills will doubtless then be settled by them.

Grand Athletic Exhibition.

Armory June 12, given by the active Turners, and over 250 girls, boys and ladies and gentlemen. Admission 25 cents.

Almost Given Away! SUFFEL & CO. 129 W. Superior St. Almost Given Away!

Shoes! Shoes!

Almost Given Away!

Special Sale of Ladies' Oxfords and Low Shoes.

We offer at

75c a pair.

85 pairs Ladies' Oxfords and low Shoes, last season's styles, sizes 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½ and 5; A, B, C, D and E widths; former prices $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00; all hand made, and while they last you can buy them at the very low price of per pair.....(Come quick if you need them)..... **75c**

Curtis & Wheeler's make of $4.00 Oxfords..... **$1.98**

All last season's $3.00 Oxfords (Cincinnati make)..... **$1.98**

Ladies' Shoes.

Bargain No. 1. $1.98.

Ladies' $4.00 Lace and Button Shoes, all sizes—hand sewed C, D and E widths..... **$1.98**

Ladies' $5 Lace and Button Shoes, broken sizes—last season's styles..... **$2.48**

Ladies' $6 Shoes, Hart's make, broken sizes—all go at per pair..... **$2.48**

Children's Shoes 98c a pair.

Odd lot of Children's Vesting Top Shoes, sizes 8, 9, 10, 10½, 11, C, D and E widths in Tan and Black, the $2.00 quality, while they last—per pair..... **98c**

Girl's Shoes $1.25 a pair.

Girl's Vesting top Shoes, sizes 11½ to 2, all widths, tan and black, the $2.00 quality at..... **$1.25**

SUFFEL & CO.

HAD THEM ARRESTED.

Conductor Has Trouble With Men on a Street Car.

Robert Cummings and Anton Sadowski, two passengers on a Garfield avenue car last evening, had some words with the conductor arising over the fact that Sadowski had been carried by where he wanted to get off and the conductor called an officer and had them arrested. Cummings was released on $20 bail by the police, but Sadowski spent the night at the police station. This morning they were arraigned before Judge Edson on the charge of disorderly conduct. Both pleaded not guilty and their trials were set for June 9 at 2 p. m. Cunningham's bail was continued and Sadowski was released on his own recognizance.

Cunningham says the conductor was abusing Sadowski, who is an old man, and he told the conductor that he ought not to do it. The conductor says that both of the others used very bad language, and that Cunningham talked threateningly.

Suit on a Mortgage.

The Western Land association this morning began suit in district court against the Willys G. Peck estate to foreclose a mortgage given in 1883 to secure a note for $15,000. The mortgage was originally given on fourteen lots in blocks 25, 27, 40 and 44, Rice's Point, and on all of blocks 57, 62, 77, 82, 97, 101, 117 and 120, Rice's Point. Since then $5000 has been paid on the first group of property, leaving $10,000 due on the latter group, with the exception of a part of it that went into Munger's rearrangement. Including taxes and attorneys' fees, $10,898.76 with interest is asked for, together with the foreclosure of the mortgage. H. B. Fryberger is the attorney for he Western Land association.

MACCABEES BALL

Duluth division No. 3 Uniform Rank, will give an exhibition drill, followed by a grand ball in the Armory Wednesday evening, June 7. Tickets $1.00 per couple. Flaaten's full orchestra. Fisher, prompter. Come and enjoy yourselves.

CAUGHT IN THE RAIN.

Fire Department Inspection Results In a Wetting.

The inspection of the fire department by the fire commissioners, members of the council and mayor and city officers yesterday was interrupted by the rain, and the West Duluth hall was not visited. The party was on a brake, a coverless vehicle, with but three umbrellas in the outfit, and it was overtaken on Garfield avenue by the hard shower about 5 o'clock. The holders of the umbrellas formed an ironclad trust for mutual protection. They had Arvin Bagley between them, and they arranged it so that the water from the three umbrellas ran down his back. He remarked later that he had never seen so copious and wet a rain in all his experience in Duluth.

WOULD FIND IT EXPENSIVE.

A Juror Gets a Calling Down For Being Late.

The jury in the case of Jacob P. Mattson against the Howe Lumber company, in the municipal court, returned a verdict for the plaintiff for $87.91 this morning. Tobias Clementson, of West Duluth, one of the jurors in the case, failed to appear and an officer had to be sent for him, delaying proceedings until 11 o'clock. The court told Mr. Clementson that if it was found necessary to keep the jurors another day because of the delay, he might be called on to pay the whole or a large part of the per diem for the extra day, amounting to $24.

The empanelling of a jury in the case of W. V. Porter against the Duluth Street Railway company was begun. The plaintiff seeks to recover $75 for damages to a delivery wagon and load of meat alleged to have been caused by a car running into the wagon on Garfield avenue Sept. 26.

Oriental Rugs.....

—AT—

Auction.

Tomorrow (Thursday) and Friday will positively close this great sale of Oriental Rugs. We still have in stock about 130 of the choicest Rugs left, and you can buy them at about one-half what it cost to import them.

Auction at 10 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.

103 W. Superior St.

W. D. GORDON, City Auctioneer.

RAISED THE PRICE

On Second Offer a Piece of Property Brings an Enormous Increase.

MR. HILLYER RETURNS

English Capital Will Put the Alice A Mine In Front Rank.

The forfeited tax sale this morning was still on the Vermilion iron range, and there was a large attendance and some very lively bidding. An odd thing occurred on one description of property owned by A. R. Macfarlane. The description was an undivided fifteen-sixteenths interest in the se¼ of the se¼ of section 35, 63-12, near Ely, and it is said that there are surface indications of ore. The property was sold for $16 this morning, and when it came to entering it up there was a dispute as to who had bought it and it was offered again. This time the bidding got up into the hundreds, and it was finally knocked down to E. P. Towne for the owner at $625. The taxes due upon it amounted to $24.79. As the owner purchased the property he will be out but little more than this, as in the end he will get back all that was paid for the property above the amount of taxes due upon it.

The plat of Spalding, a townsite on Long lake, near Ely, was sold this morning, and was bid in by M. H. Alworth. There is no town built upon it as yet.

HE CLOSED A DEAL.

J. S. Hillyer Interests English Capital in Alice A. Mine.

J. S. Hillyer, who left a couple of months ago to interest English capitalists in the Alice A mine, one of the best propositions in the Seine River country, returned this morning. He was met in St. Paul by his son George Hillyer, and John H. Hill, of Superior, who is associated with the Messrs. Hillyer in gold mining.

Mr. Hillyer was completely successful in his mission and comes back with the necessary capital to place the Alice A in the front rank in the Rainy Lake gold district. A mill with a capacity of 250 tons per day will be placed on the property at once. It will be of what is known as the Krupp process type.

A stockholders' meeting will be held in a few days and the formal consummation of the deal will take place.

THE ZENITH IS ISSUED.

Senior Class of High School Issues the Annual Number.

The 1899 Zenith, the publication issued each year by the senior class of the high school, is out, and it is a very bright and creditable production. It contains the histories of the four classes of the high school, with witty remarks occurring constantly in connection with class work that raise a laugh, and some of the best of these are included in the book. Then there are hits at the pupils and teachers, and a number of stories, poems, pictures and miscellaneous articles. The book is dedicated to Principal John Loman. Among the poets are Ruth Scott, of the class of '97, Lottie Potter, Hans Haroldson, Richard W. Jose, Edward O'Brien and Mildred Downie. Among the romancers are Mabel DeVore, Lottie Potter and Kate Kennedy, and among the artists whose work enliven the pages are L. W. Farmer, Kathryn Hubbell, H. K. Cranmer and Alice Scott.

The board of directors is composed of Bernard Meldahl, Louis Freimuth, Anna White and Indianola Willcuts. The associate editors are Mabel Cox, Ida Kennebrook, Mamie McKay, Mae Cummings, Lottie Potter and James Dunn.

TO BEGIN WORK FRIDAY.

New Telephone Company Will Begin Laying Its Conduit.

Friday morning the Zenith City Telephone company will begin the active construction of its system in Duluth. A start will then be made on the conduit in the alley between Superior and First streets. It will be built at once from First avenue west to Second avenue east with a branch to the Board of Trade and one to Michigan street. Two cars of conduit material has arrived and more is on the way. The McRoy vitrified conduit will be used and it will be laid in concrete. The conduits will be built for 2500 'phones, and the company expects to open its exchange with 1200.

The pole gang will start out Saturday morning and will run out London road to Lester Park and out Woodland avenue to Woodland. It is the object to connect all these outside districts with the conduit at once. As far as possible in the city the poles will be placed in the alleys. There will not be a pole on a street within twelve blocks of the central office except where the wires must cross.

The company yesterday purchased the city's old line of poles on London road, about one mile in length.

Finds For Defendants.

Judge Ensign filed his findings this morning in the case of Julius Isay against the Duluth stockholders of the Alta Mining company, an Idaho mining concern. He finds in favor of the defendants. The plaintiff sued for over $4000 on a number of claims against the company that had been assigned to him, and on which he had got judgment in Idaho. Judge Ensign finds that all of the items in Isay's judgment were indebtednesses incurred before the Duluth stockholders became interested in the company, and he therefore finds in their favor and directs the entry of judgment to that effect. It is said that if Isay had been successful in his suit there were other claimants who would have followed his attempt to get his money out of the solvent Duluth stockholders.

CALDWELL'S NEW PLACE.

Chicago, June 7.—B. B. Caldwell, chairman of the Western Passenger association, tendered his resignation today to accept the position of general traffic manager of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad.

FREIMUTH'S

Interest Yourselves In These Warm Weather Necessities at Money-Saving Prices for Thursday.

No store at the head of the lakes offers such a combination of opportunities to supply your wants as advantageously—whether it is the magnitude of selection, high grade of qualities or smallness of prices. We, in every instance, invite comparison with the largest houses in the land.

CLOAK ROOM. Specials—

CRASH AND LINEN SKIRTS—Ladies' good quality Crash Skirts, with 3 rows blue braid trimming, cut in the new style, worth fully $2.25; tomorrow at..... $1.69

Ladies' strictly all-linen Skirts, new flare style, with deep hem at bottom, good value at $3.50; tomorrow's price..... $2.69

WHITE PIQUE SKIRTS—Ladies' tailor-made white Pique Skirts with deep hem at bottom, perfect hanging skirts, worth fully $3.75; tomorrow at..... $2.95

BLACK MOHAIR SKIRTS—Ladies' Black Brilliantine Dress Skirts, with button fasteners at back, lined with good quality percaline, strictly tailor-made skirts that would be cheap at $3.00; sell tomorrow at..... $2.25

SHIRT WAISTS—200 dozen new summer Shirt Waists with fancy insertion and tucked fronts, all newest style patterns; very special at—

$1.25, 98c, 75c and 65c.

Silk Waists.

Ladies' Silk Waists made of good quality Sateens and Taffetas, with 3 clusters of tucks in front, collar to match, well lined, none worth less than $6; sell tomorrow at..... $4.50

WRAPPERS—One lot of percale, lawn and sateen Ladies' Wrappers, in light and medium colors, with ruffle, trimmed on shoulders, lined waists, very wide skirts, worth up to $2.25; our Thursday price..... $1.25

MILLINERY.

500 Ladies' white Split Straw Sailor Hats, black and blue bands, none worth less than 75c; sell Thursday at..... 39c

Another lot of those $1.25 White Milan Straw Sailor Hats, tomorrow at..... 69c

5 dozen Ladies' fine Milan Straw Wheeling Hats, worth $2.50 each; sell tomorrow at..... $1.89

WASH GOODS.

1 case of light Shirting Prints, usually sold at 5c a yard; tomorrow at..... 3c

10 pieces metal striped Black Sateen, suitable for skirts, always sold at 40c a yard; for Thursday at..... 20c

20 pieces fancy striped Madras Cloths, in pretty blue and pink and white, just the material for Shirt Waists, sold elsewhere at 25c a yard; here at, a yard..... 15c

100 pieces of imported real Irish Dimities, all kinds of pretty designs and newest colorings; best qualities, at, a yard..... 25c

25 pieces imported Colored Dotted Swisses, extra values, at, a yard—

85c, 75c, 60c, 50c, 40c.

PARASOLS.

The season's newest, best and most exclusive styles shown here. Prices Right.

Ladies' White Silk Parasols, with white enameled handles, the kind sold by other stores at $1.25; our price..... 98c

Children's pretty Colored Parasols, with two ruffles, worth 35c; tomorrow at..... 25c

Ladies' Neckwear.

25 dozen Ladies' White Pique Ascots and Imperial Scarfs, very best styles and qualities, at..... 35c

HANDKERCHIEFS.

100 dozen Ladies' Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 15c each; tomorrow at..... 5c

RIBBON SPECIAL.

50 pieces 3½-in wide Sash and Neck Taffeta Ribbon, in floral and graduated stripes, worth fully 35c a yard; tomorrow, at, a yard..... 25c

SILK MITTS AND GLOVES.

25 dozen Ladies' Black Silk Mitts, worth 25c a pair; tomorrow at..... 25c

15 dozen Ladies' Black Silk Taffeta Gloves, worth 40c a pair; tomorrow at..... 25c

JEWELRY.

500 Jeweled Rose finished Gold Hat Pins, usually sold at 15c each; sell tomorrow at..... 8c

CORSETS.

25 dozen Ladies' Ventilating strongly boned Corsets, usually sold at 40c a pair; sell tomorrow at..... 25c

Four Big Values in Muslin Underwear.

NIGHT GOWNS—Ladies' Muslin Night Gowns, neck, yoke and sleeves trimmed with the new embroidery and insertion, liberally cut, worth fully $1.00; our Thursday price..... 75c

SKIRTS—Ladies' very fine quality Muslin Skirts, with deep flounce, trimmed with cluster of tucks and torchon lace, would be considered good values at $1.00; tomorrow at..... 75c

CORSET COVERS—Ladies' Cambric Corset Covers, neck edged with 2½-in embroidery, extra well made, worth fully 50c each; tomorrow at..... 35c

DRAWERS—Ladies' Muslin Drawers, umbrella shape, with wide ruffle and cluster of tucks, would be cheap at 39c; tomorrow at..... 25c

SHOES!

The Price Cutting on Tan Shoes Continues Thursday.

We will save you money on every pair.

All our $4.00 Tan Shoes in hand-turn, man-fashion welts and British lasts, all the very latest styles, all go tomorrow, at, per pair..... $2.98

200 pairs of Ladies' new style Tan Shoes, silk vesting tops, nickel eyelets, very swell, worth $3.50; go on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... $2.48

300 pairs Ladies' fine vici kid Tan Shoes, silk vesting tops, new styles, all sizes, worth $2.50, at per pair..... $1.98

175 pairs Ladies' fine tan kid Shoes, new shapes, very flexible soles all sizes, 2½ to 7, worth $2.00, at, per pair..... $1.48

25 pairs Misses' Tan Shoes, made by H. W. Merriam, all sizes, 11 to 2, never sold for less than $2.00 a pair; sell tomorrow at..... $1.48

60 pairs fine tan vici kid Oxfords, vesting top, new round toes, all sizes, 2½ to 7, worth $2.00; on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... $1.48

265 pairs of Ladies' fine Oxfords—this lot includes all our broken lines in the department, they are worth from $1.50 to $3.00 a pair; we place them on sale for Saturday, at, per pair..... 98c

50 pairs Youths' tan vici kid lace Shoes, very dressy and serviceable, worth $2.00; on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... $1.48

200 pairs Misses' black and tan Shoes, button and lace, all sizes, 11 to 2, goods that you can not buy anywhere for less than $1.35; on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... 98c

62 pairs Child's spring heel Shoes, either in button and lace, sizes, 5½ to 11, worth $1.00; on sale, at, per pair..... 75c

We Sell the Jenness Miller Shoes.

Endorsed by every lady who ever tried a pair of them, they combine style, comfort and wearing quality; price only, a pair..... $3.50

PROFITABLE SHOPPING AT

FREIMUTH'S

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, JUNE 8, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Carpets and Rugs

We carry at all times the largest stock and best selection of CARPETS AND RUGS shown in Duluth. Our prices are the lowest, and you can depend upon every carpet bought here as being exactly as represented.

Any Body Brussels in the store 90c
Including the standard makes, such as Hartford, Lowell and Glen Echo.....

Ingrain Carpets, a yard.....25c
Heavy Ingrain Carpets, a yard.....45c
A Special Line of Ingrains, a yard.....55c
These are very choice patterns.
Good Brussels Carpet, a yard.....55c
Axminsters and Velvets, up from.....75c

$25,00 worth of Goods.....$5.00 a Month
$40.00 worth of Goods.....$6.00 a Month
$50.00 worth of Goods.....$7.00 a Month
$60.00 worth of Goods.....$8.00 a Month
$75.00 worth of Goods.....$9,00 a Month
$100.00 worth of Goods.....$10.00 a Month
THIS MAKES PAYING EASY.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Complete House Furnishers.

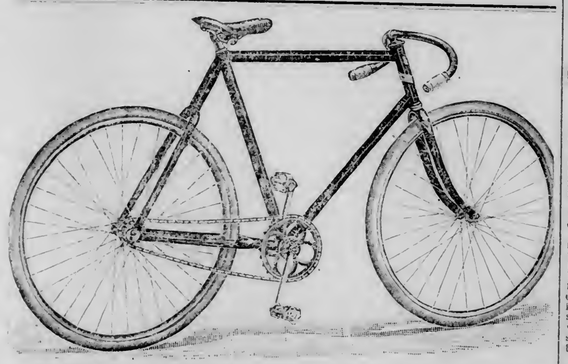
We Have Them! Come and see for yourselves.
A full line of Eastman Kodaks and Supplies.
Base Balls, Bats, Masks, Gloves, Etc.
Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 West Superior Street.

Offices Duluth & West Duluth
H. E. Smith & Co.
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.
Offices—Palladio Building and West Duluth Bank Building. See us Before Negotiating Securities.

Fourth of July Posters. Don't put off ordering posters for the Glorious Fourth—do it now.
We have the best poster equipment in Northern Minnesota. Mail orders promptly attended to.
'Phone 336. **PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.** 15 Second Ave. W.

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.
Rooms 5 and 6, Phoenix Block.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Prof. Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.
Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES: 216 W. Superior St.



It is money in your pocket to buy a strictly high-grade Bicycle, and to buy from me, because I sell the best and most reliable wheels made, and at prices to suit your pocketbook. So, if you contemplate purchasing a new wheel, come and see me. All kinds of repairing, vulcanizing, and enameling done on short notice and at reasonable prices at

321 West First Street.
F. E. BOHM, Mgr. JESSE NORTON.

WAS A TEACHER.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 8.—John J. Lalor, who met with a serious accident in Washington today, was well known in educational circles in this city. He taught in the East Side high school in 1885 and afterwards went into the publishing business. He translated various works, including "Principles of Political Economy," from the German, and "An Essay on the Historical Method in Political Economy," from the French. Mr. Lalor was born in Ireland and was unmarried.

TIN WORKERS STRIKE.

Chicago, June 8.—About 400 employes of Norton Bros.' tin can factory at Maywood struck today because twenty-three men were discharged yesterday for being absent.

KILLED BY BURGLARS.

Carmi, Ill., June 8.—The wife of Daniel Bott, of Norris City, this county was killed by burglars last night. Bott jumped out of bed to defend his property and one of the burglars shot at him. The bullet struck Mrs. Bott. The murderers escaped.

IS A LONG WAY OFF

Gen. Hall's Opinion as to the End of Philippine War.

A STRICT CENSORSHIP

War Department Does Not Give Out Any Information From Manilla.

New York, June [illegible].—A special to the World from Washington says: "The end of the war is a long way off," writes Brig. Gen. Hall, now on duty in the Philippines, in a letter to a friend in this city.

The letter is dated early in May, about the time Aguinaldo was making his overtures for peace, and shows that our officers had little faith in the sincerity of the requests for peace negotiations.

The war department declines to make public any dispatch from Gen. Otis regarding the situation. He has been instructed to strictly censor all news, and, to be consistent, the war department since the departure of Secretary Alger has declined to make public anything received from the Philippines. Even casualty lists are held up a day or two before being posted on the bulletin board. The department is pursuing the same policy as that for the month or six weeks prior to the attack of the Filipinos upon the Americans.

Acting Secretary Meiklejohn stated that while some advices had been received from Gen. Otis, he was not at liberty to make them public. The same reticence is displayed by Adjt. Gen. Corbin. No dispatch has been posted from Gen. Otis detailing the situation for more than a week. The indications are that the department will now endeavor to conceal everything.

No credence is attached to the London report that Aguinaldo defeated Gens. MacArthur and Lawton.

REPORTED BY OTIS.

Results of the Movements In Morong Province.

Washington, June 8.—The situation in the Philippines is described by Gen. Otis in the following cablegram:

Manilla, June 8.—Adjutant General, Washington: Result movements Morong province was to drive insurgents into mountains, capturing Antipolo and other towns in that section, with point of land projecting into bay. They retreated and scattered before our advance, leaving twenty-five dead on field; our loss four killed and few wounded, mostly slight. City of Morong only on land route on bay garrisoned, all other troops withdrawn. Inhabitants of provinces profess friendship; ask protection; large numbers wish to enter Manilla; refuse as city population increasing too rapidly. Leading natives throughout island, including active insurgent leaders, seek permission to send families to Manilla; considered only place of personal security. OTIS.

The conclusion drawn by war department officials concerning the condition in the Philippines given in the dispatch of Gen. Otis is that the insurgents are little more than marauding bands, which will continually decrease when the men find that there is life and liberty under American government. These bands are regarded as something like the bands of Indians twenty-five and thirty years ago, and the people who are coming into the American lines asking protection are considered like those who sought protection in the forts during the early stages of American development in the West.

Nothing is yet said as to the intention of Gen. Otis to continue active hostilities, but this is a matter that will be left wholly in his discretion, and he will no doubt fight or rest as the circumstances determine.

Gen. Otis has been advised that it is the wish of the president that all arrangements be made to give the returning troops a comfortable voyage, and that the best of care be taken so that no sickness may break out among them. It is also said that precautions will be taken not to load the transports too heavily, so that the returning troops may have plenty of room.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

One Report Says the Soldiers Were Well Fed.

Washington, June 8.—Among the reports which accompanied the report of Gen. Otis regarding operations about Manilla are those relating to the subsistence of the army. It appears from these that the subsistence corps was prompt in every way in supplying the troops with food.

Under date of March 20, Maj. Robert H. Fitzhugh, chief commissary of the Second division says:

"On the evening of Feb. 5, after hard fighting, and a general advance all along the division line, the troops were given their supper promptly at the regular hour; and during all of the subsequent movements while the troops have been constantly confronting the enemy, either in line or in the trenches, the continuous supply of rations have been maintained without a break, and at all times a reserve of at least two days of travel ration has been kept on hand.

"With the exception of two days, when travel rations were issued, the issue has been as follows: Fresh beef, seven days in ten, 1 pound; bacon, two days in ten, ½ pound; salmon, one day in ten, 1 pound; fresh bread daily, 1 pound 2 ounces; potatoes, daily, (80 per cent) 12 4-5 ounces; onions (20 per cent), 3 1-5 ounces or potatoes, (5 per cent), onions 15 per cent; canned tomatoes, 10 per cent; coffee, 1 1-25 ounces; sugar, 2 2-5 ounces. Vinegar, salt and pepper in authorized proportions, to which was added on days of fresh beef issue, the option of 4 ounces more of fresh beef, or 2 ounces each of rice, dried fruits and (when on hand) oatmeal.

"To the above are added canned corn beef, hum, canned milk and cream, fruits, preserves and a long list of delicacies sold by the subsistence department at cost, which were purchased by each organization with proceeds from savings of subsistence stores.

"The most noticeable features of the supply are the deliveries of fresh beef and vegetables. Refrigerated beef from Australia and the United States, which would be called excellent in any United States market, is delivered on the line frozen before 8 a. m. and officers and men assure me that it is perfectly good on the day following their receipt of it although generally used as soon as received.

"Men in the trenches received the kind of meats usually given in quarters.

"The rations have been delivered, according to location, by casco, cart and rail; and due credit should be given for the great efficiency of the transportation.

"I have heard of but one case of the loss of meat."

There is also a report from Capt. M. G. Krayenbuhl, in charge of the commissary subsistance sales depot at Manilla, who reported that the rations are perfectly satisfactory.

A report from Capt. S. B. Booles, commissary of First brigade, Second division, dated at Caloocan, March 18, says:

"Since Feb. 4, 1899, the troops comprising the brigade have been rationed with the greatest dispatch. At no time has any organization been forced to even wait for, much less miss a meal. On the occasion of every advance the rations were not only delivered to the men on the firing line, but their meals were prepared and ready for them at meal hours. I have established at this point a sales depot, where all the luxuries kept by the department may be purchased by officers and men."

RECEIVING FAIR TREATMENT.

American Prisoners In the Insurgents' Hands Are Well.

Manilla, June 8, 5:15 p. m.—The U. S. cruiser Boston, Capt. Whiting, has sailed for San Francisco by way of Nagasaki, Japan, with long-service officers and men from the various American warships.

The battleship Oregon will soon be stationed off Dagupan, in the gulf of Lingayen, on blockade duty.

The U. S. gunboat Albany, one of the vessels purchased from the Spaniards, and commanded by Ensign W. H. Standley, has captured three sailing vessels and one steamer off the island of Negros. Nine of these boats (of the Albany, class) are now in commission and are now doing good service in the shallow waters of the southern islands.

Favorable reports are still being received from the party of fifteen Americans belonging to the gunboat Yorktown, headed by Lieut. Gilmore, captured on April 12 by the Filipinos not far from Baler. The prisoners are all well and receiving fair treatment.

FILIPINO CONGRESS DISSOLVED.

Aguinaldo Takes This Action and Proclaims Himself Dictator.

London, June 8.—In special dispatches from Manilla today it is reported this morning that Aguinaldo has dissolved the Filipino congress and has proclaimed himself dictator.

RETURN OF VOLUNTEERS.

Washington, June 8.—Gen. Otis cables as follows regarding the return of volunteers:

Manilla, June 8.—Adjutant General, Washington: Oregon requests to defer the time of departure until June 12. Will leave for Portland on transports Ohio and Newport. Sixth infantry upon arrival will relieve Californians at Negros. Hancock sails in a few days with Nebraska and other troops. OTIS.

HAD NO CERTIFICATES.

Few Cuban Soldiers Paid Although Many Applied.

Havana, June 8.—Col. Randall, in paying Cuban soldiers at Matanzas yesterday, found that the majority of them had turned over their arms some time before to Gen. Pedro Betancourt, the civil governor of Matanzas. A few of them had certificates, but the majority had not. Consequently Col. Randall experienced difficulty and only paid thirty-seven men, though over 500 were in waiting and wanting money.

The hackmen here have all struck for higher pay, which causes great inconvenience to the general public.

Governor General Brooke has instructed the civil governors to issue passports, when requested to do so, provided the island courts have no charges against the petitioner. Previous identification, however, is necessary.

A COMPROMISE.

An Agreement to Be Reached on the Alaskan Boundary Question.

London, June 8.—It is learned by the Associated Press that Ambassador Choate is hourly expecting the consent of the authorities at Washington to a compromise arrangement of the Alaskan question on the lines of a prospective settlement and for carrying on the discussion in the high commission.

While yielding in certain matters, it is understood Mr. Choate has been able to effect an arrangement satisfactory to the United States. He has been largely helped by the reasonable attitude assumed by the Canadians during the past week. The Canadian high commissioner, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal; the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, and the marquis of Salisbury are agreed on the lines of the compromise.

NO CONCLUSION YET.

Washington, June 8.—It is learned at the state department that while a sensible advance is making towards the arrangement of a modus vivendi for the regulation of the Canadian boundary question, a conclusion has not yet been reached. Expert geographers are being consulted on the exact location of some of the boundary points, though as far as the Dalton trail is concerned the definitive point has not yet been located.

A CONFIRMATION.

London, June 8.—The Exchange Telegraph company this afternoon says it understands that the marquis of Salisbury and the United States ambassador have reached an agreement regarding Dalton's trail on the Chilkoot pass, which has been such an obstacle to the settlement of a modus vivendi.

TO TAKE AWAY DREYFUS.

The Dispatch Boat Goeland Leaves Cayenne, French Guiana.

Cayenne, French Guiana, June 8.—The dispatch boat Goeland will leave here at 2 o'clock this afternoon for Devil's island in order to take Dreyfus on board the cruiser Sfax, which will anchor this afternoon off the island. The governor of Cayenne issued orders yesterday to the authorities of the Iles du Salute (Salvation Islands) to prepare the quantity of coal necessary for the voyage of the Sfax, whose hurried departure from the island of Martinique only allowed her to take on board the stores she needed. The Sfax will probably leave for Brest tomorrow morning.

FROM THE CAPITAL

Despite His Denial Hanna Will Cease to Be Republican Chairman.

IS GOING TO EUROPE

Contracts For Care of Sick Seamen at Duluth and Superior.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The denial from Senator Hanna of the story that he will not manage the McKinley campaign next year creates amusement among politicians in this city. The Ohio senator made a good record as McKinley's campaign manager in 1895-6. He not only secured his nomination, practically by acclamation, at the St. Louis convention, but he secured his election at the polls in the following November. Mark Hanna is not a man anxious to fail in anything he undertakes. He has reasons for shifting the responsibility of McKinley's campaign for re-election upon the shoulders of some other man. This is exactly what Hanna proposes to do. He will go to Europe for the benefit of his health, retire from the chairmanship of the campaign committee, and the only sufferer will be the present occupant of the White House.

* * *

The following contract for the care of seamen enrolled by the marine hospital service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, has been awarded:

Duluth—The medical attendance to be furnished by an acting assistant surgeon: St. Luke's hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing and medicines at 75 cents per day: John W. Stewart to provide for the burial of deceased patients at $15 each.

Superior, Wis.—The medical attendance to be furnished by an acting assistant surgeon; St. Mary's hospital to furnish quarters, subsistence, nursing and medicines, including contagious diseases, at 90 cents a day.

* * *

The report that Bellamy Storer, our minister to Madrid, was captured by bandits on route to the Spanish capital is denied by the state department officials this afternoon. Our minister is safely housed at San Sebastian, the summer home of the queen regent. The state department officials are perfectly satisfied that Mr. Storer is in no danger, and later cable reports will satisfy the people of this fact.

* * *

Congressman Tawney will be chairman of the committee of territories in the next congress. This information comes from a most reliable source. Tawney, it is stated, has particular claims on this position. He visited Hawaii two years ago and came back a zealous advocate of annexation. Speaker Reed was strongly opposed to annexing Hawaii and Chairman Knox, of Massachusetts, stood with Reed. Even after the joint resolution of annexation was passed, Chairman Knox never reported any bill for the government of Hawaii owing to the anti-expansion sentiment in New England. Tawney was one of the managers in putting the joint resolution through the house annexing Hawaii. He opposed Reed on this and polled the house on the proposition, which showed a large majority for annexation, and the resolution went through. Not only will Hawaii, but Porto Rico and the Philippines will come before the committee on territories next session, thus making the position very important. Representative Sherman, of New York, is here en route to Dubuque, where, it is said, he will confer with Henderson about the situation among the New York delegation. Ray wants to be chairman of the judiciary committee, but since he was against Sherman the latter is opposed to him.

* * *

It is currently reported here that Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakota, will be designated to act as chairman of the Republican campaign committee during the absence of Senator Hanna in Europe. This information, however, is not authentic. Senator Hansbrough, accompanied by his wife, left for Devils Lake, N. D., several days ago.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

THE KIDNAPERS.

They Have Been Brought to New York From Nyack.

New York, June 8.—George and Addie Barrows, who are accused of kidnaping Marion Clark, were brought to New York from Nyack today and were taken to police headquarters soon after the arrival of the Barrows.

The Barrows and Carrie Jones were arraigned before Justice Fursman. Before pleading Attorney William F. Howe said that Irving Brown, of Haverstraw, counsel for Mr. and Mrs. Barrow, had had no notice of the arraignment of his clients and had asked him (Howe) to have the pleadings deferred until tomorrow, when Mr. Brown would be present. Justice Fursman ordered a plea of not guilty to be entered in each case, with leave to withdraw tomorrow and demur. Bail in each case was fixed at $10,000. Former Assistant District Attorney Vernon M. Davis was assigned as counsel for Carrie Jones.

FELL DOWN THE SHAFT.

Employe of the Mint Is Probably Fatally Injured.

Washington, June 8.—John J. Lalor, a translator in the office of the director of the mint, lost his balance and fell from the second floor in the treasury department today down the shaft which the stairway surrounds to the basement, probably receiving fatal injuries. Mr. Lalor is a well-known writer on political economy and is the author of an encyclopedia on that subject.

THE DALY FUNERAL.

Paris, June 8.—The remains of Augustin Daly, who died suddenly yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Continental, will be embalmed today and sent to London, where the body will arrive on Saturday morning. The funeral services will take place at a Catholic church in London and then the body will be sent to New York. There will be no religious ceremony here.

Later in the day it was announced that the remains of Mr. Daly would be taken to Havre on Friday morning, and that they would be shipped to New York from there by way of Southampton.

THE MODERN WOODMEN.

They Hold a Parade and Attend a Cake Walk.

Kansas City, June 8.—A drizzling rain opened the biennial meet of the Modern Woodmen of America today. The day's program as arranged provided for a grand parade in the morning, addresses by William J. Bryan and others at the Conventional hall and exercises by the Southwest Log Rolling association at Baseball park in the afternoon and a grand ball and cake-walk in the evening.

In the parade probably 8000 were in line, which was composed of big divisions, representing the different states attending the convention, over a dozen brass bands, the head officers of the order, city and county officials in carriages, mounted police and fire brigades.

MAP OF SWITZERLAND.

May Lead to the Detection of Martin Meier's Murderers.

Chicago, June 8.—Maps and charts of Switzerland left on the table of the little house on West Seventh street, in which Martin Meier was yesterday found murdered, have, according to the police, furnished a clue by which they hope in a short time to place under arrest the murderers of the aged Swiss. The police have received information that two men answering the description of the two who were seen at the Meier house Monday called on the old man about six months ago and, with him, examined maps of Switzerland. Their names have also been learned, as no one but an intimate acquaintance has ever been able to gain admittance to his house. This theory is strengthened by the fact that the three were drinking beer together.

WILL GET ALONG SOMEHOW.

Secretary Long Will Let Congress Decide About Armor.

Washington, June 8.—Secretary Long has passed upon the armor bids submitted recently, deciding to purchase a small quantity of armor and to let the next congress decide what shall be done towards securing the remainder needed for the armored ships already authorized. The armor companies having stated that they could not furnish Krupp armor of the high grade required by the department at the price fixed by the law, but that they could continue the supply of Harveyized armor at $400 per ton, the secretary has ordered the purchase of some of the latter. The bureau chiefs have reported that this Harveyized armor would answer the requirements for the armor of the four monitors to be built, and also for the diagonal plates of the battleships Maine, Missouri and Ohio now under construction. The diagonal plates were brought into the ships at a comparatively early period of the construction and the secretary's decision will go far toward preventing the delay that would ensue had it been decided to purchase no armor.

A REGULAR SLAUGHTER.

How British Soldiers Suppress Rebellion In Kow Loon.

Chicago, June 8.—A special to the Tribune from Vancouver, B. C., says: Passengers by the steamship Empress of Japan gave a graphic description of the rebellion in Kow Loon. When the Empress passed up the coast from Hong Kong the passengers saw the smoking ruins of many villages burned by British troops as a warning to the rebellious Chinamen.

Seventeen thousand natives were then in insurrection and so serious did affairs shape themselves on May 16 that the Hong Kong volunteers were called to the front. The Chinese were simply chased from village to village, without a show of resistance, and the villages burned.

A British surveying party, while surveying the route of the Yarman railway through China, were attacked and roughly handled. They fired their pistols once into the air as a warning, then charged the mob. One Chinaman was killed and ten wounded. All the Chinamen they could capture alive were handed over to the governor of the prefecture with a demand that they be punished.

To the Britishers' surprise headsmen were sent for while they waited, and before they could retire their forces the prisoners' heads rolled into the baskets.

CANDY MANUFACTURE.

Chicago, June 8.—The pure food investigating committee closed its work in Chicago today for the present, after hearing the testimony of several confectioners in regard to candy manufacturing. Charles Gunther, M. Shields, John Berry and a representative of Kehoe & Co. testified that a combination of reputable candy dealers had been formed several years ago for the purpose of preventing the use of adulterants in the manufacture of candies. Nearly every large dealer in the United States has joined the association.

Mr. Shields estimated that a third of the candy products of this country is made by disreputable firms dealing with street peddlers and other "cheap concerns." He strongly advocated a government license for every maker of candy, and also advocated a system of city, district and state inspection.

STORER'S CREDENTIALS.

London, June 8.—The Standard today says that Stanton Sickles, secretary of the United States legation at Madrid, left that city Tuesday in order to meet the new United States minister, Bellamy Storer, formerly United States minister at Brussels, at San Sebastian, where Mr. Storer was due to arrive yesterday. He will stay there for two days, it is added, before proceeding to Madrid, and will present his credentials to the queen regent next week.

A NEW BISHOP.

Indianapolis, June 8.—J. M. Francis, rector of St. Paul's, Evansville, was elected bishop of this diocese today.

GOLF CHAMPION.

London, June 8.—Vardon won the open golf championship at Sandwich today with a total score of 310.

INCREASE OF BUSINESS.

London, June 8.—The statement of the board of trade for the month of May shows increases of £3,170,400 in imports and £5,138,900 in exports.

NINE DEATHS FROM HEAT.

New York, June 8.—Up to noon today nine deaths from the heat had been reported. The thermometer registered 81 degrees above.

AN UTTER FAILURE

Further Advices of the Conference Between President Kruger and Milner.

THE DANGER OF WAR

All the London Papers Refer to the Situation as Dangerous.

London, June 8.—The advices received here today from South Africa, emanating from British sources, show more completely the utter failure of the recent conference at Bloemfontein between President Kruger and the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner.

The London afternoon newspapers all refer to the dangerous situation.

A dispatch from Matjes Fontein says Sir Alfred Milner's proposals included granting the Uitlanders additional seats in the Rand district and that President Kruger, under pressure, finally offered three additional seats. The British high commissioner thereupon pointed out the inadequacy of the president's proposals, adding that he had come to the conference in the hope of being able to inform her majesty's government that the president of the Transvaal was prepared to afford such liberal measures of reform as would enable the Uitlanders to help themselves and relieve the government of the obligations to intervene in order to redress particular grievances.

Thereupon, it is added, President Kruger sought to use the franchise proposals as the means of obtaining a promise to settle the differences under the convention by arbitration, but the British commissioner refused to treat the two subjects as interdependent, taking the ground that internal reform in the Transvaal was necessary in any case in order to preserve the independence of the republic, and as regards arbitration there were certain questions upon which it could not be admitted, while on other questions arbitration was possibly admissable provided a suitable tribunal was suggested, not involving the introduction of a foreign power, which the government would never allow.

In the house of commons today the secretary of state for the colonies, Joseph Chamberlain, confirmed the reports of the failure of the Bloemfontein conference, and also admitted the accuracy of the statements made in the dispatch from Matjes Fontein, explaining that the British high commissioner informed President Krueger that Great Britain would not consent to the intervention of a foreign power in Anglo-Transvaal disputes.

With reference to the Jameson raid, Mr. Chamberlain added, the commissioner informed the president that the British Chartered South Africa company, while protesting against the unreasonable amount of the claim, would consent to submit to arbitration the question of the amount of damages to be paid.

THE ENGLISH LUTHERANS.

Two Minnesota Men Chosen Officers of Northwest Synod.

Milwaukee, June 8.—The Rev. William K. Frick, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer in Sixteenth street, was re-elected president of the English Evangelical Lutheran synod of the Northwest at the business meeting of the ninth annual conference, which began last night.

The session today opened with services conducted by the Rev. Mr. Frick. After the services the president called the meeting to order and the names of the roll call were read, and then Mr. Frick delivered his annual address. He spoke of the good work of the Lutheran church in general and particularly the work of the Northwestern synod. He then reported as to what he had done as president of the synod, which report was accepted and referred to a committee.

The treasurer reported that there was $96.95 in the treasury.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Rev. William K. Frick, of Milwaukee; treasurer, C. A. Smith, of Minneapolis; secretary, J. A. Leas, of Red Wing, Minn.

The committee on ordinations reported favorably on C. L. Wrastler, a student graduate of the Chicago seminary, and the ordination will take place this evening.

PAID TO TESTIFY.

Gus Chapin Says Chicago Police Protect Confidence Men.

Chicago, June 8.—Gus Chapin, a steamboat man, told the Baxter investigating committee today of a Klondike miner who was fleeced out of $1800 by means of a shell game on a boat running to Manhattan Beach, and also of a Kansas City bank clerk who lost $600 in the same manner on that boat. Chapin said he understood a certain police inspector received money from the confidence men for "protection," the amount being sometimes as high as 40 per cent of the proceeds of the robberies. Chapin created somewhat of a sensation by swearing he had been promised $10 to testify before the committee.

Jackson Simpson, a street railway conductor, testified that he had been robbed by a shell game on a local excursion steamer.

William Voss, a slot machine dealer, testified that he had sold slot machines to saloonkeepers. The machines were confiscated by constables, who, however, returned them upon Voss' promise to pay them $2 per week for protection.

STARTS FOR MADRID.

San Sebastian, Spain, June 8.—The newly appointed United States minister to Spain, Bellamy Storer, started for Madrid today.

Washington, June 8.—The state department is now acquainted with the whereabouts of Bellamy Storer, as he has been heard from unofficially.

The Spanish minister paid his first business visit to the state department today, the occasion being the regular weekly diplomatic day, and spent a quarter of an hour with Secretary Hay.

ALL ALONG THE LINE

The Price Advances In Iron and Steel Products Are General.

QUESTION OF WAGES

The Workmen Rather Have the Bulge on the Employers Now.

New York, June 8.—Discussing the trade conditions the Iron Age will say today: The majority depreeate and deplore the rapid advance in prices, but all find it more prudent and profitable to drift with the tide rather than waste their energies trying to stem it.

The question is properly raised? To what extent are advances in price justified when decreed by consolidations or associations of manufacturers? Two principal reasons are brought forward: One, the advance in raw material, and the other higher cost due wages. In the cruder products the latter do not really cut much of a figure when compared with the rise in prices. It is a different matter with the long line of finished rolling mill products.

In the central West the annual negotiations between the manufacturers and the men are now in progress, and the labor cost for a year on bars and hoops, tin plates, shoes, etc., is now to be fixed. A very considerable advance is asked by the men. How much or how little of it will be accorded remains to be seen. This time the position of the men is a strong one. The manufacturers under prevailing circumstances may be expected to put the added cost of labor on the selling price. On the top of that they ought to get a figure to compensate them for paying higher wages on contracts taken during the past six months at lower prices at delivery after July 1, when the new wages go into effect. In other words, higher prices seem inevitable on finished goods on this ground.

While manufacturers could not cover themselves on sales made thus far from delivery, during the second half of the year, so far as increased cost through rising wages affects them, the matter is different with r[illegible]ence in raw material.

The majority have undoubtedly purchased supplies for the future on the rise, and we doubt whether any large quantity of billets have been contracted for above $25 per ton in the central West. The recent sales at prices above that have been made for small lots for immediate use, and it is an open question whether, as the fall approaches, more normal conditions may not prevail. Under the circumstances it is doubtful policy to push up prices now close to the straining point on the pretext of recent advances in raw material, which are really largely nominal.

Plates have been pushed upward along the whole line, largely because buyers have put them up on themselves.

In pig iron there has been a further general advance. Among the sales of grey forge made by Southern furnaces is one lot of 10,000 tons at $12 Birmingham. Basic pig has sold in one lot of 5000 tons at $13, Birmingham. There have been further large transactions in malleable pig in Chicago, one interest selling 6000 tons. In Pittsburg there have been transactions in Bessemer pig involving about 50,000 tons, this including 17,000 tons to one large interest and 15,000 tons to another.

Steel has sold in small lots at $26 to $31, Pittsburg, but these figures have little real significance except to emphasize the scarcity. Muck bars are exceedingly hard to get.

Sharp advances have been made all along the line in finished iron and steel, structural material has been put up $7 per ton, plates have scored another $2 advance, with some large contracts placed and pending, bars and sheets have risen in all the markets. In the wire trade a general advance of 25 cents per 100 pounds has been decreed. Tin plate will probably be pushed up, since the men will be granted a very substantial advance in wages. Steel rails for early delivery are only obtainable at fancy figures in small lots. With the high prices now ruling for relaxers and old rails, some of the roads who bought on the break last winter must be getting nearly as much for the material per ton, which they take out of the track, as they paid for the new rails.

The railroads are determined [illegible] in for their share of the good things going, and are advancing rates. This is true of the central West, and also of the South. We understand that the Virginia furnaces are to pay higher rates on pig iron shipments.

AUGUSTIN DALY DEAD.

He Passes Away In Paris From Heart Failure.

Paris, June 8.—Augustin Daly died here at the Continental hotel yesterday afternoon. Death came very suddenly. Mr. Daly was sick but a few hours, when he died. Heart failure is given as the cause of his death.

Mr. Daly came here a few weeks ago on a business trip and expected to remain but a few days. He did not feel well and went to his room at the Continental hotel, where he passed away.

Augustin Daly was born in Plymouth, N. C., July 30, 1828. His education was received partly in Norfolk, Va., and in the public schools of New York city. He began his literary career as dramatic editor of the Sunday Courier, in New York, in 1859, and he continued to discharge similar functions on that paper, on the New York Times, the Sun, the Mail and Express,and the Citizen until 1869, when he opened the Fifth Avenue theater on Twenty-fourth street.

The building was destroyed by fire in 1873, and three weeks later he opened another theater, formerly the Globe, in Broadway, under the former name. Early in August, 1879, he established Daly's theater on Broadway, near Thirtieth street, and several years ago he opened in London, Eng., a thoroughly equipped house under the same name. For several seasons he managed the Grand Opera house in New York.

His career as a dramatic author began in 1862, with an adaptation from the German of Mosenthal's "Devorah," and since that he had produced many original plays among them "Divorce," "Pique," "Horizon," "Under the Gaslight," and numerous adaptations from French and German dramatists. He achieved also a notable distinction in the presentation of Shakesperean plays, although his production in this field was the source of conflicting critiqism.

In recent years the combination of players with which his name has been identified—Daly's company of comedians—has achieved an international reputation under the leadership of Miss Ada Rehan, whose remarkable talents have constituted a leading factor in the success of his undertakings. Mr. Daly devoted all his time to his theatrical enterprises. He was an enthusiast and always a hard worker, always noted for the elevation of his dramatic purposes and the completeness of his scenic presentations. He was a well-informed student of the dramatic literature of many nations, and the only successful manager of a legitimate stock company.

It is a marvel how some men will risk their lives by sheer neglect. They sleep away entirely oblivions of the danger creeping upon them. Men can hardly be made to realize that a little sputtering spark of disease which might be stamped out in an instant may mean death if it is allowed to keep on. Dyspepsia, constipation and liver complaint seem like trifling matters but they will eventually wreck the constitution as surely as a spark will blow up a keg of powder.

If your health is not strong and vigorous it is a simple and sensible thing to write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., and obtain from him and his staff of eminent specialists, without charge, professional advice which will enable you to put your constitution on a solid basis of health and strength forthwith, before these ailments have a chance to reduce you to a physical wreck.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is acknowledged as the most wonderful medicine ever devised for those diseases which are caused by imperfect action of the liver and digestive organs.

Mr. F. M. Robinett, of Xenophon, Hancock Co., Tenn., says in a letter to Dr. Pierce: "I can heartily recommend Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for indigestion and torpid liver. I tried different doctors with but little result. I could scarcely eat anything—it would put me in such dreadful distress in my stomach. I had a dull aching pain in my stomach, and continual hurting behind my shoulders, bad taste in my mouth, tongue coated brown, had faint spells with a tired worn-out feeling. I took eleven bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and received great benefit. I am now able to work. If it had not been for this wonderful remedy I believe I would not be living to-day."

The most difficult diseases to cure are those which are aggravated by constipation. In such cases Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be taken in conjunction with the "Discovery." They never gripe. All good dealers sell them.

THE FAVORITE.

Betting Is Two to One on Fitzsimmons For the Fight.

New York, June 8.—The Journal and Advertiser says: Despite the fact that Chief Devery has threatened to interfere in the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries contest, betting on the result of the battle continues to increase.

Fitzsimmons still rules a strong favorite over Jeffries. So confident are the lanky Australian's admirers that they offer 2 to 1 freely on the result and in some instances 2½ to 1 has been secured.

Jim Corbett bet $1000 to $2000 on Jeffries last night. Richard Dougherty's offer of $1650 against $850 on the champion was accepted by a well-known banker. Jimmy Carroll has bet $100 against $550 on the Californian. He says he has a commission of $4000 to back Jeffries at 10 to 2. Sam Austin also has a few thousand to back Jeffries.

Harry Corbett, brother of Jim Corbett, and a prominent bookmaker on the Pacific coast, will arrive in town today with a large sum to bet on Jeffries.

A CHAPLAIN ARRESTED.

Tried to Run Things and Capt. Batcheler Protested.

Spokane, Wash., June 8.—Chaplain C. C. Bateman, United States army, is under arrest at the army post. Capt. Batcheler of the Twenty-fourth infantry ordered the chaplain to his headquarters and put him under arrest on Tuesday afternoon last week, but until now the matter has been kept quiet.

Charges have been filed with the war department by Capt. Batcheler. An investigation of these charges will be made this week.

Chaplain Bateman is not willing to be quoted in regard to the affair. Capt. Batcheler refuses to make any statement whatever as to why the chaplain was arrested or what charges have been preferred against him. It is said the charges of the captain are, first, that the chaplain refused to obey orders; second, that the chaplain assumed the authority of the commander of the post and ordered property removed from one side of the garrison to the other, and, third, a violation of section 92 of the articles of war.

TROPS FOR ALASKA.

San Francisco, June 8.—Companies G and L of the Seventh infantry, which are to go as the command of Col. Ray to Alaska, have arrived at Benicia barracks. Company A of the same regiment may be added to the expedition. This company is still at Fort McPherson, Ga. There is no chance of the Third artillery having to go to the north. The order detailing Battery I, Capt. Henry C. Danes, has been revoked. Battery B of the Third artillery is to be sent immediately from Fort Monroe to Angel island in this harbor.

"I am still selling The "Best" Tonic, and reiterate my former statement as to its worth. If every one could know it as I do, you would be unable to supply the demand. I believe it saved my wife's life."—Joseph H. Lutz, Druggist, Bridgeport, Conn.

At all drug stores.

HITTING TRUSTS

Indiana Supreme Court's Decision That Special Legislation Is Not Needed.

LAW IS AMPLE NOW

Any Act Tending to Destroy Competition Held to Be Illegal.

Chicago, June 8.—An Indianapolis special to the Times-Herald says: The Indiana supreme court holds anti-trust legislation to prevent competition-destroying combinations, is not necessary. In a unanimous opinion the court broadly declares that any act by quasi-public concerns which relaxes or destroys competition is unlawful on the ground of public policy, and that the charter of the offending company may be revoked as a penalty.

The decision, which was written by Judge Jordan, is of peculiar interest to Indiana, though of great importance to the entire country. Though the anti-trust law passed by the last legislature may be inoperative, the court has plainly indicated how to obtain the desired relief, and the attorney general, who has been planning a vigorous anti-trust campaign, will probably largely base his course upon this ruling.

The decision was rendered upon a case appealed from the Jay county circuit court. Two companies were organized under the laws of the state for the purpose of piping gas and oil. These companies operated in the city of Portland and furnished natural gas to consumers. It appears that they entered into an agreement to maintain a certain price, and neither would serve a consumer who had been taking gas from its competitor and for any reason had ceased to patronize it.

The prosecuting attorney brought suit to forfeit the corporate powers of both companies, alleging that they were unlawfully combined against the people and were abusing the rights conferred by the state. The people were defeated in the lower court, but the supreme court now reverses the decision.

The case came here on a question of law as to whether the charters of the companies could be forfeited if the facts alleged were true. The supreme court holds the law to be as given above, and the case now goes back to the lower court to be tried on its merits.

The court discusses the powers conferred by the state through its corporate franchises and says that though courts are slow to void franchises, there can be no question of their right to do so when the corporations are abusing the powers conferred by the state by turning those powers against its citizens. Judge Jordan then adds:

"When the state seeks to destroy the life of an incorporated body it is required to show some grave misconduct—some act, at least, by which it has offended the law of its creation, or something material which tends to produce injury to the public, and not merely that which affects only private interests, for which other adequate remedies are provided.

"Where, however, the facts disclose that a corporation has failed in the discharge of its corporate duties by uniting with others in carrying out an agreement the performance of which is detrimental or injurious to the public, it thereby may be said to offend against the law of its creation, and consequently to forfeit its rights longer to exercise its franchises.

"Appelee is in its nature a public corporation, which fact has been recognized by our legislature in conferring upon companies engaged in a business of like character the power of eminent domain. Being the creature of law, the franchises granted to it by the state, in theory at least, were granted as a public benefit, and in accepting its rights, under the laws of the state, it impliedly agreed to carry out the purpose of its creation and assumed obligations to the public, and such obligations it is required to discharge.

"It is an old and familiar maxim that competition is the life of trade, and whatever act destroys competition, or even reduces it, upon the part of those who sustain relations to the public is regarded by the law as injurious to public interests, and is therefore deemed to be unlawful on the grounds of public policy.

"The authorities affirm as a general rule that if the act complained of, by its results will restrict or stifle competition, the law will regard such act as incompatible with public policy without any proof of evil intent on the part of the actor or actual injury to the public.

Turning to the question of the city's rights as distinguished from those of the state as all corporations affect the public life, the court lays down some principles regarding the granting of franchises that are significant in their definitions. By these it is declared that one company may not be granted by the city after private rights had been granted to another, and that these second privileges or rights could have been conferred because it was assumed that some advantages would accrue to the people. On this point the court says:

"It will not be unreasonable to presume that one of the objects upon the part of the city of Portland in granting permission to the Citizens' Gas company to lay its pipes and mains along and under the streets of that city, after it had awarded the same rights to appellee, was that there might be a reasonable and fair competition between these two companies. That the people of the city who desired to become consumers of gas were, by the agreement in question, deprived of the benefits that might result to them from competition between the two companies, certainly cannot be successfully denied.

"The exclusion of competition, under the agreement, redounded solely to the benefit of appellee and the other company, and the enforcement of the compact would be nothing less than detrimental to the public. My uniting in this agreement appellee disabled, or at least professed to have disabled, itself from the performance of its implied duties to furnish gas impartially to all, and thereby made public accommodations subservient to its own private interests.

"The agreement in controversy evidently could serve, so far as the public was concerned, no other purpose than a restriction upon competition and created at least a basis for a monopoly. The law, as we have seen, is inimical to monopolies, and recognizes the right of the public to have the benefit of a fair and healthy competition. That by entering into this agreement and carrying it into execution appellee violated the law and clearly abused the rights and powers conferred on it by the state, and may be said to have offended against the law of its creation, there can be no question.

"Such an illegal act or agreement upon the part of a corporation like appellee cannot be permitted to overstep the law, and it was the manifest duty of the state to interfere, as it has done, and call it to account. And if the charge made is established a deserved penalty ought to be inflicted."

NEWSPAPER MAN DIES.

Philadelphia, June 8.—Vincent McLaughlin, publisher and editor of the Philadelphia Times, died at his home here at 2 o'clock this morning. Mr. McLaughlin was 34 years of age, and came to the ownership of the Times on the death of his father, Frank McLaughlin, about eighteen months ago. Mr. McLaughlin has been suffering for several months from pulmonary and stomach troubles. He leaves a wife and two children.

TO SEE HENDERSON.

New York, June 8.—Representative James S. Sherman left this city last night for Dubuque, Iowa, to confer with Col. David B. Henderson, who is to be the speaker of the next house.

CRACKER TRUST CRUMBLES.

San Francisco, June 8.—The Examiner says the Pacific Coast Biscuit company, otherwise knows as the cracker trust, has collapsed.

THE WORK GOES ON.

Duluth is Interested—It Has Much to Do With the Welfare of Our People.

Never out of work.
That's the case with the kidneys.
Twenty-four hours to the day is the time they put in.
They're equal to it when they're well.
But they get sick.
Stooping positions of the body.
Straining, a fall or over exertion.
Often makes the kidneys sick.
But the work must go on.
They need a helper.
They ask you for it through the back.
When the back aches it's the kidneys
Calling for assistance.
Neglect their petition and trouble follows.
Serious trouble, urinary trouble, diabetes, Bright's disease.
Doan's Kidney Pills are kidney helpers.
Perfect mechanics in their line.
Help the kidneys and cure their ills.
Hard at it here in Duluth, relieving tired kidneys,
Curing sick ones.
The good work goes on.
Here's some evidence of it:
Mrs. M. McGillivary, of 1228 Superior street west, says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills very highly for kidney complaint in all its forms. I was troubled with my kidneys a good deal the past year or two, and had heavy dull pains through my loins. My back tired easily especially if I reclined or sat for long in one position. In the mornings I felt tired and worn out. The kidney secretions were unnatural, and I was troubled with persistent headaches. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box from the Duluth Drug company's store and began to use the preparation. I received wonderful benefit from the treatment and since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have felt splendid. I strongly advise the use of the remedy to others."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

BASEBALL.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Boston—Louisville, 7; Boston, 6.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 6; Cincinnati, 5.
At New York—New York, 7; Cleveland, 1.
At Philadelphia—St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
At Washington—Washington, 8; Chicago, 3.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 6; Pittsburg, 2.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	45	31	.689
Boston	43	29	.674
St. Louis	44	28	.636
Chicago	45	26	.578
Philadelphia	43	24	.558
Baltimore	41	23	.561
Cincinnati	42	24	.558
New York	43	19	.442
Pittsburg	42	17	.405
Washington	45	16	.356
Louisville	44	13	.295
Cleveland	40	8	.200

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent
St. Paul	36	20	.556
Milwaukee	36	20	.556
Minneapolis	37	20	.541
Columbus	33	17	.515
Indianapolis	35	17	.486
Detroit	35	17	.486
Buffalo	34	15	.441
Kansas City	36	15	.417

ONLY COMMON LABOR.

A New Decision on the Alien Labor Law.

Milwaukee, June 8.—The United States court of appeals, holding court in this city, handed down an important decision affirming the alien labor law. The decision interprets the alien law so as to apply solely to common laborers, exempting clerks and all kinds of skilled artisans.

Judges Woods, Jetkins and Brown, constituting the entire court, concur in the decision, which, continuing, holds it was the intent of congress solely to shut out the importation of common laborers under contract to work in mines, in lumbering camps and on railroads. The decision is in the case of George H. Gay, of Indianapolis, who brought a clerk from Scotland under contract.

NEW PLACER MINES.

Gold in Sufficient Quantity to Pay Experienced Miners.

San Diego, Cal., June 8.—A special to the Union from Ensenada, Lower California, says: The steamer St. Denis has arrived at San Quentin from San Roque landing. She will bring from thirty-five to forty pounds of gold dust to Ensenada from the new placers. The reports from practical people do not justify a rush of tenderfeet to the Sierra Pinta fields, but confirms previous statements that there is gold in sufficient quantities there to pay experienced miners. One estimate is that from $5 to $10 per day can be taken out.

LABORERS FOR HAWAII.

Nearly Seven Thousand Japanese to Leave for That Country.

Victoria, B. C., June 8.—Advices from Yokohama state that nearly 7000 laborers will leave Japan during the current year under contract to work on the Hawaiian plantations. This is the result of the permission given by the United States government for the importation of the Japanese to the new island territory under the contract to assist in the cultivation of seven new and immense plantations and to offset in a measure the large Chinese population already in the field. An attempt to augment the Chinese force of laborers by smuggling in coolies is understood to be contemplated and trouble may result.

NEW SITE WANTED.

Washington, June 8.—The government has decided to abandon the old site of the government building at Indianapolis and immediately will advertise for bids for another site for the new building.

The Power of the Press.

"The power of the press" is a common expression, but few really realize its actual power. Deep thinkers do not hesitate to assert that half the crime of our country may be traced to this source. But great as is the influence of the press, it cannot begin to equal the power of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters over disease. Most diseases originate in a weak stomach. The Bitters strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood and cures constipation. It will tone up the nervous system and stimulate inactive kidneys. As an appetizer it is unequalled. It cures sick people, and an occasional dose regulates the bowels and prevents well people from becoming sick. If you want to get well and keep well, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

BRIGANDS PLENTY

Another Story of Murder and Pillage Comes From Santiago Province.

GET NO PROTECTION

Spaniards on the Island Suffer Many Indignities at Cuban Hands.

New York, June 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: Manuel Yribas, manager of the Cardenas-Juroca railroad, who arrived in Havana today, says brigandage continues uninterrupted in Puerto Principe province and Western Santiago. He says the country around Puerto Padre, Nuevitas, Gibara and Holguin is completely at the mercy of bandits. Cattle have been stolen from the farms and other outrages have been committed.

Most of the farmers have suspended cultivation in San Manuel, and a sugar estate near Puerto Padre owned by Mr. Pla has been obliged to shut down. Cuban soldiers, mostly negroes, hang around the villages, but won't work, and the robberies are ascribed to them, but no attempt is being made to prosecute them. A strong feeling exists there that the United States should send soldiers to protect the people.

Juan Potous, Spanish vice consul here, says the Spaniards are receiving no protection from the United States. There is no recognized consul in Havana at present, and he cannot put the claims before Gen. Brooke. He has made a statement to the Spanish minister at Washington.

It is learned from towns in the country that Spaniards are suffering many cruelties, but make no complaint through fear of being killed. In Guinabo three were killed a month ago, but no notice was given the authorities. On Sunday night four black Cuban soldiers showed where they killed the Spaniards in a cafe, boasting of the deed. These men are sacking the country in the vicinity.

American cattle dealers have stopped shipping stock to points any distance outside of the large cities, and ranchmen who can get into Havana come every night. Americans who have invested money are urging the military authorities to put small garrisons in all the towns. The feeling outside Havana is growing stronger every day that a permanent military force or annexation is the only thing that will rebuild the country.

NEW CONSUMPTION REMEDY.

A French Physician Explains It to American Doctors.

Columbus, Ohio, June 8.—At yesterday's session of the American Medical association a sensational paper was read on the "Cure of Consumption" by Francisque Crotte, the eminent and widely known chemist of Paris. Mr. Crotte has cured more than 1000 hopeless consumption cases, and in sppori of his statement he has offered to treat and cure, gratis, 500 consumptives from the different states of the Union.

He comes to America with the highest credentials from the most eminent physicians and the press in Europe, that verify his statements. The treatment is very scientific, and consists of inhalations of formaldehyde vapor, transported directly through the tissues by the aid of high tension static electricity. He is esablishing a sanitarium at Joliet, Ill., and clinics at New York, Chicago, and Los Angeles.

Much interest was manifested in the cure. Many of the physicians immediately took pains to interview Dr. Crotte more closely on his discovery. A number of eminent physicians expressed the opinion that an absolute cure for tuberculosis had at last been found.

NEW NOVEL BY ZOLA.

London, June 8.—The St. James Gazette publishes an interview between its Paris correspondent and M. Emile Zola in the course of which M. Zola says:

"I have entered the lists; I am a gladiator. I am fighting a great fight, that is by no means ended. I cannot write anything until the case is over, but then I intend to write a novel on the Dreyfus affair, summing it all up and drawing from it additional conclusions which cannot be clearly and convincingly stated yet."

ANOTHER CLAIMANT.

Vancouver, June 8.—Another claimant to Dead Man's island has appeared in the person of one John Collier, of New Westminster, who has just learned from England that the property was preempted or purchased by his father, Thomas Collier, in 1843. The patent, Collier says, was recorded at Somerset house.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company

"Put that in your pipe and smoke it"—or in your mouth and chew it—you'll get *Satisfaction* in either case.

Ask your dealer for it—the best seller in the State.

WELLMAN-DWIRE TOBACCO CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

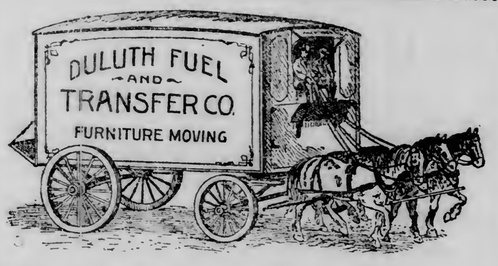
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



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BE WISE AND USE

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TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY.

Action forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases, 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH Druggist.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" Thirty-day Vegetable Vitalizer will quickly cure all nervous, or diseases of the generative organs brought on by youthful errors or excesses, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Spermatorrhœa, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. Stops losses by day or night, Prevents quickness of discharge, which leads to Spermatorrhœa and Impotency. Cleanses the liver, kidneys and urinary organs of all impurities. Strengthens and restores small weak organs. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00. Guaranteed to cure. Send for free circular and 1000 testimonials. Davol Medicine Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by MAX WIRTH Druggist, Duluth, Minn

BEFORE AFTER

MAKE PERFECT MEN

DO NOT DESPAIR! Do not Suffer Longer! The joys and ambitions of life can be restored to you. The very worst cases of Nervous Debility and Blood Poison cured by PERFECTO TABLETS. Give prompt relief to impotency, failing memory and the waste and drains of vital powers, incurred by indiscretions or excesses of early years. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Brace up the system. Give cheeks and lustre to the eyes of young or old. One 50c. box renews vital energy. 6 boxes at $2.50 a complete guaranteed cure, or money refunded. Can be carried in vest pocket. Sold everywhere, or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price by THE PERFECTO CO., Tacoma Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth, Minn., by MAX WIRTH and S. F. BOYCE, druggists

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REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 266 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. BOYCE, druggist.

If you want a new awning or an old one repaired, all kind of Tents on hand, any kind of canvas work, Good work and reasonable prices, the best place is at Poirier & Nordstrom.

That Roof Should be Fixed!

If you want it repaired promptly and thoroughly telephone

McMartin & Co.,

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BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Started Weak, Had a Slight Rally But Slumped Again.

THE NEWS BEARISH

Condition of the Crops In This Country Said to Be Excellent.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 8.—The wheat market was decidedly bearish this morning, and Chicago advices said that some prominent longs on the board there were putting their lines on the market while buying was scattered. The principal cause of the bearish feeling that prevailed among the traders was the condition of the crops in this country. The weather throughout the West and Northwest was said to be much more favorable for the growing crops, while the Price Current was authority for the statement that the condition of wheat has been fully maintained and that spring wheat is even showing some improvement. There was a rally on bearish news regarding the European crops, but the strength was short-lived, the advance bringing further large quantities of wheat and prices again taking a drop. The close was 5c lower than yesterday both here and at Chicago for the July option, September lost 5@ 5½c and 5@5¾c at Chicago.

There was a fair amount of business in futures on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 5@ off at 67½c, rallied to 75@c at 1025, slumped to 71@c at 1130, recovered to 73c at 1150 and held at those figures at the close, which was 5@c under yesterday. September closed at 68c, a net loss of 5@c for the day. About 53,000 bus of cash stuff changed hands, at 1@c under July for wheat in store and at the July price for wheat to arrive. Oats declined ½c, corn rose ½@c cash and September flax advanced 1@c each, while rye and barley were unchanged. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77½c; July, 75@c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74@c; July, 71@c; September, 73½c. No. 2 northern, 70@c asking. 67@c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 77@c; No. 1 northern, 74@c; oats, 26½@26@c. Rye, 56c. Barley, 34c. Flax, $1.01 June, $1.01; September, 93c; October, 92@c. Corn, 32@c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 219; corn, 3; oats, 1; rye, 3; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 160,-068; corn, 4,980; oats, 87@2; rye, 1571; barley, 2185; flax, 591. Shipments—Wheat, 90,455.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 113,000 bus to arrive.....$0.73½
No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus to arrive.... 73½
No. 1 northern, 11 cars on track..... 73
No. 1 northern, 1 cars on track..... 74@
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus to arrive.... 74@
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus to arrive.... 73@
No. 2 northern, 1 car no grade..... 70½

BOARD NOTES.

The Price Current says: It has been a reasonable week for crops. Winter wheat has been manipulated, spring wheat position is more assuring, no important changes. The corn crop is getting in better position. Wheat is being more freely marketed.

B. E. Baker says: State crop reports on wheat as they come all show marked decrease in condition. Indiana 93@, makes crop half what it was last year. They all show a decrease and the government report on Saturday will show a decline from last month, whether enough to help the market is a question. You know it has been fully understood for a month that there would be this decline. Foreign crop news is bullish. That country is so far off it is pretty hard to put very much faith in any news that comes from there. The chances are it will be all denied in the next hour.

July wheat: Puts, 72c; calls, 80c. July corn: Puts, 32@c; calls, 34@c. Good all next week in the Chicago market.

The Indiana crop report issued today says: The reports to the chief of Indiana statistical bureau from 228 townships indicate that the wheat crop will be about 19,000,000 bus, the smallest crop in twenty years. Last year's crop was 38,000,000 bus. The condition is only 49@ per cent.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Home Crop News Had a Very Bearish Effect.

Chicago, June 8.—Wheat today opened quietly at about 5c under yesterday's closing prices. July starting at 75@@74@c. A new feeling of bearishness had developed among the traders, as was evidenced by the influential selling, some prominent longs putting their lines on the market, while buying was scattered. Home crop news was apparently the main factor. The Price Current said the winter position had been fully maintained, spring wheat even showing some improvement. Weather in the West and Northwest was more favorable. During the first hour July got down to 74@c. A rally ensued to 75@@c on continued unfavorable European crop news, but selling was redoubled on the bulge and before 11 o'clock July was back to 74@c.

Corn was decidedly dull. The market was weak early on favorable crop conditions and with wheat, but improved later under a fairly good short demand. Receipts were heavy, 926 cars, and affected prices somewhat. July opened 1@c lower at 32@@32c and advanced to 32@c.

Oats were dull and easy early but became steady later. Receipts were 282 cars. July opened 1@c lower at 23@@24c and advanced to 23@@c.

Provisions were dull. Packers were moderate sellers against large hog receipts and prices were slightly easier early, but steadied later. July pork opened 2½c lower at $8.22 and declined to $8.20. July lard opened 5c lower at $5.02. July ribs opened unchanged at $4.87 and eased off to $4.85.

Chicago received 178 cars, 1 of which graded contract. Minneapolis and Duluth received 657 cars, compared with 928 last week and 195 a year ago.

Reports of drought in the East and loss of the New England hay crop affected the market to some extent before the noon hour, stiffening prices even while the demand showed no signs of improving. Over the market hung the shadow of the forthcoming government crop report and an apprehension that its figures outdistanced all domestic or foreign crop damage reports. The government report a month ago made the condition 76.2 on an acreage of 27,000,000, and if the coming report only reduces the condition to 75, according to traders' calculations, it would indicate a total winter wheat crop of 297,000,000 bus. This was enough to make a bear market out of a much stronger one than the local market is at present. July fluctuated during the last hour between 74@c and 75c, closing with buyers at 74@@75c.

Close: Wheat, July, 74@@75c; September, 75@c; December, 76@c. Corn, June, 32@c; July, 32@c; September, 34@c; December, 33@c. Oats, June, 24@c; July, 23@@23½c; September, 20@@20@c. Pork, June, $8.12; July, $8.17; September, $8.35. Lard, June, $5.00; July, $5.05; September, $5.15. Ribs, June, $4.82; July, $4.85@4.86; September, $4.77. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.01; July, $1.02½; September, 93½c; October, 93½c. Cash wheat: No. 2 red, 77@@78c; No. 3, 74@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 72@c; No. 3 hard winter, 71@c. No. 1 northern spring, 75½@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@@75@c; No. 3 spring, 71@75c. No. 2 corn, 32@c; No. 3 corn, 33c. No. 2 oats, 24@@25@c; No. 3 oats, 24@c. Barley, cash, 35½@39c. Rye, July, 56c; September, 54@c. Timothy, August, $2.90; September, $2.57; October, $2.47. Clover, October, $7.40.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 8.—The market on the opening was steady in tone with prices 1 point higher to 1 point lower. As expected Liverpool readily and fully responded to our sharp rise of yesterday. The full force of the favorable cables was not brought to bear on the local market, being counteracted almost fully by a bearish acreage estimate in a special issue of the Chronicle. This authority pointed to an average decrease of but 3.20 per cent as against local ideas of 6.8 per cent.

Cotton spot closed dull; middling uplands, 6 5-16c; middling gulf, 6 9-16c; sales, 200 bales. Cotton futures, closed steady: June, 5.92; July, 5.96; August, 5.57; September, 5.29; October, 5.07; November, 5.09; December, 5.04; January, 5.06; February, 5.06; March, 5.14; April, 5.17; May, 5.20.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Special sale today was moderate with few buyers on the market. A number of city broke horses and heavy drafters were sold. Prices advanced about $10 a head owing to the scarcity of horses in the country. Mules and Western horses were in a fair demand. The trade for some time is anticipated moderate. The nominal value of serviceable sound horses from 5 to 8 years follows:

Drafters, choice to extra.....$120@$150
Drafters, common to good..... $90@ 90
Farm horses, choice to extra..... 120@ 125
Farm horses, common to good..... 70@ 85
Mules, 1300 lbs..... 75@ 110

THE COPPER STOCKS

Following are the closing prices on copper stocks reported by Paine, Webber & Co., Hotel St. Louis:

Boston, June 8.—Closing prices of copper shares: Adventure, 10@; Arcadian, 50½; Allouez, 7½; Arnold, 12@; Atlantic, 26; Baltic, 50; Boston and Montana, 310; Butte and Boston, 73; Calumet and Hecla, 790; Centennial, 18@; Franklin, 13½; Old Dominion, 39½; Osceola, 83; Mohawk, 28; Mass. Con., 12; Rhode Island, 9; Tamarack, 215; Tecumseh, 6; Union Land, 7½; Wolverine, 42½; Winona, 11; Quincy, 155; Isle Royale, 43½.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Puts, July wheat, 74@@75@c.
Calls, July wheat, 75@@75@c.
Curb, July wheat, 75c asked to 74@-75c.
Puts, July corn, 32½-32c.
Calls, July corn, 33c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sugar	140@	153@	147@	150@
Tobacco	96	99	96	98¾
Atchison preferred	56½	57	56½	56@
B. R. T.	111@	114@	111	113@
C. B. & Q.	131@	132@	130@	131@
C. & O.	155@	155@	155	155
Chicago Gas	117@	119	117@	118@
L. & N.	67@	67@	66@	67
Leather	70	70@	70	70@
Manhattan	110@	112@	110@	110@
Missouri Pacific	42	42@	41@	42@
Northern Pacific	46@	47@	46@	47@
N. P. preferred	76	76@	75@	76@
Omaha	87@	88@	87@	87@
Rock Island	111@	112@	111@	112@
St. Paul	124@	126@	124@	125@
T. C. I.	67@	68@	67@	67@
Union Pacific pfd.	71@	74@	71@	73@
Western Union	89@	90@	89@	90@
Federal Steel	82½	82@	82¼	82¼

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 8.—Money on call, 2@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady with actual business in bankers bills, at $4.88 for demand, and $4.85@@4.86 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86@@4.87 and $4.89@@; commercial bills, $4.83@@4. Silver certificates, 60@@62c; bar silver, 60@c; Mexican dollars, 48@c. Government bonds, firm; 2s registered, $1.00@; 3s registered, $1.09@; coupon, $1.09@; new 4s registered, $1.29@; coupon, $1.30@; old 4s registered, $1.12@; coupon, $1.13@; 5s registered, $1.12@; coupon, $1.12@.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

July—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	75@	75@-¾	80@	
High	75@	75@-½	80@	
Low	74@	72@	79@	79@
Close	74@B	72@	74@-75B	80@
September—				
Open	71@	71@	76@-77@	80@
High	74@	74@-72	76@-¾	80@
Low	71	71@	76@	79@
Close	74@B	71½	75@A	80

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23@	32½@32½-¾	$8.22
High	23@	33	8.22
Low	23@	32½	8.17
Close	23@-½	32@A	8.17@

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bus.	Shipments. Bus.
New York	49,075	48,285
Philadelphia	22,657	2,248
Baltimore	24,092	
Toledo	91,571	13,000
Detroit	6,344	98
St. Louis	23,000	10,000
Boston	13,977	94,627
Chicago	196,050	2,570
Milwaukee	31,500	5,800
Kansas City	51,600	2,220
Duluth	160,868	90,453
Minneapolis	335,800	24,020

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 8.—Wheat, July, 80½c; September, 80c; December, 81c. Corn, July, 39½c; September, 39⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 8.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, June, 72@c; July, 72@c; September, 71½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 73@c; No. 1 northern, 72@c; No. 2 northern, 71@c.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 8.—Clearings, $20,782,190; balances, $1,974,172; New York exchange, 15c discount; sterling exchange, $4.87@4.89.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 8.—Close: Wheat, steady, 1@@1½d higher; July, 5s 11½@; September, 6s. Corn, quiet, unchanged to ½d higher; July, 3s 5½d; September, 3s 6d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 8.—Estimated receipts of hogs today, 20,000; tomorrow, 24,000; left over, 2841. Market weak, slow, 5c lower. Mixed and butchers, $3.55@3.87½; good heavy, $3.80@3.90; rough heavy, $3.60@3.70; light, $3.70@3.90. Cattle, receipts, 6500. Market steady. Beeves, $4.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.00; Texas steers, $4.00@ 4.75; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.10. Sheep, $2.75@5.60; lambs, $3.75@5.75. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 28,110; shipments, 4516. Cattle, receipts, 12,643; shipments, 3287. Sheep, receipts, 7396; shipments, 890.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Raid on Sugar Arrested By a Big Demand.

New York, June 8.—Dealings were on a fairly large scale at the opening and exceedingly well distributed, but, price changes were unusually small and did not amount to a point in a single individual instance. The majority of stocks opened at last night's prices and the small changes were about equally divided between gains and losses. A raid on Sugar sent it down two points, but the yielding tendency of the general market was soon arrested by a large demand for Brooklyn Transit, which advanced 2¾. Pretty much everything else rose strongly in sympathy. Sugar recovering its loss and Manhattan, Metropolitan, Tobacco and Reading, first preferred, being in excellent demand. Purchases of the standard stocks were fairly large, the grangers and the trunk lines showing conspicuous strength. Among the usually inactive stocks Chicago Terminal, Delaware & Hudson, Minneapolis & St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie showed marked gains.

The bears made a futile effort to check the rise by attacking the iron and steel stocks. The paucity of offerings and the resiliency of the general list caused an abandonment of this program and covering by shorts ensued. Brooklyn Transit was the leader, but there was also a heavy absorption of Manhattan, Sugar and Metropolitan, which rose from 2¾ to 4½, the latter Sugar. Confidence in the condition of the wheat situation was reflected in the steadily rising prices of the Western and Southwestern groups. Sales of stocks to noon, 312,400 shares. Louis were moderately active and without material change.

The market took the offerings to realize after 2 o'clock, with a maximum decline of 2¾ in Sugar and 2¾ in Metropolitan. Offerings fell off at the lower level and prices rallied. Iowa Central preferred, Evansville & Terre Haute, and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie gained from 1 to 4 points. The buying was not renewed in large volume, and the market continued quiet and rather easy until the close, Sugar dropping below 151, and prices generally being decidedly below the best.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Clover Leaf, per lb	21 @ 22
Creamery, separators, fancy	19 @ 20
Dairies, fancy, special make	14@@ 16
Packing stock	10 @ 11
Dairy, fair	13 @ 14

CHEESE.

Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11 @ 12½
Full cr'm Young America	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13 @ 13½
Brick, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	12 @
Primost	5 @ 5½

EGGS.

Candled, strictly fresh	13½@ 14

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover, in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00

POPCORN.

Choice, per lb	2½@ 3

APPLES.

Winter apples, bbl	5 50 @ 6 00
Wash. apples, bus box	1 75 @ 2 00

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	1 25 @ 1 35
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 25 @ 1 50
Green and yellow peas	1 10 @@ 1 25
Green peas, bus	90 @@ 1 00

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, per lb	4
Chestnuts, per lb	8 @ 9
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12 @ 13
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	10
Brazils, per lb	8 @ 9
Pecans, per lb	8 @ 9
Filberts, per lb	10 @ 11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½@ 6

FRUITS.

Strawberries, 24 qts	1 75 @@ 2 00
California seedlings	2 25 @@ 3 00
Pineapples, per doz	2 25 @@ 3 00
California navels	4 50 @@ 5 00
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @@ 4 00
California lemons, per box	3 50 @@ 3 75
Limes, per case	2 00 @@ 2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	50 @@ 60
Figs, per lb	15 @@ 19
Dates, per lb	6 @@ 6½
Cranberries, per crate	2 00 @@ 2 70

VEGETABLES.

Pie plant, 100 lbs	75 @@ 1 00
Green peas, bus	1 50 @@ 1 60
Wax beans, bus	2 25 @@ 2 50
Cucumbers, per doz	45 @@ 50
Beets, per doz	50
Radishes	10 @@ 15
Onions	10 @@ 12
Carrots, per bus	30 @@ 1 00
Rutabagas, per bus	45 @@ 55
Parsnips	30 @@ 1 00
Potatoes, per bus	45 @@ 55
Egg plant, per doz	1 25 @@ 1 50
Asparagus, per doz	35 @@ 40
Oyster plant, per doz	60
Horse radish, per lb	8
Parsley, per doz	25 @@ 40
Beets, bus	70 @@ 80
Cauliflower, per doz	1 50 @@ 2 00
Lettuce, per bus	50 @@ 60
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 00 @@ 4 50
Spinach, per bus	45 @@ 55
Red and green pepper	1 00 @@ 1 25
Mint, per doz	30 @@ 50
Cabbage, per crate	2 00 @@ 3 00
Red cabbage, per doz	50 @@ 60
Horse radish roots, per bbl	7 00 @@ 7 50
California new onions	1 00 @@ 2 00
Hot house cucumbers, doz	90 @@ 1 00
Pie plant, per lb	1

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75 @ 3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	4 00 @ 4 50

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	10 @ 11
Spring	12 @@ 13
Old roosters	7 @@ 8
Turkeys, fancy	12 @@ 13
Turkeys, common	9 @@ 11
Ducks	8 @@ 9
Geese	8 @@ 9

MEATS.

Mutton	10
Lamb	11
Veal, fancy	10
Veal, good	9½
Hogs	6

BRAN AND SHORTS. CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	12 00
Ground feed No. 1	15 00
Ground feed No. 2	16 00
Cracked corn	14 00
Coarse corn meal	14 00
Corn	37½
Oats, carlots, sack	50

HAY, CAR LOTS.

Choice South. Minn	9 50
Medium	8 50
Choice timothy	10 50 @11 00
Mixed timothy	8 00 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 8.—Butter, receipts, 8168 packages; firm: Western creamery, 15@ 18½c; factory, 11½@13½. Eggs, receipts, 10,666 packages; firm: Western, 14@15c; Southern, 10@12½c.

THE TWENTIETH KANSAS.

Kansas City, June 8.—The Star today received the following cablegram regarding the muster out of the Twentieth Kansas regiment from its special corresponent:

Hong Kong, June 8.—Petitions signed by nine-tenths of the officers and men of the Twentieth Kansas regiment urging muster out and discharge from the service in San Francisco have been forwarded to the Star and to Senator Baker. STEELE.

BREWERS' ASSOCIATION.

Detroit, June 8.—The United States Brewers' association today elected the following officers: President, Rudolph Brand, of Chicago; first vice president, N. W. Kendall, New Haven, Conn.; second vice president, Joseph Theuren, Chicago; treasurer, William Hoffman, New York; trustees, E. A. Schmidt, Philadelphia, G. S. Miller, Buffalo, Peter Doelger, Jr., Peter Hauck, Jr., Newark, N. J., Fred Pabst Jr. Milwaukee. The next meeting of the association will be held in New Orleans.

TO BUY AN ISLAND.

Berlin, June 8.—A private telegram received here from Madrid says it is reported that Germany intends to purchase the Island of Fernado Po.

There is only one Dent's Toothache Gum. Beware of imitators. All druggists. 15 cents.

ESTABLISHED 1862.
Weare Commission Co.
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS and BONDS.
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318 West Superior St., Hotel St. Louis Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
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LOCAL SECURITIES, ETC.,
QUOTED BY
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
DULUTH, MINN.

Stocks, Etc.	Par.	Per Share—Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	...	110
Am. Exchange Bank	100	...	97
First Nat'l Bank Superior	100	...	...
Sugar Drug Co	100	50	45
Duluth Shoe Co	100	81	70
L. S. Iron mines	100	...	44
Sundry gold stocks—Various.			
Globe Elevator Co	100	..	..
Consolidated Elevator Co., 1st pfd	100	100	99
Consolidated Elevator Co., 2nd preferred	100	100	90
Consolidated Elevator Co., common	100	50	39
County orders registered	...	...	Par
Government bonds—market firm.			

BUY WHEAT $25.00 will margin 1000 bushels, 2½c points.
ON BREAKS If you don't buy more than you can carry and
TAKE PROFITS When opportunity offers, which means
ON BULGES You can make money. Come in and we'll show how we can do it for you.
GIBBONS & CO.,
Grain and Stock Brokers.
St. Louis Hotel Lobby.

ONE CENT A WORD.
REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT; RESIDENCE of the late Capt. Pelton. 813 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A PIECE OF GROUND, corner of Seventh street and Third avenue east, having a frontage of 200 feet on Seventh street and 140 feet depth. For further particulars address George Bailey, 222 Locust street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Wanted Applications.
On hand to loan on first-class mortgage security. $500, $1000, $1500 and other amounts to suit.
We have a lot 25x140 feet, West End, at a bargain.
We have some lots in Duluth Proper, Third Division, and Brookdale Division. The owner wants to sell. Call for description; they will go at a bargain.
Have some lots at a bargain in Helm's Addition.
Chas. P. Craig
& CO.,
Herald Building.

Our Daily Bargain.
CENTRAL AVENUE LOT,
West Duluth, at a big bargain. Also some houses and lots at great bargains. Get our list
GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,
106 Providence Bldg.

School for Advertising
What Printers' Ink Says.
The paper with the largest circulation pays the best.
An ad must look for the reader. Readers seldom look for an ad.
The greatest lesson the advertiser has to learn is to know what publications to keep out of.
Rival manufacturers have no right by imitating devices to beguile the public into buying their wares.
People remember your goods because you force them to. Stop forcing and they'll stop remembering.
There is no haphazard, hit-or-miss, take-your-chance sort of advertising in your results if you use the classified columns.
A whole page ad in two issues of a paper would be better than a half-page in four issues for impressing the people with the idea that something really is going to happen.
If you ever attain that proud position where your goods are in universal demand, because of the advertising you have done, and you get the idea into your head that you can keep up that demand without advertising, forget the idea at once and keep right on sending out copy and paying the bills. It's cheaper.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.
FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES and established business, including horse and wagon, etc., etc. 2004 Piedmont avenue west.

FOR SALE—GOOD SAILBOAT, CHEAP. Owner no use for it. Larson & Anderson. 1306 Fifth street, West Superior.

$30 ORGAN HIGH TOP, WALNUT case; all improvements—used short time. 16 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—ONE SEVEN DRAWER flat top desk, one typewriter desk. Room 2 Exchange building.

$100 PIANO UPRIGHT, GOOD AS new; first class; examine it. 16 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—ONE TEAM OF HORSES and outfit; 100 cords of wood, one stack of hay. Alex Poirier, next poor farm.

HORSES. HORSES.
300 head of farm horses, drafters, general purpose horses and drivers constantly on hand at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

HORSES — HORSES — BUY THEM AT the reliable sales stables of J. Hamme & Co., 125 West First street.

PIANOS TWENTY UPRIGHTS, $175 up; new, just arrived from factories; bargains; examine them; monthly payments. 16 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—HOTEL AND RESTAURANT with thirty steady boarders and good transient trade. All fixtures modern and in first class condition. For particulars call on or address Mrs. W. F. McFall, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE—40 A SOLDIER'S ADDITIONAL. H. W. Coffin.

TRY THE CHINESE HAND LAUNDRY.
Best hand work in town; prices reasonable. Will call and deliver. No. 23, First avenue east. Prop. H. F. Shing.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.
CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 614 CHAMBER OF Commerce. Bookkeeping. Collecting.

FOUND.
FOUND—CHESTNUT BRONCHO NEAR First avenue west and First street. Inquire of W. L. Whitehead, Acme laundry.

MISCELLANEOUS.
LADIES CLEAN YOUR KID GLOVES with Miller's gloverine. It is not a liquid; leaves no odor and can be used while the glove is on the hand. For sale only by Max Wirth, druggist.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., June 6, 1899. Sealed proposals for building extension to breakwater at Presque Ile Point, Marquette, Mich., will be received here until noon, July 6, 1899, and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application. Clinton B. Sears, Major, Engineers.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-6-7-8-9-July 3-5.

ONE CENT A WORD.
Bargains Wanted.
Cheap acres and outlying lots in West Superior.
SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,
304 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Notice to Contractors.
Our head office for the new work from Hibbing to Virginia is now open at Hibbing, where profiles can be seen and all information given in regard to contracts.
FOLEY BROS.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.
GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER. 1821 WEST First street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady at Freimuth's. No other need apply.

AT ONCE. COOK AND DISHWASHER. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 8315 East Fourth street.

GIRLS WANTED AT THE NORTH Land restaurant. Wages $4 per week. 229 Lake avenue south.

NURSE GIRL WANTED. APPLY AT 1306 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for small family. Good wages paid. Inquire at 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL AT 1116 EAST SECOND street. Call evenings.

GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. APply at 809 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL. 1432 EAST First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Not a cook; wages good. Sundays off; small family. Apply F. L. Barber, Proctorknott.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 519 East Superior.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in family of three, where work is light. 601 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1213 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 503 West Third street. Good wages paid to right party.

WANTED—CAMP COOKS—TWO NIGHT cooks; in three houses, two girls each house; waitress and kitchen girl, and fifty girls for private houses. 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED—MALE HELP.
WANTED—GOOD, LIVE, EXPERIenced agent to work for Saturday. Address K 15, Herald.

WANTED — SAWMILL ENGINEER. Call at 1521 West Michigan street.

COATMAKER WANTED. J. JANZIG.

WANTED—CARPENTERS FOR ELEvator work. Apply on the work at Elevator E. Barnett & Record company.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—AGENTS.
WANTED—SALESMEN AND AGENTS for the seller of the century—the celebrated de Thulstrup panel pastel (in six colors) of Admiral Dewey, matted artistically on millionaire lace card board, size 21 by 14 and reproduced on water colored drawing paper—Edition de luxe regular price $1—now offered to the public for the limit of the first edition at $1. Sells at sight to millionaires and mechanics alike. Agents enthusiastic, coining money. $5. Send $1 for complete outfit and specimen pastel plate. Address the Colonial Press, 111 Fifth avenue New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A SPECIAL summer campaign. The Saturday Evening Post—established by Benjamin Franklin in 1728—now published by the Curtis Publishing company, proprietors of the Ladies' Home Journal, is offered to subscribers, for one year only, for $1—the regular price is $2.50. This offer is for the purpose of a quick introduction, and will be withdrawn Sept. 1. The regular price of $2.50 will be maintained after that date. We will give a good commission for every subscription secured, and distribute $3000 Sept. 1 among the 176 best agents. $500 will be given the person sending the largest number of subscribers at $1 each per year. At this special low subscription price thousands can be easily secured. Address the Curtis Publishing company, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gretely Supply Co., 705 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—
Default has been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred twelve and 34-100 dollars, principal and interest, which amount is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale, made, executed and delivered by Susani H. Tallman and Geo. D. Tallman, her husband, to W. M. Wells and E. Wells, bearing date the 9th day of June, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of June, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 68 of mortgages, on page 306.

Default has also been made in the payment of the taxes for the year 1897 upon the mortgaged premises, which to the amount of fifty-four and 19-100 dollars was paid by the undersigned on April 20th, 1899. Also in the payment of premium for insurance upon said premises to the amount of eleven and 20-100 dollars heretofore paid by the undersigned.

By reason of said several defaults there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of eleven hundred seventy-seven and 73-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted.

And whereas, said W. M. Wells heretofore died, leaving a last will and testament appointing as executor, the undersigned Elisha Wells, to whom has issued letters testamentary out of the county court of Walworth county, Wisconsin, an exemplified copy of which was duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1899, at 2:35 o'clock p. m., in Book 174 of deeds, on page 117.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lot number eighty (80), on East Seventh street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 8th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount due upon said mortgage as aforesaid, with interest to date of sale, together with fifty dollars attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated May 25th, 1899.

E. WELLS,
Personally,
ELISHA WELLS,
As Executor of the Last Will and Testament of W. M. Wells, Deceased,
Mortgagee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-25-June-1-8-15-22-29.

ONE CENT A WORD.
SHIRTS D. M. Morrison's Shirt Factory. Seventh Floor, Palladio Building, Duluth.

PERSONAL.
WILL MARY A. TAYLOR KINDLY send her address to Y 39, Herald.

TO RENT—HOUSES.
FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE three blocks from postoffice. 102 Palladio building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, WATER paid, $28 month. Four rooms, water paid, $8 per month. Sixth avenue east. Call at 513 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, REAR of 121 East Fifth street, $5 per month. O. N. Lundberg, 223 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 6-ROOM flat. 205 Lyceum.

TO RENT—FLATS.
EIGHT-ROOM STEAM HEATED FLAT, gas range. Ingalls' flats, No. 216 East Fourth street.

FLAT FOR RENT—6-ROOM FLAT, over Day's jewelry store. All modern improvements. Call at Boyce's drug store.

FOUR ROOMS, $5; 8 ROOMS, $10; WELL, No. 718 West Fifth

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. / Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK.

EVERY EVENING.
DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK,

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 8.—The barometer is lowest to the northward of Lake Huron and is highest over Western Montana. Temperatures this morning average close to 50 degrees west and northwest of Minnesota, and range from 60 to 70 degrees generally in districts east and south of that state. Rains have fallen over the lower half of the Lake region, Southern Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, aKnsas, Nebraska, Eastern South Dakota and in districts north from including Montana. Fresh and brisk westerly winds prevail in the lake region.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Duluth	54	Prince Albert	38
Battleford	42	Qu'Appelle	42
Medicine Hat	40	Qu'Appelle	38
Minnedosa	38	Winnipeg	38
Port Arthur	46	Helena	38
Williston	42	Bismarck	38
Havre	42	Miles City	50
Rapid City	46	Moorhead	54
Marquette	52	St. Paul	58
Huron	56	Milwaukee	58
La Crosse	56	Chicago	64
Detroit	64	North Platte	54
Davenport	58	Omaha	62
Denver	78	St. Louis	72
Kansas City	64	Memphis	74
Dodge City	58	Lander	40

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight and Friday. Fresh variable winds, mostly westerly.

Local data for twenty-four hours ended at 7 a. m. today: Maximum temperature 72; minimum temperature, 54 degrees.

H. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 8.—State and lake forecasts: For Minnesota—Fair tonight and probably Friday; variable winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair tonight; probably increasing cloudiness Friday; westerly winds, becoming variable.

Lakes Superior, Huron and Michigan—Gentle to fresh variable winds; fair weather, possibly becoming unsettled over Michigan Friday.

THE TORRENS SYSTEM.

The operation of the Torrens law regulating real estate transfers in Cook county, Ills., is being watched with considerable interest by many people who are desirous of seeing this system adopted in Minnesota. The question attracted some attention at the last session of our state legislature, and in response to an inquiry the attorney general furnished an opinion that there is nothing in our state constitution that would prevent the application of the system to this state, provided the law be carefully drawn. The original law in Illinois was held to be unconstitutional because it clothed the examiner of titles with judicial powers. The law was then amended so as to cure this defect, and now titles are being registered in Cook county in accordance with its provisions.

Under the Illinois law now in force an officer called the examiner investigates all cases where an owner of land or lots applies for a registration of his title. The examiner is authorized to call and examine witnesses claiming an interest in the property or knowing of claimants to an opposite interest. This testimony is taken in addition to the abstract of title which the property owner produces and to the facts learned by the examiner from his search of the conveyances covering the property. On all the evidence the examiner reports to the court the condition of the title. In a case some time ago a witness subpoenaed for the purpose of testifying to facts involved in a claim to title declined to answer the questions of the examiner. The matter was taken into Judge Gibbons' court under the law, and it was held that while the examiner could call witnesses before him he could not compel them to testify. A court compels a witness to testify by holding him in contempt if he is contumacious, and punishing him by fine and imprisonment. This is the exercise of judicial power which the examiner under the Torrens law in Illinois does not possess.

Under this ruling it appeared as if the administration of the Torrens law had arrived at the deadlock stage, and would remain there until the defect in the statute could be remedied by the legislature. If the examiner could not procure evidence he could make no report on the subject submitted to him for investigation. The facts as to the title could not be determined. But in a later case in the same court it was ruled that if a witness claiming an interest in property for the registration of which application has been made shall refuse to testify he shall be cut off from the interest which he claims.

"No doubt," says the Chicago Chronicle, "this form of punishment will be found quite as efficacious as any that could be devised for recusant witnesses. A witness might be willing to go to jail rather than give testimony as to facts of ownership in property, hoping to hold on to his interest. But if his interest is to be confiscated as a penalty for his refusal to testify he will have no motive for failure to answer the examiner's questions."

Before the next Minnesota legislature meets the Illinois law will have had a fair trial, and any defects that it may contain will have been discovered and proper remedies suggested. Thus our legislators will be enabled to frame a measure that will stand the test of the courts, and will furnish to the people the great advantages that the original Torrens system of transfers possesses.

ANTI-TRUST DECISION.

Indiana has a supreme court that seems disposed to hand down opinions that will make easier the battle of the people with the great trusts. Its latest decision is that any act tending to destroy competition is illegal, and that the charters of corporations which commit such acts can be revoked. "It is an old and familiar maxim," says the court, "that competition is the life of trade, and whatever act destroys competition, or even relaxes it, upon the part of those who sustain relations to the public, is regarded by the law as injurious to public interests, and is therefore deemed to be unlawful on the grounds of public policy.

On the ground of public policy, therefore, the court decided that two natural gas companies which entered into an agreement to maintain a certain price, neither to serve a customer who had been taking gas from its competitor and for any reason had ceased to patronize it, had unlawfully combined against the people, were abusing the rights conferred by the state, and their charters could be forfeited. The case now goes back to the lower court to be tried on its merits. It is significant that no dissenting opinion was presented by any member of the supreme court, the decision being unanimous.

But while Indiana's supreme court is thus standing up for the rights of the people, the supreme court of New Jersey seems to be infatuated with the beauty and benevolence of trusts. That court has recently rendered a decision which stands out as an unprecedented victory for combinations to control the manufacture and sale of an article and to destroy competition. The decision was given in the case of the New York Trap Rock company vs. Brown & Fleming. There was sharp competition between rival quarries which produced the article which this combination was formed to control and between the firms which sold it. Consequently the trust was formed and, as usual, prices were put up.

A part of the agreement was that only the agent of the trust could sell the stone, and a penalty of $5000 was prescribed for violating this clause of the contract. There was some dissatisfaction, and Brown & Fleming accepted an order for a large quantity of stone. The trust demanded the penalty of $5000, but the firm refused to pay the forfeit, and decided to oppose the trust. The company instituted suit for the amount of the penalty. Brown & Fleming filed a demurrer, setting forth that by the declaration of the plaintiff the company admitted it was a trust; that it was an illegal combination formed for the purpose of destroying competition and to control the prices of trap rock.

The supreme court has given a decision overruling the demurrer. The court holds that a contract that a single person shall be employed as the sole agent of the manufacturers to sell all their output does not violate any principle of law, and may be enforced. This decision was a great surprise, as the coal combine in New Jersey had been dissolved for exactly the same reasons set forth in the demurrer which the supreme court of that state set aside in the case of the Trap Rock company. It is doubtful whether the supreme court of any state except New Jersey would make such a decision.

It is not wise to believe everything you see in the morning papers. For instance, the News Tribune this morning had a glowing description of an exhibition drill by the Maccabees' uniform rank at the Armory last night. "It was a pretty piece of work in that line," said the N. T. "The knights showed in their exhibition the result of much hard work under the drill master, as they went through the various maneuvers with marked precision and exactness. The exhibition was conceded a success in all particulars." And yet the exhibition drill did not take place! But how could the News Tribune know it would be abandoned?

Among the projected trusts which have failed for want of adequate financial backing is the National Woolen company, a combination of carded wool manufacturers which was being promoted by some wool commission merchants in Boston. More exactly described, the trouble with this combination, and one which may check decidedly the whole trust movement, is the slump in the market for such securities under the weight of the vast quantity of inflated paper which has been thrown upon it.

The Washington correspondent of the Springfield Republican figures out the present cost of the war in the Philippines to be at least $3,000,000 a month. This is at a rate of $36,000,000 a year, or the equivalent to the interest at 4 per cent upon $900,000,000. The interest upon the total national debt, including the debt incurred by the Spanish war, will amount this next fiscal year to $40,400,000, or not much more than the nation is paying, at the present rate, to "maintain order" in the Philippines. This is a side of our problems that merits very serious consideration.

There may be some truth in the story current in Washington that Tom Reed will not retire from congress, although he will cease to be speaker. His best place is on the floor of the house, and as leader of the Republican majority he would make it decidedly lively for the minority. But while the report is possibly true it is hardly probable in view of the statements made some time ago about Mr. Reed's intentions.

The latest exhibition of the provincialism of New York is the objection by the New York Sun to Gen. Henderson of Iowa for speaker because, it says, his candidacy represents sectionalism and arrays the West against the East. The absurdity of the claim is shown by the strong support Henderson received in the East. And now even the New York delegation has voted to support him.

Mary Ellen Lease, the Kansas cyclone, is to speak at a spiritualistic camp meeting at Anderson, Ind., while Helen Gougar, the Indiana whirlwind, is to speak at the same city for the anti-spiritualists at the same time. The people of Anderson should retire to their cyclone cellars until the storm has passed over.

Friends of Jerry Simpson declare that despite his announcement in his paper that he has retired from politics, he is really filled with the idea of becoming a United States senator and that, in fact, his paper was started to achieve this ambition.

If Spain had a few more islands to sell, her depleted treasury would be overflowing. With $20,000,000 from the United States for the Philippines and $5,000,000 from Germany for the Carolines and Ladrones she is doing extremely well.

The internal revenue department has made a ruling which will be hailed with delight by house and store renters and renters of other property in these days of revenue stamps. An ordinary receipt for rent does not call for a stamp.

The Chicago Record says: The voters may ask Mr. Hanna why the party in power does not take a few whacks at trusts immediately instead of waiting to demolish them in its platform.

Theodore Tilton is still living in Paris and is known as "Tilton, the magnificent, the handsomest man in Paris." He is over six feet tall, with a figure that is perfect.

The cartoonist who represented the next speaker of congress riding a bicycle evidently did not know that Gen. Henderson has only one leg.

In view of recent events in France, who will longer deny that the Filipinos are capable of self-government.

There is no doubt that Madam Dreyfus is the happiest woman in all Europe today.

TRIFLES LIGHT AS AIR.

Indianapolis Journal: "Hear about Willoughbee's railway accident? They say he cannot recover."

"Who says?—his doctor or his lawyer?"

Harlem Life: Maud—Did George kiss you last night when he left?

Ethel—Certainly he did not; why do you ask?

Maud—Nothing, only he just told me that he liked your cheek.

:-:-:

Chicago Tribune: "The ordinary cake walk," remarked the professor, "is a symbol of plenty."

"In what ways?" inquired the doctor.

"It's a bun dance."

:-:-:

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I told him he didn't take cheese, and he scowled.

Then she added regretfully:

"I sized him up just right."

:-:-:

Indianapolis Journal: "Marriage," said the sweet young thing, "is a dream."

"So also is a nightmare," suggested the tough old bachelor.

:-:-:

Washington Star: "I don't care what you say about his business methods, he has done a lot for the poorer classes."

"Yes, and he has, and I weren't for him the poorer class would be a whole lot smaller."

:-:-:

Chicago Post: "If I could have had your money without you," he said, "we never would have been married."

"And if I could have had your title without you," she answered, "you'd still be hunting for a wife."

:-:-:

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "When it comes Sampson's turn I suppose the girls will be smart enough to give him kisses that are in harmony with his hard-earned fame."

"What kind is that?"

"The kind you throw from a safe distance."

:-:-:

Washington Star: "I understand your pretty typewriter goes to a summer resort at your expense every summer."

"Yes," replied the lawyer. "Just a little business arrangement, you know. It's a poor season that she does not manage to throw a few breach of promise suits my way."

When Dewey Comes.

On paths of glory, in the sea,
Our hero, crowned with victory,
Comes sailing home, right gloriously,
Great Dewey comes.

His ship is speeding to our hearts,
And needs no navigator's charts:
We'll send the shore and close the marts,
The Olympia comes.

Old Ironsides shall part her chain,
And o'er the deep will sport again,
To hold her fast would give her pain,
When Dewey comes.

Old Massachusetts sounds his fame,
New England echoes back the same,
The nation harbors in his name,
Her Dewey comes.

He comes and brings his laurels home;
And cheer shall shine like molten bronze,
To greet his coming through the foam,
The day he comes.

This Dewey is the boy for whom
Miss Boston shall the town illume,
Soon shall she hear his cannons boom,
Her Dewey comes.

What, though the voyage may be long,
We'll greet him with exulting song,
Triumphantly shall move the throng,
The Conqueror comes.

The ritual of worship then,
Pure praise to Dewey and his men,
With cannons thundering "Amen,"
Whene'er they come.

We'll chant the carol of the fight,
When the proud battleship we sight,
And shout the welcome with delight,
Hurrah, he comes!

—SAMUEL DUNLOP, in Boston Record.

ANTI-PASS LAW IN OPERATION.

Chicago Chronicle: There was a meeting of the Wisconsin members of congress in Milwaukee the other day to consider the speakership question. In the past in that state, the same in Illinois and other states in which politics is always red hot, such an occasion has called from all parts of the commonwealth—from the capital to the frontiers—the politicians of every degree and rank to offer their advice and assistance in caucus affairs. At this meeting the corridors of the big hotels in town were no more thronged than on other ordinarily busy days; the party leaders and laborers, the local and general "bosses," the captains and the rank and file were conspicuous by their absence. They could not get railroad passes. The caucus was a lonesome political function and was without the interest which numbers give to party events.

The attorney general of Wisconsin has given an opinion on the anti-pass law which will render its operations more drastic. The railroad commissioner of that state desired to attend the national convention of state railroad commissioners at Denver and was furnished passes on the railroads outside of the state leading to that city. He asked the Wisconsin law officer if the anti-pass law prohibited him from riding on a railroad pass while beyond the jurisdiction of the state. He was told that he was bound by the terms of the law wherever he went as long as he held a state office—that he did not cease to be a state officer when he was on his travels and must obey state laws. This ruling will tend to keep the officials of Wisconsin at home the most of the time.

A state officer of Wisconsin says that the anti-pass law will cost the state about $150,000 a year, that being the expense as estimated of railroad travel for state officers and employes and officers and agents of state institutions traveling on official business. This statement must be taken with many grains of allowance, unless the officials of Wisconsin are much more conscientious than those of other states, that is, if all charges are true. According to common report, it is the usage of officials having passes to charge up railroad fare among other expenses when they are traveling on public business. The amount which they are reimbursed for alleged railroad fare is their "takeoff." If the same usage has held in Wisconsin—of which there is no evidence—the state will be at no greater expense in having to pay railroad fare for officials than it was before.

But, much as it may cost directly, it will be money in the pocket of the state, for state officers, members of the legislature and other agents of state will stay at their posts of duty and attend to public business instead of being abroad half the time on junkets and excursions of pleasure at the expense or the railroads for their fare.

IMPERIALISTIC TWINS.

San Francisco Call (Rep.): Two publications in the press of Friday last, though referring to different incidents that transpired in different localities 7,000 miles apart, are deeply significent of the imperialistic tendencies of the day and of the practical effect they have already produced upon the republican system of government.

At Wardner, Idaho, a large number of men claiming to belong to a miners' union destroyed property and committed other acts of violence. The use of all the power necessary to restore law and order and to arrest persons who had been guilty of overt criminal acts was promptly supported by the people and by the reputable press of the United States. When, however, martial law was unnecessarily declared by the governor of Idaho, backed by a military force under Gen. Merriam, when a censorship over local newspapers was established and when, without color of constitutional or legislative authority, the empowerment of members of the miners' union was prohibited and, in individual cases of applications for work, a military indorsement exacted, it was felt that even Russia in its destruction of Finnish autonomy had exerted no more despotic authority and force.

Now it appears that the publication of the Mullan Mirror, presumptively an organ of the miners, has been suspended and its editor arrested on a charge of sedition. It is very likely that the paper has contained indiscreet or even inflammatory articles, of the nature and extent of which we have no information. But in that locality the military power is dominant and sufficient to enforce tranquility and the supremacy of the law without the adoption of imperialistic methods. Interference, therefore, with the liberty of the press, for the abuse of which ample remedies exist through the ordinary tribunals, is a direct evidence of the growth of militarism and of its violent opposition to constitutional safeguards for personal rights and for individual liberty. When the late war was raging the people could not patiently endure the assertion of military authority in districts not within the lines of actual hostilities, and Mr. Lincoln was most careful to insist upon the conservation of our fundamental laws as the vitalizing principal of the union.

In a letter signed by one of the California volunteers, well known in San Francisco, and which is by no means the first of its kind, referring to the capture of bolomen or raiding parties of mountain robbers on Negros island, the writer says that the troops "turned the prisoners over to the native police, who, after lining them up, filled them with lead, making good Filipinos of them."

It is altogether likely that this mode of speedily transferring the natives of the Philippines to those blessed regions where terrestrial imperialism does not exist is justified by Spanish and also by Filipino precedents. Among American citizens, however, who retain some faith in their Declaration of Independence and in their national institutions, and who have an actual comprehension of the meaning of the fraternity of men under a divine sovereignity, and enfranchising and civilizing virtues of assination will be questioned. Negros island is and has been under an American administration, provisional in its nature. There is no reason to doubt that the event described in our quotation actually transpired. But it cannot be believed that the unceremonious execution by the native police, without even the rapid proceeding of a drumhead courtmartial, was sanctioned by the military governor of the island, who exercises civil functions, or that it will fail to meet stern condemnation, probably on the spot where it occurred, but certainly in American communities, satisfied with their own republic and not ambitious to follow the imperialistic example of Great Britain.

No phrase has been more frequently repeated than that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." The incidents upon which we have commented, one in an American state and the other in a proposed American dependency, suggest the necessity of rigid adherence to the admonition and of effective resistence to every departure from our political system, no matter under what pretext it may be extenuated.

THE COMING SPEAKER.

Indianapolis News: Henderson of Iowa for speaker. "Westward the course of empire takes its way."

Chicago Times-Herald: The West is confronted with a great opportunity. If it will throw its 101 votes to Gen. Henderson the West is certain to have the next speaker of the house.

Washington Post: It would seem that Hon. Jim Sherman has paid too much attention to the baseball vote and thus permitted Hon. Dave Henderson to dally with the congressional vote.

Minneapolis Times: The New York Sun may rage and Mr. Sherman imagine vain things, but that Gen. D. B. Henderson of Dubuque, Iowa, will be the speaker of the house in the Forty-sixth congress is as certain as anything political can be before the event.

Springfield Republican: The withdrawal of Mr. Hopkins of Illinois in favor of Gen. Henderson seems to settle the question of the speakership. For Illinois offers no other candidate, which has the effect of consolidating the West upon the Iowan. Mr. Sherman of New York is unable to command the support of a solid East, and, therefore, seems doomed.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: David B. Henderson presents the broad and more progressive spirit of the Republicans of the West. And it is fitting at this time, when these new issues are confronting the party and invite its wisest statesmanship and its most courageous leadership, that the chair of the speaker should be filled by a man in full sympathy with that spirit of Western Republicanism which is now the controlling force in the public sentiment of the nation.

Minneapolis Tribune: Representative Henderson has a still better claim to recognition than that of sectionalism. He is probably the most competent man that could be chosen in the whole list of members of the next house to step into the ample shoes of Speaker Reed. He is a man of force and character, of high courage and intelligence, and he has had the legislative experience and training without which it would be useless for any man to attempt to preside over a body like the American house of representatives. He will be a worthy successor of the man from Maine.

A Pretty Good Story.

Anoka Union: Here's a stunner. A teacher who came to Anoka to look over the place before closing a contract, was so pleased with the beauty of the city, that she voluntarily offered to reduce her salary $5 a month. Here, some of you newspaper fellows, match that if you can.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

IN MICHIGAN.

The Goodrich Mine, Idle Seventeen Years, to Be Operated.

Ishpeming, Mich., June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Goodrich iron mine, four miles south of this city, has been bought by A. B. Miner, and is to be reopened and worked extensively. The mine has been idle seventeen years. The demand for iron ore is greater than the supply and scores and scores of old mines idle for ten to twenty-five years are being reopened or looked over carefully with a view to speedy resumption of mining.

The Cambria and Lillie mines, which have been operated by citizens of Negaunee for so long a period, have finally passed into new hands. Those who were interested in the properties and who consented to their transfer to the Republic Iron and Steel company have received certificates of stock in the new corporation in part payment for their interests, and the properties are now in the hands of the new company. The deal was only completed a few days ago, when the certificates were received. The stock has a par value of $100. It has not yet been listed, so there has been no opportunity to ascertain what the public thinks of it as a speculative stock.

Calumet—What promises to be one of the greatest demonstrations ever held in Houghton county will be that scheduled by the Finnish population for June 24 at Calumet. The date is known in Finland as "Midsummer Day," and is the greatest of all Finnish holidays. Meetings of representatives of all the local Finnish societies have been held, and all are enthusiastic in combining their efforts to make the celebration a rousing success as well as furnishing an opportunity for the discussion of questions agitating their kinsmen at home.

R. O. Messier is arranging to pull off a ladies' 6-day bicycle race here in the near future, and also at Portage Lake. He is in correspondence with Lizette, the noted French rider, and Farnsworth, Anderson, Glaw and, in fact, the best lady riders in the country, and hopes to secure the contracts of them all.

The adjourned term of the circuit court opened Tuesday, having been called specially to dispose of the case of Koller vs. Johnson, both of Calumet, which has been on the calendar for a year or more. It is a case in trover, in which Koller seeks to secure damages amounting to $15,000 for the wrongful conversion of his goods by the defendant.

Houghton—The firm of Wilson & Sampson, of Duluth, is about to locate here. It has secured a number of contracts, including one for the Hancock Chemical company at Dollar Bay and another for C. A. Wright at Hancock, in addition to the Sheldon-Calvert block at Houghton. The contract for the erection of the latter was awarded to this firm on Tuesday and they will commence work immediately with a large force. The buildings are to be of brick with plate-glass fronts, and will be finished in hardwoods. It will contain four of the finest store rooms to be found at Portage Lake.

That Atlantic stock has shown a strengthening tendency during the past few days is not at all surprising in view of its May product of more than 230 tons. Nothing seems more strange than that the stock of this mine should be selling below that mark when the pile of ore blocked out, that is, on the basis of its capitalization of only 40,000 shares, when it is considered that the Atlantic compares favorably with any of the local mining properties in the completeness of its equipment and at the same time is making handsome earnings on its output, something like $8 or $10 a share, and which will be materially increased with the full development of a few months hence of "A" shaft, now being sunk at the rate of about 50 feet per month. It is not likely that the new railroad leading from the Franklin, Jr., and Arcadian mines to the company's new stamp mills at Greenwood on Portage Lake will offer regular service much before July 15, so that neither mill will treat any rock before that time. At the Franklin, Jr., mine work is steadily increasing the resources, being conducted with vigor. The new "north" shaft is down 175 feet, or nearly to the second level. At this shaft "rising" is being done at the ninth, eighth, seventh, sixth and fifth levels, from which it will be seen that the shaft will be added to the list of producers in a comparatively brief space of time. No. 1 shaft has reached a depth of nearly 1300 feet, and here, as well as at No. 2, little trouble is now experienced from surface water.

Samples of rock recently brought in from the Meadow property show a surprising amount of heavy stamp copper, much resembling that of rock from the Mohawk. The Meadow shaft has attained a depth of nearly 100 feet, at which point good encouragement, to say least, is now offered.

A special election will be held in Houghton June 24, when the proposition of bonding the village in the sum of $60,000 will be submitted to the taxpayers.

Spalding—Ross Bros. expect to start their mill the early part of this month. They will employ between fifty and sixty men.

Escanaba—The Ford Lumber company will wind up its business here next year as far as the pine goes. It is possible that they will enter into the cedar business but as to that nothing is certain.

The grand lodge of the Skandenaviska Hjelp och Enighets Foreningen af Amerike convened here on Tuesday and will be in session probably the balance of the week. This society, the first local branch of which was organized a quarter of a century ago, is comprised wholly of Scandinavian citizens, and has a membership of upwards of 2,000 aside from the Ladies' auxiliary, some 500 additional. It is a benevolent organization, having a cooperative life insurance, sick benefits and a burial fund.

Bay Mills—Residents of the Indian mission, near here, have begun the erection of a new church near the place occupied by the old building, now used for school purposes. It is to be 28 by 40 feet in size. The foundation timber was gotten out this week. About $200 has already been subscribed among themselves. The old building was erected forty-five years ago.

Marquette—State Game Warden Morse says in his May report that the state is now policed as effectually as the meager allowance will permit. He expects to see the remuneration of county deputies increased in the near future. During the month the department investigated forty complaints of violation of the fish laws and eighty arrests were made. There were fifty-two convictions and a total of $1845.55 in fines and costs collected, while fish and fishing apparatus valued at $456 were seized and condemned. There were seven acquittals and three dismissals.

PEASE ON POLITICS.

Anoka Union (Rep.): Hello, Eastman Aivah. Maybe Anoka has paid some of her obligations to Dare. The Union sizes it up that way.

If the new supervisor of census was appointed to give Anoka a slap in the face, the insult is accepted, but the Union misses its guess if a little fellow, Pagey Morris by name, does not get a number of good hard ones in return. Mark.

The politicians say, "do not mention politics in an off year," and then proceed to secretly put up the pins, and in the political year have them securely riveted. That's where the political manipulators get ahead of the people.

A clipping bureau notifies the writer that for 50 cents a dozen it will furnish newspaper clippings on his gubernatorial boom. Fearing the most of them might per chance be favorable, he is compelled to decline the offer.

How insignificant Pagey Morris looks in company with the other members of the Minnesota delegation to congress. What a nice, kiss-me-quick slobberer is Aivah Eastman, the champion collar wearer of the Sixth district.

Need Not Stay Away.

Little Falls Transcript: Secretary of War Alger will soon visit Duluth and other points along the lake in Northern Minnesota where he has large lumber interests. That fact need not necessarily keep anyone from going to Duluth on the Northern Pacific excursion June 16. The secretary will not issue any rations at Duluth. The Northern Pacific did not know of the great man's visit when they arranged for the excursion.

Coffee Given Away

For one week only
at the special sale of

O'DONOHUE'S

Greater New York Coffee

BANNER BRANDS

5th Ave. Mocha & Java - - - 35c.
Mindoro Java & Mocha - - - 30c.
Oriental Blend - - - - - - 25c.

Every purchaser of 1½ lbs. of either brand gets

1-2 LB. FREE.

First come first served.

MONDAY, JUNE 5, to SATURDAY, JUNE 10. **JOHNSON & MOE,** 2102-2104 West Superior St., DULUTH, MINN.

THE DAKOTAS.

Condition of Crops Around Bismarck Is on the Whole Favorable.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—Very heavy rains have fallen in all parts of the state during the past week, accompanied by moderate cool weather for this time of year. While some slight damage has been done by excessive rains, still they have been of great benefit in germinating late sown grain, and reviving that which had been previously damaged by high winds and frosts. In Pembina county, some wheat is reported as turning color, from some unknown cause, while from all sections of the state, weeds are said to be making rapid growth. Considerable flax is yet to be sown as but little could be done the past week on account of the unfavorable weather for working land. The most of the other small grain such as oats, barley and millet has been seeded, and corn planting is also about finished, but some will have to be replanted on account of the seed rotting in the ground. All grain that is up is reported as looking very good, and making rapid growth. The ground is full of moisture, and all that is needed now is warmer weather and sunshine.

Minot—Thursday evening Bertha Hoffman, aged 11 years old, was playing with her 5-year-old brother on the main bridge that spans the Mouse river at this point. The baby got too near the end of the plank, lost its balance and fell fourteen feet into the river, which at that point is sixteen feet deep, owing to the dam below. The brave girl heard a scream and sprung from the railing of the bridge into the swift current, and as she shot into the water she caught the little one by the hair. They both went down together but soon came up. The girl still held her brother and, fortunately, caught to some floating brush, hung on and was saved. She is the heroine of the town.

Carl Opsahl, proprietor of the Velva hotel, at Velva, a small town on the Soo road a few miles east of Minot, committed suicide by hanging himself on a claim shanty near the town. He had a severe attack of typhoid fever last winter, and was not considered of sound mind. He leaves a wife and eight children.

There was a narrow escape from an accident on the Northern Pacific yesterday morning that might have marred the festival. A west-bound freight made a mistake of an hour and almost collided with the delayed No. 4 just before the train reached Fargo. The straight track averted an accident and the freight backed in to Fargo. Some of the passengers were badly frightened when they realized their close call.

Bismarck—Jack Flynn, formerly of Winona, and who has been out in Missoula for some time, was brought to the hospital from the west suffering from a serious knife wound in the abdomen. The wound was received in a quarrel between a negro and a white man in which Flynn interfered, and received the wound that befalls the peacemaker. The negro slashed him with the knife, inflicting a terrible cut in the flesh just over the intestines.

Valley City—The state educational examining board, comprising State Superintendent Holland, Joseph Carhart, principal of the Mayville normal; N. D. Nelson, of Mayville; Rev. H. Y. Richter, of Lynchburg; E. S. Russell, of Jamestown; J. Henry Plath, Jr., of Wood and Col. Peake, of Valley City, were here yesterday to pass upon graduates of the state normal.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Rapid City—The present spring has been the wettest known for ten years. The latter part of last week, there was one of the biggest downpour ever seen in this vicinity. People living along Spring creek had six inches of water in some of their houses and a good many cattle and other stock were drowned. Near Brennan, Shorty Phillips, a prominent cattle man here, lost about 100 head of cattle and his cutting camp outfit and he places his loss at about $3000. A good many cattle were killed by lightning. The storm was very severe in the vicinity of Fairburn and Buffalo Gap, where it took the form of a water spout. One bridge was washed out on the Elkhorn railroad.

Redfield—The outlook for a good crop in the section around Redfield is very good at present. The average rainfall during the last month has been considerably greater than for five or six years previous.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Saturday, June 10,
ONE NIGHT ONLY,
America's Foremost Comedian,
Bobby Gaylor,
With his merry associates in the hilarious farce,
McSorley's Twins.
PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c.

HILL TOP **CASINO and PAVILION.**
J. C. MORRIS, Lessee and Manager.
Next Sunday and all Next Week,
MATINEES DAILY.
"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,"
Military Brass Band. Fashionable Vaudeville. Autocratic Curios. Concessions and Privileges.
POPULAR PRICES.—Afternoon 1:30 sharp; evening 7:30 sharp. Double Bill. Two Shows.

PARLOR THEATER.
19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, Matinee Saturday, 2:30 p. m.
Mlle. Modesta Burlesque Co.
20—Handsome Ladies—20.
A laughing hit from start to finish.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred fourteen and 78-100 dollars principal and interest which amount is due owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale made, executed and delivered by William McRae to Nathaniel J. Upham bearing date the 17th day of September, 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 18th day of September, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 42 of mortgages on page 624 which mortgage was duly assigned by said Nathaniel J. Upham to W. M. Wells and E. Wells by written instrument dated September 18th 1891 and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on October 7th, 1891, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book 71 of mortgages on page 506.

Default has also been made in the payment of the taxes for 1897 which to the amount of nine and 51-100 dollars heretofore became delinquent and were paid by the undersigned.

By reason of said several defaults there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal, interest and taxes the sum of eleven hundred twenty-four and 29-100 dollars to recover which no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted.

And whereas said W. M. Wells heretofore died leaving a last will and testament appointing as executor the undersigned Elisha Wells to whom has issued letters testamentary out of the county court of Walworth County Wisconsin an exemplified copy of which was duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1898 at 2:30 o'clock p. m. in Book 174 of deeds, on page 117.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to wit:

The east half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section number seven (7), in township fifty (50) north, of range fourteen (14) west of the fourth principal meridian, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house of said county in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the first day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay the amount due thereon as aforesaid with interest to the day of sale together with fifty dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated May 18th 1899.

E. WELLS. Personally, Elisha Wells as Executor of the last Will and Testament of W. M. Wells, deceased.
Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-18-25-June-1-8-15-22-1899.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of fifty-one dollars ($51) of the semi-annual installments of interest which became due on the first day of September, 1898, and default has been made in the payment of the whole of the semi-annual installment of interest, which became due on the first day of March, 1899, said installment being for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars ($150), which defaults have continued to the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Nels O. Roswold and Laura Rosswold, his wife, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of September, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September 10th, 1894, at 3:25 o'clock p. m., in Book 59 of mortgages, on page 135.

Said mortgagors made default in paying taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897, and the undersigned mortgagee on May 10th, 1899, paid said taxes on said premises with penalties, costs and interest, amounting to the sum of eight hundred seventy-two and 45-100 dollars ($872.45).

Said mortgagors also made default in paying special assessments against said property, for sprinkling for the years 1895, 1896, 1897 and 1898, to the amount of ten and 63-100 dollars ($10.63), which were paid by the mortgagee on May 10th, 1899.

Said mortgagors also made default in the payment of premium for fire insurance on the building located upon the mortgaged premises, to the amount of thirty-six and 52-100 dollars ($36.52), which the mortgagee paid on May 10th, 1899.

Under the terms of said mortgage, the mortgagee claims and holds a lien against the mortgaged premises for the said sums paid as above stated for taxes, assessments and insurance premium.

More than ten days have elapsed since the defaults made in the payment of said installments of interest, and The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company has duly elected to declare the whole principal sum of said mortgage debt due and payable at the date of this notice.

There is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal and interest of said mortgage debt, five thousand two hundred sixty and 08-100 dollars ($5260.08) and for taxes, assessments and insurance premium paid as above stated, nine hundred nineteen and 40-100 dollars ($919.40) making in all due at the date of this notice, the sum of six thousand one hundred seventy-nine and 48-100 dollars ($6179.48).

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered fifty-four (54), West Second street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the accepted plat thereof, of record in the office of the register of deeds, for said county of St. Louis, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of six thousand one hundred seventy-nine and 48-100 dollars ($6179.48), and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars ($75) attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 10th, 1899.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys' for Mortgagee

CONTAINS NOTHING INJURIOUS

FOOD

BEST BECAUSE PUREST

prepared with

Calumet Baking Powder

is free from Rochelle Salts, Alum, or any injurious substance. The highest grade baking powder made, or sold at a

MAKES HEALTHFUL FOOD

MODERATE PRICE.

NONE SO GOOD

WILL LOCATE IN SEATTLE.

Ex-Gov. Clough Contemplates Removing to the Pacific.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer says that "ex-Governor D. M. Clough, the intimate personal and political friend of President James J. Hill of the Great Northern," is in Seattle and contemplates locating there in the lumbering business. Governor Clough went West with President Hill in a private car three months ago, soon after he vacated the office of governor of Minnesota. He was so thoroughly charmed with the prospects of Seattle and Washington that he determined to return there and investigate business conditions with an idea of securing a foothold in the lumber business.

"Lumbermen in the East are beginning to see the end of the great forests there," said Governor Clough to an interviewer. "They are looking toward Washington as the country's future source of supply for the lumber markets. I am simply prospecting the ground. I don't know just yet what I shall do. Yes, I may, perhaps, get into business here. I am out of business in Minnesota.

"Frankly, I will say that I was so much impressed by this state when I came out here last spring with Mr. Hill that I determined to come again. I have been twice to the coast since, spending part of the time in California. I may be here a week, perhaps longer, and maybe as long as a month. No, I cannot tell you what my plans are. They are not matured."

AMUSEMENTS.

"McSORLEY'S TWINS."

Tomorrow evening Bobby Gaylor will be seen at the Lyceum in "McSorley's Twins," a farce comedy up to date in every particular and with enough plot to more than interest the average amusement seeker. Bobby Gaylor is original; whatever he does is funny; his jokes are all new. Some of them have been told before, but not like Gaylor; his work possesses a naturalness that imparts to it a delicious Hibernian flavor and keeps the audience in a continuous roar of laughter all the time.

THE PAVILION OPENING.

Davis & Busby's "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which will run every afternoon and evening, beginning Sunday, at the Pavilion, is a great show. The good old play will be presented as it has never been seen here before, and the company has received high praise in every city in which it has appeared.

This will be the opening of the Pavilion, and Capt. Morris has provided a large number of interesting features.

THE MARSTON STOCK COMPANY.

The Marston stock company will open a week's engagement at Turner hall next Monday evening, playing at popular prices. This company comes well recommended by the press and public. It includes some good dramatic talent, including the beautiful young actress Florence Stanley. Miss Stanley is said to be an actress of marked ability. The supporting company includes some well-known people. The costumes worn by the ladies are very elegant and the plays to be presented are new and up to date. There will be an entire change of program each evening and numerous high class specialties will be introduced.

Freight Handlers Meet.

Yesterday the Duluth Local Freight Agents' association met at the office of James Kelly, chairman of the Lake Superior Car Service association. Meetings will be held hereafter every month on the second Wednesday. It was decided to observe six holidays, Christmas, New Year's, Thanksgiving, Fourth of July, Labor day and Memorial day. The following officers were elected: President, J. I. Thomas, the Northern Pacific; vice president, W. A. Eden, Eastern Minnesota; secretary and treasurer, James Kelly; executive committee, D. H. Williams, of St. Paul & Duluth; J. H. Poteet, of Omaha; W. A. Eden, of Eastern Minnesota; J. E. Watt, of Duluth & Iron Range; J. I. Thomas, of Northern Pacific.

The New Land of Gold.

Yes, Idaho's turn has come at last. For years she has lain dormant waiting, waiting. The turn has been called, "the clock has struck," the change has come.

The extension of the Northern Pacific's Spokane-Palouse branch to Lewiston, and the further extensions, the present season, from Lewiston up Lapwai Creek and up the Clearwater River into the heart of the old Nez Perce reservation are working wonders. And along with this era of railway expansion comes the wonderful discovery of gold in the Buffalo Hump country. Here, where forty years ago the placer mines yielded $100,000,000, as the authorities tell us, now are discovered the most stupendous quartz ledges ever known. Between Florence and Elk City, Grangeville and the Salmon River, the probabilities are that Klondike will be outdone.

Then, too, the farmer and ranchman has his chance. Between Lewiston and the Hump lies a fruit and grain region famous around Idaho. The Cold Springs and Camas Prairie lands can't be beat. As a fruit and grain country this region beats California, and now that new mining camps furnish good and nearby markets and transportation facilities are so much improved, the farmer will find these acres to be as rich mines of gold to him as the quartz ledges are to the miner. So everybody has a chance here to make a good turn. Send 2 cents to Charles S. Fee, St. Paul, Minn., or to any general or district passenger agent of the Northern Pacific Railway for the new Buffalo Hump folder. It describes all this region. It has a large and up-to-date map in colors.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

DULUTH WINS.

Captures a Game From Superior---Slugging and Errors the Feature.

Victory perched on the brows of the Duluth ball nine yesterday afternoon and the Superior men and their cohorts returned home in chagrin. It was a very unsatisfactory game, error, and the runs were so many and the errors so thick that the scorers came very near giving up in spires. They did in fact get mixed and as the nines were leaving the grounds the Superior scorer suddenly discovered that according to his tally the score was a tie. It was too late then, however, to protest for the players had left the grounds.

There was a high wind blowing with heavy gusts at intervals. It was blowing directly in the face of the pitchers, and the ball when hit was carried by the wind. Patterson pitched for the locals and Mullaney for the Superiors. Both were slugged pretty hard. Twice during the game Mullaney went to pieces for a few disastrous moments, in the fourth with two men out the locals began to hold the ball and scored three runs before the third man could be put out. Again in the ninth inning the locals batted the ball in hard shape and brought in eight runs making the score 17 to 15. The Superiors started after Patterson at once and piled up eight runs in the first three innings. Throughout the game hits were plenty and safe hits, too. Burns made the star hit of the day, a 3-bagger.

The number of errors made in the game was frightful, twenty-three in all. Duluth batting twelve and Superior eleven.

On Saturday and Sunday the Minneapolis Brewers and the Duluth nine will play.

FOUR BOXES DID IT.

Remarkable Success of a New Pile Cure.

People who have suffered for months or years from the pain and inconvenience of that common disorder, piles, will look with skepticism upon the claims of the makers of the new discovery for the cure of all forms of piles, known as the Pyramid Pile Cure; nevertheless the extraordinary cures performed by this remedy are such as to warrant the investigation of any sufferer. As a case in point the following letter speaks for itself:

Mr. Henry Thomas, of sub-station No. 3, Hosack avenue, Columbus, Ohio, writes as follows:

"Gentlemen—I want you to use my name if it will be of any use to you. was so bad with the piles that I lost much in account. Nothing did me any good. I read in Cincinnati of the many cures of piles by the Pyramid Pile Cure, and I went to a drug store and asked for it. The druggist told me that he had something else that he thought would better, but I told him that I wanted to try the Pyramid first.

The first box helped me so much that I tried another, and then to complete the cure used two more boxes, making four in all. I am now completely cured. Have not a trace of piles, and I had suffered for years with the worst form of protruding piles."

I suffered death from piles, but I found the Pyramid Pile Cure to be just as represented. I have recommended it to several of my friends, and am thankful to be able to write and tell you what good the remedy has done for me."

Physicians recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure because it contains no opium, cocaine, or mineral poison of any kind, and because it is so safe and pleasant to use, being painless and applied at night. The patient is cured in a surprisingly short time with no inconvenience whatever.

Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists at 50 cents per package, and if there is any constipation it is well to use the Pyramid Pills at the same time with the Pile Cure, as constipation is very often the cause of piles, and the pills effectually remove the costive condition. Price of pills is 25 cents per package.

Write to Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., for little book on cause and cure of piles; sent by mail free.

College Entrance Examinations at Craggencroft.

Notice is hereby given all interested that by regular appointment of the institutions named below and on the dates given regular entrance examinations will be held at Craggencroft classical institute for admission to the freshman class at Mount Holyoke college June 9, 10, 13 and 14; Smith college, June 21 and 22; Columbia university, June 13 and 14; Princeton university, June 15 and 16.

For information address the Rev. John Mason Duncan, Craggencroft, who will preside.

The territory covered is Duluth, Superior and in general this section of the Northwest.

YELLOW FEVER DEATH.

Washington, June 8.—Gen. Brooke at Havana has reported to the war department that Private Charles Woodfin, Company A, Fifteenth infantry, died of yellow fever at Puerto Principe June 4.

The Popular Route.

See that your ticket reads via the popular Wisconsin Central lines from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Marshfield, Stevens Point and Milwaukee, Wis., Chicago, Ill., and all points East and South.

CLASS DAY PROGRAM

Graduating Class at the High School Has Some Interesting Exercises.

ORIGINAL FEATURES

A Number Are Introduced---History, Prophecy and President's Address.

The class day exercises of the graduating class of the Duluth Central High school were held last night at the Assembly hall, and when the exercises began at 8:30 o'clock there were very few vacant seats. On the stage, beneath the class colors draped over the proscenium, sat the class of '99, with the young women in front and the young men behind. At the right of the class was Thomas Colvin Kelly, the class president. Directly across the hall, in the back portion of the gallery, sat the junior class, which will be the senior class next year. At the left of the stage sat the sophomores, and to the right were the freshmen, as nearly in a body as was possible. The program was one of the most delightful that has ever been given at any class day in the high school, and there were several novel things in connection with it. After an overture by the orchestra, led by A. F. M. Custance, the class of 1899 gave the chorus, "Alma Mater," by Mr. Custance.

Anna Louise White then gave the class history in a very bright, entertaining and original manner, showing the events, great and small, ridiculous and sublime, that have attended the class in the four years of its history. In opening she invoked the muse to relate the history of the class, and Clio responded as follows:

"I tell of 190 youths and maidens that, coming first from the schools of Duluth, struggled with mighty efforts up the path leading to glory. I tell of their joys and sorrows, of their failures and successes and behold, of the mighty number that first entered this path only five have traversed it in safety and, after four long years of wandering, have gained the honor and knowledge that they sought.

"There was a former teacher, who for one year guided the class over the steep and rugged path. Oft by his prudence, oft by his kindness, was the class led over difficulties at first seeming insurmountable. Nor were the troubles out of which Miss Lohr led the class few, for great was the ignorance of all, even though there were some members of the class destined to be remembered in the annals of the high school—conspicuous among them, John Havdal, the pride, the boy, the learned one of the class; and sweet-voiced Miss Case, and brave and warlike Charlie, who, when called on to serve his country, made no 'skuse, but hastened to the front.'

The speaker then told of the wonder of the pupils when they returned for their second year and found the word Nepos written in their schedule of study. She told of their dismay to find that it was Latin, and that instead of Caesar there was before them the task of reading the lives of Themistocles, Miltiades and other Greeks in Latin. After their second year they pressed on, only to find that as a mountain is to an ant-hill, so were the studies of the junior year to those of the sophomore. Cicero came in to add to their troubles, and the speaker described the sorrows and agonies of their experience with this study. Then the class embarked on their sea of troubles, and arrived at the land of Gaiety, where they called the inhabitants to a dance. Next they came to the island of Parting, where they were forced to part with their secretary, Miss Marinette Slocum. The gathering to bid her farewell was enlivened by the presence of two youths of unknown nationality, who were called "Lamba Sigma," and later the class president, Clinton Markell, was initiated into the mysteries of their tribe. The outward sign of this was the appearance of Charlie in the guise of a child, drawing a little horse and cart. Before the class set out for the land where the seniors dwell it was forced to part with three youths, who were going to the war. Then the winds were set free and, like an assaulting column, they rushed forth over land and sea, and the whirlwinds of physiography and Herman and history made such storms, stirred up the sea of trouble with their paths. The ships were blown asunder. Some were stranded on the sands of Cicero, and many of the members of the class succumbed. But at last the sea grew calmer, and the wearied juniors saw the land of the seniors. Then they reached them they summoned all the seniors in a great reception, to make friends with those who were so soon to go out on a vaster deep to seek another home.

"Now through the labors and vicissitudes of the high school, with many failures, but more successes, and by the teachers through the meshes of sciences, mathematics and languages, the class has tonight attained the honor and knowledge that it so earnestly sought, and with its work completed, behold the class of '99. But mid all our joys and sorrows, there have entered two visitors —one Hymen, who has led to his altar four of our maidens, and the other that dark and mysterious stranger that has taken from our midst some of our loved ones.

"But now to employ the right of the senior—a word of advice to other classes. O Juniors, remember the words of one of our poets, 'There are balms for all your pains;' and for you, sophomores, there is a verse taken from a book possibly familiar to you. It is this: 'Let others praise thee, not thine own lips,' and be of good courage. And all of you, Juns, Sophs and Freshmen, when the difficulties of the path seem unsurmountable, when weariness and toil oppress you, when it seems to you that you can no longer pass on your way, remember these words, the motto of our class, 'Labor Omnia vincit.'"

The class then sang a cantata, "The Vale of Tears," in which the solos were carried beautifully by Miss Mayme Bagley, Miss Clara Hector and Miss Marion McMillan. The cantata was very delightfully rendered, and the audience applauded warmly.

Then came the class prophecy, by India Willcuts, and it was given in a very novel and original manner. The hall was darkened and the stage deserted, having only a caldron with a red fire beneath it in the center of the stage. Then three little maidens in pink, representing the spirits in attendance on the mystic caldron, came forth and poured into it ingredients of magic, and then a man of tremendously advanced age written in his long gray hair and whiskers of length enormous came forth and stirred it. Then the class pophetess, Miss Willcuts, came forth and secured permission from the seer to read the future of her class in the caldron. She opened by describing a scene at the capitol in Washington, crowds thronging the streets, while the president and his cabinet and congress have assembled together to choose a man to form plans for a trip to Mars, where he is to form a city and choose its citizens, over whom he is to be sovereign. The choice of Thomas Kelly is greeted with cheers. The scene changes and the appointed day sees another meeting. Speaker Skuse calls upon Thomas Kelly to present his plans and he then states that he has prepared his airships and that it will cost $3,000,000. He is to take to Mars with him the class of '99. His plans are accepted without objection.

Then the prophetess described the trip to Mars, the planting of the Stars and Stripes on its soil and the crowning of King Thomas the First. A magnificent church is described. The minister is Clarence Mickelson, the organist is Gertrude Smith, in the choir are Mabel Cox, Mildred Downie, Gladys Shaw and Mae Cummings, and the director is Arthur Frederick Musgrave Custance, who looks angry enough to tear his hair while he tells one member of the choir that she is sharp and the rest are enjoined not to sing so loudly. A number of young women who have deserted the class are pictured as old maids. A high school is established with Florence Summerville, Alice Ebner, Edith Briggs and Rosa Freimuth as members of the faculty. The principal is a short gentleman named Clinton Markell, and to satisfy his ambition to be monarch of all he surveys he is placed on the highest dome in the country.

Charles Skuse is pictured as the leader of the army, and a battle is on between the inhabitants of the new city and the people who had once lived there. The invaders have Miss Mayme Bagley, who has been left on earth, and she sings to notify them of her presence. The battle and the victory were represented by tableaux at the back of the stage, which were very well done. The prophecy was well received and was a very clever idea.

The object of having the classes seated together was apparent when the class song was reached. The seniors on the stage sang "What Will Become of the Verdant Freshmen?" and they were answered by the members of that class. It went in that way through the classes and then the juniors sang "What Will Become of the Mighty Seniors?" and the seniors answered.

Class President Thomas C. Kelly next gave an address. After stating that while thec lass took pride in its record it did not present itself with the idea that it contained all the knwledge there is, and that it had begun to realize the immensity of knowledge. He stated that the class had attained something in that it had learned how to acquire knowledge. He then addressed the pupils, teachers and audience as follows:

"To our teachers, whose patience we have tried these four years, with our mischief, our negligence and oftentimes with our stupidity, we would say that we appreciate the work you have done for us and that we will bear you in kind remembrance. To the freshmen we have one word to say: During the long summer vacation, see to it that you forget everything you have learned this year. Your teachers expect this of you, and we would not have you disappoint them.

"In view of the fact that you have the awful study of physiography before you, let us admonish each one of you. Oh! sophomores, to apply to one year an encyclopedia of science, and to the other a strong mustard plaster, for in no other way will you be able to obtain all the information for that subject. In physics, falling bodies may come down pretty hard on you, but the pulley will raise you, and if that does not work, you will surely jump when the electricity is turned on.

"As to you, Oh! most worthy successors to the title of seniors, if you think that you have worked hard thus far, let us assure you that you will next year get out of the frying pan into the fire. You will find huge mountains of solid geometry and arid plains of trigonometry, which can be traversed only by the constant application of midnight oil to your wheels. Be sure your powder is dry when you attack the impregnable fortress of Brooks' primer. As to Latin, our only warning is this, keep your Allan & Greenough grammars clean and spotless. For three years have we used them, or rather had them in our possession, and we want no impious hand to contaminate the sacred whiteness of their pages.

"Some of us have well-broken, submissive chemistry ponies, and any member of your class that desires such an animal is at liberty to visit our stables and make his selection.

"I thank you, my classmates, for the honor you conferred on me in making me your presiding officer this last year, and for the cordial support you have given me in performing the duties of this office. As a class we have had our misunderstandings and hasty quarrels, but all these we have forgotten, and I am sure that we think none the less of each other because of our differences.

"In a few days we shall no longer be students in this school. Some of us will continue our education in other institutions, some of us will go in business life, some into other, more quiet, walks of life. Let us continue to cultivate habits of industry and unselfishness; let us secure our own happiness by endeavoring to be helpful to those around us; let us resolve that our lives shall count for something; and whatever we may do, or wherever we may be, let us always cherish, as the tie that binds our hearts together, the memory of our Alma Mater."

The singing of "Triumphales" by the school finished the program, and while the audience filed out the various classes amused it and assaulted its ears with the rendering of the various class yells.

Tonight the eighth grade graduating exercises will be held, and the program will begin at 8 sharp, as it is quite a lengthy one. There are no reserve seats but admission is by ticket. Tomorrow night the graduating exercises will be held, and the work of a week will be at an end.

Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache, in men, women or children, cured by **BEECHAM'S PILLS**

Get the genuine if you want to be cured.

10 cents & 25 cents, at drug stores.

MUNYON'S GUARANTEE.

Strong Assertions as to Just What the Remedies Will Do.

Munyon guarantees that his Rheumatism Cure will cure nearly all cases of rheumatism in a few hours; that his Dyspepsia Cure will cure indigestion and all stomach troubles; that his Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent. of all cases of kidney trouble; that his Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh no matter how long standing; that his Headache Cure will cure any kind of headache in a few minutes; that his Cold Cure will quickly break up any form of cold and so on through the entire list of remedies. At all druggists, 25 cents a vial.

If you need medical advice write Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch st., Phila. It is absolutely free.

STRIKE IS SETTLED

Tug Owners and Men Adjust Their Differences and Resume Work.

WILL SAY NOTHING

Both Sides Agree That the Terms Shall Be Kept Secret.

The tug strike is over. Last night some of the men who have been out since last Wednesday evening returned to work, and today most of the rest of them took up their duties again. Everybody, the men, the managers, the vessel men and the public, will be glad that the strike is over, and work in the harbor will proceed merrily from now on.

The end of the strike was reached at a meeting of the tug men at the Hotel St. Louis last night. A preliminary meeting was held in the same place between the managers and their employes yesterday afternoon, and at that meeting it became apparent that it was possible for the men to get together. At the meeting in the evening the matter was concluded to the satisfaction of both sides. An agreement was reached, among the agreements that neither men nor employers should say anything about the terms of the settlement, but it was understood that both sides gave in a little. When this was done the strike was over, for the common ground on which both sides could meet fairly and comfortably was made clear.

While the strike has affected business to a considerable extent, this has been a remarkable strike for the calmness and good nature that pervaded both sides. There have been no hard words on either side. The men have stayed away from the tugs and have given their employers every opportunity for filling their places if they desired, and no watch has been kept of the tug property during the strike that would not have been kept any other time. There has not been the slightest attempt or suspicion of an attempt to do any violence. The men have been good natured and peaceable, and it has frequently been remarked that a more orderly crowd of strikers was never seen. On the other hand, the tug managers, public, of course, they have been in a very delicate position and have been losing money through the strike, have made no attempt to bring in outside men, and have made no threats to the men on strike. They have stood it the best they knew how, and have kept their dignity and maintained a desire to do what was right through it all.

GREAT PARADE.

Maccabees Wind Up Their Convention In a Blaze of Glory.

The Maccabees' convention wound up last night with a grand street parade and a ball at the Armory.

The parade was an imposing demonstration. There were about 1000 in line and had it occurred Tuesday night as planned the turnout would have been still larger. The weather was all that could be desired and the sidewalks along the line of march were crowded with spectators.

The parade started from the Armory at 8:30 o'clock and marched west on First street to Lake avenue, on Lake avenue to Superior street, east on Superior street to Second avenue east, and on Second avenue east to the Armory. The parade was headed by Chief Marshal Henry Truelsen, Jr. A patoon of police commanded by Capt. Thompson followed, and then came the City band. Next was a carriage containing Mayor Truelsen, Deputy Supreme Commander I. N. Chellew and Dr. Carter, surgeon general of the uniform rank. Then came division No. 2, of Minneapolis, and Duluth division No. 3, the latter with seventy-nine members in line, followed in the order named, and then came the features of the parade, two floats on which were tableaux showing a number of historical characters of ancient Maccabees, the display effectively set off with red fire. Then came the Ladies of the Maccabees in vehicles from which floated banners. Among the ladies was Mrs. Walch, deputy supreme commander of the Ladies of the Maccabees. In one of the carriages was Sir Knight J. P. McDonald, who was recently wounded by the accidental discharge of a shot gun. A rally-ho and an English brake, the former containing Minneapolis knights and the latter St. Paul knights, followed the ladies' division.

The electric arches along Superior street were not illuminated, all of them not being in readiness. The Burrows' building was blazoned with electric lights and decorated with flags of all nations.

Owing to the lateness of the hour, the exhibition drill by the uniform rank was postponed and dancing was begun when the parade reached the armory.

Dancing was begun right after the drill. The floor presented a brilliant scene, the regalia of the knights of the uniform rank setting off the costumes of the women.

Flaaten's orchestra furnished the music and E. L. Fisher acted as prompter. Refreshments were served in one of the galleries by the Lady Maccabees. Mayor Truelsen was present to extend a welcome to the guests.

The committee of arrangements for the ball were O. B. Anderson, Eli Jacques and W. A. Putnam.

The officers of the supreme tent and of the Lady Maccabees and F. W. Stevens, editor of the Bee Hive, left yesterday afternoon for Fond du Lac, Wis., to attend the Wisconsin state convention, which opened last evening. At its close, the supreme tent officers will attend the convention of the Illinois great camp, at Springfield, Ill.

THE CROWN PIANO

"THE ONE OF MANY TONES."

If you have not seen and heard these wonderful instruments you have a revelation in store for you. We invite you to come. The Crown Pianos contain the greatest improvements of the age. Sold at $10 monthly.

French & Bassett,

Reliable Piano Dealers.

MARRIED IN DULUTH.

Now Andrew Miller Wants a Divorce at St. Paul.

The St. Paul Dispatch of last evening contained the following story:

"Andrew Miller, of the age of 24 years, went out from the presence of Judge Bunn today a disappointed man. He went into court to get a divorce from his wife, Minnie Miller, of the age of 23, a time of life when a woman may be uncertain and hard to please, but when she is also fascinating in her uncertainties and adorable in her indifferences.

"Mr. Miller told Judge Bunn that he had married Minnie in Duluth Aug. 21, 1897; that he had acquiesced in the ceremony against his better judgment, and, indeed, had been induced by threats, fraud and duress to wed the fair young girl, for whom a number of hollow-cheeked young men were slightingly their morning's ration of oatmeal mush.

"Miller says he was minding his own business in Duluth when he was waited on one day by a lawyer of the name of Arburs, who told him to call at his office and that he would hear something to his advantage. He went to the office and was informed that he had given the young woman a sum of money to be expended in an unlawful purpose. Minnie was present in the lawyer's office, and to both he stoutly denied the charge. The lawyer informed him that there was no escape. There was marriage on the one hand—the dungeon on the other. Andrew walked along to the court house with the attorney and they went in.

"A marriage license was made out for him, and, not quite realizing what he was doing, he went with Minnie before the judge of probate and was married. There was never any honeymoon. He lived apart and his wife did the same. No household goods were balanced neatly on the hearthstone. Now Andrew wants a divorce.

"There was not sufficient testimony before the court, and the case was continued to give the plaintiff further opportunity to prove his case."

Not a Quorum Present.

The meeting of the fire commissioners set for last night to discuss ways and means of keeping the expenses of the department within the appropriation was not held, there not being a quorum. The president will call a special meeting for the purpose.

Elect Their Officers.

Division No. 1, Daughters of Erin, the ladies' auxiliary of the A. O. H. of this city, held its regular meeting last evening, and there was a large attendance of the members. After the routine business of the society had been transacted the most important business of the evening was then taken up, it being the nomination and election of officers for the ensuing year. Great interest was manifested by the ladies in the choice of their officers, and with but one exception the old officers were reelected. The result was as follows: President, Mrs. D. P. McDonald; vice president, Mrs. Murnian; treasurer, Miss M. Drummey; recording secretary, Miss Mary Murphy; financial secretary, Miss May Horgan; insurance recorder, Miss A. Callahan; sentinel, Miss B. Johnston; chairman standing committee, Miss Carpenter. The society during the past year has grown in membership, the ladies taking great interest in the upbuilding of the organization. They intend to have a large delegation at the next state convention, and to that end all are working, as the representation is based on the membership. The life insurance feature is now perfect and on a solid foundation.

NEW MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Will Be Known Scientifically as American Proctological Society.

Columbus, Ohio, June 8.—A new national medical association, to be known as the American Proctological society, has been organized here. The society is formed for the study of the diseases of the lower intestines and its membership is composed of prominent specialtists of the leading cities in the United States. The membership will be limited. These officers were elected: President, Dr. Joseph M. Mathews, Louisville, Ky., the retiring president of the American Medical association; vice president, Dr. James P. Tuttle, secretary-treasurer, Dr. William M. Beach, Pittsburg, Board of counsellors, Dr. Samuel T. Earle, Baltimore; Dr. A. Bennett Cooke, Nashville, and J. B. Pennington, Chicago.

An X-ray exhibition of the methods of examining the large intestines was given by Dr. Pennington. The principal feature of the exhibition was the use of a solution of bismuth in the stomach and intestines, making these organs plainly visible and showing their outlines. The work was made possible by the recently invented silicu-plate static machine.

The next annual meeting of the society will be held at Washington, D. C., in May, 1900.

THEY RUN ON DAY TRAINS FROM CHICAGO

Over Pennsylvania Short Line to Indianapolis and Louisville. This refers to elegant new combination coach and cafe parlor car leaving Chicago Union station 10 a. m. Sights in Indiana natural gas belt may be enjoyed from observation parlor. Cafe lunch served en route on a la carte plan. For further information about the new service write to H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

A GOOD CIRCULATION! A GOOD CONSTITUTION!

IS MADE BY USING

MATT J. JOHNSON'S

It Cures Rheumatism. It Cures Liver Complaint.

6088

It Purifies the Blood. It Opens the Bowels.

TRAVELER'S LETTER NO. 5.

H. J. JUDD & CO., Ornamental Brass Works, Chicago, Ill.

MATT J. JOHNSON,

Please send two bottles of 6088. I got one bottle while in your city and it has helped me more than anything I ever took.

Respectfully, F. H. LIBBY, Chicago, Ill.

For Sale and Guaranteed By—

S. F. Boyce, William Spencer, West Duluth; Max Wirth, Shesgren & Son, Smith & Smith, Lyceum Pharmacy.

AGED BISHOP.

Scene at the Whipple Anniversary One Never to Be Forgotten.

Faribault, Minn., June 8.—There was a scene in the Episcopal cathedral in this city yesterday which will not soon be forgotten by those who witnessed it. The scene was at the close of the sermon delivered by the venerable Bishop Henry B. Whipple at the services had to commemorate the fortieth anniversary of his elevation to a bishopric.

The cathedral was filled to overflowing. In the audience there were over 200 people from the Twin Cities, over half of whom were from St. Paul. The excursionists arrived in the city shortly before 11 o'clock, and most of them went immediately to the pretty cathedral, and were in ample time for the bishop's eloquent and very impressive anniversary sermon. All of the Episcopal churches of St. Paul were well represented by the clergy and laity, who came for the double purpose of attending the annual conference of the Southern diocese of the church and assisting in the anniversary services.

After the order of the services had been read, Bishop Whipple advanced to the altar with a radiant face. His countenance bespoke the joy he felt. His figure never appeared more striking as he stood there in the garb of his holy office, his silver hair falling over his shoulders, illuminated to a pure white by the rays of an electric light, which hung directly over his head. For a man apparently so feeble, however, he seemed to possess remarkable physical energy and delivered his sermon in a powerful voice.

He recalled the time forty years ago when he was elected to be a bishop and confirmed by Bishop De Clancy of New York state. Of the rectors who assisted in that ceremony, only three are alive today. He believed his consecration as a bishop had been marked by a singular providence of God, and that he had been selected to lay the foundation of future work of evangelization. He related briefly the story of his early struggles and seemed to feel a deep and sincere joy over the co-operation his people had given him. In a voice, which trembled with emotion at the recollection of his forty years' service as a bishop in Minnesota, he exclaimed:

"God knows that all through these years I have carried the laity and the clergy next to my heart. I have never known a sorrow or a pain which they carried that I did not try to make my very own."

The bishop spoke of the field into which the church came, and said it was a field of unenviable mission work. The growth had been tremendous. There had been men of different opinions in the church, but no matter how opinions differed, he was proud to say not one clergyman had failed in his holy duties.

Passing to the history of the parish of Faribault, he spoke of the pride he justly felt over what had been accomplished. With his own hands he had assisted in the laying of the corner stone of the first Episcopal cathedral in America, the cathedral in which he was then speaking. The corner stone had been laid in 1862. The chief glory of the parish, however, was its wonderful spirit of Christian charity and broadness. Strife and rumors, which are treason to the peace of the church, there are none. The one message he would write on the hearts of the people was this: "Little children, love one another."

Bishop Whipple spoke for a half hour and then closed with a striking appeal. He related how he had watched the various educational institutions in Faribault grow up, and with what a jealous eye he had guarded them. His voice almost broke as he said it would be the keenest anguish of his life is they should fail. He begged his flock to give liberally, for when he passed away in the fullness of time, he wanted to die happy in the thought that these, his loved institutions, would be perpetuated for all time. His appeal was so touching that many listeners were moved.

Following the anniversary sermon, Bishop Morrison of Iowa addressed the audience in behalf of the board of foreign missions, of which he is a representative.

Holy communion was celebrate at 1 o'clock and a large number of clergymen attended. The annual diocesan council was organized late in the afternoon and will be in session for several days. Last night the visiting clergy and delegates tendered Bishop Whipple a grand reception and a banquet at the Armory and many prominent people spoke. Among those who made addresses were a number of Indian pastors who have been under the bishop's jurisdiction for two score years.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee.

The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee.

It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cents and 25 cents per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Try Grain-O!

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O Accept no imitation.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE

One to Be Held In Duluth During the Present Month.

LIST OF SPEAKERS

Topics That Will Be Discussed of Interest to Many People.

Dr. J. C. Curryer, assistant superintendent of the State Farmers' institute, is sending out information in reference to the institute to be held here June 23 and 24. He announces the following as some of the topics to be discussed:

"Hon. M. F. Greeley will take up the sheep industry, show the advantages and profits in the business, feeding range sheep, many of their diseases and how to handle large flocks. He will also show the possibilities of the Rape plant in connection with sheep growing and fattening. Mr. Greeley has had a wide range of experience and none interested in this subject should miss his work at the institute.

"Professor Burnett will represent the beef and dairy types of cattle. He will show how to grow and feed to a profit, as well as describe the grasses for pasture and meadow. He will also take up corn culture and the economic production of pork to the advantage of all farmers or feeders.

"A. W. Trow will represent the silo with a complete model, show how to build, fill and finally feed the product to advantage. He will take up creamery difficulties, creamery reports and show what the overrun is to the satisfaction of all interested parties. His work on raising calves should not be missed by any one who ever attempts raising cattle by hand.

"Dr. J. C. Curryer is still with the institute work and he will represent the horse department. He will show types of horses for different purposes, the fancy of continually crossing breeds for improvement, defects in horses, the strong and weak points and how to remedy the weak points by breeding, the care and handling of the little colt, the education of our horses, how to cure their bad habits, how to hitch horses on the prairie (heads and tails), how to educate the horse to back, and lastly a novel method of hitching the balky horse, etc., etc.

"C. W. Hale will take the topic of the care and management of sheep on the farm (from a farmer's standpoint) including why every farmer should have them, the most economical feed for each season of the year, how to obtain a high standard of excellence in the flock, practical method of fattening lambs and precautions which may be neglected. He will also give a talk on the eradication of weeds and present methods within the reach of the farmer.

"Mrs. Ida E. Tilson everybody knows is one of the most practical poultry experts in the country and all should hear her work at the farmer's institute. Her work will treat of breeds of poultry, feeding, shelter, parasites, diseases, language of fowls, poultry literature, profits in poultry, etc.

"Mrs. Lucinda Dodd Laws' topic will be home life and how it can be made pleasant at little cost, helpful things that a man can put into the house, things that require but little lumber and will save many tired steps, little things that the husband and children can do to relieve the overworked mother, the rest she needs and how it can be obtained.

"Sunlight, air and water, a short talk on ventilation and how it can be arranged by the inexperienced, economy of good air in regard to health, and how to avoid infection. Mrs. Laws is an accomplished speaker and none should miss her work at the institute.

"Superintendent O. C. Gregg will be on hand and take part wherever his services are required. It is also expected other speakers from different states and localities (especially in horticulture and market gardening) will be at this important meeting and help along the good work of agricultural improvement, the very foundation of Minnesota's future greatness.

"Every farmer and those interested in farms should not forget that annual No. 11 will be distributed at the close of the first farmers session. It is a book of over 350 pages, that has been estimated by those who have examined it critically to be worth from $5 to $25 and is given free.

"Everybody should invite everybody else to be at the State Farmers' institute because it will be a rare chance to exchange experiences for profit and is all free. No charges.

"The ladies will be as deeply interested as the men and should not be backward in getting front seats. Remember the dates and be on hand early."

Health for 10 cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

NEW COMPANIES.

Dover, Del., June 8.—The secretary of state today issued certificates of incorporation to the American Grass Twine company, of New York, for the manufacture and sale of twine of all kinds, capital stock $15,000,000; and to the Delaware Cotton company, of Wilmington, for the manufacture and sale of cotton goods in all kinds and quantities; capital stock $250,000.

Does Your Head Itch?

Are you troubled with dandruff? Is your hair falling out? Are you gradually getting bald? Have you tried many so-called hair restoratives with unsatisfactory results? If so we urge you to try our Globe Hair Restorative and Dandruff Cure, which is positively guaranteed to permanently cure all the above ailments. Your money will be refunded if it fails to do the work. Will be sent to any address prepaid for $2.00. Globe Manufacturing Co., Grinnell, Iowa. Sold and guaranteed by A. Qually, Max Wirth, S. F. Boyce, S. O. Sterrett, Duluth Minn. —1

All Belt and Sash Buckles at Actual Cost.
G. A. KLEIN,
JEWELER.
325 West Superior Street.

IF YOU THINK IT WON'T CURE

Read the Following and Remember it Costs Nothing in Case of Failure.

Medford, Mass.

The R. T. Booth Co.

Gentlemen—I am now 55 years of age and have coughed since I was 18; doctors called it consumption and three Medford physicians gave me up. I was entirely cured last September by the use of "Hyomei" alone, and have had no return of the disease. MRS. ANNA K. HEYL, 211 Main Street.

"Hyomei" is the only remedy which nature permits to enter the bronchial tubes and lungs, where it destroys the bacilli of disease at once, thus accomplishing what the medical profession has striven in vain to do for years.

IT IS GUARANTEED.

You can purchase "Hyomei" from your druggist, or we will send it by mail. Price of outfit complete $1.00. Extra bottles, 50c. "Hyomei" Balm, 25c.

"HYOMEI" DYSPEPSIA CURE, GUARANTEED, 50c.

Send for Folder.

R. T. BOOTH CO., Auditorium Building, Chicago.
For sale by S. F. BOYCE.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Subscribers to The Herald, intending to camp on Park Point, can have their paper delivered to their camp by leaving change of address at this office.

Next Thursday evening at 1926 West Superior street, there will be an illustrated stereopticon lecture given by V. S. Tiseira, the tea merchant, from Ceylon. The lecture will be on India, Ceylon and the Philippine Islands.

Duluth Ice Cream company, telephone 561.

The Kelly dye works, 415 W. Sup St.

Hereafter the West End library will not be open in the mornings, but will open at 2 o'clock p. m. and close at 9 o'clock. The library will be in charge of Miss Gray, and Miss Holsler, who has been in charge for some time, will return to the central library and resume her duties there.

A. E. Loud succeeds Robert Shannon as stenographer in the city attorney's office. Mr. Shannon has taken a place as assistant in the law office of Washburn & Bailey.

Bruce Black was fined $1 and costs by Judge Edson yesterday afternoon for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk.

Ionic lodge A. F. & A. M. will give a banquet Monday night, on which occasion F. W. Kugler, past master and S. L. Frazer, district deputy grand master, will each be presented with a jewel.

Henry Apfel, the well known barber, has secured a lease of the Spalding hotel shop and will take charge on July 1.

Miss Emma Mueller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Mueller, of 501 London road, entertained about twenty-five of her young friends yesterday in honor of her fifteenth birthday.

The Garfield avenue viaduct mandamus case of the city against the St. Paul & Duluth, Northern Pacific and Duluth Transfer Railway companies was postponed yesterday until July 17, when it will come up before Judge Ensign.

Joseph Johnson, who is supposed to be insane, was brought down from Virginia today by Deputy Sheriff Adolph Eckander, and will be examined in probate court as to the state of his mind.

Marriage licenses have been issued to William I. Estell, of Providence, Man., and Olive R. Langshaw, and to Olaf Swanson and Annie Carlson.

R. P. Paine, formerly of this city, has taken the hotel at Grand Marais and remodeled it so as to attract tourists.

The morning musicale of the children's choral class will be held Saturday at 10 o'clock in the rooms of the Twentieth Century club. Miss Laura Lee Patrick has kindly consented to sing and Miss Elsie Thiel will also give a violin solo.

Eric Hallin, of Minneapolis, will conduct the service at the Salvation Army hall, No. 622 West Superior street, Saturday night. There will be good music and lots of singing.

Mrs. John Ingalls, of Cloquet, died at St. Luke's hospital this morning of complications following child birth. She was taken to the hospital yesterday. Mr. Ingalls is employed at the S. S. Johnson mill in Cloquet.

Mrs. J. S. Lloyd will leave Duluth Sunday night on the Omaha for New York, where she will sail for England on June 14 on the Teutonic. She may be gone a year.

NOTICE TEACHERS!

CHICAGO..... $10.00
MILWAUKEE.... $8.50

A. C. WILLCUTS, 327 W. Sup. St.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cross have gone to New York for a three weeks' visit.

Miss May Horrigan is visiting friends in St. Paul.

Walter Butler, the contractor, came up from St. Paul today and is at the St. Louis.

J. S. Billings, of Fergus Falls, is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Pettingill, of Iron River, are at the St. Louis.

Isaac H. Wing, the well known banker of Bayfield, is at the Spalding.

Charles Turner, of Peru, Ind., is at the St. Louis.

C. F. Hubbard, traveling passenger agent of the St. Paul & Duluth road, was at the St. Louis last evening.

J. C. Myron, of St. Paul, is at the St. Louis.

Col. D. H. Stevenson has returned from a two years' stay in Indiana for the benefit of his health. His family will return in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg left yesterday on the steamer Dixon for a few wdays fishing at the Baptism river.

W. J. Suffel, wife and two children left yesterday via boat for Chicago, from whence they will proceed to Polo, Ind., to be present at the wedding of a brother of Mr. Suffel, which will take place next week.

Mrs. W. H. Stephen is sick at the Woman's hospital.

M. Herrick, of Hudson, Wis., is at the Spalding.

L. D. Campbell came up from Wells today. He is building a large school there.

R. A. Kerr, superintendent of the Golden Star mine, came down last evening from Mine Center.

John J. Rhodes, the St. Paul coal man, is at the Spalding.

The Reception Committee.

The reception committee elected W. Buchanan secretary at yesterday's meeting. J. W. Anderson and J. C. Congdon were appointed a special committee on subscriptions. A committee, composed of M. S. Burrows, William White, J. A. Stephenson, A. C. Weiss and A. T. Thoits was appointed to arrange for a reception and banquet for the Northwestern Editorial association.

William Buchanan was delegated to look the matter of securing permanent street arches for illuminations.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Special Rates,

Low one way and round trip tickets to Eastern and Canadian points on sale via Wisconsin Central lines. Call at city office, No. 430 West Superior street, for full particulars.

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent.

SACRED HEART INSTITUTE.

Closing Exercises Held Last Evening ---Three Graduates.

Last evening marked the close of another successful school year at the Sacred Heart institute and the parents and friends of pupils and the patrons of the school assembled to be present at the graduating exercises and presentation of diplomas and medals to the class of '99. The hall was filled. It was artistically draped in pale blue and white to harmonize with the colors of the graduating class. A beautiful oil painting of the Rt. Rev. Bishop James McGolrick adorned one side of the stage and the clas motto "Esse quam videre" the other. Around the stage were tastefully arranged choice plants, ferns and palms.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the opening number of the program, Offenbach's "Beggar the Chase" was rendered with much spirit by the vocal class. The audience appeared highly delighted with the essays of the three graduates.

Miss Gertrude E. Miller, who has completed a successful literary course at the institute had for the subject of her essay the "Relation of Literature to Life" and convinced the audience by her able treatment of the subject of her careful study in this line. Miss Miller stated that good literature is an inexhaustible treasury of consolation, good influences and our best friend, and that it is of indispensable value to nations, in a well applied quotation from Scott Miss Miller deplored the inappreciation of mankind to good literature.

Miss Katherine M. Fiebiger delivered in a charming manner her essay "No Man is a Hero to His Valet." Miss Fiebiger had her points well arranged and in a few well chosen word illustrations showed that no man no matter how great his talents or genius is duly recompensed.

Miss Katherine M. Pierce's essay on "Character" showed her deep and careful study of so diffilcult a subject.

The musical part of the program was carefully selected, and those having a taste for good music certainly had no reason to complain. Miss Theola Plomis performed in a masterly way two piano solos by Wagner and Mendelssohn. Misses Clara Murray and Leona Munroe were equally good piano solos. A vocal solo by Miss Margaret Heinen won marks of praise from the audience, and no less appreciated was a duet by the Misses Frances Zygmanski and K. Heinen. The "Message d'Amour" on the stringed instruments was listened to with great delight by the audience.

The graduates from the senior to the academic department did credit to themselves in a pantomime recitative "The Baptist's Head." Miss Ethel Carlton as King Herod, Miss Leona Monroe as Salome and Miss Brenhilda Oswand as Herodias performed their part to perfection.

The Very Rev. Dean Corbett then presented the graduates with their diplomas of graduation and gold medals of honor. A beautiful gold medal for excellence in Christian Doctrine was presented to Miss Anna McGarry from Walker. The Rev. Dean then addressed the young ladies in a few appropriate words and wished them many blessings in their future life.

Miss Katherine Heinen addressed the young ladies on behalf of the teachers and pupils, and expressed their regrets in losing their cherished companions and pupils, to which Miss Gertrude Miller responded in a few well chosen words.

MOLINEUX LIBERATED.

His Bail Fixed By Judge Newburger at $5000.

New York, June 8.—Judge Newburger today fixed the bail of Roland B. Molineux at $5000.

The only charge now pending against Molineux is that of assault in the first degree, for having, as alleged, sent cyanide of mercury through the mails to Harry S. Cornish.

EXPLODED FROM HEAT.

New York, June 8.—An explosion is reported to have occurred this afternoon in the Charlton fire works factory at Graniteville, Staten Island, and seven or eight persons are said to have been more or less injured. It was stated that the explosion was caused by the intense heat igniting the powder. The fire works factory is situated in an isolated part of Staten Island.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Garden City and consort, Shrigley, light for lumber; Bielman Thomson, No. 111, coal; Brazil, light for grain; Mahoning, merchandise; Selwyn Eddy, light for ore.

Departed—City of Traverse, Chicago, passengers and merchandise; Oliver, Stephenson, Roumania, Barnum, ore; Kalkaska, Fryer, lumber; Scranton, Buffalo, grain; Northern King, flour; John Mitchell, Two Harbors, light.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Texas, has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages, and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug Company's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

Teachers' Excursion Rates.

EASTERN POINTS.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Tickets to Eastern points on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19. Extremely low rates. Full particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

Dormedy & Keefe
GROCERS.
218 Fifty-fifth Avenue West.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JUNE 9 and 10.

17 lbs Granulated Sugar for	$1.00
98 lbs Athlete Flour for	$2.00
10 bars Good Laundry Soap for	25c
Fancy Potatoes—per bus	45c
Fancy Print Creamery Butter	19c
Fine New Orleans Molasses —per gallon	30c
Bbl Pork, per lb	5c
Nice Muscatal Raisins— —per lb	6c
Fancy Bottled Pickles— for	10c
1-gal Jug Catsup	50c

HIAWATHA CANNED GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

Salmon Cutlets—per can	20c
Good Salmon	10c
2 cans Domestic Sardines for	10c

We have a supply of green Vegetables at Lowest Prices.

All goods delivered anywhere in city.

READY FOR THE MILL.

Fitzsimmons Wards Off a Jaw Jolt From Corbett.

New York, June 8.—Nearly all arrangements for the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons fight have been completed and the pugilists will do little or no training between now and tomorrow night. Neither pugilist is doing much today, except a little work to keep the wind in good condition.

Jeffries is still at Asbury Park, and no announcement has yet been made as to when he will leave for the scene of the fight. He is said to be in superb condition.

Fitzsimmons went out for a walk this morning and after it was rubbed down. His trainers are watching him closely to prevent his becoming stale.

Martin Julian said today it was a mistake to think that Fitzsimmons is too finely trained, saying the champion had never trained for a fight without somebody saying this about him and results disproved the assertion.

Fitzsimmons denied today the story told by Corbett to the effect that the purse would be divided before the fight. He did not believe that Corbett made more money than he at Carson City. Fitzsimmons said that he was as good as ever, and expects to prove it tomorrow night.

MYSTERY CLEARED UP.

Haynes, the Stockman, Killed By Falling From a Train.

Chicago, June 8.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Frank M. Hoggan, the stockman who came to Chicago with W. H. Haynes, of Hidalgo, Ill., and who it was feared had met the same fate as Haynes, was cleared up today by the finding of the missing man in a State street hotel. Hoggin had been stopping there since the night of his disappearance. Investigation as to the cause of Haynes' death has ceased. The police have become convinced that he did not have a large sum of money with him when he disappeared, and that his death was due to falling off a train.

EVANS CRITICISED.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 8.—Commissioner of Pensions H. Clay Evans was criticised at the session of the state encampment of the Pennsylvania G. A. R. held here today for his recent action in the matter of pensions. A resolution was submitted referring the matter to the national encampment with the request that an investigation be made.

THE GIRL'S ROOM.

In less than a month the girls will be coming back from school, and already in many homes anxious thoughts are being turned towards fitting up a room that shall be an appropriate shrine for the young daughter of the house, says the New Orleans Picayune. Everywhere it is a labor of love, and the mother's heart must have grown old, indeed, that is not filled with tender memories of her own youth, and the little white chamber that was the sanctuary of all her girlish dreams and romances.

Fortunately, in these days beauty is no longer the sole perquisite of the rich. A little taste and artistic skill can make a very satisfactory substitute for money, and there is no reason that the woman of moderate means shall not fit up a snuggery for her daughter every whit as charming as the boudoir of little Miss Croesus. Pretty wall papers in good colors may be had for a song, and the almost limitless assortment of chintzes figured denims and cotton hangings that come now in such beautiful designs, solve the problem of artistic furnishings at little expense. The woman who is handy with her needle and her tackhammer is frequently her own upholsterer, and can turn any old piece of furniture into a thing of beauty and a joy forever.

Everyroom should have a character of its own, and it goes without saying that freshness, daintiness and a sweet purity in keeping with the youth of its occupant, should be the keynote to the furnishing of a girl's room. One such chamber that is being fitted up at a moderate expense for a girl is by way of being a pretty recognition of her pronounced affection for violets. The walls, half way down, are covered with an ivory white paper, on which are sprays of violets, while the lower half is covered with a dull green that shades into the green of the matting that covers the floors. The bed is of white enameled iron and brass, and the bureau, chairs and armoir are of white wood. There is a violet and white screen, and the few pictures are water colors or good photographs, showing the same violet hints, while a cunning lilac sunbonnet is drawn up into a catch-all, and fastened to the gas bracket. The violet idea is still further carried out in the bureau scarf and pin cushion, which are of white linen, embroidered in violets, and the spread for the bed is dotted sweet over lilac.

The room is not entirely furnished, the wise mother leaving much for the hands of the girl herself. There is plenty of space left for her photographs and the immerable souvenirs girls collect so soon, and which are so precious to them and so rubbishy to everyone else. There is furthermore to be a simple couch, piled with cushions, which mamma somehow must make herself, and a tea table, where she can brew the cheering cup and entertain her friends while they discuss the last ball or exchange confidences. I think that every girl should have some spot that is absolutely and entirely her own," said the mother, "and that she can do with just as she pleases. I remember, when I was a girl, always planning how I was going to do when I had a house of my own, and being so annoyed because my mother insisted on my having my room fixed like she wished it, instead of the way I wanted it. I really believe that the desire to have some one spot they can 'boss' is what leads many a girl to rush into matrimony. I don't want Adalde to do that, and so, when I turn this room over to her, it is going to be hers, to do with absolutely as she pleases, just as much hers as an Englishman's house is his castle. Yes, and to take care of, too, for I believe in girls doing housework, and she is to be responsible for its being kept in order."

SAVINGS WORTH REPEATING.

Mrs. Henry E. Blount, of Washington—"The ignorance displayed in banks by many women is enough to make an angel weep."

Mrs. William Tod Helmuth, of New York—"Woman has always been a little green in her own home and needed the club to show her there were other women in the world besides herself."

Mrs. Ellen Henrotin, of Chicago—"She is quite as good a business woman when her dress fits her well."

Mrs. Ellen H. Richards, of Boston—"A woman should be as much ashamed to go to a club leaving a disorganized home as to wear an out-at-the-elbow, coming-to-pieces jacket."

FANCIES IN SHIRT WAISTS.

The real swell thing is the pure white silk or satin shirt waist made in the prettiest simplicity of style, and is worn with a black skirt of net, says the Woman's Home Companion. White shirt waists in cotton goods have the preference, many being of fine lawn, tucked all over in bias or straight-up-and-down or round-and-round tucks. The severe linen waist of white, with cuffs and collar, is worn with the tailor gown having a cut-away jacket in bolero style. Some of the new waists show a cut-away at the neck, having fancy collar and revers with which are worn fancy colored or white chemisettes.

Low Excursion Rates East.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Round trip rates—

New York	$20 00
Boston	21 00
Buffalo	24 40
Toronto	24 40
Montreal	28 65
Portland, Me.	32 50

And Eastern points generally. Tickets on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19. Choice of all routes. Full particulars city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

You can have The Evening Herald delivered every night at your home in city or suburb for 10 cents a week.

Tell them you saw it in The Herald.

JAP ROSE GLYCERINE SOAP

A SOAP-CERTIFICATE.

I used your Soap two years ago and have not used any other since.

From the *National Provisioner*, Sept. 24, 1898.

Watch the soap you use as carefully as the money you receive in change, says an exchange. Soap of an inferior quality is the cause of half of the skin diseases we see. "Cheap soap" is an expensive economy oftentimes, and dangerous frequently when the cuticle is tender, its origin being too vile to contemplate.

Why buy inferior and adulterated soaps for the bath and toilet when it is just as easy to get the best? KIRK'S JAP ROSE made from the choicest vegetable oils and glycerine, is an absolutely pure, reliable brand of soap.

Established 1839. Jas. S. Kirk & Co., Chicago.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

Easton, Pa., June 8.—Dr. I. N. Johnson, a member of the legislature from this county, was arrested at his home at Pen Argyl on a charge of perjury before a recent legislative bribery committee. He was admitted to bail. Dr. Johnson testified that ex-Senator Coyle and Representative Spatz offered him a considération to sign a pledge to support Jenks for United States senator.

ENTRANCE TO SEATTLE.

New York, June 8.—It was reported today that an understanding had been reached between the Northern Pacific railroad, the Pacific coast company, and the Seattle & San Francisco Railway and Navigation company, whereby the last named will obtain an entrance into Seattle over the Northern Pacific's line, and a 10-mile line of its own from Black River Junction to Seattle.

MORE SPOILS.

Washington, June 8.—The president has approved an amendment to rule 6 of the civil service rules, excepting from examination one assistant postmaster or chief assistant to the postmaster at each postoffice. This position had been excepted prior to the issue of the president's recent order and was overlooked in the drafting of the order.

Order by postal card, or telephone 324 —two rings, and The Herald will be delivered regularly at your home.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
REGULATE THE LIVER

They Are Going To California!

The National Educational Association, and the general public as well, at the time of the great convention at Los Angeles in July.

The round-trip rate will be a one-way fare, plus two dollars.

Liberal stop-overs and choice of return routes to those who go by the

Santa Fe Route.

This route is the coolest, most replete with interest for the educated traveler, and 24 to 36 hours shorter than any other. Send for particulars.

C. C. CARPENTER,
PASSENGER AGENT.
617 Guaranty Bldg.. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

NEW SUMMER RESORTS.

LAKE POKEGAMA, PINE CITY.

But few people know that near Pine City, on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, is located one of the most beautiful lakes in Minnesota. Two splendid hotels, a few summer cottages, two small steamers on the lake. Abundance of everything needful and conducive to good living and best of all three trains daily to and from Duluth, making it easy of access. One fare rate for round trip on Saturdays. Try it.

Wisconsin Central Lines.

Through sleeping cars from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Milwaukee and Chicago.

FIRE HYDRANTS WILL FREEZE,

But not when the Carroll Patent Non-Freezing appliance is attached. Can be placed on any hydrant and it is then always and forever ready for use in any temperature. Adopted by the Detroit Fire Department with absolute results. State rights for sale. Correspondence promptly answered; full particulars free. Carroll Patent Drainage company, 372 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

LOVERS
OF COMFORT AND A GOOD TABLE

Should Try the
Wisconsin Central Lines
Dining Car Service.

Meals in Dining Cars are Served A La Carte.

Direct Line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, Chicago, Milwaukee, and All Points
EAST and SOUTH.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p. m.	Lv. Duluth	Ar.	11:15 a. m.
4:15 p. m.	Lv. W. Superior	Ar.	11:00 a. m.
4:35 p. m.	Lv. Superior	Ar.	10:37 a. m.
7:25 p. m.	Lv. Ashland	Ar.	7:45 a. m.
4:14 a. m.	Ar. Neenah	Lv.	11:55 p. m.
4:34 a. m.	Ar. Oshkosh	Lv.	11:31 p. m.
5:09 a. m.	Ar. Fond du Lac	Lv.	10:55 p. m.
7:15 a. m.	Ar. Milwaukee	Lv.	8:45 p. m.
9:45 a. m.	Ar. Chicago	Lv.	6:25 p. m.

For Rates or other information apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior St., Union Depot, or

W. H. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior St General Agent.

PROPOSALS FOR DORMITORY, EMPLOYES' QUARTERS AND WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM.—

Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., June 5, 1899. Sealed proposals, indorsed: "Proposals for dormitory, etc., Leech Lake," as the case may be, and addressed to the commissioner of Indian affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received at the office of Indian affairs, until two o'clock p. m. of Friday, June 30, 1899, for furnishing all the necessary materials and labor required to construct and complete at the Leech Lake School, Minn., one dormitory, one employes' quarters and one water and sewer system, in strict accordance with the plans, specifications and instructions to bidders which may be examined at the indian office, the offices of the "Improvement Bulletin," of Minneapolis, Minn., the "Pioneer Press," of St. Paul, Minn., the "Evening Herald," of Duluth, Minn., the Northwestern Manufacturers' Association, St. Paul, Minn., the Builders and Traders' exchange, Omaha, Neb., the U. S. Indian warehouse, 1002 State street, Chicago, Ill., and at the above agency.

For further information application should be made to Capt. W. A. Mercer, acting U. S. Indian agent, Leech Lake agency, Walker, Minn.

A. C. TONNER,
Acting Commissioner.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-8-10-13-15-17-20-22-24-27.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Clara Rose Dana, Plaintiff,
vs.
John F. Appleby and Henrietta Appleby Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said district court, at the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their office at room 600 New York Life Building, in the city of Minneapolis, in the county of Hennepin and state of Minnesota, within twenty days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of five hundred seventy-four and 88-100 dollars ($574.88) with interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, since the 28th day of November, 1898, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated May 4th, A. D. 1899.

CROSS, HICKS, CARLETON & CROSS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
600 New York Life Building,
Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-18-25-June-1-8-15-22-1899.

SANITARY LESSONS

In Time of Peace Prepare For War, Says Surgeon Sternberg.

RECORD OF TWO WARS

Finds the Proportion of Deaths Smaller In Spanish-American War.

Columbus, Ohio, June 8.—This was the big day of the American Medical association convention, delegates having arrived until the expectations of the local committee were far exceeded. The Grand Opera house was fairly packed with physicians and surgeons.

The interest today centered largely in the presence of Surgeon Gen. Sternberg of the United States army. The fact that he was to make an address overshadowed all other considerations, and the delegates flocked to hear him. The subject of his address was "Sanitary lessons of the War." He said:

As compared with the civil war and with other great wars during the present century the mortality from wounds and disease among our troops during the war with Spain has been low. Our wounded have, to a large extent, had the advantage of prompt treatment with antiseptic dressings, and a very considerable proportion of those who were not killed outright have recovered without the debilitating operation of septic complication. The mortality from disease has also been comparatively low, but unfortunately during the first months of the war that scourge of new levies of troops, typhoid fever, prevailed in many of our camps and claimed numerous victims. It is well known to sanitarians and military surgeons that as a general rule more soldiers succumb to disease than are killed by the bullets of the enemy, and our recent war has not been an exception in this regard. The total number of deaths reported in the Adjutant general's office from all causes, including regulars and volunteers from May 1, 1898, to April 30, 1899, is 6,046. Of these 5,438 died of disease and 968 were killed in battle or died of wounds. Injuries or accidents during the civil war the number of deaths from disease was 186,216. The number who were killed in battle or died of wounds was 96,940, or about one-half of the deaths from disease. The total deaths from disease in the Union armies from the commencement of the war to the 31st of December, 1862, was 34,226, and in the Confederate armies during the same period, 31,258.

The following table gives the monthly death rates from disease in our armies from May 1, 1898, to April 30, 1899, and, for comparison, the rates for the same period during the first twelve months of the civil war:

In comparing the death rates from disease during the year of the Spanish-American war, May 1, 1898, to April 30, 1899, and the first year of the civil war, May 1, 1861, to April 30, 1862, the note should be taken in the first place that the mean strength in May, 1861, was only 16,161 as compared with 187,756 men in service in May 1898. The mustering in of volunteer troops progressed more slowly in 1861 than during the recent war, so that it was not until September and October, 1861, that the mean strength assumed proportions equal to that of the months of the Spanish war. Although the number present in the various in 1861-62 after October, 1861, was largely in excess of those aggregated during the past year, the average annual strength during both wars did not differ greatly. Nevertheless the deaths from disease in 1861-62 numbered 10,522, while in 1898-99 they amounted only to 5,438. The death rate per thousand of strength mounted gradually month by month in 1861-62, and indeed it did not reach its acme until February, 1863, when the rate of 9.238 was reached. In 1898, on the other hand, the acme, 5.89, was reached suddenly in September, but owing to the sanitary measures adopted the fall during October and November was as rapid as had been the rise.

The same gradual rise is seen in the mortality statistics of typhoid fever during the civil war. The highest death rate, 2.81, was not reached until May, 1862, the thirteenth month of the aggregation of the troops, when 1662 men died of this disease, and the fall of the rates was as gradual as the rise. On the other hand, the rise in 1898 was sudden, the maximum rate, 3.77, being reached in September, when 523 men died of this disease, but the fall during the months of October and November was as notable as the rise. This sudden suppression of the disease cannot be attributed to an exhaustion of the susceptibility of the troops to attack from this fever, as they only suffered at the rate of 12.57 per thousand of strength during the twelve months, whereas the troops of the civil war suffered at the rate of 19.71 per thousand. It can be attributed only to the active preventive measures that were instituted, and especially to moving the troops to fresh camp sites and to the greater care exercised in the disposal of excreta.

The average annual mortality from typhoid fever in our regular army since the civil war has been: For the first decade (1868-1877), 35 per 100,000 of mean strength (.35 per 1000); for the second decade (1878-1887), 108 per 100,000; for the third decade (1888-1899), 35 per 100,000. This latter rate compares favorably with that of many of our principal cities. For example, it is exceeded by the typhoid death rate in the city of Washington, which is 73.1 per 100,000 (average of ten years, 1888-1897); by that of the city of Chicago, which is 64.1 per 100,000; by that of Pittsburg, which is 88 per 100,000. These figures, however, do not show the entire mortality in the cities mentioned as a result of typhoid fevers, for without doubt many of the deaths ascribed to malarial fevers were, in fact, due to typhoid infection. Thus in the city of Washington the deaths reported from typhoid and typho-malarial fever (average of ten years) numbered 78.1 per 100,000 and recorded as due to malarial fever, in Baltimore the mortality, as recorded, from typhoid fever is 45.3 and from "typho-malarial and other malarial fevers" 18.3 per 100,000. In St. Louis the figures are, typhoid fever 25.7, typho-malarial and other malarial fever 4.9 per 100,000; in New Orleans, typhoid fever 26.1, typho-malarial and other malarial fevers 107.2 per 100,000.

It will be seen that sanitary conditions at our military posts in time of peace, as judged by the typhoid death rate, compare favorably with those in our large cities in various parts of the country. As a matter of fact, great attention has been given to post sanitation for many years past, and through the persistent efforts of officers and the medical department great improvements have been made, especially during the past ten years. The result is shown in a reduction of the typhoid mortality from 108 per 100,000 in the decade ending in 1887. Hygiene is made one of the principal subjects of examination for candidates desiring appointment in the medical corps of the army, and subsequent examinations for promotion to the grade of captain and major is given most prominent place. It is also the most prominent subject in the course of instruction at the army medical school, where the student officers spend five hours daily for a period of five months in practical laboratory work relating to the most part to the cause and prevention of infectious diseases. It should be remembered, however, that the surgeon medical school was not established until the year 1885, and consequently but a small proportion of the medical officers of the army have had the advantage of this course of instruction.

But the comparatively small number of medical officers of the regular army available for duty in the large camps occupied by our volunteer troops at the outset of the war proved to be entirely inadequate to control the sanitary situation in these camps, and as a result of the conditions existing the mortality from typhoid fever in our armies during the year ending April 30, 1899, has been more than twenty-one times as great as the annual mortality in our regular army during a like decade immediately preceding the war period. As compared with the first year of the civil war, however, there is a decided improvement, the typhoid mortality for the first year of the civil war having been 1371 per 100,000 of mean strength, and for the Spanish-American war 1237 per 100,000. Moreover, the vigorous sanitary measures enforced enabled our troops to quickly free themselves from the ravages of the infectious disease, and while the line of typhoid mortality continued to ascend during the first year of the civil war and subsequently, it rapidly fell after the middle of September last, and for the last six months of the period under consideration has been remarkably low. Indeed, in the history of large armies the record has never heretofore been equaled.

Typhoid fever in our camps has been to a large extent due to the failure to apply known sanitary measures, indicated by me in circular No. 1, dated surgeon general's office, Washington, April 25, 1898; also to a very general failure upon the part of medical officers attached to regiments to recognize into daily workings of the water during Rs earlier stages. As a result of this the camps became infected, and the failure to use proper methods of disinfection about the continued occupation of infected camps have led to the development of veritable epidemics of typhoid fever in several of the camps occupied by our troops.

The principal lessons to be derived from our recent experience may be stated as follows:

A trained medical corps ardly adequate for an army of 25,000 men cannot control the sanitary situation when this army is quickly expanded to 250,000. Physicians and surgeons from civil life, however well qualified professionally, as a rule are not prepared to assume the responsibilities of medical officers charged with administrative duties and the sanitary supervision of camps. The proper performance of such duties cannot be expected from a physician without military training or experience, no matter how distinguished a position he may have held in civil life.

Courage and patriotism on the part of line officers and enlisted men cannot take the place of knowledge and experience. New levies of troops are, as a rule, ignorant of the first principles of camp sanitation, and reckless as to the consequences of their neglect of prescribed sanitary regulations. Therefore, training and discipline are essential factors in the preservation of the health of soldiers in garrison or in the field.

The value of the aphorism "in time of peace prepare for war" has received additional support. This preparation should include a corps of trained medical officers larger than is absolutely needed for the army on a peace basis, and systematic instruction in military medicine and hygiene for the medical officers of the National Guard, as well as those of the regular army; also instruction of line officers in the elements of hygiene, and especially in camp sanitation. It should also include the establishment of camping grounds in various parts of the country, having an ample supply of pure water, a proper system of sewers, etc. If our volunteers could have been assembled in such camps during the late war a saving in lives and money would have resulted which would without doubt have demonstrated the economy of such preparation for war in time of peace.

The business session of the association today was full of interest, and considerable feeling was developed. The nominating committee made their report, which was adopted after the name of Dr. Walter Wyman, of the Hospital Marine corps was added to the judiciary council.

The officers selected were as follows: President, Dr. W. W. Keen, Philadelphia; first vice president, Dr. C. A. Wheaton, St. Paul; second vice president, Dr. E. Ferguson, New York city; third vice president, Dr. G. M. Allen, Liberty, Mo.; fourth vice president, Dr. W. E. D. Middleton, Davenport, Iowa; secretary, Dr. G. H. Simmons, Chicago; treasurer, Dr. B. G. Newman, Chicago; assistant secretary, Dr. J. A. Jay, Atlantic City, N. J.; librarian, Dr. G. W. Ebsit, Chicago; chairman committee of arrangements, Dr. Philip Marvel, Atlantic City, N. J. Judiciary council; Dr. J. E. D. Griffith, Kansas City; Dr. J. E. Cock, Cleveland; Dr. J. H. Baillaiche, Washington, D. C.; Dr. J. B. Lewis, Topeka, Kas.; Dr. J. W. Irvin, Louisville, Ky.; Dr. F. H. Wiggin, New York; Dr. Walter Wyman, Marine Hospital corps.

Atlantic City, N. J., was chosen as the place of next meeting.

MEN CURED FREE.

A most successful remedy has been found for sexual weakness such as impotency, varicocele, shrunken organs, nervous debility, lost manhood, night emissions, premature discharge and all other results of self-abuse or excesses. It cures any case of the difficulty, never fails to restore the organs to full natural strength and vigor. The doctor who made this wonderful discovery wants to let every man know about it. He will therefore send the receipt giving the various ingredients to be used so that all men at a trifling expense can cure themselves. He sends the receipt free, and all the reader need do is to send his name and address to L. W. Knapp, M.D., 783 Hull building, Detroit, Mich., requesting the free receipt as reported in this paper. It is a generous offer, and all men ought to be glad to have such an opportunity.

NEW ENGLAND TRIP.

President to Start on June 16 For Holyoke, Mass.

Washington, June 8.—The itenerary of the president's New England trip is almost completed. He will leave here on Friday, June 16, for Holyoke, Mass., where he will be the guest on Saturday of the Hon. William Whiting, who served with the president during his congressional career.

On Monday the president will go to Northampton to attend the ivy day exercises at Smith college, and on Tuesday to South Hadley to attend the graduating exercises at Mount Holyoke seminary. His niece will be one of the graduates.

On Wednesday he will go to Springfield, and on Thursday to Lowell, Mass., where he will be the guest for several days of Hon. Frank Plunkett, president of the Home Market club and a friend.

The president will be gone about ten days. Mrs. McKinley will accompany the president.

THE POSTAL CLERKS.

They Will Urge Congress to Pay Higher Wages.

Indianapolis, June 8.—The delegates to the postal clerks' convention today discussed the reclassification bill. The delegates say they have had hard work to convince the congressmen that an adjustment of wages is necessary, and this is what reclassification means. The convention by unanimous vote decided to urge the passage of the bill at the next congress.

The committee on revision and constitution reported some important changes in the beneficiary department, which will probably be adopted.

The report of the ways and means committee, favoring the assessment of $1 on each member to pay the expenses of a committee at Washington to secure favorable legislation, was adopted.

The convention will close with an entertainment at the Denison hotel this evening

WILL TALK SIXTEEN DAYS.

Speech on Venezuelan Dispute Prepared By an Englishman.

London, June 8.—The attorney general, Sir Richard Webster, Q. C., Sir Robert Threshie, Q. C., the former attorney general, and G. R. Askewith, of the British-Venezuelan boundary commission, started for Paris today. Others leave at the end of the week and the lord chief justice, Baron Russell, of Killowen, and Sir Richard Henn Collins, lord justice of appeal, will leave for the French capital shortly, in order to be present at the opening of the Venezuela boundary arbitration on June 15.

Counsel for Venezuela and Mallet-Prevost, secretary of the boundary commission, have statements of the case amounting to 6000 pages of closely printed matter in Spanish, Dutch, French and English, accompanied by 200 maps.

The opening speech of Sir Richard Webster is expected to last sixteen days.

MAZET INVESTIGATION.

New York, June 8.—The Mazet committee devoted the forenoon sitting to inquiry into the workings of the water department. There was further examination of witnesses as to the quality of water meters and hydrants, but nothing of especial importance was elicited.

TRIAL OF THE BAKERS.

Manchester, Ky., June 8.—Tom Baker and his brothers, who arrived here last night under guard of Maj. J. E. Embry Allen and a squad of soldiers, were arraigned today before Special Judge A. King Cook for the murder of Wilson Howard and Burch Sorce. They pleaded not guilty. Details of soldiers have been sent for absent witnesses, who are afraid to come to court. Only preliminary work was done today.

HEADED OFF THE CROWD.

Cayenne, F. G., June 8.—The despatch boat Goeland was sent to Devil's island ahead of time, by order of the governor of French Guiana, leaving here at 6 o'clock this morning. This was done owing to the great number of people who proposed to go to Devil's island on board the Goeland. In addition, the governor refused to all persons permission to go to the island by any other means of transportation.

CROKER'S HORSE SECOND.

London, June 8.—At the first day's racing of the Brighton spring meeting today, E. A. Wigan's chestnut colt Cos O'Ryan won the Shoreham plate of 102 sovereigns for 2-year-olds. Richard Croker's bay filly Satina finished second. Six horses ran about five furlongs.

THE SULTAN ILL.

London, June 8.—A special dispatch from Vienna says the sultan of Turkey is dangerously ill.

REUNION ENDS.

Washington, June 8.—The reunion of the Daughters of the Confederacy at Glen Echo ended today. The slim attendance caused the abandonment of the program.

DIVORCE FOR ESTERHAZY'S WIFE.

Paris, June 8.—The civil tribunal of the Seine today granted a divorce to Countess Esterhazy.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TRAINS.

FOND DU LAC AND SPIRIT LAKE. VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Special excursion trains will leave the Union depot Sunday, June 11, at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. for Spirit Lake, New Duluth and Fond du Lac, stopping at Twentieth avenue and West Duluth stations. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. No more beautiful spot anywhere to spend a delightful outing. Tickets at all stations at very low rates.

Beecham's pills—No equal for constipation

A Great Tonic.
Vitality, strength and vigor are regained by use of
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper.

WEST DULUTH

A visit to the grounds of the blast furnace reveals a fairly busy scene, about twenty-five men now being employed around the institution. A large amount of timber for the new dock has arrived and is being unloaded, while several teams are still at work grading for the approach. It is expected that the work on the dock proper will begin next week.

The laying of brick on the stack has not been commenced yet, owing to the fact that all the necessary changes have not been made. Several men are at work clearing away the old limestone pile, which is now useless.

J. M. Thomas, manager of the furnace, departed yesterday for the East, and will be married before he returns.

MEMORIAL DAY PROGRAM.

Weather permitting (it is always wise to say "weather permitting" nowadays) the postponed Memorial day exercises will take place tomorrow evening and it is hoped that there will be a large turnout. All the speakers engaged for the former occasion have agreed to be present tomorrow evening and the list of names in the program is a guarantee of some excellent oratory.

The program, as originally arranged by H. W. Lanners, director of the West Duluth band, is here repeated:

March, "America Forever" ..... West Duluth Band.
Address ..... Capt. Randall.
Selection, War Songs ..... West Duluth Band.
Address ..... C. M. Bates.
March, "Uncle Sam" ..... West Duluth Band.
Address ..... Mayor Truesen.
Selection, "Indian War Dance" ..... West Duluth Band.
Address ..... Dr. Samuel P. Long.
Pot pourri, "Yankee Hash" ..... West Duluth Band.
Address ..... Col. A. A. Harris.
March, "Admiral Dewey" ..... West Duluth Band.
"Yankee Doodle" ..... West Duluth Band.
Address ..... R. W. Mars.
"America" ..... Band and Audience.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Agnes Fitzgerald came down from Mountain iron yesterday to attend the graduating exercises at the Catholic academy on Friday.

Cheap mixed paints at Nygren's.

Items or advertisements left at the office of Messrs. Barnes & Lanners, at the Pioneer news stand or at the Grand Central drug store will insure their insertion in The Herald. Readers are invited to contribute any item of public interest.

The newly initiated Maccabees are not at all pleased over the fact that they were compelled to stand up for three hours in the Duluth hall Monday night awaiting their turn to ride the goat.

A new feature of "T. & T." brand of coffee is the air-tight cans in which it is packed. There is no chance for the strength of flavor to escape.

Teachers' Rates,

Round trip and one way. Special rates via "The North-Western Line." New York, round trip, $59. Boston, $61. Proportionate rates to other eastern points. Through sleepers and free chair cars. Full information 405 W. Superior St.

LOWER RATES TO EASTERN POINTS.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Reduction in one way rates to Albany, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Toronto, Montreal, Syracuse, Eastern and Canadian points generally. Summer tourist excursion rates to Eastern and Western resorts. Full particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

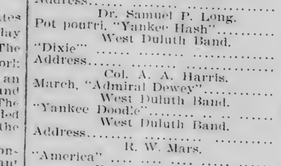
Sunday trains to Fond du Lac and Spirit Lake, leaving Union depot at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Buy your groceries Saturday of the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald.

1000 Miners Wanted.

Machine men preferred. Wages $3.50 per day of ten hours, for the Coeur d'Alene mining district of Idaho. Very low railroad rate arranged for. Destination, Wallace, Idaho, the heart of the district. Apply Thomas G. White & Co., No. 427 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn.

"A Wheel with a good reputation"



EAGLE,
$30.00 AND $40.00

Bicycle Sundries,
Fishing Tackle,
Base Ball Goods, etc.,
At Popular Prices.

REPAIR SHOP
IN CONNECTION.

J.W. NELSON
No. 5 East Superior St.

A Woman's Home Duties

do not tend to make her strong and vigorous with "nerves of steel," but the contrary, for there frequently come shattered nerves and broken down health. She is then advised to take some kind of tonic to brace her up. There is no tonic (Malt Extract or other kind) that can compare with

Blatz MALT-VIVINE

—a non-intoxicant. Received First Honors at Trans-Mississippi and International Exposition, 1898. Remember the full name, BLATZ MALT-VIVINE. All Druggists.

Prepared by VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee, U. S. A.
Duluth Branch, Tel. 62.

The Best Costs no More than the Inferior Kinds. DRINK
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of ten thousand seven hundred thirty-one and 81-100 dollars ($10,731.81), which is claimed to be due, and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Douglas A. Petre and Agnes M. Petre, his wife, mortgagors, to Alexander Murray, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of November, 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of November, 1895, at 8:40 o'clock a. m. Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said mortgagee to Abram Nesbitt, by written assignment dated the 6th day of January, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for said county, on the 6th day of January, 1896, at 4:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 107 of mortgages, on page 351.

The assignee of said mortgage paid on April 25th, 1899, taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1895 and 1897, amounting to forty-one and 90-100 dollars ($41.90), and on May 23rd, 1899, taxes for the year 1898, amounting to one hundred four and 37-100 dollars, which sums so paid for taxes with interest from the date of payment are claimed as an additional lien and are due and payable, making the total amount due on said mortgage, the sum of ten thousand eight hundred seventy-eight and 08-100 dollars ($10,878.08).

And no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), of block numbered two (2), Clinton Place Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 10th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of four thousand seven hundred seventy-eight and 51-100 dollars ($4778.51) and interest thereon and seventy-five dollars ($75) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 20th, 1899.
ABRAM NESBITT,
Assignee of Mortgage.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-25-June-1-8-15-22-29-1899.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of four thousand five hundred twenty-six and 26-100 dollars ($4526.26), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice for principal and interest upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Hugh Steele (unmarried), mortgagor, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of April, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 13th day of April, 1893, at 8:50 o'clock a. m., in Book 99 of mortgages, on page 68.

And whereas default in paying taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1892, 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897, and the undersigned mortgagee paid said taxes for the years 1894, 1895, 1896 and 1897, on April 20th, 1899, amounting to one hundred twenty-three and 58-100 dollars ($123.58); and the undersigned mortgagee paid the taxes of 1896 on May 10th, 1899, amounting to ninety-three and 6-100 dollars ($93.06).

And the mortgagor made default in paying special assessments for sidewalk against the mortgaged premises amounting to thirty-five and 61-100 dollars ($35.61), which was paid by the undersigned mortgagee on May 26th, 1899. Under the terms of the mortgage the mortgagee claims and holds a lien against the mortgaged premises for said taxes and special assessments paid.

There is due at the date of this notice for principal and interest and taxes and assessments paid as above stated, the total sum of four thousand seven hundred seventy-eight and 51-100 dollars ($4778.51).

Notice is given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered nineteen (19) and twenty (20), in block numbered eighty-five, Longyear Addition to Duluth, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, said lands being in said county and state with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of four thousand seven hundred seventy-eight and 51-100 dollars ($4778.51) and interest thereon and seventy-five dollars ($75) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 20th, 1899.
H. M. DODD,
Mortgagee
L. C. HARRIS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-1-8-15-22-29-July-6.

STEAM HEAT. ELECTRIC LIGHTS
MODERN CONVENIENCES.
When in Calumet, Stop at
THE ESTHER HOTEL,
C. L. THOMAS, Prop.
Sample Rooms in Connection.
The Finest Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts.
Hotel in the City. CALUMET, MICH.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred forty-four and 21-100 dollars principal and interest, which amount is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale made, executed and delivered by Karl Oleson to W. M. Wells and E. Wells, dated July 18th, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of July, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 68 of mortgages, on page 222.

Default has also been made in the payment of taxes upon the mortgaged premises on account of which the undersigned on April 18th, 1899, paid the amount of fifty and 62-100 dollars then delinquent.

By reason of said several defaults there is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice for principal, interest and taxes the sum of four hundred ninety-four and 86-100 dollars, to recover which no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted.

And whereas said W. M. Wells heretofore died leaving a last will and testament apointing as executor the undersigned Elisha Wells to whom has issued letters testamentary from the county court of Walworth County Wisconsin an exemplified copy of which was duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 2nd, 1899, at 2:35 p. m., in Book 174 of deeds, on page 117.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises hereinafter described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number three (3), in block number eighteen (18), in West End Addition, to Duluth, and lot number five (5), in block number two (2), Clinton Place Division of Duluth, according to the respective plats thereof which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday the first day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay the amount due thereon as aforesaid with interest to the day of sale, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees stipulated therein, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated May 18th, 1899.
E. WELLS, personally, Elisha Wells as executor of the last will and testament of W. M. Wells, deceased,
Mortgagee.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys
Duluthe Evening Herald, May-18-25-June-1-8-15-22-1899.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of six thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars ($6930), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of the notice for principal and interest upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by George Beyer and Maude Beyer, his wife, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of December, 1894, at 10:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 99 of mortgages, on page 149.

Mortgagors made default in paying special assessments against the premises for sprinkling for the years 1884 and 1885 and for planting shade trees, amounting in all to forty-two and 15-100 dollars ($42.15) which amount was paid by the mortgagee on May 10th, 1899.

Mortgagors also made default in paying insurance premium to insure the buildings located upon the mortgaged premises and the mortgagee paid same amounting to thirteen and 20-100 dollars ($13.20) on May 10th, 1899.

Under the terms of the mortgage, the mortgagee claims and holds a lien against the mortgaged premises for said assessments and insurance premium paid.

There is due at the date of this notice for principal and interest and assessments and insurance premium paid as above stated six thousand nine hundred eighty-five and 35-100 dollars ($6985.35).

Notice is given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), of block numbered one hundred eighty-five (185), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, said lands being in said county and state, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of six thousand nine hundred eighty-five and 35-100 dollars ($6985.35) and interest thereon and one hundred dollars ($100) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 10th, 1899.
THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-11-18-25-June-1-8-15.

MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas default has been made in the payment of the sum of $694.15, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, on a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Anna D. Smith and Anna D. Smith administratrix of the estate of D. P. Smith, deceased, mortgagor, to H. M. Dodd, mortgagee, bearing date the 26th day of December, 1885, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 29th day of December, 1885, at 8:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 127 of mortgages on page 300.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises therein described, viz: Lots numbered thirteen to sixteen inclusive, of block ten, Carlton Place Addition to Duluth; also lot three, block two, Chandler Park Addition to Duluth; also lots eleven and twelve of block three, Clinton Place Addition to Duluth; and the westerly one-half of lot four, block eleven, Hazelwood Addition to Oneota, all in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plats thereof, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 15th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to pay said debt and interest thereon, together with twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 31st, 1899.
L. C. HARRIS,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
701 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-1-8-15-22-29-July-6.

FITGER & CO.'S
Reliable Brands of Pale Bohemian and Bavarian
BEER.
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

BLOOD POISON
HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1345 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days: 100-page book free.

WILCOX COMPOUND
TANSY PILLS
The only reliable female regulator. Never Fails. Price, $2.00 by mail. Take no substitute.
Write for Wilcox's Safeguard FREE.
Wilcox Med. Co., 220 N. 9th St., Philad.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of eight hundred and 56-100 dollars, principal and interest, which amount is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale, made, executed and delivered by Blanche Patton and W. B. Patton, her husband, to W. M. Wells and E. Wells, bearing date the 25th day of April, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 29th day of April, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 68 of mortgages, on page 225, duly assigned by said Mary A. Van Brunt to said E. Grace Graves.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said mortgage debt, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, lying and being in said St. Louis County, to-wit: Lot numbered eleven (11), in block forty-four (44), and lot numbered thirteen (13), in block sixty-four (64), all in the London Addition to Duluth according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of said register of deeds, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, at 10 o'clock a. m. on the 10th day of July, 1899, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount then due upon said mortgage debt, the taxes amounting to $16.55 paid by said assignee, $50 attorneys' fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the costs and disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 10th, 1899.
E. GRACE GRAVES,
Mortgagee.
STEIN & TELFORD,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
600 First National Bank building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-25-June-1-8-15-22-29-1899.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of $746.36, which sum is the date of this notice is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Josephine Kennedy, mortgagor, (to secure a part of the purchase price of the lands therein described) to E. Grace Graves and Mary A Van Brunt, mortgagees. Said mortgage bears date December 20th, 1892, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, upon the 3rd day of January, 1893, at 2 o'clock and fifty minutes p. m., in Book 106 of mortgages, on page 25, thereby was, by written instrument bearing date December 17, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, March 25, 1895, at 2:40 p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages, on page 229, duly assigned by said Mary A. Van Brunt to said E. Grace Graves.

No action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said mortgage debt, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, lying and being in said St. Louis County, to-wit: Lot numbered eleven (11), in block forty-four (44), and lot numbered thirteen (13), in block sixty-four (64), all in the London Addition to Duluth according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of said register of deeds, with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging.

Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the 10th day of July, 1899, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the amount then due upon said mortgage debt, the taxes amounting to $16.55 paid by said assignee, $50 attorneys' fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the costs and disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Duluth, May 18, 1899.
E. GRACE GRAVES,
Mortgagee.
STEIN & TELFORD,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
600 First National Bank building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-25-June-1-8-15-22-29-1899.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of $452.80, which sum is at the date of this notice claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Josephine Kennedy, mortgagor, to secure a part of the purchase price of the lands therein described to E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, mortgagees. Said mortgage bears date December 20th, 1892, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the County of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, upon the 3rd day of January, 1893, at 2:50 o'clock and fifty minutes p. m. in Book 106 of mortgages, on page 25, thereby was, by written instrument bearing date December 17, 1894, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, March 25, 1895, at 2:40 o'clock p. m., in Book 108 of mortgages, on page 229, duly assigned by said Mary A. Van Brunt to said E. Grace Graves.

No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said mortgage debt, or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, lying and being in said St. Louis County, to-wit: Lot numbered eleven (11), in block forty-four (44), and lot numbered thirteen (13), in block sixty-four (64), all in

We Can Please You

A man is never at his best in the old-fashioned kind of ready-made clothes sold in most clothing stores. If you want to do yourself justice, try one of our Hart, Schaffner & Marx finely tailored suits. You can get one that will fit as though made to measure and bring out your good points better than anything the average tailor can make to your order. The H. S. & M. suits are elegant, durable and not expensive.

FOUR-BUTTON SACK SUIT
Copyright 1898
by Hart, Schaffner & Marx

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX

H. S. & M.

GUARANTEED CLOTHING.

This Celebrated Clothing is sold in Duluth only by

M. S. BURROWS,

The Progressive Clothier.

Was Indignant at Non-Payment.

Philip Lace got full last night and roomed a stranger $2 on an order addressed to Frankie Phillips, the proprietor of a place on "the Point." The order was not signed and read, "Give this fellow $2." Lace went down to collect the money, and when payment was refused, threatened to clean out the place. Lace was thrown out and fell into the arms of an officer and was lugged off to jail. This morning he was sent up for ten days by Judge Edson for drunkenness.

He Took Two Suits.

Joseph Kahl, a tailor, was arraigned before Judge Gearhart yesterday afternoon on the charge of petit larceny, preferred by his erstwhile partner in the tailoring business, O. J. Long. The two had a falling out over business matters, it appears, and Kahl took two suits of clothes from the shop to his home by way of squaring himself on the deal. Long had a search warrant issued and the clothes seized, and then had Kahl arrested. The accused pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for this afternoon, he being released on his own recognizance.

Teachers' Rates,

Round trip and one way. Special rates via "The North-Western Line." New York, round trip, $70. Boston, $75. Proportionate rates to other Eastern points. Through sleepers and free chair cars. Full information 405 W. Superior St.

Why not get the most and best for you money by patronizing the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald. High price grocers never advertise.

Make Sure of a Good Saturday Trade by having a Liberal Display Ad. in The Friday Herald, The Shoppers' Guide.

Copy of advertisements to insure insertion must be at the Herald office Thursday afternoon or early Friday morning.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

Delightful Social Held By Alpha Council Last Evening.

Alpha council, No. 1, Modern Samaritans, has given a number of pleasant social meetings, but the one held last evening in Elks hall was perhaps the most successful. Notwithstanding all of the other attractions a large number of ladies and gentlemen gathered and enjoyed a fine musical and literary program, followed by dancing. Miss Erickson, of Saginaw, gave a very pleasing piano solo; Miss Shannon sang, and was enthusiastically encored. Robert Cox outdid himself in humorous recitations. Little Miss Hancock was called out and won the audience by the charming manner in which she recited. The Banjo and Guitar club, composed of Professor J. Medley, Will Chapman and Fred Carlson, rendered some excellent music and was encored.

A. E. McManus, chairman of the committee on entertainment, was called out and made an excellent impromptu address on the plan of the order. He referred to the great meeting of the Maccabees just held in Duluth, and stated that it was but a fraction of the members of the order, which numbers over 350,000 members. This order has received and paid out to beneficiaries of deceased members more than $12,000,000 within the last sixteen years. He also said: The Modern Woodmen received and paid out in death benefits more than $2,400,000 last year alone, and keeps bank balances in its headquarters city of from $400,000 to $600,000, and is the means of advertising it all over the country. The Modern Samaritans has its headquarters in Duluth, and the time will come when some of those who have held aloof from the order will be glad to join it, promote its growth and avail themselves of its benefits. The bankers and business men of Duluth ought to take more interest in it than any one else, as it will ultimately do more for this city financially than any other concern. The plan of the order is unexcelled. It starts with a reserve fund, and when such orders as the Modern Woodmen finds it necessary to establish a reserve fund anyone can see the advantage of an order starting to build up one from the beginning. His speech throughout was much enjoyed, and many who listened to it decided to become members of the order.

The order is having a splendid growth, and its members are enthusiastic and aggressive. The meeting last night was certainly one of the most enjoyable and successful ever held in this city.

Will Go On Your Bond!

CONTRACTORS' BONDS
ASSIGNEES' BONDS
LODGE BONDS
COURT BONDS

American Bonding & Trust Co.,
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk

FUN COST THEM SENTENCES.

Two Men Get Gay and Fall Into Trouble.

Charles Larkin and R. Urey, two rather tough looking specimens, who said that they were recent arrivals from Chicago and Milwaukee respectively, and J. O'Neill, were arraigned before Judge Gearhart this morning charged with disorderly conduct in a saloon on the Bowery, called the "Bottling Works," Tuesday evening, all pleading guilty.

Either Urey or Larkin, it appeared, jerked O'Neill's watch out of his pocket in the saloon, and a general mix-up followed. They got away before an officer could be found, and were not arrested until last evening.

Larkin and Urey claimed in court this morning that the watch was pulled out of O'Neill's pocket in fun, and there was no evidence that they intended to steal it. The watch, it appeared, either fell or was thrown on the floor.

Urey and Larkin were sent up for thirty days, and O'Neill for ten days.

Next Monday evening, June 12, one of the finest exhibitions of physical culture will be given at the Armory by the active Turners and special classes consisting of 250 girls, boys and young ladies under the direction of Professor M. G. Alletzhauser. One of the grand features will be a May pole dance by twenty-four young ladies, a Roman sword drill by twenty ladies and gentlemen. Admission, 25 cents.

Why not get the most and best for you money by patronizing the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald. High price grocers never advertise.

BUYS DOCK PROPERTY

James J. Hill Acquires a Fine Piece on the Bay Front.

BOATS TO LAND HERE

This Means That the Passenger Dock Will Continue In Duluth.

The question of the location of the headquarters of the Northern Steamship company is settled at last and forever, for the company has just completed the purchase of a large piece of property between Sixth avenue west and No. 1 slip, which is to be used as the dock property of the Northern Steamship company and the Great Northern road.

This is a deal more pregnant with promise for Duluth than almost any other that has been consummated within the past few years. Up to now, while the relations between Duluth and the Great Northern road have been most friendly, and it has been known that James J. Hill and his road were headed for Duluth in a general way, the road has owned very little property here, and there was little to indicate its permanent relations with the city of Duluth. Now that the road has purchased the dock property at Sixth avenue, all that was lacking is supplied, and it is ensured that the headquarters of the Northern Steamship company will be at Duluth.

This question has been agitated for some time, and it has been repeatedly stated, through West Superior sources, that the Great Northern's dock would be located in Superior, and that Duluth would be merely one of the way stations for the big passenger boats. This announcement will have the effect of settling this discussion permanently, and it will mean a great deal for Duluth. Added to Mr. Hill's recent association with the First National bank, it means that the result of the Jim Hill style of progress and advancement is going to be felt in Duluth.

The company has purchased all of blocks 3 and 4, Bay Front division. This includes all of the property between Sixth avenue west on the east and No. 1 slip on the west, and between Railroad street on the north and the bay on the south. All of the property in this section, from the Omaha tracks to the Philadelphia and Reading coal dock, is included in the deal. This takes in the Duluth Boat club property, the Duluth Shoe company's building. The property occupied by the Armour Packing company, on which the packing company has a lease; in short, everything within the boundaries named. The consideration is not made public, but it is, of course, a large one, as the property is of great value.

The transfer is made through A. I. Ordean, of the First National bank, but a very large number of interests have been connected with the deal. The property came through C. Ordean, however, and he has been working hard for many weeks to get it all in shape for the final transfer to the Northern interests. Several transfers in connection with the deal have been filed in the office of the register of deeds lately. The first was a quit claim deed to the two blocks named made by Luther Mendenhall to Mr. Ordean. The consideration for this was $1, though revenue stamps to the amount of $150 appeared on the deed, indicating a valuation of $150,000. Another deed was filed yesterday afternoon by which Owen Ferguson, of Chicago, for $10,000, transferred to Mr. Ordean fractions of lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15, block 3, Bay Front division. This tract includes the westerly forty feet of lots 11, 12, 13 and 14, and it overlaps lots 10 and 15.

The work of perfecting the title in Mr. Ordean, who was to transfer to the Northern interest, was considerable. There were a number of owners, there were some tax titles, and it took a good deal of figuring to get the property in shape to be turned over to the purchaser.

The property will be improved in a short time, and while Mr. Hill has not announced his plans in that connection, it is likely that some substantial improvements will be made in order to make the property suitable for a landing place for the big passenger boats and the Northern freight boats.

LOW RATES.

Chicago ---------- $10.00
Milwaukee ---------- $8.50

A. C. WILLOUTS,
327 W. Superior St.

AUSTRIAN TOWN BURNED.

Vienna, June 8.—The market town of Linz, near Ottensheim, has been totally burned. Four women perished in the flames and a number of people were injured.

FOR ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

Berlin, June 8.—The budget committee of the reichstag voted the first installment of 200,000 marks for the German Antarctic expedition.

MORE GOLD TO EUROPE.

New York, June 8.—The National City bank will ship $1,000,000 gold to Europe on steamers sailing Saturday. The total amount shipped by this institution is $5,500,000.

THE CRICKETERS.

London, June 8.—At the close of play today in the cricket match between Cambridge university, at Cambridge, and the Australian eleven, the university men had scored 357 runs for seven wickets down.

Buy your groceries Saturday of the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders are requested for the construction of thirteen manholes on the conduit system of the Zenith City Telephone company. Plans and specifications at the office, 308 Lyceum building.

Wonderful.

The demand for Vernor's ginger ale at Smith & Smith's drug store has been perfectly wonderful, only equaled by their immense trade on ice cream soda with pure crushed fruit flavors, at 5 cents a glass.

Why not get the most and best for you money by patronizing the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald. High price grocers never advertise.

SUFFEL & CO.

129 W. Superior St.

The Average Shoe

Fits no foot well because it aims to fit every foot.

"QUEEN QUALITY $3.00 SHOES

Are made in special shapes, designed to suit the several distinct types of feet—the "long thin," the "short thick," the "high arched," the "low arched" are all provided for. This price is not the only thing that has made "QUEEN QUALITY" SHOES world famous.

All styles—for dress, for the house, for the promenade, for outing—all at one price—

$3.00

SUFFEL & CO.

SHOE ON THE OTHER FOOT.

County Attorney Phelps Has to Bid Heavily For His Property.

The state did some business at the forfeited tax sale this morning when the First division of the town of Mesaba was offered. There were no bidders for it and it was all bid in by County Auditor Halden for the state. Lands in 51-13 and 50-14 were on sale also this morning. This afternoon the sale was to take up the plat of Trimble, a town on the Mesaba range.

County Auditor Phelps has been in attendance during most of the sale, and it is said that several times he has made remarks to the effect that property should be bid up at least to the amount of the taxes due upon it. This was when the owners seemed aggrieved because outsiders insisted upon bidding upon their property. Yesterday afternoon the shoe was on the other foot, for County Attorney Phelps had some property in the sale, and the bidding on it was so lively that he had to offer about $400 above the amount of the taxes to get it in. The property consisted of some acres in 51-13, and when they were offered E. A. Leidel bid against Mr. Phelps and ran the price up so that there was about $400 over the taxes coming when the land was knocked down.

It is said that Mr. Phelps was considerably annoyed because the property was bid up, and he stated as much to Mr. Leidel, who reminded him of the time when he came into the room while the sale was going on and when some one was objecting because his property was bid up the county attorney inquired if the sale was not an open one.

A part of "section 30" was cleared of taxes yesterday afternoon in the ordinary manner and was thus taken away from the sale. This was an undivided one-sixteenth interest in the section. The taxes only amounted to 25 cents, and the receipt was made out to Florance C. Greenwood. There would have been a lively time if the property had been left on the forefited list, as there were men there prepared to bid almost any reasonable amount for it.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOWEST RATES—NO DELAY.
ANY AMOUNT.

Stryker, Manley & Buck,

TORREY BUILDING.

Teachers' Rates,

Round trip and one way. Special rates via "The North-Western Line." New York, round trip, $30. Boston, $31. Proportionate rates to other Eastern points. Through sleepers and free chair cars. Full information 405 W. Superior St.

JUNE EXCURSIONS VIA THE MILWAUKEE.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 11 and 12. Order Mystic Shrine.

St. Louis, June 19 and 20. Benevolent and Protective Order Elks.

Half fare, plus $2, for the round trip from Twin Cities and points on the C. M. & St. P. Ry.

July excursions to Detroit, Mich.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Richmond, Va.; Indianapolis, Ind., at greatly reduced rates. For particulars call at any C. M. & St. P. office, or write to J. T. Conley, A. G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn.

Buy your groceries Saturday of the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald.

Why not get the most and best for you money by patronizing the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald. High price grocers never advertise.

Grand Athletic Exhibition.

Armory June 12, given by the active Turners, and over 250 girls, boys and ladies and gentlemen. Admission 25 cents.

ARRANGES FOR COKE

John M. Thomas Leases Superior Ovens For a Term of Three Years.

BUILD HERE LATER

Improvements Being Made Will Give Two Hundred Tons Capacity.

Ever since John M. Thomas purchased the blast furnace at West Duluth, now owned by the Duluth Furnace company, he has been studying the problem of securing a supply of cokes. He has now solved it for the present by the leasing of the Lehigh Coal and Coke company's dock and coke ovens at Superior and will operate them for a period of three years by which time other arrangements which he has in contemplation will be effected.

In the operation of Mr. Thomas' furnace about 75,000 tons of coke will be used every year. When he begins operation he expects to build a dock which will extend 1000 feet out toward the government channel. This dock will be built in part of the slag which comes from the furnace. It will be used for the receiving and storing of coal and the location of coke ovens. It will be two or three years before this dock is entirely ready, however, and in the meantime some other arrangement will be necessary. The situation has been met by the leasing of the Lehigh property. This property includes besides the large coal dock 120 coke ovens. Of these fifty are out of repair. They will be at once put in shape and Mr. Thomas will add 100 more, practically doubling the size of the plant. This will insure an adequate supply.

The ovens will be built on the Duluth side as fast as the dock is completed.

At the present time Mr. Thomas is building a 300-foot dock to be used for receiving lime, coke, etc. A channel about 1000 feet long will be dredged from the government channel to the dock and a large force of men is now at work on the dock. Lumber is being unloaded for it and it will be completed at an early date.

The furnace will start about Aug. 1, and when it begins its capacity will have been increased from 125 tons a day to 200 tons. This will be the result of a large number of improvements which Mr. Thomas is now making to the furnace. The difficulty in securing machinery and iron work has delayed the opening.

The improvements which are being made will make it a model furnace. The top of the stack is to be raised twenty feet and the old "hell"—a cone-shaped contrivance that is used to distribute the load—will be discarded and a new and improved one substituted, especially adapted to the handling of Mesaba ores.

The raising of the stack will require the reconstruction of the inclined plane to the top up which is carried the material for the furnace. The increased capacity also makes the one car formerly used too small, and a double track will be put in and two cars will be run. This in turn necessitates heavier hoisting engines, and these Mr. Thomas has ordered. The delay in obtaining these has bothered Mr. Thomas considerably.

Another improvement which is being made is the putting in of machinery or appliances for purifying and cleaning the gas which comes from the coke burned in the furnace, and is transmitted into the stoves and used for heating the boilers. With Mesaba ores, which are fine, ore dust goes out with the gas, and if not cleaned out will clog in the stoves. The cleaning machinery will prevent this. Mr. Thomas expects to add another of the gas stoves before long. There are now three.

Much of the casting is being done at Superior at the Tube works. There is no foundry here large enough to handle it.

A large amount of the output of 200 tons a day is already placed, and all of it to plants in the West. The chances are that the plant will not be able to supply the demand, and there is already an indication that Mr. Thomas can get business enough to demand the erection within a very short time of another furnace.

BLAND IS SINKING.

The Public May Be Prepared For the Worst.

Lebanon, Mo., June 8.—Dr. McComb, who has just returned from the country home of Congressman Richard P. Bland, reports that at 11 a. m. his patient was manifestly worse than at any time since his illness. The public may be prepared for the worst.

BANK ROBBER CONFESSES.

Cincinnati, June 8.—Fred Friedenheimer, of Louisville, Ky., who was arrested here charged with being implicated in the obtaining of $5000 from the German Insurance bank, of Louisville, Monday, has made a confession.

The police today recovered from the safe of the Grand hotel two packages of $1000 each that had been left there for safe keeping for Friedenheimer.

Buy your groceries Saturday of the grocers who advertise in The Friday Herald.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25 cents. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.

A GOOD PAIR

To draw to is our "Wiener" or "Pure Malt Extract" Bottled Beers. For a thirst-quencher and satisfying drink there is nothing better than our "Wiener." If you need a strengthener and upbuilder try our "Pure Malt" We supply the family trade at $2.25 per case of two dozen quarts or 4 dozen pints.

ROHL BROS., City Agents,
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
3 West Superior St. 'Phone 484.

MARINE NEWS.

Traffic Through the Sault In May Greater Than Last Year.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The report of the commerce passing through the American and Canadian canals during the month of May has been issued. The total freight exceeds that of May last year by 246,687 tons, the increase being principally in wheat, coarse grain and iron ore. The eastbound and westbound freight last month aggregated 2,508,068 tons, against 2,661,881 tons in May, 1898. The eastbound freight was as follows: Copper, 10,835 tons; grain, 8,258,892 bus; building stone, 923 tons; flour, 773,228 bbls; iron ore, 1,619,204 tons; pig iron, 2347 tons; lumber, 97,296 M. ft; wheat, 8,445,288 bus; unclassified freight, 28,347 tons. Following was the westbound freight: Coal, 445,960 tons; grain, 4000 bus; manufactured iron, 17,027 tons; salt, 75,465 bbls; unclassified freight, 67,838 tons. There were 867 passengers went east and 1445 west during the month.

LOWER GRAIN RATES.

Chicago, June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates dropped back to 17½c on corn to Lake Erie today.

THE REPUBLIC DISABLED.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Republic arrived from Lake Superior at 10 o'clock today with shoes and buckets of her wheel gone. Temporary repairs are being made.

THE VEGA AGROUND.

Sault Ste. Marie, June 8.—The steamer Vega, bound down with ore is aground on the middle ground, Waiskai bay. Tugs have gone to her assistance.

ON THE ROCKS.

Frankfort, Mich., June 8.—The steam barge Waverly from Escanaba to Cleveland, with iron ore, went on the rocks off South Manitou island Tuesday night during a fog. Her engines were disabled in a futile attempt to release herself. The Waverly's bow is high out of water, while her stern is deeply submerged.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Sicken, Spademan, McVittie, 10 last night; Neilson, Corliss, H: Ontario, Mesaba, Magna, midnight; Continental, Holland, 1:30 a. m.; Matoa, Martha, 2:30; Maruba, 3:30; Fay, Cobb, 4:30; Yuma, 8; Presque Isle, 9:30; Adella Shores, 10; Northern Light, 10:30; Colby and wha e-backs, business 11. Down: New York, Grandy, Wall, Keating, 11 last night; Hanna, 1:30; Rosedale, 2; Oglebay, Wilmington, 3; McWilliams, Venice, Fayette Brown, 4:30; Watt, Thomas, 6; Schoolcraft, Foster, Burke, Kewcenaw, 7; Ford, 8; Republic, Gilbert, 9; Preston, 9:30; Sacramento, Grampian, 10.

Up yesterday: W. P. Ketchum, noon; Buell, Hill, Sawyer, 4 p. m.; Massachusetts, 5; Iron Age, 5:30; Bangor, Lyon, 6. Down: Ed Smith, Connelly Bros., Ogarka, Gardner, Delaware, Codorus, 11:30 a. m.; Forest City, Cleveland, noon; Ward, Rhodes, Northern King, Appomattox, Abyssinia, 12:30 p. m.; Siemens, Nasmith, D. Leland, Montgomery, Dobbins, Kirby, Hartnell, 1:30; Ericsson, Krupp, 2:30; Harvey Brown, Mather No. 129, No. 130, America, Maricopa, Malda, Auburn, 5; Waldo, 6:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Mohawk, 9 last night; Nicholas, 10; Green, Genoa, Our Son, 10:30; Shenandoah and consort, 11; Pennsylvania, 12:30 a. m.; Argo and consorts, 2:15; Alaska (steel), 3:30; Linn, 4:15; Nimick, Antrim, Victory and consort, 4:40; Holden, 6; Penobscot, 6:30. Down: Rosemount and consorts, 2 a. m.; Owen, Michigan, 6:30; Osceola and consorts, 7; Senator, 10:15.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Hamburg—Arrived: Patricia, from New York via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, from New York for Southampton and Hamburg.

Havre—Arrived: Labretagne, from New York.

Glasgow—Arrived: Mongolian, from New York; Ethiopa, from New York.

Liverpool—Arrived: Rhynland, from Philadelphia.

Naples—Arrived: Aller, from New York.

Reduced Transportation Rates.

VIA WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

Special low round trip rates to Eastern and Canadian points at less than one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19.

For full particulars call at city office, No. 430 West Superior street.

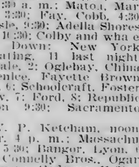
W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent.

All Belt and Sash Buckles at Actual Cost.

G. A. KLEIN,

JEWELER.
325 West Superior Street.

Don't Economize



At the expense of your eyes. We don't sell cheap glasses, but we sell good ones as low as is consistent with the best workmanship and material. A fine line of Kodaks. Get particulars of our camera contest.

C. D. TROTT, Optician

329 West Superior Street.

Family Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at Boyce's Drug Store.

FREIMUTH'S

Special Friday Trade Bringers.

Which will make the quietest day of the week THE VERY BUSIEST ONE. Don't miss these values.

Madras Cloth—
35 pieces fine Madras Cloth, new colorings, new designs, perfectly fast color, regular price 15c—Friday

10c

Percale—
2 cases best quality Percale 36-inch wide light and dark colors, choice styles, regular price 12½c—Friday's price.....

9c

Skirting Sateens—
10 pieces fine quality Metallic Striped Skirting Sateens, regular price 30c—Friday's price.....

17c

Figured Sateen—
20 pieces fancy figured Sateens, 36-in wide, just the thing for comforters and drapery use; regular price 20c; Friday's price.....

12½c

Wash Silk—
10 pieces fancy Corded Japanese Wash Silks, just the thing for Summer Waists, regular price 50c—Friday's price.....

29c

Taffeta Silk—
20 pieces Japanese Plaid Taffeta Silk in very pretty colorings, regular price 60c; Friday's price.....

39c

Dress Suitings—
25 pieces all-wool Dress Suitings, in Plaids, Checks and Novelty Patterns, ranging in price from 60c to 75c; Friday's price.....

39c

Skirt Lining—
One case 36-in Taffeta Skirt lining, warranted fast black, regular price 15c; Friday's price.....

9c

Ladies' Vests—
One case Ladies' Vests in white or ecru, regular value 15c; Friday's price, two for.....

15c

Turkey Red Damask—
5 pieces Turkey Red Damask, 60 inches wide, regular price 25c; Friday's price.....

18c

Huck Towels—
50 dozen Huck Towels, extra heavy quality, large size, regular price 25c—Friday's price.....

17c

India Linon—
25 pieces fine quality India Linon, regular price 23c—Friday's price....

16c

Piques—
10 pieces White Corded Pique, for Skirts and Waists, regular price 35c—Friday's price.....

25c

Silk Umbrellas—
100 Gloria Silk Umbrellas with choice natural handles, regular value $1.25; Friday's price.....

89c

Straw Sailors—
15 doz Fine Milan Straw Ladies' Sailors, regular price 75c—Friday's price.....

50c

Flowers—
200 bunches fancy assorted Flowers, cheap at 35c and 45c; Friday's choice

19c

FREIMUTH'S

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--PAGES 1 to 6

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

PARTICULAR MENTION FOR SATURDAY.

Store Open Saturday Night Until 11 o'clock. The BIG DULUTH Store Open Saturday Night Until 11 o'clock.

Light Clothing.....
Light in weight, light in color, light in price—just the kind that will help you enjoy the summer.

Serge Suits.....
Everybody's favorite—and ours. Months ago we laid our plans to have the very best Serge Suit in the market for—

$10.00

We've several hundred on the table today. It's a new blue, new weave, made in Single and Double-Breasted Sacks.

Worsted Suits—Newest Stripes, Plaids and Checks, $12, $15, $18 and $20.
Suits in Fancy Cassimeres and Cheviots—all wool, $6.75 to $20.
Golf and Bicycle Trousers, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.50.
Serge Coats to go with them, $4, $5, $6.

For Men and Boys.....
Negligee Shirts and Underwear, Belts, Sweaters, Bicycle Hose.

Negligee Shirts begin at 50c, and you get more newness and exclusive fancies than anywhere else.

Balbriggan Underwear for men, 25c to $1, biggest values we've ever given.

Balbriggan Underwear for boys, 25c and 50c.

Belts for boys begin at 25c.

Belts for men begin at 25c.

Straw Hats for Everybody.
This is the satisfactory Hat Store. New styles blossom here constantly. You expect us to lead and we never disappoint. Every proper new shape is here.

Straw Hats for Men, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2.
Straw Hats for Boys, 25c, 50c, $1, $1.50.
Straw Hats for Children, 25c, 50c, $1.

Notwithstanding the continuous heavy trade we keep the lines in sizes very complete, and so far as value is concerned you couldn't do better if you owned a factory. And these are but "mentions." Still they indicate how closely this store keeps in touch with the wants of the people. When you buy here you KNOW there's no after-sorrows of poor qualities to feel bad over. This is the safely right store.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.
125 and 127 West Superior Street.

ABOUT WRINGERS

It's a fact that GOOD WRINGERS are hard to get; the "just as good" as the Kelly kind are common and can be had at any price, from $1.13 to $1.69 (more or less.) Our new ones are probably the finest ever shown in Duluth—good FRAMES, good BEARINGS, good ROLLERS—just a little better than the other fellow's best. That's why we are successful wringer merchants. Good things are our long suit anyhow. We have told you about Radiant Home and Buck Stoves and Columbian Ware and Palmer Hammocks. This time its WRINGERS. Wringers usual sizes and wringers extra sizes, plain bearing and ball bearing, wood frames and iron frames, and last, but not least, right prices. We invite you.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.

'Phone 21. 118 WEST SUPERIOR ST. We Deliver Promptly.

Reliable Hardware Merchants. Retailers of Highest Grade Enameled Goods.

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Rooms 5 and 6, Phoenix Block.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Prof. Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES: 216 W. Superior St.

Flags, Bunting, AND WINDOW DECORATIONS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Albertson Stationery and Book Co., Successor to A. T. ALBERTSON

A TRAIN DERAILED

Between Forty and Forty-Five Persons Hurt, Three Perhaps Fatally.

CAUSED BY WASHOUT

The Train Was Running Slowly on Account of High Water.

Kansas City, June 9.—Between forty and forty-five persons were injured, three perhaps fatally, by the derailment of a southbound passenger train on the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad, three miles south of Greenview, Mo., at 9:30 last night.

The train left Kansas City late, and was running at a low rate of speed on account of the bad condition of the track occasioned by heavy rain storms.

The injured were brought to this city today and taken to hospitals. The list of injured follows:

D. H. Williams, Moret, Mo., slight; Mrs. E. B. Chandler, Jaudon, Mo., slight; M. S. B. Powell, Mena, Ark., slight; B. C. Duffy, Fort Smith, Ark., hip sprained; Mrs. C. B. Duffy, face cut; child of Mr. and Mrs. Duffy, badly bruised on side of face; Dr. W. T. Adams, Richards, Mo., slight cut on ear; C. J. Marris, Christopher, Mo., right shoulder hurt; Arthur Scruggs, Joplin, Mo., cut over eye; Ray Geffs, Joplin, Mo., arm and side bruised; John Reynolds, Kansas City, hip bruised; Vernon Bigler, Amsterdam, Mo., face badly bruised; H. E. Speez, Irwin, Mo., hip bruised; Mrs. E. C. Speez, hand lacerated; August Hulett, Asbury, Mo., leg bruised; Mrs. M. E. Churchman, Colorado Springs, Col., hand injured; M. A. Jones, Winthrop, Ark., head badly cut; Mrs. J. M. Horne, Pittsburg, Kas., face burned; P. Brown, Cleveland, Mo., legs injured; I. V. C. Moore, Kansas City, head hurt; Mrs. Frank Down, Kansas City, Kas., head bruised; Mrs. Charles F. Haines, Kansas City, Kas., head cut; Charles F. Haines, arm cut and knee hurt; W. E. McGraff, Blair, Neb., cut on head; Mrs. W. W. Warden, Kansas City, shoulder hurt; J. W. G. Sloan, Arnot, Mo., bruised about body; W. A. Deal, Nashville, Mo., side hurt; A. J. Gergenson, news agent., Kansas City, seriously; Henry Gillody, Drexel, Mo., arm bruised; C. C. Berkey, Cleveland, Mo., leg bruised; G. S. Lacey, Argentine Bks., knee hurt; George Payne, Argentine, Kas., cut on chin; W. C. Simons, Drexel, shoulder crushed; G. E. Sage, Merwin, Mo., sprained back; F. S. Hoyer, Nebraska, leaked Kas., Scott, Drexel, Mo., ear lacerated; Henry Williams, Kansas City, arm injured; S. A. Wilhoit, Drexel, Mo., head cut; G. L. K. Crawford, Drexel, Mo., bruised chest, may die; A. G. Donovan, Kansas City, Kan., head and hip hurt; Miss Burrows, Amsterdam, Mo., head hurt; J. N. Leggett, Drexel, Mo., face cut; J. M. Jackson, Jingo, Kan., head cut and back hurt; John McElhany, Neosho, Mo., back hurt; Fred J. Berkowitz, New Orleans, ankle sprained; Mrs. Berkowitz, head bruised; Euell Stoker, Drexel, Mo., back hurt; Melville Stoker, Rock Vail, Kan., head cut.

The wrecked train was due to leave Kansas City last night at 7:30, but it was nearly 8 before a start was made.

Two miles beyond Granview, a small station thirty miles south of Kansas City, the train rails spread owing to the recent severe rains, and the smoker, which contained most of the injured, and the chair car immediately following, were turned on their side into a ditch; the Pullman left the track but remained upright. The engine and combination baggage and mail car remained on the track.

The accident occurred at 9:30 during a heavy downpour of rain. The crew immediately began the rescue of the passengers in the pouring rain and darkness. Women and children were dragged from the windows of the chair car and given attention first. Before all had been taken out the car took fire from the stove. The porter immediately cut a hole through the roof of the car, in order to quench the fire, and rescued several women in imminent danger.

In the well-filled smoker passengers were compelled to crawl the full length of the car to escape. Exit through the broken windows was dangerous, the darkness making it impossible to see a foot ahead. The scene of the wreck was in the woods, and there were no houses near to which the injured could be taken.

Torches were improvised and fires were built and lent aid to the rescuers and warmth to the rain-soaked injured.

Word of the wreck was sent to Granview and a relief train was sent from Kansas City, arriving at 3 a. m., and took back to Kansas City all of the injured.

Engineer Brown, seen after the wreck, said that he was running slowly around a sharp curve on an embankment eight feet high.

The track was cleared by noon today and trains were running as usual.

ARRESTED AGAIN.

Molineux Again Charged With Murder After Being Released.

New York, June 9.—Roland B. Molineux was today released on $5000 bail. He was immediately rearrested on a warrant charging him with the murder of Catherine J. Adams.

THE MAZETEERS.

Large Proportion of Indictments Dismissed By District Attorney.

New York, June 9.—District Attorney Gardiner was not present today when the assembly accommittee of investigation of municipal departments resumed its sittings, and instead of examining Col. Gardiner, Counselor Moss read from correspondence with the district attorney a statement regarding indictments and their disposition. This showed that of 7361 complaints presented to the grand jury 2471 were dismissed by that body and that of the indictments returned 2001 were dismissed with the consent or on the motion of the district attorney.

Secretary Lee Philips of the municipal civil service commission was called as witness. He had formerly conducted a school for the preparation of candidates for office under the city civil service rules. He testified that while conducting this school he received no advance information as to the questions to be asked of candidates.

DISREGARDED RED TAPE.

Assistant Secretary of War Acts Promptly In Minnesota Case.

Washington, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the request of The Herald correspondent, Acting Secretary Meiklejohn today cabled to Gen. Otis at Manilla as follows:

"Send personal effects of Taggart, Company F, Thirteenth Minnesota, addressed to Mrs. Taggart, 118 Seventh street, Minneapolis, Minn. Body also, if possible.

"GEOPGE D. MEIKLEJOHN."

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn realized the situation as soon as Mrs. Taggart's request was presented and acted promptly, disregarding the red tape prevalent in the war department.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

UNITED STATES TO MEDIATE.

Trouble Between England and Transvaal to Be Arbitrated.

London, June 9.—The Westminster Gazette this afternoon says a rumor is current from a well-informed source that it has been proposed in a responsible quarter that the United States mediate between Great Britain and the Transvaal. It is added that the suggestion is being considered and "it is even now probable that such mediation may be undertaken."

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

A Boarding Mistress Killed For Asking For Money.

Leechburg, Pa., June 9.—Joseph Povelick, a Polander, fatally shot his boarding mistress, Mrs. Mary Smoski, today because she demanded money for his board, which was long overdue. Povelick then fled and an hour later his body was found on the river bank with a bullet through his brain. He had committed suicide.

THE MODUS.

Alaskan Agreement Is Likely to Be Signed at Any Moment.

Washington, June 9.—Up to the time the cabinet met today no word had come from London to indicate that the modus vivendi relative to the Alaskan boundary had been signed. The technical state of the case is that the British and American sides had agreed upon the principles, as it was supposed that should govern in the arrangement of the modus. This was based on a proposition emanating from the British side in its last stage. This proposition was acceptable to the United States but in some points it was so vague as to warrant the apprehension that it might contain within it the germs of disagreement in the not distant future. Therefore in accepting the British proposition in principle, the United States specifically defined these points in a manner to remove any possibility of double construction. If the British government accepts this precise statement, the modus will be an accomplished fact, and upon this acceptance our government waits. It may come at any moment and it is subject to delay if there is a further reference to Canada.

THE NEWARK OVERDUE.

Navy Department Is Looking For News From Her.

Washington, June 9.—The navy department is looking for news of the United States steamship Newark. The cruiser sailed from Montevideo, Uruguay, on May 17, bound for Valparaiso, Chili, and is now some days overdue. The distance by way of the straits of Magellan, which was the route prescribed for the ship, is a little less than 3000 miles. The only stop on the way by the usual course is at Punta Arenas, in the straits, where coal is taken, but there is no cable connection there.

Secretary Long postively declared that he had no doubt of the safety of the ship, though it was possible that she had been delayed through some untoward conditions. At the navigation bureau Lieut. Ward called attention to the fact that the winter season was just beginning in the Southern hemisphere, bringing heavy fogs and bad weather.

She was bound from Hampton Roads for the Pacific station, though it was generally understood that when she arrived at Valaparaiso or some other of the ports of Western South America, she was to get her orders to turn westward and proceed to Apia. It is probable, however, that the occasion for her presence at Apia has now disappeared and the orders will not go forward.

NICARAGUAN COMMISSION.

The President Makes Announcement of the Membership.

Washington, June 9.—The president today appointed the following commission to determine the most feasible and practical route for a canal across the isthmus of Panama: Rear Admiral John G. Walker, United States navy; Hon. Samuel Pasco, of Florida; Alfred Noble, C. E., of Illinois; George S. Morrison, C. E., of New York; Col. Peter C. Haines, United States army; Professor William H. Burr, of Connecticut; Lieut. Col. Oswlad H. Ernst, United States army; Lewis M. Haupt, C. E., of Pennsylvania; Professor Emory R. Johnson, of Pennsylvania.

A GLASSWARE TRUST.

Pittsburg, June 9.—A meeting of the glass tableware manufacturers is now in session at the Hotel Lincoln in this city to consider a proposition to form a combination. Twenty-three manufacturers including the United States Glass company, owning twenty plants, are represented at the meeting. It was announced that 90 pct cent of the output favored the combination.

TO CONSIDER PROTECTION.

Copenhagen, June 9.—The minister of finance today informed a deputation of agriculturalists that the government intended to appoint a commission to consider the imposition of a protectionist duty upon agricultural products.

Gentlemen: We want your trade and we are going to get it.

Read This!
ON BARGAIN COUNTER No. 5, Saturday, we will place on sale all broken lines of Men's Negligee Shirts, with or without collars and cuffs, worth 75c; Boys' and Men's Wool or Cotton Sweaters, worth up to $1.50; also broken lines of underwear, worth up to 50c. Your

Pick 29c

KID GLOVES
Almost Given Away on Bargain Counter No. 1 SATURDAY.
Ladies' Kid Gloves.
Foster's Monogram Gloves, regular price $1.50; The Gester Kid Gloves, regular price $1.50; Mosquetaire Chamois Gloves, worth $1.00; All our broken lines of Gloves in the house, black, white and colors, button or lace. Limit three pairs.

Pick 49c

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN. THE BIG Glass Block Store

Saturday's Bargain's.

The grandest offering of Genuine Bargains ever offered by any house in the Northwest will be found here Saturday. You can't afford to miss them.

New Sash Buckles.
An immense new line opened today—Real cut steel, imitation cut steel, enamel and gold-plated finishes.
REAL CUT STEEL BUCKLES for stock collars..... 35c
REAL CUT STEEL BUCKLES for sashes—
50c to $1.75
STOCK AND SASH SETS—A buckle for collar and sash—per set..... 50c
NEW WAIST SETS—An entirely new assortment at..... 35c

Drug Department.
"0088," Matt J. Johnson's Great Rheumatism cure, $1.50 is the regular price; 6 doz Saturday at—per bottle..... $1.10
(Limit two bottles.)
HOOD'S ROOT BEER—One bottle will make 5 gallons of the best beer—price..... 8c
FIG LAXATIVE—25c size..... 17c
LITTLE LIVER PILLS—25c size..... 10c
HUNYADI WATER—special..... 21c
CASTORIA—The genuine 35c size..... 27c
EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK..... 15c

Silk Department.
MOUSSELINE DE SOIE—Foulard designs, on medium and Navy and Black grounds; choice—per yard..... 50c
BLACK DRESS GOODS—$2.50 Black Venetian 52-inches wide; Saturday..... $1.75
BLACK ALPACAS—Mohairs and Brilliantines for Skirts or waists at—
75c, 50c, 39c and 29c
BLACK CHEVIOTS—We carry the famous Bradford Cheviots at—
$1.25, $1.00, 89c, 79c
BLACK CREPONS—Silk, Silk and Mohair, and Mohair specials, at—
$1.99, $1.39 and $1.00
JAMESTOWN CREPONS—An Black Mohair effects, former price 50c; sale price..... 33c

Colored Dress Goods.
50 exclusive Dress Patterns, formerly sold at $25, $20, $15 and $10, to close Saturday..... $4.98
DIAGONAL HOMESPUNS—The famous Homespun Suitings direct from the factory in Ireland, 54 inches wide, mixed Gray and Brown, for Suits, Cycle Skirts and Traveling Dresses—per yard—only..... $1.00
DRESS GOODS REMNANTS—The last chance of these high-grade Remnant lengths for Skirts, Waists and Dresses at—per yard—
39c and 19c

Wash Goods.
50 pieces Fine Organdies in shadow effects, 32 inches wide, former price 15c; Saturday..... 8c
PRINCESS DUCKS—And Henley Cheviots and odd lots, former price 12½c—sale price..... 7c
36-inch ENGLISH PERCALES—5000 yards Mill Lengths, in pretty blues, 12½c goods—sale price..... 6c
BLACK SATIN SPECIALS—Our 10c and 12½c qualities, Saturday at—per yard—
9½c and 7½c

Shoe Department.
BARGAINS you cannot afford to miss if you wear a 2½, 3, 3½ or 4 Shoe. Let pairs Moore Shafer and Curtis & Wheeler $2.50 to $3.50 hand-turn Oxfords in tan and black, best value ever given in the city—price..... 99c
Ladies' Oxfords in black or tan, up-to-date, right prices..... $2.50
Youths' Shoes, 9 to 13, in kid and box calf, sold everywhere at $1.50; our price Saturday..... $1.25
You want a fine Shoe for baby. We have them in black, tan, red, white and bronze, sizes 2 to 5—price..... $1.25
Vassar
Is our best seller; a fine dress shoe; Gray Bros.' make, and the price is..... $2.98
A full line of Misses' and Children's Shoes, in tan or black, button and lace..... 99c

SATURDAY—Millinery Day—
We have selected 100 Ladies' Trimmed Hats from among our $3.75, $4.25, $4.50 and $4.75 lines, and placed them on sale Saturday at, each..... $2.69

Ladies' Sailor Hats — A big cut in ladies' fine split sailors in colors, and rustic sailors in black and white, $1.50 and $1.75 goods, go on sale Saturday, at 95c each

Misses' Fancy Hats—
A magnificent assortment of dainty headgear for the little folks in all colors, and over a hundred styles and shapes to select from at, each **15c, 25c, 39c, 50c, 75c, 95c and $1.25.**

A Table of Boys' Hats, Caps and Tams., worth up to 48c, at, each..... 25c

Cloak Department.
Great sale on Wash Skirts and Waists for Saturday.
10 dozen Percale Waists to go on sale Saturday at..... 25c
25 dozen Percale Waists to go on sale at..... 49c
35 dozen fine Percale Waists, all pretty patterns; sale price..... 69c
75 dozen white and colored Waists, all new styles; Saturday..... 75c
15 dozen Waists in Percales, Ginghams and Madras cloth, regular $1.25 kind; sale price..... 98c

Wash Skirts.
Crash Skirts for summer..... 98c
Blue Duck Skirts, with deep hem; sale price—
$1.98, $2.49, $3.98
White Pique Skirts, with deep hem; sale price—
$1.25, $1.49, $1.98 to $7.50

Jackets.
Great sale on Ladies' Jackets, 25 to go on sale Saturday, worth $11.50 each; at, each..... $7.50
10 dozen Wrappers, $1.25 kind; sale price Saturday..... 98c

Boys' Clothing Dept.
Another lot of Boys' Suits, $4.50 kind; on sale Saturday at..... $1.98
Boys' navy blue serge Tailor Suits, regular $5.00 suits; on sale Saturday at..... $2.98
Boys' Rough Riders' Suits, on sale Saturday at..... 75c

Ladies' Undermuslin.
Muslin Gowns—
49c, 69c, 75c, 98c to $5
Muslin Skirts—
49c, 59c, 69c, 75c, 98c to $5
Muslin Short Skirts—
49c, 69c to 98c
Muslin and Cambric Drawers—
35c, 39c, 49c to $4.50
Corset Covers—
19c, 25c, 29c, 35c, 49c to $2
Chemise in Cambric and Muslin, lace and embroidery trimmed; sale price—
29c, 49c, 69c to $2.50
Children's Muslin Drawers—all sizes—sale price..... 15c
Children's fancy Gingham and Cambric Dresses, trimmed with embroidery and Insertion; size 2 to 14 years; price—
49c, 69c, 75c, 98c, $1.19 to $3.50

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery Sale.
Black and Stainless Tans.
Ladies' Hose, fast black and stainless tans, double heels and toes; special price, 3 pair for..... 25c
Ladies' Fast Black.
Ladies' fast black, double soles and double heels, ribbed tops; special price, 2 pair for..... 25c
Hermsdorf Fast Black.
Ladies' Hose, Hermsdorf fast black, with white soles, white foot, and all black, double soles, high spliced heels, a very fine quality; special price, a pair..... 25c
Children's Hose.
Children's Hose, fast black and tans, ribbed, double soles, sizes 5 to 9; special price, a pair..... 10c
Bicycle Hose.
Children's Bicycle Hose, ribbed, fast black, double knees, soles and heels, warranted, foot black; they are worth 25c, for..... 15c
Leather Hose.
Boys' Leather Hose, fast black, double knees, soles and high spliced heels, you will buy no other after trying these; no better made for wear, worth 50c for..... 25c

Crockery Department.
Banded Tumblers.
Thin banded Tumblers, worth 5c each; Saturday at—each..... 2½c
Yellow Bowls.
3-pint Yellow Mixing Bowls, at—each..... 7c
2-quart Yellow Mixing Bowls, at—each..... 9c
4-quart Yellow Mixing Bowls, at—each..... 19c
6-quart Yellow Mixing Bowls, at—each..... 25c
8-quart Yellow Mixing Bowls, at—each..... 33c
Tea Pots.
Decorated English Jet Tea Pots:
Small size at—each..... 35c
Medium size, at—each..... 43c
Large size, at—each..... 48c
Oat Meal Bowls.
Decorated Oat Meal Bowls, in semi-Porcelaine ware at, each..... 5c

Hardware Department.
Grass Sickles and Grass Shears.
Grass Sickles and Grass Shears, Saturday at each..... 19c
$3.00 Lawn Mowers.
$3.00 Lawn Mowers at—each..... $2.39
Wire Cloth.
24 and 26-inch Wire Cloth at—per yard..... 19c
Meat Choppers.
Universal Meat Choppers, Saturday—each..... $2.31
Pott's Iron Handles.
Pott's Iron Handles, at each..... 5c
Whisks.
Barbers' 3-sewed Whisks, at each..... 19c
Curtain Frames.
Curtain frames for drying Lace Curtains, each..... 98c
Bread or Pastry Boards.
35c Bread or Pastry Boards, at—each..... 25c
43c Bread or Pastry Boards, at—each..... 29c

Carnations, Saturday, 19c per doz.

THE PARTY ARRIVES

Officials of Federal Steel Company Reach Duluth and Go to the Range.

TO INSPECT MINES

They Will Look Over Them Very Thoroughly This Year.

Last evening about 11 o'clock a special train bearing a number of the stockholders of the Federal Steel company and its subsidiary corporations, the Duluth & Iron Range railroad and the Minnesota Iron company, arrived in Duluth over the Omaha railway. There were five cars in the train, one baggage, one diner and three private cars. Within a very few minutes the two private cars of the Duluth & Iron Range railway had been attached to the train and the entire party was on its way to the range.

As has been published before, the annual meeting of the company will be held in Duluth on Monday next. Usually the party of stockholders arrives on Saturday morning previous to the meeting and visits the range for a day, but an unusually thorough inspection of all the properties is to be made this year, and this is the reason for the early arrival.

The party includes, as it always does, a number of men prominent in the financial and industrial circles of the United States. Some of the men are leaders in the Federal Steel company. Judge E. H. Gary, president of the Federal Steel company, and A. R. Flower, son of ex-Governor Roswell P. Flower, and successor to the management of the large Flower interest, are among those here. All of the officials of the Minnesota Iron company and the Duluth & Iron Range railroad are in the party. D. H. Bacon, president of the Minnesota Iron company, joined them at Tower. The list of those on the train is as follows:

E. H. Gary, president of the Federal Steel company; A. R. Flower, H. H. Porter, Edward Shearson, general auditor of the Federal Steel company; Henry Seibert, George S. Brewster, H. H. Hollister, Mr. Isham, of New York; J. H. Chandler, C. W. Hilliard, M. J. Carpenter, president of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad; C. P. Collin, C. H. Ackert, president of the Elgin Joliet & Eastern railway, all of Chicago; E. W. Winter, of St. Paul; W. K. Coffin, of Eau Claire; John H. George, of Milwaukee; George H. Ball, of Boston, and Mr. Vernet, of London, a stockholder of the Chicago Great Western railway.

The return will be made Sunday night or Monday morning, in all probability, and Monday morning the meetings will be held.

The unusually thorough inspection which is to be made this year gives rise to the belief that the officials of the Federal Steel company realize that steps must be taken to develop or acquire more mines. The Chandler at Ely, which the company operates, will be played out within five years, and it will then have no high grade mine. The Minnesota mine at Tower is not equal to the other mines on the Vermilion range. The Oliver-Carnegie company has picked up all of the fine mines and the Federal Steel company seems to have allowed them to slip away. The time has come when more mines must be had if the Federal Steel company does not intend to buy its hard ore from the rival company. Hence much significance is attached to the present thorough inspection of the mines. The presence of the high officials of the company confirms the belief that some policy is to be outlined.

HER FIRST APPEARANCE.

Princess of Wales Holds a Drawing-Room For the Queen.

London, June 9.—The princess of Wales, in behalf of her majesty, held a drawing room at Buckingham palace today. Among those present were the duke and duchess of York, the Grand Duke Michael of Russia and other royalties. The function was especially interesting from the fact that it marked the first appearance of the princess of Wales this year at a state ceremony.

The weather was brilliant and crowds of people watched the arrivals. Mrs. Choate, wife of the United States ambassador, presented Miss Sumner, Mrs. Francis C. Barlow and the Misses Gertrude Minturn, Taylor, Apperson and Blight, all of New York.

MORE CERTIFICATE FORGERS.

Another Fraud Arrested In Cuba For Selling Certificates.

Havana, June 9.—More attempts are being made to forge certificates of service in the Cuban army and another man was arrested yesterday on this charge.

At Matanzas 165 men were examined yesterday, but only 125 of them were found to have their names on the rolls. It will probably be necessary for the paymasters to stay there for several additional days.

The cab strike here continues, though a few vehicles with new drivers are at work.

THE BUFFALO SHOOT.

Buffalo, June 9.—Shooting in the state tournament was resumed today. The weather is cloudy and threatening. The important events of the day were the Buffalo Audubon club event at fifty targets, entrance $5 a handicap, open to all, and the New York state event (Dean Richmond trophy), at live birds, entrance $20. All of the best teams of the state are entered. F. D. Kelsey, who broke 460 out of 500 targets, wins the New York city challenge cup and the gold watch offered by the Audubon club. The second prize, a gold watch, was won by McMurchy, who broke 457 out of 500.

BLAND'S CONDITION.

Lebanon, Mo., June 9.—The condition of Congressman Bland remained unchanged this morning. Judge C. C. Bland, his brother, has arrived from St. Louis.

MORE GOLD GOING.

New York, June 9.—Lazard Freres will ship on Saturday's steamer to Europe gold to the amount of $2,000,000. This will make $3,000,000 to go that day.

STICK TO L. A. W.

Chicago, June 9.—By a vote of 28 to 1 the Associated Cycling clubs of Cook county, in which are represented fifty cycling organizations of Chicago, decided to run all its races under sanction of the League of American Wheelmen, the National Cycling-association getting but one vote. This is regarded as a decisive victory by L. A. W. men, as it practically decides the control of racing in Chicago.

PICQUART RELEASED.

Extraordinary Precautions to Protect President Loubet Sunday.

Paris, June 9.—Lieut. Col. Picquart has been provisionally released from custody.

At a cabinet meeting held this morning the premier, M. Dupuy, and the minister of war, M. Krantz, announced that Gen. Zurlinden, the military governor of Paris, and the prefect of police, M. Blanc, had adopted rigorous measures to preserve order at Longchamp on Sunday next, upon the occasion of President Loubet's visit to that place in order to witness the race for the Grand Prix de Paris.

TOO LIBERAL.

Origin of the Trouble Between Bishop Hurst and His Wife.

Washington, June 9.—The trouble between Bishop Hurst of the Methodist church and his wife, which has caused their separation, is said to be due to money matters. She is very rich, and until recently allowed him the full command of her resources. His liberality toward the proposed American university which he is trying to establish in Washington and his devotion to its interests are said to have led to complaints on her part and impaired their relations about a year ago, when Mrs. Hurst left suddenly for Europe. At the request of her brother, Mr. Root, of Buffalo, Bishop Hurst has conveyed to his wife all of the family investments that stood in his name and he has given her entire freedom of action without the intervention of divorce courts.

There will be no legal steps taken by Mrs. Hurst for a divorce unless the bishop's future actions give what she regards as justification. In his strong desire to bring about a reconciliation, the bishop has, according to the story told by his friends and congregation, sent a peremptory order to Paris demanding that Mrs. Hurst recognize his authority as a husband and forthwith return to him.

In the event of this demand being disobeyed it is asserted the bishop will then assert his right to the possession of their 5-year-old son. It will only be when this measure is resorted to that Mrs. Hurst will enter formal legal proceedings for a separation or divorce.

As may be imagined, this is a state of affairs which the bishop desires of all things to avert. Should a suit for divorce be entered against him it will seriously imperil his standing in the church, and it is already whispered among the Methodists that the granting of a divorce would mean that another chancellor of the American university will reign in the place of Bishop Hurst, who has, since the inception of the university idea, held that position.

The sign "For Sale" has been placarded on the Hurst house and the furniture now remaining in the house will be boxed and sent to Mrs. Hurst's former home in Buffalo. The bishop's grief at leaving the fine residence which he has occupied ever since his marriage was great. For several weeks prior to his departure he walked the main hall incessantly, wandering in and out of handsomely furnished drawing rooms.

Bishop Hurst has four children by his first marriage—three sons and the daughter now with him. One of these sons, Carl Bailey Hurst, is United States consul to Vienna, and has been in the city within the past week for a visit to his father. Another son is a second lieutenant in the army.

THE IRON ORE MOVEMENT.

Figures So Far Received Surprisingly Large.

Cleveland, June 9.—The Iron Trade Review says: The iron ore movement to June 1, so far as figures are available, has been a surprise in its size. The ports heard from that fall short of last year's record, are only slightly behind, and in other cases the 1898 figures to June 1 have been exceeded. Two Harbors sent down 513,000 tons in May, against 353,000 tons in May last year. Wild rates are strong and with the big loads modern boats can carry vesselmen are getting some share of the going prosperity. From the head of the lake 75 cents is paid, from Marquette 70 cents and from Escanaba 65 cents. Shippers are not holding off because of the substantial advances over the June rates that have obtained for several years, and the indications are that this level will be maintained for some time. Meantime vessels are getting better dispatch at Lake Erie ports than was the case a year ago. More ore is going direct and the ore that goes on dock is being promptly handled, so that there is comparatively little holding up of vessels.

NEW TRAIN TO ASHLAND.

One Over South Shore to Start In July.

Ashland, Wis., June 9.—There is every reason to believe that Ashland will have another connecting line with Duluth, beginning early in July. For the past two years negotiations between the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway companies have been pending for connecting passenger trains, but without arriving at any agreement.

It may be said now, that there is every prospect of an agreement, and that a passenger train will be put on the latter line in July. It is proposed to put on two trains per day, connecting with the east and west trains on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. The two lines were connected over a year ago, and trains could run between Duluth and Ashland today, providing an agreement could be reached. The two railway companies are at the matter in earnest now, and it is believed trains will be put on in July.

Blue Serge Suits.

In single and double breasted, silk faced or plain; guaranteed fast colors; fit perfect; at $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $5.00, $18.00. They are going rapidly.

CHAS. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier

J. G. OSTBY

82 East Fourth St. Telephone 136.

For next Monday we offer:

Fresh Eggs—per dozen	12½c
BUTTER AT WHOLESALE PRICES.	
Potatoes—per bus	38c
Good Rice—per lb	5c
49-lb sack Prairie Queen Flour	80c
Dry Salt Pork—per lb	4c
Crackers (by the box)—per lb	6c
Best Brick and full Cream Cheese—per lb	12½c
Catsup—per bottle	5c
Alaska Pink Salmon—per can	7c
Home-made Ginger Snaps—per lb	6c
8 lbs of Bulk Starch	25c
Pint Fruit Jars—per doz	30c
Quart Fruit Jars—per doz	40c
Two-quart Jars—per doz	50c

EVANS ON PENSIONS

Commissioner Tells About the Workings of the Great Bureau.

FAULT OF THE LAW

Reasons Why There Are Cases of Apparent Injustice to Pensioners.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—So persistent has been the fight made on Commissioner of Pensions Evans by certain factions of the Grand Army of the Republic that he has replied to a letter from Senator Hayward, of Nebraska, giving some interesting facts touching the workings and management of the great bureau of which he is the head.

Nebraska's junior senator was appealed to by his Grand Army constituents to find out what truth there was in the reports that Commissioner Evans had repeatedly and persistently ruled against Grand Army men in every way possible since he entered the pension office. Senator Hayward wrote the commissioner fully all the information he desired, and Mr. Evans replied a few days ago. In his letter Commissioner Evans goes into details and some of the facts presented for the consideration of Senator Hayward's constituents make very interesting reading. In the very opening paragraph of his letter Commissioner Evans says:

"There are 1747 employes in my department of which 596 are ex-Union soldiers, and of this number 452 are drawing pensions in addition to their salaries. The board of review as now organized is comprised of one chief, two assistant chiefs, five chiefs of sections and 110 reviewers. The chief of the board is Col. P. D. Stephenson, who served during the entire war of the rebellion as captain in the One Hundred and Fifty-second Illinois and later as colonel in the One Hundred and Fifty-second Illinois infantry. He was severely wounded and is a pensioner for that reason. Of the 110 reviewers, seventy are ex-Union soldiers. A large proportion of the men employed on the board of review have been connected with the pension department in different capacities for from twenty to thirty-five years. The medical division, whose work is to settle all medical questions, especially rates of pension, consists of a medical referee, an assistant medical referee, two qualified surgeons, two principal examiners and forty-three medical examiners. The board of review in connection with the medical division is charged with the adjudication and settlement of all claims and their action is generally final on all questions involved. The commissioner does not see one in 100 of the claims that receive the attention of the legal and medical boards. During the first nine months of the present fiscal year 61,009 pension certificates have been issued, divided as follows: Original under general law, 4594; original under the act of 1890, 22,227; increase and re-issue, 9747; restoration and renewal, 1157; under the act of 1890, increase and re-issue, 19,685; restoration and renewal, 1556; accrued pensions, 3661; duplicates, 2902.

"All of the employes of the pension department are under the protection of the civil service law. A majority of them are known to be Republicans. There are about 334 employes who are known to be Democrats. You are no doubt aware of the fact that order No. 164, which was promulgated Oct. 15, 1890, was substantially revoked by Assistant Secretary Bussey on Jan. 7, 1893, in very positive terms. Under this order all disabilities under the act of 1890 were rated the same as those of service origin. Your attention is also invited to the act of 1890 with reference to the claims of widows, which grants pensions only to those 'who are without other means of support than their manual labor.' In cases of invalid claimants it is held by the department that disabilities under the act of 1890 are placed by that act upon a different basis for rating than those under the general law. Under the general law disabilities are pensionable without regard to capacity to earn sunport, and are graded without reference to this condition, while disabilities under the act of 1890 are only pensionable when incapacity to labor joins with incapacity to earn support, and the grades of rating are dependent upon these two conditions.

"The bureau has been extensively criticised for adhering to this rule, but as my functions are confined strictly to the execution of the law as I find it, I am powerless to grant relief in cases that do not come within the rule.

"It is very evident, upon a careful examination of the act of June, 1890, that it creates conditions which are not applicable to claims under the general law, and that very much of the misapprehension and dissatisfaction with the operations of the bureau arise from a want of understanding as to these conditions. Thus, a soldier is entitled under the general law to $17 per month for the loss of an eye, but under the act of June 27, 1890, he receives only $6 per month, as it does not incapacitate him from earning subsistence by manual labor. So in case of deafness. A soldier who is suffering from a degree of deafness entitling him under the general law to $10 or $15 per month, has no pensionable status under the act of 1890, as the slight degree of deafness in question does not incapacitate him from earning a support by manual labor. A widow is pensioned under the general law regardless of her possessions, while under the act of 1890 the enjoyment of an income in excess of the amount she would receive as pension is a bar to pension under the act. Now, when these different conditions arise in the same neighborhood, people seldom stop to inquire as to the law under which application is made, and when a claim is allowed under the general law at a high rate for a degree of deafness which does not entitle it to a rating under the new law, it necessarily results in criticism of the commissioner.

"And when a widow who is is in affluent circumstances is granted a pension under the general law, while a claimant not nearly so well off is denied a pension under the new law, because she is not without other means of support than her daily labor, it seems to the public to be an unjust discrimination on the part of this bureau. Yet the law creates these conditions and it is not within our power to do otherwise than execute the law as construed by the department, but in nearly all of these cases the pension office gets the blame when it attempts to carry out the law as it exists. The disability which entitles one to the maximum pension ($12 per month) under the new law is substantialyy the same as would entitle to a pension of $30 per month under the old law. Yet we find that under the old law only 51,650 soldiers are pensioned at $30 per month, while under the new law 165,-393 are drawing the maximum rate of $12 per month. Under the old law only 47,-597 soldiers received $12 per month.

During President Grant's first term, from 1869 to 1872, there were allowed in all 71,362 claims, and during President Hayes' term, from 1877 to 1880, 39,995 claims were allowed. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, 52,684 original claims were allowed. It will be seen that the number of allowances for the year 1898 was greater than the number of allowances for the entire four years of President Grant's first term and the entire administration of Mr. Hayes. The commissioner, both deputy commissioners, the medical referee, chief of the board of review, and nine of the chiefs of divisions, and most of the clerks who fill important positions in the bureau, are all ex-Union soldiers, and as you well know, the entire organization of the bureau is controlled by men who served the 'soldiers' bureau,' and in all matters pertaining to the question of organization of the different divisions, in appointments and promotions, the ex-Union soldier always has the preference. The different commanders of the departments of the Grand Army of the Republic have all commended the pension bureau for its faithful observance of the statute which gives preference to the soldiers of the rebellion."

Commissioner Evans closes his lengthy letter to Senator Hayward with information as to fees allowed to attorneys.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

TRIALS OF KIDNAPERS.

New York, June 9.—The trial of George Barrow, or Beauregard, for kidnaping Marion Clark, was set peremptorily today for Wednesday next before Justice Fursman in the criminal branch of the supreme court. The trials of Addie Barrow and Carrie Jones will follow.

To Whom It May Concern.

As my wife has left my home and refuses to live with me, I hereby caution all persons not to give her or any other person credit on my account, as I will not be responsible for debts thus incurred.

G. M. DAVIS.

Turkey Dinner 15 Cents,

Tomorrow at Sam Atkinson's Northern hotel, 208 West Superior street. A feast fit for a king at a popular price, 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m.

VAST EXPENDITURES BY THE MILWAUKEE.

The success and efficiency of a concern is measured by the constant improvements made upon it. The manufacturing plant or the railway line upon which the maximum improvement expenditure is made each year is usually found in the lead. An important example of this is the Milwaukee road, which during the past year, has expended millions of dollars upon its already magnificent roadway. Its main line between St. Paul, Minneapolis, Milwaukee and Chicago (the route of the celebrated Pioneer Limited train) is today not equalled in point of solidity and security by any 400 miles of track upon the continent. This particular portion of the road is frequently referred to as "the Milwaukee boulevard"—from the beauty of the roadway and attractive station grounds.

Turkey Dinner 15 Cents,

Tomorrow at Sam Atkinson's Northern hotel, 208 West Superior street. A feast fit for a king at a popular price, 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m.

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY.

A FEW OF

Our Specialties for Saturday and Monday.

Butter,	Choice Dairy Butter—per lb	15c
Eggs,	Fresh Eggs per dozen	13c
Flour,	Best Rye—49-lb sack	70c
Flour,	Choice Graham—49-lb sack	75c
Corn Meal,	49-lb sack—	45c
Ham,	Fancy, medium, per lb	10c
Shoulders,	California Shoulder, per lb	7c
Pork,	Best Family Pork, per lb	7c
Bacon,	Fancy Bacon, per lb	10c
Lard,	3½ lbs for	25c
Syrup,	Fine Table Syrup, per gal	25c
Molasses,	Fine N. O. Molasses, per gal	25c
Vinegar,	Vinegar, per gal—15c, 20c and 25c in your own jugs.	
Tomatoes,	Standard Tomatoes, per can	7c
Peas,	Fine Marrowfat and early June Peas, 3 cans for	25c
Tomatoes,	Gallon Tomatoes—per can	20c
Pickles,	Full line of fancy bottle Pickles, each only	10c
Coffee,	Good Rio Coffee—12 1-2 and	15c
Coffees,	Fancy Rio—per lb	18c
Coffee,	Our Mocha and Java Coffee per lb—Gives Universal Satisfaction.	25c
Fruit Jars,	Mason Fruit Jars you can buy from us, pints, per doz	34c
Fruit Jars,	Quarts, per doz	38c
Fruit Jars,	½ Gallon, per doz	45c
Cocoanut,	Fine Shredded Cocoanut, per lb	14c
Prunes,	Fine California Prunes—5 lbs. for	25c
Apples,	Fine Dried Apples, per lb	10c
Salmon,	per can, only	10c
Bananas,	3 dozen for	25c
Jellies,	Assorted Jellies—5-lb pails, each	18c
Crackers,	per lb. by the box, only	6½c
Cookies,	Fancy Cookies, per lb	10c
Apples,	Gallon Apples—per can	30c

Full line of Fresh Vegetables at Lowest Prices.

Hours for Delivery 9:30 and 11 a. m., 2:30 and 5 p. m. Special trip on Saturday Night at 8 o'clock.

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY,

LOWELL BLOCK—First Ave. East and Superior Street.

'Phone 555.

The Lowest Prices Ever Quoted

Is what we claim for each item here listed. Further argument would be superfluous, as the prices bear us out in this statement. . . . . .

Wash Bowls and Pitchers

"At the lowest price ever quoted."

White Porcelain. Worth 75c, tomorrow, price per set **39c**

(Limit, 1 set to a customer.)

Glass Sauce Sets.

We make good "The lowest prices ever quoted" on these also. A 35c set for **10c**

Fruit Jars

"At the lowest price ever quoted"

Pints, per dozen **35c**

Quarts, per dozen **45c**

Half-gallons, per dozen **65c**

Plain White Slop Jars.

Uncovered, worth 89c each, only

49 cents

Heavy Cloth Opaque Window Shades.

Price complete, with brackets and patent spring roller, only—

21 cents

Window Screens.

Will fit any window from 19 in. to 35 in. wide—

13 cents

3-pint Tea Pots.

Octogon shape, heavy planished tin. Regular price, 14c, only —

8 cents

8c Hardwood Rolling Pins, only

3 cents

Ladies' Vests,

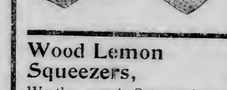
Trimmed in Pink or Blue—

4c

2½-quart Tin Kettles

4c

Summer Band Bows—



To match the latest style shirts and shirt waists.

5c

6 FOR 25c.

Wood Lemon Squeezers,

Worth 10c each, Saturday's price **4c**

5-quart Deep Granite Stew Pans.

High grade goods, worth 30c, only—

16 cents

6-quart Granite Kettles.

Worth 45c each, only—

23 cents

Ladies' Leather Belts.

A large assortment of 15c, 20c and 25c ones in one lot at—

10 cents

Toilet Paper.

Monster size, almost 2000 sheets. High grade paper, worth 12c per roll, tomorrow **4 ROLLS FOR**

25 cents

THE ONE CENT STORE.

FOR THE BIG MILL

Confidence Has Been Restored In the Minds of the Sports.

BOTH MEN ARE READY

Fitzsimmons and Jeffries Appear to Be In Pink of Condition.

New York, June 9.—The confidence of the sporting element, which was shaken by the threat of Chief of Police Devery to interfere and stop the Fitzsimmons-Jeffries' fight in case hard blows or knock-downs occurred, has been fully restored today. The disturbing rumors of police interference and political wire-pulling, to use the sporting phrase, "do not cut as much ice" today as they did two days ago. It is said on good authority that Brooklyn politicians have brought their influence to bear on the authorities and induced the latter to prevent any interference with the heavyweights' contest, which is to decide the championship of the world. It has been argued that two prominent New York clubs have been allowed to pull off fights, ranging from bantam to heavyweight contests, which have resulted in knockouts, or partial disablement of some of the contestants, and as the police authorities looked on without interfering in those instances, the Brooklyn contingent claims that police interference with tonight's bout would be an unpardonable discrimination.

Hundreds of sporting men from all over the United States have arrived here to witness the battle, and now that confidence has been re-established, and that they feel sure that the bout will positively take place and be allowed to go to a decision, betting on the event has taken a lively turn. Of course Champion Fitzsimmons has the call in the betting, but judging from the manner in which Jeffries' money is being flashed the odds of 2 to 1 on Fitz will be reduced to 100 to 70, or probably 100 to 80, before the men shape themselves tonight. Each man has a large following, and both sides seem confident.

Fitzsimmons' followers declare that their man can give away fifty pounds and offset it by quickness and cleverness, backed up by years of experience. On the other hand, the Jeffreyites assert that the California boilermaker has improved so wonderfully, and has learned so much since he was here last year, that he is bound to wallop the champion. Jeffries never was trained to perfection, they claim, and that he had never been to within twenty-pounds of the weight he is reduced to now. Before he left his training quarters, near Asbury Park today, Jeffries weighed 208 pounds. He had a good night's rest, and said he never felt better in his life. His chief trainer, Billy Delany, is very confident of success, as are also the big fellow's sparring partners, Tommy Ryan, Jack Jeffries and Jim Daly.

The Jeffries party passed through Jersey City and proceeded thence to Brooklyn and drove in carriages to Martin Dowling's hotel on the Coney Island boulevard, where the big pugilist will remain until it is time to enter the ring tonight.

It is just possible that Fitzsimmons and he, together with Managers Julian and Brady, may hold a conference some time today with Referee George Siler to discuss the rules and articles of agreement, but as these have been plainly stated time and time again, such a conference may not be deemed necessary.

Fitzsimmons arose early, feeling wonderfully well, and enjoyed a good breakfast at his Bath Beach cottage. He took things easily during the forenoon and said that he would remain at home until 8 o'clock, when he will drive down to the Sporting club at Coney Island, which is only a little more than two miles from his residence. The champion is very confident of winning and says that those who think that he has gone back or become a "has been" will be surprised when the contest has been decided.

The men have been notified to be at the club house at 9 o'clock and the bout will begin at 9:30.

OFF FOR THE FIGHT.

New York, June 9.—Jeffries and his party left Allenhurst on the 9:30 train for New York this morning. He will go to a roadhouse on the Coney Island boulevard to remain until time for him to start for the ringside.

FREE BOOK FOR WEAK MEN

(COPYRIGHTED.)

My little book **"THREE CLASSES OF MEN"** sent sealed free, upon request. It tells of my 30 years' practice and success in treating results of youthful errors: **Nervousness, Impotency, Varicocele, and Kindred Ailments,** by nature's own gift to man—**Electricity.**

Drugs never cure—they only stimulate. With my famous Dr. Sanden's 1899 Model

ELECTRIC BELT

and Supporting Suspensory I cured 6,000 last year, and give in "Health World" (sent sealed with book) over 400 voluntary testimonials—new every month. Soothing currents applied through weakened parts at nights. It cures you while you sleep. Not for sale by agents or druggists. Beware of Quacks with their "Free Trial" swindles. Write for book to-day, and get my opinion of your case.

DR. T. A. SANDEN, 826 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Ruled Weaker Owing to Belief Government Report Will Be Bearish.

THE TRADING DULL

Fine Weather Reports From the Northwest and the Receipts Large.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 9.—The wheat market was very dull this morning and the tendency was toward lower prices. The expectation that the government crop report tomorrow afternoon will be bearish in tone was responsible for the small amount of trading, few people being disposed to buy until the report has been received. There were favorable weather reports from the Northwest which added to the weakness and brought some long lines of wheat on the market for sale. The Northwest receipts were also large. The Argentine shipments for the week amounted to 1,080,000 bus. There were indications of an increase in the visible on Monday and estimates that the total spring and winter wheat crop will be greater than for several years past. The July option closed 1c lower here than yesterday and 1c lower at Chicago. September declined ¾c here and 1 9-16c at Chicago.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 1c up at 75c, declined to 74c at 11:30 and had reacted to 74½c at 12:15. It closed at 75⅛c, being 7/8c under yesterday. September closed at 72⅝c, net loss for the day of 5c. Cash business was active, about 100,000 bus being sold at 5c under July for wheat in store and the July price for wheat to arrive and on track. It was estimated Duluth stocks will decrease 50,000 bus this week. Oats, rye, barley, corn and cash flax closed unchanged. September flax was sold at 9c and closed 1c above yesterday. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 75¾c; July, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, cash, 74¾c; July, 74¾c; September, 73¾c. No. 2 northern, 68¾c. No. 3 spring, 67¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 74¾c. Oats, 26¾@26¾c. Rye, 56c. Barley, 31c. Flax, $1.01; June, $1.01; September, 94c; October, 95c. Corn, 32¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 206; corn, 9; oats, 9; rye, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 88,542; corn, 2,506; oats, 647; rye, 104; flax, 2,526. Shipments—Wheat, 102,500; corn, 35,889; rye, 3,170.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars, on track..$.77
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 74½
No. 1 northern, 13,00 bus 74⅞
No. 1 northern, 12 cars 75
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus 74¾
No. 1 northern, 6 cars 75
No. 1 northern, 20,000 bus 74⅞
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus 74¾
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus 74¾
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus 74¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car 73½
No. 2 northern, 10,000 bus 73⅝
No. 2 northern, 5 cars 73½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 68½
No. 3 spring, 1 car 68½
Rejected, 4 cars 65
No grade, 1 car 62

BOARD NOTES.

Dunubian shipments of wheat, 272,000 bus; corn, 1,520,000 bus.

Chicago wires: Looks like another good sized increase in the wheat visible Monday.

July wheat: Puts, 72c bid; calls, 73½c. July corn, Puts, 31½c; calls, 31¾c. Good all next week in the Chicago market.

Peoley's Northwest weather, clear everywhere.

B. E. Baker says: Damage reports in foreign corn crops seem to have more effect than wheat news. Liverpool wheat this morning opens lower and corn higher. There is nothing interesting in the wheat trade here at the moment, the only thing that attracts attention is the amount paid within the last two days by one of our leading houses. Trading a privilege of late has been the subject of much comment. Should think our market would naturally be easier today. Kansas reports say 30 per cent of the acreage is to be plowed up; condition of the balance 95 per cent; this is supposed to mean 25,000,000 bus of wheat for the state. Argentine shipments 1,080,000 bus. People who undertake the government report are figuring on 250,000,000 bus for spring and winter wheat crop. The world's visible is now 157,080,000 bus against 110,000,000 bus last year.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Trading In Wheat Characterized By Almost Holiday Dullness.

Chicago, June 9.—Trading in wheat today was characterized by almost a holiday dullness. Everybody was apparently waiting for the government crop report, which will be given out tomorrow afternoon, and the almost unanimous belief that it will be bearish in tone kept buyers out of the market. The opening was unchanged from yesterday's closing figures, July starting at 75@75⅞c. This price was maintained for only a short time. Favorable weather reports from the Northwest were accompanied by free offers to sell, and the market was on too fragile foundation to stand up under any amount of liquidation. Prices lowly declined in consequence, July getting down to 74⅝@74⅝c. Buying again puts caused a rally to 74⅞@75c. Northwest receipts were liberal, Minneapolis and Duluth reporting 350 cars, compared with 358 last week and 221 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 86 cars, of contract grade only. Argentine shipments were 1,080,000 bus.

Nearly everything in the way of news that came in during the morning was of a nature calculated to keep holders of wheat on the anxious seat. Snow's crop reported suggested a yield of 250,000,000 bus of winter and spring wheat as a conservative estimate of the crop. This is considerably over the average for the past six years and with these figures before them few traders had the temerity to buy, even at the constantly declining prices. During the afternoon, however, a good many complaints of too much moisture were received from the West notably from Kansas, Indian Territory and Nebraska, and these served to steady prices to some extent. July, which hovered about 74c for some time, rallied to 74⅝@74¾c at the close.

Corn and oats were almost at a standstill. As with wheat the government crop report was apparently the restraining influence and very little trading of consequence was done. Both markets were inclined to easiness. July corn opened unchanged at 32⅞c, sold at 32⅝@32¾c and eased off to 32⅝@32½c. Receipts were 364 cars. July opened unchanged at 23¾@23⅝c and declined to 23½c. Receipts were 216 cars.

Hog receipts were liberal and yard prices lower, and this gave a tone of easiness to provisions. No trading of consequence was done. July pork opened unchanged at $8.17 and eased off to $8.15. July lard opened a shade lower at $5.10@5.02. July ribs a shade lower at $4.65.

Close, wheat, July, 74⅞@74¾c; September, 73¼@73⅝c; December, 76½c. Corn, June, 32⅝c; July, 32¾c; September, 33⅝c; December, 33¼c. Oats, June, 24c; July, 23½c; September, 20½@20⅝c. Pork, June, $8.02; July, $8.07; September, $8.22@8.25; December, $8.45. Lard, June, $4.95; July, $4.97; September, $5.10. Ribs, June, $4.60; July, $4.82; September, $4.75. Flax, cash, Northwest, $1.05. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 75½@75c; No. 3 red, 74@75c; No. 2 hard winter, 72c; No. 3 hard winter, 71c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@75½c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 3 spring, 70@74c. No. 2 corn, 33¾c; No. 3 corn, 33c. No. 2 oats, 25c; No. 3, 24½c. Barley, cash, 35½@39c. Rye, July, 56c; September, 55c. Timothy, August, $2.50. Clover, October, $7.40.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 9.—Estimated receipts today: Hogs, 35,000; tomorrow, 22,000; left over, 2,18. Market active, generally stronger. Mixed and butchers, $3.55@3.75; good heavy, $3.90@3.90; rough heavy, $3.60@3.70; light, $3.70@3.90. Cattle, 1500. Market steady. Beeves, $3.50@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.75@5.10; Texas steers, $4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.15. Sheep, 9000. Market steady. Sheep, $3.50@4.75; lambs, $4.00@6.85. Official receipts and shipments yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 20,225; shipments, 5500. Cattle, receipts, 6981; shipments, 2341. Sheep, receipts, 3521; shipments, 1285.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, June 9.—The opening call of the cotton market developed a generally steady feeling with prices one point lower to one point higher. The longs were supported by healthy European cables and glowing accounts from cotton goods markets from all quarters. Shorts were encouraged by a decided improvement in the crop condition and climatic influences. Later Liverpool advices were less favorable, but produced no marked effect upon sentiment or values.

Spot cotton closed barely steady; middling uplands, 6 5-16c; middling gulf, 6 9-16c; sales, 426 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. June, $8.87; July, $8.91; August, $5.92; September, $5.88; October, $5.92; November, $5.94; December, $5.98; January, $5.99; February, $6.05; March, $6.08; April ,$6.11; May, $6.15.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: A large quantity of horses arrived on the market; mules and Western horses were also largely represented in the consignments; trade was considered satisfactory; some wholesale trade was effected and retail trade was quite active. Prices had essential change. The tone of the market had some favorable features for activity. The nominal value of serviceable, sound horses, from 4 to 8 years, was as follows:

Drafters, choice to extra.....$120@155
Drafters, common to good..... 85@ 95
Farm horses, choice to extra.... 100@125
Farm horses, common to good.... 55@ 75
Mules, 1250 lbs ..... 70@100

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 9.—Money on call, nominally, 2@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent; sterling exchange, easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand, and at $4.85¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86¾@4.87 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.85¼. Silver certificates, 61@62c; bar silver, 62¾c; Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Government bonds, weak; United States 2s, registered, $100¾; 2s, registered, $1.06¾; coupon, $1.06¾; new 4s, registered, $1.29⅝; coupon, $1.30⅜; old 4s, registered, $1.12⅝; coupon, $1.12⅝; 5s, registered, $1.12⅝; coupon, $1.12⅝.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 9.—Close: Wheat quiet, 5s 7½d lower; July, 5s 10½d; September, 5s 11¾d. Corn, quiet, 1s¾d higher; July, 3s 5¾d; September, 3s 6¾d.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 9.—Clearings, $19,344,362; balances, $1,506,101. New York exchange, 15c discount. Sterling exchange, $4.87@4.89.

CHICAGO WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	75A	73⅝	75-74⅞	80½
High	75A	73⅝	75	80½
Low	74	72	73⅞	79¾
Close	74⅞B	72⅞-73	74⅛-½	79¾
September—				
Open	74¾N	71½	73⅝-¾	80⅜
High		71½	73⅞-74	80⅞
Low		70¾	72⅝-¾	79⅝-¾
Close	73⅝B	71¾-¾	73¾-⅞	79⅝

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23⅜	33⅞	8.17
High	23⅞	33⅞-34	8.17
Low	23½-¾	33⅝	8.05
Close	23¾	33¾-A	8.07

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bus.	Shipments. Bus.
New York	239,500	7,600
Philadelphia	1,779	614
Baltimore	31,993	
Toledo	63,280	11,000
Detroit	3,710	4,598
St. Louis	12,000	6,000
Boston	7,723	21,000
Chicago	123,000	88,000
Milwaukee	59,500	11,200
Kansas City	55,200	41,100
Duluth	188,542	102,500
Minneapolis	251,120	40,500

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 9.—Close, wheat, July, 73¾c; September, 76⅝c; December, 80⅜c. Corn, July, 39⅝c; September, 39½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 9.—Wheat in store—No 1 northern, June, 72⅝c; July, 72¼@73c; September, 71¾@71¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 73⅝c; No. 1 northern, 72⅝c; No. 2 northern, 71¾c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, June 9.—Foreign wheat markets closed lower fractionally. The drouth still continues in Russia and the outlook is a bad one. Argentine shipments 1,080,000 bus, last week 1,040,000 bus. Weather conditions have improved in the Northwest, but tremendous rains have prevailed in the Southwest and no doubt considerable damage has been done in Kansas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Texas. Kansas state report was very bullish. There are reports of rust in Kentucky and Kansas. One of the minor farmers' publications was out with a bearish report which was eagerly seized upon by the crowd here and considerable wheat was sold on the strength of it. Minneapolis flour sales yesterday 53,000 bbls. Primary receipts 757,000 bus, shipments, 246,000 bus. Clearances were the highest on the crop year, 81,000 bus. We can confirm 38 loads of wheat, 60 loads of corn, 170,000 bus of oats for export. The government report, which will be out an hour earlier than usual tomorrow, will show acreage of spring wheat, rye, oats and barley, but will not mention corn. There was a decline of 1½c from the opening but nearly half of it was regained at the close. There was considerable liquidation through commision houses but the bulk of the selling can safely be put down for short account. There was some covering of shorts later in the session on new export business. It seems to be the general opinion that the spring and winter wheat condition and acreage will be bunched together the same as last year and that is what has created such an unanimously bear sentiment. We do not quote any tips on the report for they are thoroughly unreliable, no one can safely say as to what the nature of the report will be. Tomorrow's market will no doubt rule dull but it can be said that a further drive will be made at values. Conservative operators are of the belief that the report has been discounted.

Corn—Lake charters 200,000 bus. The market has been dull, but has held up well. Too much rain is reported through the belt.

Oats were dull.

Provisions were lower on slack demand. Operations were mostly of a scalping character.

Puts, July wheat, 73¾@74c.
Calls, July wheat, 74¾@75c.
Curb, July wheat, 74⅜c asked.
Puts, July corn, 32⅝-⅝,32⅜c bid.
Calls, July corn, 33⅛c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Sugar Trust	151	157¼	151	157¼
Am. Tobacco	98	98¾	97	98½
Atchison pfd	76⅞	77¼	76⅞	77⅛
B. R. T.	111	116⅝	111	116⅝
C. B. & Q.	131⅝	133⅝	131⅝	133⅝
C. & N. W.	155	155	155	155
Chicago Gas	118¾	120⅜	118¾	120⅜
L. & N.	67¾	67⅞	67⅜	67⅞
Leather	71	71	71	71
Manhattan	118⅜	119⅞	118¾	119⅜
Mo. Pacific	42¾	43⅜	42¾	43⅜
Nor. Pacific	47½	48⅜	47⅜	48⅜
Nor. Pacific pfd	70⅝	70⅞	70⅝	70⅞
Rock Island	112⅜	113⅜	112⅜	113⅜
St. Paul	127½	127¾	127½	127⅝
T. C. I.	64	64¾	63½	64⅛
Union Pacific pfd	75	75⅜	75	75⅜
Western Union	90⅞	90⅞	90½	90⅞
Federal Steel	82⅞	83	82⅞	83

THE COPPER STOCKS

Following were the closing quotations of copper stocks today as furnished by Paine, Webber & Co., Hotel St. Louis: Boston, June 9.—Closing prices of copper shares: Adventure, 10; Arcadian, 5¾; Allouez, 3½; Arnold, 12½; Atlantic, 31; Baltic, 32; Boston and Montana, 247½; Butte and Boston, 75; Calumet and Hecla, 785; Centennial, 34; Franklin, 19½; Humboldt, 8½; Old Dominion, 29½; Osceola, 80½; Mohawk, 27½; Old Colony, 162½; Rhode Island, 9; Tamarack, 215; Union Land, 7; Wolverine, 43; Winona, 14½; Quincy 165; Isle Royale, 44.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Most Shares Turn Downward After an Opening Gain.

New York, June 9.—The movement of prices was conflicting at the opening, the principal activity being shown in the specialties, Brooklyn Transit, Rock Island, Manhattan and Anaconda rose sharply, the latter 1¾, Continental shares dropped nearly over 3 points, Steel, preferred, after a fractional gain, fell away over a point. Sugar also turned downward after a small opening gain. The short interests became the dominant factor yesterday's exhibition of strength and diversified dealings, which seemed to indicate inside support and renewed outside demand, accordingly stocks were in urgent demand at the outset and Sugar and Metropolitan were marked up 3, Manhattan 2½ and Brooklyn, Peoria 1¾, and Rock Island 1⅜. Gains shown by the Standard stocks and minor properties. The demand fell off after a time and the market developed a pronounced sagging tendency on realizing sales, especially Continental Tobacco dropped 2½ and Sugar 1½. The market became dull at the decline.

Inability to force out long stock in the general market caused a reversal of operations by the professionals and prices were bid up strongly all around. Railroad municipal stocks were the favorites and buying of Manhattan and Transit was unusually heavy. Third Avenue rallied several points after dropping five. The Western railroads lagged somewhat, but the Pacifics and Southwesterns rose substantially. Sales of stocks to noon, 247,-900 shares. Fluctuations in bonds were generally at improved prices.

Sugar and the New York traction stocks united in the upward movement, the strength in a number of usually inactive stocks checked the decline. People's Gas, American Steel and Wire, Des Moines & Fort Dodge and the new Wisconsin Central issues were prominent. Consolidated Gas rose 7 points and Des Moines & Fort Dodge 4½. The whole market recovered to the best in sympathy. Sugar was finally up to 157 by a flood of buying orders to cover short contracts. The closing was animated at the top level of the day.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred in advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Clover Leaf, per lb	21	@	22
Cream, separators, fancy	19	@	20
Dairies, fancy, special make	14½	@	16
Packing stock	10	@	11
Dairy, fair	13	@	14
CHEESE.			
Twins, flats, full cr'm, new	11	@	12½
Full cr'm Young America	14	@	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	13½
Brick, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	11	@	12
Primost	5	@	5½
EGGS.			
Candled, strictly fresh	13½	@	14
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover, in jars			
strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	11½	@	12
Dark honey	11	@	11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@	11½
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	10		
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@	1 00
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	2½	@	3
APPLES.			
Winter apples, bbl	5 50	@	6 00
Wash. apples, bus box	1 75	@	2 00
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25	@	1 35
Medium, hand picked, bus	90		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	25	@	1 50
Green and yellow peas	1 10	@	1 25
Green peas, bus	90	@	1 00
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, per lb	4		
Chestnuts, per lb	8	@	9
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Hard shell walnuts, per lb	10		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	9	@	10
Filberts, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6
FRUITS.			
Cherries	1 75	@	2 00
Plums	1 75	@	2 00
Apricots	2 25	@	2 75
Peaches	2 00	@	2 25
Wis. Strawberries, 16 qts	2 00	@	2 25
California seedlings	2 75	@	3 00
Pineapples, per doz	1 25	@	2 00
California navels	4 50	@	5 00
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@	4 00
California lemons, per box	3 50	@	3 75
Limes, per case	2 00	@	2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	50	@	60
Figs, per lb	15	@	19
Dates, per lb	6	@	6½
Cranberries, per crate	2 60	@	2 70
VEGETABLES.			
Pie plant, 100 lbs	75	@	1 00
Green peas, bus	1 50	@	1 60
Wax beans, bus	2 25	@	2 50
Cucumbers, per doz	35	@	50
Beets, doz	35	@	40
Radishes	10	@	15
Onions	10	@	12
Carrots, per bus	90	@	1 00
Rutabagas, per bus	45	@	55
Parsnips	90	@	1 00
Potatoes, per bus	45	@	50
Potatoes, new	1 10	@	1 20
Egg plant, per doz	1 25	@	1 50
Asparagus, per doz	35	@	40
Oyster plant, per doz	60		
Horse radish, per lb	8		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Beets, bus	70	@	80
Cauliflower, per doz	1 50	@	2 00
Lettuce, bus	50	@	60
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 00	@	4 50
Spinach, per bus	45	@	55
Red and green pepper	1 00	@	1 25
Mint, per doz	50	@	50
Cabbage, per crate	2 00	@	3 00
Red cabbage, per doz	50	@	60
Horse radish roots, per bbl	7 00	@	7 50
California new onions	1 50	@	2 00
Hot house cucumbers, doz	90	@	1 00
Pie plant, per lb	1		
CIDER.			
N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	4 00	@	4 50
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens, old	10	@	11
Spring	12	@	13
Old roosters	7	@	8
Turkeys, fancy	12	@	13
Turkeys, common	9	@	11
Ducks	8	@	9
Geese	8	@	9
MEATS.			
Mutton	10		
Lamb	11		
Veal, fancy	10		
Veal, good	9½		
Hogs	5		
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 00		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	11 50		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	12 00		

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ONE CENT A WORD.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT; RESIdence of the late Capt. Pelton. 813 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A PIECE OF GROUND, corner of Seventh street and Third avenue east, having a frontage of 200 feet on Seventh street and 140 feet depth. For further particulars address George Bailey, 222 Locust street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Wanted Applications.

On hand to loan on first-class mortgage security, $500, $1000, $1500 and other amounts to suit.

We have a lot 25x140 feet, West End, at a bargain.

We have some lots in Duluth Proper, Third Division, and Brookdale Division. The owner wants to sell. Call for description; they will go at a bargain. Have some lots at a bargain in Helm's Addition.

Chas. P. Craig
& CO.,
Herald Building.

Our Daily Bargain. For $600

50x140 feet on north side of Fourth street; terms half cash, balance seven years on or before at 7 per cent interest.

GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,
106 Providence Bldg.

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The paper with the largest circulation pays the best.

An ad must look for the reader. Readers seldom look for an ad.

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Rival manufacturers have no right by imitating devices to beguile the public into buying their wares.

People remember your goods because you force them to. Stop forcing and they'll stop remembering.

There is no haphazard, hit-or-miss, take-your-chance sort of advertising in your results if you use the classified columns.

A whole page ad in two issues of a paper would be better than a half page in four issues for impressing the people with the idea that something really is going to happen.

If you ever attain that proud position where your goods are in universal demand, because of the advertising you have done, and you get the idea into your head that you can keep up that demand without advertising, forget the idea at once and keep right on sending out copy and paying the bills. It's cheaper.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 614 CHAMBER OF Commerce. Bookkeeping. Collecting.

FOUND.

FOUND—CHESTNUT BRONCHO NEAR First avenue west and First street. Inquire of W. L. Whitehead, Acme laundry.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES POSITION as stenographer, good penman. X 77, Herald.

A MIDDLE-AGED GERMAN WOMAN wants rooms in respectable family, or place to keep house for a gentleman. Address X 87, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION IN SOME OFfice or store by young man, 19 years old. A fair penman; quick at figuring and spelling; experienced in office work and collecting. Can give best city references. Address R. E., Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPEtent young man, business college education; has had experience as timekeeper and bookkeeper; good penman. Address K 11, Herald.

LADY WOULD LIKE SITUATION AS stenographer, cashier or bookkeeper; has had several years' experience. Address Stenographer, city general delivery.

WANTED — POSITION AS NIGHT watchman or some work in that line. Good references, $5 to one that can get me a place with reasonable wages. Address X 86, care of Herald.

YOUNG LADY, STUDENT OF THE high school, 19 years old, would like position for the summer in some office or store. Have knowledge of bookkeeping. Wages no object. Address C 87, Herald.

A WELL EDUCATED YOUNG MAN, good rapid penman, desires position as clerk or assistant. Address C 94, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY COMPETENT young man who has had five years' experience as clerk. Well acquainted in city and can furnish references. Address 297, West Duluth.

WANTED—A PLACE TO DO CHAMber work. Please call or address 1705 West Third street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HORSE WANTED FOR A SMALL amount of light driving for its keeping; best of care, good pasture. Address S. H. W., Herald office.

Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	11	50	
Ground feed, No. 1	14	00	
Ground feed, No. 2	15	00	
Cracked corn	13	50	
Coarse corn meal	13	50	
Corn		36	
Oats, car lots, sacks		29	

HAY, CAR LOTS.

Choice South. Minn	9	50	
Medium	8	50	
Choice timothy	10	50	@11 00
Mixed timothy	8	00	@10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 9.—Butter, receipts, 7118 packages. Steady. Western creamery, 15@18¾c; factory, 11½@13c. Eggs, receipts, 5400 packages. Firm. Western, 14@15c; Southern, 10@12½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, June 9.—Butter, strong. Creameries, 13½@18c; dairies, 10@16c. Eggs, steady. Fresh, 12c.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TRAINS.

FOND DU LAC AND SPIRIT LAKE. VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Special excursion trains will leave the Union depot Sunday, June 11, at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. for Spirit Lake, New Duluth and Fond du Lac, stopping at Twentieth avenue and West Duluth stations. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. No more beautiful spot anywhere to spend a delightful outing. Tickets at all stations at very low rates.

ONE CENT A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—HAT TRIMMER. KELLY, 115 West Superior street.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT MILLINER at once. Apply 1819 West Superior street. Mrs. E. Westburg.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER. 1821 WEST First street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady at Freimuth's. No other need apply.

AT ONCE. COOK AND DISHWASHER. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

GIRLS WANTED AT THE NORTH Land restaurant. Wages $4 per week. 220 Lake avenue south.

NURSE GIRL WANTED. APPLY AT 1306 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL AT 116 EAST SECOND street. Call evenings.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 519 East Superior.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1213 East Fourth street.

WANTED—CAMP COOKS—TWO NIGHT cooks; in three houses, two girls each house; waitress and kitchen girl, and fifty girls for private houses. 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

COAT MAKER WANTED. J. S. LANE.

WANTED—STONE AND BRICKLAYers. Apply at once. A. H. Oakey, Ashland, Wis.

WANTED—A FEW BENCH MEN AT D. E. Holston & Co.'s sash factory, West Duluth.

COATMAKER WANTED. J. JANZIG.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN of good address to canvas. Salary and commission paid. Good local reference required. Apply at room 305 Burrows' building.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A SPECIAL summer campaign. The Saturday Evening Post—established by Benjamin Franklin—is now published by the Curtis Publishing company, proprietors of the Ladies' Home Journal, is offered to subscribers, for one year only, for $1—the regular price of $2.50. This offer is for the purpose of a quick introduction, and will be withdrawn Sept. 1. The regular price of $2.50 will be maintained after that date. We will give a good commission for every subscriber secured, and distribute $3000 Sept. 1 among the 176 best agents. $50 will be given the person sending the largest number of subscribers at $1 each per year. At this special low subscription price thousands can be easily secured. Address the Curtis Publishing company, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 19, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lyonel Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting June 10, 1899. Work, Third degree. Robt. Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 14, 1899. Work, Royal Arch degree. Alex P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday in each month 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, June 13, 1899. Work Templar degree. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. I. W. Smith, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting neighbors always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; W. C. Weld, banker; C. F. Earl, clerk.

I. O. F.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTers.—Court Commerce No. 2283, meets the first and third Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock in Kalamazoo block, second floor. H. W. Krause, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, second and fourth Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Harry Harrington, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE NO 35 K. P.—Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m. at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Work in Second rank June 6. W. M. Hillis, C. C.; G. H. Nichols, K. R. S.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—FAMILY REFRIGERATOR in good condition, cheap. 620 Sixth avenue east.

FOR SALE—REGISTERED JERSEY cow (fresh). Cox Bros., 101 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES and established business, including horse and wagon, etc., etc. 2001 Piedmont avenue west.

$30 ORGAN HIGH TOP, WALNUT case; all improvements—used short time. 16 Phoenix block.

$100 PIANO UPRIGHT, GOOD AS new; first class; examine it. 16 Phoenix block.

HORSES. HORSES.

300 head of farm horses, drafters, general purpose horses and drivers constantly on hand at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

HORSES — HORSES — BUY THEM AT the reliable sales stables of J. Hamme & Co., 125 West First street.

PIANOS TWENTY UPRIGHTS, $175 up; new, just arrived from factories; bargains; examine them; monthly payments. 16 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—HOTEL AND RESTAUrant with thirty steady boarders and good transient trade. All fixtures modern and in first class condition. For particulars call on or address Mrs. W. F. McFall, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE—40 A SOLDIER'S ADDItional. H. W. Coffin.

ONE CENT A WORD.

SHIRTS

D. M. Morrison's Shirt Factory, Seventh Floor, Palladio Building, Duluth.

Bargains Wanted.

RATHBUN'S
CASH GROCERY
17 East Superior Street.
Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Saturday Specialties

Including large and carefully selected assortment of Minnesota Vegetables at lowest prices ever offered.

STRAWBERRIES—
Have been exceedingly scarce during the past few days and the same conditions will exist until June 15th; from that date until July 1 strawberries will arrive in abundance, and as the Wisconsin and Minnesota crop is plentiful, look out for low prices.

FOR SATURDAY—
We will have shipment of 50 cases Michigan berries direct by express, arriving at 10:30 a. m. We will sell at lowest possible prices. Our telegram reads, quality is extra fine.

Home grown SPINACH, per peck—
10 cents

Large, fancy MINNESOTA CUCUMBERS, each—
5 cents

ASPARAGUS, 3 bunches—
10 cents

PIE PLANT, per lb—
1 cent

LETTUCE, 2 heads—
5 cents

Best quality CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb—
20 cents

3-lb cans ROYAL JAVA and MOCHA; never fails to please, per can—
85 cents

PURE LEAF LARD, 4 lbs—
25 cents

SNIDER'S TOMATO SOUP, 3-lb cans, each—
20 cents

10 bars best LAUNDRY SOAP—
25 cents

NEW GRASS DAIRY BUTTER, per lb—
16 cents

Best quality BRICK CHEESE, per lb—
12 cents

NEW POTATOES, per peck—
30 cents

NEW ONIONS, per peck—
30 cents

SWEET, JUICY ORANGES, per dozen—
25 cents

CUCUMBER PICKLES, per dozen—
5 cents

DILL PICKLES, per dozen—
7 cents

SWEET GHERKINS, per quart—
15 cents

Pint bottle QUEEN OLIVES, per bottle—
30 cents

Get your Strawberries early Saturday, as the supply will be limited.

RATHBUN'S
17 East Superior Street.

We wish to call your attention to the magnificent assortment of goods which we carry in our line and offer to the public at living prices.

Call in at
109 W. Superior St.
'Phone 618.

The J. R. Sutphin Company.

Neither Had a Cent.

Officer Fitz found a man lying on the sidewalk on the Bowery in a drunken slumber early this morning and another man bending over the prostrate form in a studious attitude. The latter explained that he was looking to see if the other man was asleep. He resented the idea that he had any dishonorable motive, and when put under arrest showed an inclination to make trouble, but soon quieted down when he saw that his bluff would probably be called. He gave the name of Thomas Rogers at police headquarters, and the other one gave the name of C. Jacobson.

It was found on searching them that neither one had a cent.

Both went up for ten days, Rogers for vagrancy and Jacobson for drunkenness.

CASSATT CHOSEN.

Philadelphia, June 9.—The board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company today elected A. J. Cassatt president to succeed the late President Frank Thomson. James McCrea, of Pittsburg, first vice president of the company, was elected a member of the board to succeed the vacancy made by Mr. Cassatt's elevation.

JUDGE GROSSCUP BETTER.

Ashland, Ohio, June 9.—Judge Grosscup of the United States court of Chicago, who recently suffered a relapse, is again on the road to recovery from gastro-enteric fever. His physicians are now confident of his ultimate restoration to perfect health.

Sunday trains to Fond du Lac and Spirit Lake, leaving Union depot at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.

ARE NOT WORRIED

Blast Furnace People Are Not Disturbed By Mr. Doty's Claim.

THEY HAVE A LEASE

Trustees For the Bondholders Gave Them Their Title to It.

The announcement is made at Superior that the lease of the Lehigh Coal and Iron company dock at Superior to the Duluth Blast Furnace company will be contested. Col. L. E. Doty, of the Lehigh Coal and Coke company, claims to have a lease of the property to May 1, 1900. The property was in the hands of Receiver Buxton for some time. Lately it was sold and was bid in by Messrs. W. B. Banks and Edward T. Buxton as trustees for the bondholders, or reorganization committee of the plant. This committee leased the dock to the furnace company.

Mr. Doty denies that the property is leased. He says that the company which formerly owned the dock and of which he is president, has the lease and will continue to operate the dock, handling coal there and making coke at the coke ovens. He claims that after the sale he met Mr. Banks and then proposed to lease the dock and the ovens. He says that Mr. Banks acquiesced, and he further claims that after the sale was confirmed by the court he again saw Mr. Banks and again the subject of the lease came up, and it was agreed that the company should have the lease of the property until May, 1900. He says that the company will remain in possession of the dock, and his attorneys say that they will fight any action intended to take the dock away from the company.

In Superior yesterday W. B. Banks said the lease was made to the Furnace company, and Mr. Buxton would say nothing.

There is little likelihood that the Duluth Furnace company will have any trouble in holding its lease. The property belonged originally to the Lehigh Coal and Iron company. The bondholders of this company foreclosed the mortgage. The receiver of the company gave a lease to the Lehigh Coal and Coke company, but it, of course, was only good during his receivership. The property was bid in by W. B. Banks and E. T. Buxton, trustees for the reorganization committee. They in turn have leased it to the Duluth Furnace company, and it is hard to see where Mr. Doty is going to make his claim good. It is regarded here by the parties interested as only a bluff. John G. Williams, attorney for the Furnace company, was not at all disturbed today by the turn in affairs.

CAN BUY CHEAP.

Lakeview Addition Lots Going Under Hammer Tomorrow---Big Fake.

Any one who desires to own property with little expense to himself will have an opportunity to acquire a lot or as many lots as he wishes at the forfeited tax sale tomorrow morning. At the opening of the sale nearly 120 large, fine lots, airy and roomy, will be placed on sale, and they are sure to go cheaply. They are finely located, within three hours' walk from the postoffice, and even if the forfeited tax sale is knocked out it is not likely that the purchasers will be disturbed in the possession of their property.

The lots are in Lakeview addition to Duluth, which is situated in section 18, 50-15, on the west side of the town of Herman and about eight miles from the city. The addition was platted and placed on the market about 1888, during Duluth's great real estate boom, and a large number of the lots were sold. The addition is said to have been the greatest real estate swindle ever perpetrated in this section. There is within the city limits a Lakeview division, and the projectors of the Hermantown addition to Duluth traded upon the name, for there is good property in Lakeview division. When outsiders wrote to Duluth real estate men, before the latter were aware of what was going on, and asked the value of lots in Lakeview, the Duluth men always supposed that Lakeview division was meant, and they answered accordingly. So many lots in Lakeview addition were sold at good prices, and it was some time before the possessors became aware of the fact that they had been swindled. In the addition there were four blocks numbered 17, 18, 19 and 20, and as these blocks corresponded to some of the best property in Lakeview division, the swindle was made easy.

Every lot in the addition is on the forefeited tax list, and taxes are due for many years. The judgment book shows about when the purchasers began to find out that they had been duped. Some of them quit paying taxes on the property as early as 1888, and others strung along up to 1894. None have paid since then. As farming land the addition would be very fine, but as city property it is not worth much.

The forfeited tax sale was adjourned at noon today, and it will not be taken up again until tomorrow morning, when Lakeview addition will be placed on sale. Following it will come some of the farming land near Duluth, in the towns of Culver, Fond du Lac, Rice Lake and others. This morning the town of Herman was on sale and bidding was very active. Some good land was on sale, and the prices ran up better on the average than almost any other portion of the county. More than the taxes was received in almost every case, and in some cases several times the amount of the taxes was paid. In one instance a tract was run up to over $200, and it was subsequently discovered that the land belongs to the state. The man in whose name it was taxed had bought it of the state, and as he had failed to keep up his payments his deed had been cancelled.

Yesterday afternoon the townsite of Trimble was sold and the state got it all.

Memorial Exercises Tonight.

It may be of interest to some of the excursionists in the city to know that postponed Memorial day exercises are to be held in the open air this evening at West Duluth. Several of the best speakers in the city are to be present to make 10-minute talks and this would be a splendid opportunity for the visitors to sample Duluth oratory and listen to the music of the West Duluth band. The revenue of the meeting are to be

Gronseth & Olsen
Established 1887
Cash Grocers.
Telephone 282. 401 and 403 East Fourth St.

The wheels of commerce are again running smoothly. The tug strike is settled and everything looks bright. Use sound, good judgment. Buy your groceries where you can get HONEST, RELIABLE GOODS AT ROCK BOTTOM CASH PRICES. By so doing you can save money and be right in the swim.

SATURDAY and MONDAY We Offer:

Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz 13c
Viking Creamery, 16 oz. Prints, per lb 21c
None better ever sold in Duluth.
New Sweet Grass Butter, extra fine, 5 and 10-lb jars, per lb 16c
Cooking Butter, per lb 12c
"Viking Pride" Flour, 98-lb sack $1.90
Bakers Triumph, 98-lb sack $1.65
Corn Meal, 98-lb sack 89c
Standard Graham, 49-lb sack 70c
Best White Rye, 49-lb sack 75c
Extra Large Fancy Lemons, per doz 15c
Dr. Price's Baking Powder, per 1-lb can 39c
Dr. Price's Baking Powder, ½ lb. can 20c
Viking Baking Powder, 1 lb can 35c
Brick Cheese, extra quality, per lb 12½c
New York Full Cream Cheese, per lb 12½
"Viking" Olive Oil, quart bottles, pure 65c
"Viking" Olive Oil, pint bottles 35c
"Viking" Olive Oil, ½ pint bottles 22c
Mustard Sardines, per can 7c, 4 for 25c
Imported Sardines, fine quality per can 10c
A snap.
Hamburg Eel in jelly, per can 22c
Viking Fish Balls, per can 15c
Ritter s Assorted Soups, per can 8c
Snider's Tomato Soup, per can 21c
Yacht Club Salad Dressing, 10 oz. bottle 25c
Yacht Club Salad Dressing, 20 oz. bottle 45c
Crosse & Blackwell Chow Chow, per bottle 29c
Cooper's Cocoa, per can 18c
Burnett's Vanilla, 55c bottle 45c
Viking Lemon, full strength, per bottle 18c
Home-Made Ginger Snaps, per lb 5½c
Butter Wafers, per lb 6½c
Jelly, large pails, per pail 29c
Finest Med. Hams, in the market for 9¼c
Best Quality Bacon, per lb 9¼c
California Ham, per lb 6¼c

Provisions are advancing, look out for higher prices.

Pork, dry or pickle, per lb ..... 5½ c
Best Leaf Lard, 4 lbs for 25c
"Viking" Soap, 12 oz., 10 bars for 25c
Lenox Soap, 9 bars 25c
"Viking King," Soap, 8 bars for 25c
Toilet Soap, per box 9c
Rockwood & Co.'s Chocolate, per lb. 32c
Santa Claus Sweet Chocolate, per cake 3c
Plymouth Pork and Beans, 3-lb cans for 25c
Standard Tomatoes, per can 7½c
Potted Tongue, per can 17c

POTATOES VERY CHEAP.

Asparagus, large bunches, per bunch 3c
Table Onions, 4 bunches for 5c
Cucumbers, extra fine 4c

Strawberries, Pineapples, sour Cherries and everything in the market at rock bottom prices.

Tomorrow is Miss Kunath's last day of demonstration in the city. Come and try a dish of Hoffman's celebrated Ricena free.

Gronseth & Olsen.

sent to the National Monument association to be used in erecting a monument to the soldier and sailor dead.

PERSONALS.

Reduced prices on hats. Miss Swenson's

Mrs. E. W. Lewis and children will leave this evening for Cooperstown, N. D., to visit at Mr. Lewis. Afterwards they will visit her brother, Judge C. L. Brown, of Morris, returning to Duluth about the middle of September.

Miss Daisy Badeaux, of Brainerd, who has been attending the L. O. T. M. and K. O. T. M. convention here, the guest of Mrs. A. C. Farrar, returned to her home yesterday afternoon.

A. G. Kingston, of Tower, is at the St. Louis.

Mrs. L. O. Peppard and son, of Minneapolis, are at the St. Louis. Mrs. E. L. Burrill, of Shakopee, is with them.

L. R. Root, of Grand Rapids, is at the St. Louis.

Millinery at big reduction at Humes, over Suffel's.

Dr. T. F. Sheridan returned yesterday afternoon from Flushing, Mich., where he attended the funeral of his father.

B. L. Simmons, of Washburn, Wis., is at the Spalding.

W. H. Yawkey, of Detroit, was at the Spalding last evening.

E. A. Merrill, of Minneapolis, was at the Spalding last evining.

M. Quinn, of Saginaw, Mich., is at the Spalding.

Manager L. N. Scott, of the Twin City Opera houses is at the Spalding today.

C. W. Latimer, the Minneapolis insurance man, is at the Spalding.

J. H. Patterson, of Cleveland, is at the Spalding.

J. G. Hargraves, of Winnipeg, is at the Spalding.

President Urban and Thomas A. McIntyre, promoter of the flour mill combine will arrive here on Monday.

Financier Grinnell, of the Cigarmakers' International, has been in the city for several days.

Headquarters!

All visitors will find Ice Cream Soda, Ice Cream and Candy to suit them. Nothing but the best made.

SMITH,
307 West Superior Street.

Will Come on Saturday.

Secretary Alger will be in Duluth on Saturday, June 17, which is a few days later than was expected. The secretary will be given a public reception, unless he should desire that this not be done. He is now in the province of Quebec.

The Brewers Coming.

Tomorrow and Sunday afternoons the Duluth ball nine and Minneapolis Brewers will play at the fair grounds. The Brewers are a fine team and will give the home team a hard chase. They have had a fine string of victories and are not afraid of anything.

THE CRICKETERS.

London, June 9.—The Cambridge university men in the cricket match with the Australians were all out today for 463 runs in their first innings.

THE OIL OCTOPUS

Its Tentacles Are Many and Its Ramifications Are Numerous.

A COMPETITOR TALKS

Clerks Approached By Standard Officials With Bribes For Information.

Washington, June 9.—Ex-State Senator Theodore Davis of Ohio was the first witness before the industrial commission today. He is both a producer and a refiner of petroleum, located at Marietta, and his testimony dealt with the operations of the Standard Oil trust and the Argand Oil company. He complained of the discriminations of the railroad companies, saying that the managers of some of the roads were interested in rival companies, and the other companies were so favored that his company had been compelled to suspend business. This discrimination was also practiced by the pipe lines against producers who did not control these lines. In such cases they were also unable to secure fair rates from railroads, forcing the conclusion that the railroad companies were concerned for the success of the pipe lines.

Mr. Davis said that the Standard company had been able to come into the control of most of the producing area, and this was accomplished through co-operating companies.

He said that as a refiner he had purchased considerable oil from the Standard company, and that it was the custom of the Standard company to charge up its losses on oil by fire, leakage, etc., in any given district to the purchasers in that district, distributing the loss among them.

He also said that the Standard Oil company had such close relations with the railroad companies, and so completely controlled the markets as to render it almost impracticable for any refiner to enter upon the manufacture of such products as lubricating oil. He said that on one occasion a shipping clerk of his firm had been approached by the Standard Oil company and offered money for information as to the business of the concern. This scheme had failed owing to the fidelity of the clerk, but the firm became satisfied that the Standard Oil company had information of every barrel shipped by his house. Every shipment was followed up and the consignees approached with offers of oil at lower rates. The competitors also resorted to duplicating his brands and sending out under them inferior articles of oil. The competition had at last become so fierce that his house had been compelled to go out of business.

Mr. Philips asked Mr. Davis if it was not a fact that the profits of the Standard Oil company were not greater on each barrel of oil sold than the cost of the article, but the witness declined to express an opinion on this point, saying he did not know. It was a fact, he said, that the Standard Oil company had purchased several refining plants and had then dismantled them, but he was not prepared to say that such refineries were well enough located to render it profitable to maintain them. Neither was he prepared to say that any oil company was engaged in practices which any other would not resort to to get business under the same circumstances.

Mr. Davis was followed by T. F. Westgate, an oil refiner at Titusville, Pa. Among other companies in which he is interested is the Pure Oil company. He said that in both New York and Philadelphia the Standard company had reduced the price of oil immediately upon his company's entering the field, and that owing to this reduction oils were now being sold in both markets at prices which render the business unprofitable. Mr. Westgate declared that the Standard managers kept a strict account of all the oil sent out by rivals. His company was in the habit of protecting customers where necessary. His general policy was to try to get only a small percentage of the business in each place, and he had found that so long as he pursued this plan prices could be held up, but that if he endeavored to increase the quantity prices were immediately reduced with the intention of driving him out of the field.

Mr. Westgate had had no doubt that the Standard company knew each morning just what his shipments had been the day before. He could not say that the railroads supplied the information, but he knew that it did not go from his own office. He also told of instances in which the Standard company had made efforts to entice his men from him and also of threats in cases where the competition was sharper than the Standard company enjoyed.

TO ST. PAUL.

Modern Woodmen of America Will Meet Next Year In Minnesota.

Kansas City, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Minnesota is to be congratulated. After a hard fight St. Paul was chosen as the meeting place of the 1901 session of the head camp of the Modern Woodmen of America, Grand Rapids, Mich., losing by only a few votes.

W. B. HARTLEY,
State Clerk, M. W. A.

LORD BERESEORD'S PLAN.

The British Admiral Criticises England's Policy In China.

London, June 9.—While the house of commons was in committee of supply on the foreign office vote today, Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford, Conservative member for York city, delivered a scathing criticism of the government's policy of "drifting" in China, during which, he said, the government had deceived the people and allowed the open door policy to be finally killed, by permitting Russia to interfere in a purely commecial enterprise like the Shanghai-Kwan railroad. The admiral then proposed that the four countries most interested, Great Britain, the United States, Japan and Germany, go to China and offer to take over and organize her army, adding that if Great Britain took the lead he was sure the United States would follow and that he also had a distinct intimation that Japan would join in such a movement.

The parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, the Right Hon. William St. John Broderick, replied, pointing out the difficulties in meeting Lord Beresford's desire, saying that Great Britain could not alone obtain control of the government of China.

P. L. Johnson
CASH GROCER.
1534-1536 West Superior St.
Telephone 575.
Prices for Saturday and Monday's Trade:

20 cents
For 1 lb Print Creamery Butter.
17 cents
For 1 lb new made Dairy Butter.
80 cents
For 1 5-lb jar new made Dairy Butter.
13 cents
For 1 dozen Strictly Fresh Eggs.

We sell Lipton's Teas in ½-lb and 1-lb Tins.

1 cent
For 1 Bunch Radish.
1 cent
For 1 Bunch Table Onions.
1 cent
For 1 lb Pieplant.
35 cents
For 1 bus. Burbank Potatoes.

We sell T. & T. Coffee in 1-lb and 2-lb Tins.

12½ cents
For 1 Florida Pineapple.
10 cents
For 1 dozen Bananas.
15 cents
For 1 dozen Messina Lemons.
5 cents
For 1 Home Grown Cucumber.

Michigan Cherries, Black Raspberries and Wisconsin Strawberries.

5 cents
For 1 dozen Sour Pickles.
5 cents
For 1 lb California Prunes.
5 cents
For 1 large Cocoanut.
5 cents
For 1 lb Good Rice.

We sell Fresh Pork Loins, Ham Butts and Sausage.

25 cents
For 1 50c Bottle Chow Chow.
25 cents
For 1 50c Bottle Sweet Mixed Pickles.
25 cents
For 1 50c Bottle Sour Mixed Pickles.
25 cents
For 1 50c Bottle Gherkins.
7 cents
For 1 can Best Corn.
8 cents
For 1 can Standard Tomatoes.
9 cents
For 1 3-lb can Pie Apples.
10 cents
For 1 can of our regular 15c Peas.
12 cents
Per lb for Fresh Dressed Chickens.

P. L. JOHNSON
CASH GROCER.

KAUTZ AT HONOLULU.

All Was Quiet In Samoa When He Left.

San Francisco, June 9.—The steamer Doric from the Orient via Honolulu brings advices from the Associated Press correspondent under date of June 2. He the U. S. S. Philadelphia arrived there June 1. In an interview Admiral Kautz stated that all parties had agreed to abide by the decision of the commission of the three powers and that everything was quiet when he left. The bodies of Lieut. Lansdale and Ensign Monaghan, the Americans killed in the fighting, are on board the Philadelphia.

TO MAKE TWINE.

West Superior, June 9.—The Northwestern Grass Twine company has closed a deal for fifty acres of land and will build a manufactory here at once to manufacture binding twine. They will employ 500 men this summer and 1500 next year. The plant will cost $250,000. It now has plants at Oshkosh and St. Paul.

AMERICAN JOCKEY WINS.

London, June 9.—At the Lewes spring meeting today the spring handicap, 300 sovereigns, was won by Form, ridden by L. Reiff, the American jockey. The betting was 8 to 1 against Reiff's mount.

Low Excursion Rates East.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Round trip rates—

New York	$30 00
Boston	31 00
Buffalo	24 40
Toronto	24 40
Montreal	28 65
Portland, Me.	32 50

And Eastern points generally. Tickets on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19. Choice all routes. Full particulars city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

Special Rates,

Low one way and round trip tickets to Eastern and Canadian points on sale via Wisconsin Central lines. Call at city office, No. 430 West Superior street, for full particulars.

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent.

BARGAINS IN
Graduation and Wedding Presents
334 W. Superior St.

CAST your eyes in our direction. Jewelry was never offered at such low figures as we offer at these bargains. Our competitors are astonished and wonder how we can do business and sell such

High Grade Goods at Such Low Figures.

Watches are Cheap, and it will pay you to come in and see us.

M. HENRICKSEN,
Providence Jewelry Store,
334 W. Superior Street.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Subscribers to The Herald, intending to camp on Park Point, can have their paper delivered to their camp by leaving change of address at this office.

The Kelley Hat Hospital, 415 W. Sup. St.

The Somerset Y will meet tomorrow afternoon at the home of Miss Clara Letteau, 712 East First street.

The Parlor theater has had a very prosperous week's business. A matinee will be given Saturday afternoon at 2:30. The London Gaiety company will be the attraction next week.

Circle No. 5 of St. Paul's church will give a Vanity Fair entertainment on Thursday evening at Mrs. S. L. Smith's, No. 1221 East Superior street.

The Ladies' Aid of Asbury M. E. church have placed for sale with Mrs. E. M. Sinedille in the art department in Silberstein & Bondy's a silk quilt and some fine hand embroidery work.

Professor C. G. Lagergren, from Chicago university, will lecture at the first Swedish Baptist church, corner Nineteenth avenue west and First street, Saturday, June 10, at 8 p. m. Subject, "The Influence of Finland's Condition on the Northern Scandinavia."

William Peterson, a drayman, was arraigned in police court yesterday afternoon charged with assaulting John Harris. He pleaded guilty and was fined $5 and costs, which he paid.

Herbert Walton, a plain drnk, went up for ten days this morning.

Andrew P. Wilson and Theophilus Nauffus have filed a petition in bankruptcy. Their liabilities aggregate $6626.75 and their assets $3881, most of which is in real estate.

The ladies of the Duluth Heights Presbyterian church will give an ice cream social this evening at the Duluth Heights town hall.

Deputy Sheriff H. N. Randall was exchanging cigars for congratulations this morning, a fine baby boy having arrived at his home.

Frank Graham has sued Stitt & Howe for $62.90 alleged to be due for labor performed in logging, and he asks the court to enforce his claim as a lien on the logs. T. Waldo Murphy, of Hibbing, is the attorney.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Wakeudy Andrzepemski and Marijania Blaszczyk and to Olaf Swanson and Annie Carlson.

The high school juniors tendered the seniors an informal reception last evening in Masonic hall. There was dancing.

Zenith council No. 40 United Commercial Travelers will give a social and ball Saturday evening at Elks' hall. Flaaten's orchestra will furnish the music. Refreshments will be served.

Attorney John Rustgard, of the firm of Rustgard & Marshall, has gone to Spokane and will locate somewhere in Washington. Mr. Marshall continues the business of the firm.

Senator Davis has written that he will be unable to accept the invitation of the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution to speak here on the Fourth of July. An invitation has been tendered to another speaker.

The building of the sun parlor and observatory at the Spalding, a description of which has been given in The Herald, was begun yesterday.

The Trades assembly will meet this evening.

The partnership troubles of O. J. Long and Joseph Kahl, tailors, were settled in police court this morning, and the charge of larceny against Kahl, preferred by Long, was dismissed. The raiment over which they had been quarreling was divided and they departed.

BASE BALL
Saturday and Sunday
AT FAIR GROUNDS.
Minneapolis vs. Duluth.
Admission 10c, grand stand extra

RECEIVED NAMED.

New York, June 9.—L. A. Hankey has been appointed receiver for Howard Lockwood & Co., publishers and printers, on application of the stockholders for a voluntary dissolution of the company. The company was incorporated in 1896 with a capital stock of $100,000. The liabilities are $74,458 and assets $49,156.

PRACTICE READING ALOUD.

"It will surprise every girl who has not already grown to a realization of her shortcomings in this direction to hear how little of the author's thought she brings out when she reads aloud," writes Katharine E. Junkermann giving instructions on "The Cultivation of the Speaking Voice" in the June Woman's Home Companion. "The monotony of her voice will suprise her, too, and her throat will grow tired. She will stumble or hesitate at unfamiliar words even though she knows their meaning thoroughly, just as one who reads music readily will misplay it from lack of practice. Of course, you think you understand about what you are reading, but when you read aloud you must not only do this; you must make it clear to the listeners. The eye can travel more rapidly than the voice, so that it is easy to read a few words ahead and get the meaning before the voice needs to take up the words. By doing this continuity of expression is insured, consequently continuity of thought on the part of the reader is possible.

'It is a very rare thing to hear a good conversationalist who does not read well, and they are the first to acknowledge the help their reading has afforded them. In reading aloud new words are brought to us, and we familiarize ourselves with them, and also with the mechanism of pronouncing them, so that the risk in using them when we talk is small. In reading graces of expression and new arrangements of words come to our notice, and we can acquire them; depth and versatility of thought grow to be ours by assimilating the thoughts of others, and that most desirable thing of all, a large vocabulary, also become ours. What girl has not stumbled and blundered vocally seeking an apt word to express her thought? And who among us has not listened to the extravagant 'How perfectly lovely!' applied to all sorts of things, from the newest in shirt waists to a snow-caped peak of the Rockies? If girls read aloud more they would acquire a better idea of the value of words and use them more appropriately."

Tell them you saw it in The Herald.

FROM THE WEST

Fifteen Hundred People Arrive Over the Northern Pacific.

The excursion over the Northern Pacific road arrived this afternoon and about 1500 people came in upon it. The train was in two sections. The first arrived at 2:15 o'clock and carried about 500 people. It came from over the branch of the road between Morris and Little Falls, running from the latter place up to Staples and then to Duluth.

The second section brought about 1000 people and arrived shortly after 3 o'clock. It came over the Breckenridge division and included people from Grand Forks and other towns in North Dakota as well as from intervening towns.

The excursionists divided themselves about equally between the two sides of the bay. At the Union depot in Duluth the Duluth City band and members of the citizens' reception committee were present to meet them, and gave them a warm welcome. They scattered about the city at once and spent the afternoon in sight-seeing.

The excursionists will remain two or three days. Most of them expect to return Sunday afternoon. Tomorrow there will be a ball game at the fair grounds, and this will draw a large number.

IS ABANDONED.

Plan of Mediation Proposed By the Americans at the Hague.

The Hague, June 9.—The peace conference entered today upon its most important stage, when the drafting committee of the third section took up arbitration. According to a foreign delegate, the American scheme does not seem to have obtained the support of many of the delegates. The Americans, it is added, have realized this, and have virtually abandoned the idea of pressing for adoption and, therefore, it may be considered as virtually abandoned or, at most, it will only furnish material for a few amendments which will be submited during the debate.

The Russian project is still kept absolutely secret. M. De Stael, head of the Russian delegation and president of the conference, has voluntarily withdrawn all claims to priority in favor of the British scheme. Part of the Russian scheme will not be pressed, and the other part will be incorporated with the British proposals in a definite scheme.

The proposals of Sir Julian Pauncefote, head of the British delegation, has the advantage of not saddling the powers with the expense of a permanent sitting tribunal and especially as the latter would have nothing to do during the greater part of the year and the adoption of his scheme, with modifications, is considered certain.

An appendix relating to organization in the Russian scheme for an arbitration tribunal, as cabled to the Associated Press June 7, proposes that the conference appoint five powers which when a request for arbitration is made, will each name a judge who will form the tribunal.

IRON WORKERS TO STRIKE.

St. Louis, June 9.—At Union Labor headquarters today it was said by night all of the architectural iron workers and shopmen in St. Louis will be on a strike. The men of ten shops are already out, and those employed in the Northwestern Iron works and the Excelsior Wire Rope works will follow tonight.

Eight hours a day and the same wages as paid elsewhere are demanded. The men, it is said, have been working from ten to thirteen hours a day, and they want a change. They are backed by the Federation of Labor in their demands.

VISITING HER LOVER'S HOME.

One of the greatest trials the engaged girl has to bear is when she pays her first visit to her lover's home. Even when papa and mamma are delighted to welcome their future daughter-in-law the occasion must be a trying one. And when Jack leaves her alone with the "old folks" and "the girls" in "order that they may get to know each other," the poor child feels as if her sheet anchor had deserted her, says the Philadelphia Times. For the first ten minutes she feels shy and painfully conscious of being criticised, but in time that wears away, and when Jack returns about an hour later he is delighted to see them all chatting happily together.

Mamma and Ethel are quite agreed as to their hero being a demi-god, and as Ethel is being driven home in the cool of the evening she whispers, "I do like all your people, Jack." And so the dreaded ordeal is happily over. But what must the engage girl suffer when things do not arrange themselves so pleasantly!

Teachers' Excursion Rates.

EASTERN POINTS.
VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Tickets to Eastern points on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19. Extremely low rates. Full particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

LOWER RATES TO EASTERN POINTS.
VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Reduction in one way rates to Albany, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Toronto, Montreal, Syracuse, Eastern and Canadian points generally. Summer tourist excursion rates to Eastern and Western resorts. Full particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

Wisconsin Central Lines.

Through sleeping cars from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Milwaukee and Chicago.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Barge Krupp Stranded at the Head of Parsons Island.

HAD TO GO ASHORE

Or Have a Collision With an Unknown Steamer---Coffinberry Disabled.

Detroit, Mich., June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The barge Krupp, in tow of the steamer Ericsson, bound down with ore, went aground at the head of Parsons island, St. Clair river, last night. The stranding of the Krupp was due to meeting an unknown steamer at that point. It was to go ashore or have a collision. The captain chose the shore. The wrecking tug Brockway from Port Huron is with the Krupp.

BROKEN CRANK ARM.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Coffinberry returned from Hay lake this morning with a broken crank arm. She will have to be towed down.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 9.—Special to The Herald.—Up: Fairbairn, 14 ft, 10 last night; Norwalk, Caledonia, Polynesia, midnight; Mohawk, 12:30 a. m.; Kaliyuga, Fontana, 1:20; Bulgaria, Annapolis, 2; Peshtigo, Nichols, 4; Orrmage, 4:20; Madagascar, Stephenson, Neil, 6; L. Salle, 7; Pennsylvania, 11m, 8; Pendorsail, Castalia, 9:30; Holden, 10:30. Down: Wallula, 11 last night; Amranda, Yale, 1 a. m.; Harper, Tyrone, 3; Oliver, 4; Fulton, St. Andrew, 3:30; Jersey, 5; Vega, Merrimac, Norland, Scranton, 9.

Up yesterday: Prentice, Halsted, Middlesex, noon; I. J. Boyce, 12:30 p. m.; Joliet, 1; Sauber, 2; Choctaw, Devereux, 3; Spry, Mariska, Malta, 4; Crescent City, 5; Dowd, Wotan, Celtic, Stewart, 2:30 p. m., Stone, 3:30; Chris Grover, 5.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: North Wind, 11:50 last night; Saginaw, Sprague, 1 a. m.; Carpenter and barges, 2; M. Hopkins and barges, 2:15; Tolfree, Aztec, 2:30; Vulcan, 3:30; Shores and barges, 10; Langell Boys, 10:30.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Gratwick (steel), C. B. Lockwood, Lake Erie, coal; Langell, Arango, Moore, Interlaken, Kelley's Island, limestone; Hunter, Ashland, passengers and merchandise; Bradley, Brightie, Woodson, Peshtigo, Ketchum, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Buell, Avon, Buffalo, merchandise; Arabian, Prescott, light for grain; Dixon, Port Arthur, passengers and merchandise.

Departed—Panther, Two Harbors, light; India, Buffalo, passengers and merchandise; Bermuda, Buffalo, grain; Law, Aztec, Lake Erie, lumber; Selwyn Eddy, Lake Erie, ore; Hudson, Northern Queen, Buffalo, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Palatia from Hamburg.

Queenstown—Arrived: Lucania from New York for Liverpool.

Liverpool—Arrived: New England from Boston; Georgic from New York.

Hamburg—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck from New York.

PRESENTED WITH A MEDAL.

Officer Link Gets One For Remarkable Marksmanship.

Officer John Link was last evening presented with a diploma and medal for gallantry and good marksmanship, displayed May 30, when he shot off the tail of a dog that had no license and then closed with the animal and killed it with a club.

The presentation took place at police headquarters. Jailer Baskins made a speech in behalf of the donors. Mr. Link was too overcome to reply. He said afterwards that he hoped to be able to think of something in the next week or two that would be strong enough to express his feelings.

Duluth Institutions Excel.

Professor W. C. McCarter of the Duluth Business university returned this morning from a visit in Ontario and other sections of the East.

During his trip he visited a number of business colleges in Toronto, London, Hamilton, Stratford, Detroit and other cities and was gratified to see that the efforts he has exerted to put the Duluth Business university on a footing second to no other similar institution have been successful, and that in comparison with the schools he visited the Duluth school is in advance in methods of instruction and courses arranged for practical business education. Professor McCarter says the strongest confirmation that the Duluth Business university is successful in giving young men and young ladies a business education is the fact that their pupils find no difficulty in securing positions.

With its excellent crop of teachers and modern methods of instruction, the institution is one which Duluth may consider a specially good branch of its educational facilities.

TO REVISE AGREEMENT.

Chicago, June 8.—Members of the Western Passenger association have provisionally agreed on a revised draft of a general agreement. It is still subject to the votes of the absent lines, and an adjournment until June 19 was taken today to allow those votes to be secured.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Strictly Up-to-Date Spring Overcoats

We carry a large stock of spring overcoats at $7.00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00, $13.50, $15.00 and $18.00. Come early before assortment of sizes is broken up.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

All Belt and Sash Buckles at Actual Cost.

G. A. KLEIN,
JEWELER.
325 West Superior Street.

Special Sale Jackets...

Saturday Morning we place on sale one hundred and seventy-five stylish Spring and Summer Jackets at greatly reduced prices. Nearly all of these garments have been delivered to us by the makers during the past three weeks, and there is not one single undesirable Jacket in the lot—They are the very cream of 1899 styles and materials. And our only reason for making such radical reductions now at the beginning of the season, is on account of the unseasonable weather during the past few weeks and consequent stagnation of trade—Read about them and come and see them—If you find values exaggerated one particle we will make you a present of the garment and refund your car fare.

$5.00

For Five Dollars you can take your choice of any Jacket in our stock that is marked to sell at $6.50, $7.00 and $7.50. They are made of all wool materials in desirable colors. Silk or satin lined, cut in the latest style and cheap at our original low prices.

$7.48

At Seven Dollars and Forty-eight cents we offer you your pick of any Jacket in the house marked to sell at $9.00, $9.50, $10.00, $10.50. These garments are strictly tailor made and elegantly finished, lined with silk or satin, very latest cut, and well worth what they are marked.

$9.98

At nine dollars and ninety-eight cents you are at liberty to select any Jacket in our stock that is marked to sell at $12.50, $13.50, $14 and $15. These are elegant garments, made of fine imported materials and lined with rich silk or satin. Most of them are exclusive styles not to be had elsewhere at the head of the lakes.

$12.48

For twelve dollars and forty-eight cents you can take your choice of any of our swell novelty garments that are marked to sell at $16.50, $17, $18 and $20. This lot includes all our highest grade garments. Styles not to be duplicated elsewhere at any price.

Special Values In Ready-made Suits, Wash Dress Skirts, Silk Petticoats, Millinery, Silks and Dress Goods.

SPICER-FANNING CO.,

Take Inter-State Cars. They Pass Our Doors Every Ten Minutes.

WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

MR. BLAND IN A STUPOR.

Has Either Paralysis or Congestion of the Brain.

Lebanon, Mo., June 9.—Mr. Bland has remained in a stupor since yesterday morning. He recognizes no one and cannot speak. While his physicians decline to state specifically what his ailment is, relatives and intimate friends who are admitted to his bedside say it is either paralysis or congestion of the brain.

BASE BALL
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY.
AT FAIR GROUNDS.
Minneapolis vs. Duluth.
Admission 10c.
Extra to Grand Stand.

Wants the Lease Cancelled.

C. H. Pettit and J. M. Robinson have begun suit against John McKinley and a large number of other defendants to cancel a lease to mining property in sections 8-17 and 18-58-16, on the Mesaba iron range. The lease was made to the defendants in 1891, and while the plaintiffs assert that there is a large amount of ore on the property, they allege that the lessees have failed to mine more than 5000 tons, none of which has been removed, and that they have failed to pay the royalties carried by the lease. Therefore the court is asked to cancel their interest in the lease. Davis, Hollister & Hicks are the attorneys.

Includes the Coal Dock.

The transfer of Bay Front property to the Great Northern, mentioned by The Herald yesterday, includes everything from the Omaha tracks to the bay. This includes the coal dock at the end of the block. Some have imagined that the coal dock is not included, but it is, together with everything else on the property conveyed.

Strawberries Scarce Today.

Wisconsin strawberries are the only ones in the market at present. In fact there are practically none of these left with the commission men. The wholesale price of crates containing sixteen quarts is $2.10 to $2.20 today. It is expected, however, that by tomorrow there will be a plentiful supply and that the price will fall.

LETTERS OF REGRET.

Wichita, Kan., June 9.—Secretary McKnight of the Trans-Mississippi congress has just received belated letters of regret from President Diaz of Mexico and President Dole of Hawaii.

RECRUITS TO FILL IN

The Cabinet Discusses a Plan For Reorganization of Philippine Army.

SMALL REGIMENTS

These to Be Formed From Volunteers Who Desire to Remain.

Washington, June 9.—The cabinet, in connection with the possible necessity of enlisting a force of volunteers, today discussed a plan for the enlistment of several skeleton regiments in Manilla, from among the volunteers who desire to remain in the service, and the subsequent filling out of these regiments with recruits enlisted in this country.

Gen. Otis, according to the plan, will be given the authority to select the officers who are to be mustered. The plan, which commends itself to the favor of the members of the cabinet generally, would form a nucleus of veteran officers and men seasoned to the climate and familiar with the work to be done. Such a force, leavened with veterans, doubtless would be immeasurably superior to a force of raw recruits, undisciplined and unacclimated.

The plan was only discussed in connection with future contingencies and did not reach the stage of action.

The president announced to the cabinet the names of the Nicaragua canal commission, and there was unanimous concurrence in the selections.

The attorney general announced his opinion that the army reorganization bill fixing the maximum strength of the army at 65,000 did not include the enlisted force of the hospital corps, about 2600 men, so that the enlisted force can be increased by that number.

PICQUART'S RELEASE.

Paris, June 9.—When it became known that the order for the release of Picquart had been issued, M. Gasc, mayor of Ville d'Avray and the prisoner's brother-in-law, and M. Hild, Maitre Labori's secretary, proceeded to the prison of La Sante and met Picquart, who was released about 3 o'clock, and proceeded to the residence of M. Gasc.

Lieut. Col. Picquart was imprisoned on July last, charged with communicating confidential documents, and he has since been accused of fabricating a document intended to compromise Maj. Count Esterhazy.

BLAST FURNACE DEEDS.

Were Placed on Record In Register's Office Today.

A number of deeds connected with the acquisition of the West Duluth blast furnace by the Duluth Furnace company were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. T. A. Gall, special master in chancery, deeded the property to the Franklin Trust company, the mortgagee. The Franklin Trust company, for a consideration of $46,000, transferred the property to John M. Thomas, and the Metropolitan Insurance company, for $3500, sold some lots appertaining to the furnace to the same man. Mr. Thomas deeded the entire property, for a consideration of $55,000, to the Duluth Furnace company. The West Duluth Land company and the Duluth Iron and Steel company, the former owner of the plant, signed quitclaim deeds on the property.

The bylaws of the Duluth Furnace company, of which John M. Thomas is president and John G. Williams is secretary, were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds.

Reception For Mr. Loman.

The pupils of the Duluth High school will give a reception Saturday evening at 8:15 p. m. in the high school halls to John Loman, who has been principal of the high school for three years, but who will leave for the East to take a new position after the close of his work in connection with this year's school. There will be a musical and literary program, and all of the alumni and friends of Mr. Loman and the pupils are invited to be present.

A REPORT DENIED.

Little Rock, Ark., June 9.—The report that twenty-eight men were killed at Ross Hollow on the Choctaw road yesterday afternoon is denied by the contractors. Several men from the camp arrived here today, having left Ross Hollow last night about 8 o'clock. At that time no accident had occurred.

EBELING SUSPECTED.

Chicago, June 9.—F. C. Ebeling, a neighbor of the Swiss hermit, Herman Meier, who was found murdered in his lonely home Wednesday, is under arrest on suspicion of having been implicated in the crime. Ebeling claimed to have seen Meier's body through the window of the house. He was active in assisting the police to get into the house and accompanied them in the search of the premises.

HEIRS AGREE.

Marshalltown, Iowa, June 9.—An agreement has just been reached for the dismissal of all suits against the estate of the late millionaire Boardman, resulting from the contest over his will and equitable division of the property. The temporary receivership was annulled and the estate matters were placed in the hands of C. H. Conver, Boardman's son-in-law, for adjustment. Mrs. Boardman receives about $50,000, and relinquishes dower rights in all the real estate.

GOLDEN STAR MEETING.

Steps Toward Transfer to Toronto People Are Taken.

At a meeting of the directors of the Golden Star Mining company yesterday afternoon, the control of the corporation passed into the hands of Toronto parties. The sale of the stock carrying the controlling interest was made on the basis of $500,000 for the mine.

Director F. H. Merritt, Louis Hall and Leslie Hubbell resigned. F. E. Searle was elected in Mr. Merritt's place and he subsequently resigned.

H. O'Hara, of Toronto, was elected to the vacancy. The other new directors are Mr. Wood and Mr. Flett, of Toronto. There are now four directors from Toronto, the other being Thomas Milburn.

At a meeting to be held in Toronto, June 14, there will be received the resignation of the balance of the Duluth directors, viz: A. C. Hubbell, president; A. Merritt, vice president, and A. E. McManus, secretary-treasurer.

The directorate will consist of six Toronto men. The other directors are V. P. Chappel, of Manistique, and Robert Bowker, of Brockville, Ont.

The matter of an arrangement with J. O. 41 is left to the Toronto stockholders.

THE ENGLISH LUTHERANS.

Milwaukee, June 9.—Today's session of the English Evangelical Lutheran synod of the Northwest was taken up in discussing the new uniform constitution as presented by the Rev. G. H. Trabert, of Minneapolis, president of the committee. The constitution is being considered article at a time and much time is consumed in discussing each paragraph. The work will probably not be finished until Monday, when the convention comes to a close.

BON TON BAKERY AND CANDY KITCHEN.
25 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Everything good to eat here at popular prices...

Candy Department.

Fine home-made Chocolates, per lb	15c
Fine home made Cream Taffies, per lb	10c
Fine home made Peanut Candy, per lb	10c
Fine home made mixed Candy, per lb	10c
Delicious Caramels, per lb	25c
Buttercups, per lb	25c
A box of Fancy Bon Bons and Chocolates	25c

Bakery Department.

Apple Turnovers, per doz	25c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, per doz	10c
Fruit Square, each	5c
French Kisses, per dozen	10c
Cream Puffs, per doz	20c
Nut and Cocoanut Cakes	25c
Fruit Cuts, per dozen	10c
Spice Cake	10c
Angel Food	10c

Ask for a Loaf of our New England Bread.

WEST DULUTH

Affairs at the Interstate Malleable Iron works appear to be in a worse tangle than ever, and the outlook for the workmen and others to get their pay in the near future does not appear to be very bright.

Yesterday Attorney Washburn, of the firm of Washburn, Lewis & Bailey, visited the plant and took possession, first turning into the street a deputy sheriff who has been in possession lately in the interest of a coal company, which made an attachment in a suit for coal furnished. It is understood that Attorney Washburn asked the deputy to show the papers which gave him right of possession. The deputy could not produce. He was therefore asked to step outside. The attorney then turned the key in the lock and drove away, the works being entirely deserted.

Mr. Washburn took possession in behalf of his clients, the Electric corporation, of Boston, which owns the plants.

It is now likely that the whole matter will go into the courts, and that a receiver will be appointed.

LANGSLOW-ETSELL MARRIAGE.

Miss Olive R. Langslow and W. P. Etsell, of Portage La Prairie, Man., were united in marriage at the residence of the bride's father, W. Langslow, Fifty-fifth avenue west, Wednesday evening. They left for their home at Portage La Prairie the same evening. Miss Jean Stewart and Miss Anna Jacoby, old schoolmates, were present as bridesmaids, and Fred Patton as second best man. Rev. Jamieson, of the Presbyterian church, officiated at the ceremony. The bride has long been a resident of West Duluth, and has a host of warm friends. The groom is one of the substantial business men of the Manitoba town.

LOST PART OF HIS FINGERS.

Willie Brotherton of West Duluth, lost portions of the third and fourth fingers of his left hand Wednesday afternoon. He was employed as knot sawyer at the Clarke-Jackson Lumber company's shingle mill in New Duluth. He is a left handed sawyer, but thought he would try a right-handed machine for a change, with the usual result. He will soon be able to work again.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Cheap mixed paints at Nygren's.

See our new line of men's linen collars at 15c or 2 for 25c. Hendricks.

A portion of the lumber tramway at the Le Sure mill fell into the water Wednesday afternoon, carrying with it a horse and two employes. The men escaped, but the horse was drowned. This accident necessitated the closing down of the mill until repairs were made. The work was done yesterday, and the mill resumed operations this morning.

See those elegant silk front shirts at Hendricks'.

The first or paper anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Belanger brought a surprise party to their home on Fifty-sixth avenue Wednesday evening. An enjoyable time resulted, a fine spread being a feature of the evening. Those present were: Mrs. William Towner, her two daughters, Alice and Clara, and son, Charles; Mr. and Mrs. Tower, Mr. and Mrs. Lardiner, West Duluth; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tower, Proctor-knott; Mr. and Mrs. Marom, and Mrs. Charles Towner, St. Paul. Mr. Belanger is one of the firemen at Engine House No. 8.

The finest line of gentlemen's dress gloves, silk lined, at Hendricks'.

There is every promise of pleasant weather for the Memorial day exercises, to take place this evening, and a large attendance is expected.

Our $1.25 shirts, fancy fronts, for Saturday, $1.00 Hendricks.

The cantata of "Jephah and His Daughter" is to be given the latter part of June. Further announcement will soon be given.

Our $1.50 shirts, silk fronts, for Saturday, $1.25. Hendricks.

The meeting of the Ladies' Aid of Asbury M. E. church, which it was intended to hold at the home of Mrs. Noxon on June 14, has been postponed until further notice.

See Hendricks' $2 dress shoe, vesting top, patent tip and lace piece.

A. J. Pilltrault has returned after a fishing trip up the river.

See the newest thing in ladies' trimmed hats at Hendricks'.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ira Braleigh, of Fifty-seventh and Main, on Tuesday, and a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Silas Hunt, of Fifty-sixth avenue, on Wednesday.

See the new line of dress goods at Hendricks'.

Frank McGillan has returned from the East. He did not get as far as Ireland, although his intentions were good when he started. He says now he will make the trip to the old sod next year.

See our line of boys' and men's fancy shirts, with two collars, worth 75c, Saturday, 50c, at Hendricks'.

Thomas Cooper was arrested last night about 9 o'clock by Officer Johnson, on complaint of Cooper's wife, who said he was beating her. Cooper was brought to police headquarters and his wife was to appear this morning to make complaint. Up to 2 p. m. she had not arrived, and it is doubtful now if she will do so.

Dormedy & Keefe
GROCERS.
218 Fifty-fifth Avenue West.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR
FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
JUNE 9 and 10.

17 lbs Granulated Sugar for	$1.00
98 lbs Athlete Flour for	$2.00
10 bars Good Laundry Soap for	25c
Fancy Potatoes—per bus	45c
Fancy Print Creamery Butter	19c
Fine New Orleans Molasses—per gallon	30c
Bbl Pork, per lb	5c
Nice Muscatal Raisins—per lb	6c
Fancy Bottled Pickles—for	10c
1-gal Jug Catsup	50c

HIAWATHA CANNED GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

Salmon Cutlets—per can	20c
Good Salmon	10c
3 cans Domestic Sardines for	10c

We have a supply of green Vegetables at Lowest Prices.

All goods delivered anywhere in city.

NEW RAILROAD.

One Will Be Built From Menominee, Mich., to St. Paul.

Menominee, Mich., June 9.—The Menominee & St. Paul Railway company was organized with a capital stock of $2,000,000. It will build a road from this city to St. Paul, a distance of 300 miles. The incorporators are: Samuel M. Stephenson and others, of this city; Wellington R. Burk, of Saginaw, president of the Ann Arbor road, and Henry W. Ashley, of Toledo. The officers are: President, S. M. Stephenson; secretary and treasurer, Joseph Fleshein; general manager, H. W. Ashley; general counsel, N. L. Smith, of Toledo.

The Philadelphia and Ann Arbor railroads are both indirectly interested.

Elevators and flour mills will be established in this city.

THE MEDICS.

Final Session Occupied With Finishing Up Business.

Columbus, Ohio, June 9.—The final session of the American Medical association today was occupied with finishing up matters of business which had been brought in previous sessions or in committees. A resolution was adopted to ask the United States government to pay the expenses of the delegates to the International Medical congress at Brussels.

The executive committee was announced as follows: Chairman, Dr. W. J. Herdman, vice chairman, Dr. W. J. Mayo, Rochester, Minn.

President Mathews appointed delegates to the British Medical association at Portsmouth, Eng., and International congress at Brussels.

WE invite your careful inspection of our new and elegant line of goods just purchased at a price and now on sale at very low prices. This includes a fine assortment of silks, satins, worsteds and cotton novelties, in all the latest styles. A complete line of Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Hosiery, Kid Gloves and Silk Mitts. We also offer the prettiest line of Ladies' Shirt Waists we have ever shown in this department.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co.,
West Duluth.

Millinery.

Our new line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's trimmed Hats, are new and tasty and our prices sell them.

Corsets.

New line of Corsets and leather belts, goods that are right in quality and prices.

Parasols.

Ladies' and Children's Parasols in great variety at lowest prices, visit our Dry Goods department and see the many new novelties in warm-weather goods.

Men's Furnishings and Shoes.

Our elegant new line of Dress Skirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Socks, Dress Gloves, Hats, Umbrellas, Handkerchiefs, Cuffs and Collar buttons, in fact everything in this line is now complete and prices strictly the lowest.

Shoes.

We have just opened a new lot of Men's fine Dress Shoes, the finest in the land at—

$3.50

We still continue to sell a $2.50 Shoe for..... **$2.00**

Ladies' and Children's fine Dress Shoes in great variety now on sale at lowest prices; don't fail to visit our Men's Furnishing and Shoe department.

Hendricks Dry Goods Co., West Duluth, Minn.

Open Every Saturday Night Until 11. DULUTH'S WIDE AWAKE CLOTHING STORE. Open Every Saturday Night Until 11.

Exquisite Neckwear.

In every conceivable harmonious combination of colors and design, also large variety of negligee fancy colored shirts.

The Great Eastern Duluth

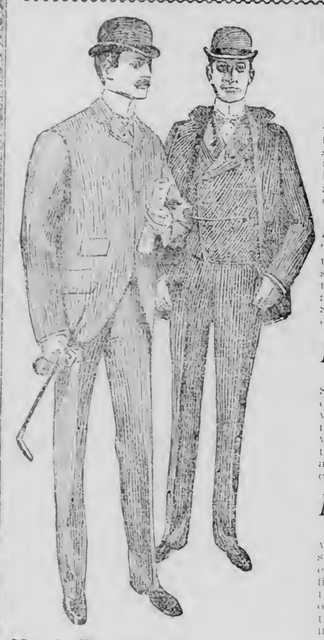
M. S. BURROWS.

Change your Underwear

And Hosiery. We are now showing a Full and Complete Line in Balbriggan, Merino and Summer Wools.

A SUIT SALE EXTRAORDINARY!

An Unparalleled Offer! We have special reasons for wishing to make tomorrow the biggest day in the history of The Great Eastern. In order to accomplish this with absolute surety we will do what we have never before done at this season of the year. We will sell our entire line of Men's Suits tomorrow, at the beginning of the season, as cheap as you could expect to buy them in the month of August. When we make up our mind to sell quickly, we do not haggle about price. We simply cut—AND WE CUT DEEP.



IN MEN'S SPRING SUITS....

We are prepared to offer some very remarkable bargains—Suits as fine as Suits can be—at prices that, quality considered, are really remarkable.

At $7.50— We offer you a choice of hundreds of Men's Fine Spring Suits —in the most suitable Spring designs and colorings, of such trustworthy materials as strictly woolen Cassimeres, Tweeds, cut, storm or unsheared, fast indigo blue serges, all built in that dependable way that has made the clothing of The Great Eastern so popular. No matter what your taste may be, or how hard you are to fit, you can surely make a selection from this big assortment that will please you, and if you find just the suit you want you can have it for the small sum of..... **$7.50**

At $10.00— You can look Minnesota over and you will not find such a collection of spring suitings as is shown in this assortment. The materials embrace all that is serviceable, stylish and desirable in the popular stripe, club check and overplaid effects. There are also the fine cut serge suitings in narrow and wide wale effects of the standard Wauskuck Mills make. These Suits have either single or double breasted vests, are well made and tailored throughout, and are equal in every respect to the $15 to $16.50 Suits sold elsewhere. Tomorrow, Saturday, you can have your choice of the entire assortment for only..... **$10**

Men's Finest Suits=

There are handsome Suits, and then again there are HANDSOMER Suits. These belong to the latter class, and a more choice line of high art clothing is not shown anywhere. The materials are of the finest imported worsteds, in the very latest designs, styles usually confined to the exclusive merchant tailor trade, and come in the new single and double stripe effects, as well as in the more quiet designs. The linings are of the costliest kinds, and the tailoring is the work of the best merchant tailoring workmen. For $15 and $40 your tailor could not serve or please you better, yet our price for a choice of this fine line tomorrow is out..... **$15**

Men's High-Grade Dress Coats and Vests=

Every gentleman has, or should have, a suit of fine clothes for evening wear, dress occasions and the like. Here's a good opportunity to get such a suit. We offer tomorrow fine coats and vests from our own workshop, made of either the English Hudderfield fine Clay Diagonals, unsheared worsteds, or the finest of French velvety Vienna cloths, in black and gray Oxford mixtures, in the swell Fifth avenue three and four-button cutaway style, with either single or double-breasted vests, lined and tailored in a first-class manner. We have these coats and vests in sizes to fit men of all proportions and tomorrow, Saturday—offer a choice of them for only..... **$9.50**

Men's Trousers=

A choice lot of Men's general purpose Trousers, stylish enough for dress, yet suitable for business wear, made of a fine grade of Cassimeres, Scotch Tweeds and nobby worsted Trouserings, in Plaids, Checks and neat stripe effects; make, fit and tailoring first class; regular value fully $2.00; tomorrow's special price only..... **$2.50**

Men's Fine Worsted Dress Trousers=

These Trousers comprise choice patterns, in all sorts of pretty stripe effects, in both single and double weaves, and are through and through worsted goods, possessing as much style and service-giving qualities as the best $7.00 or $8.00 made-to-order Trousers; we have them in sizes to fit men of every size and proportion, and offer your choice for Saturday at only..... **$3.50**

Men's Bike Suits=

Made of strictly all-woolen materials, in pretty club check and plaid effects, stylishly made and appointed with all the "now-fangled" extras; every pair worth fully $6.00; Saturday's price—per pair, only..... **$3.50**

Men's Fine Bike and Golf Trousers=

Stylish and becoming patterns in overplaids and club checks, high-grade materials in Scotch Tweeds and smooth surface Cassimeres, made with cuff bottom of box or self cloth, as well as the new "Link" extension bottom; the $4.00 and $5.00 grades of the exclusive outfitter; here for Saturday, at—per pair only..... **$2.00**

Two Lines of Top Coats at Less Than Manufacturers' Prices.

The greatest values we have ever offered. The final clearing out of all Light Colored Spring Overcoats and Top Coats.

The choice of all Coats, worth from $15 to $20, for..... **$10**

All Coats worth from $10 to $14 for **$7.00**

Which includes all our Young Men's Stylish Garments.

Clothing for Boys, Large and Small

Boys' Knee-Pant Suits

$2.00 Knee-Pant Suits, good colors, very well made; sizes 6 to 15 years..... **$1.45**

$3.00 all wool and fast color navy blue Worsted Cheviot Suits for..... **$1.95**

$3.00 Vestee and Sailor Suits, all wool, very good variety of colors..... **$1.95**

75c Laundered White Waists, for..... **50c**

Strong Tweed Knee Pants for..... 25c

Boys' Long-Pant Suits

$5.00 Long-Pant Suits of a very good Cassimere; sizes 13 to 19 years for..... **$4.00**

$7.00 Cassimere and Cheviot Suits, light and medium colors; also blue and black, for..... **$5.00**

$10.00 Worsted Serge Suits, single or double breasted coats, silk faced, for..... **$7.00**

75c Laundered Percale Waists for..... 50c

75c Embroidered White Blouses for..... 50c

"Mother's Friend" Waists, new patterns..... 50c

Free to the Boys= ***A HANDSOME LITTLE POLICE PATROL*** will be given away free Tuesday morning, July 4, to some lucky customer. A ticket entitling you to win the prize given away with every purchase. Also Balls, Bats, Catcher's Mitts and Masks.

Hats and Headgear For MEN, BOYS and CHILDREN.

Our Men's $1.00 Straw Hats.....

These are price wonders and the best values we've ever shown for the price. Yacht and soft brims, Mackinaw, Sennet and Milan braids, plain and fancy colors. Equal to the $2.00 Straws of any other store.

The finer grades of Men's Straws, in the swellest styles imaginable, are priced as follows: $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50.

Boys' and Children's Straws "galore" in Sailor, Yacht and soft brims—in an endless variety of colors and designs, ranging in price from 25c to $2.00.

The "Burrows" Men's $3.50 Soft and Stiff Hats are the world's best for the price. All colors from black to pearl—equal to anybody's $5.00 quality.

Everything in headgear for Man and Boy.

Ladies' Knox Sailor Hats are sold in Duluth exclusively by us.

HE SEIZES A BRIDGE

Sheriff Sargent Levies on Duluth Half of Duluth-Superior Bridge.

TAXES ARE NOT PAID

Sale of Bridge Will Be Advertised Unless They Are Adjusted.

Anyone desiring to acquire half of a large, up-to-date and handsome bridge will do well to communicate with Sheriff Sargent, for he may have such an article for sale within a few days. This afternoon he levied upon the Duluth half of the Duluth-Superior bridge on a warrant for personal property taxes, and unless the taxes are paid he will probably advertise a sale within a few days.

The Duluth-Superior Bridge company has not paid its personal property taxes for 1898 yet, and this is why the sheriff is after its stock in trade. The taxes and costs are $4056.93, and there may be some sheriff's fees in addition to that. This amount has been due since Jan. 1, but the company has made no move to pay it. At the last meeting of the board of county commissioners G. G. Hartley, receiver for the company, asked that the taxes be reduced. He said that if the county would reduce the taxes to about what the Northern Pacific company pays on its railroad bridge he would pay the taxes, and would undertake to see that the taxes go to the county hereafter. Otherwise, he said, the bridge is likely to fall into the hands of a railroad company almost at any time, and in that case the taxes would go to the state and the county would only get its proportionate share.

The sheriff seized the bridge this afternoon, or at least that part of it contained with St. Louis county. If his deputy could have brought the bridge away he could not have separated the Duluth part from the Superior part, of course, so after serving the warrant, a copy of it was filed with the city clerk. This is a notice to the public that the property has been seized. Later a sale of the bridge will be advertised.

MR. McGEE WILTED.

Was Not So Independent When Detective Donovan Appeared.

James, alias "Red," Hickey was arraigned before Judge Gearhart this morning charged with stealing a hat from a man named John Craig in the barroom of the Rising Sun hotel, No. 320 lake avenue south, last evening. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for this afternoon.

Hickey, according to Craig's story, took off the latter's hat, which was a good one, and put his own, an old, weather-beaten article, on Craig's head. Craig objected to the trade, and Hickey told him to "come on" if he wanted his hat back.

Hickey is an old petty thief.

Robert McGee, a colored piano player in Belle Stanley's place, was arraigned this morning on the charge of assaulting Annie Day, a colored inmate of Pauline Blair's place. The Day woman introduced a badly battered visage in evidence. McGee was fined $25 and costs. He paid.

Detective Donovan went after McGee and found him swaggering around in St. Croix alley, vociferating that he owned the earth and would hash up anybody who disputed his title. He did not see Donovan approaching under the shadow of a building, and when the detective touched him on the shoulder he jumped about four feet.

"Excuse, me, sah; did you speak to me, sah?" said the monarch of the earth, taking off his hat.

"What have you been doing to that Day woman?" said Donovan.

"Oh, Miss Day—well, yes, she and I done had a ill' 'spute," said McGee, making an effort to swallow his Adam's apple.

"Well, you come with me," said the detective.

McGee wanted to arrange it to go and get his coat and meet the detective later, but the latter was obstinate, and even the plea of important business that McGee suddenly remembered had to be attended to right away would not move him, and the monarch of the earth had to undergo the indignity of being put behind the bars.

To Commence Tomorrow.

Excavation for the conduits for the Zenith City Telephone company's cables will begin tomorrow morning in First alley, back of the Lyceum building. About one mile of condit will be put in.

Several carloads of poles are on the way and are expected in a short time. The work of erecting them will be begun at once on their arrival. The tools for the construction work are nearly all here.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Park Point Dock.

The new ferry dock at Marvin street on Park Point, will be finished in a couple of days, it is expected.

The people of Park Point are watching the progress of the dock with interest, for it means a good deal to them just now. The excavation for the new pier on the south side of the canal is rapidly being extended across the point, there is but a narrow way left for access to the pier and this will be cut off in a few days.

Mothers lose their dread for "that terrible second summer" when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for bowel complaints of every sort.

Grand Athletic Exhibition.

Armory June 12, given by the active Turners, and over 250 girls, boys and ladies and gentlemen. Admission 25 cents.

Dry Goods. SUFFEL & Co. 129 W. Superior St. Dry Goods.

Bargains for Saturday

.....That You Cannot Afford to Miss....

Corsets.

50c Corsets tomorrow..... 33c
75c Corsets tomorrow..... 49c
$1.00 Corsets tomorrow..... 69c
$1.50 C. B. Corsets tomorrow..... 98c

$1.50.

Just received, another lot of the celebrated unbreakable "Watch Spring" lightest and best fitting corset made, and positively unbreakable, see them; price..... $1.50

Stockings.

Ladies' 25c Fast Black Stockings, tomorrow..... 15c
Ladies' 40c Fast Black Stockings, tomorrow..... 25c
Ladies' 50c Fast Black Stockings, tomorrow..... 35c
Ladies' 50c Fancy Stockings, tomorrow..... 35c
Ladies' $1.50 Silk Stockings reduced to..... 75c
Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hose..... 10c

Special.

40 dozen Ladies' Extra Fine quality ribbed top, Jersey elastic, fast black Stockings, with high-spliced heel and double sole, regular value 40c; price for tomorrow —per pair..... 25c

Silk Waists.

$4.00 Black Silk Waists..... $2.50
$5.00 Silk Waists tomorrow..... $3.69
$7.50 and $8.00 Silk Waists tomorrow..... $4.69

Boys' Stockings.

Boys' heavy "fast black" seamless cotton Hose, 15c quality, a pair..... 10c
Boys' heavy "Hercules" brand of School Stockings, 25c quality, at, a pair..... 15c
Boys' extra heavy Iron-clad Bicycle Stockings, a pair..... 25c

Children's Stockings.

Girls' seamless Stockings, the 15c quality, at, a pair..... 10c
Girls' and Children's prime black 2-thread triple knee Stockings, the 25c value; they last they go at, a pair..... 18c

Shirt Waists.

Our Great Shirt Waist Sale continued. We are selling Shirt Waists at the "Lowest Prices" ever known in Duluth. Read them.

1 lot of 50c Shirt Waists tomorrow..... 29c
1 lot of 75c Shirt Waists tomorrow..... 49c
$1.00 and $1.75 Shirt Waists tomorrow..... 75c
$1.50 Shirt Waists tomorrow..... 98c

Separate Dress Skirts.

All $3.00 Dress Skirts tomorrow..... $2.25
All $4.00 Dress Skirts tomorrow..... $2.75
All $5.00 Dress Skirts tomorrow..... $3.49
All $7.50 Dress Skirts tomorrow..... $5.00

Ribbons, 15c a yard.

3000 yards Fancy Sash and Neck Ribbons, 25c and 29c value; tomorrow..... 15c

German and Japanese China and Glassware Given Away **FREE!** Ask for coupons with your purchases; they cost you nothing.

Children's Stockings.

Girls' 25c and 29c fast black Stockings reduced to, a pair..... 18c

Men's Socks.

Men's best 25c fast black cotton Sox, 18c, or 2 pairs for..... 35c
Men's fine fast black 20c Hose, 2 pairs for..... 25c
Men's 50c stainless fast black Sox, high spliced heel, and spliced sole; 33c a pair, or 2 pairs for..... 65c
Men's gray seamless 18c cotton seamless socks, a pair..... 11c

SUFFEL & Co

Preparing the Tampa.

The steamer Tampa, which went ashore at Baptism bay last fall, was taken outside to the foot of Second avenue east this morning to have her bottom patched up by a diver for the trip to Bay City, Mich., where she will be repaired. She was taken outside so that the diver would have clear water to work in. In warping her into place a small cable parted with a report like a gun, and one of the ends, in recoiling, narrowly missed the head of a boy who was standing on the dock.

The Tampa will be towed to Bay City by a tug. It is not known how long it will take to prepare her for the journey.

For Breaking Windows.

Five small boys, Adolph Lindstrom, Michael Mahelski, Cecil Pease, Emil Anderson and Walter Graham were arrested yesterday afternoon and arraigned before Judge Gearhart on the charge of breaking the windows of a house at Twenty-fourth avenue west, on the St. Paul & Duluth road's right-of-way, and belonging to the road. Lindstrom, Anderson and Graham pleaded guilty, and the first two were fined $1 and costs each, which was paid, and Graham was let off with sentence suspended.

Pease pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for June 13, at 10 a. m., he being released on his own recognizance. Mahleski was discharged.

Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

Turkey Dinner 15 Cents,

Tomorrow at Sam Atkinson's Northern hotel, 208 West Superior street. A feast fit for a king at a popular price, 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m.

MORE TALKS ON BOTTLED BEER.

HOW ABOUT SUNDAY?

Tomorrow you must not forget to place your order for a case of our famous "Moose Brand" of Bottled Beers, then you will have some for Sunday. High in quality, low in price, bright in sparkle, you'll say it's nice.

ROHL BROS., City Agts.
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
3 West Superior Street. 'Phone 484.

Turkey Dinner 15 Cents,

Tomorrow at Sam Atkinson's Northern hotel, 208 West Superior street. A feast fit for a king at a popular price, 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m.

FIRE HYDRANTS WILL FREEZE,

But not when the Carroll Patent Non-Freezing appliance is attached. Can be placed on any hydrant and it is then always and forever ready for use in any temperature. Adopted by the Detroit Fire Department with absolute results. State rights for sale. Correspondence promptly answered; full particulars free. Carroll Patent Drainage company, 372 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

FITGER & CO.'S

Reliable Brands of Pale Bohemian and Bavarian

BEER.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1946 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured 15 to 35 days; 100-page book free.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS

The only reliable female regulator Never Fails. Price, $2.00 by mail. Take no substitute. Write for *Woman's Safeguard* FREE. Wilcox Med. Co., 225 S. 9th St., Phila. Pa.

STEAM HEAT. ELECTRIC LIGHTS MODERN CONVENIENCES.

When in Calumet, Stop at **THE ESTHER HOTEL,**

C. L. THOMAS, Prop.
Sample Rooms in Connection.
The Finest Hotel in the City. Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts. CALUMET, MICH.

The Best Costs no More than the Inferior Kinds. DRINK

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth at THE IDEAL BEER HALL

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION TWO--PAGES--7 to 12

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1899.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ON DEMOCRACY'S ISSUES

Questions of Imperialism and Militarism and of Restricting Organized Capital From Its Encroachment on the Public.

EX-SENATOR GORMAN'S VIEWS

New York, June 9.—A Washington dispatch to the World says: "Silver today attracts less attention than imperialism. In every campaign there is one issue which towers in importance above all others. Party platforms invariably touch upon many subjects, but history has shown that some one plank always rises supreme."

So spoke Arthur Pue Gorman, of Maryland, president-maker, party leader and ex-senator, to a World correspondent who spent more than an hour with him in his beautiful home, in the shade of historic McPherson square, this city. Acording to Senator Roach of North Dakota "half of the brains of the senate disappeared" when Gorman left that body. To the question, "How about the issue of 16 to 1 in the next campaign?" the Maryland man had given the above reply. He continued:

"In the campaign of 1884, when I was chairman of the Democratic national committee, we talked about many questions in the platform, but the principal battle cry was 'Turn the rascals out!' and 'Open the books of the treasury.' On this issue we won a brilliant victory. In 1888 the tariff was the issue. Taking a place of importance above everything else. In 1892 the Force bill, reduction of the tariff and civil service reform were the issues.

"Four years later the money question—silver or gold—attracted the greatest attention. If a public speaker desired the ear of his audience he felt constrained to talk on this question. If he discoursed on the Nicaragua canal, free Cuba or anything apart from the money question, his audience was listless, inattentive and hoped."

MILITARISM AND TRUSTS.

"And the prominent issues in the next contest will be?"

"The questions of militarism and of restricting organized capital from its encroachments on the public," quickly replied the senator. "My deliberate judgment is that the battle against that class of trusts which obtain by legislation undue power to restrain trade will be the overpowering issue.

"The Democracy has always opposed trusts, but heretofore this issue has been of secondary importance. During the last few years, however, trusts and combinations of capital, organized to restrict trade and crush the small dealer, have become so bold and daring, seriously menacing our form of government, that it is highly important that some decisive action should be taken to restrain them. It will be a difficult matter to form a bill to throttle trusts and bring them within the meaning of the law.

"Corporations organized to transact a fair and legitimate business, with no aim or intention of destroying the small dealer, must be protected. But the great, powerful, law-breaking monopolies who flaunt their power and their illegitimate transactions in the faces of the public, must be grappled with. The business interests of the country must be protected.

"Many trusts are formed to corner some article of merchandise or manufacture which is necessary to the happiness and comfort of consumers. These monopolies fix their own prices, squeezing millions of dollars annually out of a credulous public. Through their massed capital trusts often are able to dictate and control legislation.

"State legislation designed to cope with organized monopoly cannot alone be effective. The national legislature must deal with this great question. If the Democracy is again ushered into power I have no doubt this some sweeping legislation will be enacted to confine them to a proper and legitimate sphere of business."

AN UNITED DEMOCRACY.

"Do you think the Democratic party will be united in the coming contest?"

"Yes, I really do. In bygone years there have been differences of opinion between men of the same political faith and at times there has been such bitter feeling between partisans that men who did not believe in the platforms enunciated have left the party, but, like the prodigal son, they invariably have returned.

"To my mind there is no reason why the Democratic party should be split. We cannot hope to win so long as we are unable to present a solid front. But in the next campaign I look for a reunited party, men to bury their differences and get together on some common ground and go out hand in hand to do battle with the enemy."

The World correspondent called Mr. Gorman's attention to the cablegrams from Manilla suggesting the dispatch of more troops to put down the rebellion.

"It is not surprising to me," the senator said, "that Otis calls for more help. When the administration ratified its peace treaty and brought upon us obligations and conditions most extraordinary and alarming, it bargained for an endless rebellion in the Philippine islands.

"We are confronted today with a condition of affairs too broad in scope and too deep in meaning for the ordinary human mind to comprehend. Never before in the history of the American republic have questions of such magnitude presented themselves.

"We have taken into our possession and under our wing a class of people, half-civilized, barbaric, treacherous Tagals, foreign in nature, custom and habit to the worst specimen of the American, and are endeavoring to force upon them a form of government which they do not want and which they could not enjoy even though it were fastened upon them. In short, the administration has undertaken to inject liberty into the naked Filipinos through the medium of rapid-fire guns and high explosives.

FILIPINOS FAR FROM WHIPPED.

"We have been led to believe from Gen. Otis' dispatches that the Filipinos are whipped into subjection; that they are now ready to lay down their arms, come in under the starry banner, accept our form of civilization and enjoy the rights of a free people. Yet there came to the war department a cablegram asking for more troops. Why this dispatch if the Filipinos are whipped?

"Does Otis, after allaying strife and bringing the Filipinos into submission, need more men to hold the Tagals in a subdued state? These are questions of interest to every American.

"My opinion is that the Filipinos are as far from being whipped today as they were when the insurrection began. The warfare to which they are used is in no sense civilized. On the contrary, it is a guerrilla fight, and as such may be continued indefinitely. Wild roving bands of naked savages, who make their abode in the interior hills of the island, would forever menace American authority, even if such were to be firmly established.

"Having gone into this troublesome dispute, however, there is but one thing to do—continue the fighting. All the men and all the money necessary to bring the war to a close should be the motto of every true-spirited American. It is too late now to withdraw. It would be a confession of our ability to cope with these barbarians and to whip them into subjection—it would be ignominious—for the American forces to back out of the Philippines at this time.

"My advice to the administration is to give Otis all the men he may need and to instruct him to force fighting until some sort of a solution of the problem is evolved.

"As I have said repeatedly in my public utterances, all this trouble would have been averted if the peace treaty had been amended. We could have sent our peace commissioners back to meet the Spanish envoys, with instructions to release the whole of the Philippine islands, save Manilla and sufficient territory contiguous thereto, for a naval and coaling station.

"If this had been done we would not today see this bogus white elephant. There would be no war in the Philippines. There would have been little loss of human blood and but small expenditure of public money.

MCKINLEY'S CHANGE OF MIND.

"If President McKinley had been of the same mind after returning from his Omaha trip as he was when he left Washington, Otis would not be calling for more troops, there would have been no endless rebellion in sight, and the United States would have been content with the possession of a naval and coaling base.

"If the peace envoys had been free to carry out their original instructions, to demand the cession of Manilla and sufficient contiguous territory for a naval and coaling base—if they had been left free to conduct the negotiations without being shackled by further instructions, the peace treaty would not have provided for the acquisition of the entire archipelago, and Otis might be enjoying the summer breezes from the Atlantic or the tempered blasts from the Adirondacks, instead of being chained to the tropics, shooting liberty into the Filipinos.

"Three members of the peace commission—Day, Davis and Gray—were averse to carrying out the president's instructions regarding the acquisition of the entire group of islands. About this there can be no doubt. Witness the correspondence between the commissioners and the president, which has been printed in the shape of a public document.

"A policy of imperialism must inevitably be followed by militarism. Therefore, the acquisition of outlying territory, together with several millions of people, entails upon the government manifold dangers and responsibilities. Imperialism and militarism go hand in hand. Is it small wonder, therefore, that the administration endeavored at the last session of congress to force upon the country a bill creating a standing army in time of peace of 100,000 men?

"This bill, as is generally known, came within a hair's breadth of being enacted into law, and if it had not been for the determined opposition of a few Democratic senators it would be upon the statute books today. The Democratic party has always been against anything which smacked of militarism. In and out of the halls of congress I have opposed large standing armies, and shall continue to do so as long as I remain in public life.

"An army of undue proportions is always a menace to our free institutions, and whenever this government breaks away from its traditional policy of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, then we may begin to look for the downfall of the American republic."

CAUSE OF PRESENT PROSPERITY.

"Do you think the administration's imperialistic policy will be a dominant issue in the coming campaign?"

"Yes, I believe so—that is to say, to a greater or lesser extent. At this moment no one can foretell with accuracy the prime issue in the next campaign. The Democratic party will undoubtedly oppose, as it has always opposed, militarism. Imperialism and militarism are twin issues, and the one cannot be brought under the glare of publicity without being linked with the other.

"Just now it is not possible to get the public ear on any question outside of our own immediate borders. The reason for this? Simple enough. Today our people are enjoying to a marked extent prosperity which they have not known for many years. Not since the Baring failure has there been as much prosperity in the land as during the last year.

"The war with Spain, which created a demand for labor in every branch of trade, set the mills runnning on full time, created a market for American supplies, and gave employment to millions of laborers who had been in idleness for three or four years; the remarkable rise in the price of wheat and other farm products; the millions of dollars spent by the government in preparation for war; the purchase of every conceivable line of supplies, guns, ammunition, cannon, food, clothing, transports, war vessels—all these things combined to create a condition of prosperity.

"When the merchant, the farmer and the day laborer can sell their products; when there is a demand for their commodities; when the supply falls short of the demand, then we find a wave of prosperity sweeping over the land.

"When men are busy at their daily labors they do not stop to give serious thought to the great public questions of the day. So long as they are measurably happy and content they do not penetrate far into the future. They are glad to let well enough alone, and because they are temporarily prosperous and happy, are willing to pass over lightly the political questions of the hour.

"So it is, I say, the public ear is not tuned to the momentous questions growing out of the Spanish war. A public speaker who has for his topic bitter denunciation of the administration's policy in the far East is given but scant attention. The people have no time to listen to the arguments pro and con on imperialism, but are quite satisfied to pursue the even tenor of their way, permitting the tide of events to sweep along, hoping that the present condition of affairs will continue forever and amen.

RETRIBUTION IS COMING.

"But there is a time for everything. When this fickle and uncertain prosperity has passed away; when business conditions again settle down to their normal state—as they most certainly will do very soon—when the prosperity bubble has been pricked, then the American people will begin to look about and give serious thought to the grave questions of today.

"Imperialism and militarism are issues of such magnitude that it is difficult for the average mind to comprehend them thoroughly. It may be several months—it may be several years—before the American people awaken to a realization of the burdens which have been loaded upon them. But the time will come, as certain as fate, when the men who are now being idolized as the creators of prosperity will be caught in the full sweep of an angry public's wrath."

OILY METHODS.

Rather Startling Statements By Former Employe of the Standard.

Washington, June 9.—The industrial commission resumed its investigation of trusts yesterday, the Standard Oil company receiving special attention. W. H. Clark, of Ohio, who until last February was employed by the Standard Oil company in various towns in that state, buth was then suspended, testified that while employed at Marietta the Standard had ousted other companies from the business by competition, and then put up the price of oil. He said that eight nominal grades of oil were sold out of only two tanks, the faucet being turned in different directions for different grades. This was done, he said, under instructions from the managers of the Standard company. Messrs. Matthews and Hollingsworth. Mr. Clark also said that the company bought and sold turpentine, but before selling it would put six or seven gallons of gasoline in each barrel of turpentine.

At Columbus Mr. Clark was the cashier of the Standard company. At that point, he said, much oil was adulterated. For instance, miners' oil was made by mixing in a little cottonseed oil. Here the Standard company started what was called the Shoemaker Oil company. It was purely a standard establishment, he testified, and its men were paid by the Standard company, but it was made to appear to be an independent concern, and was used as a blind.

At Springfield, Mr. Clark said, he was a wagon salesman, and the instructions there were to get trade regardless of the price. Some refined oil was sold as low as 4 cents, and here, also, as many as four nominal grades of oil were taken from one tank. Rebates were made when necessary. When he had spoken to the management of the dishonesty of these practices he had been told that it was not for him to say about such matters, but to do what he was told.

At Urbana, he said, he was manager for the Standard company. Here a competitor was driven out by a threat to force the price down to 1 cent a gallon. The competitor afterward went to the poorhouse. Witness for a time was manager at Newark. Here the work was very hard because of the great range of prices. There were twenty-five different figures used there. One man would get oil for 7 cents, while his next door neighbor would pay 9½ cents. Rebates, also, were given to especially favored patrons. These were made under the instructions of H. A. Matthews, as were all changes in prices or terms.

The witness testified that at Newark the company bought a building from over the head of a leaser that was doing a competitive business, and Mr. Clark, with other men, went into the building in the absence of the competitor, loaded its contents on carts and carried it away. For this he (Mr. Clark) was complimented, and was to have been rewarded with a two weeks' vacation, while the competitor was so frightened that he went out of the business. This was not accomplished, however, until all his customers had been located by a boy hired to follow his wagon on a bicycle. At Newark a customer wanted oil from Cleveland. He was satisfied by supplying him out of a barrel painted red and marked as if from Cleveland. He received the same oil, however, that other people got.

The witness said that laborers for the Standard company were generally paid 75 cents a day, and that they worked, on an average, twelve hours.

There was, he said, often a difference of 2 cents a gallon in the price of oil in places where there was competition and places where there was none.

ST. CLOUD REFORMATORY.

Superintendent's Demand For Investigation Is Denied.

St. Paul, June 9.—The board of managers of the St. Cloud reformatory was in session at the Merchants hotel yesterday and concluded the routine business of the month, allowing the various claims and paroling ten and discharging fifteen of the inmates.

A communication was received from Superintendent Houlton relating to certain insinuations and suspicions, which have found place in some of the newspapers, regarding the management of the reformatory and requesting an investigation of his management at as early a date as practicable with a view to ascertaining whether such management has not been fairly successful, and whether any act of his has been other than for the institution's best interests.

On motion of Manager Griswold, seconded by Manager Merriman, it was agreed that such investigation was not necessary, the board being unanimously satisfied that the management had been successful and for the interests of the state, and the inmates of the reformatory.

THE FEUD REVIVED.

Middlesboro, Ky., June 9.—Abe Lee, of the Lee-Taylor feud which raged in Harlan county ten years ago, was killed Wednesday night from ambush. It is thought the Taylors did the deed and the Lee faction is arming. The old feud is reviving.

TO STOP ITS SALE

Citizens of Chicago to Make a Campaign Against Impure Milk.

CONFERENCE CALLED

City Council Will Be Asked to Provide Sixty Cow Inspectors.

Chicago, June 9.—Public war on tuberculosis was formally declared last night when the Chicago Veterinary society at a meeting decided to take the initiative in the crusade against the scourge. To that end the society called a joint conference of the veterinarians and physicians of Chicago to meet on Wednesday, June 21, at a place to be decided upon after it is determined whether the public shall be admitted.

Mayor Harrison, Governor Tanner and the aldermen will be invited. The purpose of the meeting will be to form specific plans for the prevention of the sale of milk in the Chicago market that is not known to have come from non-tuberculous cows.

A committee was appointed to confer with the Chicago Medical society and other institutions in reference to the details of the conference. The papers to be read at the conference are to be confined to the subject of regulating the sale of milk, with a view to exterminating thes ource of tuberculosis milk. The veterinarians will advocate legislation for the inspection of the cows that supply the Chicago market. The plan that stood most in favor at the meeting was that suggested by Dr. E. L. Quitman. He said:

"It is necessary that we induce the city council to take action for the appointment of at least sixty cow inspectors. The inspectors shall then give licenses to such owners whose cows are found to be non-tuberculous. The cows shall be tested every three months. The city shall appoint as many milk depots for the inspection of incoming shipments of milk as are deemed necessary. Every can of milk that is shipped into the city shall bear upon it the number of the shipper's license."

A CLOUDBURST.

Two Texas Towns Destroyed and Many People Lose Their Lives.

Austin, Tex., June 9.—The cloudburst of Wednesday, which swelled the rivers of this portion of the state out of their banks and caused a great loss of property was much worse than first reported. Many people are known to have perished, meager reports placing the number at twenty-five.

Reports come from Manardville and San Saba, small towns ninety miles north of here in the mountains, saying that both towns had been swept by the raging floods and were badly devastated.

In San Saba eight persons were drowned and the entire town is reported under water. The water at that point is one mile wide and running like a mill race.

At Manardville fourteen houses were swept away and yesterday morning several more gave in to the swirling torrent and started on their voyage down the stream. The river is reported as rising at both places, and grave fears are entertained that the entire country in that neighborhood will be laid waste.

San Saba is located in a valley and vast tracts of wheat fields are under water. These crops will prove a total loss. Many persons, according to reports received here today, had difficulty in getting to high land before the rise came.

The situation at Manardville is even more serious. It is a small town, located to the right, and in the bend of the river. It proved an easy prey to the raging torrents. Seventeen persons are known to have been drowned there, and there may be others. Of those drowned two were young white girls, Lydia and Emma Wells by name. The others were negroes, who were living in cabins close to the river front and were caught in the flood before they could make their way to safety, owing to the darkness of the night.

The town has been laid to waste by the floods and all the surrounding country is inundated.

This flood has not yet reached Austin, but is expected here some time during the night. A 5-foot rise is expected. The dam and power house at this point have been under a heavy strain since Wednesday, owing to the terrific force of the flood. The farming lands below the city are under water.

FIREWORKS EXPLODED.

New York, June 9.—Thirty-six buildings, comprising almost the entire plant of the Nordlinger-Charlton fireworks company, at Granville, Richmond borough, were blown up yesterday afternoon and the entire fireworks plant practically wiped out of existence. No lives were lost and but three persons were injured, two of them seriously.

An explosion occurred at the manufacturing plant of the Paines Fireworks company at Greenfield, L. I., and resulted in the destruction of two manufacturing sheds and a small magazine. The damage is placed at $25,000.

WISCONSIN MACCABEES.

Fon Du Lac, Wis., June 9.—The fourth biennial convention of the Knights and Lady Maccabees of the state was held here today with over 200 members present, representing 7800 members of the state. The net increase during the year was 2500. The following state officers were elected: Past commander, W. L. Burr, Oshkosh; lieut. commander, F. B. Nines, Neenah; record keeper, A. G. Christiansen; chaplain, A. C. Abramson, Racine; physician, Dr. H. Dale, Oshkosh; sergeant, R. Thielman, Tomahawk; M. A. G. P. W. Faweett; first M. G., J. Boulton, Milwaukee; second M. G., J. L. Ball, Stevens' Point; sentinel, G. B. Clawson, Madison; picket, William Brunker, Plaine.

FREIMUTH'S.

KEEP THE QUESTIONS

Of quality, low prices and style pre-eminently in your mind when you are doing your SATURDAY SHOPPING. The warm weather is here to stay and you must prepare to keep cool. Tomorrow we start out for a brilliant summer career with a succesion of items that are bound to interest every economical shopper at the head of the lakes.

MILLINERY.

100 Ladies' stylishly trimmed Hats, worth $5.00 and $7.00; sell Saturday

$2.75 and $3.98

Ladies' white and Black Leghorn Hats, just the thing for camping purposes, worth 50c each; Saturday at..... 25c

Children's Chiffon trimmed Hats, worth 75c and $1.00; sell Saturday at

50c and 75c

Ladies' White Milan Straw Sailor Hats, the $1.25 and 75c kind; sell Saturday at—

69c and 38c

KID GLOVES.

45 dozen Foster, 5-hook and Zetti 4-button Kid Gloves in Reds, Browns, Tans, Modes and Black, none worth less than $1.25 a pair; our Saturday price..... 89c

SILK MITTS.

25 dozen Ladies' Black Silk Mitts, worth 40c a pair; Saturday at..... 25c

HOSIERY.

Bargains that demand immediate attention.

Ladies' full fashioned very elastic Polka Dot Hose, in tan, navy and black, guaranteed stainless, equal to any 50c a pair hose sold anywhere; our Saturday price, a pair..... 38c

Ladies' extra fine Maco yarn 2-thread, absolutely fast black Hose, spliced heel and double sole, regular 50c kind; sell Saturday at, a pair..... 35c

Or 3 pairs for $1.00.

Ladies' fast black seamless Hose, 3-thread heel and toe, guaranteed stainless, no better hose sold anywhere at 15c a pair; our Saturday price..... 10c

Boys' heavy ribbed, double knee, knock-about school and Bicycle Hose are perfectly fast black and worth fully 25c a pair; our price Saturday..... 15c

Children's fine and medium ribbed School Hose, very elastic, double knee, perfectly fast black, 15c kind; Saturday, at, a pair..... 10c

Children's imported Scotch Plaid and striped Hose, guaranteed fast colors, are very elastic, real 65c a pair hose; sell Saturday at..... 32c

Men's Furnishings.

25 dozen Men's plain Balbriggan Underwear that are usually sold at 35c each; sell Saturday at..... 25c

20 dozen Men's French Balbriggan Underwear that ordinarily sell at 75c each; sell Saturday at..... 50c

Men's Percale Neglige Shirts in the new stripes, best colors, with two attached collars and pair link cuffs detached, actually worth $1.00 each; our Saturday price..... 75c

Men's fine imported Madras and Oxford Outing Shirts, with cuffs attached and detached, none better sold at $1.25; our price Saturday..... 98c

Just received a new line of Wilson Bros. make Men's fancy colored striped Percale Dress Shirts, two pairs of link cuffs, superb styles and best qualities at—each..... $1.50

SHELL HAIR PINS.

2000 flexible Shell Hair Pins, plain and crimped, regular size, always sold at 4c; tomorrow at three for..... 5c

SOAPS.

A great sale of fine Toilet Soaps for Saturday.

2000 cakes of Crab Apple, Fairy Queen and Turkish Bath Toilet Soap, worth fully 10c a cake; our Saturday price..... 4c

2500 cakes of Castile Toilet Soap, usually sold at 5c cake; sell Saturday at 4 for..... 5c

Regal Glycerine and Oatmeal Toilet Soap, usually scold at 10c a cake; for Saturday..... 7c

THE CLOAK ROOM. Another Great Suit Sale for Saturday.

Your choice of 25 Ladies' Tailor-made Suits, made of Venetians and Covert cloths, very best colors, 6-button box front Jacket, also a few tight-fitting, properly hanging skirts, all strictly up-to-date in style; suits that have been sold at $14.50, $16.50 and $18; sizes mostly 34 to 36; go Saturday at.... $10.50

Special Jacket Sale.

Ladies' Covert Cloth Jackets, colors tan, blue and black, silk lined, double and single-breasted, velvet collar; Jackets that have sold up to $15.00; sell Saturday at—

$8.50

Children's Jackets.

In newest and most desirable styles, made of good materials, all colors; nicely trimmed and finished—sizes 2 to 14; Jackets that have sold at $2.25, $3.50 and $6.00; sell at—

$1.25, $2.00, $3.50

Children's Dresses.

In a large variety of choice styles, made from good quality percale and Gingham, at exceptional low prices

35c, 59c, 75c UP TO $2.50

CRASH AND LINEN SKIRTS—

Ladies' good quality Crash Skirts, with 3 rows blue braid trimming, cut in the new style, worth fully $2.25; tomorrow at..... $1.69

Ladies' strictly all-linen Skirts, new flare style, with deep hem at bottom, good value at $3.50; tomorrow's price..... $2.69

WHITE PIQUE SKIRTS—

Ladies' tailor-made white Pique Skirts with deep hem at bottom, perfect hanging skirts, worth fully $3.75; tomorrow at..... $2.95

BLACK MOHAIR SKIRTS—

Ladies' Black Brilliantine Dress Skirts, with button fasteners at back, lined with good quality percaline, strictly tailor-made skirts that would be cheap at $3.00; sell tomorrow at..... $2.25

SHIRT WAISTS—

200 dozen new summer Shirt Waists with fancy insertion and tucked fronts, all newest style patterns; very special at—

$1.25, 98c, 75c and 65c.

Silk Waists.

Ladies' Silk Waists made of good quality Sateens and Taffetas, with 5 clusters of tucks in front, collar to match, well lined, none worth less than $6; sell tomorrow at..... $4.50

WRAPPERS—

One lot of percale, lawn and sateen Ladies' Wrappers, in light and medium colors, with ruffle, trimmed on shoulders, lined waists, very wide skirts, worth up to $2.25; our Thursday price..... $1.25

FINE STATIONERY.

Fine Colonial Society Stationery, plain and linen finish, worth 25c a box; Saturday, at, a box..... 15c

Extra fine Society Note Paper, containing 60 sheets of paper and 60 envelopes, either in plain or linen finish, worth fully 50c a box; Saturday price..... 32c

Nethersole Bracelets.

10 dozen Twisted and Plain Band sterling silver Nethersole Bracelets, worth fully $1.00; sell Saturday at..... 75c

POMPADOUR COMBS.

Extra fine shell Pompadour Combs with crimped teeth, would be cheap at 25c; sell Saturday at..... 18c

Side Combs.

Curved fine shell Side Combs, worth 25c; sell Saturday at..... 15c

PARASOLS.

In endless assortment, many very exclusive styles that cannot be found elsewhere in the city; all selling at very lowest prices.

SATURDAY WE'LL SELL

Children's pretty colored real strong Parasols, the 25c kind at..... 19c

Ladies' fine white Silk Parasols, with white enameled handles, worth $1.25 each; sell Saturday at..... 98c

Ladies' fine Changeable Silk Parasols, with beautiful natural wood handles, well worth $1.75 each; sell Saturday at..... $1.25

UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Jersey and Richelieu ribbed white and ecru sleeveless vests, crochet, laced and taped, would be cheap at 25c; Saturday at two for..... 15c

Ladies' extra quality Richelieu and Jersey Ribbed sleeveless Vests, in white and ecru, crochet, laced and colored silk taped; none better at 25c; our Saturday price..... 18c

Ladies' very fine Jersey Ribbed high neck and wing-sleeve Vests, full fashioned garments, trimmed with crochet lace and tape, worth fully 35c; Saturday's price..... 23c

Ladies' Jersey ribbed White and Ecru Union Suits, well fashioned, low neck and no sleeves, trimmed with crochet lace, silk taped—suits not to be matched at 75c; sell here Saturday at..... 50c

GRAND SHOE VALUES FOR SATURDAY.

All our Ladies' $5.00 Shoes in fine hand-turns, with silk vesting and fine kid tops for dress, and the new mannish shapes, in welts—for street wear, all sell Saturday at—per pair..... $3.98

All our ladies' $4.00 Shoes, made from Choice selected vici kid, in both black and tan, all the very latest shapes, all sizes, all widths; Saturday's price..... $2.98

200 pairs of Ladies' new style Tan Shoes, silk vesting tops, nickel eyelets, very swell, worth $3.50; go on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... $2.48

200 pairs Ladies' fine vici kid Tan Shoes, silk vesting tops, new styles, all sizes, worth $2.50, at per pair..... $1.98

175 pairs Ladies' fine tan kid Shoes, new shapes, very flexible soles all sizes, 2½ to 7, worth $2.00, at, per pair..... $1.48

75 pairs Misses' Tan Shoes, made by H. W. Merriam, all sizes, 11 to 2, never sold for less than $2.00 a pair; sell tomorrow at..... $1.48

60 pairs fine tan vici kid Oxfords, vesting top, new round toes, all sizes, 2½ to 7, worth $2.00; on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... $1.48

265 pairs of Ladies' fine Oxford ties—this lot includes all our broken lines in the department, they are worth from $1.50 to $3.00 a pair; we place them on sale for Saturday, at, per pair..... 98c

50 pairs Youths' tan vici kid lace Shoes, very dressy and serviceable, worth $2.00; on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... $1.48

200 pairs Misses' black and tan Shoes, button and lace, all sizes, 11 to 2, goods that you can not buy anywhere for less than $1.35; on sale tomorrow, at, per pair..... 98c

62 pairs Child's spring heel Shoes, either in button and lace, sizes, 8½ to 11, worth $1.00; on sale, at, per pair..... 75c

The Jenness Miller Shoes include style, comfort and wearing qualities; sell at—per pair..... $3.50

FREIMUTH'S.

GOSSIP OF CAPITAL

Speaker's Desk Is Badly Pounded at the Close of Every Session.

TRADE IS GROWING

Exports to Hawaii, Cuba and Porto Rico Show an Increase.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—When Samuel J. Randall was speaker of the house he proved himself a scientific desk-splitter. During the session of the Forty-fourth congress, when the electoral vote was counted and Mr. Hayes declared elected president, Mr. Randall pounded the top of the desk out of shape three times. Employes of the capitol who do the repairing of furniture assert that there has never been a speaker who did not leave the desk as the close of the session in bad condition, but that the Hon. Thomas Brackett Reed succeeded in splintering it more artistically than any other speaker.

* * *

American producers are already finding an enlarged market in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. The figures of the treasury bureau of statistics, just issued, indicate that the exports of the fiscal year which ends with this month will show a larger exportation to Hawaii and the Philippines than ever before, and larger to Cuba and Porto Rico than in any previous year except those in which the reciprocity features of the McKinley law were in operation. The exports to Cuba in the ten months ending April 30, 1899, were 50 per cent in excess of those of the corresponding months of 1898, and more than double those of the same months in the fiscal year 1897. To Porto Rico the exports are 33 per cent in excess of the corresponding months of last year, and to Hawaii the exports of the ten months are 57 per cent in excess of those of the same months in 1898 and double those of the corresponding months of 1897. To the Philippines the exports, despite the continuous war conditions, are three times as much as in the corresponding months of any preceding year. The total exports to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines in the full fiscal year which ends with this month will reach about $30,000,000, against $17,000,000 last year. Our sales to these islands in the fiscal year 1899, even under the unsettled conditions which have prevailed in all of them except Hawaii, will exceed those of any previous year save those of 1898, the most successful year of the reciprocity term. These figures, of course, do not include any of the supplies sent by the government for its troops in the islands, nor supplies sent by the government to the suffering Cubans. It is also interesting to note that the exportations to Spain are approaching their normal condition, those for the ten months ending with May 1 being $8,000,000, against $10,000,000 in the corresponding months of last year and less than $10,000,000 in the corresponding months of the fiscal year 1897.

The increase in exports to these islands is in almost all classes of articles which we have been accustomed to send them. Exports of agricultural machinery to Cuba in the ten months just ended are three times those of the corresponding months of last year. Wheat flour shows an increase of nearly 50 per cent. Cars, carriages and other vehicles are in 1899 four times the amount of exports in the same lines during 1898. Exports of cotton cloths to Cuba, which in ten months of 1898 were 128,862 yards and in ten months of 1897 251,862 yards were in ten months of 1899 5,393,444 yards, while to Porto Rico the exports have increased from 22,878 yards in ten months of 1898 to 1,584,670 yards in ten months of 1899. Other manufactures of cotton increased in like proportion, the value of "all other" manufactures of cotton exported to Cuba in ten months of 1898 being $11,715, and in ten months of 1899 $81,369, while to Porto Rico the increase was from $1678 in ten months of 1898 to $16,681 in ten months of 1899.

* * *

It is astonishing by what narrow margins some people escape making large fortunes. Professor Alexander Graham Bell tried again and again to persuade Don Cameron to buy for $10,000 one-third interest in his invention. Cameron thought Bell a half-witted dreamer, refused to put up a dollar, and gave orders that the crazy inventor, as he called him, should no longer be admitted to his office. That one-third interest in the invention today is worth not less than $20,000,000. There were many long and weary days that Professor Bell scarcely knew how he was to get the money to carry through his great invention, and he haunted the hotel and capitol lobbies constantly endeavoring to find someone whom he could convince that there was a fortune in his telephone. The inventive gentleman would have fared much better in finding a backer had he looked outside of Washington, for this city has long ago gained the name of being the abiding place of people who have gone daft on almost every conceivable question, and monied men are shy about even having audiences with them.

* * *

On July 1 the new scale of prices goes into effect in the government printing office. The price to be paid compositors will be $4 per diem instead of $3.20, as now paid, and the pay of bookbinders will be increased in the same rate. At the time the scale was reduced from $4 to $3.20 per day, many years ago, the pay of laborers was also cut, and there is belief that Public Printer Palmer will restore their wages to the old scale, as under the law enacted by the last congress it will no doubt be within his power to do so. Public Printer Palmer has been watchful of the government's interests during his administration of this immense workshop, but at the same time he has in every way possible endeavored to do all that he could for the employes. Without regard to party affiliations, the men in the government printing office have the utmost confidence and respect for the public printer.

* * *

One of the finest and most valuable collections of birds, eggs, small animals and other similar things in the Smithsonian institute was presented by Congressman-elect William Astor Chandler of New York. Mr. Chandler made a long trip through Africa a few years ago, and during his tour gathered his collection. The gift is a very valuable one, and it is understood will be added to by Mr. Chandler.

* * *

To one not familiar with the workings of the splendid system of the state department in the gathering of facts and printing of consular reports, it is difficult to realize how quickly, thoroughly and completely the work is done. This branch of the government employs on its staff a trained corps of reporters and newsgatherers, many of them being former newspaper men. They are scattered over all parts of the globe and are in constant communication by wire with the department at Washington. At almost a moment's notice they are ready to combine in giving information on almost any conceivable subject. All the consuls, consuls general and even our ministers abroad are instructed to regard this as one of their first and most important duties. The secretary of state issues a number of important publications on matters mostly of commercial interest upon reports made by his corps of newsgatherers, and brief advance sheets are sent to newspapers and the correspondents, and prove a source of great convenience and usefulness.

* * *

The director of the census has received a number of letters from leading colored men begging him to see that all arrangements are made for giving the fullest and fairest reports on the negro —his condition, advancement, etc. That this will be done, the director says, there need be no uneasiness felt, as it is his purpose to give the negro race the very fullest possible investigation and report accurately every fact connected with their advancement.

* * *

As you stand on the front portico of the White House and look east along the iron railing protecting the edge of the grand drive and sidewalk, there is seen a pair of stone steps leading down to the concrete-floored area before the laundry windows. If you will look at the west side of the masonry you will see three dents close together, and might wonder a thousand times how they came there without guessing right. A Mr. Schench, of Meriden, Conn., said that he was standing at the foot of the stairs leading to the president's office one morning in 1863 looking out of the window, when President Lincoln and Robert Lincoln came through the iron gate under the front portico. President Lincoln held in his hand a new short rifle which had just been sent to him by some friend, and he was getting ready to try the new gun. A barrel was standing near the steps, and the president put out the rifle to his shoulder and cracked away at the barrel, putting several bullets through it. Finally one shot struck the stone wall above the barrel head and bounded back toward the president, passing uncomfortably near his head. Mr. Schench says that the president turned to his son Robert and said: "It's getting close, hey, Ted, my boy?" and the pair went down in the White House grounds, where the president continued to test his rifle.

* * *

"Bethany Punch" is a concoction introduced as an official drink in Washington by Hon. John Wanamaker when he was postmaster general. It was the beverage on which he floated all his formal dinners. "Bethany punch" has no alcohol in it, but is made of orange juice and Potomac water, with strawberries in it. It has the same effect on its victims as cucumbers and ice cream mixed.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

It is the primary duty of every woman to wear in her face the lilies and roses of health. It is one of woman's natural missions to please, and one of the first attributes of a pleasing woman is a complexion that shows the bloom of health.

No matter how beautiful a woman may be at the outset, if she suffers from weakness and disease of that delicate and important organism that is the threshold of human life, she will soon show traces of suffering in her face, and very shortly become haggard and homely. She will lose her animation of manner, the sparkle will fade from her eyes and the roses from her cheeks, her form will lose its roundness and her step its sprightliness. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription imparts strength, health, vigor and virility to the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and tones the nerves. It makes weak women strong in a womanly way and able to bear the burdens of maternity. It banishes the suffering of the period of gestation, and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It restores the lost complexion and imparts strength, vitality and health to the entire system.

"I am very thankful for what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done for me," writes Mrs. Rita E. Smith, of Greenla, Pik Co., Kans. "About a month before I was confined I had such pains that I could stand up only a little while at a time. I could not rest at night or at any other time. I could scarcely eat anything. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and after the second dose I felt better. From then until I was confined I carried all the water that was used up a long hill and worked in the garden every day, besides my other work and did not feel at all bad. When the baby was born I had a very easy time. The women said I had an easier time than any one they ever saw for the first time. The baby is very healthy. I got up when she was five days old. After two days I began my own work and felt stout and healthy."

For a free, paper-covered copy of Doctor Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser send 21 one-cent stamps, to cover mailing only. Cloth-bound 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. A medical library in one 1008-page volume.

BASEBALL.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 11; Pittsburg, 5.
At St. Louis—Philadelphia, 8; St. Louis, 4.
At Washington—Washington, 5; Chicago, 4.
At New York—New York, 14; Cleveland, 5.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 5; Cincinnati, 0.
At Boston—Boston, 7; Louisville, 5.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Columbus—Columbus, 7; St. Paul, 3.
At Detroit—Detroit, 5; Kansas City, 1.
At Buffalo—Minneapolis, 9; Buffalo, 8.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 9; Milwaukee, 5.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	46	35	.761
Boston	44	30	.682
St. Louis	45	27	.600
Baltimore	45	26	.578
Philadelphia	44	25	.568
Chicago	46	26	.565
Cincinnati	43	24	.488
New York	44	20	.455
Pittsburg	43	17	.395
Washington	46	17	.370
Louisville	45	14	.311
Cleveland	41	8	.195

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Minneapolis	37	21	.533
St. Paul	37	20	.541
Milwaukee	37	20	.541
Columbus	34	18	.529
Indianapolis	36	18	.500
Detroit	36	18	.500
Buffalo	35	15	.429
Kansas City	37	15	.405

IN FAVOR OF FITZ

Betting on the Prize Fight at Coney Island Favors Fitzsimmons.

SOME OF THE BETS

Both Men Said to Be In Splendid Shape For Fighting.

New York, June 9.—The Journal and Advertiser says: In the betting upon the fistic championship Fitz is still the favorite. He is quoted at 2 to 1, but in some places only 10 to 7 can be obtained on the champion. Some of the interesting bets are:

Billy West, of Boston, bet Pony Moore, Charlie Mitchell's father-in-law and former backer, $1500 against $900 on the champion. Ed Callahan, from Charleston, W. Va., bet $1000 to $700 with Frank Felton on Fitzsimmons. Mr. Callahan has $8500 more to be placed at the same odds. Dick Daugherty, of San Francisco, made an offer of $1000 on Fitzsimmons against $550, which was accepted by Frank Burgess, who has $2500 more to place on Jeffries at 7 to 10. G. C. Budd, of Cleveland, bet $650 to $1000, Charley Carbonel taking the long end. Dr. Simpson bet $550 to $500 with "Kid" Below. Ike Thompson, the bookmaker, will have $25,000 at the ringside with which to back Fitzsimmons.

FITZ IN SPLENDID TRIM.

Mike Donovan Says Fitzsimmons Is a Fighting Marvel.

In a letter to the New York World, Professor Mike Donovan thus talks about Fitzsimmons:

I have just examined Robert Fitzsimmons for the World and found him fit to fight for a kingdom. I have seen him in the ring, and as far back as his battle with Dempsey I predicted that he would never be whipped by a middleweight. I was surprised, however, when he joined the heavyweight division and finally took the championship from Corbett.

It has since become apparent to me that nothing that he has ever done should have surprised me. Fitz is simply the fighting marvel. There are great men in all trades and professions, and the Australian is the genius in pugilism, just as Napoleon was the genius of war.

I have not yet examined Jeffries, so cannot compare the two men, but I saw him fight Armstrong and previous to that spar with Corbett at Carson, and I am at a loss to understand how he could have improved to the point where he is able to meet Fitzsimmons. When a man undertakes to whip the champion, especially the fellow now holding the title, he should fully realize that it will mean everything to him one way or the other.

Jeffries is called upon to whip a much greater fighter than John L. Sullivan ever was. The big Bostonian never saw the day he could have bested Corbett, and Fitz, I now believe, was ever able to master Jim. When Sullivan talks about punching the "red head" he is referring to something that he never could have done.

I have never seen a man in better trim for a big fight than the champion is now. He tells me he only weighs 157 pounds, but my eyesight is bad if he won't tip the scales at 165, and every bit of him is bone and muscle. When I reached his quarters I found him doctoring a sick horse. The animal was suffering from distemper, and Fitz knew just what to do for him. The animal plainly appreciated the attention. Robert, Jr., was hanging around his father's legs, and the Shetland pony, tied to a stake about fifty feet away, was whinnying to join the party.

Bob's cheeks were as rosy as those of an 18-year-old girl, his eye was as clear as crystal and as quick as a flash of lightning, and in body he was as lithe as a greyhound. Then and there I knew the man was in better condition than ever before. We talked a little and said nothing about Jeffries. He was jolly, full of life and seemed to be the last man in the world to make his living as a pugilist.

Fitz had taken luncheon at 12 o'clock and at 2:15 he went into the gymnasium and at 2:15 he went into the gymnasium when he got under way it was the rarest sort of treat to watch him.

To him sparring is one of the necessaries as well as luxuries of life. The longer the round and the more shifty his opponent the better he likes it. The first round with Hickey was of six minutes' duration, and at the wind up Fitz was working like a well-oiled and perfect machine. He didn't realize that he had worked a second over time.

When he took on "Yank" Kenney in the second round I had another treat. Kenney is a burly chap, and just the sort of sparring partner for Fitz in his preparation for the coming fight. He is from twenty to thirty pounds heavier than the Australian and remarkably clever. He hits a hard blow and is always busy. In that round Fitz simply boxed with him at long range, handed a jolt on the jaw or a body punch whenever he cared to and generally displayed his science.

The day was terribly warm, and after the fourth round I advised Fitz not to try too much. He informed me that a little thing like heat didn't bother him, but I knew it would. He went two more rounds, and in the sixth he cut loose like a man fighting for his life. I have never seen anything prettier. Kenney also plunged in, and took wallops that would have sent many a man to the happy hunting ground. For all that Fitz was not doing the best he could. Had he given full force to his blows there might now be a sad tale to relate.

The champion is the poetry of motion. There is not a stiff joint in his entire makeup. I have never seen such a glutton for work. In his present condition there is no telling how much he could stand without tiring. Julian has decided to make him let up a little, and I think him very wise. A man can do himself much harm in warm weather by taking too much exercise. When one is as fit as Fitz is it takes remarkably little work to keep him on edge.

There has been a good deal of talk about Fitz not being as scientific as he should be. That is not pure and simple. He is as clever as they make them and has one of the quickest eyes I have ever seen in a fighter's head. He is never puzzled by any mysterious movement on the part of his opponent and always seems to comprehend what is coming next. He is like a great general. He is quick to perceive and is full of resources. It takes an emergency to show just how much sense Fitz has. Then he looms up as a wonder at the strategy game.

In conclusion, I must say again that Jeffries is the marvel of the age if he can whip Fitzsimmons. Jim is young, of splendid physique and a man of good habits. There is every reason to believe that he should have improved much in two years' time, and if he has reached point where he can whip the champion every pugilist in the world should bow down and call him great.

JEFFRIES IN GOOD FORM.

The Boilermaker Sure He Can Give Fitz His Waterloo.

"Jim" Jeffries, the California pugilist who is matched to fight "Bob" Fitzsimmons for the heavyweight championship of the world at Coney Island, is in superb condition for the battle.

I saw the big athletic boilermaker at his training quarters in Asbury park yesterday, writes a sporting expert in the New York Herald, and I must say that I never saw a better trained fighter. His skin had a clear, healthy color, his eyes were bright and sparkling, his movements elastic, and altogether he looked the perfectly trained athlete. Jeffries told me he never felt better in his life, and his looks certainly justified that statement. He is much lighter than ever, weighing only 204 pounds, as against 220 and 225 in former battles. He is also stronger, quicker and more clever than at any time during his career as a pugilist. He is confident of success against the champion, and told me that he was not losing any sleep or missing any meals over the outcome of the battle.

"I believe I can win," said Jeffries, "and I also believe that my reasons for that opinion are based on solid facts. I am much quicker with my hands and can my feet than Fitzsimmons was at Carson City. I have learned considerable in the way of fighting during the last two years, and I think I am just as clever as Fitzsimmons. That may seem a broad and perhaps an unreasonable assertion in view of the poor showing with Armstrong.

"I was not in condition that night. I trained on bottled beer instead of according to strict training methods. Notwithstanding my por condition, and the fact that I was handicapped by a broken finger, I outpointed Armstrong. I did not, however, do as well as I should have done, and I do not blame any sporting man for criticising my work in that fight. I learned a valuable lesson, however, cheaply, and that is that no fighter should engage in a contest unless he is in proper physical shape.

"When I enter the ring at Coney island I will be a very different man, in point of physical fitness, from the boxer who faced Armstrong at the Lenox Athletic club. I think I will more than redeem myself in the estimation of the New York public on June 9. If I do not succeed it will be through no fault of mine. I think everything is in my favor with Fitzsimons. I am a youngster, stronger, heavier and taller than the champion, as well as in the best of condition. Now, why shouldn't I win.

There is certainly a difference in the Jeffries of today and the Jeffries who fought Armstrong several months ago. The night he fought the colored heavyweight here Jeffries was slow and clumsy. Today there is not an ounce of superfluous flesh on his body, and he is remarkably active—so active on his feet and so clever with his hands that "Tommy" Ryan, the welterweight champion, cannot hit him. And Ryan tries mighty hard to do so.

Jeffries' muscles now stand out prominently on all parts of Jeffries' body where formerly layers of fat were conspicuous. He is as fit as can be.

There is a remarkable difference between Jeffries and Corbett. The latter was always high strung and nervous—always having to be "jollied" to be kept from worrying about a battle.

He never would allow anybody to beat him at any game or rough it with him when training. Jeffries, on the other hand, never worries. He believes he will win. He doesn't mind how hard his boxing partners hit.

In fact the rougher the work the better he likes it. Delaney said that there is a big difference between the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight and the conditions governing the coming match. "Fitz" and Corbett were afraid of each other, and both worried considerably. Now "Fitz" believes he will beat Jeffries easily, and Jeffries is just as confident that he will defeat "Fitz."

Mme. Yale's
HAIR TONIC

Ladies and Gentlemen: It affords me great pleasure to call the attention of the public to the Excelsior Hair Tonic, which is the first and only remedy known to chemistry which positively turns gray hair back to its original color without dye. It has gone on record that

MME. YALE,

wonderful woman chemist—has made this most valuable of all chemical discoveries. Mme. Yale personally endorses its action and gives the public her solemn guarantee that it has been tested in every conceivable way, and has proved itself to be the only Hair Specific. It stops hair falling immediately and creates a luxurious growth. Contains no injurious ingredient. Physicians and chemists invited to analyze it. It is not stick or greasy—on the contrary, it makes the hair soft, youthful, fluffy, and keeps it in curl. For gentlemen and ladies with hair a little gray, streaked gray, entirely gray and with BALD HEADS, it is especially recommended. Price, $1.00. Our special price—

89 cents.

For sale by

Panton & White.

THE BANKER'S SON.

Charged With Concocting the Smooth Scheme of Robbery.

Cincinnati, June 9.—The swindle perpetrated in Louisville on Monday, when the German Insurance bank, late in the day, paid $5000 to two men, who presented a check for that amount, purporting to come from the cashier of the Citizen's national bank, has resulted in two arrests here and a partial confession.

Fred Fredenheimer, a young man well connected in Louisville, was first arrested, and his stepfather when advised came here immediately. To him and to Chief Deitsch, Fredenheimer made a statement which has been partially made public. He admitted that the check shown him was the one used to get the money, but said the plan of operation was concocted by John Parker, son of one of the officers of the City National bank. The plan was to make a request by telephone for a loan from the German Insurance bank, and on receiving a favorable response to send a forged check by two men, as arranged, to whom the money was paid.

Fredenheimer says he returned from Louisville to Cincinnati Monday evening and he and Parker divided the money. Parker retaining the greater portion. When arrested Fredenheimer had $98 in money and receipts for diamond jewelry for $250 bought since Monday. Parker had about $200 on his person, and at his hotel $2000 in large bills was found in the safe. He claimed to have won this at the races. He admitted having cashed a bogus check a few days ago at a Cincinnati bank where a relative of his is employed, and said he did it because he needed money to bet on the races. He had made this good with the proceeds of the Louisville windfall.

Both have been taken to the Covington jail, with their consent, to be held for any demand that may come from Louisville.

THOSE STOLEN BONDS.

A Sensation Promised at the Trial Now Under Way.

Chicago, June 9.—What promises to be one of the most sensational cases in the criminal annals of Cook county was resumed in Judge Gary's court room yesterday. Red Chris Strook is on trial, charged with complicity in the Schrag bond mystery of three years ago. For a long time the perpetrators of the robbery eluded capture, and it was openly charged that prominent police officials were implicated in hushing the affair up and assisting the criminals to escape.

In the opening address to the jury, Attorney James F. Brady, for the defense, asserted that sensational evidence would be offered by Strook; that his client was the scapegoat of the police to suffer the penalty that belonged elsewhere; that Sleepy Burke was the ringleader of the band of robbers and that when he saw the doors of the penitentiary opening to receive Burke, the conception of the idea of turning state's evidence and laying the charge to an innocent man, to which, to shield themselves, the police readily assented.

Burke was the first witness called by the state, and the famous former safe blower took the stand. He told of going to Schrag's house with Red Chris, Gordon, Baker, Hunt and James Muldoon.

Burke said that after the old man was bound and gagged the bonds and money, aggregating $5,000, were taken and divided among the band. The bonds, he said, were subsequently turned over to Red Chris, who said that all that was necessary to receive dollar for dollar for the bonds was a little patient waiting.

Burke presented a strange spectacle on the witness stand. He was well dressed and prosperous looking, but his testimony was given in a halting manner. He is afflicted with St. Vitus' dance, and his features became strongly contorted.

Former Chief Badenoch was on hand to testify, as were numerous other witnesses.

The stolen bonds were presented in evidence by the state. Many of them were dirty and greasy from their long hiding in ash cans and under the counters of saloons.

IMPORTING SLAVS.

Illinois Steel Company Charged With Violating Labor Law.

Chicago, June 9.—The Chronicle says. Slavonic laborers are being brought by the wholesale to South Chicago. The majority are promptly given employment by the Illinois Steel company. United States immigration inspectors have been watching this big influx and are convinced that there have been many violations of the contract labor law. One batch of men has been sent back to their native land and all efforts are being made to get evidence sufficient to return 2000 more who have arrived in South Chicago since last fall.

'Tisn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

$2.00! $2.00!

Strictly all wool pants at only $2.00; new patterns.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

DRINK GRAIN-O

After you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee, it is not a medicine, but doctors order it, because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is genuine food drink containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25 cents.

June Showing of Shoes.....

SOLE AGENT FOR
$3.50 Sorosis Shoes
For ladies. See the mannish styles in black and brown with heavy soles.

All there is in fashionable and seasonable Footwear for both sunshine or rain, Ladies', Gentlemen's, Boys', Misses' and Children's black, brown and tan Shoes and Oxfords—the prettiest and best is always to be had in this complete stock at little prices. OUR STOCK OF CHILDREN'S SHOES IS COMPLETE.

Men's Shoes—
Tan or Black, exceptionally fine lines
$2.50, $3.50 and $5.00

Men's $3.00 Shoes—
Tan and black, best tan shoe ever offered, equal to many $4 shoes, only **$3.00**

Men's Dressy Shoes
$1.50 and $2.00

Bargains—
Your choice of any pointed toe or odd lot of shoes formerly sold at $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00, price to close **$1.98**

Boys' Shoes—
Neat and stylish, in tan and black,
$1.50 to $2.25

Boys' Strong Shoes, $1.50 to $1.75
Youth's Shoes, - - $1.00
Little Gents' Shoes $1.00 to $1.50
In tan or black.
Boys' Bicycle Shoes $1.00 to $1.75
Men's Bicycle Shoes $1.25 to $3.00

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords
The newest and best styles to be had at right prices.
Ladies' plain or fancy vesting top brown or black, every one is pleased with them, price only **$3.00**
Ladies' Heel or Spring Heel tan or black lace shoes **$2.50**
Ladies' $1.65, worth $2.00.
Ladies' fancy vesting top and kid $2.00 grade, special price— **$1.65**

Oxfords—
Ladies' black or tan **$1.50**
Ladies' plain or vesting top Oxford; good values **$2.00**

Children's Shoes—
A large assortment in brown and black.
Children's sizes... $1.00 to $1.25
Misses' sizes..... $1.50 to $2.00
Infants' sizes..... 35c to $1.00
Ladies' Bicycle Shoes of the Latest Styles.

A. WIELAND,
123 West Superior St.

KID GLOVES, 49c a Pr

Saturday Panton & White will offer a startling bargain in Ladies' Real Kid Gloves, worth up to $1.50. Limit 3 pairs.

MARRIED AN INDIAN.

Oneida, Wis., June 9.—C. P. Cornelius, an Indian of the Oneida reservation, and Miss Gertrude Smith, an accomplished white girl of Darlington, were married yesterday at the Mission church. Cornelius is a full blood Oneida Indian. He is the son of Adam P. Cornelius, one of the best educated and cultivated men of the reservation. Cornelius holds a good position in the Indian service in Oklahoma.

THE POSTAL CLERKS.

Indianapolis, ind., June 9.—The Railway Postal Clerks' association elected the following officers today: President, C. L. Shaffer, Chicago; vice president, C. W. Eddins, Atlanta, Ga.; secretary, George A. Woods, Portsmouth, N. H.

The association will meet the first Wednesday in June of 1900 at San Antonio, Tex. The appointive officers will be named later. James B. Elliott, of St. Paul, will be continued as editor of the association's paper. The association adjourned last night after a reception at the Denison hotel.

THE ROBBERS GAIN.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 9.—The result of the long chase across Wyoming after the Union Pacific express train robbers is still doubtful. Word came to Casper today that the robbers had swam the Powder river, an extremely dangerous undertaking, the stream being greatly swollen by June floods. The posse under Marshal Hadsell was still in pursuit when the messenger left the chase. The course taken by the fugitives indicates that they are making for the Powder river country instead of the Hole in the Wall.

OLD SOLDIER DIES.

Waupaca, Wis., June 9.—F. C. R. Russell, quartermaster at the Wisconsin Veterans' home in this city, died suddenly from heart disease, while in the midst of his duties, aged 66 years. Mr. Russell enlisted as a volunteer in the civil war from Chicago. Later he resigned and reenlisted from Wisconsin.

VICTIM OF A WOMAN.

Chicago, June 9.—David J. Wile, the attorney who was shot a few weeks ago by Mabel Burke, who shot and killed herself at the same time, died last night of blood poisoning. Wile was about 40 years old and was prominent in his profession.

WIFE MURDER CHARGED.

York, Pa., June 9.—Jacob A. Parr, of Hanover, this county, was placed in jail here charged with the murder of his wife, who died suddenly on Monday supposedly from heart disease. Marks of violence were found on the body when it was prepared for burial. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict today, holding Parr responsible. Parr came here from Maryland.

Mothers.

Bring in your little fellows when in need of a pretty little suit. We have a beautiful line at $1.25, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25, $3.00 and upwards.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

The Popular Route.

See that your ticket reads via the popular Wisconsin Central lines from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Marshfield, Stevens Point and Milwaukee, Wis., Chicago, Ill., and all points East and South.

COAL MINERS STRIKE.

Dubois, Pa., June 9.—The miners of all the mines in this region, except those at Adrian and Dubois, were out on strike yesterday. Only a few men worked at those two places and they will be idle today. A meeting of the miners was held here last night which was about to end in a big row when a terrific rain and wind storm came up and broke up the meeting. On account of the strike the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg shops at this place shut down last night, throwing 200 mechanics out of work. Fully 10,000 miners are now idle in the region.

Pants! Pants!

At popular prices; perfect fitters; well sewed at $2.50, $2.00, $3.50 and upwards.

CHAS. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

Dr. Pierce,

Room 1, Ko. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of

Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 20 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other Physicians.

25 Years Experience, 5,000 Cases Treated Annually.

Nervous Debility and Weakness in old or young men, resulting from indiscretion in youth or excess of mature years, causing Despondency, Loss of Vigor, Impaired Manhood, Stunted Development, Unfitness to marry, Premature Decay, Loss of Memory, Ambition and Hope are permanently cured by new methods, with never failing success.

CATARRH, THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES, affections of the Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels, Cured for Life.

The Doctor is a REGULAR GRADUATE, whose lifelong experience, pure drugs and practical methods of treatment insure speedy and permanent cures. He has become an expert in the treatment of all diseases of a PRIVATE NATURE and will guarantee a cure in all cases undertaken.

LADIES —Married or single, are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Medicine by mail.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Write for question list. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 12 p. m.

The good taste of a good cracker is not the best thing about it.

There's great nourishment as well in the cracker. It's a combination which the home cook does not attempt. Get the right kind and get them fresh and they are an ideal food. How? Do you say? Get **Uneeda Biscuit.** That's the right kind, and the special 5 and 10 cent packages insure that they will reach you fresh.

At your grocers. **Uneeda.**
Take no imitations.

The U. S. Goverment Pure Food Commission

who were sitting in Chicago May 9th to 12th condemn all open bins and cheap, adulterated coffee, proving it to be injurious to health, etc.

T. & T. COFFEE

is absolutely PURE and cannot be adulterated if the seal is unbroken. Roasted under a new Process. Packed in sealed 1 and 2 lb. tin cans.

IT IS CLEAN AND PURE—THAT'S THE POINT. A trial will convince you that it is the best money can buy. Never sold in bulk. Packed only by

Thomson & Taylor Spice Co., Chicago, Ill.

A WEIRD ADVENTURE.

The True Story of a Remarkable Lion Hunt.

"Boys," said I, as we gathered round the ice tub and plastered our necks and faces with ice cream to keep off the mosquitoes, "shall I tell you how I killed my first lion in Somaliland?"

"Do!" they shouted as they closed their eyes in anticipation, says Pick-Me-Up.

"It was in the summer of 1895 when I started on my first lion hunt," I said. "I took with me only Ali, my native servant, whom I dare say you've all seen."

"Suur curbudger," panted Greenberg.

"Ali is a faithful rascal," I went on, taking no further notice of Greenberg, "and when he can be persuaded to act honestly there isn't a more honest fellow breathing. We were at the village of Goobookianzi when the head man one morning came up hurriedly.

"'Lion, he takee my best wife, the crab. You killee him.'

"'Wallah wydoo, bang—lead—commirenez'" I said, and immediately the poor fellow fainted in his joy, and throwing an assagai in token of victory, struck Ali in the heart, so that he presently expired in my arms. It was unfortunate, but it was evidently an accident, so little could be said.

"An hour later I was tracking the spoor of the lion, a huge beast, judging from the boot marks. Ali carrying a couple of spare rifles, a bottle of soda water, a ham and tongue, some French rolls, our tents and a few other trifles necessary in such a wilderness, where a traveler may not sight anything but sand or drinking water for days together.

"At the edge of a koppee the jungle suddenly descended for several hundred feet sheer, and it was in this place that I felt sure we should find the quarry, and so, sending Ali with instructions to beat strongly, I posted myself at the edge of a great gum tree and waited.

"Suddenly a terrific roar was heard, then a yell, and Ali came rushing into the open, only to drop dead at my feet wounded by a hundred fierce claws.

"I showed no signs of alarm, although the situation was perilous enough, but, calmly retreating to where a huge rock of about forty feet high stood solitary in the sand, I took up a strong position there, the lion doing his best to overtake me.

"I may mention that the rock was conical, the point being buried in the sand, and as I reached it it was but about twenty feet in circumference at the ground. I rushed round in order to get a shot at the infuriated brute, sometimes nearing it, sometimes losing sight of the tassel of its tail, but always persevering. I have long been famous, boys, as a runner, but I can assure you that I never chased anything at such a pace as I followed that lion for two solid hours.

"But now a strange thing happened. The lion, in tearing round and round, threw out the sand so quickly that I saw we were undermining the foundation of the rock, which weighed probably 200 or 300 tons. The twenty feet circumference was reduced to ten, the tassel of the lion's tail was switching in my face, its hot breath was on my shoulder blades, and still the circle grew smaller.

"I was almost exhausted now, my breath came in painful gasps, I was dizzy, and my knees trembled under me, I was dying. Yet, with the pluck that you know, boys, has always distinguished me, I staggered on. I clutched at and held the brute's tail, at the same moment, as with convulsive fear, he fastened his teeth in my coattail.

"Suddenly a voice cried:

"'Wallah, wallah—look out,' and I saw Ali seated on top of the tottering rock, which now swayed to an angle of 20 degrees. It was about to fall, for we had scattered the sand away that had held it in place.

"The lion scented the danger and made a huge spring forward, but as I held its tail and its teeth were still fastened in my coattail, we merely circled the foot of the rock three times and then came to the ground as the stone fell, just grazing one shoulder and turning my hair snow white.

"With a sigh of relief I fell on my knees and then looked for the lion. It was under the rock, crushed to a thousand atoms, and Ali, poor fellow, lay dead beside it, and I was saved. It was one of the nearest escapes I ever experienced, and I have been through some rough adventures in my time.

"Well, boys, I have no more to tell you excepting that in my library—you haven't been to my house, by the bye, but you shall come—is the skin of that lion. Ali skinned it for me."

FLOWER'S FIRST DOLLAR.

New York letter to the Chicago Tribune: Roswell Flower, whose death was recently announced, used to tell a story on himself of the first dollar bill he ever owned. He was working in a general store. "They call 'em department stores now," he said. He slept in the store. A small boy slept with him. He had this new dollar bill. He showed it to the small boy before they went to bed. In the morning the dollar bill was missing. The boy didn't come around but day until late. He suspected the boy, so when the boy came around he asked him to be sure and sleep with him again. The boy didn't want to, but Flower urged him until he consented. When the boy was sound asleep Flower got up and felt in the pockets of his clothes. Away down in the waistcoat pocket, under a silver watch, he found the bill. He took it to bed with him then. He never said anything about it to the boy and the boy never mentioned it, but they never slept together again.

HOME CURE FOR BLOOD POISON.

Beware of the Doctors' Patchwork; You Can Cure Yourself at Home.

There is not the slightest doubt that the doctors do more harm than good in treating Contagious Blood Poison; many victims of this loathsome disease would be much better off to-day if they had never allowed themselves to be dosed on mercury and potash, the only remedies which the doctors ever give for blood poison.

The doctors are wholly unable to get rid of this vile poison, and only attempt to heal up the outward appearance of the disease—the sores and eruptions. This they do by driving the poison into the system, and endeavor to keep it shut in with their constant doses of potash and mercury. The mouth and throat and other delicate parts then break out into sores, and the fight is continued indefinitely, the drugs doing the system more damage than the disease itself.

Mr. H. L. Myers, 100 Mulberry St., Newark, N. J., says: "I had spent a hundred dollars with the doctors, when I realized that they could do me no good. I had large spots all over my body, and these soon broke out into running sores, and I endured all the suffering which this vile disease produces. I decided to try S. S. S. as a last resort, and was soon greatly improved. I followed closely your 'Directions for Self-Treatment,' and the large splotches on my chest began to grow paler and smaller, and before long disappeared entirely. I was soon cured perfectly and my skin has been as clear as glass ever since. I cured myself at home after the doctors had failed completely."

It is valuable time thrown away to expect the doctors to cure Contagious Blood Poison, for the disease is beyond their skill. Swifts Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—acts in an entirely different way from potash and mercury—it forces the poison out of the system and gets rid of it entirely. Hence it cures the disease, while other remedies only shut the poison in where it lurks forever, constantly undermining the constitution. Our system of private home treatment places a cure within the reach of all. We give all necessary medical advice, free of charge, and save the patient the embarrassment of publicity. Write for full information to Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

HE IS FOR EXPANSION

Paper Written By the President of the Trans-Mississippi Congress.

TOO ILL TO ATTEND

The Paper Contains Many Suggestions as to Desired Legislation.

Wichita, June 9.—Hon. Hugh Craig, of San Francisco, president of the trans-Mississippi congress, which held its annual session here recently, was unable to attend owing to illness. The following address was prepared by Mr. Craig:

"Ladies and Gentlemen of the tenth trans-Mississippi congress: When last we met in Salt Lake city, in June, 1897, it was with the expectation to assemble again in the following year. At the expected time of meeting, our country was engaged in a foreign war, claiming the supreme attention of congress and the people of all sections throughout the country, hence the interval of two years. Certainly history has been made at a rapid pace during the recess. Our power and standing as a nation tested in a way most unexpected, and surely we may claim that every branch of the government has met the demand on its resources with ease, success and credit to the executive, welding every part of the nation into a harmonious whole, sectionalism and division disappearing. we hope, to return, never. Not only have the past two years been pregnant with results concerning the foreign relations of our government, but domestic affairs vitally affecting our interests have been brought to a satisfactory settlement by the secretary of the treasury. The Union Pacific and Southern Pacific subsidized railroads have been compelled to liquidate their obligations to the government. It remains to be seen whether our people will submit to taxation in the shape of fares and freights calculated to pay interest on the stocks and bonds of these transcontinental transportation combinations, when with cash parallel roads can be built for a fraction of their capitalization.

"It is quite possible that a continuance of the trans-continental railroads in their oppressive exactions from the agriculturalist will result in such drastic action by the people, through their representatives, revert to the state, donated by it in the first place, and it shall then be practicable for the producer or manufacturer to move his product in his own cars from point to point throughout our broad land, as he now can on any county road, paying for mileage and cost to power only under regulation.

"For the last two seasons the soil has yielded abundantly. Prices in foreign markets, which fix the returns for the grower at home, have been remunerative, thus furnishing a profitable market for the surplus agricultural staples of our division of the country. The husbandman has reaped generously where he has sown; due economy has placed him financially in a position to attack the 'Empire of Farm Mortgages,' west of the Mississippi, hence the bank and loan associations are now seeking borrowers. In this manner the money 'locks' has taken care of itself and demonstrated the fact that given fairly good harvests and remunerative prices there can be no scarcity of money, proving to the politician and agitator, if they be open to conviction, what the financiers of the world have recognized as a fundamental principal in the development of every nation, that the prosperity of the country and cheap accommodation is dependent on 'the man behind the plow.'

"Irrigation conventions, in touch with your recommendations, have on the Pacific coast and mountain states to consider necessary legislation to provide for the impounding of flood waters available in summer for the arid lands of the West.

"The observant man traveling eastward from the Mississippi cannot but note how the people of that section speak of it as the 'United States,' sometimes forgetting that much the largest, most productive and richest area of the country is westward; they however control in congress a preponderance of the voting strength, and know it. We need expect from them little help in formulating a federal enactment for the reclamation of our arid lands. Naturally the increase of production in this territory with the reduced cost of transportation forces our agricultural staples into competition with theirs in the markets of Europe, and reduces the earnings per acre of the older settled states.

"We must, therefore, in this important movement, to provide land for the landless, depend almost entirely upon the intelligent enterprise of our own state legislatures.

"Preservation of forests has attracted none too soon the attention of the government, and reserves have been made at points where experts in forestry have reported as most necessary. We are fortunate in having at Washington, as United States land commissioner, a Western man of much practical experience in arboriculture, quite alive to the needs of the country in this respect. He should have the unqualified support of this congress for the energetic manner in which his department has forced attention to the subject.

"Mining has made many advances during the period under review. States formerly leading in the production of precious metals have given place to their mountain neighbors. The abnormal advance in the price of copper has stimulated prospecting, given new life to many neglected districts, and, aided by reduced price in production, created a home market for produce which invariably returns to the producer a larger profit than when he is compelled to ship to the distributing centers of the country, where he cannot obtain other than the Liverpool speculative value, less the insurance, the transportation and commission.

"Last year at Omaha was held the trans-Mississippi exhibition—an unqualified success—presenting to the spectator an object lesson which must leave its imprint on the minds of Eastern visitors, witnessing to the enterprise and adaptiveness of the people of the trans-Mississippi states and territories.

"It is hoped that congress will, at its next session realize the importance of admitting to statehood the territories of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma, since their showing at Omaha compels attention to their varied resources, rapid increase in wealth, and capacity of population for self-government.

"The Pacific coast states have enjoyed a prosperous experience in the past two years. Washington and Oregon harvested phenomenal crops of cereals, for which remunerative prices were obtained in the Orient and in Europe. California last year suffered from drought to some extent, but this was partially neutralized by expenditures of the national government, occasioned by abnormal addition to our responsibilities on the Pacific ocean.

"Hawaii is now an integral part of the Union, her commerce increasing by leaps and bounds.

"The Philippines are a charge upon our people through the fortunes of war, adding largely to the trade of the Pacific coast, and profitably employing all our shipping. This congress cannot but commend the patriotic and painstaking endeavors of the chief magistrate of the country and his cabinet in so promptly accepting the situation at Manilla and Iloilo, stamping out the insurrection with no uncertain demonstration until it shall be made clear to the people of those islands and observant nations that the flag where raised means, first, obedience to law and order. It is hoped that the misguided insurgents will soon realize that this nation desires to see them return speedily to peaceful avocations and join in organizing a stable local government.

"Alaska has recently proved the wisdom of the statesmen who secured that supposed ice-bound waste as an addition to the United States. Upwards of $10,000,000 was deposited last year at the Seattle assay office and San Francisco mint by miners and dealers, the produce of British Northwest territory and Alaska. New developments are reported on tributaries of the Yukon and the coast, near its mouth, giving impetus to business of all kinds, and especially to our merchant marine.

"Hawaii should, for the convenience of administration, be immediately connected by cable to the shores of our coast. We maintain United States troops there, control the commerce, and pay for a cable ship to care for the line. Our Mid-Pacific colony would then become a starting point from which should radiate cables to Alaska, Japan and China, via Guam and Manilla; Australia via Pago Pago and New Zealand, Central America and the west coast of South America. The average cost of cable need not exceed $12,000 per mile, including stations and repair ships, and would, without doubt, earn an immediate return on the cost. Material can easily be supplied by domestic manufacturers.

"The Nicaragua canal bill failed of passage at the last congress at the dictation of the railroads. A commission appointed by the president has reported on three levels, estimated to cost from $50,000,000 to $130,000,000, all practicable and requiring no experimental engineering.

"Our Pacific coast states can never be independent of the trans-continental railroads until this work is completed, and a passage way opened by the skill and patriotism of the American people, from ocean to ocean. Then shall the dream of H. H. Seward become a reality, and the commerce of the Pacific develop until it outclasses that of the Atlantic. Instead of the spare 2,000,000 of people on the Pacific coast, in a generation there shall be 10,000,000. With naval stations at Hawaii, Samoa and the Philippines, a contented, happy and industrious native population at each of these points, peacefully striving with us for the trade of one-half of the world's population on the coast of Asia, what a joy it would be to the generations who follow us, that their forefathers had the nerve and enterprise to assume the obligations of stewardship, cost what it may, and grasp the opportunity of securing vantage points for trade and commerce in the Pacific and the Orient! Especially does it demand from us of the price of eternal vigilance, which is the price of increased opportunities for expansion and for future growth.

"Reverently acknowledging the exceeding bounties of Him 'who is the giver of every good and perfect gift,' to nations as to individuals, 'and with whom there are no variations or shadow of turning.'"

"NEVER BELIEVE A FISHERMAN."

The fisherman who tells you he does not care about the fish he catches, is not to be believed, says that veteran piscator of the Jungle Dr. Henry van Dyke, of New York. In the June Century he writes:

Never believe a fisherman who tells you that he does not care about the fish he catches. He may say that he angles only for the pleasure of being out of doors, and that he is just as well contented when he takes nothing as when he makes a good catch. He may think so, but it is not true. He is not telling a deliberate falsehood. He is only assuming an unconscious pose and indulging in a delicate bit of self-flattery. Even if it were true, it would not be at all to his credit.

Watch him on that lucky day when he comes home with a full basket of trout on his shoulder, or a quartet of silver salmon covered with green branches in the bottom of the canoe. His face is broader than it was when he went out, and there is a sparkle of triumph in his eyes. "It is naught, it is naught," he says, in modest depreciation of his triumph. But you shall see that he lingers fondly about the place where the fish were displayed upon the grass, and does not fail to look carefully at the scales when they are weighed, and has an attentive ear for the comments of admiring spectators. You shall find moreover, that he is not unwilling to narrate the story of the capture—how the big fish rose short, four different times, to four different flies, and finally took a small black dose, and played all over the pool, and ran down a terribly stiff rapid to the pool below, and sulked for twenty minutes and had to be stirred up with stones, and made such a long fight that when he came in at last the hold of the hook was almost worn through, and it fell out of his mouth as he touched the shore. Listen to this tale as it is told, with endless variations by every man who has brought home a fish, and you will perceive that the fisherman does care for his luck after all.

EXTERMINATING WEEDS.

A weed is very properly termed "a plant out of place," but when a good, healthy burdock, nettle, teazel, ragweed or pigweed springs up beside a poppy or marigold the order seems to be reversed; the weed seemingly thrives just as well, while the desirable plant becomes decidedly "out of place," says the Woman's Home Companion.

A vigorous use of the hoe at once upon the appearance of the little weed seedlings, where a hoe can be used, is the quickest and most effective way to dispose of them; but if they are allowed to grow for a few days they may be easily pulled up root and branch. If a weed has attained any size, never cut it off with the hoe, but pull it up, or generally new shoots will quickly come from the old crown. Whatever the way or means, keep the weeds down entirely, at all hazards, for they rob the soil and render otherwise sightly places decidedly objectionable. A wise gardner is he who never allows a weed of any kind to go to seed about his place for a considerable distance about the outskirts, thereby saving himself many a backache the following season. When large weeds about to seed are pulled up they should be burned, as they might germinate.

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THE NEXT SPEAKER

How Henderson Differed With the Administration on War Questions.

AGAINST BIG ARMY

Said He Would Not Force a Government Upon the Filipinos.

Washington, June 9.—The record of Representative David B. Henderson in the last session of congress will be a mild surprise to those who know him only as a strong party Republican and as the man certain to succeed Thomas B. Reed as speaker of the house of representatives. On the floor of the house Col. Henderson opposed American intervention in Cuba's behalf: he spoke against a regular army of more than 60,000 men, and said that the Philippines should not be retained.

His sentiments regarding Cuban intervention were set forth in a speech in the house March 8, 1898. He was discussing the bill voting $50,000,000 for the national defense.

"I have had letters from my people wanting us to take Cuba, to punish Spain," he said. "I simply write back that no international law makes the United States the regulator of the wrongs of earth. God has written no motto on the banner of our country that demands of us the regulating of the wrongs of other countries to their people. We all sympathize with the liberty-loving and fighting Cubans, but they are the citizens of another government. So long as that question is before us I follow the advice of Washington, recommending that we mind strictly our own business."

SWING TO THE OTHER SIDE.

A few weeks later Mr. Henderson changed his mind about "our own business." Then he said:

"Everything that has been done by our chief executive to secure peace on that island without arms, but in vain, and the time has come when arms, the last resort, must be appealed to by our country. I have been, and am, for peace, but not at the expense of my country's peace and honor. Spain must leave the western seas, and forever."

A week or two later he said: "I despise war, and my hope is that the time will come, though not in my day, when intellect and conscience shall be the arbitrators of differences between nations and men. The passing of great armies and the building of fleets tell us that the time has not come, but, gentlemen, it should be the aim of mankind to reach that time. But when our peace-loving chief executive finds justification for unfurling the flag of battle I yield my convictions and say amen, and the time for action, for battle, has come. In this trouble in which we are let there not be one copperhead in the republic. Now that the 'dogs of war' are let slip, I shall bring my brain and heart and energy to the support of the flag of my country."

Mr. Henderson gave his views on expansion and army increase in a speech on Jan. 27, this year. The speech was printed the next day in the Congressional Record, having been held for revision.

"I have been since I can remember opposed to war as a rule," he said. "Last summer, in the early stages of the discussion, I planted myself squarely against it, and only surrendered and fell in with the war spirit movement when every part of the country called for war, and the president recommended it. I foresaw then some of the trouble we would have, although I did not begin to anticipate that the difficulties at our immediate door would carry us to another hemisphere 7,000 miles from our shores, and open up new and unthought of problems to our people.

"I look with aversion upon increasing the regular army of my country. I hope that we will not find it necessary to establish a standing army of 100,000 men. I am willing, in view of the new conditions that surround us, to cheerfully support a proposition raising the regular army to 50,000 or 60,000; beyond that I hope that I will not have to go. But if we are to go beyond that, let it not be by fixing the limit of 100,000 but lodge the discretion in the president to go beyond 50,000 or 60,000 if the condition of the country should so advise, if it becomes an absolute necessity.

"I have faith in the president. I would have faith in any president, Republican or Democrat, on that question, surrounded by the people that govern in this country.

NO NEED FOR A LARGER ARMY.

"But I do not want unnecessarily to increase taxation upon the people by increasing and giving a large standing army. We have nothing that calls for it; our own people are peaceful. We will, without force, manage ourselves in this country, and there is absolutely nothing in the United States to draw upon us the guns of the army or the navy of any other country—nothing. Then why impose unnecessary taxation upon the American people?"

In the same speech he answers an attack upon the president by Mr. Johnson of Indiana, and in concluding declared himself as personally against retaining the Philippines. In this speech he said:

"What crime has the president committed? Let us look briefly at the facts of recent history. The president did everything in his power to prevent war, by diplomacy, by agencies of the state department. He found this country wholly unprepared for war. There was not powder enough here to shoot our guns twenty-four hours in the American navy. He had no arms to speak of, no ambulances, no horses, no surgical instruments, no tents, no clothing and none of the instrumentalities of war, and no army even.

"Quickly he put every powder manufacturer under contract to work night and day. And as in the twinkling of an eye when the constitutional authorities and the people said 'fight,' he put this country on a war footing that has not been equaled in speed of preparation in the annals of war. He forced the fighting from the moment that congress declared war until in 113 days, in two hemispheres, he sunk the enemy's fleet, whipped them on land and sea, and practically wound up the war before the people knew that we had hardly begun. Was that President McKinley's crime?

"He drove Spain from Cuba, which was the objective point of the war. He has taken Porto Rico, the Isle of Pines and the richest island of the Ladrones for his country and its commerce.

"He has, by the guns of his country and by treaty, terminated this war, and laid before the constitutional powers the work done, submitting it to them, and there he rests, is that his crime? This treaty divests Spain of all sovereignty over the Philippines. Ratify it and new problems come. Until ratified the question of the legal ending of this war is still open.

AGAINST HOLDING THE ISLANDS.

"What may be in the brain of the president if that treaty is ratified, I know not. I frankly say to this house and to my country that I have the gravest doubts of the wisdom of this country taking the Philippine Islands, to govern them as United States territory. I have grave doubts on that question. Eliminating every moral question, and looking at it from the standpoint of a member of this American family, who must weigh the expenses and the responsibilities that he is about to assume—if you ask me would I force a government upon the Filipinos against their will I answer no!

"That is my judgment. But when the time comes to settle that question it is not here now; I must know what my duty to the country is, and I cannot tell that without knowing the condition of the Filipinos and what they need and what they want."

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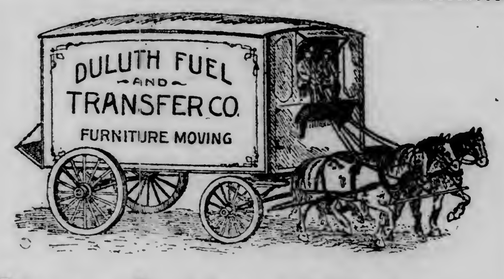

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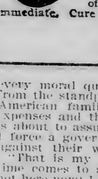

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THE NAILED BOARD.

Ominous Sign for Poor Tenants of Southern Farms.

Just at this time of year down South men acting apparently in a strange and erratic manner are seen about the country lanes and in out-of-the-way plantation premises, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean. Sometimes it is only one man thus encountered—an alert-looking person scouring the prospect with eyes that let nothing escape. Sometimes there are two or more men together hovering on the outskirts of cornfields or cotton patch, scanning things with a wide-awake, comprehensive gaze. Things the gunsman and naturalist and nature lover would dote on—for people can love nature without regard to science or dissection—are discounted in their care for what after all seems a very humdrum quarry when found, a mere inanimate piece of board or staging, which some carpenter overlooked when he worked in that spot, and which the strangers pounce on and appropriate as though it were the one thing above all others worth having.

"What are they going to do with that piece of board?" asks some one not versed in harvest time annals.

"Shut up some negro's cornhouse with it," comes the answer. See, there's the place, through those trees to the right."

"What are they going to do that for?"

"Oh, because the negro hasn't paid out, and this is the only time of year when he would be likely to have anything to pay out with. Those men are the sheriff's deputies. He has them out all over the country now. They will take that board and nail it across the door of the corn house, fodder house, or cotton bin, or whatever is levied on, and, slight as it seems, that board represents the seal of the law. Just now, lying on the ground, it was merely a discarded, weather-beaten piece of scantling, but once put up across the door and hammered in place, it has a vital meaning.

"How long will it stay there? Until the owner of the corn or cotton shows a disposition to pay the debt, or make some arrangement in regard to it. Maybe it will be taken down in two or three days, maybe not for as many months or weeks. It depends on circumstances. But however much need or desire the owner may have to get into his barn, or how far out of the way he may live from the sheriff, he won't dare to lay a finger on the board. It's a penitentiary offense to tamper with it, and even the most ignorant negro tenant understands that. There is tragedy and comedy, too, abroad in the country at this time of year. Maybe it's only a beggarly $5 or so that some bodi wants to collect and takes this summary means of collection—the balance of payment on a sewing machine, or for some piece of furniture or frippery, bought perhaps a year ago, and which these simple folks in their inability to keep a reckoning may have thought was paid for. Perhaps in reality it was paid for.

ADVERSITY BEST TEACHER.

"Culture and character come through suffering," writes Rev. Newell Dwight Hillis, D.D., in the Ladies' Home Journal. "Life is God's university; happiness is the graduating point, but trouble and adversity are among the chosen teachers. The world is built for joy, but man comes to his full estate through the tutelage of sorrow. If man washes his eyes in tears and makes his garments white with blood, he, too, is promised the throne and scepter of the higher manhood. Suffering is an alchemist refining coarseness and transmuting bad into good, selfishness into sympathy. Steel is iron plus fire. Tools are steel plus grinding axes. Statues are marble plus the chisel, whose every stroke makes sparks fly. Manhood is nature plus the temptations that cursed out character. Bronze doors of old Cathedrals are all of beaten handiwork, and character is hammered out on the anvil of adversity; wine comes through crushing of grapes, and joy is a fine spirit oft distilled from bruised affections. Sin and selfishness dig great furrows in the face, so suffering is sent in to iron the lines out smooth again. From Paul to Livingstone, what heroic leader hath worn soft raiment? What Luther or Lincoln was reared in kings' palaces? It is wrestling against opposing winds that works toughness into trees and manhood into men. If the poet's vision is ever fulfilled and we judge the angels doing easy duty at home, we must first, as veterans of the old guard, achieve our scars and hold our tattered flags in fierce battles upon a far-off frontier. Optimists always, let us not 'make believe' and play there are no troubles. One form of folly is always to drag the corpse into the banquet; another is to try and triumph over tragedies by averting our eyes."

WOMEN LEARNING TO TALK.

"Society women" (poor threadbare phrase!) are learning to talk. Formerly all girls were supposed to take lessons in singing regardless of whether they had singing voices or not. Now, so much stress has been laid for so long upon the prevalence of unpleasant speaking voices among American women, girls and women are beginning to pay attention to the long-neglected speaking voice, leaving singing lessons for those of marked singing talent.

A lady who has a large number of pupils in voice culture for talk's sake not singing, says:

"Our women are clever. Many of them are entertaining, but only a few of them talk well. The fact is, American women usually talk too much. They are vivacious and versatile and used to attention, and they impose upon their hearers. They are seldom good listeners, and they say so much that what they say loses weight. I lived in Europe for years, and had excellent opportunities for studying national characteristics in conversation. The French woman of intelligence seems to understand the art of conversation intuitively. One can see how the salons were possible in France. After the French the Russian-Polish women are the most entertaining in Europe; and I found the Danish women very interesting, but that is due chiefly to the quality of their minds, while the Frenchwoman's conversational charm is more a matter of skill, and may be acquired.—The Gentlewoman.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK,

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 9.—Another low pressure area appears to be developing to the northward of Manitoba; the barometer is highest over Nebraska and Wyoming. Slightly cooler weather prevails in the central lake region and Southern states and it is warmer throughout the Northwest. Rains have fallen in districts south of a line drawn through Detroit and Denver, Dodge City, Kan., reports the unusually heavy rainfall of 5.76 inches in twenty-four hours. Fresh westerly winds prevail this morning over Lake Superior; northerly elsewhere in the lake region.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Duluth	54	Swift Current	46
Battleford	46	Qu' Appelle	42
Medicine Hat	44	Winnipeg	50
Calgary	36	Helena	48
Minnedosa	38	Bismarck	44
Williston	48	Miles City	44
Rapid City	46	Moorhead	54
Marquette	48	St. Paul	52
Huron	44	Sault Ste. Marie	42
La Crosse	60	Milwaukee	58
Detroit	60	Chicago	64
Davenport	58	North Platte	40
Denver	50	Omaha	56
Kansas City	62	St. Louis	68
Dodge City	56	Memphis	80
Prince Albert	52	Lander	34

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight; probably showers and cooler Saturday; fresh winds becoming easterly.

Local data for twenty-four hours ended at 7 a. m today: Maximum temperature, 65; minimum temperature, 51; no rainfall.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 9.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Saturday. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Saturday; warmer in west portion tonight. Upper lakes (Superior, Michigan and Huron)—Light variable winds, shifting to fresh easterly Saturday; generally fair weather.

THE "AFFAIRE DREYFUS."

Capt. Dreyfus, whose case has attracted the attention of the whole world and has convulsed France with bitter fights and well nigh produced a revolution, is now on a steamer on his way back to France from the lonely prison on Devil's Island, off the coast of French Guiana. His captain's uniform has been restored to him and he will enter the French capital again in a uniform similar to that he wore before he was publicly degraded. He will be taken to the place where his uniform was stripped from him and his sword broken in two, and he will be publicly restored to his former rank. All this will be done because the court of cassation has quashed his sentence and ordered a new trial. It is probable that the new trial by court-martial will be brief. Very likely only the celebrated bordereau will be presented as evidence against him, and this means his prompt acquittal because the bordereau has already been discredited and torn into tatters.

Many crimes have grown out of this Dreyfus affair. It has dragged down many officers and involved almost as many civilians. At the outset the court-martial was inclined not to convict him on the evidence of the bordereau. Finding the case likely to fail, Gen. Mercier, then minister of war, produced a copy of a letter written by an attache of the German embassy in which occurred the words, "that rascal D—." It is now alleged that the word "Dreyfus" was deliberately written into this letter in place of the initial "D." The letter was then privately shown to the judges, but not to the prisoner or his counsel, and on the strength of this he was convicted. This is supposed to be the forgery for which Lieut. Col. Du Paty de Clam has recently been arrested. Gen. Mercier would seem to be quite as much involved in it.

Then came the persecution of Col. Picquart, who had become chief of the secret intelligence bureau after the condemnation of Dreyfus. Accidentally Picquart found evidence that Esterhazy was the real traitor, but when he reported the fact he was removed from his position and sent to a distant post in Algiers. Later further evidence against Esterhazy was furnished by his stock broker. The staff rallied around Esterhazy. He demanded a trial. Col. Picquart was recalled to testify against him. Esterhazy was exonerated by the military authorities and Picquart was dismissed from the army and later arrested and imprisoned, it being charged that he had forged the evidence he presented. He is still in confinement. This was done while Gen. Billot was minister of war and seems to involve him in the crime, as the earlier trial did Mercier.

The next step was the accusation published by Zola and his trial on a charge of libel, the farcical character of which is well remembered. Zola was obliged to flee from the country and is still in London, though he is planning to return. Then came a fresh interpellation in the chamber of deputies, to which M. Paul Cavaignac, minister of war, replied by making public alleged new evidence against Dreyfus. The new evidence consisted of a letter purporting to have been written by the German military attache, in which Dreyfus was directly referred to as a spy, and a statement by Capt. Lebrun-Renaud that Dreyfus had confessed to him while in prison after his condemnation. This was expected to quiet the Dreyfus agitation, and it might have done so had not an honest official of the war department detected signs that the new letter was a forgery. Lieut. Col. Henry, who had succeeded Picquart as head of the intelligence bureau, was charged with the forgery and confessed, immediately afterward committing suicide in prison. This was the turning point, though it is doubtful if even the Henry affair would have availed had not a new president with new advisers suddenly come into power. The evidence in the proceedings for revision showed there was no basis to the claim that Dreyfus had confessed.

Forgery and perjury have been committed by the wholesale, and yet it was impossible for the conspirators to conceal the truth and prevent justice being done to Dreyfus. Esterhazy has fled from France, and in London the other day confessed that he wrote the bordereau. Henry is dead, having taken his own life. Paty du Clam is in prison. But while these officers were among the conspirators, the real traitors to the French republic are still unmasked. Justice will not be satisfied until they have been exposed and properly punished.

HAVE FAITH IN DULUTH.

The purchase by President James J. Hill of the Great Northern railway of 1000 feet of Duluth's dock front marks a new and important period in the history of that road, so far as as its relations to this city are concerned. Heretofore Mr. Hill has not had a very strong foothold here, and there have been rumors at various times that the two splendid passenger boats of the Northern Steamship company, operated in connection with the Great Northern road, might transfer their western terminus from this city to a point across the bay. The purchase of extensive dock and warehouse accommodations for this steamship line in the central portion of Duluth's dock front puts all these rumors at rest and settles for all time the question of the headquarters of the Great Northern system at the head of the lakes. Those headquarters will be in Duluth. Here the transfer of passengers from train to steamboat and from steamboat to train will be made; here will be the terminus of all passenger trains and the landing place of the splendid passenger boats that are the pride of the great lakes, and here the financial part of the Great Northern's business in this section will be located, as is evident by Mr. Hill becoming personally interested in one of our leading financial institutions.

The Herald congratulates the people upon these facts which speak loudly of the faith that Mr. Hill reposes in the future growth and development of this city. It is of much benefit to Duluth that a man of his great resources and energy and high standing in financial and railroad circles has allied himself so intimately with this city. He stands today at the head of the railroad managers of the United States, and this means of the world because here are the greatest railroad systems that exist. When James J. Hill has sufficient faith in the future of this port to invest fully $250,000 in new docks and warehouses, it should convince the doubters and even the croakers that Duluth is going to be a great city and be the center of vast commercial development. Mr. Hill is a man who looks far into the future, he takes every step carefully and after mature consideration, and his plans are laid out years in advance of the time when they are actually carried out. A couple of years ago he said that he had plans made that when carried into effect would add 25,000 to the population of Duluth. Since then the Fosston branch has been built, adding greatly to the territory open to our jobbers and turning the trade of one of the richest sections of the Northwest in this direction. He has also purchased the Duluth, Mississippi & Northern railroad, iron mines and pine lands in the neighborhood of Hibbing and is extending the road to Virginia to tap other rich properties on the Mesaba range, while it is not improbable that the line will be built eventually to a connection with the new railroad now being constructed along the boundary line from Port Arthur to Winnipeg, thus giving this city railroad connection with the Rainy Lake gold region and a more direct line to Winnipeg. Now he has made Duluth the permanent western headquarters of his steamship line and the Lake Superior terminus of his railroad system and has assured to this city the great benefits which flow from the tide of summer travel over the lake route. These are factors that will do much to build up Duluth and will be certain to bring here other enterprises that will aid in the creation of a great commercial and industrial metropolis.

Right on the heels of the announcement of Mr. Hill's exhibition of his firm faith in Duluth's advancement comes the welcome news that Mr. Thomas, who recently purchased the West Duluth blast furnace, has leased the coke ovens at West Superior for three years in order to supply his furnace with coke until he can carry out his plans of building ovens on this side of the bay, and also of his preparations to start the furnace at an early date, after increasing its capacity and converting it into a plant of the most modern type.

Surely these announcements of some of the plans that are being carried out for Duluth's benefit must create a firmer faith on the part of our citizens that the coming years will witness the greatest growth and prosperity that the city has ever seen and give Duluth a higher standing than ever in the eyes of outside capitalists who are looking for favorable locations for investment in new enterprises. It is safe to claim that the many predictions that have been made regarding Duluth's future will be more than verified in the next few years. No city in the entire country has more favorable prospects today, and the investment now made by Mr. Hill and the enterprise displayed by Mr. Thomas should create a spirit of confidence among the citizens and inspire them with renewed faith that all their fond hopes and expectations are soon to be realized.

THE COPPER INDUSTRY.

The development of the copper industry during the last few months has been phenomenal. And still copper companies continue to be organized whenever new sources of the metal are discovered anywhere in the world. The rise within a comparatively short period of the price of copper from 10 cents a pound to 18½ cents or thereabouts, and the virtual shortage of the supply for manufacturing purposes is a sufficient explanation of this unprecedented activity. All the old mines in Michigan that have been lying idle, having closed down when the price of copper was low and the methods of miners were more costly than they are now are being reopened and will be actively worked, while the output of the mines already working is being increased as much as possible. The great Calumet & Hecla is now earning profits at the rate of $36,000,000, and its stock has jumped to $800 and over. Other mines in the same section are making fabulous profits. In Wisconsin, not far from Superior, copper has been found, and it is believed several good mines will be developed. Many new companies are being formed in this country, and almost every issue of the London mining and financial journals contains a new prospectus.

The demand for copper is so much greater than the supply that prices may go still higher. As an instance of the scarcity of material, it is stated that the improvement of the telephone plant in Chicago cannot be made this year because of the difficulty of obtaining high-resistance wires drawn in copper, and it is not expected that enough material will be delivered under present contracts to enable the engineers to proceed with the work before the beginning of 1900.

In 1892 America produced approximately one-fourth of the world's supply of copper ingots, but at the present time more than one-half of the total output is refined here, and the ratio is rapidly growing in favor of the United States. The absolute dependence of the world on the American mines is clearly shown in the following table from the London financial Times. The period covered is from Jan. 1 to April 30, 1899:

	Tons fine.
Imports into England	43,692
Exports from England	21,847
Difference	21,845
Difference in stocks Jan. 1 to May 2	*1,942
Apparent consumption in England (including sulphate of copper made and subsequently exported)	23,787
Exports of sulphate of copper represented	6,195
Consumption of England	17,592
*Decrease.	

The following shows the consumption of France for the same four months:

	Tons.
Shipments from United States	7,175
Shipments from England	2,652
Imports from other countries	3,966
	13,797
Exported to United States and England	550
Difference in stocks, Jan. 1 to May 2	*925
	12,622

*Increase.

The official German returns for the months of January to March are:

	Tons.
Imports	18,014
Exports	2,536
Consumption of foreign copper (exclusive of pyrites)	15,477

The Marquette Mining Journal recently issued a valuable handbook, which is on sale at the news stands for 50 cents a copy, reviewing the copper mining industry of the Lake Superior region, from which it appears that since 1843 Michigan has produced 1,150,361 tons of refined copper. The figures stated in pounds, for the four years ended 1898, are as follows:

1895	131,365,345	1897	142,550,646
1896	142,113,236	1898	153,160,607

The world's production of copper in short tons for the years 1889 to 1898 follows:

1889	373,447	1894	359,403
1890	393,346	1895	401,442
1891	335,269	1896	423,459
1892	372,599	1897	472,256
1893	364,236	1898	481,286

These figures will give some idea of the extent of this important industry, the growth of which has astonished the financial world during the past six months.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

An agreement prohibiting the use of dumdum bullets was adopted by the disarmament section of the peace congress. The dumdum bullet is a bullet with a flattened point which is soft and spreads when anything solid like a bone or a muscle is hit, causing wounds that widen and paralyze the victim. England has been using this sort of a projectile in its wars in India. It is an English invention. Italy voted with England against the abolition of this bullet. The other nations voted against its use.

The Minneapolis Tribune says: "The movement of the grain men of Minneapolis and Chicago to induce the government to drop its monthly crop reports, is a step in the right direction. These reports, as the Fargo convention of grain growers pointed out some time ago, are monthly disturbers of prices, without any compensating benefits to anybody." All of which is true. The reports are unreliable and a positive injury to wheat raisers.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch asks these pointed questions: "If the McKinley civil service order is right, why did the president delay it so long? Is the president a man of so feeble intellect that it takes him two years to act for his country's good in a matter so important? Does any one suppose that his desire for a renomination did not lead him to do what he has done in providing so many offices for political bummers?"

The Des Moines News says: "That trembling of the earth on the Pacific coast was simply one side of the continent shaking with laughter at the declarations against the trusts being made in political platforms." The idea of Mark Hanna's convention in Ohio denouncing trusts is certainly enough to cause both sides of the continent to be convulsed by laughter.

As measured by the warrants drawn on the war and navy departments in excess of those drawn during the previous year, the war with Spain and the war in the Philippines growing out of it have cost to the first of June $254,118,296. Including the Spanish indemnity the cost has been $274,118,206, and it is still mounting up.

And now some newspapers are saying that Henderson of Iowa, the next speaker of congress, is not entitled to be called general, but he is a colonel. That may be true, but his management of the speakership campaign showed that he is a good general.

Admiral Dewey says the first bit of fiction he ever read was "Robinson Crusoe." Then he and his sister—now Mrs. Mary Greeley—started an island in their father's barn, where George was De Foe's hero and his sister the Man Friday.

The British government declined President Kruger's offer to submit their dispute to arbitration. Great Britain never arbitrates with a weaker nation when there is no stronger nation backing it up. In such cases she uses force.

Horseless carriages and chainless bicycles are very well in their way, but the patriot who will invent a bossless political party will earn the gratitude of his grateful countrymen, says the Kansas City World.

The citizens of Penn Yan, N. Y., according to a Buffalo paper, are agitating for a curfew law. It has always been understood in the West that all the people in Penn Yan went to bed at sundown.

George W. Smalley says: "There is no Sunday paper in America that American would not be better off without." A very sensible remark.

The religious training of the English traveling man who committed suicide to escape the heat must have been sadly neglected.

Perhaps President McKinley believes that the way to advance civil service reform is to increase the spoils list.

Gen. Henderson says he will be more stubborn than Mr. Reed as speaker of the house of representatives.

Is Very Serious.

Sherburne County News: J. Adam Bede is credited with having the congressional bee busy buzzing in his head gear. As a humorist J. Adam is without a peer, but there is nothing humorous in a Sixth district congressional campaign.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: No man who loves a woman can be entirely just to her.

The devil begins on women by being amazed at the smallness of their feet.

The most innocent thing is the frank way a woman admits that you are in love with her.

When a girl is interested in a man if he isn't bowlegged and squint-eyed, she says he is as "handsome as a Greek god."

When a married woman gets into a flirtation she eases her conscience with the thought that it is a compliment to her husband to have other men admire her.

How the Trust Pinches.

Indianapolis News: Tin plate is now $4 a box, it is said. Before the combine of the tin plate factories and the formation of the trust it was $2.60 a box. Part of the increase has been due to an increase in the price of pig iron and labor. But this does not account for all of it. Tin plate costs more here now than it does in foreign countries. The tariff protection is $1.50 a box. Things like this ought to be their own comment.

WOMEN'S LUNCHEONS.

The luncheon, as a social function of a certain order, has come to be the feminine counterpart of the man's dinner. If a man of note comes to New York he is promptly, often exhaustively, dined by other men, who take this way—happily so full of enjoyment for themselves—of expressing their admiration. If women want to honor another woman, they give a luncheon for her. Not long ago a woman editor from another city visited New York, and among the affairs given in her honor was a lunch at a well-known hotel. It was a small company, scarcely more than a dozen covers being laid, but the repartee, the good stories, the humorous discussion which went around the table would have been quite worthy of a masculine dinner of imposing proportions. It is an unfortunately widespread habit with women to take their pleasures sadly, but the vigorous preaching which has been done apropos of this very thing seems not to have been in vain. An "honorary" luncheon, at least, is a pleasure which New York women take with the proper degree of gayety, says Harper's Bazar.

GERMANY IN THE PACIFIC.

Boston Transcript: The possession of the Carolines by Germany threatens American occupation of the Philippines according to some of our alarmist contemporaries, but we fail to see how or why. True, the German acquisitions are near the line of our communications with the Philippines, but we hold Guam, and our base, California, is thousands of miles nearer Manilla than Germany is.

New York Tribune: The transfer of sovereignty from Spain to Germany, then, is to be regarded in this country with entire equanimity. If this country had wanted them it should have taken them when it had a chance to do so. It did not take them, and it is therefore able to look with satisfaction upon their acquisition by another power with which its own relations are most friendly and which is sure to administer them in the interest of civilization.

Washington Star: The ceded islands cover an ocean area very nearly as large as that portion of the United States lying west of the Mississippi river. They are thousands in number, are generally very small, and, while fertile, are incapable of material improvement through the creation of large communities. The lack of extensive land areas prevents wholesale enterprises and places a natural restriction upon the future development of the holding. It is altogether probable that Germany's chief desire is to control the trade with the natives, such as it is, and to increase her territorial possessions in the far East to enhance her prestige as a colonial power.

Philadelphia Press: All the islands are high from the sea, grow good timber and fruits and have a fertile soil. Their narrow area would doubtless develop under good government. Germany will doubtless do as in the Marshall group. Ebon in the Marshall Islands, with a few breech-clouted savages, has to scrape together $500 a year to pay German taxes. The untaxed aborigine only exists in this country, more merciful to the original settler than any other; he is heavily taxed by all other countries. Missionaries are excluded from all islands not already occupied, and the American missionary ship, Morning Star, has to pay $250 a year as a license for the privilege of selling Bibles and other books to the native churches.

Revised Soliloquy.

Was Hamlet lean or fat?
That
Is the question. Was he
A physical pewee,
Whose smoking jacket hung upon him e'en
As a shirt doth fit a beanpole? Say,
Was Hamlet fat or lean:
Did he weigh
As much as Tod Sloan or Baby Bliss?
This
Is a matter that must make us pause.
Did he have lantern jaws
And legs
Like unto little old Joe Wheeler's pegs.
And did his ribs bow out
As do those of the weary steed that draws
The rattling ash cart round about?
Or was he like the prize ox at a county fair?
Was there
A roll of fat
Upon his neck like that
Which bulges o'er the collar of an
Alderman?
Did Hamlet saunter in
To win
Through thick or thin?
Was he fat?
Did he occupy room enough for two
When he sat
Down? Or did he find it necessary to go through
Life taking pills for indigestion?
That is the question.
—Chicago Times-Herald.

LAUGHING GAS.

Chicago Record: "We don't have any stated rainy season in this country."

"Yes, we do; it sets in when our pienics begin."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "Fortunately," said he as he looked at the bill for her ball gown, "the low neck and short sleeves pattern is still fashionable. Otherwise I fear I would have to go into bankruptcy."

-:—:-

Chicago Post: "The doctor says that Willie must have exercise."

"Let's get him a cheap watch and insist that he wind it regularly."

-:—:-

Detroit Journal: "The leopard cannot change his spots."

"No, and one so quickly tires of loud patterns, too!"

-:—:-

Brooklyn Life: Mrs. Lushley—Oh, you needn't try to conceal your condition. You're holding the paper upside down.

Mr. Lushley—I know't m'dear—did it on purposh—someshing here no deshent man oughter read.

-:—:-

Chicago Record: "Does your son feel that his heart is in this war in the Philippines Mrs. Smith.

"I should say so. He writes that every time he fires at a Filipino he remembers that he owes him a grudge for making him miss the cherry pie season at home."

-:—:-

Detroit Journal: The frustration of evil was now complete in four acts.

"Somebody shall pay dearly for this!" hissed the baffled villain, as he was led away.

"But who?" moaned the other characters, exchanging glances, for the company had no angel, while the public held aloof.

-:—:-

Chicago Post: Some people have the gift of terse expression.

The young woman was chewing gum very rapidly as she walked through the zoo.

She paused to look at the giraffe.

"Well," she exclaimed, "ain't he the rubberneck-est!"

Then she chewed gum more rapidly than ever.

HENDERSON AS A SINGER.

William Curtis in Chicago Record: When David B. Henderson becomes speaker of the house of representatives you may expect that the proceedings of that body will be opened with the singing of a hymn as well as with a prayer, for David has a tuneful soul, which loves to express its emotions in that way. As Gen. Hawley of Connecticut is the choirmaster of the senate, so is Col. Henderson the choirmaster of the house, and his strong tenor voice was built especially to guide a chorus. Thomas B. Reed is no singer. He has no music in his soul, although it is not quite fair to quote what Shakespeare says of such men in this connection. He would never have a psalm sung at the opening of congressional proceedings, nor even at a caucus, and if he should be required to lead a chorus he would fall down in confusion. But when David B. Henderson raises his Ebenezer the effect is so inspiring that everybody has to join.

Col. Henderson's musical repertoire is quite extensive in numbers ,but limited in variety, and is composed mostly of camp meeting and Grand Army songs. He can sing a few old-fashioned Scotch ballads with a pathos that makes the water gather in your eyes and the gooseflesh rise along the spine. "Within a Mile of Edinboro' Town," "Better Bide a Wee," "Jamie's Gone for a Soldier" and "Annie Laurie" are his favorites, but when the military spirit is aroused in his bosom he can sing "Scots Wha Ha'e With Wallace Bled" to make the windows rattle. However, in the opinion of the most of his friends Col. Henderson's rendition of "Onward, Christian Soldier" and "Hold the Fort, for I Am Coming" surpasses that of any of the love songs that he sings, either in plain English or what he calls a Scotch dialect. The great advantage of singing dialect songs is that you don't have to pronounce the words accurately, while to forget a verse of "Rock of Ages" would be a great mortification to a man of Col. Henderson's standing in the religious community.

Of military airs, "Marching Through Georgia" and "In a Prison Cell I Sit" are Col. Henderson's favorites. Some years ago he learned an Irish ballad entitled "Are You There, Moriarity?" from the late lamented Ben Butterworth, who was his most intimate friend in congress, and, although it is a rollicking song, Henderson does not sing it nowadays without a tear in his eye.

If the old members of the house of representatives—I mean those who have been here for at least one term, and have had an opportunity to get acquainted—were to vote by secret ballot, uninfluenced by political considerations, as to who was the best singer in congress, I think Henderson would be the unanimous choice.

The "Kulture" Shoe

COMBINES FLEXIBILITY, DURABILITY, STYLE AND COMFORT,

WITH A PERFECT FIT AT A LOW PRICE

Ladies Shoes.

172 pairs of Ladies' Oxfords, worth $2.00 $2.50, cut to **$1.49**

Ladies $2.50 Juliets, elastic sides, cut to **$1.99**

60 pairs of Ladies Fine Tan cloth Top, worth $2.50, cut to **$1.59**

Misses' Shoes.
$1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00

Men's Shoes.

72 pairs of Men's Tan Summer Shoes, worth $3.50; sale price **$2.48**

50 pairs of Men's Summer Shoes, cut to only **$1.98** (worth $3.00 Tan)

48 Men's Vici Summer shoes, worth $2.50, cut to **$1.48**

Boy's' Shoes.
$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.

The Famous Shoe Store
111 West Superior St.

Ladies, attend the Great 49c Kid Glove Sale at The Glass Block Store Saturday. They are worth up to **$1.50**

PREPARING AN ALIBI.

Scheme Was Quite Ingenious But It Didn't Work.

"One evening some years ago," said a New Orleans druggist who had been reminded of a story, "I was standing behind the counter, just about where I am now, when I saw a man slip in very quietly at the side door and stop in the rear of the tall case full of fancy goods. I walked over at once and asked him what I could do for him, and it was at least half a minute before he replied. 'You don't seem very keen for trade,' he said at length, and he spoke in a curious gasping voice, like a man out of breath. 'I've been waiting here,' said he, 'for a quarter of an hour.'

"Now, I was positive that he had just come in, but it is always unwise to contradict a customer, so I made no remark. 'I want you to put me up some quinine capsules,' he went in, 'and be quick about it, for I have an engagement at 8:30 o'clock.' I looked at my watch and told him he had twenty minutes to spare. It was then exactly 8:10. 'All right,' he said, and I went for the quinine. I handed him the package a few moments later, and as he reached for it he upset a tall vase on the counter and broke it all to pieces. It was the clumsiest thing I ever saw, and had any possible motive been apparent I would have sworn he did it on purpose. But he cursed like a pirate, and after much grumbling paid the bill, which was $3, and went away, and I never saw him again.

"Next morning I read in the paper that a murder had been committed in a house nearly half a mile from the store at about 8 o'clock the previous evening. I gave it no special thought, but something like a month later I received a visit from a lawyer, who told me that he represented a certain man who was under suspicion for this very murder, and who expected daily to be placed under arrest. 'My client is not guilty,' he continued, 'and at the time of the crime was nowhere near the house. As nearly as he remembers he was in this store, making some trifling purchase. He recalls it, because he accidentally broke a vase. Do you remember the circumstance?' I did instantly, and of a sudden the whole thing became clear. You see, my attention had been called especially to the hour, and the vase-breaking was evidently a ruse to fix the visit in my mind. I looked the lawyer in the eye. 'Your client entered the store at 8:10,' I said, 'and I have reason to believe he was running just before he reached it.' That ended the conversation. The man was never arrested, but soon after left the city. What was he doing that night? Why, preparing his alibi, of course."

TEA AS IT SHOULD BE.

For making tea use either a china or earthen pot which you are never to wash, but clean by scalding. Pour boiling water in the pot, and stand it on the stove long enough to make sure it is heated through and through; then pour it all off, and put in the tea—one teaspoonful to each half pint of water to be used. Now put in the water, which should have just reached the boil, take the teakettle off the stove, remove the lid, stand the teapot in the opening and let it remain five or six minutes. Or send the pot immediately to the table, and cover with a cozy for ten minutes. It is best in instructing a servant to tell her to look into the teakettle when she thinks it is boiling, to see that the water is really bubbling. The above method gives an excellent cupful of bright tea, but an added step in the process will give a still finer result. It is to wash the tea by pouring off the first cupful of water instantly after adding it, then proceeding as above. This quick boiling water rinse carries off dust impurities, and the tea when made has as a consequence a finer bouquet.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Saturday, June 10,
ONE NIGHT ONLY,
America's Foremost Comedian,
Bobby Gaylor,
With his merry associates in the hilarious farce,
McSorley's Twins.
PRICES 25c, 50c, 75c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Tuesday, June 13.
Engagement of
Roland Reed,
Accompanied by
Isadore Rush,
In his successful comedy,
THE WRONG MR. WRIGHT
Presented with an adequate Scenic Production, showing a view of Fort Monroe, Va.

HILL TOP CASINO and PAVILION.
J. C. MORRIS, Lessee and Manager
Next Sunday and all Next Week, MATINEES DAILY.
"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,"
Military Brass Band, Fashionable Vaudeville, Auocratic Curios, Concessions and Privileges.
POPULAR PRICES.—Afternoon 1:30 sharp; evening 7:30 sharp. Double Bill. Two Shows.

TURNER HALL.
Sixth Ave. E. and Third St.
One Solid Week Commencing **Monday, June 12,**
MARSTON STOCK CO.
Comedy and Drama. Monday, Slaves of Fortune. Prices 10, 20, 30c.

PARLOR THEATER.
to Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, Matinee Saturday, 2:30 p. m.
Mlle. Modesta Burlesque Co.
20—Handsome Ladies—20.
A laughing hit from start to finish.

The makers of the Belvidere Sewing Machine guarantee it for five years; it is as good as any $50.00 Machine, a chance to get one here without any cost.

PRICE CUTTERS THE FAIR

STACK & CO. DULUTH, MINN.

A Coupon Free to a chance on a Sewing Machine with every purchase, the more purchases the better your chance. The machine will be given away June 16.

Saturday is famous here for big bargains and big selling, each succeeding Saturday excels the previous one. The increase in our business is wonderful, but when you consider the reason there is nothing to wonder at. Gold dollars for fifty cents is the most concise way of telling what will happen here tomorrow. Do you want them? The opportunity is here for the mere asking.

5 GREAT SPECIALS, SURPRISING VALUES AT 5 cents.

LONSDALE CAMBRIC—The most sheer Muslin manufactured, 2000 yards mill remnants, from 2 to 10 yards in each length, the regular selling price is 12½c per yard, Saturday's bargain price per yard **5c**

AMOSKEAG AND LANCASTER APRON GINGHAMS—40 pieces received for this sale, you know the value of these Ginghams for aprons and children's dresses, they don't fade, regular price 7½c per yard, we say **5c**

CUPS AND SAUCERS—In best quality white granite, some handled and unhandled, we've got 100 dozen for tomorrow's selling, 100 customers can be supplied with one dozen each at a reduction from 90c per dozen to a pair for **5c**

WRITING PAPER IN BOXES—Each box contains 24 sheets of paper and 24 envelopes (we are the largest sellers of Note Paper in Duluth) octavo, ruled, good cream wave paper and envelopes, worth easily 10c per box, Saturday's special price **5c**

TOILET SOAP for much less money than was made possible ever before, our sales are growing in this department with suggestive rapidity, in fact we sell as many soaps as some manufacturers; tomorrow's soap bargain is a Castile Soap at 6 cakes for **5c**

Among the Many "Self Selling" Goods in Our Line, These Take First Rank:

Red Table Damask, pure oil colors, cardinal red, 64 inches wide, regular selling price per yard 42c **29c**

5 pieces half bleached German Damask, full width, extra heavy, suitable for Iced tops; worth 75c—per yard **49c**

10 pieces Satin Damask, full bleached, extra wide, fine soft finish, all new patterns, worth 75c—per yard **48c**

50 pieces fine percales, full 36 inches wide, very choice selection of styles and colors, light and dark colors, worth 12½c a yard **8c**

25 pieces fine dress Ginghams, quality equal to Scotch goods, fancy checks and stripes in all the newest shades, worth 15c **10c**

Silkolines, 50 styles to select from, in light and dark colors, full yard wide, fine assortment of colors, worth 12½c a yard **9c**

Bath Towels, full size and heavy double thread; 50 dozen to go on sale Saturday, worth 12½c at **9c**

50 dozen Ladies' fast black Hose, narrowed ankle, absolutely stainless, worth 12½c—per pair **7c**

20 dozen Boys' and Misses' Black Ribbed hose, made of fine quality yarn, double heel and toe, worth 12½c **9c**

25 dozen Woman's Hermsdorf black and tan cotton hose, boot pattern, full regular made, worth 25c; per pair **15c**

17 dozen Men's Fine black Cotton Hose, regular selling price 15c—per pair **9c**

22 dozen Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, in Flesh Color, in fancy stripes, good quality, extra strong, worth 50c each **25c**

The Fair is undoubtedly Shirt Waist headquarters, and offers the greatest bargain inducements.

Lot 1.—Women's Shirt Waists made in a variety of desirable patterned Percales, new becoming styles, beautiful colorings, blouse colorings, plaited backs, regular 65c and 75c values; choice **49c**

Lot No. 2—100 choice patterns in Percales, Ginghams and Madras, latest styles, detachable collars, full fronts, plaited backs with collar and cuffs, nicely laundered, regular 85c and $1.00 values **69c**

Lot No. 3—Women's Summer Shirt Waists, in fine quality of lawns, dimities, ginghams and Madras, and fancy novelties, detachable collars, pointed yoke back, plain, tucked and insertion trimmed effects, regular price $1.25 and $1.39 ..... **98c**

Not No. 4—Women's Shirt Waists in fine and fancy colored laws, piques, fancy percales and fine Madras, tucked and insertion trimmed fronts, collars and cuffs nicely laundered, perfect fitting, worth $2.00 and $2.25 ..... **$1.48**

New Wash Skirts—

Fancy Cheviot Skirts in full line of assorted colors, full width, workmanship perfect, worth $1.50 ..... **98c**

New White Pique Skirts, with double row of fine insertion, carefully made, perfect hanging, regular selling price $2.50 ..... **$1.98**

Blue Denim Skirts, elaborately trimmed, with blue and white tailor braid and buttons, very stylish and becoming, worth $1.98 and $2.50 ..... **$1.50**

Sateen Underskirts, made with deep ruffle, full width, regular value 89c; special for this sale **48**

Apron Ginghams, 2000 yards good quality Apron Ginghams, staple and fancy checks, worth 7c per yard **5c**

Ladies' fine Lawn Wrappers, Persian effects, made with yoke, braid trimmed yoke and collar, worth $1.00 each **69c**

Ladies' Wrappers, made of fine quality wrapper cloth, light and dark colors, lace trimmed yoke and braid collars, worth $1.25 ..... **98c**

Ladies' Wrappers, made of good quality percale, double ruffle, nicely trimmed with fancy braid, good assortment of stripes and figures, worth $1.50 ..... **$1.19**

Ladies' Wrappers, in figured sateen or percale, waist with trimmed yoke, skirt made with ruffle, neatly trimmed skirts, fully worth $1.98 ..... **$1.48**

Linen Towels, size 45x20, extra heavy Damask Towels, fringed, plain and fancy borders, worth 19c each; sale price **12½c**

Dress Percales, 25 pieces fine dress Percales, full width in very best, light and dark stripes, worth 9c per yard **5c**

Big Saving Opportunities Are Thickly Grouped on This Page.

Croquet Sets—Extra special for tomorrow—
4-ball sets at 44c
6-ball sets at 54c
8-ball sets at 64c

10 boxes Toilet Paper, in rolls, tomorrow, price 6 rolls for **5c**

Camp Stools — the kind that folds, made of hardwood with heavy canvas seat, regular price 23c, at **15c**

Wash Boards at less than trust prices, hardwood frame, best quality zinc, altogether the best value ever offered at **10c**

Granite Water Pails, worth 50 per cent more than we ask for them; our price **29c**

Rolling Pins, made of highly polished maple, with revolving handles, worth 10c each, at **5c**

Tooth Picks, genuine hard wood, double pointed, the World's Fair brand, regular price 10c, at **5c**

Velocipedes, like Bicycles, are made in different qualities. Our's are the best made. We have them in fair sizes at **99c, $1.19, $1.39, $1.59 and $1.79**

Slop Jar, made of the celebrated indurated fibre ware, worth 39c each, at **25c**

Cotton Clothes Lines, the best white cotton, clean wove goods, 60-foot lengths, worth 15c each, at **8c**

Alarm Clocks, a full nickel case, every one warranted, each **59c**

Boys' Iron Wagons, at the lowest prices. We have seven sizes at the following prices:

69c, 89c, 99c, $1.19, $1.29, $1.39 and $1.49.

Fibre Wash Bowls—The kind that never wear out, worth 25c each, at **13c**

Carpet Sweepers—Bissel's Grand Rapids, with the new "cyco" bearings, worth $3 each. Our price for this sale **$1.98**

Shoe Brushes

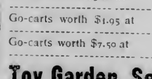
Shoe Brushes with Dauber attached, like cut, worth 25c, at **15c**

Whisk Brooms at a remarkably low price. Broom corn is worth $150 per ton, about three times its usual price, still we sell good whisks at **5c**

Lawn Chairs—Made of hardwood, with fancy striped canvas seat and back, the reclining kind, worth 89c each, at **50c**

SCREEN DOORS—1 to 8 in. frame, not the cheap kind sold at higher prices, our's **59c**

SCREEN WINDOWS—Special at **19c**



20 Dozen Maple Chopping Bowls 13-inch, worth 10c each, at **5c**

Baby Carriages and Go-Carts

Are sold down to a few; the couple left will be sold at a snap.

Cabs worth $8 at **$5.00**
Cabs worth $9.50 at **$6.50**
Cabs worth $12 50 at **$9.48**
Go-carts worth $3 48 at **$2.50**
Go-carts worth $4.95 at **$3.50**
Go-carts worth $7.50 at **$4.98**

Toy Garden Sets—The boys' delight, nice for little girls also. Three pieces in a set, per set **5c**

Madame Pott's Best Nickel Plated Sads—worth 95c per set, at **69c**

Bread Raisers, with cover, the last chance to get one at **25c**

FRESHENING WALL PAPER.

Now wall paper always appears so atrociously new that one should instinctively put off the evil day of the paperhanger's regime for as long as possible. There is always a certain shimmer about a freshly hung wall which gives it away completely. It never harmonizes really with the dim, religious tone of old furniture, no matter how well chosen. There is always something clashing between the two, something not conducive to the complete restfulness engendered by "unity of multitude."

Some people are given to repapering more frequently than is necessary. By care and attention to certain detail the life of a wall paper may be considerably prolonged, with the advantages of saving expense and the perpetuation of art effects, those that come of age's toning efforts. If not exceedingly dirty, for instance a considerable improvement can be obtained by brushing the wall with a soft broom covered with a cloth—a clean, soft one. The brushing should always be done in straight lines in one direction, says the New York Commercial.

If, however, the wall is much soiled, then stale bread will bring it up to a state of freshness almost equal to new. Indeed, it will only lack the objectionable sheen already referred to. A very stale loaf should be employed, cut up in slices. The paper must be rubbed with it in the lightest manner possible, and always in a downward direction. Not more than a yard should be cleaned at a time. The work must be carefully and neatly executed, so as to leave no marks between each section as it is undertaken.

Occasionally a wall is marred by some spot left on it. This may be removed by mixing common pipe clay with water until it attains the consistency of cream. Place this on the spot and leave it there for twenty-four hours. It can then be lightly brushed off. Another method is to place brown paper over the spot and rub with a hot iron. But this does not answer with all papers.

EXQUISITE SACHET PERFUME.

At this season of the year the sweet-smelling herbs for tucking away with the clothing in the winter, are gathered. Many ladies are now using sweet clover to the exclusion of all other scents and perfumes. It is light, fragrant and wonderfully invigorating. Gather great stalks, and when partially dried strip off the leaves and tender ends and dry thoroughly, then tie up in bags of thin silk. Flat sachets for dresser drawers are made in the same way, but for the large bags, to hang in the backs of closets, silkoline or any thin cheap material will answer quite as well.

MORE THAN ITS SHARE

Spalding Has Had an Unusual Number of Accidental Deaths.

A LET UP IS NOW DUE

Some of the Unfortunate Occurrences Within a Few Years Past.

"Speaking of that mysterious something that we variously call luck or fate," remarked one of a group of loungers at one of the clubs last evening, "there's the case of the Spalding hotel. It seems as if there had in the last few years been more unfortunate occurrances there than the normal ratio should be, even for a building as large as the hotel building and with as many tenants as it has.

"In the fall of 1894 'Jack' McKenzie, a prominent citizen and a general favorite, fell from the balcony on the second floor to the floor of the office and was killed one evening. It was during the dinner hour, and there were a large number of people in the office and on the balcony.

"In November of that year a colored barber named E. H. Harrison committed suicide in the barber shop by cutting his throat with a razor while sitting at the cashier's desk. The shop was full of customers at the time. There was a panic when it was realized what had happened, and men rushed out into the street with shaving aprons on and their faces covered with lather.

"The following March a man named Mascotte and his nephew, George Mascotte, 13 years old, were exhibiting a rope fire escape, the invention of the elder Mascotte, by descending on it from one of the upper floors of the hotel on the Superior street front. The rope broke when they were at about the third story and they fell to the sidewalk. The boy struck on his head on the stone walk and was instantly killed. The uncle escaped with both arms broken and a knee cap fractured.

"Then there was the accident of a few days ago, when young Armstrong, a house employe, fell from the third story on the Michigan street front while washing a window and received injuries from which he died in a short time.

"According to the rule of general average, there ought to be a let-up there now for awhile."

THE DAKOTAS.

How Brains and Industry Can Win on North Dakota Farms.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The Daily Call issued a very creditable special number on Wednesday in connection with the fire festival. It was made up largely of special articles written by experts in different lines of industry. An article by Henry Burrows, a farmer of Gardner, is here appended:

"I came to North Dakota twenty years ago, from old England, absolutely ignorant of anything pertaining to farming, as I had been a mining engineer. For six years I worked for a relative, saving enough to purchase a part of the farm I now own.

"I had everything to learn, being unacquainted with stock or machinery, but in a country so fertile and so abundant in production, willing hands and a disposition to learn have enabled me to become the owner of a farm such as generations would not bring to me or my ancestors in my native country, and, in looking at the past, I am certainly not ashamed of my record.

"There is no question about this land being good land, and perhaps a richer tract of land or a finer country cannot be found in the United States for successful raising of all kinds of grain and vegetables, and of a quality unexcelled, and if a man cannot get on here, with the best soil in the world to work, he will be a failure anywhere.

"In farming, as much as in any calling in life, the haggard cannot prosper. Plow in season, and plow thoroughly. Seed early, and, above all, use none but the best seed. On these two propositions depends the whole secret of success in the cultivation of small grain. Early seeding and good plowing, and late seeding with cut-and-cover plowing, is the one secret of one farmer owning his home and stock free and clear, and his neighbor going bankrupt under a load of mortgages.

"Last year's harvest was a good one for me, averaging twenty bushels to the acre. At threshing time we threshed thirty-two one-half tanks, holding on an average of 100 bushels each, in one day. A comparison for the purpose of showing the profit in wheat farming as compared with past years, proved to me that 60-cent wheat of this past year is more profitable than the 80-cent wheat of former years, because of the cheapness of labor, twine and machinery and much lower freight charged. My last crop graded No. 1 northern, as No. 1 hard seems to be a thing of the past, but my grain was never better. In all these years I have never lost a crop.

"I often wonder why farmers in Old England and the Eastern states, continue to farm among stumps and stones, on rented land, when travel is so cheap and farms can be purchased on such reasonable terms in North Dakota.

Sheldon—Sheldon was visited by a $20,000 fire early yesterday morning. It was discovered at 2 o'clock and in two hours a block of six buildings at the west end of Main street was a total loss, with practically all the contents. M. M. Kitty loses a $9000 stock of general merchandise with $4400 insurance; Hanson & Evenson lost $3000 of hardware and machinery with $2500 insurance; Mrs. Emma Powell, of Chicago, owned two buildings valued at $4000, insurance $2500; Fowler & Bank two buildings worth $5000 with $1500 insurance. The Sheldon Enterprise office was gutted as was also the postoffice which was in the Kitty store. The total insurance was about $15,000. The fire is believed to have been caused by a lamp left burning in Kitty's cellar.

Forman—A point in the sand hills north of Milnor, known as "Lighting's Nest," presents a curious phenomenon during thunder storms and is quite a natural curiosity. A deep and narrow basin is formed by four sand hills at each end and opposite each other. During thunder storms lightning seems to use this basin for a play ground and strikes many times on the sides of the hills enclosing it. The

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

spot is avoided with superstitious awe by some of those living in the vicinity and no one cares to venture near during the progress of a storm. Large holes are torn in the sides of the hills during nearly every storm and live stock seeking shelter in the hills from the fury of a storm have fallen victims to the deadly fluid. Just why the spot possesses such an unusual attraction to lightning has never been understood.

Devil's Lake—A term of court for this district will convene here on Monday next, Judge Morgan presiding. The principal case upon the docket is that of the state vs. E. H. Belyea and Albert Sampson, charged with murder in the second degree by reason of the death of one Julia Solberg. It promises to be one of the most sensational trials had in the state for some time past.

Ellendale—George D. Winfree, who was brought here recently from Stillwater, where he served a short term, pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing a rig from Liveryman Mellinger of Oakes, and was sentenced last evening to two years in the penitentiary.

Larimore—The grand lodge of I. O. O. F. and Rebekah assembly, North Dakota, has just closed a very successful annual session in this city.

Pembina—The weather has been very favorable for crops for the past week, and prospects are somewhat better for a fair crop.

Jamestown—Stutsman county has more money on hand than at any previous time in its history. The county treasurer has deposited to the credit of the county $15,-000. No bonds are due until 1902, and the warrants outstanding are called in. Part of the Northern Pacific tax money, $10,-627.50, paid last week, will be apportioned to the state and to the various school districts, but there will be a handsome balance left.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The directors of the Duluth, Pierre & Black Hills railroad met here and elected the following officers: H. R. Horner, president; C. W. Richardson, vice president; L. E. Albright, secretary and treasurer. The board of directors is: H. R. Horner, C. W. Richardson, L. E. Albright, C. L. Hyde, J. C. Eager, J. D. Hilger, C. E. Doland.

The state board of pardons recommended pardons to date from July 1 for Frank M. Davis, sentenced from Turner county on a charge of larceny, and John McGlathern, sentenced from Hamlin county, on a charge of robbery.

Hot Springs—Three laborers on the Burlington road were killed yesterday by the overturning of a steam shovel. Their names were not learned.

WITH MUCH MAIL.

The Steamer Bertha Sails For Points In Alaska.

San Francisco, June 9.—The steamer Bertha sailed today for Alaskan ports. She also took North several postoffice officials, who will be permanently located at Skaguay, Circle City, Valdez and other points in Alaska, where they will expedite the delivery of mail from the outside world. A new American mail route has been laid out from Valdez to Copper Center, and thence to Eagle, on the Yukon. Contracts are also being made to carry the mail twice a month from St. Michael, via Golovin bay, to the new gold diggings in the Cape Nome country.

CONSIDERED IMPORTANT.

The Visit of Commissioners From Island of Jamaica.

New York, June 9.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: Washington officials feel an interest in the coming of Jamaica reciprocity commissioners greater than the trade of the British possession warrants. There is a feeling that before they get through this Jamaica commission will bring to a focus the whole question of the future of the British West Indies.

AGAIN ON THE BEACH.

The Steamer Northam Released But Ran Ashore Again.

Greensfarms, Conn., June 9.—The steamer C. H. Northam, which was beached here on Wednesday night after collision with the Richard Peck, was floated at high tide at midnight and headed out apparently for New York. She had gone only about 1000 yards, when she was turned about and again driven on the beach. No explanation of the maneuver has been made, but it is supposed that the injury to the vessel was found to be so severe as to make it unsafe to proceed in her present condition to New York.

KAFFIRS DECLINE SHARPLY.

London, June 9.—On the stock exchange today Kaffirs opened firm and above yesterday's closing prices, but later they declined sharply.

NEW CASES OF PLAGUE.

Alexandria, Egypt, June 9.—There have been twenty-one cases of the plague here and seven deaths from that disease. Two new cases have just been reported.

OLD AGE.

The Lancet has been discussing old age. Here is a subject which interests everybody, says Edgar Saltus. To the young it is very important. To their elders still more so. The Lancet thinks that we live longer than our forefathers. The thought is profound, but, in view of Methuselah, confusing. The Lancet thinks, too, that old age can be prevented. We are of the same opinion. By way of remedy an early demise has always seemed to us sovereign. The Lancet appears to prefer galvanism. If it has tried it, the result is not yet apparent in its pages. Meanwhile the elixir of youth which Alexander the Great sought in India and Ponce De Leon in Florida is not forthcoming, therapeutically, at least, for axiomatically we have it always with us.

An English specialist who died the year before last, at an age which was generally regarded as very young for him, maintained that it consisted in omitting everything which we like to do and in doing everything which we don't. We are convinced that he was right. The things we like to do are either wicked or injurious, unless they happen to be both. Another specialist—a German this time—maintained that the secret of longevity consisted in matrimony. In support of his thesis he gave the names of fifty centenarians all of whom were widowers, a circumstance which showed, or seemed to, not that matrimony is conducive to longevity, but rather that the man who survives matrimony can survive anything.

Then there was another specialist, neither English nor German, but French, who gave a different receipt to everybody. To one he ascribed his green old age to the fact that he was continually in his cups; to a second he said it was due to the exercise he got out of repeated assaults and battery. A third was confidentially informed that there was nothing like breakfasting at midnight. And so forth and so on. The manufacture of this nonsense delighted him. He had a secret, though, and without suspecting it. It was the faculty of being always amused, and that, with entire deference to the Lancet, we believe is the real one after all.

Spring Underwear.

Handsome line of Underwear at 25c garment, 50c garment, 75c garment, $1.00 garment, $1.50 garment.

CHAS. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

DR. REA

The most reliable and successful Surgeon and Specialist in the treatment of certain Chronic, Nervous and Special Diseases. By request of many friends and patients will make his next regular professional visit to DULUTH, MINN., at his offices, SPALDING HOTEL,

TOMORROW,

SATURDAY, JUNE 10th, from 9 a. m. until 10 p. m. ONE DAY ONLY.

Consultation Free.

No money required of responsible persons to begin treatment.

DR. REA.

Founder of the Charity Health Institute; Author of Popular Medical Works, "Health: How to Retain It;" "Nervous Debility, Its Cause and Cure;" "Plain Talks to Men;" "Woman's Guide to Health and Beauty;" "Electricity and Vital Force," Etc., Etc.

This eminent expert specialist, well and favorably known throughout the United States for the many wonderful cures of Chronic, Nervous and Special Diseases, and Diseases of the Eyes and Ears, that baffled the skill of other physicians and specialists, ably assisted by a regular faculty of skilled physicians and expert specialists, whose experience in the largest hospitals of both Europe and America enable them to successfully treat obscure and chronic diseases. Their long experience, remarkable skill and universal success entitles them to the confidence of the afflicted everywhere. An honest opinion given in every case. If your case is incurable you will be frankly told the truth. Offices are equipped with scientific instruments costing over $5000, including a powerful X-ray apparatus with which the innermost organs may be readily examined.

Cure When Others Fail.

Diseases of the Eyes and Ears, Granulated Lids, Cataract, Cross-eyes straightened without pain or danger, Blindness prevented, Discharging Ears, Deafness, Disease of Nose and Throat, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Diseases of Stomach and Liver, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Jaundice, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Burning Urine, etc., Blood and Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Pimples, Blotches, Birthmarks, Superfluous Hairs, Facial Blemishes, Eczema, Ulcers, etc., Nervous Diseases, Epilepsy, Hysteria, Paralysis, Lack of Vitality, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Functional Heart Disease, Palpitation, Dizziness, etc., Tumors, Cancers cured without pain—new method. Piles and Rectal Diseases, Diseases of Women, Painful Derangements and Displacements, Flooding, Nervousness, Weakness, etc. Modern methods of treatment of which has been universally successful. No unpleasant examinations. No lady, married or single, need hesitate to call for consultation, either alone or with a friend. Consultations private and confidential. Deformities, Club Feet, Spinal Curvature, Goiter, Lack of development of any organ. Small and weak parts enlarged and strengthened. Middle-aged and young men suffering from Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Lost Vigor, Decline of Manly Powers, Drains, Discharges and Losses, Varicocele and all the train of evils resulting from Excesses, Youthful Follies, etc., producing some of the following effects, such as Weakness, Emissions, Pimples and Blotches, Dizziness, Defective Memory, Absence of Will Power, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Sexual Exhaustion, Pain in the Back, Dreams, etc., blighting the most radiant hopes, rendering marriage unhappy and business a failure, sweeping thousands to an untimely grave. No matter who has failed, $500 reward will be given for any disease of stomach, heart, lungs, kidneys, nervous system or weakness of other organs, the result of errors of youth, WHICH WE UNDERTAKE AND CANNOT CURE; 20,000 cases in the last stage cured after others had failed.

WONDERFUL CURES perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. No incurable cases undertaken, but thousands cured after given up to die. Persons receiving satisfactory treatment from home physicians not solicited to call. Cases and correspondence sacredly confidential. Medicines sent to any part of the United States and Canada. If you cannot call write. Address

DR. REA & CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn., 329 Boston Block.

Socialist Lectures.

Socialist lectures under the auspices of the Socialist Labor party will be delivered Saturday evening at Kalamazoo hall. J. H. Opperman will lecture on "The Class Struggle" and Edward Kriz on "Progressive Unionism." Questions will be answered and the discussion will be open to all.

DALY'S REMAINS.

Paris, June 9.—Mrs. Daly, the widow of Augustin Daly, who died suddenly here on Wednesday, left this city for London yesterday evening. Miss Ada Rehan and the Hon. Mrs. Eric Barrington, with the remains of Augustin Daly, left here this morning.

ATHLETE FLOUR IS BEST ADVERTISED BY THE CONTENTS OF THE PACKAGE.

ALL GROCERS.

The Hub
ONE PRICE

The goods we sell are the kind that makes us new customers daily.....

Here Are a Few Saturday Specials.....

Men's Fine Fancy Front Night Robes, sell always at 50c, tomorrow at **35c**

Men's Striped Balbriggan Underwear, fast color, full fashioned 75c value, here tomorrow **39c**

Men's Maco Yarn Hose, Black and Brown only, worth 20c, tomorrow here **10c**

Boys' 50c Negligee Shirts, tomorrow **29c**

Ten Dollars.

You can't possibly match this. Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, cut in the height of fashion, tailored first class, Union made, every fabric made right in the United States: Worsteds, Serges and Cassimeres; we guarantee a perfect fit. At The Hub **$10.00**

Twelve Dollars and Fifty Cents.

Men's and Young Men's Fine Serge Suits, double breasted, satin faced, cut in the acme of style, superbly finished, Union made, every suit guaranteed to fit perfect; the same quality are positively in other stores $15 and $18. At The Hub **$12.50**

Boys' Good Crash Suits, age 3 to 10 years, made in blouse style: here tomorrow **85c**

Boys' Good Crash Suits, age 3 to 10 years, worth 75c, here tomorrow **38c**

SHOE TALK.

See our bargain table in Shoe department. It takes no pushing to make them go.

Men's Shoes worth from $1.50 to $2.00 for a pair **98c**

Men's Shoes worth from $2.00 to $3.50 for a pair **$1.39**

Men's Shoes worth $3.00 to $4.50, for a pair **$1.75**

Boys' Shoes, Vici Kid, Tan or Black, sizes 2½ to 5½, unequalled for style or wear, for a pair **$1.60**

Little Gent Shoes, built of best Casco calf, all solid, sizes 9 to 12, for a pair **80c**

GETTING VERY SCARCE.

Servant Girls Exceedingly Hard to Get In Duluth.

The servant girl problem was never so perplexing to the housekeepers of Duluth as at this time. There was never such a scarcity of help as there is now, and the situation, instead of improving, grows worse. The want columns of the daily papers contain a large number of advertisements reading "girl wanted for general housework" every day, and the number seems to grow. The employment offices have a great number of applications, but can fill very few of them, one of the places has advertised for fifty girls, and can place even more than that. One man, whose wife was ill and the family without help and unable to get any, offered $50 for a first class girl for one month. This condition, if it continues, will have a tendency to make the servant girls more independent than they are now, and households think they are sufficiently scarcely. Wages have advanced, too, and a very ordinary servant can command a good price.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

Five hundred architectural iron workers employed in the various foundries of St. Louis, quit work because their demand for an increase in wages and an 8-hour day had not been complied with. The strike threatens to impede building operations if not settled soon.

Dr. John E. Bradley has resigned as president of Illinois college, Jacksonville. His resignation is to take effect Jan. 1, 1900.

The county authorities at Bangor, Me., arrested eight men as a step towards identifying the men who burned and lea-thered Evangelist Higgins of the Holy Ghost sect at Levant on Monday night.

Gridley James Fox Bryant died at the home for aged men in Boston, aged 86. He was at one time supervising architect of the United States treasury and had designed and supervised many public buildings throughout the country. Although once wealthy he died in poverty.

The Chicago police last night arrested Joseph Walsh as a suspect in the Martin Meier murder case. He denied knowledge of the crime and the police have so far failed to produce any proof of his guilt.

At Philadelphia there was one four deaths and an unusually large number of prostrations directly due to the heat yesterday.

Leonard Mason, a young business man of Renville, Minn., and William Anderson, who just graduated, with honors at the Renville high school, were drowned while bathing in the Minnesota river yesterday.

The French government has taken steps to renew actively negotiations for a reciprocity treaty with the United States and to that end has appointed M. Chapentier as special delegate to assist Ambassador Cambon in conducting the negotiation.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn has promulgated immigrant regulations for the island of Cuba. These regulations are substantially the same as those now in force for the United States, except that the regulations for Cuba make no distinction between aliens arriving from Canada and Mexico and other foreign countries, as is done in the regulations for this country.

Secretary of States Byron S. Boyd of Maine and Private Secretary Smith say that Governor Powers has positively not received any notification from Hon. Thomas B. Reed of the latter's resignation as congressman from Maine.

A party of sixteen educators from Japan universities and schools arrived on the Empress of Japan. They will visit educational institutions in the United States and Canada and are expected to attend the national educational convention at Los Angeles.

The national convention of credit men unanimously elected John Field, of Philadelphia, and Fred rick Standart, of Denver, president and vice president, respectively.

The farewell manifesto of Gen. Gomez has fallen completely flat. The Havana papers have given it very little attention in the way of comment and the local feeling is indifferent. The prevalent criticism has been that the manifesto is not a genuine farewell.

The war department has prepared a statement showing the number of enlistments in the regular army since the war began. At that time the army consisted of 25,000 men. The enlistments since that time have been about 75,000 men. This would make an army of 100,000 men but there were a large number of enlistments made for service in the war with Spain alone and these men have since been discharged.

Nothing has been heard in Washington of an alleged protest to this government against the treatment accorded to the religious orders in the Philippines by the American forces.

Judge Weiss handed down a decision in the Dolbohn court in Pennsylvania declaring unconstitutional the act of 1897 prohibiting the discharge of a Union soldier from public position without cause.

The American Pastry and Manufacturing company was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., today with an authorized capital of $2,000,000. The incorporators are all residents of Jersey City.

Lieut Col. Lewis Thompson Morris, U. S. A., retired, died at his home in Philadelphia of Bright's disease and dropsy, aged 69 years.

It is believed a strike will be inaugurated Saturday morning by the employes of the Cleveland Electric Street railway. There is no question of wages involved. The men object to the schedules and the arrangement of the runs, and have asked for recognition of their union.

Members of the Straw Paper association will meet in New York next Monday. It is alleged, for the purpose of combining all straw paper mills in the country into one corporation.

It is reported that a landslide occurred at Ross Hollow, Ark., and engulfed twenty-eight men, all of whom are supposed to have been killed. Ross Hollow is a pass between two small mountain ranges about twenty-eight miles west of Little Rock on the line of the Choctaw & Memphis railway, now under construction from Little Rock to Howe, I. T. A large force of graders has been engaged in grading the road through the pass.

The Colorado State Federation of Labor adopted resolutions denouncing Governor Charles S. Thomas, as a man unworthy of any further recognition by the toiling masses, on account of his veto of the bill repealing the anti-boycott law, which was passed at the late session of the legislature. In the afternoon the federation voiced two to one to reconsider the resolution denouncing Governor Thomas.

GENTLEMEN!

Attend the great Negligee Shirt Sale, Sweater and Underwear Sale at the Big Glass Block Store Saturday—worth up to $1.50; pick, each **29c**

THE GRADE PROGRAM

The Coming High School Class Holds Its Graduating Exercises.

THE CLASS IS LARGE

More Than Two Hundred Leave the Grades---The Program.

The graduating exercises of the eighth grade of the public schools of the city of Duluth were held last night in the High School Assembly hall, and 224 boys and girls passed from their common school studies into the freshman class of the high school to become the class of '03 in that educational institution. Of this number the Jefferson school contributed 50, the Washington school 42, the Endion school 20, the Lakeside school 18, the Longfellow school 18, the Jackson school 22, the Irving school 14, the Adams school 13, the Franklin school 9, the Emerson school 8, the Glen Avon school 6 and the Fairmount school 3.

The Assembly hall was packed with the relatives of the graduates and their friends and the general public, and when the exercises began there were very few vacant seats. The program was a very good one, and it was a credit alike to the school, to the pupils and to their instructors. After a chorus, "Hail, Columbia, Happy Land," Alice H. Conklin, of the Lowell school, gave a recitation, "The Telegram," in a very pleasing manner. Ell Bergren, of the Fairmount school, then read a well-written essay on "Rudyard Kipling." Annie Elizabeth Nelson, of the Adams school, declaimed Bishop Newman's eulogy on Abraham Lincoln in a very clever style. J. Gorin Harrison, of the Endion school, gave an extract from a speech by Patrick Henry in a very spirited manner. Roy Silas Phillips, of the Longfellow school, gave a declamation, "Charge of the Light Brigade," with a Roman sword drill. Arthur Hanford, of the Jackson school, recited "How David Went to the Circus," from Daisi Harum, in a very creditable manner. Nettie Meining, of the Emerson school, recited George R. Sims' "The Life Boat" pleasingly. Margaret Wallace, of the Irving school, gave a recitation with dumbbell exercise, "Grandmother's Story of Bunker Hill Battle." Both the recitation and the dumbbell exercise were done very cleverly. Mabel Hollister, of the Lakeside school, read a very interesting and well-written essay on "Life in Cuba," and Jane Carr, of the Washington school, recited one of Riley's poems, "The South Wind in the Sun," doing it very nicely. Florence Brown, of the Jefferson school, recited Kiplings "Pharaoh and the Sergeant," with club swinging, and she did both very prettily.

The dumbbell, club and sword exercises were among the best parts of the entertainment. Where they were accompanied by recitations from the various schools the pupils gave the exercises, and some very pretty work was done. The Franklin, Longfellow, Irving and Jefferson schools took part in these exercises. They were done to music, and the performers were uniformed, making a very pleasing display. At the close of the program Superintendent Denfeld made a short address, and said the diplomas to the graduates would be given to them by their teachers.

Tonight is commencement night at the high school, and the class of '99 will make its final appearance in the public schools. The program is as follows:

Overture ..... Orchestra.
Invocation .....
Essay—"Signs" ..... Eva Johnson.
Solo ..... Marion MacMillan.
Essay—"Theodore Roosevelt" ..... Thomas C. Kelly.
Musical selection ..... Orchestra.
Essay—"Trusts" ..... Bernard Meldhal.
Valse solo—"The Night Bird's Cooing" ..... H. J. Sayers
Essay—"Traditions" ..... Miss Mayme Bagley.
Musical selection ..... Anna White.
Orchestra.
Essay—"Our Servants" ..... Edith Thompson.
Chorus—"Alma Mater" ..... Class of '99.
Presentation of class ..... Principal Lyman.
Presentation of diplomas ..... Superintendent Denfeld.
Closing chorus—"Triumphales" ..... The School.

BADLY BEATEN.

Andrew Erickson Considerably Battered In a Row on a Boat.

A woodsman named Andrew Erickson, was terribly beaten and kicked about the head and face yesterday afternoon on the steamer Hunter in a fight with a man whose name is unknown. Erickson was rendered unconscious for a time. On the arrival here of the steamer, he was taken to St. Mary's hospital, his assailant escaped from the boat when it landed.

Erickson and another man of the same name and the man who did the beating, an Irishman, the latter two woosmen also, boarded the boat at South Shore Point. They had all been drinking, it is said. The fight occurred on the lower deck, where the three were alone. The other man named Erickson stood by without interfering to help his namesake and the Irishman kicked and beat his antagonist to his heart's content. The injured man was found insensible by some of the crew who happened along. His face was swollen terribly and covered with blood. On reviving he complained of pains about his body and stomach.

Erickson's assailant tried to leave the boat at Blue point, jumping overboard and stanrting to swim ashore but a boat was lowered and he was caught and taken back to the steamer. There was no officer at the wheel and the man got away during the bustle incident to landing.

Dr. Magie, who attended Erickson, does not think he is injured internally.

FROM OVER THE SEA.

The duke of Orleans, who left Palermo yesterday, is now on board his yacht at Genoa and expresses his intention to go to Paris soon.

A change in the wind has somewhat shifted the position of the American liner Paris, now on the rocks near the Manacles, seriously hampering salvage operations. The heavy sea has stopped the work, which is not likely to be resumed for a fortnight.

It is officially announced that the pope, at a secret consistory on June 19, will create twelve Italian cardinals, including the nuncio at Madrid, the archbishop of Goritz, the archbishop of Toulouse, the Latin patriarchs of Constantinople and Antioch and others. A public consistory will be held June 22, when a number of Italian and foreign bishops will be preconized.

Mrs. Choate, the wife of the United States ambassador, will present at the next drawing room, Miss Sumner, Mrs. Francis C. Barlow and the Misses Gertrude Minturn, Taylor, Apperson, all of New York.

At a mass meeting in Glasgow of manufacturers, ship owners and merchants, a resolution was passed expressing alarm at the serious injury to British and colonial trade arising from the continued and threatened extension of foreign competition.

Both the house of lords and the house of commons passed votes of thanks to Gen. Lord Kitchener of Khartoum and the other officers and men engaged in the Soudan campaign. Michael Davitt, Irish national member for South Mayo, protested and challenged a division, with the result that there were 222 votes in favor of the motion and 20 against it. A. J. Balfour, the government leader, remarked that Mr. Davitt attended the house "as an avowed enemy of our country," adding that he understood a British reverse would not break his heart.

IN MICHIGAN.

Ishpeming Miners Are Warned Against Going to the Idaho Country.

Ishpeming—This city has been papered with notices to the wage workers, reading as follows: "Whereas, there are notices scattered about the city calling for 1000 men to work in Idaho, we, the Federated Trades and Labor council of the city of Ishpeming, Mich., and vicinity, advise all wage workers to remain away from Idaho for the reason that every man must work under military protection, and by so doing the operators would be able to defeat the union and finally reduce wages."

The above notice was the result of an effort which is being made in this region to get skilled miners for the Idaho mines.

Houghton—In view of the large number of workmen that are coming into the country daily, it is surprising that there should be a scarcity of labor, and yet this is the situation. The incoming trains continue to be crowded, and it must be said that a desirable class of workmen has of late been attracted by the opportunities to secure steady employment and fair remuneration. Many of the new arrivals are finding their way to the Copper Range railroad or the new mining properties south of the Baltic. Good miners are still in active demand at most of the mines, but especially the new ones, which, by the way, are now in condition to offer the best of accommodations to their employes. Times were never so good but what every village the country over has a class that are afraid of looking for employment for fear that they might secure it, and the towns of this county are no exception. There is no excuse for anyone being out of employment now.

At a depth of about thirty feet the lode at the Mohawk was reached this week at the new No. 2 shaft, which is located about 1100 feet from No. 2. The first blast into the formation revealed copper, and the showing is said to be even better than that at the other shafts at the same depth. Another shaft will be under way at no distant date.

Some exploratory work is being done on the Torch Lake property, on section 35, located east of the Tecumseh.

SPORTING NOTES.

Terry McGovern, the Brooklyn bantam weight boxer, won another victory last night at the Broadway Athletic club by forcing Billy Barrett, of New York, to cry "quit" in the middle of the tenth round of what was to have been a 25-round fight at catch weights. McGovern forced the fighting from the start. While Barrett's blows lacked force, McGovern's raised welts wherever he landed.

The annual tournament of the National Gun club of Milwaukee opened yesterday at Cahne park with eight events on the program. The shoot will continue for three days. Only one outsider, Deering, of Columbus, Wis., was present, the others being local sportsmen. Clay pigeons were the targets. Deering, Charles Smith and Farber carried off the honors.

The American chess player Marshall won both of his adjourned games with Jones and Esser last night and thereby took the lead in the minor tournament of the international congress, now in progress in London.

The first annual congress of the Inter Cyclist association is now being held in London, with the leading European countries represented. The delegates have decided to recognize no American bicycle racers except those bearing certificates of the League of American Wheelmen.

SURPRISE FOR BOTH.

Perhaps Mrs. Inez Adams is sorry that she spoke and perhaps she is happy to know that she cornered Miss Bessie Braden, of this city, with the question, "Are you really in love with my husband?" Ukiah is not trying to solve the problem, but is simply standing smilingly by, figuratively speaking, and enjoying a very peculiar matrimonial situation, says a special dispatch from Ukiah, Cal.

Mrs. Inez Adams is a fairly good-looking married woman who has made herself quite popular with the people of this section. Some eight or ten months ago she visited San Francisco as Miss Inez Sloper, and when she returned she was a bride. Her hubby had been an employe of the Palace hotel. He was a fine looking young man and one who appeared to be much attached to his bride. The couple lived happily together until Miss Braden's sweet face caught the fickle fancy of Adams, and gossips had it that there was sure to be a scandal.

The scandal came. Miss Braden and Mrs. Adams had been very good friends, yet last Sunday when the married lady asked the Miss to take dinner at the Adams home there was some surprise in certain circles. Miss Braden accepted the invitation and the dinner was set for 4.

The climax was a genuine surprise for Adams and Miss Braden, but they accepted the situation with a coolness that was, to say the least, astonishing. Mrs. Adams set her trap very neatly. She was successful in making her point, but she was undoubtedly unprepared for the manner in which her husband received the shock. He recovered with marvelous suavity, and now a divorce will follow.

This is what Mrs. Adams said:

"Miss Braden, I understand that you are in love with my husband, and you, sir, I believe, have been keeping company secretly with this girl." Mrs. Adams was dramatic. She arose from her seat and delivered herself with startling emphasis. Then came the counter surprise.

Adams walked over to Miss Braden's seat and calmly took the young girl by the hand. "I love this woman," he replied. "I cannot control my feelings. We will sperate."

Miss Braden is a pretty schoolgirl, about 19 years old. Since the scandal she has been dismissed from the normal class.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Midsummer Clearing Sale
OF CHILDREN'S REEFERS AND JACKETS
From 2 to 14 Years.

As the season is closing, we are determined not to have one garment left after tomorrow night. In order to do that, and do it quickly, we have made two lots:—

Lot 1. All Children's Reefers and Jackets that were $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50, for to-morrow's sale **$1.00**

Lot 2. All Reefers and Jackets that were $3.50 to $7.50, for to-morrow's sale **$2.00**

The tailor-made suits selling to-morrow will be more interesting than ever, for we propose to give exceptional values, and no lady intending to purchase a suit can afford to miss this opportunity.

Ladies' Neckwear, including Four-in-Hand, Chiffon and Mott Scarfs 2 and 2½ yards long, Pique Ties, black Neck Boas, the very latest, at special low prices for to-morrow.

50 Capes in tan, red and navy, for Ladies and Misses. The price on these Capes was from $3.50 to $11.00. We place them all for to-morrow's sale at one price of **$2.50**

We made this cut so deep that every cape must be sold.

Hose for Ladies, Men and Children. Ladies' fast black hose, the very best make and as good as are generally sold at 50c. Come to-morrow and you can get them at **25c**

Misses' and Children's Hose, 30 dozen fast black, heavy ribbed, and we venture to say equal to any 25c hose. To-morrow at **12½c**

Men's half hose in black, tan and fancies, all new and clean goods and as good as any sold for 50c. Our price **25c**

$1.45 Will buy of us the very best Crash Skirt in this country; best in material, best in workmanship and best in style.

Children's Headwear. We are showing the greatest variety in Muslin, Silk and Straws, all of the very latest styles, good in quality, low in prices. Our 25c lisle Vests for ladies, in white and ecru, full sleeves and sleeveless, handsomely trimmed, are considered the best value. This morning we received 25 boxes of new ones.

Our $1.00 Kid Glove has made its reputation on the very day we began selling them. Every pair guaranteed by us for wear and fit, how many houses in this country can you find that will do that.

Our Millinery Parlor is busy, busy taking orders, busy selling trimmed hats, busy selling new sailors and all the new creations. No accumulations of old stuff here to be slaughtered at half price in midseason.

The new Magazines and Pamphlets for July style are out. Come and get one.

TO APPLY THE TORCH

Story That Cubans Will Burn the Island If Americans Remain.

IT IS DOING HARM

Opinion of a Minister on the Military Government In Cuba.

New York, June 9.—The Herald says: In a private letter received from a distinguished Cuban, now a resident of the United States, is a most sensational statement about the plans of the irreconcilable Cuban leaders. The writer is conservative and is in a position to know what is going on at present in Cuba. The information is as follows:

"The latest story from Cuba, which I have every reason to believe, having been told me by a prominent Cuban whose intimacy with the leaders in Havana lends authority to the statement, is that the former revolutionary element has decided to make a virtue of necessity and gracefully, to outward appearances, accept American intervention.

"At the end of two years, however, if Cuban independence is not acknowledged and the government transferred to the Cubans, the torch is to be applied from one end of the island to the other, by which means all foreign investments will be destroyed. When it is considered that the wealth of Cuba is dependent on agricultural developments, chiefly cane and tobacco, and that a firebrand maliciously applied in a dry canefield would cause the destruction of thousands of dollars of value in a single night, the enormity of the plot becomes apparent."

A CUBAN OUTBREAK.

If It Occurs Americans Will Be at Fault.

New York, June 9.—The Rev. Alfred DeBarritt, who four months ago founded a Congregational church in the city of Havana, has returned to this country for help in aid of his religious and educational work in Cuba. Mr. De Barritt spoke today about present conditions in Cuba and the possibility of an outbreak against the Americans.

"If this occurs," he said, "it will be the fault of the Americans. The Cubans are a peaceful people, but they are also proud and sensitive, and many things have been done recently to anger them. The Cubans feel that they are being treated very much as though they had been conquered by us. At any rate the Washington authorities should do away with the present military government. It is worse than unnecessary; it is doing an immense deal of harm.

"A great many of the American officers do not like the Cubans, and don't scruple to let this be known. How can you expect the Cubans to like them? Gen. Brooke and Gen. Lee are liked and trusted, but their influence for good is nullified by the attitude of other officers.

"The payment of the Cuban troops, and requiring them to lay down their arms was a mistake. The disarming was a great humiliation to the men, and the first thing a good many of them did with their $75 each was to buy new guns and machetes.

"There is as yet no distinct idea in the minds of the majority of the people as to what they really want, whether annexation or independence. But they obtain their ideas of the United States government from the American officers, and these ideas are not favorable."

AMUSEMENTS.

GAYLOR IN "McSORLEY'S TWINS."

No Irish comedian has ever been more widely known or been more popular than Bobby Gaylor, who will be at the Lyceum theatre tomorrow evening in that funny farce comedy, "McSorley's Twins." Never has there been a delineator of character comedy who has had so many followers and would-be imitators as Bobby Gaylor. But his style is something that cannot be successfully copied, from the fact that his greatest charm lies in his "genuine naturalism." The company is highly spoken of.

MARSTEN STOCK COMPANY.

Next week the Marsten Stock company will play a week's engagement at Turner hall, opening Monday evening in "Slaves of Fortune." The company is headed by Theodore Marsten and Florence Stanley, and comes well recommended.

WEAVERS' STRIKE SETTLED.

Marinette, Wis., June 9.—The shingle mills strike was settled today and the men will return to work Monday morning. The union received nearly all the wages asked for. The state board of arbitration was instrumental in bringing about a settlement.

Mr. Cotton's New Horse.

Joseph B. Cotton is the proud owner of a thoroughbred Kentucky horse, one of the finest that ever went out of that state famous for its horses. The animal is a beauty, and has more different gaits than it has legs. Duluth has very few fine saddle horses, and Mr. Cotton unquestionably has the finest that the city can produce.

Place For a Fireman.

On July 1, 1899, the United States civil service commission will hold an examination of applicants for the position of firemen in the Duluth custom house. The salary that is paid is $720 a year, or $60 a month. Applicants must be between 21 and 60 years of age, and must be physically sound. The commission calls attention to the fact that while all citizens of the United States may apply, the practice is to give preference to those who are legal residents of the place or vicinity where the vacancy exists.

MISSES' TAN SHOES.....
worth $2.00 and $2.50
$1.38

Over 200 pairs of our best Tan Shoes, all button, made by Cox, Merriam & Williams and Hoyt. Widths A to E.

$3.00

Ladies—All our $4.00 Tan Shoes, Turn and Welt Vestings and Kid Tops, now selling at, a pair **$3.00**

Boys' $1.25 Tan Canvas Bike Shoe, leather soles **98c**

Misses' Tan and Black Lace Shoes, worth $1.35, our price **98c**

Boys' School or Play Shoes, wear like iron, ... **98c**

PHILLIPS & CO.,
SELLERS OF GOOD SHOES.

FOURTEEN PAGES--SECTION ONE--PAGES 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SEVENTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1899. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Carpets and Rugs

We carry at all times the largest stock and best selection of CARPETS AND RUGS shown in Duluth. Our prices are the lowest, and you can depend upon every carpet bought here as being exactly as represented.

Any Body Brussels in the store 90c
Including the standard makes, such as Hartford, Lowell and Glen Echo

Ingrain Carpets, a yard 25c
Heavy Ingrain Carpets, a yard 45c
A Special Line of Ingrains, a yard 55c
These are very choice patterns.
Good Brussels Carpet, a yard 55c
Axminsters and Velvets, up from 75c

$25.00 worth of Goods ..... $5.00 a Month
$40.00 worth of Goods ..... $6.00 a Month
$50.00 worth of Goods ..... $7.00 a Month
$60.00 worth of Goods ..... $8.00 a Month
$75.00 worth of Goods ..... $9.00 a Month
$100.00 worth of Goods ..... $10.00 a Month
THIS MAKES PAYING EASY.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Complete House Furnishers.

We Have Them! Come and see for yourselves.
A full line of Eastman Kodaks and Supplies.
Base Balls, Bats, Masks, Gloves, Etc.
Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 West Superior Street.

Offices Duluth & West Duluth
H. E. Smith & Co.
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS.
REAL ESTATE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.
Offices—Palladio Building and West Duluth Bank Building. See us Before Negotiating Securities.

Fourth of July Posters. Don't put off ordering posters for the Glorious Fourth—do it now.
We have the best poster equipment in Northern Minnesota. Mail orders promptly attended to.
'Phone 338. PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers. 15 Second Ave. W.

NOW ON SALE AT THE BIG STORE...
Our 200 Chamber Suits
Our 140 Steel Ranges.
I bought an immense stock before the advance, and I will sell goods with a very slight advance over the present wholesale prices, and still make money.
N. B.—No goods sold to other dealers.
C. O. NELSON,
Pioneer House Furnisher. Nineteenth Ave. W. and Superior St.

I want to see those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Dr. D. H. DAY, Dentist.
Rooms 5 and 6, Phoenix Block.

ABOUT WRINGERS

It's a fact that GOOD WRINGERS are hard to get; the "just as good" as the Kelly kind are common and can be had at any price, from $1.13 to $1.69 (more or less.) Our new ones are probably the finest ever shown in Duluth—good FRAMES, good BEARINGS, good ROLLERS—just a little better than the other fellow's best. That's why we are successful wringer merchants. Good things are our long suit anyhow. We have told you about Radiant Home and Buck Stoves and Columbian Ware and Palmer Hammocks. This time its WRINGERS. Wringers usual sizes and wringers extra sizes, plain bearing and ball bearing, wood frames and iron frames, and last, but not least, right prices. We invite you.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.
'Phone 21. 118 WEST SUPERIOR ST. We Deliver Promptly.
Reliable Hardware Merchants. Retailers of Highest Grade Enameled Goods.

COUNTRY CLEARED

A Brief Engagement Against the Insurgents Around San Pedro Macati.

HEAT OVERPOWERING

And There Were Many Prostrations of Americans as a Result.

Manila, June 10, 1:30 p. m.—At daybreak today 4500 men under Gens. Lawton, Wheaton and Ovenshine advanced from San Pedro Macati, sweeping the country between the bay of Manilla and Bay Lake, south of Manilla. By noon the country had been cleared almost to Paranaque.

The Americans lost two officers killed and twenty-one soldiers wounded. The insurgents resisted desperately at the strongest of their positions, and left fifty dead in the trenches. Many more wounded were left behind by the rebels in their retreat.

The heat during the day was overpowering and there were many prostrations of American soldiers from that cause.

6 p. m.—Gen. Lawton's force consisted of two battalions each of the Twenty-first and Ninth infantry, six companies of the Colorado volunteers and a detachment of artillery.

The Nevada cavalry was under Gen. Wheaton and the Thirteenth and Fourteenth infantry, the Fourth cavalry and a detachment of light artillery were under Gen. Ovenshine.

It was scarcely dawn when the troops, in a long, silent procession wound up the hillside behind the American trenches and formed a skirmish line. Concealed in the jungle, the advance rebel outposts fired a few shots before being seen. The opposing forces occupied two ranges of crescent-shaped hills.

The artillery, the Colorado infantry and the Nevada cavalry swung around the hill to the left and opened the battle at 6:30. The rebels made no response from the hills and the Colorado men cautiously advanced through the thick growth of grass until they were confronted by a trench, from which a few weak volleys were fired. A spirited response followed and a charge into the trench found it to be deserted.

In the meantime part of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth regiments formed in skirmish line, extending a mile to the right, and, supported by the rest of the regiments, swept down the valley and up the hill toward another trench.

Approaching, the morass seriously hampered the Fourteenth and the rebels, taking advantage of this, poured a galling fire upon them for thirty minutes. The Fourteenth was twice compelled to withdraw for the purpose of finding a safe crossing in the swamp. Finally the trench was enfiladed on both flanks. The rebels fled to the woods and sustained severe loss.

Gen. Lawton then pushed his entire command south, through the center of the isthmus, until a few miles south of Paranaque, when he swung around and halted on account of the heat.

During the march Americans were prostrated on all sides owing to the lack of water and exposure to the sun. It is estimated that 40 per cent of the troops were exhausted.

The double-turreted monitor Monadnock and three other vessels shelled Paranaque this morning and the rebels promptly evacuated the place.

THE FILIPINO WOUNDED.

They are Kindly Treated in the American Hospital.

Washington, June 10.—Among the reports submitted by Gen. Otis concerning the operations of the army in Manilla is one from Col. Henry Lippincott, chief surgeon of the army, for the month of March. Col. Lippincott says:

"The long list of engagements between our troops and the Filipinos, continuing through the month, resulted in the following casualties to our command:

"Killed—Officers, 6; enlisted men, 71. Died from wounds—Officers, 2; enlisted men, 14. Wounded—Officers, 18; enlisted men, 485. Total casualties for the month, 596. Total casualties since outbreak, 1029.

"Our force has been much overworked, but nevertheless has met every emergency.

"Maj. Crosby has put up excellent tenwards, and the purveyor, Maj. Corbusier, has furnished abundant supplies of all kinds at short notice. Considering the work done and the disadvantages we labor under, being so far from our base, I can safely say that the success in meeting all requirements thus far has ben marvelous.

"The Filipino wounded still receive the same kind attention they have in the past, no efforts being spared to make them comfortable and give them every chance for recovery.

"Number of Filipinos admitted to hospital during the month, 85; number died, 8; number transferred, 22; remaining in hospital under treatment, 89."

A SURGEON SUCCUMBS.

Washington, June 10.—The war department received the following dispatch:

Manilla, June 10.—Adjutant General, Washington: First Lieut. Richard B. Westnidge, surgeon, United States army, died here at 4 o'clock this day of typhoid fever. OTIS.

Chicago, June 10.—First Lieut. William B. Westnedge, surgeon, United States army, who is reported dead of typhoid fever in the Philippines, graduated from Rush Medical college, Chicago, in the class of '97. He married Miss Alice Gould shortly after he received his degree, and took up the practice of medicine in Dubuque, Iowa. He enlisted from that point, and was ordered to the Philippines. Mrs. Westnedge is now residing in California, where she went immediately after her husband enlisted for the war.

TO PROTECT LOUBET.

Paris, June 10.—The prefecture of police has issued an announcement that 6000 police, twenty squadrons of cavalry and a brigade of infantry will be stationed tomorrow between the Elysee palace and the paddock at Longchamp, upon the occasion of President Loubet's visit at the race course in order to witness the race for the Grand Prix de Paris.

Numerous companies of cavalry and infantry will also be distributed at certain points in Paris, where disturbances are thought to be possible.

MOLINEUX'S CASE.

Three Different Writs Obtained By His Attorney.

New York, June 10.—George Gordon Battle, of counsel for Roland B. Molineaux, appeared before Justice Gildersleeve, in supreme court chambers today, and obtained writs of prohibition, habeas corpus and certiorari in the case, citing Justice Jerome of the court of special sessions and District Attorney Gardner to appear before Justice Gildersleeve, at 10:30 o'clock Monday morning, to show cause why Roland B. Molineaux is detained in prison.

The writ of prohibition sets forth that inasmuch as the grand jury could not review the case without an order of the court of general sessions, an inferior magistrate is without jurisdiction. The writ of habeas corpus orders Warden Hagen to produce Molineux in court today, and the writ of certiorari reviews the proceedings before Magistrate Jerome yesterday.

A WHITEWASH.

Report of Court of Inquiry In the Fifteenth Minnesota Case.

Washington, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Army and Navy Register today prints the following: "The record of the court of inquiry in the case of Capt. Leonhauser has been received by the war department. Capt. Leonhauser was reprimanded by Gen. Young. He demanded a court of inquiry. The court practically acquits Capt. Leonhauser, but sustains Gen. Young and recommends that no further proceedings be taken." Capt. Leonhauser was colonel of the Fifteenth Minnesota and the case grew out of the rioting by members of that regiment when one of their number was killed by a civilian.

* * *

Upon recommendation of Congressman Heatwole, Frank P. Wakefield, of Hutchinson, has been appointed supervisor of the census for the Third congressional district.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

MEIER'S WILL MISSING.

Also Money Which Murdered Man Had About Him.

Chicago, June 10.—The will of Martin Meier, the eccentric Swiss who on Wednesday was found bound and murdered in his home on West Fifty-seventh street, is missing. Mortgages amounting to $18,000 and other papers were found in Meier's safety deposit box today, but an envelope, marked "will of Martin Meier," contained nothing but naturalization papers and a burial lot receipt. The $1800 which Mier is said to have received prior to his death was not in the box.

Besides the $18,000 in mortgages, $18,000 in cash was also found. This did not, however, include the $180 Meier is known to have received a few days previous to his death, as the deposit vault records show that Meier's last visit was on May 3rd.

The police are convinced that the murderers secured at least that amount in cash.

SIX PERISHED.

Horrors of the Edmonton Route Related By Three Survivors.

Victoria, B. C., June 10.—Three survivors of a party of nine from Halifax, N. S., who started into Alaska one year ago over the Edmonton route, have arrived here. They are Jacob Boutier, a carpenter, of Halifax; J. I. Danbrock, Victoria; Frank Johnson, Halifax. They report that their six companions perished on the trail. Their names were:

I. Dickson, clerk.
— Dommick.
A. L. Igard, a machinist.
— Dunsward, an engineer.
Lon Gobbons, a goldsmith.
John Brown, a jeweler.
All were residents of Halifax.

STREET CARS ATTACKED.

The Cleveland Strike Attended By Considerable Disorder.

Cleveland, June 10.—There has been considerable disorder today in connection with the street car strike.

At 9 o'clock this morning, five hours after the big strike was declared, the Big Consolidated made its first attempt to run a car over its lines, starting from the Lakeview barns. The car had proceeded but a few hundred feet when it was surrounded by strikers and sympathizers yelling and hooting. Then eggs began to fly. The men on the car paid little attention to the demonstration.

The crowd surged about the car, and ordered the men in charge to leave and join the strikers.

President Bryan of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Men drove up at a furious pace and urged the strikers to refrain from violence, and do nothing to discredit their cause. The men yielded and the car went on.

At 9:45 another car loaded with deputies was started from the Lakeview barns. This also was hooted, but no violence was attempted. Both cars made the round trip unmolested.

As the first car was entering the barn on its return a stone struck Jacob Kratz, a new man, in the head. He is in a serious condition.

SHARKEY'S BLUFF.

San Francisco, June 10.—Tom Sharkey has issued a statement in which he declares he "is still the champion heavyweight of the world," and that Jeffries will have to dispose of him before laying claim to the title. He thought Jeffries had greatly improved.

IS IN A TIGHT FIX

England Cannot Retreat From Her Position Regarding the Transvaal.

AND WAR IS LIKELY

United States Has Not Been Asked to Act as Arbitrator.

London, June 10.—It is not improbable that the crisis in the Transvaal will be hastened today by some untoward incident at Johannesburg. J. B. Robinson, the South African millionaire and mine owner, received a telegram today from his agent at Johannesburg, saying the situation there is most serious.

The agent added that a mass meeting of uitlanders was held today, in order to confirm and support the proposals of the British high commissioner, Sir Alfred Milner. As open air meetings are not allowed without permission, it is not improbable, if the necessary permission is not obtained, that the police will endeavor to stop the meeting.

The concensus of opinion among prominent uitlanders and South African capitalists in London is that the British government is in a tight fix; that it cannot retreat from its position, and that if President Kruger does not recede, war is inevitable.

Regarding the situation that the United States be asked to mediate between the Transvaal and Great Britain, Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador, says:

"While every good American would welcome the possibility of helping a solution of the present situation, we have not been approached in the matter, and I personally know nothing of this proposed mediation by America."

An official of the foreign office, in conversation with a representative of the Associated Press, says:

"We have not approached America nor has America approached us in this matter, and it is very unlikely that America will be asked to do anything of the kind, much as we value the good feeling existing between the two countries."

A detachment of 200 royal engineers sailed today for South Africa from Southampton.

KRUGER ENDORSED.

Pretoria, Transvaal, June 10.—After deliberation in secret all morning the volksraad yesterday afternoon approved President Kruger's franchise proposals and instructed the government to draw them up in the form of a law, which will be submitted to the volksraad. The volksraad yesterday also passed a resolution of regret that the British high commissioner had not accepted President Kruger's proposals, which the volksraad "considers reasonable in the highest degree."

THE PARIS DOOMED.

A Strong Southeast Storm is Crushing the Steamer.

Coverack, Cornwall, June 10.—The American line steamer Paris, which ran on the rocks off the Manacles May 21, is known to be doomed. A southeast wind is blowing, bringing in heavy seas, which are driving the steamer astern landwards. Her boilers have shifted, her false bottoms are gone and the divers are unable to work. The officers of the steamer leave here today.

With the exception of about a dozen men, who remain with the captain, and three officers, all the crew of the Paris have left here. On arrival of the last batch of the crew at Falmouth to be paid off, a fracas occurred with the agents and the underwriters.

The agents refused to pay the men's fares home, which the sailors strongly resented, as they had stood by the ship until nearly the end.

There is now nearly thirty feet of water in the holds of the Paris.

The quartermaster, who was on deck when the steamer struck, says he saw a warning flare from a pilot boat, but it was not interpreted as a sign the Paris was in a dangerous position. The ship's helm was nearly starboarded in order to clear the pilot boat and the course, W. N. W., was immediately resumed. He adds that but for this temporary alteration the Paris would have sunk alongside the Mohegan.

A BIG SHOOT.

The Scheutzen Bund to Be Held at Dubuque.

Dubuque, Iowa, June 10.—The tournament of the Central Scheutzen Bund of North America, to be held here June 22-25, promises to be one of the largest sporting events of the year. About 1000 sharpshooters from various points between the Ohio river and the Pacific coast will contest for the $5000 or more offered in prizes. The association includes thirty-five societies, with a membership of nearly 4000. Besides representatives from each of them, the Zettler Rifle club of greater New York will send a team, as will the Hartford Rifle club, of Hartford, Conn. The most interest will center in the main or honor target, the prizes aggregating $3000. Each society will send a team of six to contest for society honors, the one making the best record receiving a diploma and a silk banner trophy.

TORNADO IN SPAIN.

Madrid, June 10.—A tornado yesterday swept over San Pedro and Alasse, in the province of Valladolid. About 150 houses were destroyed and there was a great loss of life. Ten bodies have already been recovered from the ruins. Toledo has been visited by a great storm which has done much damage. The lower portions of the city were flooded.

KAUTZ AT HONOLULU.

Washington, June 10.—A telegram received at the navy department from Admiral Kautz at Honolulu, via San Francisco, states that he arrived at Honolulu, June 1. He was to leave on June 10 and arrive at San Francisco on June 22.

"A VICI WEEK"

VICI KID TRADE MARK REGISTERED

This is the trade mark for Robert H. Foerderer's products, the man who has built by far the largest business of the kind in all the world.

See it on leather, it means

VICI KID

the best of all kid. Soft as buckskin, durable as calf, dressy as patent leather. This is what drove French Kid from the market and made a new standard of kid excellence. No one but Mr. Foerderer makes Vici Kid, no one else can make it. See this mark on a Shoe Dressing, it means

VICI DRESSING

the most marvelous life-keeper and life-restorer for kid shoes or any shoes. It keeps them young and mellow, and should double their wear. See it on a Shoe Polish, it is

VICI POLISH

the perfection of a kid shoe shine bringer. Each of these is the creation of one man, and are made only by him. A perfect leather and a perfect treatment for leather while in wear.

Always Ask For VICI KID SHOES, VICI DRESSING and VICI POLISH.

Then you'll get the best of best.

During the coming week we shall make our customers acquainted with the special merits of Vici Kid and the Vici Dressings. One is as important as the other. The best of leather will not give up its best service unless cared for properly. The shoes you buy of us may possess every element of satisfaction, but if neglected when in use you will fail to get it from them.

We shall have a ladies' maid and competent people all this week in our shoe department to tell you of the Vici Kid and to teach you how to properly care for it, or for any other leather, when in use. The lesson is one worth learning.

AS A FITTING CLIMAX

To the week's work, we shall make Saturday, June 17th,

DOLLS' DAY

at our store. On that day we have arranged to give a pair of Dolls' VICI KID slippers to every girl in Duluth and Superior who, accompanied by a parent, brings her doll to the store. No matter how big the doll or how little, or how odd its feet are shaped, we have a pair of slippers ready for it, or we will have them made to order.

We want every woman, child and man hereabout to know VICI KID, the best of all kid for shoe wear. We want them to know the genuine, and that it costs no more than an imitation. We want them all to know that there is no dressing for kid shoes, or any fine shoes, for that matter, the equal of Vici Dressing.

Extraordinary Bargains For TONIGHT!

Between the hours of 7 and 10 p. m.

CANDIES.

25 pails Gum Drops, the 10c kind, for ..... 5c lb
1000 lbs Fresh Marshmallows, only ..... 15c lb
500 lbs Caramels, the 25c kind, only ..... 15c lb
1000 lbs Assorted Candy, worth 25c, for ..... 10c lb
1000 lbs Choice Chocolates, only ..... 15c lb
Not less than 5c worth of the above sold.

Boys' Caps.
50 dozen Boys' Tams, Golf Caps, and Rim Hats, worth up to 48c, tonight only 25c

Umbrellas.—300 Paragon Frame Umbrellas, worth up to $1.50, for 99c

Don't forget the Ladies' Glove Sale tonight 49c

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT
PANTON & WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

THE QUEEN PATRONESS

First Time In Sixty-Six Years Queen Victoria So Serves.

THE MAYBRICK CASE

The Society For the Amendment of Criminal Law Assisting Her.

London, June 10.—(Copyrighted, 1899, by the Associated Press.)—The splendid weather of the past week brought fashionable people to the parks and streets, and has given London the gayest appearance. The heat of the early part of the week has been tempered by cool breezes during the last couple of days.

Every one is now looking forward to the Ascot races, where a very large attendance is expected, although few houses around Ascot have been taken. The prince of Wales will entertain a bachelors' party at Hemlett house and the duke and duchess of Marlborough will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Beckitt at Ascot. The duke and duchess of Westminster, the duke and duchess of Portland, and the duke and duchess of Devonshire will entertain big parties.

Ascot, however, will be shorn of its leading feature by the omission of the usual procession, by the omission of the prince of Wales and the other royal ones will drive to the course privately, the queen having prohibited the procession, in order to mark the bereavement of the family, mourning for Prince Alfred of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha and the queen of Denmark.

Society is intensely interested in the coming great bazaar at Lindsey hall in aid of the Charing Cross hospital, which is expected to net at least $250,000. People moving in the highest ranks of society will give their services at the various stalls. Mrs. Arthur Paget and Mrs. Renals being the very soul of the affair. The American stall, which will be decorated gorgeously with American colors, will be attended by Mesdames Choate, Bradley-Martin and Rounds and Miss Drexel. Mrs. Bacon's American stall in the flower stall is a novel arrangement in papier mache. She has obtained gifts of the choicest sorts from Joseph Chamberlain. Baron Scarsdale and other famous growers. Col. Arthur Paget visited the stock exchange and sent his hat around to defray the expenses of boarding over the floor of Albert hall and netted $2000, and the earl and countess of Craven and Mrs. Bradley-Martin invited contributions of unique and valuable pieces of silver among their friends for sale at the Arcadian stall. Lady Randolph Churchill has definitely secured the services of Mesdames Patti, Melba, Calve, Nevada and other stars for the concert which is to be held on the first day, and Beerbohm Tree has secured Sir Henry Irving, George Alexander, John Hare, Mr. Kendals and others for the second day's entertainment. The queen is a patroness of the bazaar. It is the first time she has acted as patroness of a bazaar in sixty-six years. She accepted upon this occasion because her first patronage, when she was 11 years old, was given for the Charing Cross hospital.

The Society for the Amendment of Criminal Law met this week under the presidency of Sir Charles Cameron. The members are keenly interested in the case of Mrs. Maybrick. They include Lord James of Hereford, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster; Augustine Birrell, the famous Liberal barrister and author; Justice Maughan-Williams and Matthew Wright. Sir Charles Cameron, who is well known as a prison reformer, said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"The Maybrick case is one of the planks of our society's platform and now that Sir Matthew White Ridley, secretary of state to the home department, is reviewing the case by Lord Salisbury's mission and through the presence of the American government, exerted through their excellent ambassador, it will only be a matter of a very short time, in my opinion, before her unconditional release. Until then this strong society will never cease to back up all efforts in that direction."

United States ambassador Choate, Mrs. Choate and Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. White and James R. Carter, second secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. Carter attended the reception and dance given by the marquis of Lansdowne, the secretary of war, on Wednesday, which was one of the most brilliant events of the season.

Mr. Choate has had an exceedingly busy week with the Alaskan negotiations. Incidentally a publisher named Sands announced his intention to collect and publish Mr. Choate's bon mots and anecdotes as "Mr. Choate's Jest Book." But Mr. Choate expostulated, with the result that the book was suppressed.

Charles Russell tells the Associated Press that all work on the cup challenger is proceeding very smoothly and that a fine craft is emerging from Fife's bleas, which are being faithfully adhered to, and that whatever her racing merits may prove to be the Shamrock will be as perfect a model yacht in construction as ever entered a race.

The Hon. Rupert Cecil Craven has been fined in the Marylebone police court for kicking a lawyer's clerk out of his house, Bingham lodge, where he served the petition of Craven's wife, against whom charges are made, pending a divorce suit. Craven ejected the clerk to serve the petition and then kicked him out of the door. Craven is a brother-in-law of the vaudeville Craven, and he was his brother's best man at the wedding.

Richard Croker made his first appearance on a race course since his recent arrival in England to witness his horse run at the Brighton meeting on Thursday.

Tod Sloan has given the newspapers a letter he received from New York signed S. A. Becker, demanding $250 under a threat of exposing the jockey as using the writer's invention of an electrical battery. It was run races on lead horses. The writer said: "We are stopped here by the law, and now you are reaping the fruits of our invention. I think it time to step in and call you down."

Justin McCarthy had a cataract on his right eye removed on Thursday at the Royal Eye hospital, and is now progressing satisfactorily.

The De Wolf Hopper company opens at the Lyric theater in "El Capitan" July 10.

The most important event of the week was Sarah Bernhardt's appearance at the Adelphi on Thursday, but she is reserving "Hamlet" until next week. The great French actress has grown much stouter.

Annie Russell, whose illness prevented an anticipated renewal of last year's successful appearance in London, returns to America by the White Star line steamer Majestic on Wednesday. Her physician is confident that all she needs is complete rest. Miss Russell, therefore, will not appear on the stage until the opening of the Garden theater, New York, next November when she will appear in a new play which Charles Frohman has just arranged for her use in America and next year in London.

NO ALASKA CHARTERS.

Canadian Government Waits For Settlement of Boundary Line.

Ottawa, Ont., June 10.—The government will not charter any transportation companies in the Yukon country this session. Before the railways committee adjourned the minister of railways announced that the government had decided for reasons that would readily occur to most that for this session at least it would not be advisable to charter railways going into the Yukon.

This decision will kill the following bills: The Alaska Yukon Railway company; Alaskan and Northwestern Railway company; Canadian Yukon Railway company, and the Yukon Pacific Railway company. It will probably affect the bill respecting the British Yukon Mining, Trading and Transportation company, and the bill respecting the Yukon Mining, Trading and Transportation company.

The cold chills of fear run up and down the back of the bravest man when he looks down the barrel of a death-dealing Winchester in the hands of a man who means "shoot."

Every hour and every minute men face death in a more frequent and equally certain form—death in the guise of that deadliest enemy of mankind—consumption. Out of all the tens of thousands who yearly die from consumption 98 per cent. could be saved. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is an almost unfailing cure if taken in the earlier stages of the disease. It will cure consumption and all allied diseases, as bronchial, throat and nasal affections. It cures by going to first principles. A man's body starves a long time before consumption attacks him. The tissues of his lungs starve for lack of sufficient nourishment. They become inert and half dead and then are attacked by the bacilli of consumption. The "Golden Medical Discovery" restores the long-lost appetite; it strengthens the weak stomach and corrects the impaired digestion; it promotes the flow of digestive juices and facilitates the assimilation of the life-giving elements of the food into the blood. When the blood is pure and rich, old inert tissues are torn down, carried off and excreted, and new, healthy, muscular tissues replace them. It allays inflammation of the mucous membranes, soothes the cough, facilitates expectoration, and deepens the breathing, supplying the system with a much needed stock of oxygen. It drives out all impurities and disease germs. Medicine dealers sell it.

"I was first taken nearly two years ago with choking and aching in my throat," writes Mrs. D. Z. Moore, of Deming, Grant Co., N. Mexico. "I took everything I could think of and spent a great deal of money. Three doctors treated me. My throat ulcerated and I lost my voice. I could scarcely talk. The doctors called the trouble bronchial affection, and said the larynx was badly affected. I was almost dead with consumption. My neighbors thought I would not live a month. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. From the first, I commenced to improve and now have as good health as ever. I owe my life to Dr. Pierce."

DAN STUART'S OPINION.

He Backed Fitzsimmons and Expected Him to Win.

Galesvton, Texas, June 10.—Dan A. Stuart, of Dallas, who engineered the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight at Carson City, when asked what he thought of the fight between Fitzsimmons and Jeffries, said:

"I had expected to see Fitzsimmons win. I have always backed him and backed him in this fight. I have not seen him in a year and a half, but I presume it is a case of youth against man that had been too long in the ring. I know, of course, that Fitzsimmons was getting pretty old for the ring, but I never thought a great deal of Jeffries."

GEN. WARNER DENIES IT.

Never Said That Silver Was a Secondary Issue.

Chicago, June 10.—The press bureau of the Democratic national committee has received the following letter from Gen. Warner:

Holly Springs, Ga., June 10.—Hon. Devlin, Esq.: Dear Sir—I have never said to anybody that silver is a secondary issue. I have said that inasmuch as the next congress was almost certain to pass a currency bill, the currency phase of the money question was likely for the time being to attract a large share of public attention, while the government or the banks shall issue our currency. The money question has lost none of its credit and I do not think any backward step on this question will be taken by the Democrats in 1900. There will, however, be other prominent issues—the trusts and imperialism. Very truly yours,

A. J. WARNER.

BASEBALL.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 6; Cincinnati, 3.
At New York—New York, 7; Cleveland, 6.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Washington, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 5; Milwaukee, 0.
At Detroit—Detroit, 2; Kansas City, 1.
At Buffalo—Minneapolis, 5; Buffalo, 0.
At Columbus—St. Paul, 2; Columbus, 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	47	36	.766
Boston	44	30	.682
St. Louis	45	27	.600
Baltimore	45	26	.578
Philadelphia	45	26	.578
Chicago	46	26	.565
Cincinnati	49	27	.472
New York	45	21	.467
Pittsburg	43	17	.395
Washington	47	17	.362
Louisville	45	11	.244
Cleveland	42	8	.190

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Per Cent.
Minneapolis	39	27	.692
St. Paul	38	24	.632
Milwaukee	38	21	.553
Columbus	37	18	.486
Detroit	37	19	.514
Indianapolis	37	19	.514
Buffalo	36	15	.417
Kansas City	38	13	.325

FAVORS BEER INSPECTION.

Chicago, June 10.—In his testimony before the senatorial committee which is inquiring into the pure food question, Capt. Fred Pabst, of Milwaukee, said a national law would be a very good thing, as it would protect the honest manufacturers and the honest consumer.

WITH DERYFUS ON BOARD.

Cayenne, French Guiana, June 10.—The French cruiser Sfax left the islands at 6:30 this morning with Dreyfus on board. The latter embarked on the warship at 7 o'clock yesterday morning.

$15.50 Buffalo and Return $15.50

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic and Detroit and Cleveland steamers, on sale June 9, 11, 12 and 13, good for returning on or before July 2. Come in and talk it over. 426 Spalding Hotel block.

Teachers' Excursion Rates.

EASTERN POINTS.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Tickets to Eastern points on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19. Extremely low rates. Full particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

LOWER RATES TO EASTERN POINTS.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Reduction in one way rates to Albany, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Toronto, Montreal, Syracuse Eastern and Canadian points generally. Summer tourist excursion rates to Eastern and Western resorts. Full particulars at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

MUCH LIKE DULUTH'S

The Street Railway Employes of Cleveland Go Out on Strike.

CARS ALL TIED UP

Main Contention of Men Is For Recognition of the Union.

Cleveland, June 10.—At 4 o'clock this morning the motormen and conductors of the Cleveland Electric Railway company, known locally as the Big Consolidated, declared a strike, tying up the entire system, including the Euclid, Wade Park, Cedar, Central, Scoville, Wilson, Broadway, Jennings and Brooklyn lines. An order was sent at once to committees at each barn to not let the day cars start out.

President Bryan announced that no more conferences would be held with the company unless the officers seek out and treat with the union. Not a car will be run on any of the lines of the Big Consolidated today if the men can help it. Men on the way here to take the place of strikers have been headed off the men say.

The Big Consolidated employes demand, first, the recognition by the company of their union, which is part of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes of America. Secondly, they want a board of arbitration to pass upon alleged violations of company rules when a man is discharged for violating the rule, and the union's officers and the company's management disagree upon the disposition of his case.

They want summary dismissals for causes not clearly apparent to them stopped. The men charge that they have been numerous discharged on trifling reasons. The men want, thirdly, an abatement of "swing" runs. In a "swing" run a man gets pay for only the hours he works, but the working course, that Fitzsimmons was getting pretty old for the ring, but I never thought a great deal of Jeffries."

No attempt will be made to run cars today. Strikers have started a bus service.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Exceptional Firmness In Prices a Noteworthy Feature.

New York, June 10.—Bradstreet's says: Exceptional firmness in prices at the highest level as regards general values reached, a reasonably small rate of business mortality, unfinished industrial activity, perhaps most manifest in all branches of trade in which iron, steel and other metals enter, and large bank clearings, reflected to some extent the improved tone of stocks, on likewise large payments on previous profitable business, are among the features, not necessarily new, but still noteworthy, reflected in trade advices.

Enlarged shipments of breadstuffs, a result of recent buying induced by crop damage reports at home and abroad, have, it is true, not been sufficient to offset liquidation on the late moderate rise in wheat, but this is partially explained by continued good advices from the spring wheat crop, confirmed by liberal receipts at primary points.

Iron and steel display all of their old and some new strength as the urgent demand for the balance of the year and the usual summer shut-down seems to be honored more in the breach than in the observance in this trade.

The usual early spring predictions of an immense reduction in cotton acreage have failed of realization, and current estimates favor a falling off of 5 to 6 per cent in the cotton belt as a whole. This, added to good trade at home and abroad, and advices that the crop has not yet made up all the time lost by a backward season, has strengthened values of the raw material slightly. Small supplies of old corn and exports of too much rain in some sections have helped this cereal, and are likewise reflected in hog products, but the prospects favor a very large acreage.

SEVERAL PUT OFF.

Detroit, Mich., June 10.—Jack Hammond, of this city, knocked out Paddy Nagle, of St. Catherines, Ont., in the fourth round here last night before the Athletic Athletic club. Jim Watts, of Louisville, and Kid Wellman, a local man, met for six rounds and Watts got the decision. Wellman was knocked down and out, and the gong ended the sixth round. Billy Peters, of Birmingham, Eng., was to have met Walter Bull, fighting Dempsey, but man was substituted. Andy Ward, of Sarnia, Ont., lasted 1 minute and 50 seconds before Frank Stackhouse, of this city. Fountain Farrell, the trainer, was put out by Charles Cross, of Detroit in the first round.

A BANDIT LYNCHED.

Santiago de Cuba, June 10.—An official report from Holguin today described the lynching of Antonio Garcia, a bandit chief, who was taken from the gendarmerie by indignant citizens and hung. Holguin is one of the most lawless districts in the island and this summary punishment under all conditions is regarded as a favorable symptom. Several of Garcia's accomplices have offered to surrender to the American commander at Holguin, who cabled Gen. Wood for instructions. Gen. Wood's answer was: "Make no terms with them. Arrest the criminals."

COL. HILL DEAD.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 10.—Lieut. Col. Edgar P. Hill of the Twenty-third Wisconsin infantry, died at the Soldiers' home hospital of paralysis, aged 71 years. He was well known in Wisconsin and had many friends both here and in the East.

FORBES BESTS LEON.

St. Louis, June 10.—At the West End club last night Clarence Forbes, of Chicago, was given the decision in a 12-round contest with Casper Leon, of New York, for the bantam weight championship of America. There was fast work throughout the contest in which Forbes had the better of it.

TROUBLE IN VENEZUELA.

Caracas, Venezuela, June 3.—Armed troops are invading the Andes provinces under the leadership of Cipranico Civestao. The movement is believed to be local.

RIOTS IN INDIA.

Bombay, India, June 10.—Serious riots have broken out in the Tinnevelly district. Madras presidency between the Maribars and Kulvers on the one side and the Shanars on the other. Several villages have been attacked and plundered, a number of houses burned and some lives lost. Troops have been summoned to the scene of disturbance from Trichinopoly, an important Anglo-Indian post.

There is

no need to make inquiries for a pure whiskey for use in the sick room. The long desired and most desirable article is well known, and is kept in every drug store and grocery. Nay, more; the fame of the purity and stimulating properties of

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

has come to the ears of the Government, who, seeing that it is a real medicine, require that it pay the tax which all medicines must pay.

If you have not yet tried it, try it now, and you will verify these words by your own experience.

TRIED AGAIN.

A. J. Whiteman Sentenced to the Bridewell For One Year.

Chicago, June 10.—Alonzo J. Whiteman, alias E. M. Clarke, formerly of Duluth, who was arrested in St. Louis nearly a year ago, charged with obtaining money from the Grand Pacific hotel by means of bogus checks, was sentenced yesterday to one year's imprisonment in the Bridewell, in addition to a fine of $2000.

In delivering the opinion Judge Freeman affirmed the findings of the criminal court, which last July adjudged Whiteman guilty.

The appeal was from the order of the criminal court, which was entered by Judge Baker, and was prosecuted on behalf of Whiteman on the ground that errors were allowed by the court at the trial. One of the points raised was the statement that in passing the worthless checks no verbal statement that they were valid was made to the clerk that received them. On this question the appellate judge says:

"It is not necessary to make verbal presentations. Conduct is often fully as expressive as words, and the passing for value of a check known to be worthless is a sufficient false pretense."

Early in May, 1898, Whiteman registered at the Grand Pacific, and at the end of the week tendered in payment of his bill a draft purporting to have been drawn by the Lawrence National bank of Lawrence, Kans., on the Bus. National bank of New York city, made payable to one Frank W. Bowman, and endorsed to the order of E. M. Clarke, by which name Whiteman had registered. Whiteman later drew out the balance between his account and the amount of the draft, $250, and left for St. Louis, where he was arrested at the Southern hotel, where he was registered as W. H. Martin. A large number of similar drafts, drawn on the Lawrence bank in different names, were found in his possession at the time.

SUPREME COURT CASES.

Seventeen New Decisions Have Been Handed Down.

St. Paul, June 10.—Seventeen decisions were handed down by the supreme court yesterday. In one of them Justice Buck files a dissenting opinion. That is in the case of the railroad and warehouse commission vs. the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway company. The village of Emmons is located in Freeborn county on the Iowa line. Just across the line in Iowa is an incorporate village called Norman. The people of Emmons sought to compel the railroad company to build a depot and freight house on Emmons, which is unincorporated. The two villages are 7-10 of a mile apart and a majority of the court decides against Emmons. Justice Buck dissents, holding that the company should be required to build a depot at Emmons.

Another reversal is in the case of John Cotter as guardian and administrator of the estate of Will T. Egan vs. the Royal Neighbors of America. The suit is on an insurance policy, and the reversal favors the Royal Neighbors. It is held that the policy holder suicided while insane and the certificate of insurance was null and void. Other decisions were as follows:

C. Ida Roberts, respondent, vs. Village of St. James, appellant. Order affirmed. Start, C. J.

Arpin Packing company, appellant, vs. George H. Benown, doing business as the Meat and Provision company, defendant; Louis A. Ilabischek, garnishee, respondent. Order affirmed. Start, C. J.

C. Ferdinand F. Fritz, appellant, vs. Julia Ramspott, respondent. Order modified. Start, C. J.

N. J. Burnett, respondent, vs. Great Northern Railway company, appellant. Order affirmed. Start, C. J.

George Walters, respondent, vs. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway company, appellant. Judgment reversed. Start, C. J.

State of Minnesota, plaintiff, vs. George Frein, defendant. Order reversed. Start, C. J.

Peter Fairweather, respondent, vs. Ole Nelson et al., defendants; Fred Plath, appellant. Order reversed. Mitchell, J.

Julia A. Storch and F. Storch, appellants, vs. Reinhardt, E. Dumkel, et al., respondents. Order affirmed. Mitchell, J.

Cornish, Curtis, Gree & Co., plaintiffs, respondent, vs. Fred Marty et al., defendants Fred Marty, appellant; Pioneer Pasteurizing company, defendants, respondent. Order affirmed. Mitchell, J.

John W. Watt, respondent, vs. First National Bank of Lake Benton, Minn., appellant. Order affirmed. Mitchell, J.

The Fidelity and Casualty company, of New York, appellant, vs. Elvira E. Crays, as administratrix of estates of E. W. Crays, deceased, respondent. Order affirmed. Mitchell, J.

Andrew Stadin, respondent, vs. Brita Helin et al., defendants; Brita Helin, appellant. Judgment affirmed. Mitchell, J.

Does Your Head Itch?

Are you troubled with dandruff? Is your hair falling out? Are you gradually getting bald? Have you tried many so-called hair restoratives with unsatisfactory results? If so we urge you to try our Globe Hair Restorative and Dandruff Cure, which is positively guaranteed to permanently cure all the above ailments. Your money will be refunded if it fails to do the work. Will be sent to any address prepaid for $2.00. Globe Manufacturing Co., Grinnell, Iowa. Sold and guaranteed by A. Quailly, Max Wirth, S. F. Boyce, S. O. Sterrett, Duluth Minn.

Wisconsin Central Lines.

Through sleeping cars from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Milwaukee and Chicago.

Sunday trains to Fond du Lac and Spirit Lake, leaving Union depot at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.

THE DAKOTAS.

Northern Part of North Dakota Greatly Alarmed Over Smallpox.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—A passenger who came in on the Jamestown & Northern train, states that the northern part of the state is greatly alarmed over the prevalence of smallpox. There are nine cases of he disease reported at Fessenden, two at Harvey and several at Devil's Lake. The people living in the towns named are making every possible effort to keep the facts from being known and are attempting to spread the report that the disease is simply chickenpox. The cases are of a mild form of smallpox and efforts are being made to cope successfully with the disease. So far no deaths have occurred.

Medora—The horses of Senator McGillivray were attached by the sheriff of this county yesterday for seven years' back taxes.

Sheldon—The entire business portion of the town burned here Thursday.

Oakes—Arthur Baker, a single man of 22 years, was killed yesterday near Oakes. He was driving a grain drill and, falling in front of it, was strangled by getting his neck between the drill shoes. He was not mangled in any way. He was a son of G. M. Baker, a prominent farmer in this county.

Grand Forks—Lars Bolsgrin, of Adams township, Walsh county, cut his own throat and that of his child while his wife was absent in Park River buying groceries. Bolsgrin had been an inmate of the asylum, but was supposed now to be sane.

Valley City—Adventists of North and South Dakota are gathering here for their annual camp meeting in the park.

Hope—The races are to be held on July 3, 4 and 5, and entries are being made already. Among the celebrated trainer and driver, has located here, and has a string of twelve horses, including trotters and pacers. Among them are such good ones as Felix, Chestnut, Buena Vista, Vadness and Daisy Miller.

Medora—The attorney for Jack Trusty, who was sent to the penitentiary for ten years for murder, will apply to the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus, on the ground that the murder of Barnett having been committed in Alvord county, Billings county had no jurisdiction in the case. A late decision of the court has declared the act making Alvord county a part of Billings unconstitutional.

Mayville—The city council of the city of Mayville has sold its $21,000 of bonds issued for the construction of its electric light and waterworks. The Goose River bank of this city was the purchaser. The price paid was $22,508.50, or $1,508.50 per cent. The contract has been let to the firm of W. I. Gray & Co., of Minneapolis, and the work will go on at once.

Fargo—The Turk, Hali Adali, lost his match with Duncan McMillan here last night after the two had wrestled for an hour and a half. The match was arranged over the prevalence of sporadism from all over the state were present. The Oriental contracted to throw McMillan four times in one hour, actual wrestling time, catch-as-catch-can and Graeco-Roman alternately. The Turk won the first fall in 17 minutes 37 seconds, the second in 25 minutes 27 seconds, leaving less than seventeen minutes for the next two falls, which he was unable to get. Both falls were by half Nelson and half strangle holds.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday for the Pierre Stock Yards association to transact a general cattle business with a capital of $50,000. The incorporators are J. D. Illiger, G. K. Murch and F. G. Huss, and the stockholders are among the strongest cattle firms working in this part of the state.

Hot Springs—An accident in Chilson canyon, between Minnekahta and Edgemont, caused the death of Joe Munson and J. C. Taylor Tuesday night. The men were shipping for Kilpatrick Bros. & Collins, filling in a cattle guard over Sheep's canyon. The accident was caused by a slide in a hillside where the fill was being made. Munson is from Minneapolis and Taylor is a farm hand from Michigan.

DALY'S REMAINS.

They Will Be Accompanied Home by Mrs. Daly.

Southampton, June 10.—The remains of Augustin Daly, who died in Paris on Wednesday, arrived here today from Havre. The casket was enclosed in a case marked "A. D., New York." It was removed from the steamer and placed in a railroad vehicle, which transferred it to the Empress dock for shipment to the United States by the American line steamer New York, which sails today.

Mrs. Daly will be a passenger on the same steamer. Only the honorable Mrs. Erick Fairbairn, a friend of the family, accompanied the remains from Paris.

THE LORD HELPED JIM.

Opinion of Champion Jeffries' Father on the Battle.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 10.—When a reporter called at the home of Champion Jeffries' father in East Los Angeles last night he found the lights out and the family asleep. After some time the family was aroused and came down to hear the news of the fight. Mr. Jeffries, who is a preacher and who does not approve of his son's profession, did not appear elated over the result, though he asked several questions as to what round the fight ended and if anyone was hurt. Being assured that neither his son nor Fitzsimmons had sustained serious injury, he said:

"It's just as I said some time ago when I was asked for an expression as to the coming battle: the Lord was in the fight; he was with Jim, and of course Jim won."

Mrs. Jeffries was delighted that her son had won and immediated, sent the following to him:

"I am glad you have won the victory you have worked so hard for.

"MOTHER."

VESSEL WRECKED.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 10.—The three-masted schooner George A. Howes, the home port of which vessel is Philadelphia, was found wrecked about 6 o'clock last night two miles off Barnegat by the life saving crew of Barnegat station. The life savers, as soon as the storm abated, went out to the vessel, which had turned bottom up. The schooner was light, bound from New York to Newberne, S. C.

A CHICAGO EVENT.

Chicago, June 10.—"Young" Mahoney, of Philadelphia, defeated "Dewilmington Jack" Daley last night. Mahoney landed frequently with his left on the face of his opponent, but never with great force. Previous to the main event Walter Bloem and Jimmy Howard, of Philadelphia, went six rounds, Bloem's short blows gave him the decision.

THE ROBBERS SEPARATED.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 10.—A posse of Lander officers is after three men suspected of being implicated in the Union Pacific hold-up at Wilcox. Six were concerned in the hold-up and the party separated, three making for the Shoshone Indian reservation by way of Lander, and the others being the three now being hunted north of Casper.

NO NATIVE TROOPS.

Washington, June 10.—There is no warrant for the statement that Gen. Otis had been authorized to enlist as many natives as he chose and had cabled the war department declining to take advantage of the offer. Gen Otis was authorized to enlist some native Filipinos as scouts and guides, and has enlisted 200. His authorization did not contemplate the enlistment of bodies of troops for service.

A GOOD CIRCULATION! A GOOD CONSTITUTION!

IS MADE BY USING

MATT J. JOHNSON'S

It Cures Rheumatism. It Cures Liver Complaint. **6088** It Purifies the Blood. It Opens the Bowels.

TRAVELER'S LETTER NO. 5.

H. J. JUDD & CO., Ornamental Brass Works, Chicago, Ill.

MATT J. JOHNSON,

Please send two bottles of 6088. I got one bottle while in your city and it has helped me more than anything I ever took.

Respectfully, F. H. LIBBY, Chicago, Ill.

For Sale and Guaranteed By—

S. F. Boyce, William Spencer, West Duluth; Max Wirth, Shesgren & Son, Smith & Smith, Lyceum Pharmacy.

DID HE FLEE?

Report That Antonio Barrios Was Compelled to Leave Guatemala.

San Francisco, June 10.—Antonio Barrios, leader of the Liberal party of Guatemala, whose followers are striving to place him on the presidential chair, now occupied by Estrada Cabrera, was a passenger on the Pacific mail steamer San Jose from Panama today. He is a son of the late Gen. Barrios, founder of the Liberal party of Guatemala, whose term as president covered a period of fourteen years.

Senor Barrios, while admitting that his residence in San Francisco was due to political differences between his sympathizers and the party in power, would not acknowledge that he was forced to flee from his country. Other passengers, however, who arrived by the same steamer say that not only was he compelled to take his departure, but President Cabrera allowed him only two days to do so. They say also that Guatemala is on the verge of a revolution, which will probably result in the downfall of the Cabrera government to the gain of the Liberals, who are almost unanimous in their choice of Antonio Barrios for president.

Another Strike!

Is made by the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, when a $15.50 round trip to Buffalo is offered to the public, good leaving Duluth June 11, 12 and 13. Return limit or or before July 2. 426 Spalding Hotel block.

Teachers' Rates,

Round trip and one way. Special rates via "The North-Western Line." New York, round trip, $30. Boston, $21. Proportionate rates to other Eastern points. Through sleepers and free chair cars. Full information 405 W. Superior St.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three hundred and eleven 63-100 dollars ($311.63), principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice on a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by James H. Robinson and Agnes Robinson, his wife, of St. Louis County, Minn., mortgagors, to Anna B. Robson, formerly Anna B. Watson, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of February, A. D. 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 12th day of February, 1895, at four o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, page 330. And no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered nine (9), of block two hundred eighty-nine (289), West Duluth, Fourth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house, in Duluth, said county and state, on July 17th, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said principal debt, interest, insurance and $50.00 attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Duluth, June 3rd, 1899.

MARY G. BAKER,
Mortgagee.

THOMAS S. WOOD,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8-15-1899.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum seven hundred ninety-eight and 88-100 ($798.88) dollars, principal, interest and insurance, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, on a certain mortgage made by Patrick Nicholson and Anna Nicholson, his wife, mortgagors, to Mary G. Baker, mortgagee, bearing date November 1st, A. D. 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, November 29th, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 104 of mortgages, on page 127; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered nine (9), of block two hundred eighty-nine (289), West Duluth, Fourth Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house, in Duluth, said county and state, on July 17th, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said principal debt, interest, insurance and $50.00 attorney's fee, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

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THOMAS S. WOOD,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8-15-1899.

NEWS BOILED DOWN.

The steamer Etruria will take out today 554,000 ounces of silver.

At Warsaw, Ind., James Walker, a professional cook, in a fit of jealousy cut his wife's throat and then his own. She is still alive with a chance of recovery. He died instantly.

Western passenger men have practically agreed to a strict maintenance of rates and to refrain from anything that will have a tendency to create demoralization until June 19.

Col. Hartigan of the Second Illinois regiment, telegraphed Governor Tanner, requesting him to tender his services to President McKinley when he calls for troops in the Philippines.

The president, it is said, under no circumstances would consent to extend an offer of mediation between Great Britain and the Transvaal save upon request of both parties to the pending dispute.

According to the Echo, the jockeys, Madden, Sloan and Cannon refuse to go to Paris to ride in the Grand Prix.

An American lawyer, aged 40, and his wife, a native of Berlin, aged 45, committed suicide at Berlin by taking poison. It is supposed that poverty was the cause of the act.

The Berliner Tageblatt says that Prince Hohenlohe has granted an audience to the Rev. Gilbert Edward, an American missionary and author of the scheme to form an international institute in Pekin, and it is believed that the formation of a German committee is completed.

It is rumored in Rome that the Italian delegation at the peace conference will propose that the pope have a permanent seat on the arbitration bureau.

BIG DEAL IN PROSPECT.

Indianapolis, June 10.—The most important electric railway deal that has ever been proposed in this state is now under consideration by the organizers of the syndicate that recently purchased the plant in this city and those properties who have several franchises for electric lines to various county seats.

It is proposed to unite this city with Franklin, Greenfield, Noblesville, Martinsville, Danville and other county seats by a system of electric lines and then extend the system from time to time until it shall embrace more distant points. The capital of the new company will be $4,000,000, and Hugh McGowan, who is at the head of the street car companies here, and the Eastern capitalists who are associated with him, are engaged in the deal.

HELPED NOMINATE LINCOLN.

Janesville, Wis., June 10.—Judge John E. Bennett of the circuit court died suddenly last night of apoplexy, after an illness of three hours. Judge Bennett was 79 years of age. He was at one time active in politics and was a delegate to the national convention which nominated Lincoln for president.

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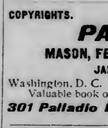

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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

They Are Going To California!

The National Educational Association, and the general public as well, at the time of the great convention at Los Angeles in July.

The round-trip rate will be a one-way fare, plus two dollars. Liberal stop-overs and choice of return routes to those who go by the

Santa Fe Route.

This route is the coolest, most replete with interest for the educated traveler, and 24 to 36 hours shorter than any other. Send for particulars.

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ADVANCE IN PRICES

Trading In Wheat Was Dull, Awaiting the Government Report.

THE CABLES HIGHER

Continuance of Favorable Weather In the Spring Wheat Country.

Duluth Board of Trade, June 10.—The overshadowing influence on the wheat market today was the government crop report, due this afternoon. It was expected to be bearish, and for this reason no one was anxious to buy. On the other hand there was not much disposition to sell short. As a result, the market ruled quite dull. The other bearish factors were heavy Northwest receipts and a continuance of favorable weather in the spring wheat regions. The bullish news consisted of higher prices at Liverpool, a report that the arouth in Russia is unbroken and an estimate making the Michigan crop 22,000,000 bus less than last year.

The market grew stronger as the session advanced, and prices steadily advanced. July closed 1½c higher than yesterday here and 1⅛c higher at Chicago. September closed 1½c higher here and 1¾c higher at Chicago.

There was a fair amount of trading on the Duluth board. July wheat opened 6c up at 71½c, sold at 74⅝c at 9:35, reacted to 73¾c at 9:55, recovered to 75c at 10:35 and advanced to 75⅞c at 11:05. It closed at 75¾c, a net gain of 1¾c for the day. September closed at 75c, a gain of 1⅝c. There was fair business in cash stuff. 5,000 bus being sold at ½c under July for wheat in store and the July price for wheat to arrive and on track. Oats declined ⅛c, rye, rose ½c, corn advanced ⅛c and barley was unchanged. Flax was strong, cash closing 1c higher, September 3c up and October bulging 12c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 75c bid; July, 75½c; No. 1 northern, cash, 72½c bid; July, 72½c; September, 75c bid. No. 2 northern, 69c bid. No. 3 spring, 68½c bid. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 75⅞c bid; No. 1 northern, 75¾c bid. Oats, 25⅞@26c. Rye, 46½c bid. Barley, 34c. Flax, $1.62 bid; June, $1.04 bid; September, 93½c; October, 91½c. Corn, 35c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 234; corn, 13; oats, 1; rye, 2; barley, 1; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 176,857; oats, 2962; rye, 3605; barley, 2760; flax, 2665. Shipments—Corn, 95,726.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern, 4 cars	$0 75½
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus	75
No. 1 northern, 25,000 bus	75⅛
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	74⅞
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	75
corn, 15,000 bus	35
Flax, 5000 bus	1.04½
Flax, 5000 bus, September	93
Flax, 2000 bus, October	91½
Flax, 15,000 bus, October	91½
Flax, 6000 bus, October	91½
Flax, 15,000 bus, September	93

BOARD NOTES.

July wheat, puts, 71½c; calls, 73½c; July corn, puts, 33⅝c; calls, 34½c; good fill next week in the Chicago market.

An increase in the wheat visible is predicted for Monday.

B. E. Baker said at the opening: I don't find anything in the news over night to make any particular change in our market. Exports are fair, but not large. I don't think it will make a great deal of difference what the Russian crop is, if we haven't got conditions here at home to put the price up it won't go up. This closing here of 5 cents has done what similar declines always do, change the sentiment entirely. At 78c you can't find a bear, or if you did he was keeping still, now they are getting more plentiful and I notice a good many talking 76c wheat this month for puts, for next week are 75c. This shows that a great many are getting short and such a condition generally results in a rally. I look for higher prices.

Kelly, of St. Louis, figures Michigan wheat crop 12,000,000 bus, against 34,000,000 bus last year.

Total clearances today: Wheat and flour, 194,000 bus. Corn, 105,000 bus.

Michigan state report makes wheat prospects 45 per cent, other crops in excellent condition.

The government expects to show 90 on spring, 70 on winter; this would mean, 11 bus to the acre on the revised area of May 28,500,000 bus.

George Rupley: It's an erratic wheat market with a tendency towards higher prices.

Gibson & Co.: Our customers who took our advice on sugar and bought have made big money this week.

July wheat jumped 12c per bus on the early this afternoon after the posting of the government report.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

The Wheat News of a Conflicting Character.

Chicago, June 10.—Wheat trading today was kept at a minimum by the government crop report. Traders were apparently unwilling to become heavily involved on either side. The majority were apparently short a little wheat, however, and after a brief decline at the start the market advanced rapidly on covering. July starting 2c higher at 71@72c. It sold immediately after at 73@73½c. Favorable weather in the spring wheat country and heavy local and Northwest receipts caused moderate selling and July declined to 72c. Cables stated the drouth was still unbroken. Estimates on the Michigan wheat crop put the yield at 12,000,000 bus, compared with 34,000,000 bus last year. These items of news started covering and July advanced to 73½c. Northwest receipts were 688 cars against 542 last week and 200 a year ago. Chicago receipts were 59 cars, 12 of contract grade.

Towards the close of the short session the weakness of Wall street encouraged the belief that the government crop report would not be so bearish as expected. St Louis became a large buyer and prices in that market showed some advance. This encouraged local traders, and during the last few minutes of the session speculation became quite broad. It was evident that the market had been heavily oversold on the late decline, for prices moved up sharply as the demand increased. The market became decidedly firm before the close, July advancing finally to 75¾c, where it closed.

Corn was dull but steady. Cables were lower, weather was favorable and receipts were heavy, 644 cars. There was no selling pressure, however, and prices were well maintained. July opened a shade lower at 33⅝@33⅝c and held at 33⅜c.

Oats were very dull and slightly easier. Trade was without feature, nothing but a small scalping business being done. Receipts were 240 cars. July opened unchanged at 23¼c and sold at 23⅜@¼c.

Provisions were quiet and lower, liberal hog receipts depressing prices slightly. There was some scattered selling by scalping shorts. The market was steady at the decline. July opened 2½c lower at $4.65 and sold at $4.62. July lard opened 2½c lower at $4.35. July ribs 2½c lower at $4.60.

Close—Wheat, July, 73¾c; September, 76@76⅝c; December, 77¾c. Corn, June, 33¾c; July, 33¼@⅞c; September, 31c; December, 33½@⅝c. Oats—June, 24c; July, 23½c; September, 20@20⅝c. Pork—June, $4.65; July, $4.60. September, $4.72@4.75. Lard—June, $4.32; July, $4.32@4.35; September, $4.40@4.42½. Ribs—June, $4.60; July, $4.60. September, $4.72. Cash Wheat—No. 2 red 76@77c; No. 3 red 74@76c. No. 2 hard winter 72½c; No. 3 hard winter 71c. No. 1 northern spring 75@76½c. No. 2 spring 73@74c. No. 3 spring 70@72c. No. 2 corn 34c; No. 3 corn 32½@33c. No. 2 oats 24¼c; No. 3 oats 24½c. No. 2 oats, 24½c. Flax, Northwestern, $1.05¼; Southwestern, $1.02; July, $1.01; September, 95¼c; October, 95¼c. Barley, 35@42c; Rye, July, 57c; September, 55½c; cash, 57½c. Timothy, August, $2.50; September, $2.57½c; October, $2.57. Clover, October, $7.40.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Trade showed a brisk reviving on all classes of horses. Wholesale trade as well as the retail trade was satisfactory. Manitoba dealers were large buyers of heavy farm horses with good quality and in a good condition. Receipts of horses liberal. All stock were available for the market encouraging buyers to make purchases. A fair trade is looked for next week and a large stock will be on the market. The representative sales were as follows:

Drafters, choice to extra..... $175@200
Drafters, common to good..... 80@100
Farm horses, choice to extra..... 110@120
Farm horses, common to good..... 60@ 80

THE COTTON MARKET.

Buying Was Very Sluggish Considering the Conditions.

New York, June 10.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of one to four points, the lower figures being in sympathy with losses in spot and future prices at Liverpool. Irregularity soon developed under prime weather and crop advices from the south, which was increased by misgivings regarding the government report. Liquidation by the liberal local longs was a conspicuous feature of the day's business. Buying was exceptionally sluggish considering that the market has now had a sustained setback to bring in orders on the reaction theory. The ginning statement reported a decrease in acreage of 4 per cent and a crop condition of 85.7. The acreage this year was 22,469,334 and the condition of the crop in June 88. The figures given were about as expected. A bulletin from Washington says: Condition 85.7 against 89 on June 1, reduction of 8 per cent in the acreage planted in cotton.

Cotton spot closed steady; middling uplands, 6 5-16c; middling gulf, 6 5-16c; sales, 288 bales. Futures closed steady; June, $5.87; July, $5.88; August, $5.91; September, $5.85; October, $5.52; November, $5.91; December, $5.86; January, $6.01; February, $6.06; March, $6.07; April, $6.11; May, $6.15.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, June 10.—Close: Wheat, July, 80⅝c; September, 80⅝c; December, 81⅝c. Corn, July, 38½c; September, 39½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	71¾	72⅝	73½	78¾
High	75⅞	75⅞	75⅞	80⅝
Low	71¾	72⅛	71⅝	78⅜
Close	75¾	75¾	75¾	80⅝
September—				
Open	71	71½	73½	79⅝
High	75	75¼	75¼	80⅝
Low	71	71	73½	79⅝
Close	75	75⅛	75	80⅝

—Close at 11 a. m.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23½	33⅝@33⅝	$4.65
High	23¾	33⅞@34	4.65
Low	23¼	33⅜	4.62
Close	23¼	33⅜@⅝	4.62

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, June 10.—Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, June, 73¾c; July, 73¾c; September, 72¾c. On track, No. 1 hard, 75½c; No. 1 northern, 75½c; No. 2 northern, 72¾c.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 10.—Estimated receipts today: Hogs, 24,000; tomorrow, 40,000; left over, 2000. Market 5c lower. Mixed and butchers, $3.60@3.82½; good heavy, $3.75@3.85; rough heavy, $3.55@3.65; light, $3.70@3.85. Cattle, receipts, 100. Market steady. Sheep, 200. Market steady. Official figures for yesterday: Hogs, receipts, 31,762; shipments, 585. Cattle, receipts, 150. Shipments, 2858. Sheep, receipts, 1625; shipments, 3628.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, June 10.—Wheat steady, unchanged to ½d higher; July, 5s 10½d; September, 5s 11¾d. Corn, steady, ¼d lower; July, 5s 3½d; September, 3s 9d.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, June 10.—Liverpool wheat was unchanged. Paris lower. London cabled drouth in Azof sea districts seriously affects spring crop. Australian shipments light, 192,000 bus. Weekly clearances larger than expected, 2,158,000 bus. From July 1 to date, 275,000,000 bus. The weather continues perfect. A storm is said to be developing in the Northwest. Twenty-five loads reported worked for export at the seaboard. 125,000 bu here. Exporting houses in Chicago New York and St Louis report damage to Southeastern Europe on crops. Burroughs says: News I am getting is simply disastrous and believe it will not take more than forty-eight hours for this side to realize it. Michigan crop report 45 per cent, which indicates 12,000,000 bus. Parties in our office today from Terre Haute, Ind., predict Indiana will not raise to exceed 15,000,000 bus. There were tips out on the government report from 70 down to 66 per cent. Floor traders were sellers early in the session on large receipts in the Northwest and expectation of decided increase in the visible. On the break St. Louis operators observed all the offerings. Linn's brokers were also noticeable on that side. With the reports of serious damage abroad shorts became frightened and were eager bidders. The closing was at the top price of the day. There is a good sized short interest in this market which has been put out on the expectation of a bearish government report but if the report should be bearish it will be more than offset by the foreign news. Since the close it has transpired that a large quantity of wheat was bought during the last hour for foreign account and with the element in this market it means a broadening of speculation.

Corn and oats have been dull but firm with wheat. Charters 200,000 bus corn and 100,000 bus oats.

Provisions—About the only feature was Armour's selling lard, International selling ribs.

Puts, July wheat, 74¼@74c.
Calls, July wheat, 77¼@78⅜c.
Curb, July wheat, 75⅝@75⅞c.
Puts, July corn, 33⅝c.
Calls, July corn, 34¾@34⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of Stock.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Sugar	150¾	158	155⅞	158
Tobacco	99	99	99	99
Atchison preferred	57	57⅛	56⅞	56⅞
R. T.	116⅝	116⅞	115½	116⅝
C. B. & Q.	123	123⅝	122⅞	123⅝
C. & N. W.	155½	155½	155	155⅝
Chicago Gas	120¼	120⅝	119⅛	119½
L. & N.	67⅝	67¾	67⅝	67⅝
Leather	7	7¼	7	7¼
Manhattan	115	115⅝	114½	115
Missouri Pacific	43⅜	43⅝	43	43½
Northern Pacific	38¼	38¼	37½	38
N. P. preferred	76⅜	76⅝	76	76½
Omaha	90⅜	90⅞	89⅜	89⅝
Rock Island	113⅝	114⅛	113⅜	114
St. Paul	126¾	127⅝	126¾	127¼
T. C. I.	64	64	63½	63½
Union Pacific pfd.	75⅝	75⅞	75½	75⅞
Western Union	90⅝	90⅞	90½	90½
Federal Steel	82⅜	82⅞	82¼	82½

REPORT IS BULLISH.

Government Estimate of the Wheat Crop's Condition.

Washington, June 10.—The government report issued this afternoon gives the condition of spring wheat as 91 5-10 and winter wheat 67 3-10. This is the most bullish statement issued in June for years.

THE NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, June 10.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserve, decreased..... $ 3,587,500
Loans, increased..... 10,865,900
Specie, decreased..... 1,391,500
Legal tenders, increased..... 86,500
Deposits, increased..... 7,770,000
Circulation, decreased..... 30,100
The banks now hold $39,021,100 in excess of legal requirements.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, June 9.—Clearings, $15,028,708; balances, $1,520,000; New York exchange, par. Sterling exchange, $4.87@4.89.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

London, June 10.—American securities were firm from this opening but, as often occurs on Saturday, the attendance was thin and business light. The market closed firm with little doing. Spanish 2s, 63¾. The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance today, $751,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, June 10.—Money on call, steady, at 2@2½; last loan, 2½; time loans prime mercantile paper, 2½@3 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87⅛ for demand, and at $4.83⅝@4.83¾ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.86½@4.87 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.85¼. Silver certificates, 59½@60c per sheet. Mexican dollars, 48½c. State bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular; government bonds, firm. United States 2s, registered, $1.02½; 3s, registered, $1.09½; coupon, $1.09¾; new 4s, registered, $1.32½; coupon, $1.33½; 5s, registered, $1.12¾; coupon, $1.13¾; 5s, registered, $1.12¾; coupon, $1.12¾.

THE COPPER STOCKS

Following were the closing quotations of copper stocks, as furnished by Paine, Webber & Co., Hotel St. Louis:

Boston, June 10.—Closing prices of copper shares: Adventures, 10; Atlantic, 24; Allouez, 8; Arnold, 12½; Atlantic, 25½; Baltic, 82; Boston and Montana, 348; Butte and Boston, 120; Calumet and Hecla, 785; Centennial, 24½; Franklin, 15; Old Dominion, 39½; Osceola, 87½; Mohawk, 27½; Mass Consolidated, 12; Victoria, 6; Copper Range, 69½; Parrot, 42; Rhode Island, 9½; Tamarack, 213; Union Land, 7; Wolverine, 44; Washington, 13½; Winona, 11; Quincy, 160; Isle Royale, 45.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Profit Taking Movement Spread to the Entire List.

New York, June 10.—There was a large demand for the specialties in the opening dealings. Anaconda, Chicago Terminal and Consolidated Gas rising from 1½ to 2 per cent. Steel and Wire rose sharply, but immediately lost the gain and Sugar after dropping ¾ promptly recovered. Pennsylvania rose ⅝, and Northwest a point. Stocks purchased yesterday by the room traders showed a good profit at the morning's level and the unloading process began. The offerings were most pronounced in Sugar, Atchison, preferred, Steel and Wire, Consolidated Gas and Chicago Terminal, preferred. While the losses in these shares were beaten one and two points, their weakness did not influence the standard stocks for some time, the grangers exhibiting marked strength on St. Paul's favorable earnings. Subsequently the room selling movement spread to the entire list, but dullness soon set in.

Offers of stocks not forthcoming after the early buying orders were filled and prices sagged away on rather dull trading. The reaction reached 2¼ in Steel and Wire, 1½ in Sugar, 1¼ in Sugar and Brooklyn Transit, 1¾ in St. Paul, Southwestern, preferred, 1¼ in Atchison, preferred, and a point in Burlington, Metropolitan and Manhattan. Tennessee Coal continued firm in tone. The bank statement being not as unfavorable as expected, brought a rally. Consolidated Gas rising over 5 points. The closing was active and strong, but below the best prices for most stocks. Total sales, 311,678 shares.

NINE MEN PERISHED.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 10.—The lifesaving crew remained all night near the wreck of the 3-masted schooner George A. Howes, which capsized during a storm yesterday. The little Egg Harbor lifesaving station reports that so far it has learned from that point, no member from the ill-fated craft has been saved. The Howes carried nine men.

A GARDEN PARTY.

London, June 10.—There was a great gathering of celebrities at the marquis of Salisbury's garden party at Hatfield this afternoon. Numerous special trains conveyed the guests from Ingscross railroad station. They included the prince of Wales, the duke and duchess of York, Joseph H. Choate, Maj. Gen. Kitchener of Khartoum, Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy, and Miss White; James R. Carter and Mrs. Carter, Lieut. Colwell, U. S. naval attache, and Mrs. Colwell; Samuel T. Clemens and Mrs. Clemens; Poultney Bigelow and Lloyd Garrison.

THE ELEVATOR TRUST.

Washington, June 10.—The industrial commission has appointed a sub-committee to visit the Northwestern states during July and August to investigate the alleged elevator trust. This committee consists of Senator Kyle, A. L. Harris and E. D. Conger.

SUGAR EXPERT TALES.

Washington, June 10.—The industrial commission today listened to a statement from S. M. Bugnitzki, the sugar expert in the customs bureau of the treasury department, concerning the methods in determining duties on sugar. Much of his testimony was technical.

ESTABLISHED 1862.

Weare Commission Co.
GRAIN, PROVISIONS, STOCKS and BONDS.
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Private Wires to all exchanges. Telephone 713. Duluth Office 310 Board of Trade.
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We make a specialty of Boston Copper Stocks.

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Buy or sell stocks for cash or on margin
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Special Attention Given to COPPER STOCKS.
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Correspondence Solicited. Telephone 122.

LOCAL SECURITIES, ETC.,
QUOTED BY
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
DULUTH, MINN.

Stocks, Etc.	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	...	110
Am. Exchange Bank	100	...	97
First Nat'l Bank Superior	100	...	...
Sugar Drug Co.	100	50	45
Duluth Shoe Co.	100	81	70
L. S. Iron mines	100	...	44
Sundry gold stocks—Various.			
Globe Elevator Co.	100	..	..
Consolidated Elevator Co., 1st pfd	100	100	99
Consolidated Elevator Co., 2nd preferred	100	100	90
Consolidated Elevator Co., common	100	50	30
County orders registered	...	...	Par
Government bonds—market firm.			

THE QUESTION

At Galena, Kans., the other day, a man carrying a pail of beer tumbled into a mine. He fell 50 feet, but was didn't break any bones and he didn't spill the beer. Now, the question is where was he "carrying" that beer; we think he must have been "carrying" it under his belt, as we have noticed that when anybody "carries" beer there, it is difficult to spill it. Anyhow—the Kansas man knew how to "carry" beer, and some men know how to "carry"

TO CARRY WHEAT

The right way to carry wheat is DON'T BUY TOO MUCH! If you can afford to buy 3500 bushels and carry it thro' the minor fluctuations, you may be sure that it is too much for you BUY ONLY 1000. A margin of 2½ points, which is $25, will buy 1000 bus of September wheat. If you buy September wheat you can carry it until Sept. 1, all charges except commission, being paid up to that day. The commission on wheat is only $5c.

GIBBONS & CO.,
Grain and Stock Brokers.
St Louis Hotel Lobby.

ONE CENT A WORD.

REAL ESTATE—FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT; RESIDENCE of the late Capt. Pelton. 813 West Fourth street.

Wanted Applications.

On hand to loan on first-class mortgage security. $500, $1000, $1500 and other amounts to suit.

We have a lot 25x140 feet, West End, at a bargain.

We have some lots in Duluth Proper, Third Division, and Brookdale Division. The owner wants to sell. Call for description; they will go at a bargain.

Have some lots at a bargain in Helm's Addition.

Chas. P. Craig
& CO.,
Herald Building.

Our Daily Bargain. For $600

50x140 feet on north side of Fourth street; terms half cash, balance seven years on or before at 3 per cent interest.

GEO. H. CROSBY & CO.,
106 Providence Bldg.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.

CHAS. EVANS HOLT, 614 CHAMBER OF Commerce. Bookkeeping. Collecting.

FOUND.

FOUND—PAIR OF PANTS. OWNER can get same by identifying property and paying for this notice. Call at Herald office.

FOUND—CHESTNUT BRONCHO NEAR First avenue west and First street. Inquire of W. L. Whitehead, Acme laundry.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LADIES CLEAN YOUR KID GLOVES with Miller's gloverine. It is not a liquid; leaves no odor and can be used while the glove is on the hand. For sale only by Max Wirth, druggist.

HORSE WANTED FOR A SMALL amount of light driving for its keeping; best of care, good pasture. Address S. H. W., Herald office.

LAUNDRY.

THE COON LAUNDRY—426 EAST Fourth street. H. B. Coon, proprietor. Shirts, 10c, collars and cuffs, 2c. Best hand work guaranteed.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WEEKLY PROFITS—DON'T LOSE the chance. Money can be doubled every month in wheat, stocks and cotton. We pay profits every fifteen days to clients. Our plan of safety is unequaled. Write for full particulars, free to any address. C. E. Mackey & Co., 29 Broadway, N. Y.

CLAIRVOYANT.

ALWAYS SEE THE BEST—MRS. E. J. Howe, 225 East Superior street, trance medium. Gifted by nature with marvelous mediumistic power; she reunites the separated; causes speedy and happy marriages with the one of your choice; removes long standing ailments. One visit to this medium will convince you that she is superior to all others. Readings verbally or in manuscript form. Hours, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

LOST.

LOST—GOLD BROOCH, SET IN CENter with amethyst and twenty-four small pearls around edge, last Wednesday evening at Armory, or between Second and Tenth avenues east on First street. Return to J. P. Peterson, Duluth Shoe company, and receive reward.

INSTRUCTION.

HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER, EXPERIenced tutor, will take a few private pupils during the summer. Specialties, English and Latin. Address C 83, Herald.

WANTED—A FEW SELECT SUMMER pupils by experienced teacher, highly successful in bringing backward or conditioned pupils up to grade. Address "Teacher," care Herald.

TRY THE CHINESE HAND LAUNDRY.

Best hand work in town; prices reasonable. Will call and deliver. No. 23, First avenue east. Prop. H. F. Shing.

SAW A RAZOR.

John McEwen Has a Startling Experience With a Midnight Visitor.

John McEwen a lodger in Wheaton's lodging house on Lake avenue south, was awakened about 3 o'clock this morning and found a man standing over him with a razor at his throat. The man told McEwen that if he made a move he would cut his throat. McEwen nudged his roommate, a man named Michael Mullen, and the latter jumped up and the intruder fled. The latter ran into Mr. Wheaton at the foot of the stairs, but the latter thinking that the man had merely been making a disturbance upstairs, let him go.

This morning Mullen met a man named Robert Price, on Lake avenue, whom, he says, he recognizes as the one who was in the room. The man pulled a rock out of his pocket and struck Mullen on the head with it, inflicting a bad scalp wound. Then he jumped back and tried to pull a knife but he was overpowered and arrested.

Price has been doing whitewashing.

WISCONSIN BANK BROKE.

Milwaukee, June 10.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Stoughton, Wis., says: The Dane County State bank, doing a general banking business, suspended today. The bank was capitalized at $50,000, and was one of the only two in this city. O. M. Turner was president and O. N. Falk cashier.

NO TROUBLE.

Washington, June 10.—Agent Potter telegraphs from Oklahoma, in reply to an official inquiry in connection with recent alleged evictions of intruders, that there is no trouble whatever on the Osage Indian reservation.

A CUBAN STAMP.

Washington, June 10.—The postoffice department has received from the bureau of printing and engraving a drawing of the special delivery stamp to be used in Cuba. Its size corresponds to that of the special delivery here and the design has for a centerpiece a mounted bicycle boy with "Cuba" at the top and palm branches and two ornamental tablets embracing the numeral 10 on the side.

REASONS FOR GOING TO CHURCH.

"I should say," writes Rev. Amory H. Bradford, D.D., on "What is the Good of Going to Church?" in the June Ladies' Home Journal, "attend church that you may worship God; that you may learn of the things of the spirit; that you may be brought face to face with the doctrine of grace, which in hours of deepest need alone can satisfy either the mind or the heart. If you answer, 'I believe in none of these things,' then I reply: Attend church that you may hear the loftiest ideals presented by those who have no selfish ends to subserve, and that you may be kept sensitive to the moral order of the world in which all men are included, the violation of which means ruin and misery, and harmony with which is followed by benefit and blessing."

ONE CENT A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1931 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO DISHWASHERS AT the St. James hotel.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID; ONE that can go home nights. Enquire 523½ West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 210 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1034 East First.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; must know how to cook; good wages paid; Mrs. R. H. Palmer, 211 East Fourth street.

WANTED—HAT TRIMMER. KELLY, 415 West Superior street.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 909 East Fourth street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER 1921 WEST First street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady at Freimuth's. No other need apply.

AT ONCE. COOK AND DISHWASHER. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

GIRLS WANTED AT THE NORTH Land restaurant. Wages $4 per week. 229 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 519 East Superior.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in small family. 1213 East Fourth street.

WANTED—CAMP COOKS—TWO NIGHT cooks; in three houses, two girls each house; waitress and kitchen girl, and fifty girls for private houses. 225 East Superior street. Mrs. M. C. Selbold.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

MEN—OUR ILLUSTRATED CATalogue explains how we teach barber trade in two months, mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—SIX MILLWRIGHTS AT once. Nebagamon Lumber Co., Nebagamon, Wis.

WANTED — SAWMILL ENGINEER. Call at 1531 West Michigan street.

COAT MAKER WANTED. J. S. LANE.

WANTED—STONE AND BRICKLAYers. Apply at once. A. H. Oakey, Ashland, Wis.

WANTED—A FEW BENCH MEN AT D. E. Holston & Co.'s sash factory, West Duluth.

COATMAKER WANTED. J. JANZIG.

TWO GOOD COATMAKERS. DULUTH Art Tailoring company.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN to take local agents to handle exclusively as his side line, our complete, extensive line of Imported Oil Chromos, Banners, Panels, etc., for advertising purposes. Address, stating business experience, with reference, Aug. Gast Bank Note and Litho. Co., St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—HELP—EVERYWHERE —hustlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc., no canvassing, good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—SALESMEN AND AGENTS for the seller of the century—the celebrated de Thulstrup panel pastel (in six colors) of Admiral Dewey, matted artistically on military blue card board, size 21 by 11 and reproduced on water color drawing paper—Edition de luxe regular price $5 will be offered to the public for the limit of the first edition at $1. Sells at sight to millionaires and mechanics alike. Agents enthusiastic, coining money. Send 25 cents for complete outfit and specimen pastel plate. Address the Colonial Press, 111 Fifth avenue New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A SPECIAL summer campaign. The Saturday Evening Post—established by Benjamin Franklin in 1728—now published by the Curtis Publishing company, proprietors of the Ladies' Home Journal, is offered to subscribers, for one year only, for $1—the regular price is $2.50. This offer is for the purpose of a quick introduction, and will be withdrawn Sept. 1. The regular price of $2.50 will be maintained after that date. We will give a good commission for every subscriber secured, and distribute $2000 Sept. 1 among the 176 agents, $200 will be given the person sending the largest number of subscribers at $1 each per year. At this special low subscription price thousands can be easily secured. Address the Curtis Publishing company, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL GOODS on easy payments. No experience or capital required. Gately Supply Co., 705 West Superior street. Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

RESTAURANT FOR SALE; CHEAP—proprietor ill and cannot attend to business. J. L., West Duluth.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES and established business, including horse and wagon, etc., etc. 2004 Piedmont avenue west.

$30 ORGAN HIGH TOP, WALNUT case; all improvements —used short time. 16 Phoenix block.

$100 PIANO UPRIGHT, GOOD AS new; first class; examine it. 16 Phoenix block.

HORSES. HORSES.

200 head of farm horses, drafters, general purpose horses and drivers constantly on hand at Barrett & Zimmerman's Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, Minn.

HORSES — HORSES — BUY THEM AT the reliable sales stables of J. Hammel & Co., 125 West First street.

PIANOS TWENTY UPRIGHTS. $175 up; new, just arrived from factories; bargains; examine them; monthly payments. 16 Phoenix block.

FOR SALE—HOTEL AND RESTAUrant with thirty steady boarders and good transient trade. All fixtures modern and in first class condition. For particulars call on or address Mrs. W. F. McFall, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE—40 A SOLDIER'S ADDItional H. W. Cofen.

MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE — MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. Croix avenue, private hospital.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN East End for early fall and winter; two in family. William E. Lucas & Co., 1 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

A GOOD DRIVING BUGGY CHEAP FOR cash. K 5, Herald.

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MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

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SHIRTS

D. M. Morrison's Shirt Factory. Seventh Floor, Palladio Building, Duluth.

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Cheap acres and outlying lots in West Superior.

SAMUEL F. WADHAMS,
304 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Notice to Contractors.

Our head office for the new work from Hibbing to Virginia is now open at Hibbing, where profiles can be seen and all information given in regard to contracts.

FOLEY BROS.

PERSONAL.

SUFFERING WOMEN—A SIMPLE home remedy that cured me of female diseases sent free. Instant relief. Mrs. Rue, Englewood, Ill.

RESPECTABLE GERMAN WOMAN with some means, 50 years old, desiring a home, wishes to make the acquaintance of some gentleman in comfortable circumstances. Address X 76, Herald.

WILL MARY A. TAYLOR KINDLY send her address to Y 39, Herald.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—TWO-ROOM HOUSE ON Park Point, and tent 11 by 12. 404 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE three blocks from postoffice. 102 Palladio building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By George H. Crosby & Co., 106 Providence building.

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FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, 6-ROOM flat. 205 Lyceum.

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EIGHT-ROOM STEAM HEATED FLAT, 1018 Tange. Ingalls' flats, No. 216 East Fourth street.

FOUR ROOMS, $5; 8 ROOMS, $10; WELL. No. 718 West Fifth street. C. E. Holt.

ONE MODERN FLAT, ASHTABULA terrace. R. T. Lewis, 302 Lonsdale building.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE AND ONE small room; all conveniences. 731 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS with all modern conveniences, 503 West First street. Opposite postoffice.

OFFICES AND ROOMS IN McDONnell block. J. T. Dunphy, 420 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND UNFURnished rooms. Apply at the Big Duluth, 125 West Superior street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79 A F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings of every month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 19, 1899. Work, Third degree. Lyonal Ayres, W. M.; James A. Crawford, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186 A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8 p. m. Next meeting June 26, 1899. Work, Third degree. Robt. Lamon, W. M.; R. O. Sweeny, Sr., secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20 R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting June 14, 1899. Work, Royal Arch degree. Alex P. Wood, H. P.; W. T. Ten Brook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18 K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, June 13, 1899. Work Templar degree. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

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THE EVENING HERALD.

An Independent Newspaper.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK,

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau. Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), June 10.—Storm conditions are developing in districts north of Montana; the barometer is highest in the lake region and central Mississippi valley states. Slightly warmer weather prevails generally. Rains have fallen over Missouri, Kansas, Western Minnesota and Montana. Fresh winds are the rule this morning in the lake region; southerly to westerly over Western Lake Superior and easterly at the Soo, Milwaukee, Chicago and Detroit.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Duluth	57	Prince Albert	48
Battleford	44	Swift Current	46
Medicine Hat	52	Qu'Appelle	50
Calgary	50	Winnipeg	52
Minnedosa	48	Helena	54
Port Arthur	42	Bismarck	54
Williston	48	Miles City	54
Havre	56	Moorhead	52
Rapid City	50	St. Paul	52
Marquette	56	Sault Ste. Marie	40
Huron	52	Milwaukee	52
La Crosse	54	Chicago	56
Detroit	56	North Platte	50
Davenport	56	Omaha	56
Denver	48	St. Louis	60
Kansas City	60	Memphis	70
Dodge City	54	Lander	50

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy with occasional showers tonight and Sunday. Fresh and brisk southerly to easterly winds.

Local data for twenty-four hours ended at 7 a. m today: Maximum temperature, 73; minimum temperature, 57; no rainfall.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, June 10.—State and lake forecasts until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Minnesota—Fair tonight and Sunday, except showers in northern portion; southerly winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Sunday; fresh southeasterly winds.

Lakes Superior, Michigan and Huron—Light to fresh winds, shifting to southerly and increasing on Michigan and Superior tonight and on Huron Sunday; generally fair.

NEW TRADES COMBINATION.

A new trades combination in Great Britain that is likely to be of great interest to manufacturers and employes is discussed in a recent consular report from Limoges. E. J. Smith, a manufacturer who has successively been employe, traveler, salesman and employer in his trade, that of bedstead making, designed the plan on which the new combinations are formed. The plan includes something similar to a modified "trust" combination of manufacturers—which he calls an alliance—with the addition of a feature taking the employes into the arrangement. The first requisite is to obtain the actual cost of production of every article included in the trade—the practice of keeping shop costs being much less accurate and general in Great Britain than in this country—and upon this cost the selling price is fixed. An addition is made to the cost representing the manufacturers' profit and a 10 per cent advance in wages, which advance is permanent. All manufacturers must adhere rigidly to this selling price, or at least must not cut under it. If complaint of price-cutting is made it is investigated without exposing the name of the complainant, and a firm found guilty is fined according to a fixed scale for the offense committed.

The alliance differs from the trust combination in the particular that no factories are closed, and that the selling price is limited by a reasonable addition to cost as the margin of legitimate profit and in taking the labor employed into the combination. Selling prices fluctuate in sympathy with the cost of materials, and increased profits are divided with the workmen in the form of increased wages. Disputes in regard to wages are arbitrated by a permanent commission, the workmen continuing at their posts, under protest, until the award is made, the latter being retroactive.

There is a "fighting fund" contributed by all members in proportion to the extent of their trade, the alliance resembling the trust combination in this respect, and this fund is used to fight persons or firms which undersell the combination. If a member shall withdraw from the alliance and cut prices, his own contribution to the "fighting fund" is used against him, he having signed it over absolutely to two trustees who direct its expenditure. Any firm which desires may enter the alliance by subscribing to its rules and regulations. If newly organized it must pay an entrance fee, unless composed of persons previously engaged in the particular trade affected, either as manufacturers or employes. Advances in profits can only be made with the consent of the employes, and experience up to the present teaches that the workmen are averse to such advances, though they carry with them an advance in wages, the idea being to promote the trade for the full employment of labor. A "foreign committee" manages the export business of each combination, and the "fighting fund" is used to obtain foreign markets or compel foreign manufacturers to join the alliance.

The consul at Limoges reports that Mr. Smith has organized twenty trades up to date, and the movement is spreading to the continent. It is claimed for it that it protects industries against such disastrous strikes as that of the English engineers in 1897 and the coal miners in South Wales, both of which drove manufacturers from Great Britain to the United States, Belgium and Germany. It is also claimed to give the workmen an incentive to greater energy and efficiency.

Discussing Mr. Smith's plan, the Pittsburg Dispatch says it may be of some advantage to British industry, but it is almost certain that better results would be obtained from a purely competitive system in which both employers and employes engaged in friendly rivalry for the trade. It is by such a system that American industry has reduced the cost of production and enlarged the profit of employer and employed, while steadily reducing the cost to the consumer. The international "alliance," with limited profit, is less obnoxious than the American "trust," designed for inordinate profit, but neither is the ideal for progressive industry. Both should be suppressed, so that the field may be open to competition in every line of industry and business.

WORRIED BY THE TALK.

The Grand Rapids Magnet says: "That the Sixth is the most important congressional district in the state is evidenced by the amount of intrest taken in its affairs by people who might better be minding their own business. Certain Twin City papers insist on telling all they don't know about its politics, and the little Jim Crow sheets in the southern part of the state discuss learnedly which candidate is popular and which is not. To all of which the Sixth pays absolutely no attention."

Oh, we "don't know." Some of the Republican politicians in the Sixth seem to be paying considerable attention to the talk, particularly the Morris men. Some of the federal appointees in Duluth that owe their jobs primarily to the prominence they gained by hanging on to Charles A. Towne's coat-tails when he made the race for the Republican nomination in 1894 and was successful, and then swallowed their professed views and jumped to the Morris side, are "running around like hens with their heads cut off," undoubtedly much scared lest the judge be thrown down at the next convention. Paying "absolutely no attention" to it! Why, they can talk about nothing else. And then there is the News Tribune—it chatters inanely every time a reference to the "weakness of Morris" is made by a Twin City paper. Of course it started the whole discussion by a silly and blundering attack on some Republicans who are alleged to believe that Morris and his little coterie of office-holders in Duluth do not constitute the whole Republican party of the Sixth district, and that there are other men who could represent the district at least as ably in the halls of congress. At a time when no fight was being made on Judge Morris by these men, and when there was no good reason for stirring up trouble in the party, it was a huge blunder to create a bitter feeling, and it did not do the cause of the present congressman any good. But the morning paper has always been distinguished for its blundering, and it will probably continue to blunder and create trouble for unfortunate friends until the end of the chapter.

DEFECTIVE SCHOOL SYSTEM.

At the commencement exercises of the college at Monmouth, Ill., this week, the principal address was delivered by Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews, superintendent of the Chicago public schools. He said in part:

"Where millions are annually expended for education the results are not proportionate. The first and most obtrusive aspect of this lack is intellectual. The poverty of thinking power is deplorable. The bad quality of written work done by fresh college graduates is notorious. This intellectual difficulty is largely a moral one. The mind will not do its best unless the soul is animated by high and lofty ideals. The keenest minds are in servitude to the almighty dollar. The students studying for money and rank are cases of this vice. Higher education should do more to eradicate this degrading idea. Of the means by which education may be relieved from its negative attitude toward mind culture—first, do not seek the desired improvement by arbitrary emphasis on religious dogmas. Second, purify and exalt your ideas of education. Insist that the whole man be cultivated. Third, exemplify these ideas in yourself. The single reading of the gospels, Plato, Aurelius, Seneca, Cicero and Kant would almost effect this revolution. Fourth, put large characters in teachers' chairs. By these means college education will become a power for the promotion of private and social virtue."

There is considerable truth in what Dr. Andrews said about the comparatively poor results that are obtained in this country from the millions of dollars that are annually expended for educational purposes. He was speaking particularly of higher education, of the work that is accomplished in our colleges and the poor showing made by many of the graduates when they leave the college and enter upon business life. Similar criticism may be properly applied to our public schools and to the knowledge displayed by young men and women who have passed through the various grades and finally completed the high school course and received diplomas. It is a lamentable fact that the education they thus receive is far from complete in order to fit them for ordinary business avocations. The present system neglects the essentials, devotes too little time to the ground work and deals too much with the ornamental branches of study. How many of the graduates are able to read properly? How many are perfect in spelling and can talk and write grammatically? How many are able to write in a clear, legible hand? How many have a thorough knowledge of arithmetic and are able to keep an ordinary set of accounts?

And then, as Dr. Andrews says, "the poverty of thinking power" displayed by the graduates of our colleges and high schools "is deplorable." Read some of the essays presented at the graduating exercises throughout the country this month, and this serious defect will be evident. Views and opinions of others are rehashed, the encyclopedias are drawn upon at length, but new thoughts, fresh ideas are, in most cases, lacking. Why is this? It is the result of a defective system of education—the consequence of filling the curriculum of the public schools with studies that are of no practical use to those who do not intend to go from the high school to the college or university. There is no time left to develop the students' thinking powers. Studies are piled thick upon each other. Branches that should have no place in a public school fill the high school curriculum, and the students are so busy with a multitude of subjects of little practical use to them in the ordinary avocations of life that it is not surprising that they emerge from the cramming process with a smattering of many things and a thorough knowledge of none—few of them able to write legibly, to spell correctly or to speak grammatically, and none properly taught to develop and use their thinking powers. Thus the country is filled with poorly educated graduates, who must pick up in subsequent years what they should have learned at school, and a large proportion of the millions expended on education are virtually thrown away. Is it not time to reform and recast our school system?

Some of the Kansas and Southwestern newspapers, have, to say the least, most striking names. In the long list is the Bayonet, the Shawnee Daily Dinner Bell, the Oklahoma Sunbeam, the Kingfisher Kicker, the Pottawatomie Country Plain People, the Kansas Cowboy, the Hill City Lively Times, the Comanche Chief, the Kiowa Chief, the Prairie Dog, the Thomas County Cat, the Whimwham, the Fanatic, the Western Cyclone, the Jayhawkeye and Palladium, the Prairie Owl, the Open Eye and the Griggsby City Scorcher.

The London Daily News says that the Russian man-of-war Gerzog Edinburskskii, whose officers and men were recently the recipients of Swedish courtesy at Karlskrona, reciprocated by secretly taking soundings, under cover of darkness, until they were discovered by the governor of the fortress. Karlskrona is the chief naval station of Sweden; its approaches are well fortified by modern naval defenses, and it has also a ship channel which is difficult of navigation.

The determination to consult the wishes of the president as to the character of the entertainment to be provided for him recalls to the Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin the reception to President Cleveland in that city, early in his first term. The president preferred beer and sandwiches, which were secured; but some wretch stole the "snack" while Mr. Cleveland was delivering his speech.

The loss by fire during May in the United States and Canada was $9,091,900, only half as much as in February and the lightest for any month this year. A this date in 1897 there had been one month with a lighter loss than $9,000,000, and last year at this time there had been two such months. The first five months' aggregates for three years compare as follows: 1899, $58,984,900; 1898, $49,030,200; 1897, $52,256,000.

The governor of Maine has denied that he has received Tom Reed's resignation as a member of congress. Probably Tom has not decided to resign. He has never authorized a statement that he intends to give up his seat in the house.

When it comes down to facts, says the Chicago Record, the girl graduate probably does know more about the science of government than many persons of the masculine gender who pose as statesmen.

Congressman Henderson, the next speaker, declines to be interviewed on his political views and refers all inquirers to the Congressional Record, where his speeches are given.

The volunteer regiments at Manila are voting to be mustered out at San Francisco, in order that they may get their travel pay. It will average about $200 for each man.

If the sports who bet big money at large odds on Fitzsimmons had taken John L. Sullivan's tip, they would not have lost.

Naturally a man whose business has been pounding boilers must be a hard hitter.

Fitz is now in the "has-been" class with John L. Sullivan and "Gentleman Jim."

Things are getting a very squally appearance in South Africa.

With or Without Rations.

Louisville Courier-Journal: As to the American protectorate which Liberia desires, it is important to know whether a protectorate with rations or without rations is wanted. The United States is getting rather sensitive on the rations questions, especially as giving them makes nothing but ingrates.

Dishonorable Business.

Springfield Republican: The proposal to arm the Macabebes and turn them loose upon Aguinaldo's forces cannot consistently be approved by those who pronounce the Filipinos mere savages. It is not the honorable business of a civilized nation to encourage savage warfare. The English and the French did it in this region 150 years ago, but that was some time ago.

Too Much of a Hoodoo.

Kansas City Star: Samoa is apparently a hoodoo. The Germans landed and were massacred; the German and American squadrons gathered and were wrecked in the storm, and now, ten years afterward, Anglo-American forces have suffered a reverse at the hands of naked natives and several officers lost their lives and Admiral Kautz was tempted to write letters about diplomatic matters to female relatives.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

DOMESTIC IDYLS.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I understand that her lawyer will marry her just as soon as she gets the divorce."

"No. It will depend entirely on the alimony."

-:-:-

Detroit Free Press: She—What would you do if I attempted to run upstairs and leave you here alone?

He—Hold you.

She—I'm goin'.

-:-:-

Somerville Journal: It isn't discreet for a girl who wants to get married to keep a gentleman caller waiting for her in the parlor so long that he has time to find out how poorly the room is dusted.

-:-:-

Chicago Record: "Rodney Jones is awfully in love with Alice Wiggins."

"How do you know?"

"He sat behind her at the theater and I heard him tell her there wasn't anything on the stage half so beautiful and interesting to him as the back of her hat."

-:-:-

Indianapolis Journal: "I used to buy neckties for my wife," he said, "but I had to quit it. Those I bought for her never suited her."

"So she buys them herself now, does she?"

"No; she takes those I buy for myself. They always seem to suit her."

-:-:-

Roxbury Gazette: Old Scrooge (with emphasis)—Clara, is that fellow, Jack Giddiboy, coming round here again tonight?

Clara (hopelessly)—I believe so, poppa.

Old S.—Well, remember this time—close at 10 sharp, and—Clara (hastily)—Oh, Jack will be here before that, poppa, please don't worry.

-:-:-

Chicago Post: "I wish I were a man," she sighed. "A man has so much more opportunity to accomplish something."

"Quite the reverse," he answered. "How so?" she demanded.

"Think how much easier it is for a woman to acquire a title," he said.

-:-:-

Indianapolis Journal: "Penniless at last!" said she to herself.

In the meanwhile the conductor stood looking moodily at the five copper coins.

-:-:-

Indianapolis Journal: The sweet young thing—Now, you must have to admit that a great many married men are happy.

The savage bachelor—Yes, some of them seem never to have a lucid interval.

-:-:-

Detroit Free Press: "No, Miss Phyllis, it is altogether unnatural for a woman to woo."

"Of course, professor, but if a girl sees a bashful man with a lovely rose in his hand don't you think she has a right to ask for it with her eyes?"

Over the Way.

Over the way to your dreams, my boy,
Are wondrous things for your eyes to see,
And wonderful paths to a world of joy
And the marvelous land of the Ought-to-Be.

There is gold in the dust that your feet will tread,
And diamonds gleam on the wayside grass,
And wreaths of laurel to grace your head
Hang waiting to crown you as you pass.

There are marble castles and broad estates,
And servants to every wish fulfill,
And armored hosts at the castle gates
Stand ready and eager to do your will.

There are living springs to renew your youth,
And dreamful shades for your last repose,
And breezes to fan you with love and truth,
And gardens that blossom like the rose.

There are wild woods ringing with songs of birds;
There are sumptuous feasts where friends are met,
To greet you with tender and honest words,
And over a theme that you might regret.

Ah! over the way of your dreams it lies—
This land of the Ought-to-Be, so fair;
This paradise of the cloudless skies,
Where the Best and Right are everywhere.

Your childhood lives in this happy land,
And the loved ones lost in the years ago
In the glow of its glorious sunlight stand
And tenderly beckon you there, I know.

What care if your present path is bleak
And the shadows clutch at your garments' hem?
It's over the way that your soul must seek
For the light that will ever banish them.

Just over the way of your dreams, my boy,
Are wondrous things for your eyes to see,
And wondrous paths to a world of joy
And the marvelous land of the Ought-to-Be.

—Chicago Record.

Treat Jadam Respectfully.

Grand Rapids Magnet: We do not consider D. Adam Bede a congressional possibility. He is a sort of an idealist, and like all such is at times decidedly impractical. But we do not see what certain of our exchanges expect to gain by ridiculing him calling him a "clown" and otherwise trying to make him miserable. He has worked for the Republican ticket and his labors have told. It is neither good politics nor good form to poke fun at him now just because he happens to be mentioned for an office. By pursuing their present course the exchanges above mentioned are liable to antagonize the gold Democrats, and it might be just as well were this avoided. If J. Adam were otherwise qualified for congressman the fact of his profering to look on the bright side of things would not count against him in our estimation. Sunset Cox and J. Proctor Knott were somewhat similarly afflicted, and yet they made a tolerable success of the congressional business. That Bede should become the Republican candidate for congress is, for many reasons, next to impossible, but treat him with respect—there is no reason why anyone should do otherwise.

Proof of Good Business.

Philadelphia Record: The postal business throughout the country is so heavy that, as has just been announced from Washington, the number of offices in which the salaries of postmasters will be increased because of increased receipts is greater than at any previous time in the history of the government. Probably there is no better indication of the improved industrial and commercial conditions of the country than that afforded by this activity in mail communication. Before the end of the fiscal year the lists of offices which have either so increased or decreased their business as to require an increase or decrease of salaries will be officially announced.

A Strong Man Needed.

Sherburne County News: Tams Bixby is a level-headed man, and as such he knows that his candidacy for governor would not meet the conditions, consequently the talk connecting his name with the Republican candidacy is idle and futile. The Republicans need to put up a man strong with the people next year, and unless that is done the candidate might as well crawl into a hole and stay there.

A First-Class Risk.

New York Herald: The man who went into bankruptcy with twenty-eight doctors as his creditors ought to be a first-class life insurance risk.

THE REPORTER.

St. Paul Globe: The very polite and complimentary reference by Judge Kelly yesterday to newspapers reporters will, we believe, be generally concurred in. "There are," he said, "no citizens who are entitled, as a class, to more respect than the reporters of the daily press. They are, as a rule, industrious, honest, painstaking and enterprising gentlemen, and their work goes very largely to keep up and make the interest in the great public papers, and for which they get decidedly less credit than they deserve."

There is not a sentiment embodied in this language which does not apply without the slightest reservation to daily newspaper reporters, as a class. But little is known to the general public of the exacting and responsible duties which devolve upon them or of the unceasing vigilance, the accuracy and general reliability which is demanded of them in the pursuit of their calling. None but superior men, morally as well as intellectually, are today capable of retaining employment on a daily newspaper as reporters. They are the agents and representatives of the public in their pursuit of intelligence of public interest and concern, and that they are able to discharge the exacting work which is theirs with so little of just complaint is in itself very convincing testimony of their great personal worth.

Newspaper men generally will feel very grateful to Judge Kelly for his kindly words. There certainly are not many compliments paid to the reporter; while the readiness to criticise him has long manifested itself. He stands between the reading public and the aggrieved individual where disagreement exists, and he discharges his unpleasant functions in that regard with a high degree of patience and good judgment. He rarely does his work under conditions which are even reasonably favorable; but, as a rule, the greater the inconvenience and the higher the barriers that stand in the way of his doing his work, the more certain he is to rise to the demands of the occasion. Without the wit, the mental energy and ability, the clearness and quickness of perception which the reporter brings to his daily task, the newspaper readers of this country would find much less of enjoyment in the perusal of the news of the world than they do today.

No Parade Needed.

Letter from "A Soldier's Mother," dated at St. Paul, to the New York Sun: Apropos of the communication in the Sun of May 30 on "proposed review of volunteers in St. Paul," I wish to say that no one who has a vital interest in the regiments now serving in the Philippines desires any of them to be formed into a grand camp in our own state of Minnesota or anywhere else for the purpose of being put on exhibition or review. The movement was initiated by a few business men and politicians. Of our sons who are spared to come home, many are wounded and invalided and others worn out with hard service and long exposure to a tropical climate. When after long delays and many disappointments they finally reach their native land, I am sure they will not wish to be put on parade for purposes of political effect or to subserve the commercial spirit of any locality. Let our boys be permitted to go to their homes in quiet and to the arms of their loved ones, who watch and wait for their coming with aching and foreboding hearts.

A BIG PLANT.

Superior's New Twine Manufacturing Concern to Be a Large One.

The announcement was briefly made in The Herald yesterday that Superior is to have a large twine manufacturing plant. The item came too late to be investigated further. The plant will be a very valuable one to Superior. The Northwestern Grass Twine company is the concern. It has closed a contract with the Land and River Improvement company for fifty acres of land on the St. Louis bay front, between the Youghiogheny and Lehigh coal dock and the Standard Oil company's tanks, extending from the bay front two south of Winter street. The company will begin at once the erection of an extensive plant for the manufacture of grass matting, carpets, bagging, etc. The plant will cost $250,000 and will employ at once 500 hands regularly and 1500 next season, when in full operation.

This company manufactures from marsh hay a very satisfactory quality of twine for use on self binders. It has now two plants, one at Oshkosh and one at St. Paul. These plants are both running now at full capacity night and day. The Superior plant will make, in addition to twine, various products from the grass, such as matting, bagging and carpets and coarse rope.

The contract for the purchase of the land has been signed and the general manager, M. J. O'Shaughnessy, is expected here in a few days to start the work of construction on the plant. The company has plenty of capital and excellent backing. A. W. Chisholm, a well known industrial financier, is president of the company, and H. E. Howland secretary.

The process of manufacturing requires a large amount of labor much of it skilled. In addition to the skilled labor the plant will furnish employment for a number of boys and girls. When in full operation the number of employes will exceed 1500.

PLAYING THE BREWERS.

Duluth Meeting the Minneapolis Nine---The Game Tomorrow.

The baseball game this afternoon between the Minneapolis Brewers and Duluth ball nine was expected to be a hot game if rain did not interfere. Tomorrow afternoon another game will be played. The line up and battery order will be as follows:

Duluth—		Brewers—	
Lauber, c. f.		Flaherty, l. f.	
Shepard, s. s.		O'Donnell, 2b.	
Burns, 3b.		Busch, s. s.	
Featherstone, 1b.		Kinkel, c.	
Klinn, c.		Ryan, 1b.	
Revoy, r. f.		Clausky, r. f.	
Golden, r. f.		Bachman, c. f.	
Gerard, l. f.		Hansen, 3b.	
Patterson, p.		Harris	for Fleetham, p.

This afternoon Revoy is pitching and Patterson playing third.

BOOTH'S SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.

Dixon and Hunter Will Begin Their Popular Runs Tomorrow.

The Sunday excursions to Two Harbors by lake will be resumed tomorrow by the Booth steamers, and those who have enjoyed them in the past seasons will have an opportunity to do so again. The excursions will be by the steamers Dixon and Hunter, leaving the Booth dock on Lake avenue at 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m. The return from Two Harbors will be at 5 o'clock, and the round trip fare will be 50 cents. This excursion is a very pleasant one, those who start in the morning having plenty of time to see Two Harbors, the ore docks, Burlington and Agate bays and other points of interest about Two Harbors.

TO A DIAMOND.

Thou thing of beauty, with a soul of fire!
In some old Eastern harem long ago
Didst thou adorn the favorite's hand of snow?
Or did some dark Egyptian queen desire
Thy brilliant flash along her stringed lyre,
While her low-lidded gaze swept proud and slow
The valley where the Nile's deep waters flow?
Or did some harlot of thy beauty tire?

It matters not. Swart queens have come and gone;
Harlots have triumphed—and have been forgot;
The rose of power has withered on the vine;
Yet oh, Most Beautiful! it is thy lot
In radiant splendor and in light divine!
In beauty deathless and in light divine!
—ELLA HIGGINSON in the June Woman's Home Companion.

A TIME FOR EVERYTHING.

The Reading of Character in Fashionable Garb.

The sameness of fashion and the limited scope it yields for the display of individuality and originality and taste and character have lately been deplored by a well-known essayist; and, no doubt, to the superficial observer, who is incapable of penetrating beneath the outward uniformity by means of a thousand insignificant, yet most significant, details and avowals, this aspect of fashion and modes may seem lamentable. But for ourselves, we believe that, if all women tomorrow were dressed in the same fashion, they would manifest individual any typical qualities and peculiarities, which are as much betrayals and avowals as languagemore, indeed, for if language often conceals our true sentiments our dress scarcely ever does.

By this we must not be thought to overlook the influence that is played by the dressmaker and tailor and that necessitates a modification and guarded application of our philosophy. A parvenu millionaire's wife goes to M. Worth to be dressed, and, implicitly following the great artist's advice, wears a dress that is perefection itself, a dress that suppresses this bad point and accentuates this advantageous one, and in itself is a work of art. Yet the wearer of this faultless robe wil betray her native taste or want of it.

She will wear a dress suitable for a reception of ambassadors at some ordinary function, when an immodest display magnificence is not only out of place, but embarrasses the hostess, and almost conveys a rebuke to this lady and her other guests. The host of the entertainment glancing at the dazzling collection of diamonds that hang about the neck, shoulders and waist of the millionairess, will say to himself, in an annoyed undertone: "By heavens, the woman ought to be taught that it isn't necessary to carry all her diamonds about her to an evening party," and the general feeling of ridicule and contempt will scarcely promote urbanity and geniality. Women of this kind are nearly always kind-hearted and generous and vulgar, and the most beautiful costume in the world will not prevent this latter quality betraying itself.

Even more subtle, yet none the less recognizable, is the revelation of meanness—a quality much more to be distrusted and detested than vulgarity, says the London Queen. These are the women who dress themselves in the prevailing fashion and rarely outrage the eye by any violent eccentricity of color or style. But they have a passion for saving pence, and you may observe that some rich material, the precise counterpart of that worn by the wealthy and handsome countess of X is trimmed with cheap, common lace, which a French maid who respected the art of dressing would die rather than be guilty of wearing. This type of woman is nearly always wealthy, spends large sums in expensive furniture, plate, furs and the rest, entertains lavishly and passes through life with her meanness of soul unsuspected by any but her servants, who know she will give them the cheapest quality of food, bedding and the lowest wages she can beat them down to. Of course, it need hardly be said that the justifiable economy of the poor woman, which compels her to consider every shilling, is quite a different affair from the meanness of the rich one.

There is a class of women, often well-born and well-educated, and without the justification for vulgarity in springing from humble origin, whose sole object in dress is to produce an effect by something unusual, startling bizarre. They are not to be confused with the coquette, whose intention is to provoke and please the other sex, and whose dress, full of mystery and seductiveness and a caprice that is charming, and that attracts at first, finally repels by a certain want of simplicity and sincerity, which is, however, in keeping with the wearer of the robe.

The women whose toilette betrays a desire to create a sensation are those as a rule, to whom nature has not been favorable, and who seek to obtain an attention which otherwise would be denied them. They are, however, often women of fortune, and this characteristic will invest the least intelligent and attractive with a charm and value in the eyes of the average man. Whatever the fashion, however quiet and decorous and objectionable, they will contrive to make themselves conspicuous by appearing at an evening party with strange fur about their neck, or in a public park in white satin turban or white velvet jacket heavily trimmed with white fur. This kind of costume causes passers-by to look earnestly at such women, and even turn round and make uncomplimentary remarks. No matter, the object has been attained; attention has been arrested, and the wearer of the white satin turban may have the good luck to appear in the fashion journals.

Scarcely less disagreeable than this latter class are the women whose toilettes reveal their desire to create an impression of girlhood, with which happy period they had acquaintance, perhaps, some thirty years ago. Now, it is true—incredible as it may seem—that there are women of 40 who have the slimness, the unformed figure, the indescribable sort of awkward, even charming, youthfulness of young girls, and women of this type, even if they have a few gray hairs amidst their black or blonde tresses, can wear anything in the way of shapely or unshapely garments without making themselves ridiculous.

But the thick, stout set, matronly person, who never learned to know herself, and who insists upon wearing the infantile style of bodies called, we think—though we confess we are not learned in dressmakers' jargon—"bebe," betrays a condition of mind which may be in precise consonance with her style of dress, but which is hardly a matter for congratulation.

In fine, a book rather than a chapter could be written on this philosophy of dress, for we have said nothing of the woman, whose dress betrays her the born actress, or of the type whose costume is rather a uniform than a feminine dress, irresistibly halling up to the imagination the feeling of a mistake in sex, or of that most dangerous class of all, the women whose dress, tailor made or flowing, or what not, denies every line and curve of her figure, revealing in the most suggestive fashion what a pretense is made of concealing. Even the neat shabby work-a-day dress of the governess, the facsimile of a thousand other dresses turned out by similar establishments, is pregnant with avowals of her courage, her self-respect, or the reverse.

Walk behind two women dressed in tailor-made skirts, of precisely the same material and cut and cost, watch the way they manage their skirts, observe the neatness of their shoes and stockings, and, above all, the freshness and delicacy and simplicity of their petticoats, and if, after this observation, you can form no idea of their characters, or, at least, their tastes, avow yourself of no great acuteness. Only observe with caution and on fundamental principles. Because a colored petticoat is regarded at the moment as perfection of fashion, and an immense display of it as the perfection of manners, do not be misled into thinking that its wearer shows better taste than her companion wearing that modest, plain, spotless white petticoat, adorned with the simplest of embroidery, and whose edge is now and again revealed beneath the hem of her dress.

And, lastly, there is perfection in dress, as in every other kind of decoration, the perfection which is due, not to the genius of the tailor or dressmaker, but to exquisite taste, to a harmony between the soul and the dress, of which it is the symbol, and, in addition, it must be conceded, of a well-equipped purse. For true elegance in dress—all those perfect accessories which combine to create harmony and proportion, all those minute articles which require constant renewal if they are to possess that most essential charm of a woman's toilette, exquisite daintiness and freshness—are scarcely ever within reach of any but the wealthy woman and the woman of leisure, who has given sufficient, and yet not excessive study to herself, and knows accurately how to give herself the most attractive and lovely setting.

It is not enough that she have a good taste, an eye for artistic effects, a faculty for wearing her clothes gracefully. All these she may possess, but she must have also refinement and delicacy and softness and purity—in a word, the ideal feminine qualities, which her dress will reveal and reflect, to the delight of all who have the privilege of beholding her.

STUDENTS WITHOUT MONEY.

"There is no reason why a student's food should cost him one cent" writes Jesse Lynch Williams, advising young men how to work their way through college, in the June Ladies' Home Journal. "Every freshman has just as much right and certainly has as good a chance to get up an eating-club among his own classmates as the upper classmen have. A club means merely a tableful of eight or sixteen more or less congenial fellows, generally classmates. The man who runs the club does not enter for it. In most cases he does absolutely nothing except gather the crowd together at the beginning of the year, and in return he receives his own meals free of charge. When he has once started it a man can generally run a club all through his course. As for clothes, a student ought to be able to earn them during the three long months of summer. The present generations does not wait on table at summer hotels, but it frequently manages the hotels or acts as clerks. Many hotel proprietors prefer college men because they are apt to be gentlemen, and they are good at organizing athletic games, etc. Other students act as bathing masters, or managers of boat houses, or correspondents of city papers at watering places, or even as professional entertainers at summer hotels where young men are scarce."

Wonderful!

To see how cheap you can buy a ticket from Duluth to Detroit, Mich., and return, $11.50 for the round trip via the popular Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic and Detroit and Cleveland elegant steamers. On sale July 2, 3, 4 and 5. Good to return on or before Aug. 15.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

TONIGHT
America's Foremost Comedian,
Bobby Gaylor,
With his merry associates in the hilarious farce,
McSorley's Twins.
PRICES 25c, 50c, 75c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Tuesday, June 13.
Engagement of
Roland Reed,
Accompanied by
Isadore Rush,
In his successful comedy,
THE WRONG MR. WRIGHT
Presented with an adequate Scenic Production, showing a view of Fort Monroe, Va.

THE ANNUAL
St. Luke's.....
Mastodon Minstrels,
Thursday Evening, June 15.....
At the LYCEUM THEATER.
Tickets on sale at Box Office, Wednesday evening, June 14.

TURNER HALL,
Sixth Ave. E. and Third St.
One Solid Week Commencing..... **Monday June 12**
Special engagement of the
Marston Stock Co.,
Comedy and Drama. Entire change of programme each evening. Monday night the great sensational comedy drama—
"SLAVES OF FORTUNE."
Special to the Ladies. FREE! Our opening night, Monday, all ladies free when accompanied by person holding reserved seat ticket
Prices 10, 20, 30c.

HILL TOP **CASINO and PAVILION.**
J. C. MORRIS, Lessee and Manager
Next Sunday and all Next Week, MATINEES DAILY.
"UNCLE TOM'S CABIN,"
Military Brass Band, Fashionable Vaudeville, Autocratic Curios, Concessions and Privileges.
POPULAR PRICES.—Afternoon 1:30 sharp; evening 7:30 sharp. Double Bill. Two Shows.

TURNER HALL.
Sixth Ave. E. and Third St.
One Solid Week Commencing **Monday, June 12,**
MARSTON STOCK CO.
Comedy and Drama. Monday, Slaves of Fortune.
Prices 10, 20, 30c

PARLOR THEATER.
19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, Matinee Saturday, 2:30 p. m.
Mlle. Modesta Burlesque Co.
20—Handsome Ladies—20.
A laughing hit from start to finish.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The next assembly party will be held on Wednesday evening, June 21, at the Spalding. It will be as delightful as all of the previous parties given by the Assembly and this is all that can be asked.

The summer season's gayety is still hanging on the verge and will soon be well launched if the weather which has prevailed this week continues. Outdoor social events are as yet very few, but a few days of warm weather will bring them very quickly.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Edith Smythe, daughter of O. D. Kinney, and Frederick Ahbe, of Tower, will take place on June 28 at St. Paul's church.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Giles Gilbert entertained the young ladies of Maynard school Thursday evening at their home, 1601 East First street, for their daughter, Miss Grace Gilbert, who will graduate next Wednesday. About thirty guests were present and all were delightfully entertained.

* * *

Miss LaVaque entertained the Young Ladies' Card club at her home, 1131 East First street, Monday afternoon. The prize, a pretty fan, was won by Miss Martha Peyton. Miss Margaret Barnard assisted.

At refreshments Miss LaVaque announced the marriage of herself and Charles E. Macdonald to take place on June 28. The young ladies were seated around a large table, with a Battenburg centerpiece and apple blossom decorations. From under the centerpiece little pink ribbons ran to each place and after the refreshments had been served the young ladies were invited to each pull a ribbon. On all but one there were small hearts and on that one was an envelope containing the announcement. Those present were:

Mesdames—
Leslie, Sellwood.
Misses—
Bowe, Powell, Brockville, Ont.,
Eckley, Dickinson, Ames,
Towne, Martha Peyton,
Macdonagall, Smith,
Crowley, McLaren,
Margaret Barnard.

* * *

Next Wednesday, at Brooklyn, N. Y., will take place the marriage of Miss Gladys M. Jones and John M. Thomas of Duluth, recently of Niles, Ohio. The wedding will be a very quiet one and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas will come directly to Duluth. Mr. Thomas has taken the John L. Williams residence at Tenth avenue east and Fourth street and will occupy it at once. Mr. Thomas is the gentleman who has purchased the blast furnace at West Duluth and has taken up his permanent residence in Duluth. The lady who after Wednesday night will be Mrs. Thomas will be a valuable addition to the musical circles of the city. She is said to be one of the finest contralto singers in the country.

* * *

Mrs. William White entertained a number of friends at cards Thursday afternoon at her home on East First street.

* * *

J. B. Cotton and O. C. Hartman were the impressarios of a concert company which gave a concert at one or two of the range towns this week. The party went up in the Missabe road private car with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Olcott as chaperones. The musicians were Miss Bradshaw, Miss Moon, Miss Donovan, C. D. Shepard and Ward Ames, Jr. Mr. Ames is the only one of the party whose musical talent has not been generally recognized hertofore and it is explained that he is the heavy bass.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Virginia LaVaque, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. LaVaque, of 1131 East First street, and Charles F. Macdonald will take place on June 28.

* * *

The commencement exercises of Maynard school will be held Wednesday evening. They will be held this year at Pilgrim Congregational church, the school being too small. The event is always one of much interest to society and is largely attended. Rev. J. R. Smith of Pilgrim Congregational church, West Superior, will deliver the address and there will be remarks by some of the resident clergy. There will be a musical program. The graduates are: Miss Lucy Sanborn, Miss Katherine Boyce, Miss Grace Gilbert, Miss Mary Ould and Miss Laura Lewis.

The baccalaureate sermon will be preached at 4 o'clock tomorrow by Rev. R. B. Patrick at the school.

* * *

The Somerset Y is meeting this afternoon at the home of Miss Cora Letteau, 732 East First street.

* * *

Thursday evening the senior class will give an informal dancing party at the school.

* * *

The event which all society is awaiting with great anticipation now is the minstrel performance next Thursday evening at the Lyceum by St. Luke's Mastodon minstrels. A program which will surpass all the previous efforts of the St. Luke's minstrels has been arranged. It is as follows.

GRAND FIRST PART.

Bones—John Doran, John Boobar, Jaseph Medley.
Tambourines—C. Applehagen, Robert Cox, Fred Clark.
Interlocutor—Lansing Robinson.
Opening chorus—"Preach Brudder Barley."
Overture.....Flaaten's orchestra
End song—"The Coldest Coon in Town".....C. Applehagen
Ballad—"Under the Willow".James Lynn
Topical song—"Looking for Another Occupation".....Lansing Robinson
Bass solo—"Neptune".....George Beck
Rag time ditty—"Mistah Don't Get Gay".....Johnson
Ballad—"Sweet Nola Shannon".....John Doran
Comic song—"The Boy Guessed Right".....Clarence Shephard
Ethiopian ballad—"De Coon dat Shakes de Buildin' wid de Big, Big bass".....David G. Black
Closing chorus—"Playin' on de Old Banjo".....Robert Cox

OLIO.

Albert Ames.....King of Clubs
The only John Boobar.....Comedy Acrobatic Specialist
Angelus orchestra with Crown piano.....James McDermid
A few minutes with Doran and Applehagen.....
Bagley and Blake.....Acrobats
Bagley and Blake.....Acrobats
Battle trio...Chapman, Carlson, Medley
Grand finale introducing Stevens, Harris, Cox, Nicol and Porter in buck and wing dancing and plantation melodies by the Darktown Double quartet.

The chorus will include the following: Don Gearhart, Rene Hugo, H. B. Boswell, George St. Clair, M. McLaren, N. Pierce, R. Pierce, S. Pierce, C. Niles, D. G. Black, George Beck, Clarence Shephard, James Lynn, Robert Cox, C. Applehagen, Joseph Medley, Joseph Satler, Fred Clark, John Boobar, Will Chapman, Henry Meining, John Doran and St. Paul's church boys' choir.

The management of the minstrels is as follows: Arthur F. McCustance, musical director; John Doran, business manager, Clarence Shepard, treasurer; Lansing Robinson, stage manager.

* * *

Mrs. John Loman will give a series of eight lecture recitals on Wednesdays at 10:30 a. m., from June 14 to Aug. 2 inclusive, at the Twentieth Century club rooms. The lectures will be on the following subjects:

1.—Music and Nature: Music as compared with the other arts. Ancient and Primitive Music. Development of the Folk-Song.

2.—Popular Music of the Middle Ages—Troubadours and Trouveres. Minstrels. Jongleurs. Minnesingers and Meistersingers. Development of Church music. Palestrina.

3.—Bach—The Fugue—Organ Music. Handel. Gluck. Haydn. Development of Oratorio and Opera.

4.—Mozart—The Opera continued. Beethoven—The Sonata and the Symphony.

5.—Romantic School of Music. Revival of the Romantic School of Poetry. Weber and his operas as types of German Romanticism. Schubert—The German Lied and the Art Ballad. Robert Schumann.

6.—Romantic School continued. Mendelssohn—Program music. Chopin—Characteristic Polish music. Liszt—Hungarian music. Wagner as Man, Musician and Poet.

7.—Slavonic, Scandinavian, Freich and American music. Glinka, Rubenstein, Tchaikowski, Dvorak, Grieg and Sibelius. Gounod, Saint Saens, Chaminade, Massenet, Berlioz, Godard, MacDowell, Foote, Chadwick, Beach. Discussion of negro melodies and Indian music. Origin of our national airs.

8.—Music and poetry.

* * *

A second children's entertainment is to be given at the Morley Congregational church on June 21. This is to be called "An Afternoon of Story and Song." Miss Quilliard, Miss Barnard and Mrs. Bishop are to tell the stories and Mrs. Lucas, Miss Farrell and Miss Frazer will sing the songs. The program prepared is exceedingly attractive, and should fill the church to overflowing, not only with the children, but also with those of the older ones that are interested in child culture.

* * *

The annual informal reception of the junior class of the High school to the senior class was given Thursday evening at Masonic Temple hall. A large number were present, and the evening was spent in dancing.

* * *

Zenith Council, No. 40, of the United Commercial Travelers, will give a social and ball at Elks' hall this evening. Flaaten's orchestra will attend and refreshments will be served.

* * *

The Ladies' Missionary society of Morley church will give a crayon social at the church, corner of Nineteenth avenue east and First street, Monday evening. Misses Grace Dussell, Minnie Gregory, Eva Mather, Ada Butler and George Gregory will take part in the musical program.

* * *

Miss Hartmann will open a German school for children on Monday, at 9:30 a. m., in the basement of the Unitarian church. The class will meet three times a week.

* * *

Circle No. 5 of St. Paul's church intends giving a Vanity Fair entertainment next Wednesday evening at the residence of Mrs. S. L. Smith, 1221 East Superior street.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Missionary union will take place next Wednesday afternoon at 2:30. By invitation the union meets with the Pilgrim Congregational Woman's Missionary society. The lives of missionary statesmen—Marcus Whitman, Cyrus Hamlin and John Paton—will be reviewed. Reports from the presidents of the missionary societies of the different churches will be heard, a solo or two sung and the union's constitution adopted. The union comprises all the missionary societies of the different churches in the city. The officers are: Miss Eddy, president; presidents of various societies, vice presidents; Mrs. Henderson, treasurer; Mrs. Chapman, secretary.

* * *

Tuesday evening Miss Mae Fraser, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Fraser, and William Homer Pride were married at the residence of the bride's parents, 122 West Fifth street. It was a very pretty wedding, the home being decorated with palms. The bride wore a gown of mousseline de soie and carried bridal roses. Her sister, Miss Anna Fraser, was her attendant, and was gowned in white and carried white roses. F. N. Pride was best man. Dr. Samuel P. Long, of the First M. E. church, officiated. Miss Tena Shannon sang "O Promise Me" at the ceremony.

* * *

Mrs. Mary S. Bassett, of Duluth, and Charles F. Frantz, of St. Paul, were quietly married last Sunday at St. Paul. Mr. and Mrs. Frantz will live in St. Paul.

* * *

This evening the pupils of the High school will give a reception at 8:15 p. m. in the high school halls to John Loman, who has been principal of the High school for three years, but who will leave for the East to take a new position. There will be a musical program.

* * *

Mrs. C. F. Hector entertained the Neighbors' club Tuesday afternoon at her home, 524 Seventh avenue east. Those present were:

Mesdames—
E. Wagner, D. Sheehan,
A. J. Harker, I. Plutnisky,
H. Sievers, A. G. Kelly,
Ferris Drake, C. G. Flroved.

* * *

Next Tuesday evening Mrs. A. B. Siewert's pupils will give a "Schubert Evening" for the benefit of Pilgrim Congregational Christian Endeavor society's "Library Fund."

* * *

Miss Emma Mueller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Mueller, of 5611 London road, entertained about twenty-five of her young friends Wednesday in honor of her fifteenth birthday.

* * *

At the cinch party and dance given by Temple Emanuel Aid society Tuesday evening at Odd Fellows' hall a large number were present. At cinch Miss Keggan won first ladies' prize, a center piece; J. B. Goodrich, first gentlemen's prize, a pair of link buttons, and Miss Cook and John T. Black the booby prizes, getting a doiley and a silver cigar holder respectively. Dancing followed.

* * *

Miss Annie Nelson, of Proctorknott, and George Lynch, of Duluth, were married Monday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Brayden, of Proctorknott. Mr. and Mrs. Lynch will live in Duluth.

* * *

The Thursday Musical, a society of the younger girls, who have been studying the history of music under Mrs. Loman for the last nine months, will give a reception in her honor at the home of Mrs. Page Morris on Thursday next, from 3 to 5 p. m.

* * *

Alpha council of the Modern Samaritans gave a very pleasing social Wednesday evening at Elks' hall. A fine program was given. Miss Mordaunt Erickson, of Saginaw, gave a very pleasing piano solo; Miss Shannon sang and was enthusiastically encored. Robert Cox gave humorous recitations. Little Miss Hancock was encored out and won the audience by the charming manner in which she recited. The Banjo and Guitar club, composed of Professor J. Medley, Will Chapman and Fred Carlson, rendered some excellent music and was encored. One of the principal features of the entertainment was a violin solo "Rhapsody," by Hauser, beautifully rendered by Gus Flaaten, who was enthusiastically encored and responded with "Romance," by Pence. He was accompanied on the piano by Miss Harris. In a few weeks Mr. Flaaten purposes going to Germany for several years' study, and before the departure it is the desire of his friends to present him with a testimonial entertainment, which will probably be arranged for in the very near future. Mr. Flaaten has the best wishes of his many friends in Duluth.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Owen returned yesterday from a two weeks' visit in the Eastern states.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Williamson have returned from a fishing trip to the Brule river.

Mrs. George C. Howe and Miss Howe have returned from a pleasure trip of several months. Miss Powell, of Brockville, Ont., cousin of Miss Howe, accompanied them and will visit here.

H. B. Foster and daughter, of New Philadelphia, have been here this week visiting Mr. Porter's two daughters, who are teachers in the Duluth public schools.

Mrs. Thomas, of 526 West First street, is receiving a visit from her mother, Mrs. Castle, and sister, Mrs. McDonald, who reside in Glendale, Minn.

Miss Elizabeth Payne is home from Stanford university, California.

Charles S. Morris has gone to Salt Lake City to engage in mining.

Miss Jessie Bowncll, of Elmira, N. Y., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John F. Mc-Caig, of East First street, and will be here through the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Richardson have returned from Rochester.

Miss Paddock, of Racine, Wis., is a guest of Mrs. O. G. Traphagen.

Mrs. Robert Ferguson and children left Wednesday for Glasgow, Scotland, to spend the summer visiting their relatives.

Col. D. H. Stevenson has returned from a two years' stay in Indiana for the benefit of his health. His family will return in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg left Tuesday on the steamer Dixon for a few days' fishing at the Baptism river.

W. J. Suffel, wife and two children left Tuesday by boat for Chicago, from whence they will proceed to Polo, Ind., to be present at the wedding of a brother of Mr. Suffel, which will take place next week.

Miss Helen Ronnay, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. A. C. Pearson, left last evening over the South Shore for her home in Buffalo, N. Y.

W. C. McCarter and wife returned from a trip East yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cross have gone to New York for a three weeks' visit.

Miss May Horrigan is visiting friends in St. Paul.

Mrs. William A. Thompson, of 1712 West Third street, has gone for an extended trip to St. Paul, Chicago, Hartford City and Topeka, where she will visit with her daughter.

A. L. Agatin has gone to Mount Clemens, Mich., to remain for a few weeks.

Mrs. A. B. Wolvin has gone to Colorado Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Davidson, who have been visiting here, have returned to Kansas City.

Mrs. C. C. Boyd, of Munger terrace, entertained Mrs. C. Hubbard and Mrs. A. Demars, of Minneapolis, this week.

Mrs. Theodore H. Williams, of 1511 East Superior street, is with her mother, Mrs. O. Jones, of Drexel boulevard, Chicago, for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. J. B. Sanborn, of St. Paul, will come to Duluth to attend the closing of Maynard school. Her daughter, Miss Lucy Sanborn, will graduate.

Rev. A. W. Ryan and family left yesterday for Oshkosh.

Miss Catherine Davis left for Chicago yesterday.

Mrs. Frank Spurback and daughter have gone to Oshkosh.

Mrs. E. W. Lewis and children left last evening for Cooperstown, N. D., to visit Mr. Lewis. Afterwards they will visit her brother, Judge C. L. Brown, of Morris, returning to Duluth about the middle of September.

Miss Daisy Badeaux, of Brainerd, who was attending the L. O. T. M. and K. O. T. M. convention here, the guest of Mrs. A. C. Farrar, returned to her home Thursday.

Mrs. J. M. Smith, of 1515 East Superior street, has returned from a three weeks' visit to friends in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. Emil Schmied and children are in Chicago for a month, visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Ware. Mrs. Schmied will study piano with Madam Bloomfield-Zeisler during her stay.

Dr. Taylor will take his family to Deerwood on Sunday for the summer. He has built a cottage at the upper end of the lake.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Armstrong and daughter, Miss Lillian, have gone to Minneapolis for a three weeks' visit with friends and relatives.

Miss Smith and Miss Janet Smith will leave next week for a month's visit in North Dakota.

Mrs. J. N. McKindley and daughter, Miss Margaret, are again at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Vincent D. Cliff have returned from Albany, N. Y.

Mrs. George N. LaVaque returned this morning from Boston.

Miss Belle Simonds has returned from a visit to Minneapolis.

Mrs. H. A. Cress and children left this week for Port Elgin, Canada, where she will visit with her mother until August.

Mrs. J. S. Lloyd will leave Duluth tomorrow for New York, where she will sail for England on June 14 on the Teutonic. She may be gone a year.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

Wednesday evening Miss Olive R. Langslow and W. F. Etsell, of Portage La Pariric, Man., were married at the residence of the bride's father, W. Langslow, Fifty-fifth avenue west. Miss Jean Stewart and Miss Anna Jacoby were bridesmaids and Fred Patton was best man. The officiating clergyman was Rev. Mr. Jamieson. They left for Portage La Prairie after the wedding.

Miss Agnes Fitzgerald came down from Mountain Iron Wednesday to attend the graduating exercises at the Catholic academy on Friday.

John Caplis and family have gone to Grand Forks to reside.

The meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of Asbury M. E. church, which it was intended to hold at the home of Mrs. Noxon on June 14, has been postponed until further notice.

The cantata of "Jeptah and His Daughter" is to be given the latter part of June. Further announcement will soon be given.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Belanger were surprised Wednesday evening the first anniversary of their marriage, and a very pleasant evening was spent by the friends. Those present were: Mrs. William Towner, her two daughters, Alice and Clara, and son, Charles; Mr. and Mrs. Tower, Mr. and Mrs. Lardiner, West Duluth; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tower, Proctorknott; Mr. and Mrs. Matom and Mrs. Charles Towner, St. Paul.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Congregational church met Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. William Kelley, corner of Fifty-fourth avenue and Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Keefe have returned to their home in St. Paul, after a visit here with their brother, Daniel Keefe.

The teachers are now preparing for summer vacations. Miss Ensign will spend two weeks in Chicago, visiting the city schools and studying their methods. Miss Bechtel will spend the summer at her home in Ohio. Miss Fisk will go to St. Cloud, Minn., and also take a trip through the West. The Misses Hawkes will recreate at their home in Mankato. Miss Tallmadge will return to her home in Michigan. Miss McCall, Miss Marsh and Miss Sears expect to spend part of their vacation out of the city.

Clan Stewart Meeting.

Clan Stewart of Duluth, Minn., held its regular meeting Tuesday evening and one new member was initiated. The committee on sickness reported Clansman Will Gordon as convalescing favorably from an attack of typhoid fever, also that Secretary Malcolm McDonald has been laid up for over a week with a bad cold. Under "good of the order" Past Chief W. D. Gordon read selections from a book of poems which has just been published by Royal Deputy James Kennedy, of New York. The readings were well received and Mr. Gordon, who was quite at home in rendering the comic, brought out the fine points in the character description. Among the poems read were "The Inventor," "The Actor," "The Waif" and "McTavishes' Feast." Very favorable comments were made by the members present and all agreed that in Clansman Kennedy the order has a poet of whom all Scotchmen should feel proud.

Placed Under Bonds.

Thomas Cooper, of West Duluth, who was arrested by Sergeant Briggs Thursday night on complaint of Mrs. Cooper, who stated that her husband had threatened to shoot her, was yesterday afternoon placed under $200 bonds to keep the peace. The security was furnished by George Dingwall and Charles Cooper.

To Lecture This Evening.

Professor C. G. Lagergren, of Chicago, will give a lecture tonight on the Finnish question at the Swedish Baptist church on Nineteenth avenue west and First street. He is a speaker of great ability and as his subject is of general interest for the Scandinavian speaking people there will undoubtedly be many who will take advantage of this opportunity to hear him. Some Finnish national songs will be rendered.

MURRAY BESTS HOGAN.

Louisville, June 9.—Jimmy Murray, the Cincinnati lightweight, got the decision over Tommy Hogan last night at the end of a 20-round contest. The fight was scientific and witnessed by a great crowd.

"A Cheerful Look Makes a Dish a Feast."

"Cheerful looks" depend just as much upon physical well-being as upon natural disposition and temperament. If the blood is disordered, the brain is starved, and no "dish is a feast," for the reason that the vitalizing elements do not reach the proper spot.

A step in the right direction is to purify the body by the use of a natural remedy. Hood's Sarsaparilla is Nature's remedy. It acts upon the blood, and whether the seat of the disorder is brain, stomach, liver or kidneys, the purifying process of this medicine is equally sure and successful. *It never disappoints.*

Diphtheria—"My little nephew was troubled for two years with sore throat and tonsilitis. Was threatened with diphtheria but Hood's Sarsaparilla warded it off. He is now entirely well." INEZ G. REED, Oak Hill Ave., Waterbury, Conn.

Run Down—"I was weak, had no appetite, nervous and completely run down. Tried many remedies but nothing helped me until I used Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured me." MRS. WM. MARKS, 27 Henry St., Binghamton, N. Y.

Scrofula—"I was almost bedfast with scrofula and catarrb. Had no appetite. Hood's Sarsaparilla soon made me stronger and later all the sores disappeared and catarrh stopped." NELLIE OSMER, 414 Lyon Street, Des Moines, Iowa.

Dyspepsia—"I suffered for 20 years with dyspepsia. Dared not eat meat, new bread or vegetables. Went hungry for fear of distress. Felt despondent and distressed. Took Hood's Sarsaparilla and got relief immediately. Can eat most anything without discomfort." MRS. EMILY F. BUMP, Middleboro, Mass.

Liver and Kidneys—"My mother was very sick with congestion of the liver and kidney trouble. Nothing helped her until we got Hood's Sarsaparilla, which showed its effects with first dose. She is well and hearty." MRS. D. A. STONE, Winthrop, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WOULDN'T BE PUT OFF

Went to the Kitchen and Made It Herself.

Husband said to me one morning: "It seems to me, my dear, that it will pay you to make a trial and see whether it may not be true, as your physician says, that the cause of your persistent dyspepsia and head trouble and palpitation of the heart is coffee.

"He said: "Suppose we stop coffee and try this Postum Food Coffee!" I agreed to it, and so a package was sent up that day.

In the morning we had the new food coffee, and after filling my husband's cup, I filled my own. I sipped a few spoonsful, and I am ashamed to say that my eyes filled too. I could not drink it.

Husband suggested that inasmuch as this was the first trial, the cook had not made it properly.

I took the coffee pot to the kitchen, poured it out and examined the package carefully, then followed directions exactly (an easy thing to do, by the way), and after I had got the coffee pot to boiling I left it in the cook's charge, saying that I would send out for it in fifteen minutes.

When it came in and I poured out some fresh cups for husband and myself, what a revelation! I could not have believed it possible that there was such a difference between an article poorly prepared and properly prepared. Here it was, a black brown, clear and delicious. The addition of a little cream turned it to that perfect color that an epicure delights in.

This was several months ago, and I attribute my gain in flesh and my perfect health to the use of Postum, as it has served me as an ideal food. My friends frequently say something like: "I never saw you looking so well. What are you taking?" I reply: "I am taking no medicine, but I am drinking hard just now, drinking Postum Food Coffee," and the results are very real indeed to husband and myself. MRS. Jennie Knight, Washington, D. C.

GET THEIR DIPLOMAS

Graduates of the High School Receive Their Certificates of Honor.

CLOSING EXERCISES

Five Excellent Essays By Members of the Class--- Fine Music.

Once more was the High School assembly hall packed last night. The occasion was the graduating exercises of the high school, and a very pleasant and interesting program had been prepared. The class was seated upon the stage, and the young women in their garb of white looked charming, as girl graduates should look. After Mr. Loman had requested the women present to remove their hats, and after the orchestra had given the overture, Rev. Alexander Milne, of the Pilgrim Congregational church, gave the invocation. The first paper on the program was by Miss Eva Olivia Johnson on "Signs." Her paper was very entertaining and it showed much thought and study in its preparation. After showing the comprehensiveness of her subject, including everything from the signs of the sandwich man to the signs of the zodiac, from the signs of punctuation to the signs of the times, she said that the limits of her essay permitted her to touch upon only a few of the more important, and of these the most common are business signs.

"But business signs," she said, "are new and insignificant compared with some other signs. Since a sign expresses thought, signs must have existed as a means of communication throughout all the ages. Long before they had words they made known their wants and emotions by physical signs. Even today we often use gestures unconsciously to make our statements more emphatic, and among the Indians signs were used largely and impressively instead of speech. Very often have they denounced the white man in language that fired the hearts of the tribes assembled in witness.

"The first attempts at speech were probably imitations of the sounds that were heard, and some exclamation to express fear, disgust or some other emotion. Then as a bell when struck gives a sound, so when man perceived anything he naturally wished to speak of it. Thus a noun represented an object, but later in order to distinguish between objects of the same kind, as a large or small box, adjectives began to be used as signs of quality. Yet nouns and adjectives were not sufficient, so words denoting action were found.

"Among all races there has been a desire to keep a record of history, as the Indians did by means of the wampum belt. Thus the desire to communicate with distant friends led to the written sign language, which was used as far back as 3000 years before Christ. To save time and trouble we have learned to abbreviate many words, or put signs for them.

"Most people accept it as a fact that superstition went out with the advent of steam, the telegraph and the art of printing. But signs and omens still have a widespread influence. Would any woman of modern times lay covers for thirteen people at a dinner party on Friday? Certain of the weather signs have a scientific foundation. Signs have been used not only as a means of communication between men, but as the means by which the ancients believed the gods revealed themselves to men. Among the ancient Greeks and Romans all things in nature bore messages from the gods, and auguries from the notes and flights of birds were of the highest significance.

"In the words of Carlyle: 'The universe is but one vast symbol of God's love.' We find the same idea expressed, but in a higher, nobler sense. We look around us, we see summer breaking forth in all its beauty. The breeze laden with the fragrance of flowers, the birds and the leafy trees all tell of the loving care of the Creator. All speak of the bounteous fulfillment of His promises to brighten the pathway of mankind."

Miss Marion Morrison McMillan sang "Swallows," and she was compelled to respond to a warm encore. Her voice is sweet and well developed.

Under the title, "An Exemplar in Politics," Thomas Colvin Kelly gave a very interesting and comprehensive review of the character and career of Theodore Roosevelt. After reviewing Mr. Roosevelt's career from its inception, following his graduation from college and his election as assemblyman from a New York district, he told how his conviction that it was his duty to take an active part in public affairs affected him. He attended primaries and political meetings, watched for the right time to strike, and when he struck struck hard. He inherited an ample fortune and a taste for literary work, which he has found time to indulge extensively, but he has devoted himself to public service in a most unselfish manner.

"Not posing as a reformer," he continued, "he has been one in spite of himself. With his high ideals, he could not have been otherwise.

"Although he works with the Republican party, he stands on no party platform. His platform is hard work and practical, honest politics." He is a cog, he says, in a political machine, that always drops out when dishonesty comes in. What he asks of every American citizen is that he be strictly honest and heartily loyal to American institutions. Two of his colleagues on the civil service commission were Democrats, the treasurer of the New York police board was a Democrat, and with these men he heartily co-operated.

"The all-important issue of today is whether the administration of the laws of our land by practical politicians is possible. The term 'honest politician' seems almost a paradox, but Theodore Roosevelt represents a class of men, constantly on the increase, that bring to the performance of public duty not only honesty but practical ability. In Roosevelt we have a man who not only exclaims against corruption and dishonesty in politics and tells us what must be done, but plunges into the thick of the fight and actually puts his plans into practice.

"Mr. Roosevelt has never sought public office, and nearly all the offices that have come to him have been such that they required tremendous energy and pluck to fill them faithfully, but he has never shirked, he has never flinched, even when faced by the most malignant opposition. He has fearlessly fought evil whenever and wherever he has encountered it, and always with success. In the New York legislature, on the civil service commission, as president of the New York police board, his labors were incessant, and the results were proportionately large and far-reaching.

"For the past sixteen years this man has been in the service of the public. Three years he spent in the New York legislature; six years he acted as civil service commissioner at Washington. He did service of inestimable value on the New York police commission. Called to be assistant secretary of the navy, his foresight and energy prepared the navy for unprecedented achievements in both the Pacific and Atlantic. He led his Rough Riders through terrible perils to glorious victory. Now he holds the highest office that the state of New York can bestow on him. What shall it be next?"

The class song, arranged by Mr. Custance, in which the four classes took part, was repeated, and, as on the class night, it took well.

The next speaker was Bernard Meldahl, who took "Trusts" as his subject and gave those much discussed institutions a very thoughtful study. He began by recounting the enormous growth in trusts lately, and especially this year, and then he accounted for the growth by the success the first combinations met with, coming at the close of a period of depression, when business had been stagnant.

"There is still another cause," he continued, "for the formation of trusts, and that arises from defects in the competitive system. In the case of a great many establishments competition is proving ruinous. The formation of a trust seems the only way by which not extortionate but fair profits can be made. The industrial syndicate in its generally declared aims and objects is really a protest against and a remedy for over-production. The recent advances of science and especially of applied science have multiplied the means of production far beyond the actual requirements of consumers. Let prices advance by ever so little, and production is at once developed so as to keep them down. This on the whole is good for consumers, because it guarantees that prices shall be kept moderately low, whereas if the means of production were equal to the needs of consumers and no more, prices would be subject to constant and violent fluctuations. It is not, however, satisfactory to manufacturers, and it has tended to keep profits abnormally low for a number of years past.

"The temptations to dishonesty and hard dealing that the competitive system offers to business men are enormous. It is almost impossible for an honest merchant to compete successfully with an unscrupulous one, as the latter will adulterate his goods, and under the present bankruptcy laws he can fail frequently and thus escape the payment of his debts.

"Trusts do away with these evils in that having a monopoly they have no need to adulterate their goods, they need not advertise extensively, and as their expenses are lowered a great deal by this, they can afford to pay better wages than those paid under the competitive system.

"We will all admit that co-operation is a higher law than competition. This same spirit is animating the nations of the world. Trusts are then the natural outgrowth of business conditions. In large combinations the greatest economy of production is procured in that fewer men are employed. Of course this throws many people out of employment, but that fact by itself is no argument against trusts. The same was true when machinery was introduced, but nobody will say that machinery has in any way been detrimental to human progress.

"If, therefore, trusts can produce articles more cheaply, why then cannot the public be benefited by this reduction in cost? So the trust could sell more cheaply if it were satisfied with a fair profit. But evidently a fair compensation is not what trusts are aiming at. They are aiming at a monopoly. They could lower the price of goods since their expenses are smaller than in the competitive system, but when they have a monopoly they have the power to raise prices. Evidently they expect to raise prices, since they capitalize to double or treble the actual value of the business involved.

"There has been considerable legislation against trusts, but it has proved as disastrous to the people as to the trusts; as is the recent Arkansas law which is handicapping business by preventing cheap and safe insurance. Business interests are suffering and mass meetings have been held to protest against the severity of the law.

"Now, we have seen what has been done and what is doing, but the question is what will be done? May think that the result must be government ownership of these enterprises. Others think that the problem will solve itself, and that trusts are but great mushrooms instead of substantial monopolies. Most men holding this later theory have implicit confidence in free competition, and think that it must finally succeed in overturning even national, state and municipal monopolies. Whatever may be the result, we may confidently believe, as did Lincoln, Webster, Blaine and all the other great American people will, by their power of ballot, decide in the right way."

Miss Mayme Bradley sang "Lady Dearest," a composition by Lilyan Teare, of this city. The song is a very pretty one, with several delightful themes and much pretty melody. Miss Bagley sang it very creditably. Her voice is sweet and sympathetic, and her manner is exceptionally pleasing.

Miss Anna Louise White gave a paper on "Traditions," in which she discussed the varying phases of that subject in a very interesting and thoughtful manner. She began by saying that the idea of traditions is naturally associated with the olden days when the only historian was the bard, at once singer and story-teller.

"But it is tradition to another and far broader sense that most directly influences us," she said. And it is in this broader application that it remains to be considered. By tradition, we mean those principles, tendencies, and customs handed down from one generation to another. The evil influences of immovable traditions is well shown in the Chinese empire. For thousands of years the Chinese have clung to the old customs and traditions, opposing all foreign immigration and refusing all foreign customs, until they are today but little advanced from what they were when their natural life began. An intelligent Chinaman recently wrote an article on the traditions of China. In this article, he claims that the conservatism and the persistence in clinging to old customs, which the Chinese have manifested, have had a good influence rather than evil. To prove this, he makes the statement that under its traditions China has existed for thousands of years. While other nations have risen and fallen, China has still stood firm. China is indeed old, but in its old age, it is still the youngest nation in civilization, because it has not progressed. Instead of using traditions as steppingstones, it has clung to the useless customs. It is far better for a nation to progress, to be of some service to the world, and then to fall than to live forever without progress.

"The Anglo-Saxon race, on the other hand, may well exemplify the influence of traditions which lead to progress. The government and fundamental ideas of this nation of ours is the outgrowth of a long line of traditions, which have their source in the very origin of the Anglo-Saxon race. This republican form of government was merely an outgrowth of ideas that have always governed the Anglo-Saxon people. Ideas inherited by every man with Anglo-Saxon blood in his veins—the idea of liberty. So it is that our revolutionary forefathers were only building on a long line of traditions when they declared that in this country there should be no titles of nobility and that all men were both free and equal.

"Our constitution itself, is likewise a growth from tradition. The ideas embodied in it are largely taken from the English constitutional law. Men such as Abraham Lincoln influenced the national life not alone in their own time, but their names and ideas have descended to posterity and have raised to a higher level the national character and ideals. Together with this influence for good is the principal inherited by every man of Anglo-Saxon birth—the devotion to duty. It is this which drives men to leave home and family and follow their general even to death.

"Thus has the mighty moving force of traditions rolled through the countless ages, gaining momentum as it has advanced. It has dragged westward with it the races of men until today the new civilization stands face to face with the old. In this conflict between the old civilization and the new, between the immovable tradition, which for thousands of years characterized the Chinese, and the restless energy that has carried the Anglo-Saxon race on its resistless course westward, there can be but one conclusion. Sooner or later China must give way to the positive forces of a newer and higher civilization. With these two countries as examples, can we doubt the vast influence of traditions both for good and for evil?"

After the orchestra had given a selection in which a trombone solo was warmly applauded, Miss Edith Alice Thompson gave a paper on "Our Servants." She began by showing how many servants we have outside of those humble individuals in the house who are associated with the term. The tradesmen and their employes, the manufacturer, and many others are servants. Everything we use is supplied by a world of servants.

"In 1861," she said, "the South thought it could exist as a separate nation. That idea was dispelled by the civil war and the years that have elapsed have clearly shown them how closely connected the South is to the rest of the country. The same fact is true of the Eastern and Western states. The capital and manufacturers of the East supply the possibility of the enterprises of the West, while the mineral wealth of the West fully repays this service. More broadly still, all the people of the world are our servants.

"In New York city, there are families of eight and nine crowded into one room; only the one room for eating, drinking and sleeping. It is a common thing to have one member of the family ill with some contagious disease lying in the same room where the others are working. Many times an epidemic among the better classes arises from the germs carried on the clothing they buy, so retribution comes to these people that keep the sweatshops alive by purchasing cheap clothing. It is a way that proves that in the end, the cheap clothing costs them dearly.

"But sweatshops may be found not alone in New York, but also in the West, here, however, the wages are a little higher, though there is plenty of room for improvement. In Indianapolis, the average price for making garments is 36 cents for twelve pieces. It seems ridiculous to call those that pay such scanty wages by the name of Christians. One would suppose that when the condition of these girls is brought before the public, some effort would be made to relieve them, or, at least, to raise their wages. On the contrary, the wages are decreasing. In 1861, for making garments, they received from 3 to 5 cents for one piece. In 1891, for the same work exactly, they received from 3 to 5 cents for one piece. The people are as poor and as wretched as in 1855. The only difference is that there are more of them.

"These workers of the sweatshops are our servants also, or worse, our slaves. In 1861, we fought to abolish slavery, but now a condition far worse exists. Doubtless, all of us deplore the existence of sweatshops and are ready enough to rail against the cruelty of the system. But since we are all dependent on each other are we not in some measure responsible for each other's welfare or misfortune. The conditions of modern life have produced extreme poverty and extreme wealth. But we must not lay all the blame on this fact. Do we not encourage it by purchasing cheap clothing? Then, ought we not, as far as it lies in our power, help to relieve workers."

The class song, Mr. Custance's "Alma Mater," was then given with good effect. Principal Loman then presented the class to Superintendent Denfeld, who responded with a short and pointed address to the young people, after which he presented the diplomas, and the program closed with the singing of "Triumphales," by the school. The graduating class is made up as follows:

Honor graduates—T. C. Kelley, John Havdal, Miss Anna White, Miss Eva Johnson, Bernard Meldahl and Miss Edith Thompson.

Classical course—May Harriet Black, Edith Briggs, John Havdal, Eva Olivia Johnson, Marion Morrison McMillan, Emma Clare McCoy, Gertrude Smith, Sterling Smith, Martha Althea Taylor, Edith Alice Thompson, Dora Sophie Tvedt, Anna Louise White and

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NEWS OF THE LAKES

Strike of the Freight Handlers on Erie Dock at Buffalo.

WANT HIGHER WAGES

Barge Krupp Was Released After Lightering Part of Her Cargo.

Buffalo, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The freight handlers on the Erie dock, numbering 150, who struck yesterday for an advance in wages from 11 to 15 cents an hour, held a meeting today. It was decided to order out all men employed inside at the various freight houses on the docks this afternoon. Committees were appointed to visit each freight house at once and notify the men. The strikers subsequently adopted the following:

"We demand 15 cents an hour for ten hours' work during the day, and 20 cents an hour for all over time, no overtime after 10 o'clock, and no Sunday work."

The strikers are principally Poles, and number about 150. They suggest that they will command the support and sympathy of the United Trades and Labor council of 15,000 men, with whom they are now said to be affiliated. Superintendent Grant of the Erie, at whose docks the strike began, said that the demands of the men were unreasonable and that he could not accede to them. They are now receiving 11 cents an hour for day work and 21 cents for overtime. At other freight docks the rate was 12 cents with an increase for overtime. He offered them the straight 15 cents rate, but they declined it.

THE KRUPP RELEASED.

Detroit, Mich., June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The barge Krupp, aground at the head of Parson's island, was released by the Wides this morning after lightering 150 tons of iron ore.

MADE TEMPORARY REPAIRS.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Republic completed temporary repairs and cleared this morning.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Curry, 11 last night; Alaska, midnight; Mariposa, 12:50 a. m.; Wade, L. Arco, Rhoon, Bruin, 2:30; Stewart, Golden Rule, Drake, Albany, F. Green, Genoa, 4:30; North Wind, 6; Midland, 9:30; Peerless, 10:30; Jenks, 11. Down: Kalkaska, Fryer, Pease, Pabst, Sarge, 11:30 last night; Traverse, 12:30 a. m.; Folsom, Mitchell, Presque Isle, 8, 5:30; 2:30; Calvin, Ceylon, 4:30; Choctaw, Gilchrist, Hiawatha, Devereux, 6; Wright, 6:30; Sevona, Hudson, S. Kellon, 8:30; Alpena, 10; Romanda, Barium, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Spencer, Pennington, 11:30 a. m.; Ambaco, 12:30 p. m.; Owen, Dartforth, Frontenac, 1; Athabasca, 1:30; Strahem, Shenandoah, Paisley, 2; Soper, Arthur Orr, V. H. Ketcham, 3; Victory, No. 11, 4:30; Fern, 5:30. Down: Phoenix, 10 a. m.; North Star, noon; Lyon, Carnegie, Norton, 1 p. m.; Butlfroni, 8:30; Wilson, 10, 11, 1; Sitka, Yukon, 5.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up, P. Foster, 9:30 last night; Merida, 1 a. m.; Superior City, Zenith City, 2; Portage, 2:30; Torrent and barges, 5:30; George Orr, Carrington, 8:30; Genoa, Iagonda, 10. Down: Leland consorts, 9:30 last night; Brickhead and barges, 1:30 a. m.; Schoolcraft and consorts, 5; Yale, 6; Maythan, 8:15; Oliver, 8:30; Aurania, 10.

FIVE HUNDRED-FOOTERS.

The Marine Review says: Little more than a year ago, when several ships of 500 feet length were under way in different yards around the lakes, A. McVittie of the Detroit Dry Dock company (now Detroit Shipbuilding company) said that the next move would be to a 500-foot ship, and that it would come at once. He was very positive in this statement and had gone so far as to have plans made of a ship of 500 feet length. That he was right is proven by the order just placed by A. E. Wolvin, of Duluth, with the American Shipbuilding company for four steamers, to be each 500 feet over all, 58 feet keel, 52 feet beam and 30 feet molded depth. We will hear no more of the 600-footers when big lake freighters are talked of in the future. It will now be 500-footers. These new steamers, which are some 20 feet longer than anything at present afloat on the lakes, in addition to having two feet more beam and 1 foot more depth, will each move about 9000 net tons of freight in a single cargo on 18 feet draught. The letting given out in connection with the announcement of the contract, $250,000 each, may seem high, but it is probably not far off the actual figure, as it is understood 21/2 cents a pound is being paid for some of the material, as against a price of less than 1 cent a pound prevailing not many months ago. Then, too, these ships are to be fitted with quadruple expansion engines and Babcock & Wilcox water tube boilers, which involve much higher costs than Scotch boilers and triple expansion engines. Cylinders of the quadruple engines will be 15, 23½, 29 and 40 inches diameter, with 40 inches stroke, and the water tube boilers will supply steam at 250 pounds pressure. The ships will each have 15 immense hatches for the rapid handling of cargo.

These big steamers, ordered in the name of A. A. Wolvin, trustee, are understood to be for President Gates of the American Steel and Wire company. James J. Hill of the Great Northern railway and others interested in the development of mines on the Eastern railway of Minnesota, branch of the Great Northern, thus are to supply ore to the American Steel and Wire company, and to other consuming interests. General Manager James Wallace of the American Shipbuilding company says that all four of the vessels will be built at the company's Lorain works. Two of them can be put down as soon as the delivery of material is begun. The keel for the third can be laid when the steamer Texas, now nearing the launching stage at the Lorain yard, slides into the water, and there will be ample time later in the year to get the fourth vessel so well under way that she may be delivered early in the spring of 1900.

EAST ORE CARRIERS.

On a recent trip from Duluth to Conneaut, the Bessemer company's steamer Samuel E. B. Morse, towing one of the biggest of the Rockefeller barges (the two vessels carrying approximately 13,000 gross tons) made an average of 11.2 miles an hour for the entire distance from the head of the lakes to the ore unloading port, with no allowance of any kind for checks in the Straits of Mackinac. Last season's record of 7021 gross or 7596 net tons of ore moved from Duluth to Conneaut in the Bessemer barge Roebling still leads the cargo list on the great lakes. It is not expected, of course, that any of the big steamers coming out this year, although of greater dimensions than the Bessemer barges, will equal them in capacity, as the barges have no space given up to machinery. The new Wilson line steamer Henry W. Oliver will probably carry 6500 gross tons on the draught of close to 20 feet that is expected in the rivers later on.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Yuma, Nelson, Corliss, Crescent City, Bessemer, Roebling, Fairbairn, Linn, Lake Erie, light; Ore, Curtis, Light, Monawk, Buffalo, merchandise; Benton, Commodore, Ontario, Emily, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Mills, Exile, Crosthwaite, Wilhelm, Gabriel, Lake Erie, coal; Shores, Buffalo, salt; Ron Voyage, Hancock, passengers and merchandise; Jay Gould, Chicago, passengers and flour.

Departed—City of Collingwood, Collingwood, passengers and flour; Mahoning, Buffalo, flour; Holland, White and Friant, Sheldon, Street, Lozen, Godfrey, Lake Erie, lumber; Brazil, Bielman, Tom Adams, Buffalo, grain; Yuma, Quayle, Sandusky, Nelson, Corliss, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Southampton—Arrived: Frederich der Grosse, from New York for Bremen.

DEATHS IN ALASKA.

Victoria, June 10.—The steamer Amur from Alaska reports that a landslide occurred June 4 on the White pass. A man was killed instantly, and several injured, their names not being obtainable.

Three men started down to Dawson when navigation was first opened, their boat was crushed and they were all drowned. The only name obtainable was that of H. Steamer, of St. Louis.

Ascow was also lost on Lake Bennett with a full cargo.

VICTIM OF VICIOUS SCORCHERS.

San Francisco, June 10.—Hon. Timothy Guy Phelps, chairman of the board of regents of the university of California and formerly collector of customs for this port, died today at his San Carlos country home from the effects of injuries received last month at the hands of two cyclists mounted on a tandem, who ran over the old gentleman as he was walking along the road near his home.

THE CHESS PLAYERS.

London, June 10.—Round ten of the Berger system served for the pairing of the ninth round of the international chess tournament today, as follows: Cohn vs. Tinsley, Schaechter vs. Tschigorin, Showalter vs. Mason, Janowski vs. Blackburne, Pillsbury vs. Lasker, Lee vs. Bird, Steinitz and Marocsy had byes. At the adjournment at 4:30 p. m., Cohn had lost his game to Tinsley and Mason had disposed of Showalter. All the other games were adjourned, the positions being even on all the boards.

CARRY THE INVITATION.

Chicago, June 10.—The committee which is to carry to President McKinley and the members of the cabinet and supreme court special invitations to attend the exercises of laying the corner stone of the new federal building in Chicago next October, left today for Washington. An audience has been arranged with the president for Monday afternoon and the invitation will be presented to him.

THE DEWEY FUND.

Washington June 10.—The collections to the Dewey home fund today amounted to $53, making the total so far received, $859. Advices received show that contributions in considerable amounts are being made to newspapers, banks and commercial bodies in all sections of the country, and the indications are more encouraging than at any time since the fund was started.

HAS GONE TO EUROPE

Said That Whiteman Will Not Serve His Sentence In Chicago.

CANNOT BE FOUND

Efforts Made to Locate Him But is Thought to Have Fled.

Chicago, June 10.—Alonzo J. Whiteman, ex-state senator of Minnesota and delegate to the Democratic convention which nominated Grover Cleveland in 1892, is believed to be on his way to Europe to escape a sentence of one year in the house of correction and a fine of $2000 imposed on him yesterday by Judge Freeman.

Whiteman was found guilty a year ago of passing forged checks at the Grand Pacific hotel and was released upon an appeal bond, which is now said to be worthless. Efforts are being made to locate Whiteman in New York.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

J. D. Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St. Subscribers to The Herald, intending to camp on Park Point, can have their paper delivered to their camp by leaving change of address at this office.

Duluth Ice Cream company, telephone 561.

The Kelly dye works, 415 W. Sup St.

There were three drunks in police court this morning. One of them Charles Cassidy, had no coat nor vest, and said that he had lost them and $14, all his money, was in one of the pockets, somewhere on the bowery. He was let off with a suspended sentence. The others, C. A. Williams and Toney Clark, went up for ten days.

Anton Sadowski and Robert Cunningham, who got into a dispute with a conductor on a Garfield avenue car several days ago and were arrested on the charge of disorderly conduct, were found guilty yesterday afternoon in police court. Sadowski was fined $5 and costs and Cunningham $1 and costs.

C. D. Southworth pleaded guilty in police court yesterday afternoon, to the charge of assaulting Leo Biehl, and was fined $5 and costs, which he paid.

A birthday party was given last Thursday in honor of little Mildred Campbell, age 4 years, at 2545 West First street.

The "Schubert" recital which will be given next Tuesday evening for the benefit of the Pilgrim Congregational Christian Endeavor Society library fund will be one of the finest ever given in Duluth.

The Bethel Y. P. S. C. E. will give a grand moonlight excursion on the steamer Dixon Friday evening, June 23.

Judge Moer this morning filed an order in district court denying a motion for a new trial by the Duluth Street Railway company in the case brought against it by the Lakeside Railway company. He also filed some additional findings in the case, and approved a bill of exceptions on which an appeal to the supreme court is to be based.

Bids on printing the board of public works report, with and without illustrations, in accordance with the resolution passed by the council last Monday, were opened by City Clerk Cheadle this morning. They are as follows: J. L. Thwing, $547 and $698; J. J. LeTourneau, $615 and $765; Peachey & Lounsberry, $56 and $765; Christie & Collier, $500 and $735.

Excursionists on the Dixon going to Two Harbors tomorrow can get dinner and refreshments at A. A. Radey's restaurant, two blocks from the boat landing.

PATENT OFFICE RECORDS.

Washington, June 10.—The receipts of applications for patents on inventions are larger now than they have been in any other years, save 1896-7, which were the banner years. Last month there were 2617 applications received at the patent office, nearly 300 in excess of May, 1898. Judged from receipts, the largest invention work is now being done in the mechanical and chemical lines. A significant decline has been in progress in bicycle inventions.

GERMANY HOSTILE.

Washington June 10.—According to private advices received here from The Hague, there is grave danger that one and all of the arbitration schemes before the conference will fail. It is said that Germany is markedly hostile to the arbitration principle.

PERSONALS.

Charles A. Lewis has returned from a three weeks trip in southern Minnesota and Iowa.

Prof. and Mrs. C. G. Leggergren of Chicago are visiting Fred Linden of 17 East Fifth street for a few days. Mr. Laggren will preach at the Swedish Bethel church corner Ninth avenue East and Third street tomorrow at 10:30 a. m.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Rouchleau and L. C. Alstead have returned to Duluth after a two weeks' visit in Boston and New York.

Dr. and Mrs. N. B. McNulty left today for Deerwood to be away over Sunday.

Chester A. Congdon returned today from the East.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Bond, of Hibbing, are at the Spalding.

Capt. Presnell is improving and expects to be out next week.

M. J. Peppard, of Minneapolis, the railroad contractor, was at the St. Louis today. He has been building a 12-mile branch for the South Shore road in Michigan and is just finishing it up.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Rogers, of Ashland, are at the St. Louis.

A. L. Hamilton, of Aitkin, is at the St. Louis.

E. W. Walker, of Two Harbors, was at the St. Louis last evening.

Hon. Warren Potter, of Aitkin, came in on the excursion yesterday and was at the St. Louis.

E. J. Longyear, of Hibbing, is at the Spalding.

L. E. Barbeau, of Silver Creek, N. Y., is a guest at the Spalding.

Mrs. W. A. Merriman and daughter, Mildred, are guests of Mrs. C. A. Britts. They are on their way to Atlantic City, where they will spend the summer months.

The regular monthly business meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held Monday afternoon in the parlors of the First M. E. church at 3 o'clock.

Charles E. Hansen has filed a petition in bankruptcy. His liabilities are $4568.11, and his assets $990, all exempt.

Importations of whisky from France and Scotland have been received at the Duluth custom house. They are for L. S. Love & Co.

Mrs. Henry L. Pinco and children have gone to their place in the country near Barnum, to spend the summer.

Fred J. Bowman, of Rat Portage, has returned from Great Falls, Mont., where he has been looking over mining properties. He left today for Rat Portage.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Covell and child, of Grand Rapids, Mich., are at the Spalding. Mr. Covell is United States district attorney for the Western district of Michigan and is one of the strong anti-Pingree men of the state.

BUY A MINE.

Duluth and Toronto Syndicate Acquires Barker Property In Manitou District.

A deal has just been closed by which the Barker mine in the Manitou district of the Canadian gold fields becomes the property of a syndicate of Duluth and Toronto people. The deal was negotiated by Fred J. Bowman, of Rat Portage, for the owners of the mine and Donald Keith, of this city, representing the syndicate which has made the purchase.

The Barker mine is one of the finest mines in the entire gold fields. It is located in the Manitou district on Lower Manitou lake and comprises eighty acres known as locations 333 and 253. A shaft has been sunk fifty feet and there is a stope thirty feet long and thirty feet high. From this hole $7000 has been taken which averaged $50 a ton. There is a network of five veins which can be worked from the same shaft. A fine stamp mill is already on the property.

The owners of the mine who have just sold it are the Barker Bros., of Monana, who own valuable mines in that state. They have their hands full with mining properties in that state and one of the brothers was recently killed in a railway accident. This has led them to dispose of this property. They have as much faith as ever in the country. The valuation on which the property was sold is $250,000.

The syndicate which has acquired the property will put in machinery and increase the number of stamps at once. It will be made one of the foremost mines in that region.

SUNDAY SCHOOL DAY.

Milwaukee, June 10.—A Sunday school convention took the place of the business sessions of the Northwest English Evangelical Lutheran synod today. The text on which the several papers were read and discussed related to the practical and pastoral sides of Sunday school work.

Music Tonight

At Sam Atkinson's, Northern hotel. Di Marco's celebrated orchestra in a program of popular music.

ADDED TO THE NAVY

New Torpedo Boat Stringham Is Launched at Wilmington.

MONSTROUS VESSEL

Is One of the Best Boats of Her Class in the Navy.

Wilmington, Del., June 10.—The torpedo boat Stringham, which the Harlan & Hollingsworth company is building for the government, was launched today.

Miss Edwina Stringham Creighton, granddaughter of the late Admiral Stringham and daughter of the late Admiral Creighton, gave the vessel its name.

There were guests from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. The Washington party comprised Charles H. Allen, assistant secretary of the navy; Maj. Gen. Miles and wife, Rear Admiral Hichborn and wife, Judge Advocate Gen. Lemley, Capt. Dawson, Naval Constructor Spear and wife; Naval Constructor Taylor, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Endicott and others.

The Stringham is the largest and most costly torpedo boat designed for the government and upon completion will be the pioneer of the ocean-going boats of her class. Her guaranteed speed is thirty knots an hour. The construction of the vessel was authorized in March, 1897, and the following July the contract was signed. Her keel was laid March 21, 1898. Her length is 225 feet, breadth 22 feet, mean draught 6 feet 6 inches and displacement 340 tons.

This is seventy tons more than the Farragut and twice as large as any other American torpedo boat built or building. She will have two vertical triple expansion engines of combined 7200 horsepower, which is greater than that of the cruisers Deroit and Montgomery, 2000-ton ships, and nearly twice as great as that of the Atlanta and Boston. The Stringham will have a bunker capacity of 120 tons of coal, which will enable her to steam straight away over 5000 knots.

Her armament will consist of two 18-inch Whitehead torpedo tubes and seven 6-pounder semi-automatic guns and will be fought by a complement of four officers and twenty-eight men. The vessel is named after Rear Admiral Silas Stringham, who died in Brooklyn at the age of 78 years after a service of sixty-seven years in the navy, starting as a midshipman.

THE NEWARK HEARD FROM.

She Was Seen Near Sandy Point In May.

Washington, June 10.—The cruiser Newark has been heard from and is undoubtedly safe. The following dispatch was received this afternoon at the navy department:

"Montevideo, June 10.—Secretary Navy, Washington: The purser of a steamer of the Pacific Steam Navigation company, which arrived at Montevideo June 2, saw the Newark, near Sandy Point, May 28. COLBY."

The above dispatch, it is said at the navy department, shows that while the Newark was very much overdue at Sandy Point, which is in the straits of Magellan, she is not overdue from that point to Valparaiso.

SENSATIONAL CHARGES.

Mrs. Higbee Says Her Husband Tried to Poison Her.

Chicago, June 10.—Frank D. Higbee, a real estate promoter of New York city, was sued for divorce today by Elisabeth Higbee, who makes sensational charges against the defendant. Besides charging him with infidelity, Mrs. Higbee asserts her husband attempted to poison her, and makes charges of dishonest business methods against him.

Mr. Higbee lives at the Marlborough hotel in New York. He has a concession from the board of directors of the Paris exposition for the exhibition of a statue of pure gold, to be representative of a model American woman. He was on the diploma awarding committee of the World's fair, and was a promoter in the selection of Montauk Point as a camping ground after the war with Spain.

CONDITION OF COTTON.

There Has Been a Considerable Decrease In Acreage.

Washington, June 10.—The consolidated returns of the different crop reporting agencies of the department of agriculture, made up to June, indicate a reduction of about 8 per cent in the acreage planted in cotton, as compared with last year.

The reports from several of the cotton states are more or less conflicting, and the department will issue no quantitative estimate of the acreage until it is more definitely ascertainable. That there has been a substantial reduction of acreage, however, admits of no doubt.

The indicated decrease in the principal states is as follows: North Carolina and Tennessee, 11 per cent; South Carolina and Alabama, 7; Georgia, Louisiana and Arkansas, 10; Texas, 9; Mississippi, 2; Indian Territory, 4, and Oklahoma 15.

The average condition on June 1 was 85.7 against 89 on June 1, 1898, and 88.1, the mean of the June averages for the past fifteen years.

HAVANA HARBOR CLEANED.

The Yellow Fever Breeder Has Been Thoroughly Purged.

Havana, June 10.—Capt. Weber, in dredging the upper end of the harbor, has cut a 1200-foot channel through the artificial shore and 100 years' accumulation of dumpage from the old Spanish dumps has been removed from the Santa Catalina branch of the harbor. The former yellow fever breeder has been thoroughly cleaned, the shore scraped and the deposit taken out to sea. Some 10,000 barrels of lime were used in the vicinity.

The American civilians here have petitioned the grand master of Masons to allow the formation of a lodge for English speakers.

SHOT WIFE AND DAUGHTER.

The Deed of a Jealous South Dakota Man.

Armour, S. D., June 10.—S. C. Clark shot and fatally wounded his wife and 10-year-old daughter, four miles northwest of Delmont last night and then disappeared. Officers are in pursuit, but Clark has a good start. He is armed with a rifle and revolver and there is a prospect of a fight if he is overtaken.

Clark and his wife were once divorced, but were married again. They again disagreed and separated, the wife suing for a divorce. She and her daughter were visiting at a former neighbor's when Clark appeared and shot them. Neither can live.

BIG STRIKE PROBABLE.

The Coal Miners of Central Pennsylvania Dissatisfied.

Pittsburg, June 10.—A strike of 25,000 coal miners in the central district of Pennsylvania is threatened. Secret meetings have been held at Robertsdale and Clearfield at which the national and district officers of the United Mine Workers' association were authorized to prepare the machine miners of the whole district for a strike within a month or six weeks.

COULD NOT AGREE.

Jury In the Bond Robbery Case Is Discharged.

Chicago, June 10.—The jury in the case of "Red Chris," charged with complicity in the Schrage bond robbery, was discharged today, having failed to reach an agreement. It has not been decided when a new trial will be called. Strook was charged with being the leader of the gang who robbed Christian Schrage of $45,000 in bonds and currency in March, 1896.

MRS. WHITE'S WILL.

Chicago, June 10.—By the will of the late Mrs. Catherine M. White, who died last week in Evanston, Ill., the art institute of Chicago is made richer by about $200,000 in real estate holdings in Chicago and Evanston. Mrs. White's estate is valued at $500,000, nearly all of which was left to various Chicago educational institutions. Provision is also made in the will for three scholarships in the institute art school.

SALARIES RAISED.

Modern Woodmen Convention Accomplishes Important Business.

Kansas City, Mo., June 10.—The Modern Woodmen of America today adjourned the most important and most successful gathering of the order since its inception. Among the last acts of the convention was the advancing of salaries as follows: Head consul, $5000 a year; head clerk, $4500; head banker, $3500; board of directors, $15 per day; board of auditors, $12 per day; law committee, $2 per day.

A law was made giving the board of directors authority to collect from members in any state a special assessment equal to any tax upon the order business levied by an insurance commissioner. Resolutions endorsing the third Sunday in June as memorial day, a committee to prepare uniform drill manual, favoring union labor, placing memorial window to dead soldier Woodmen in the head building, and making C. C. Hastier poet laureate were adopted.

A new emblem for the order and a uniform will be designed. On the question of suicide and its effect on death claims the board was given authority to use its discretion.

ROLLING MILL BURNED.

Striking Workmen Are Charged With the Deed.

Chicago, June 10.—The rolling mill of Norton Bros.' tin factory in Maywood, where 1200 workmen are on strike, was burned today. Loss, $10,000. The factors officials claim the fire was started by the strikers. Arrangements have been made for a conference late today between the factory officials and a committee from the Chicago Federation of Labor, and it is said that the differences will be settled so that the men will return to work Monday.

LALOR IS DEAD.

Washington, June 10.—John J. Lalor, the well-known writer on political economy, formerly of Milwaukee, who fell from the steps of the treasury department Thursday, died from his injuries and shock at the Emergency hospital.

OUT OF COMMISSION.

Portsmouth, N. H., June 10.—The U. S. S. Raleigh was placed out of commission at noon today. All of the officers have been transferred to various stations, while the crew has been sent to New York and Boston.

THE CRICKETERS.

London, June 10.—The Australian cricketers, in their match with cambridge university, were all out today in their first innings for 336 runs.

The Cambridge players in their second innings were all out for 122 runs.

The Australians won by ten wickets.

Music Tonight

At Sam Atkinson's, Northern hotel. Di Marco's celebrated orchestra in a program of popular music.

A universal household favorite is Dent's Toothache Gum. All druggists. 15 cents.

CINCINNATI SHORT LINE FROM CHICAGO.

It is the Pennsylvania, with double daily train service—cafe parlor car and coach train in morning at 10 a. m., and sleeping car and coach train at 8:15 p. m. No change from Chicago Union station to the Ohio River. Find out about enjoyment experienced by travelers over this route by addressing H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

The Popular Route.

See that your ticket reads via the popular Wisconsin Central lines from Duluth and Superiors to Neenah, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Marshfield, Stevens Point and Milwaukee, Wis., Chicago, Ill., and all points East and South.

BLOOD POISON

HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 1046 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill. for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured 15 to 35 days; 100-page book free.

Pile and Fistula Cure.

We are pleased to send free sample treatment of our Red Cross Pile and Fistula Cure. If you don't care to send four cents in stamps, treatment will come just the same. Dr. Bea & Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

AT WEST DULUTH

Two Thousand People at the Postponed Memorial Services Last Evening.

SEVERAL ADDRESSES

Capt. Randall, Dr. Long and Col. Harris Spoke---Tomorrow's Services.

Over 2000 people gathered on the square last evening to listen to the postponed Memorial day exercises, and the weather was ideal for such an entertainment. The program was followed as closely as possible, but Mayor Truelsen was unavoidably absent.

After the first selection by the West Duluth band, the chairman, Hon. G. Mallery, in introducing Capt. J. R. Randall of West Duluth as the first speaker, said that the crowd that had gathered simply through announcements in the papers proved that West Duluthians were a reading people, and the object of the meeting showed that they were a patriotic people as well, ready to rally around Old Glory whenever it is raised.

Capt. Randall's address was brief, being a short review of the civil war and a logical description of the Spanish-American struggle, entitled "The Boys in Blue Are Always True." This was an original production, and was received with much feeling by the audience. At the close of his address he called up Col. Harris and shook hands with him, showing by this act that the old war animosities had entirely disappeared.

Rev. Dr. Long, pastor of the First M. E. church, who served as the chaplain for a regiment during the recent war, was the next speaker. He said that while he did not see much bloodshed, never a Spaniard sailed up the Delaware, on which his regiment was stationed. Yet the people of Philadelphia did not even thank them for it. He was glad that old Glory now floats over Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines—glad because in the war which brought it about many and social standing was forgotten, and the people all mingled together in a desire to protect the weak, succor the oppressed and further the cause of Christ. He made an eloquent comparison of the fighting qualities of American soldiers and sailors and the barbarities they exhibited toward the conquered when the battles were won.

Col. A. A. Harris was then introduced as an ex-Confederate colonel who now claims Old Glory for his flag. Just as he advanced to speak the band struck up "Dixie." After the applause had subsided he said that one of the many good things Abraham Lincoln had said was: "The people of the South cannot keep that tune to themselves. I am going to capture it and give it to the whole country." The inspiring strains of "Dixie," said the colonel, meant 100,000 soldiers to the Confederacy, as the young men could not resist it. Mr. Harris said that he was a bad rebel, and fought against our flag as hard as any because he thought he was right. Now he admits that he was wrong, and is glad that the Union was preserved and slavery abolished. There is now no feeling on the part of Southerners against the North. To prove that he prayed for twenty years that the country might be brought into a war with a foreign foe so that he and his neighbors of the South could prove their loyalty to the country and its flag. He thanked God that the opportunity was given, and said he advised his two boys to go to the front as privates. He said he could put into the crown of his hat 1000 souls of the men who held any grudge over the civil war. The problems which now confront the country as a result of the war would be solved right, he maintained, and he doubted the ability of our people and our institutions to make very good citizens out of the Cubans, Porto Ricans and Filipinos. He did not think much of people who hang their clothes on the equator and live on red pepper. He had no fear of the republic. Things are not always just as they ought to be, but he believed that right and justice would prevail in the end.

Col. Harris was liberally applauded at the close, and after some more selections by the band the assemblage adjourned.

Owing to the lateness of the date it was decided not to take any collection for the monument fund.

TOMORROW'S SERVICES.

Special services to be held in Asbury M. E. church, West Duluth, will begin tomorrow. The pastor, Rev. Floyd A. Lawson, will be assisted by Evangelist H. P. Peterson, of Oshkosh, Wis. Mr. Peterson is a strong preacher and one of the most successful evangelists of the West. Do not fail to hear him. Beginning on Sunday, services will be held every afternoon at 3 and every evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are invited to be present.

At tomorrow's services at Asbury M. E. church, Miss Florence L. Dyer will sing three contralto solos. In the morning, after the sermon she will sing "Palm Branches," by J. Faure; in the evening, after prayer, she will sing the response, "Ave Marie," by Paul Dresser, and after the sermon, "Come Unto Me," by William Cowper.

Tomorrow evening Rev. S. A. Jamieson will deliver an address at Westminster Presbyterian church, entitled "That Young Man."

Children's day will be observed at the Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. The committee in charge has arranged the following program:

Processional—"Hark to the Children's Voices."
Invocation.
Responsive reading.
Baptism of children.
Hymn—"Loyalty to Christ."
Scripture lesson.
Prayer.
Hymn—"Jerusalem."
Solo and chorus.
Recitation—"A Beautiful Teacher."
Graduating exercises, consisting of recitations, songs, etc.
Greeting, by Mr. Gilchrist.
Hymn—"Our Father in Heaven."
Pastor's words.
Recitation, by primary and main school.
Song—"Well May the Church Keep Children's Day."
A model of Solomon's temple will be explained.
Offering for Presbyterian Sunday school missions.
Doxology and benediction.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

S. J. Nygren is receiving a visit from his sister and brother, who live in Fergus Falls, Minn.

Merrill & Ring's mill was shut down yesterday owing to the breaking of a main shaft. Operations were resumed this morning.

If the weather is fair a big crowd of West Duluthians will turn out to the ball game tomorrow afternoon.

Evadena Gerlach, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Gerlach, of Fifty-fifth avenue, died yesterday. The funeral was held at the house this morning.

Mrs. Mary Seva died at her home on Sixty-fourth avenue yesterday, aged 42 years. The funeral was held at the house this morning. Deceased leaves a husband and several children.

A lawn social will be given by the Epworth league of Asbury M. E. church at the home of Miss Sears, 315 Fifty-sixth avenue west, this evening. Ice cream and cake will be served. Everyone invited.

John Petter and Leslie Johnson departed yesterday to work on a survey in the northern part of the county.

USUAL RESULT.

Secrecy Observed at The Hague Leads to Untrue Reports.

The Hague, June 10.—The chief accretates to the conference met today to discuss Germany's complaints against the secrecy imposed upon the delegates and the consequence of misleading reports published, and it is understood that Count Munster, head of the German delegation, was instructed to propose that the protocols for the plenary sittings of the committees be published immediately after they are drawn up.

American delegates tell the representatives here of the Associated Press that they are at confident of the adoption of some of their chief projects for arbitration, but the preliminary discussion yesterday indicates the impossibility of maintaining them all. For instance, it is impossible to carry the proposal that the judges of the arbitration tribunal be elected by the highest court of justice of each country, as some of the European countries object to possess a judicial organization permitting such proceedings. It is suspected that the likeliest outcome will be that each country will be free to chose the manner of naming its own judges.

The Americans propose to insist upon a permanent tribunal and if that is impossible they hope to obtain at any rate the institution of a permanent commission. They will also insist on other points.

WITHOUT LICENSES.

Italians of Calumet Have Dealt In Wines.

Milwaukee, June 10.—A Journal special from Calumet, Mich., says: United States Deputy Revenue Collector Sunstrom and Special Agent Reed have arrested the heads of twenty-five Italian families in this county for violating government revenue laws. The Italians have been importing wine by carload lots and selling it to their neighbors, conducting both wholesale and retail business without any kind of a license. They will probably settle with the government. Those retail dealers who have been selling at wholesale have also been arrested.

ALASKAN PROMOTER FAILS.

San Francisco, June 10.—John A. McGee has filed a petition in bankruptcy, showing liabilities aggregating $150,000, with assets under $20,000, subject to incumbrances that will considerably lessen their available value. The failure appears to have been due to losses incurred in shipping ventures in the Alaskan trade.

TO BE PERMANENT.

Rome, June 10.—The Clerical Bettadino, of Genoa, says the pope has desided to establish a permanent apostolic delegation in Canada.

Rome, June 10.—Investigation shows the statement of Il Cittadino is premature. Arrangements to that end, however, are in progress, and if carried out it is understood Monsignor Zaleski, the apostolic delegate to India, who is now in Rome, will be appointed apostolic delegate to Canada.

FRIVOLI A WINNER.

London, June 10.—The American jockey, L. Reiff, won the Landport auction plate on Mrs. White's Frivoli, bay gelding, at the Lewes spring meeting today. This event is of 200 sovereigns, for 2-year-olds, purchased at public auction in 1898. The betting was 9 to 4 against the Frivoli gelding.

WHERE THE GOLD GOES.

London, June 10.—It is understood the Bank of England has bought $2,500,000 in American eagles to strengthen its reserve, to which end most of the gold now on its way hither will be devoted. The report that Russia is a buyer of gold in New York is regarded here as being significant.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Use Allen's Foot-Ease in Your Gloves

A lady writes: "I shake Allen's Foot-Ease into my gloves and rub a little on my hands. It saves my gloves by absorbing perspiration. It is a most dainty toilet powder. We invite the attention of physicians and nurses to the absolute purity of Allen's Foot-Ease. Dr. W. C. Abbott, editor of the Chicago Clinic says: 'It is a grand preparation. I am using it constantly in my practice.' All drug and shoe stores sell it, 25 cents. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen's Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

WHAT THE LIVER DOES.

Largest Organ in the Human Body.

BILE AND ITS USE.

Beecham's Pills are Probably the Most Effective Medicine That Can Be Taken.

The bile is a greenish fluid secreted by the liver. It stimulates the intestines and thus aids their natural evacuation. It also retards decomposition of undigested food and waste substances.

Too great a flow of bile, or too little, brings ill health. Biliousness, coated tongue, bad taste in the mouth, drowsiness, blotches on the skin, listlessness, jaundice, piles, or constipation are signs that the liver is out of order.

Beecham's are safe liver Pills. They do not gripe, purge or pain. They have an easy action and a certain effect. They are the most prompt and effective liver pill for either transient or continuous use. They regulate the liver, and thus put the flow of bile on a healthful basis.

Beecham's Pills are worth a guinea a box to all who desire health. Price 25 cents, at all drug stores.

SIN IN ALASKA

The Devil Does Not Have Everything His Own Way There.

Three Churches Now In Dawson and a Fourth Is Promised.

Sin does not have everything its own way in Alaska by any means, and every man is not devoted to the occupation of goldseeking, Blanch Hill writes to the Boston Transcript. Many people are surprised when told that Dawson City has three churches and that the Methodists soon expect to establish a fourth. Those already organized are well supported and accomplish much in the way of charitable work, and in the long, cruel winter, there is always need of benevolence. The most provident have sometimes a period when misfortune seems to pursue them.

Of course, the greater portion of the population, as in all mining camps, has no use for churches, though the British Sabbath is fairly well observed, and many attend divine service for the simple reason that there is no other place to go. Then there is a class in whom religious feelings have long been dormant; yet when brought in close contact with nature, individual helplessness and contact with the mighty elements touch the heart and prepare it for the teaching of religion in the churches. There is something about the calm mountains, and what Joaquin Miller so fittingly expresses as "the silence of the room!" that makes a man either reckless or reverential.

While the various missionaries along the Yukon are naturally zealous, they are for the most part practical in their conceptions of theology, else they would have little effect upon the people with whom they come in contact. Most of the pastors now in Dawson City came up the river from the camp at Forty Mile, having followed the exodus of their respective flocks who stampeded when the discovery of gold on the Klondike was first reported. Good old Bishop Bompas, whose missionary work among the Indians is well known, has been in the country thirty years or more.

The Episcopal church of Dawson City is situated near the outskirts of the town. It is a small structure, seating about seventy persons, and is comfortably furnished. The rector has been in the country only two years. He was sent direct from London to Circle City and then to Dawson City, where he is extremely popular.

The Presbyterian church, with no bishop to oversee its first efforts, and lacking the support of the British constituency, had a struggle in its early existence. When the two laborers in the vineyard, sent by the Presbyterian board of home missions, arrived in Dawson City, lumber was scarce and hardly obtainable at any price. After many difficulties and discouragements, a small building was secured on Front street, for seven months, for a rental of $850, payable in advance. The only furniture that could be obtained was of the rudest sort, and even this cost $200. Twelve joints of stovepipe were purchased at an expense of $18, and each window-sash was worth $10. But it was a meeting-place, and the church was always warm and comfortable. A circulating library was started, and an effort made to offer a preparative place for the miners in the hope that it would keep them from the saloons.

To meet the heavy rent, the upper floor was divided into six rooms eight by ten, and these were readily sublet to lodgers at $20 a month each. But what seemed a substantial business arrangement soon met with disaster. For one cold night in November, 1897, one of the lodgers came home drunk, and, setting fire to his room, the structure was burned to the ground. Not only were the furniture and books completely destroyed, but, of course, there was no insurance, and the rent, which had just been paid, was likewise a total loss. But the minister, with true missionary faith and courage, continued in Pioneer hall.

A permanent church organization was effected last Easter day, and persons of many denominations joined. It was not necessary for those who wished to unite with the church to subscribe to the Westminster confession of faith, but simply express a belief in the life, character and teachings of the Lord Jesus Christ, and agree to do all the good possible for their fellow-men in Dawson City and its vicinity. If at any time churches of other denominations were established there a member could receive a letter of withdrawal and unite with his own church. Surely, there was a broad foundation for the Christian unity which so many are hoping for, and perhaps great results in the way of a broader charity may have their beginning in Dawson. Presbyterian church established in the far north. A house of worship has not yet been built, but the congregation has erected a hospital, which was sadly needed.

The first Roman Catholic church of Dawson City was a large structure, built of logs at the north extremity of the town. The seats were merely rough boards placed on stumps. The pastor made the altar himself, doing most of the work with an ordinary penknife. At first there was no glass for the windows, but heavy white muslin was tacked to the frames, and though the thermometer was often 60 degrees below zero, two large stoves kept the church comfortable. Like all other Catholic churches, it was always open.

At Easter, window glass was put in, and an organ loft, with a simple railing around it, built in the rear. The organ was a small one, sent up from one of the missions down the river, but owing to the many good voices in the choir the masses were rendered finely, especially those at Christmas and Easter, when a violinist volunteered his services. The young woman who played the organ was one of the three ladies who formed the feminine part of the Presbyterian congregation in the first winter of its existence.

About one o'clock Sunday morning early last June the people of Dawson City were awakened by the cry of fire, an ominous sound at all times, but especially terrifying in a town of tents and resinous log cabins. There was a sickening roar of flames and the rush of hurrying feet. The first cry was that the hospital was on fire, and hundreds of strong men, trained by a life of danger to think quickly, grabbed their blankets and a pail and ran to the fire. Every one gave a sigh of relief when it was found that the church and not the hospital was blazing so fiercely. But the latter was in danger, and to save the sick there must be instant action. While some hastily removed the suffering men others formed a line and passed pail after pail of water to those on the roof of the hospital, pouring it on the blankets stretched over the roof and into the fierce furnace below. It was a terrible fight while it lasted, but it was soon over, and while every one felt sorry to have the church destroyed, a prayer of gratitude went up that the helpless men in the hospital still had their refuge.

Thanks to the generosity of one of Dawson City's wealthiest miners, who gave $40,000, the church has since been rebuilt and is better in every way than the first one.

Only those who were in Dawson City last spring, and saw the sick constantly cared for, can appreciate the untold good accomplished by Father Judge and his assistants. Men of all creeds and of no creed at all helped the good Jesuit priest, for he is greatly beloved for his unselfish and untiring efforts in behalf of the needy and unfortunate.

Recently the sisters of St. Anne, who were stationed at the Mission of the Holy Cross, have arrived to take charge of the hospital. They will be a valuable acquisition if they accomplish half of what they have done at the mission. The results of their teaching may be seen in the condition of the native children. But the traveler on the Yukon marvels no less at the spiritual works performed at the mission than at its wonderful garden. The little settlement is sheltered from the sharp winds by a bend in the river and a small space of level ground is carefully cultivated. Of course, only the hardiest vegetables will grow in the short summer, but the spot of green is a feast for eyes longing for the well-tilled fields left behind in the states.

The Greek church of the Russian mission on the lower river is the most artistic edifice on the Yukon. This mission was founded 100 years ago. The church is set on a hill, and is very picturesque with its two domes, each surmounted with a gilt cross. The walls are painted white, the roof red, and domes green. The effect is very pleasing, especially if seen for the first time in the summer, when the green grass is growing about it, with the green hills beyond, and the brilliant sunshine flooding everything. The interior is attractive and immaculately clean. The chandeliers of old silver, or an alloy of silver, are quaint in design. The screen back of the altar is a fretwork of white wood picked out in gold, with small medallions of saints in gilt frames. On the walls are eight large paintings, four on each side of the screen. There is one of the Virgin, one of the Savior, and the others of various saints. Either they were painted by a skillful artist, or time has softened the pigments, for the colors are soft and beautiful, and there is an artistic blending in the whole interior that is particularly grateful to the traveler who has been a long time in the wilds. The Russian priest stationed here has a refined face of great spiritual beauty, and is adored by the Indians, to whom he ministers.

The men who have given up home ties and the comforts of civilization in wrest a fortune from the frozen earth may have to endure great hardships, but it is a small matter in comparison with those of the men and women of refinement scattered along the river who have voluntarily buried themselves in the wilderness to work for their fellowbeings and for the glory of God.

COPPER NEWS.

Ishpeming Men to Build a Telephone System In Copper Country.

Houghton, Mich., June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Anson R. Miner and Donald McVichie, of Ishpeming, Mich., have concluded a careful examination of the copper country for a Marquette county syndicate and have decided to install a telephone system covering Houghton, Portonagon and Keweenaw counties, to compete with the Bell system. The promoters of the new company are owners of the Marquette county telephone system, which has proven very successful.

Organization of the Kakauna Copper company has not been abandoned, as was rumored three weeks ago, but will be completed early next month. The sum of $800,000 is required to put the deal through, of which amount $200,000 will be placed in the treasury for development and equipment of the mine.

Parties returning from South Range points continue to speak of the bright showing on the mineral lands of the Copper Range company. An arrival stated that the big vein recently discovered was fully 30 feet in width, with well defined walls exposed, also that it had been opened across for a depth of about 5 feet, and from this there were secured two wagon loads of heavy copper. Another lode has been located on the property, showing four in all, and the gentleman above referred to advises the local sentiment when he says the South range contains a bed of copper that would supply the world for a generation to come.

Local interest has been directed to the Baltic, in view of the general belief that it will be stamping rock within the coming two weeks. Among those expected to be present when Miss Baltic is ushered into society are John Stanton, Cameron Currie, William A. Paine and S. L. Smith, all well known in connection with this and other properties.

The question of an adequate water supply has been solved at the Isle Royale, and before long no trouble will be experienced in this line. The source of the supply is the Huron dam, and connections are about to be made with the mine and this big pond of pure water.

The Hancock smelters are being closed down and henceforth, for some time at least, the copper will be smelted at Dollar bay. Both smelters are owned by the same company. After taking care of all the copper sent to this company for refinement there will be still two idle furnaces at Dollar Bay.

DEATH FROM SUNSTROKE.

Commander of Monitor Monadnock Succumbs to Heat.

Washington, June 10.—A cablegram was received at the navy department today from Capt. Barker, the naval officer in command at Manilla, announcing the sudden death of Capt. Henry Nichols from sunstroke. Capt. Nichols was the commander of the monitor Monadnock.

THE BAKER TRIAL.

Manchester, Ky., June 10.—The quashing of the original indictment against the Bakers and the return of another which releases Joseph Barrett and Doc Baker, increases the probability of an early trial. Today the court began the hearing of the testimony of reliable citizens upon the question of the possibility of a fair trial to be had in Clay county. If a change of venue is granted it will necessarily delay the trial.

SPECIAL LOW RATES VIA THE "MILWAUKEE."

Tickets at very low round trip rates to a large number of points in the East will be on sale at St. Paul and Minneapolis offices of the "Milwaukee" road on June 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19, good for return passage until Sept. 4.

This ever popular company will also make very low round trip rates from points on its line to a great many points in the East and West during June and July. For particulars apply to agents, or address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.

SUNDAY EXCURSION TRAINS.
FOND DU LAC AND SPIRIT LAKE.
VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Special excursion trains will leave the Union depot Sunday, June 11, at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. for Spirit Lake, New Duluth and Fond du Lac, stopping at Twentieth avenue and West Duluth stations. Returning leave Fond du Lac at 11:50 a. m. and 7 p. m. No more beautiful spot anywhere to spend a delightful outing. Tickets at all stations at very low rates.

TAME TO WILD

Domesticated Animals That Have Become Pests In Different Places.

Wild Horses a Nuisance---Tame Cats Become Beasts of Prey.

The notion that ordinary domestic animals, such as horses, cats, dogs, etc., may multiply so numerously as to become serious pests—nay, that in certain parts of the world they may have done so—is sufficiently striking to lend exceptional interest to a bulletin on the subject which will be included in the forthcoming year book of the department of agriculture, writes a Washington correspondent.

It appears that in some of the Western states wild horses have become a positive nuisance, and in 1897 Nevada passed a law permitting them to be shot. Recent reports from Washington, likewise, are to the effect that "cayuses" in that region are considered of so little value that they are killed and used as bait for poisoning wolves and coyotes. In this connection it is worth mentioning that in some portions of Australia wild horses have multiplied to such an extent as to consume the grass needed for sheep and other animals, and hunters have been employed to shoot them.

House cats quite commonly run wild in the neighborhood of cities and towns, and under such circumstances become pests, propagating numerously and accomplishing a good deal of destruction. Depending upon forage for a living, they do not reserve themselves to rats and mice, but rob the farmers' henroosts and attack the wild birds of the air. Indeed, they kill so many that the decrease of native feathered species in some districts seems to be largely attributed to them.

Where cats have run wild on isolated islands their work can be more accurately appreciated. For example, on Salvy island, off the coast of Nova Scotia, they were introduced about 1880, and rapidly exterminated the rabbits, which had been in possession for at least half a century. In one of the harbors of Kerguelen Land, a barren and desolate bit of Antarctic terra firma to the south east of the Cape of Good Hope, cats, escaped from ships, have made themselves at home on a little islet known as Cat Island, which has been long used as a whaling place for sealers. Here they live in holes in the ground, preying upon sea birds and their young, and are said to have developed such extraordinary ferocity that it is almost impossible to tame them, even when captured young. On Aldabra, 200 miles northwest of Madagascar, cats have completely exterminated an interesting species of rail peculiar to that island, which, being unable to fly, had no chance of escape.

Pigs have run wild in some of the Southern states and also on certain islands, where, as on the Galapagos, they were originally introduced to furnish food for crews of vessels in need of fresh meat. They were imported into New Zealand by Capt. Cook about 1770, and soon becoming wild, increased to a remarkable degree. A century later wild pigs were so abundant in the flax thickets of the province of Taranaki, on the North island, that a hunter could shoot fifty in a single day. In one case 25,000 wild pigs are said to have been killed there by three hunters in less than two years.

Sheep and goats when numerous are liable to cause widespread injury, particularly in forested regions. An instructive example of the damage done by goats is afforded by St. Helena, which is a mountainous island scarcely fifty square miles in extent, its highest summit reaching an elevation of 2700 feet. At the time of its discovery, about the beginning of the sixteenth century, it is said to have been covered by dense forest; today it is described as a rocky desert. This change has been largely brought about by goats first introduced by the Portuguese in 1513, and which multiplied so fast that in seventy-five years they existed by thousands. Browsing on the young trees and shrubs, they rapidly brought about the destruction of the vegetation which protected the steep slopes. With the disappearance of the undergrowth began the washing of the soil by tropical rains and the destruction of the forest. In 1709 the governor reported that the timber was rapidly disappearing, and that the goats should be destroyed if the forests were to be preserved. This advice was not heeded, and only a century later, in 1810, another governor reported the total destruction of the forests by the goats, and in consequence an expense of $13,600 in one year for the importation of fuel for government use.

The Santa Barbara islands, off the coast of Southern California, and the island of Guadaloupe, off the Lower California coast, are utilized as ranges for goats. All these islands are dry and more or less covered with brush, but arborescent vegetation is comparatively scarce. The goats practically run wild, and already exist in considerable numbers. On Santa Catalina, one of the Santa Barbara group, wild-goat hunting is one of the diversions afforded tourists, and is considered one of the principal attractions of this popular summer resort. The goats have not yet been on the islands long enough to cause any serious effects on the vegetation, and they may never bring about the ruin which has been wrought on St. Helena. But it is scarcely possible for the islands to be grazed by goats for an indefinite length of time without suffering serious damage.

The common rabbits of Europe were originally introduced into Australia for purposes of sport. They spread over the country like a scourge. So rapidly did they multiply that in 1879 legislative action for their destruction was begun in South Australia, and the example was soon followed in New South Wales, New Zealand, Queensland and Tasmania. At the present time their range in Australia is probably equal in area to that of our three largest states—Texas, California and Montana. Millions of dollars have been spent for bounties, for poisons and in various other methods of destruction; thousands of miles of rabbit-proof fences have been built, and hundreds of schemes for destroying the animals have been suggested, but nothing has yet been found that will effectually exterminate the pest. Natural enemies, such as cats and other carnivorous animals, have been introduced, and in certain parts of New Zealand, at least, have become almost as much a pest as the rabbits they were intended to kill. In 1887 no less than 19,152,339 rabbits were destroyed in New South Wales alone, but despite the efforts of the government and private land owners, the rabbits seem to be still increasing. In the meantime a great industry has grown up in the export of rabbit skins. For the last five years New Zealand has been shipping an average of about 15,000,000 per annum, and since 1873 has exported more than 200,000,000. Recently canned rabbit meat for export to European markets is assuming larger proportions and gives promise of developing into an important industry.

In the attempt to check the rabbit pest in New Zealand recourse has been had to the importation of natural enemies, such as ferrets, stoats and weasels. In the Wairarapa district some 600 ferrets, 300 stoats and weasels and 300 cats had been turned out previous to 1887. Between January, 1887, and June, 1888, contracts were made by the government for nearly 22,000 ferrets, and several thousand had previously been liberated on crown and private lands. Large numbers of stoats and weasels have also been liberated during the last fifteen years. This host of predatory animals speedily brought about a decrease in the number of rabbits, but its work was not confined to rabbits, and soon game birds and other species were found to be diminishing. The stoat and the weasel are much more bloodthirsty than the ferret, and the widespread destruction is attributed to them rather than to the latter animal. Now that some of the native birds are threatened with extermination it has been suggested to set aside an island along the New Zealand coast where the more interesting indigenous species can be kept safe from their enemies and saved from comolete extinction.

Rats and mice are not classed ordinarily as domestic animals, and yet they are such in fact. They share man's dwelling, subsist upon his food, and accompany him whithersoever he goes. Unquestionably they are among the greatest pests with which he has to contend, and for the annoyance and damage which they occasion are beyond computation. They are ubiquitous, abundant alike in the largest cities and on the most distant islands of the sea. They have not been intentionally introduced anywhere, but have found their way by means of vessels to all parts of the earth. Small islands, populated with rats from wrecks or otherwise, are occasionally overrun by these animals. On the island of Aldabra, already mentioned, rats fairly swarm, and are very destructive to the gigantic native land tortoise, eating the young as soon as they are hatched. Sable island, off the coast of Nova Scotia, has suffered from several plagues of rats, and it is said that the first superintendent of the light station and his men were at one time threatened with starvation owing to the inroads made on their stores by rats.

The common brown rat, otherwise known as the wharf rat or Norway rat, is of Asiatic origin, and until 200 years ago was unknown in Europe or America. In the autumn of 1727 large numbers of this species entered Europe by swimming across the Volga, and, gaining a foothold in the province of Astrakhan, in Eastern Russia, spread westward over Central Europe. Five years later they reached England by vessel from Western India. They arrived on the eastern shores of the United States about 1775, and by 1855 were abundant at several points on the Pacific coast. The black rat was the common house rat of Europe in the Middle Ages, and was introduced into the New World about 1544, or more than 200 years earlier than the brown rat. In Porto Rico and some other islands the black rat has taken to living in the crowns of cocoanut trees, to which latter it does great damage by biting off the unripe nuts, upon which it feeds.

Similarly, the rats in Jamaica are said to have been driven to the trees by the mongoose, which was introduced in 1872 for the purpose of destroying these pests of the sugar cane. Nine individuals were imported, four males and five females, and they increased with such rapidity that soon they had spread to all parts of the island, even to the tops of the highest mountains. As rat-killers they surpassed expectations, but as the rodents diminished they took to attacking other animals, including young pigs, kids, lambs kittens, puppies poultry, ground-nesting game birds, lizards, snakes, frogs and land-crabs. Also they ate bananas, pineapples, young corn, sweet potatoes and cocoanuts. Thus before long the mongoose proved itself a nuisance far worse than the enemy it was intended to combat. The destruction by it of land and freshwater tortoises and of the eggs of the green turtle is lamentable, though less so than the extermination of insectivorous birds and reptiles, which has brought a plague of ticks and other objectionable bugs. In the Hawaiian islands, likewise, the imported mongoose has wiped out the native birds to a great extent—particularly a species of goose that is found only in that group, above an altitude of 4000 feet, and the peculiar Hawaiian duck.

Up to date the giant bats familiarly known as "flying foxes" have not been imported into the New World, but, if introduced, they would find a congenial habitat in tropical and semi-tropical America, and they might become a serious plague in the southern part of the United States. The genus to which they belong includes about fifty species, which are found in the warm latitudes of the Old World, from Madagascar east to Australia and the Samoan islands, and north to India, the Malay archipelago and Southern Japan. The largest Australian species measures more than five feet from wing-tip to wing-tip. In that country these creatures live in immense communities or "camps" in swamps and other inaccessible places. Here they may be seen by thousands. Frequently crowded so thickly on the trees that large branches are broken by their weight. They fly considerable distances in search of food, sallying forth in flocks about sunset and returning to their camps before dawn. In New South Wales, and more especially in Queensland, flying foxes are one of the worst pests of the fruit grower. They are particularly injurious to figs, bananas, peaches and other soft fruit, and it is estimated that the damage done to orchards in the coast districts of New South Wales amounts to many thousands of pounds annually. Various expedients have been suggested to protect orchards from their depredations, but the most practical method is to destroy the bats in their camps. A few years ago the minister for mines and agriculture for New South Wales supplied ammunition for this purpose, and, after considerable expenditure of powder and shot, 100,000 foxes were destroyed at a cost of about 30 cents apiece. Wholesale destruction with dynamite was suggested and experiments with high explosives were made by the department of agriculture. Charges of roburite and guncotton connected with wires so that they could be fired by an electric current were placed in the branches of trees where the bats were accustomed to roost. The bats carefully avoided the trees in which explosives were hung, and when the charges were fired none were killed, even among those roosting in neighboring trees.

In various parts of the world domestic dogs run wild have become serious pests, devouring sheep and in other ways making themselves a nuisance. On the Galapagos islands they have helped largely to exterminate the gigantic tortoises native to that group, making a habit of waiting for the eggs to hatch and then devouring the baby turtles.

It is the Swell

thing to be able to say "I use

JAP ROSE GLYCERINE SOAP"

It carries with it an air of refinement and good taste.

Everybody knows Kirk's toilet preparations are the standard for genteel people.

Kirk's Jap Rose Toilet Soap is a pure piece of goods, unexcelled in quality.

JAS. S. KIRK & Co., CHEMISTS, CHICAGO, ILL.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

M. R. Denning, Plaintiff.

vs.

Thomas F. McCarthy and Ida M. McCarthy, his wife, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 10th day of June, 1899, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Tuesday, the 25th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota described as follows, to-wit: An undivided one-half interest in the east half of the southwest quarter (e½ of sw¼), the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter (se¼ of nw¼) of section twelve (12), and the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter (ne¼ of nw¼) of section thirteen (13), township sixty-one (61) north, of range nineteen (19) west of the 4th P. M., containing 160 acres of land more or less according to the government survey thereof.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

McGIFFERT & HUNTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-10-17-24-July-1-8-15-1899.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

Samuel Loeb and Bert Fesler, of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, being first duly sworn, each for himself deposes and certifies that the said Samuel Loeb is the president and the said Bert Fesler is the secretary of the Duluth Drug Store Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the general laws of the state of Minnesota; that on the 26th day of May, 1896, at a special meeting of the stockholders of said Duluth Drug Store Company, called for that purpose and clearly specifying the purpose of said meeting and outlining the amendment hereinafter mentioned, held in the city of Duluth, said county and state, at which the holders of more than two-thirds of the issued shares of the stock of said corporation were present in person and voting, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote of all of said stockholders present at said meeting, to-wit:

"Resolved, that article one (1) of the original articles of association of this corporation be amended so that the first sentence thereof relating to the name of this corporation shall read as follows: The name of this corporation shall be Samuel Loeb & Company."

SAMUEL LOEB, President.
BERT FESLER, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 26th day of May, 1899.

E. CATHERINE NEFF,
Notary Public St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1899, at 4 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book V2 of Incorporations on page 385.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record June 3, 1899, at 10 a. m. and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscel. page 588.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By S. L. PIERCE, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald, June 3 7t.

WILCOX COMPOUND
TANSY PILLS
The only reliable female regulator. Never Fails. Price, $2.00 by mail. Take no substitute. Write for Women's Advisory Chart.
Wilcox Med. Co., 123 S. 9th St., Phila. Pa.

OUTING AND WARM WEATHER

CLOTHES

If you are going to need a *golf* or *wheel suit*, a *light weight, half-lined suit* for warm weather, a *thin coat* of *serge* or *alpaca*, a *fancy wash vest* or *a pair of stylish trousers*, remember our store is headquarters for all the novelties and specialties in men's dress, as well as the regular and staple styles. Our prices on Hart, Schaffner & Marx guaranteed clothing make it easy for you to have the best.

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX

H. S. & M.

GUARANTEED CLOTHING

Copyright 1899 By Hart, Schaffner & Marx

This Celebrated Clothing is sold in Duluth only by

M. S. BURROWS,

The Progressive Clothier.

Why be Content

with sweat-shop ready-made clothing, when for the same money you can have your clothing made to order right here in Duluth.

Suits to order ... $15.00

Trousers to order $4.00

Fit and style guaranteed. 1000 patterns, new woolens to choose from.

Hagberg & Erickson,

TAILORS,

Over 218 West Superior Street.

AN EASY MARK.

John Shute of Spangle Is Robbed and Proved a Willing Victim.

A man named John Shute, of Spangle, Wash., turned a man giving his name as Daniel Dillon over to Capt. Thompson at the corner of Fifth avenue west and Superior street yesterday afternoon. Shute claiming that Dillon had robbed him of $240. Shute said that the robbery had occurred in O. Sandstedt's saloon, No. 507 West Superior street, a few minutes before. He had followed Dillon and his partner to another saloon on the Bowery, he said, where he had apprehended Dillon. The latter had gone with his captor all right until the Windsor hotel corner was reached, when he struck Shute and tried to get away from him. The scuffle between them attracted the attention of Capt. Thompson.

Shute claimed that the money was in $20 gold pieces, and when Dillon was searched at police headquarters the sum of $140 in such coin was found on him.

The robbery is said to have taken place about 2:45 yesterday afternoon. According to Shute's story, Dillon scraped acquaintance with him at the depot, where he was waiting to take the 3:15 train for Eveleth. Dillon asked him where he was going and he told him. Dillion said that he was going to Ely and that they would leave on the same train, and proposed that they take a walk. They started out and Dillon treated to cigars at a drug store, and then said that he wanted to find a friend of his who was foreman of a mine up on the range. They strolled along and met the friend at Sandstedt's saloon. They went in and Dillon said that he would treat. Shute said that he thought it was his turn, but Dillon said that he wanted to get a $5 bill changed. Then the friend remembered that he also wanted to change a $5 bill and he insisted on treating. The two agreed to shake dice to see which should pay, and Dillon then turned to Shute and asked him how much he had.

"I have $240," said Shute, pulling his money out and showing it.

Dillon scooped the money out of Shute's hand, the latter says, and turned away, saying, "Hold on a minute until I settle with this fellow." Dillon then asked for some dice, and remarked that they would go into the back room and shake to see who paid for the drinks. The bartender refused to give them the dice, and Dillon and his friend started out. Shute asked for his money and Dillon said they would shake the dice first and then he would fix it with him. Dillon and his friend went to the Beaurivage saloon on Superior street near Eighth avenue west, Shute after them, and getting some dice, went into the back room. Dillon and his friend shook the dice once and Dillon handed some of Shute's gold to the other, Shute says, whereupon he made up his mind that he would have to act quickly if he wanted to save any of his money, and he grabbed Dillon. Shute is a powerful young fellow, and he forced Dillon to go with him, the latter not making much resistance until the Windsor hotel corner was reached.

Dillon's partner ran out of the saloon and escaped.

Excursion to Fond du Lac

TOMORROW

ON STEAMER JOSIE DAVIDSON.

Leaves Fifth Ave. at 10 a. m.

Down the Mississippi.

The Diamond Jo steamboat line is making a special series of summer excursions from St. Paul to St. Louis this season and the trip on the elegant steamers of this line on the Upper Mississippi makes one of the most delightful of summer trips. The scenery along the upper river is enchanting—a panorama of beautiful views—and the excellent accommodations afforded as well as the comparative small expense of such an outing, makes the trip one which will be very popular with tourists this summer. C. R. Brockway is the agent for the Diamond Jo line at St. Paul and particulars of excursions and time tables may be obtained by addressing him.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOWEST RATES—NO DELAY. ANY AMOUNT.

Stryker, Manley & Buck,

TORREY BUILDING.

The Pavilion Opens Tomorrow

With a big double bill employing about sixty people. The program will be of such extreme length that the matinees will begin at 1:30 p. m. and the evening show at 7:30 sharp. The program will embrace a casino stage vaudeville and the curio annex will present Miss Nellie Young, Golden Albino, "Cassareum," the human pin cushion, Allie, Ruble in the safe mystery, Professor Naville, king of clay, the enchanted well, etc. The theatoreum will present "Uncle Tom's Cabin" with full orchestra and a refined and novel specialty between each act.

General admission will be 10 cents. Reserved seats 20 and 25 cents extra.

Grand Athletic Exhibition.

Armory June 12, given by the active Turners, and over 250 girls, boys and ladies and gentlemen. Admission 25 cents.

DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.

WE GUARANTEE EVERY PACKAGE OF TO BE ABSOLUTELY PURE.

GREAT DAY EXPECTED

Visit of Secretary of War Alger to Be Elaborately Celebrated.

PARADE AND REVIEW

Ten Companies of Militia to Be Here---Large Excursion Coming.

Next Saturday will be one of the greatest days Duluth has ever seen. A series of excursions will come in from over four of the lines entering here. Gen. Russel A. Alger, secretary of war, will be here, and will be tendered a magnificent reception, and a variety of other entertainments will be offered for visitors.

Arrangements for the reception to Gen. Alger have been under way for several days, but nothing definite was known until today. The plan was mapped out, and Secretary Buchanan of the reception committee went to St. Paul to arrange it. He wired this afternoon that the arrangements were practically all made, and that the announcement could be made.

At 11 a. m. there will be a grand parade, to be reviewed by Gen. Alger and other distinguished guests. In this parade ten companies of the militia are expected to take part. Permission has been asked of the governors of Minnesota, North Dakota and Wisconsin to have companies in their state attend, and the governors themselves are expected to be here. The members of th Grand Army of the Republic, the Women's Relief corps, the Daughters of the Revolution and all civic bodies, fraternal societies, etc., of the city are invited to participate.

The Duluth battalion of three companies will comprise part of the militia.

At 2:10 the palatial steamer North Land will leave her dock for the first trip of the season, and all the visitors will have an opportunity to see this handsome boat, equal in every way to the finest ocean boat.

Immediately after this the visitors will be taken to see the launching of the barge John Smeaton on a boat capable of carrying 3000 people, attended by consorts, consisting of all the small craft in the harbor; after this they will be taken around the bay and back to Duluth, when the evening can be spent in attending the theaters, a grand cake walk at the Armory, and other places of amusement.

The number of people from outside will be very large. The Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads will run excursions from the West, the Omaha from Eau Claire and the St. Paul & Duluth from St. Paul. These trains will bring in thousands.

ACRE PROPERTY DOES WELL.

Bidding on Outside Lands as Good as In the City.

The forfeited tax sale was on for an hour this morning, and at 11 o'clock it was adjourned to 10 o'clock Monday morning. The sale this morning was in Canosia, Grand Lake and Dinham townships, where some good lands brought fair prices. When the sale is taken up again Monday morning the town of Rice Lake will be offered, and as there is said to be some good property for sale there, bidding is expected to be lively. The attendance and the bidding on the acre property have been better than they were even on property in the city of Duluth. This morning, as stated by The Herald yesterday, the addition of Lakeview was offered for sale, but those in attendance seemed not to appreciate a good thing when they saw it, and there were no bids. The state had to buy it in, therefore, and the state of Minnesota now owns 120 lots in Hermantown, whose only inhabitants are mosquitoes and the cows that stray over from the nearby farms.

County Auditor Halden's voice, which has held out amazingly well during the sale, succumbed yesterday to a severe cold, and his deputy, A. J. Wasgatt, conducted the sale this morning.

MERRIAM'S STAFF COMPLETE.

S. N. North, of Boston, Appointed as Chief Statistician.

Washington, June 10.—Director of Census Merriam has completed his official technical staff by the appointment of S. N. North, of Boston, chief statistician in charge of the division or manufacturing and mechanical industries.

Governor Merriam has had Mr. North's name under consideration for a long time, but his connection with the industrial commission rendered it very uncertain whether his services could be secured. On reference of this question to the president, Mr. McKinley assented to the transfer. Mr. North is a native of New York and a graduate of Hamilton college, where his father has been for many years professor of Greek.

Park Point Sunday Car Service.

The street car line on Park Point will operate a through service all day, cars leaving the canal every half hour during the afternoon and once an hour in the evening. The building of the new electric line is progressing rapidly. The Point is now in its best season, and violets and wintergreen are to be found there in abundance.

Exquisite Scenery and Balmy Atmosphere.

Unusual and unique attractions at quaint Fond du Lac. Special trains tomorrow, Sunday, leaving Duluth at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m.

Maccabees Prompt Payment $2000.

A draft for this amount was received today from the supreme tent, Knights of the Maccabees, being the amount of the certificate held by Alfred Beauchemin, who was drowned in the harbor a few days since. It being just ten days since the proof of death was filed. It was at once turned over to his brother, Phillip Beauchemin, the beneficiary.

Music Tonight

At Sam Atkinson's, Northern hotel. Di Marco's celebrated orchestra in a program of popular music.

Crossing Needs Repairing.

There is a crossing at Sixtieth avenue east and London road that should be attended to at once by the board of public works. It is in horrible shape and has caused several cyclists, especially ladies, to have bad falls. The city may have a suit for damages in the present condition.

A Reliable

Piano house is one that you can depend upon to tell you the truth about Pianos. It cannot afford to sell anything but a good

Piano

—and the standing of such a firm with the piano manufacturers puts it in a position to secure the best kinds that are made. You cannot always depend upon your own judgment to your own advantage in the expenditure of so large a sum of money. Talk to us—then if you feel satisfied that you have confidence in us, we will help you to select a Piano.

We carry the three leading pianos in their respective classes in the United States. WE WILL GIVE YOU EASY TERMS.

The Chickering, The Fischer, The Franklin.

(Over 200,000 in use)

Rank highest, as their great sale indicates.

HOWARD FARWELL & CO. 20-22-24 W. 5th St.

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Write for prices and terms.

THE SPECIAL TERM.

Norris Realty Company After a New Trial In a Case.

This morning's special term of district court was a short one, all but one case being cleared up at 10 o'clock, half an hour after the term opened. The one exception was the case of the Norris Realty company against Jacob Zimmerman et al., in which the plaintiff wanted a new trial. The Norris Realty company is the assignee of a claim of Michael Norris against the defendants for going on their bond on a government levee contract in the South. Capt. Norris claimed that he was offered a percentage of the net profits if he would fix up the bond, and the defendants denied that such an offer was made. In the last term of the court the case went to a jury, and the jury decided against the plaintiff. Now the company comes in and asks for a new trial, on the ground of newly discovered evidence. The new evidence is that of a man who will testify that he heard the conversation in which the offer was made, but the defendants objected on the ground that such testimony would be cumulative, and under the holdings of the supreme court not a ground, therefore, for a new trial. Judge Ensign took the matter under advisement, stating that unless his idea of the decision of the supreme court on the case were changed by the investigation he intends to make, he would deny the motion.

In the matter of the asignment of O. T. Reitan the assignee's final account was allowed. In the case of D. A. Dickinson against Emil Hartman et al. the sheriff's report of sale in mortgage foreclosure was confirmed. Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Richardson were given permission to adopt Kathryn M. Predmore. M. B. Denning was given judgment against Thomas F. McCarthy for the amount claimed by him. The receiver of the Highland Improvement company secured an order confirming a sale of a mortgage to the Midland company. The receiver of the Duluth Building and Loan association was authorized to satisfy a mortgage on lot 29, West Fifth street. In the matter of the assignment of the Central Mercantile company an order was made directing a sale of the book accounts.

EXCURSION

—TO—

TWO HARBORS

SUNDAY, JUNE 11th, on Steamers

H. R. DIXON AND HUNTER

Leaving Booth's dock at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.

FARE, 50c ROUND TRIP.

Humane Society Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Duluth Humane society was held yesterday afternoon in its office, 527 Chamber of Commerce. The report of the agent showed twenty-three cases investigated during the month of May. Nine were in the interest of dumb animals and fourteen were concerning abused and neglected children. Several of the horses were delivery horses from some of Duluth's largest houses and in every case where the proprietor's attention was called to the condition of the horse they were either treated or removed from the street. A particularly sad case was reported from Floodwood. It was found that a homsteader living about three miles from the town had a young child and the mother most shamefully neglected it. After some correspondence with the father he came to Duluth with his wife and child and after a hearing before the judge of probate, the woman was found to be insane and ordered sent to Fergus Falls.

The agent also reported that at his instance, backed by a petition, the council put in a drinking fountain at Fifth avenue east and Fourth street, which will be ready for use in a short time.

Will Go On Your Bond!

CONTRACTORS' BONDS
ASSIGNEES' BONDS
LODGE BONDS
COURT BONDS

American Bonding & Trust Co.,

GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Gen. Agt., 14 Phoenix Blk

Arabian Is Fined.

The steamer Arabian was fined by Collector Willcutts this morning for failing to bring a consular bill of health from Fort William. The amount has not been fixed, but he can make it from $10 to $5000. He will probably make it $10. She has cleared from Duluth to Montreal.

The Fourth at Two Harbors.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The people of Two Harbors have decided to hold a grand Fourth of July celebration, and it has been suggested to us that perhaps some of the most prominent Duluth firms would be pleased to contribute something in the way of prizes either in cash or merchandise. If you feel that you could consistently do anything in this line for us the favor would be greatly appreciated. Yours very truly,

W. N. MOULTON.
L. D. ROSE.
W. B. WOODWARD,
Committee.

Two Harbors, June 8.

COMING TOMORROW

Most of Delegates to State Federation Meeting to Arrive Then.

TO RECEIVE THEM

Local Committees Have Arrangements Perfected---Names of Delegates.

The majority of the delegates to the semi-annual convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, which opens here Monday morning, are expected to arrive Sunday over the St. Paul & Duluth on the 6:30 a. m. and 1:35 p. m. trains. They will be met at the depot by the train committee appointed by the Trades assembly and escorted to the headquarters, at the St. Louis hotel. There they will be taken in tow by their friends or assigned to their quarters. The ladies will be taken charge of by the ladies' reception committee. The ladies will have a train committee.

The committees on entertainment and reception are as follows:

Entertainment committee—W. E. McEwen, Charles Leytze, Charles E. Seymour, William Garland, H. Dworschak.

Ladies' auxiliary—Mrs. S. G. Akin, Mrs. W. E. McEwen, Mrs. H. H. Paulson, Miss Lizzie Quade, Miss Agnes Harvey.

Train committee—W. Johnson, Gordon O'Neill, A. A. Fider, Mrs. S. G. Akin, Mrs. W. E. McEwen and Miss Agnes Harvey.

The program of entertainment is as follows:

Monday, 4 p. m.—Ride on boulevard.
Monday, 8 p. m.—Banquet.
Tuesday, 4 p. m.—Excursion on Lake Superior.
Tuesday, 8 p. m.—Grand ball and reception.

It is uncertain as yet whether a steamer can be secured for a lake excursion. The Hunter of the Booth line is the only large one that can be secured, and it is not due to arrive here until late Tuesday afternoon. An effort is being made to secure some small steamers.

The ladies have arranged to take the lady visitors to Lester Park on an English brake Monday evening and take lunch there.

The business sessions will be held in Odd Fellows' hall. The convention will be called to order at 10 a. m. Monday.

The delegates who have sent credentials to Secretary McEwen are as follows:

MINNEAPOLIS.

Cooper Machine Workers, No. 7124—John Nee, E. M. Murphy.

Cigarmakers' union, No. 77—John Long, M. E. Pauly, W. F. Boser and F. G. Bollig.

Carpenters' union, No. 7—L. F. Blakefield, P. Carlin, C. Tettgast.

Clerks' union, No. 58—P. S. Olsey, A. G. Walker.

Hack and Cab Drivers' union, No. 7132—Frank McGaubey.

Plasterers' union, No. 65—J. McLaughlin.

Musicians' union, No. 73—Earnest Rathman, E. Gochia, O. A. Benson, H. Thlscher, T. Hengen

Plumbers' union, No. 15—J. O. Watson, D. A. Fallon, M. E. Neary, John Rogan.

Steamfitters' union, No. 1—P. H. Redmond, A. W. Field.

Trades and Labor council—Andrew Henderson, M. Conrad.

Tailors' union—E. Skoog.

Woodworkers' union, No. 14—L. Hansen, A. F. Meyers.

Woodenware Workers' union, No. 83—M. S. Brown.

Bookbinders' union, No. 51—A. J. Sniker.

Bindery Girls' union, No. 52—Mrs. Emma Carlson, Miss Lenore Michaelson.

Barbers' union, No. 61—E. A. Ehlen.

Building Trades council—J. A. Donnell.

ST. PAUL.

Bookbinders' union, No. 37—Peter Arth.

Barbers' union, No. 31—M. E. Murray, F. E. Wingeon.

Cigarmakers' union, No. 38—F. E. Hoffman, C. E. Bietzenhardt, H. Geise, Jr.

Pressmens' union, No. 29—P. J. Maloney.

Trades and Labor assembly—J. A. McDaniels, E. D. Lott, J. Klaus, C. Guiney, H. Feyder.

Carpenters' union, No. 87—J. B. Morrison, C. Bovlard.

Theatrical Stage Employes' union—P. Sweeny.

DULUTH.

Butchers' union, No. 12—W. Tunell, E. Eisenbrandt, alternate.

Bakers' union—G. Wassum.

Carpenters' union, No. 361—E. T. Heller, J. H. Baker, J. L. Heasley, J. W. Richardson, G. M. Davis.

Clerks' union, No. 3—J. T. Thompson, W. H. Krause.

Engineers' union, No. 15—R. E. Patterson.

Longshoremen's union, No. 12—G. O'Neal, F. Gilneau, W. Grin, W. Clough.

Plumbers' union, No. 11—A. McDougall.

Stone Mason's union, No. 7038—J. Fitzgerald.

Sawmill Workers' union, No. 6795—A. D. McGill.

Street Railway Employes' union, No. 31—W. H. Wallace, J. G. LaChance, M. Gleason.

Trades' assembly—E. Kriz, H. Dworschak, J. W. Allen, C. Leytze.

Building Trades' council—R. G. Free.

Cigarmakers' union, No. 294—J. Dworschak, M. McGuirk.

OTHER TOWNS.

St. Cloud—Cigarmakers' union, No. 315—J. Roos.

Wascca—Federal Labor union, No. 7390—J. W. McGinnis, P. McLyn.

Brainerd—Machinists' union, No. 197—J. J. Bartley.

Red Wing—Stoneware Potters' union, No. 1—G. E. Smith.

Winona—Cigarmakers' union, No. 70—J. Spuhler.

Fraternal delegate from Farmers' Alliance—Hon. Ignatius Donnelly.

The officers of the State Federation are G. C. Collins, president, and W. E. McEwen, secretary-treasurer.

State Labor Commissioner McHale is expected as a guest.

THEY VISIT THE BOARD.

Many of the Excursionists See How Wheat Is Traded In.

During this forenoon about 200 farmers and merchants in inland towns were on the board of trade, seeing how wheat is traded in. The board provided oranges and cigars for the visitors and they were entertained throughout the session. They were much interested in the market and the manner in which operations are conducted and asked many questions.

All day long the excursionists have been drifting back and forth between the two cities. This afternoon a large number of them took in the ball game. The restaurants and hotels have caught a large number of them and the benefit of having these excursions has been illustrated to them in a very practical way.

The trains will leave on the return trip tomorrow afternoon

Will Give Half Holidays.

The members of the board of trade have decided to close all the grain offices at 2 o'clock the last four days of next week. There will be large excursions in here on all of those days and the object is to make them holidays as much as possible.

Anderson's Palm Garden

TONIGHT AT 8:00

Professor Flaaten's Orchestra

This evening's program will be one of Flaaten's best.

1. March—"Our Visitors from the Northwest."
2. Waltz—"X Rays,"---- Taylor
3. Medley—"Rag Melodies,"---- ---------- ------ Mackie
4. Selection—"The Charlatan," ------ ------- ------Sousa
5. Characteristics—"Whispering Flowers,"---- ----------Blon
6. Russian Dance—"La Troika," ---------- ------Braham
7. Grand Fantasie—"The American Empire," ------Langey

Introducing Melodies from Hawaii, Philippines, Cuba, Porto Rico, The Red Indians, The Darkies, United States.

9. Lanciers—"A Romance of Athlone,"-------- ----Olcott
10. Two Step—"Hands Across the Sea" ----------Sousa

Introducing Many Years Ago, We'll Down it in the Bowl, Olcott's Lullaby, The Irish Swell, My Wild Irish Rose.

Professor Flaaten's Orchestra

Here you are for the latest march—To Our Visitors from the Northwest.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Prof. Thomson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES: 216 W. Superior St.

WOULD MAKE IT COMPULSORY.

Ald. Krumseig Wants Guards for Window Cleaners on Buildings.

Alderman Krumseig is having prepared an ordinance providing for guards on the windows of all business buildings above the second story for the protection of persons working on the outside of the windows. He will introduce it at the council meeting Monday evening if it is ready.

Alderman Krumseig was moved to propose such a measure by the recent accident at the Spalding hotel, when an employe of the hotel fell from a window that he was washing and was killed. There are such ordinances in force in Chicago and other cities, he says.

HE SECURES A BOAT.

Capt. Flynn Gets City of Marquette For Stewart's Run.

Capt. Flynn, who lost his steamer R. G. Stewart by fire, has secured a new boat, the City of Marquette, of Marquette, Mich. It is 125 feet long and will carry 250 tons of freight. Joseph M. Longyear, the well-known Marquette man, has taken an interest with Capt. Flynn. The boat is now being placed in condition for the run and will be ready to begin the last of next week. Capt. Flynn will look after the shore end of the business, and Capt. Taylor will sail the boat.

Twenty-Six Young Men and Women of the Business University Secure Good Paying Positions as Stenographers and Accountants During the Past Few Weeks.

The following young men and women have recently left the Duluth Business University to accept the following positions:

(1). G. W. Mewhinney, stenographer and bookkeeper for the Drake & Stratton Lumber company, Biwabik, Minn.

(2). Jessica Carpenter, stenographer for the Northwestern Manufacturing company.

(3). Cecil Jackson, stenographer for Marshall-Wells Hardware company.

(4). Louise Grady, stenographer and bookkeeper for Howard Transportation company.

(5). Herbert S. Haney, stenographer and bookkeeper for the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad, Itasca, Minn.

(6). F. P. Madigan, bookkeeper for Drake & Stratton company.

(7). Ruth Lathrop, stenographer for R. G. Dun & Co.

(8). Herman Brown, bookkeeper for Schultz Bros.

(9) John Connelly, stenographer for the city clerk.

10). Jessie McKay, bookkeeper in the county abstract office.

(11). Julia Eichen, stenographer for county attorney.

(12). Katie Lynch, stenographer for the Red Cliff Lumber company.

(13). August Spink, bookkeeper for the Bradley Lumber company.

(14). Erasmus Kreidler, stenographer for N. J. Upham & Co.

(15). Isaac Nonon, bookkeeper for Stewart Bros., grocers.

(16). W. G. Brown, stenographer and bookkeeper for Booth Packing company.

(17). James Enright, bookkeeper for G. Dickerson & Co.

(18). Gertie Butchart, stenographer for Bradstreet Mercantile company.

(19). Jennie Lafond, stenographer for Clyde Iron works.

(20). Harry Walker, stenographer and bookkeeper forthe Northern Steamship company.

(21). Nanny Ezard, bookkeeper for J. H. Edwards & Co.

(22). Martin Matheson, bookkeeper for Burrell & Harmon.

23). Hannah Tongen, stenographher for Attorney A. K. Whitney.

24). Peter Lana, stenographher for Clyde Iron company.

(25). Edith Lawrence, bookkeeper for Wieland Electric company.

(26). Marie Fredrickson, stenographer for New York Life Insurance company.

Musical Recital.

The "Schubert" recital which Mrs. A. B. Siewert gives Tuesday evening for the benefit of the Pilgrim Congregational Christian Endeavor society library fund will be one of the finest ever given in Duluth. The small admission of 10 cents is being charged so as to bring it within the reach of all lovers of good music.

Music Tonight

At Sam Atkinson's Northern hotel, Di Marco's celebrated orchestra in a program of popular music

About One-Third Finished.

About one-tenth of the electric street railway system on Park Point now being put in by the Interstate Traction company has been constructed. All the material is on the ground and the cable was expected to arrive today. The cars are here and the line will be in operation within a short time.

Health for 10 cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

Delightful Outing.

Go to Fond du Lac, Minn., tomorrow, Sunday. The most romantic and charming spot in Minnesota. Special trains leave Union depot at 10 a. m. and 3 p. m. Round trip 50 cents.

Macdonell, McMaster & Geary,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, Etc.

Mining Transfers, Crown Lands Business, Incorporation of Companies.

Commercial Travellers' Building, 51 Yonge St., Toronto. Reference American Exchange Bank, Duluth.

START RIGHT.

Ordinary failing eyesight is regarded as alarming by some—by others, treated too carelessly. All eyes begin to fail at 40 years of age, some have trouble a year or two before that time—the majority not till after. From 36 to 45 is the time you should consult a competent optician or oculist in order to start right.

C. D. TROTT, Optician

329 West Superior Street.

Family Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at Boyce's Drug Store.

FITGER & CO.'S

Reliable Brands of Pale Bohemian and Bavarian

BEER.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

STEAM HEAT. ELECTRIC LIGHTS MODERN CONVENIENCES.

When in Calumet, Stop at

THE ESTHER HOTEL,

C. L. THOMAS, Prop.

Sample Rooms in Connection.

The Finest Hotel in the City. Cor. Sixth and Scott Sts. CALUMET, MICH.

The Best Costs no More than the Inferior Kinds. DRINK

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth at **THE IDEAL BEER HALL**

FOURTEEN PAGES--SECTION TWO--PAGES 9 to 14

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1899.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY. 21

JEFFRIES IS CHAMPION

Bob Fitzsimmons Was Knocked Out In the Eleventh Round By the Big, Athletic Boilermaker.

A HARD, FURIOUS FIGHT

New York, June 10.—Bob Fitzsimmons was knocked out in the eleventh round by Jim Jeffries in the fight last night for the heavyweight championship. George Siler, who refereed the fight, said in an interview:

"It was a nice, clean, straightaway, with no attempt on either side to foul. Of course when big men like these get tired there is more or less clinching. In my opinion Jeffries had a shade the best of it for the last seven rounds. Jeffries is unquestionably a young man of remarkable strength. It was a good fight from start to finish and the best man won."

Ex-Champion Robert Fitzsimmons said to a World correspondent: "I fully expected to win, but I did not. Jeffries won because he was the best man. I could not believe that he had improved so much. He is young, strong, quick and clever. I have no excuse to make on the score of condition and overconfidence. I was in perfect trim, better really than I ever was before, and fought the best I could. Jeffries is now the champion of the world beyond question, and is entitled to all the praise that may be showered upon him. He won the title fairly and squarely, and he now has a chance to make a great deal of money. Let him go ahead and get it, and I for one will not molest him for the present. Of course I may challenge him, but it was all so sudden that I have not had time to decide just what I will do. It is not improbable that I will ask him for another chance."

James J. Corbett said: "It proved just as I predicted. When Jeffries was my sparring partner at Carson, at the time I prepared for my fight with Fitzsimmons, I knew that he had it in him, though he was then immature. Fitzsimmons would not fight me, but in Jeffries I got the man who I knew could defeat him. Jeffries possesses all the qualities of a great boxer. He is competent to defend his proud title against any fighter on earth. He does not lack ring science nor generalship. The fight showed he was quicker than Fitzsimmons."

"Kid" McCoy said: "The fight went longer than I expected to see it. It is needless to say that I was greatly surprised at Jeffries' wonderful improvement. He proved himself more scientific, quicker and with better judgment than I had anticipated."

Champion offers said: "The fight was never for a moment in doubt so far as I was concerned. I knew what I could do when I entered the ring, and I grew more confident every moment from the time the gong first sounded.

"Fitzsimmons never hurt me but once, and that was a hard blow on the left eye. His body blows did not have near the force they may have seemed to. In my estimation I had the best of every round.

"Fitzsimmons was a good, clean fighter, and probably the best man of his weight in the country, if not in the world. I wish him all success for the future.

"I believe I am the best man in the world, and I am willing to defend the title which I have won."

After the knockout blow had been dealt Chief of Police Devery jumped to the outer edge of the ring and waited for the referee to count the fatal tenth second. He stepped into the ring then and his men surrounded it. He was asked in the ring by a reporter whether, in accordance with his declaration of a few days ago, he would arrest the principals. "Wait a few moments and we will see," he replied. And then, as he saw that Fitzsimmons had recovered sufficiently to sit up and answer the greeting and handshake Jeffries offered him, he added:

"No, there will be no arrests. Fitzsimmons is all right now, and the law has not been violated.He is as well as when he entered the ring, according to the report of Dr. Creamer, who examined him; so an arrest is not necessary.

"I wish it to be said, and said distinctly, that neither Mr. McLaughlin nor any other man made me change my opinion regarding the stand I took two days before the fight. I would have stopped the fight in a minute if I had seen anything that was a violation of the law."

A NEW CHAMPION.

Another Sturdy Young Giant Comes Out of the West.

New York, June 10.—James J. Jeffries, another sturdy young giant, has come out of the West to whip champion pugilists. At the arena of the Coney Island Atheletic club last night he defeated Robert Fitzsimmons, world's champion in two classes—middleweight and heavyweight—in eleven rounds of whirlwind fighting.

He came to the ring a rank outsider, and left it the acknowledged master of the man he defeated.

The men who prepared him for his fight worked wonders with him. They taught him a nearly perfect defense, improved his foot movement and instructed him in the methods of inflicting punishment. The transition since he appeared last has been little short of miraculous.

At 24 he has defeated Robert Fitzsimmons, Tom Sharkey and Peter Jackson, and if he cares for himself, he will probably be able to successfully defend the title for many years.

The defeated man was just as good as when on the crispy morning on the plains of far-away Nevada, he lowered the colors of the then peerless Corbett. He was just as active, just as clever, just as tricky and just as fearless of punishment. He went unfalteringly to his defeat. He was the aggressor even at moments when he was bleeding and unsteady, and when, stunned by the blows he received, he reeled instinctively toward his opponent. He was fighting all the time and punished his opponent, but found him a different one than any he had met, and a difficult man to fight.

Jeffries fought from a crouching attitude that was hard to get at. He held his head low, his back was bent down and his left arm was extended. He kept jabbing away with the left, and found no trouble in landing it. It was there that his superior reach told. That giant arm served as a sort of human fender to ward off danger. He showed an excellent defense, and the ability to use both hands with skill. He is game, too, for he never shrank from his punishment. It was a great fight to watch and commenced and ended amid scenes of intense excitement.

The men fought before a crowd of 9000 persons, and stood up in a great beam of blinding, white light. It was like 1000 calciums, and it showed their great white bodies in strange relief.

There was not a suggestion of interference from the police. Chief Devery occupied a seat by the ringside, but never entered it. When it was all over he sent Capt. Kenney in to clear the ring. The contest was pulled off without wrangle, and was devoid of the brutal elements that Chief Devery alleged he feared. Never was a crowd handled with greater order and less friction. It was all perfectly orderly.

The tenth round was in reality where the fight ended. Jeffries rushed his opponent and dowsed him with a left swing. Fitz seemed out, and there was a moment of the wildest excitement. Julian ran along the side of the ring and sprinkled water on his fallen idol. At the end of seven counts Fitz staggered to his feet only to go down again. He was up again and Jeffries poised himself for the finish. He shot his left to the body and tried for the head with his right. He was calm and collected, but time was too short, again did the gong come to the aid of the man who was then going, staggering and dazed to certain defeat. There was a frantic effort to revive the champion of champions, but he was clearly gone, and his seconds could not restore him.

The fate-like gong clanged again and the old fighter wabbled out to meet the sturdy young hero, who awaited him.

It was as courageous and gritty as ash, but it was hopeless. They were together.

It was a splendid moment and full of all that dramatic intensity that characterizes a tragedy. Jeffries was as fresh as at the start.

There was a moment of sparring and the giant arms of the Californian shot out through the air. It was left and right and over.

Fitzsimmons, limp and unconscious, dropped to the floor.

Jeffries stepped back for he knew the force that had been put behind his terrible blows. The timers called for the seconds that counted out an old ring hero and heralded another, but nobody heard them.

The crowd was on its feet howling and there was a rush for the ring, but scores of bluecoats barred the way. Ten seconds are short and when the tenth had come there was a roar of excitement to welcome the victor. Julian, Hickey, Kennedy and Everhardt gathered up the prostrate man. He was still in a trance. They carried him to his corner and a little blood oozed from his mouth as his head fell forward on his chest.

The new hero crossed the ring and shook the hand of his rival after which he was surrounded by his friends, who hurried him from the ring and into the dressing room.

Jeffries had the good wishes of his clergyman father, in Los Angeles, Cal. This message was placed in his hands as he reached the ring:

"Jim: We know you will win. Keep good spirits. Be confident of our blessing. Father, Mother and Family."

BLOW FOR BLOW.

An Account of the Remarkable Fight By Rounds.

New York, June 10.—The fight by rounds in details follows:

Round 1.—Both met in center of ring. They feinted, with Fitz breaking ground. Jeffries keeping almost in the middle of the ring. Jeffries evidently trying to get the right over Fitz' left to head, but Fitz ducked cleverly. Jeffries led left and fell short. He led for stomach and again fell short. Again he led a left swing for jaw, but Fitz was out of the way. Jeffries tried right for body and left for head, but Fitzsimmons blocked and got away. Fitz tried left; Fitz assayed a left swing for the neck, landing lightly; they clinched, but broke clean. Jeffries tried a straight left for jaw, but did not reach, and Fitz blocked an attempt at a left hook, shooting his left to the ear as the bell rang.

Round 2—Fitsimmons in middle of ring made Jeffries break; Fitz sent left to body; Jeffries countered with stiff left for face. Bob tried left for body but was neatly blocked. Jeffries assumed a crouching attitude, boring in with left on body, but was again blocked and they came to a clinch. Jeffries landed two lefts on body and shot the left three times to Fitz' face without a return. Fitz tried his right for the head but was short, and they came to a clinch, the referee going between them. Jeffries tried a left chop for the head, but Fitz ducked safely. Jeffries tried a left swing for the head and another for the body, but Fitz ducked away from him. Jeffries then landed Fitz flat on his back with a straight left on the mouth. The champion was up in two seconds and the bell rang.

Round 3.—Fitz looked very determined when he came up for this round, with Jeffries on the aggressive. They clinched twice without doing damage. Fitz tried a right hook for the body but failed, and it was then seen that he was bleeding from the nose. First blood claimed for Jeffries. After another clinch Fitz landed a hard left on Jeffries' face, and repeated it three times, coming to the center of the ring. Fitz landed a left swing on the jaw and a left hook on ear. Jeffries came back with a left hook on the side of the head and they came to a clinch. After some feinting Jeffries sent both hands to the body and drove Fitz back with a left on the chest. Fitz endeavored to land a left swin gon the head and then came to a clinch. Fitz landed a left hook on head; Jeffries countered on the face just as the round closed.

Round 4.—Fitz came up determined and tried a right swing, and both clinched. Jeffries tried a left for the neck, but Fitz got inside of his lead, landing a left on the wind. Jeffries sent two hard lefts to Fitz' side, jarring the champion each time. In the mix-up Fitz got his left to the head and his right to the body. After some fiddling and feinting, Fitz sent a left straight to the eye, and was quickly countered on the body by Jeffries' right. A hard right over the heart by Fitzsimmons was answered by a left on the neck, but he planted a heavy left on the chest, and Fitz broke ground, shooting his left to the jaw. This was an even round.

Round 5.—Fitz led off with a left to the face, splitting Jeffries' left eye which bled freely. Jeffries retaliated with a hard left on the ear, and Fitz tried his right over the damaged eye, failing to land. Fitz tried a left for the head, but Jeffries ducked, and a clinch followed. Fitz put a light left on Jeffries' mouth, and fired him to the ropes. The Californian broke, but clinched immediately. Jeffries tried a left swing for the body, and left an opening that Fitz failed to take advantage of. Jeffries, encouraged by this oversight, sent two rights to the jaw and a right on the forehead without a return. Fitz rushed in trying to sidestep, almost fell through the ropes, but regained himself and came back with a hard left on the neck and a right on the body. Jeffries came back with two stiff ones, which hit Fitz on the face, and Fitz crowded in on him. At this moment the bell separated them.

Round 6.—Fitz jumped across the ring and Jeffries broke ground. Fitz swung his left for the head, landing lightly, and blocked a right lead for the body. Both tried rights for the body, but were short. Then Fitz put his left to the face and missed a right cross for the jaw. Fitz, still on the aggressive, sent his left to the face. Jeffries countered lightly on the wind. Fitz crowded in with his right for the wind, and Jeffries cornered with a right to the ear. They broke from a clinch, and Fitz sent a left to the face and a hard right over the injured eye. Another clinch followed, and the referee had to separate them. Fitz sent his left twice to the ear, and followed it with a hard left to the face. Jeffries fought back, landing with both hands, and after a clinch Fitz surprised his opponent with a right on the wind. This was the last blow of the round, which was in Fitz' favor.

Round 7.—Jeffries was a bit slow in coming to the scratch and broke ground, making a circle of the ring. Fitz tried a right for the heart, landing lightly, and Jeffries got a right on the ribs. Jeffries jabbed his right to the ribs, and got away. The Californian endeavored to make a right for the face, but was blocked, and received a left on the neck. Fitz was on the aggressive, and sent a left back on the neck. Jeffries tried to crowd Fitz on the ropes, but Fitz got away nicely. In a rapid mix-up both sent the left to the head, landing lightly. Then Fitz hooked a left to the right of the head, and Jeffries jumped in with a hard right for the jaw. Jeffries swung his left for the head, but Fitz got inside of it, and drove his right over the heart, when the gong sounded. This was Fitz' round.

Round 8.—Jeffries was late in coming up, and the referee had to wave his hand at him to come to the scratch. Neither did any damage to the other, beyond clinching, until Fitz landed on the ribs and Jeffries landed two lefts on the head. Jeffries swung his right lightly on the chest. Fitz put a straight left on Jeffries' bad eye. Jeffries came back with a hard left on the body. Fitz endeavored to land a vicious blow with his left on the body, but Jeffries came back with a similar blow on Fitz' head, staggering him to the ropes. Nothing of any moment occurred during the remainder of the round, and Fitz went to his corner smiling at his seconds. This was Jeffries' round.

Round 9.—Both came up willingly, with Fitz the aggressor, but Jeffries held him back with a straight left to the face. Fitzsimmons missed a left swing for the head, and received a hard right on the body. When they clinched, and after the breakaway they tried to get to close quarters. Jeffries leading twice. Fitzsimmons, still on the aggressive, sent back one more left on the body. After a clinch, Jeffries put two smart left raps on the nose that made Bob's nasal organ bleed again. Jeffries landed again on the head with his left, hitting straight, and then with a back hand blow brought his left in contact with Fitz's nose. Jeffries then sent his right over the heart with all his might, and had Fitz gone down when the bell rang, Jeffries had decidedly the better of the round.

Round 10.—Jeffries came up looking confident, and Fitz with an outward look on his face. The Californian was aggressive, and sent a straight left to the head, Fitzsimmons clinching. Going into the clinch, Fitzsimmons drove his left over Jeffries' wind. After fiddling, Fitz tried a right swing, but went wide of the mark, and caught the Californian a second later with a left swing on the jaw. Jeffries made Fitz's head wabble, and then with a left swing, but went wide of the mark, and caught the Californian a second later with a left swing on the jaw. Jeffries made Fitz's head wabble, and then with a left swing on the jaw and a left hook on ear. Jeffries came back with a left hook on the side of the head and they came to a clinch. After some feinting Jeffries sent both hands to the body and drove Fitz back with a left on the chest. Fitz endeavored to land a left swin gon the head and then came to a clinch. Fitz landed a left hook on head; Jeffries countered on the face just as the round closed.

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A GREAT VARIETY

All Kinds of Names to Be Found In the City Directory.

THE JOHNSONS LEAD

Smiths Take a Back Seat In Duluth---Some of the Oddities.

A city directory, while like the dictionary it is a very useful article, is also like the dictionary, not what would be called "interesting reading." There are some interesting things about the city directory, however, as a perusal of its pages will show. For instance, there is a name in the Duluth city directory with only two letters in it, and it is the shortest name in the book. Ek is the name to which a resident of Duluth answers. There are two names entitled to the place of the longest names in the directory. Lautenschlager and Christopherson have fourteen letters each. There are any number fo persons whose names have three letters each, such as Axt, Abo, Dee, Dix, Eng, Erb, Mix, Ogg, Old, etc. Probably the most peculiar name in the directory is that of N. N. Ole, of the West End, whose name is composed entirely of vowels.

What is the commonest name in the directory? Did some one say "Smith?" Smith might be the commonest in some towns, but it is seventh on the list in Duluth. The Johnsons lead here, for there are 700 of them in the directory. Among the other names which occur more than eighty times are the following: Anderson, 487; Peterson, 342; Olson, 310; Nelson, 250; Carlson, 208; Smith, 197; Hanson, 179; Ericson and Erickson, 151; Larson, 145; McDonald, MacDonnell, MacDonald and Macdonald, 120; Brown, 105; Thompson and Thomson, 91; Miller and Millar, 87; Swanson, 81.

* * *

There are some odd names in the city directory. For instance, among things connected with warfare represented there are Gunn, Battles, Blades, Bullit, Cannon, Gore, Lead, Saber, Shields, Slaughter, Stabs, Steele, Spear, Pickett, with a Bang and the Noyes that goes with the Gunn and Cannon. Among musical instruments there is a Drumm, a Fyfe and a Horn. Among things theatrical there is a Drama, Foyer and Frost. The latter is said by some actors to be peculiarly well adapted to Duluth. Among playthings there are Ball, Bow, Dice, Doll, Riddle, Chess and Marble. For the thirsty there are Beers, Brew, Port, Porter, Rye, Mead, with a Gill to measure by and a Glass to drink out of. Students of anatomy will be interested to know that there is a Bone, Legg, Foote, Spine, Sole, Hare and Hart in the community. There is not very much to eat, however, for the directory only shows Brann, Butter and Curry. There is plenty of wearing apparel, however, including Bloomer, Bussell, Caps, Combs, Felt, Maske, Stock, Stocking, Vall, Hood, Kane and Jewell.

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Among things supernatural there is an Angel, a Fay and a Messiah. Among fruits and vegetables there are the following: Apel, Berry, Gage, Arbor, Ash, Bean, Birch, Bloom, Blossom, Brush, Bush, Cabb, Elm, Forest, Garden, Garland, Grass, Grove, Leaf Maples, Moss, Orchard, Palm, Park, Pease, Rice, Root, Rose, Rye, Hay and Reed.

All sorts and conditions of men appear in the directory. Among the titled are Bishop, Boss, Dean, Duke, Earl, Elder, Ensign, Judge, King, Knight, Marshall, Pope, Prior, Sheriff, Lord. Among the trades represented are Baker, Brewer, Carpenter, Cooper, Cutter, Draper, Driver, Dyer, Farmer, Gardner, Glover, Mason, Miller, Miner, Potter, Shearer, Shephard, Tanner, Taylor, Waggoner, Weaver, Yeoman, Wright. Among the menial positions represented are Butler, Cook, Hackman, Messenger and Page. Then there are the following: Archer, Carver, Copp, Crooks, Dauber—who might be a painter, but happens to be a barber—Fifer, Harper, Hunter, Huntsman and Huntress, Merchant, Parsons, Peer, Piper, Reader, Rider, Savage, Sexton, Shaver, Singer, Skinner, Sleeper, Slinger, Swain, etc.

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Looking out over almost any landscape one may see the following things, whose names are also found in the directory: Barnes, Beach, Gravel, Brooks, Cassel, Church, Cross, Cliff, Cloud, Hill and Dale, Dyke, Field and Flood, Ford, Rivers, Glenn, Peak, Lee, Marsh, Moore, Mills, Pittz, Pool, Ridge, Spires, Dome, Stone, Towne.

About the average house and grounds will be found most of the following things out of the directory: Bell, Buttery, Chambers, Dore, Draine, Flohr, Frame, Gates, Hall, Kee, Kitchen, Klock, Lane, Laundry, Locker, Parent, Plaster, Wood Pyle, Wall, Wells, Pegg, and the Bills that are the inevitable portion of all householders. Among the colors represented in the directory are Black, Brown, Gray, Green, Hazel, Scarlett and White. In the way of mechanical appliances are Block, Bowles, Brace, Buffer, Carr, Gear, Hammer, Hubbs, Jack, Link, Mallett, Saws, Webb, Wick, Pipe, etc.

The world of fish, flesh and fowl is represented by Brant, Buck, Bull, Coons, Crowe, Doe, Dove, Ewe, Fish, Finn, Roe, Fox, Kerr, Kidd, Lamb, Lamprey, Larke, Lyon, Parrott, Quail, Starling, Swan, Swallow, Drake, Hart and even Mann is there.

* * *

Among the adjectives that have somehow got to be proper names are Broad, Lawless, Light, Little, Long, Loud, Low, Free, Merry, Moody, Noble, Old, Older, Mealey, Gay, Good, Goody, Grande, Grimm, Gross, Just, Stout, Swift, Vain, Weak, Wise, Sharp, Smart, Still, Stiller, Hale, Rich, Young and Prime. Mariners will recognize Deck, Kraft, Hatch, Port, Pier, Helm, Bunker, Cole, Cable and Code as things connected with their trade.

The tradesman will recognize Bushell, Gill and Peck as standards of measure, and every one will know Cash, Dollar and Penny. March is the only month represented, and Five is the only number that is turned into a proper name.

The grim words, Coffin, Dye, Graves and Paine occur in the directory, and with them are Chill, Fitz, Koff and Lynch. Among the planets is Mars, and Cato's name has been handed down so that it now belongs to a Duluthian and appears in the directory. So does Caesar's, but it has been changed in spelling and is now Ceasar.

* * *

There are several terms of endearment, such as Darling, Dear and Deary. There are East, North, West and Western among the directions. There is a Star, with a Ray. There are Winter, Spring and Summers, as well as Snow and Stormes. Among countries and nationalities there are England, Ireland, Holland, Portugal and French, German, Inglish, Roman, Turk and Tuscan. Among the emotions are Joy, Love, Pride and Hope. Lawyers will be interested in Case and Fee, especially the latter, and sportsmen will be interested in Chase and Hunt.

Peculiar names of no particular classification are Boo, Parliament and Nemo, which is Latin for "no name."

NOVELISTS OF TODAY.

What Famous Writers Were Doing Fifteen Years Ago.

It is not necessary to look back many years to find men whose names are household words today, and who have achieved both fame and fortune, occupying obscure positions and giving no indication of the brilliant future that was awaiting them, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Fifteen years ago Dr. Conan Doyle was industriously working up a medical practice, with all the attendant hard work and struggle, at Southsea. His pen was as yet untried, and he seemed destined to live and die a country doctor. It was four years later when he was tempted to try his prentice hand at writing, with what result the world and his bankers know.

When Conan Doyle was dispensing physic at Southsea S. R. Crockett could not even claim the doubtful position of "A Stickit Minister," for it was only in 1886 that he entered the Free church of Scotland, in which he served an apprenticeship of seven long years before he found that his vocation lay with the pen rather than in the pulpit.

At this time, too, only fifteen years ago, "Ian Maclaren" had won popularity as minister of Sefton Park church, Liverpool, but for a dozen or more years his pen was engaged in writing sermons before it turned to the pathos and beauty of "Beside the Bonnie Brier Bush."

Hall Caine, who can now rely on making his own weight of gold out of a single novel, was quite unknown fifteen years ago. After years of ill-paid journalism in Liverpool he went to London to be Dante Rossetti's private secretary and to find scope and inspiration for the gifts that were in him. The change of environment worked as a miracle, for in 1885 his powerful "Shadow of a Crime" introduced a new "prophet" to the world of readers.

Fifteen years ago Anthony Hope was a scholar of Balliol and his only ambition was to follow in the footsteps of his uncle, Sir Henry Hawkins, as he then was. It was not until 1890 that he proved himself "a man of mark" in quite another field of labor.

In 1884 Stanley Weyman, the gifted author of so many historical novels, was waiting for briefs in Dr. Johnson's buildings, and he did not even attempt to solace his waiting hours by "trying his hand" at fiction, of which he is now such a master.

Rudyard Kipling, in the early '80s, was assistant editor of the Indian Pioneer, on many less rupees a month than he now earns pounds a month. He was writing his "Department Ditties" in his few spare moments, and hoped some day, as the height of his ambition, to induce the world to read them in a book form.

Ryder Haggard had already written one book, "Cetywayo and His White Neighbors," and published it at a loss of £50, and was on the verge of publishing "Dawn" at a net profit of £10 for a year's hard work.

Fifteen years ago Mme. Sarah Grand was rambling the world over with her soldier-doctor husband, and only vaguely mapping out a novel which the world now knows as "Ideals." Olive Schreiner was dreaming dreams in solitude of the veldt, and the "Story of an African Farm" was gradually asserting its presence in her brain.

Mrs. H. Ward was too busy with domestic cares to recognize the genius that was waking in her, and had been content to write only a simple child's story; and Mrs. F. A. Steel was an Indian "memsahib," with never a thought of pen or fame.

The same story may be told of scores of men now world famous in other fields of effort. The present viceroy of India was reading for his B. A. degree at Oxford in 1884, and was already looking forward to an appreciteship to politics, which began in the following year as assistant private secretary to Lord Salisbury, and Lord Kitchener was a cavalry major in Egypt, after a spell of obscure, if useful, survey work in Cyprus.

NIAGARA'S VOICES.

Niagara has many voices, and some of them are thus described by Mrs. Van Rensselaer in the June Century:

And the noise of Niagara? Alarming things have been said about it, but they are not true. It is a great and mighty noise, but it is not, as Hennepin thought, an "outrageous noise." It is not a roar. It does not drown the voice or stir the ear. Even at the actual foot of the falls it is not oppressive. It is much less rough than the sound of heavy surf—steadier, more homogeneous, less metallic, very deep and strong, yet mellow and soft; soft, I mean, in its quality. As to the noise of the rapids, there is none more musical. It is neither rumbling nor sharp. It is clear, plangent, silvery. It is so like the voice of a steep brook—much magnified, but not made coarser or more harsh—that, after we have known it, each liquid call from a forest hillside will seem, like the odor of grape vines, a greeting from Niagara. It is an inspirting, an exhilarating sound, like freshness, coolness, vitality itself made audible. And yet it is a lulling sound. When we have looked out upon the American rapids for many days, it is hard to remember contented life amid motionless surroundings; and so, when we have slept beside them for many nights, it is hard to think of happy sleep in an empty silence.

Still another kind of music is audible at Niagara. It must be listened for on quiet nights, but then it will be heard. It is like the voice of an orchestra so very far away that its notes are attenuated to an incredible delicacy and are intermittently perceived, as though wafted upon variable zephyrs. It is the most subtle, the most mysterious music in the world. What is its origin? Why should we ask? Such fairy-like sounds ought not to be explained. Their appeal is to the imagination only. They are so faint, so far away, that they almost escape the ear, as the lunar bow and the fluted tints of the American fall almost escape the eye. And yet we need not fear to lose them, for they are as real as the deep bass of the cataracts.

TO MAKE ICE CREAM.

Where cream alone is used in making ice cream one-half or one-third of the quantity used should be scalded, the sugar dissolved in the scalded portion, and when cool added to the remaining quantity of cream. Where cream is not obtainable, milk may be used enriched by the yolks of eggs, allowing four to each quart of milk. Scald the milk in a double boiler; beat the eggs and sugar together; add to the hot milk, cook for a moment, then strain into the ice cream mould and freeze.

SEEN THROUGH GATH'S EYES

Garfield's Deep Interest in the Mormon Church —Comments on the Character and Habits of the English.

THE GREATNESS OF RUSSIA

I rode from Washington to New York last week with George Q. Cannon and Hiram Clawson, the former being the visible head of the Mormon church, and Mr. Clawson the head of its commercial unities, says "Gath." Mr. Clawson married a daughter of Brigham Young. Both these men are old and hale.

I have known Mr. Cannon twenty-eight years. He is a sincere believer and as perfect a bishop as Polycrap, Potter or any of them. You believe your creed and that is the whole of it. I believe all creeds more or less. I think each of them was a relief for the purposes and intellect of its period. So I sit down by an honest Morman as I would by any other faith-curer, and when I say, "How is it with thee, my brother?" I do not stab him under the fifth rib, except with a question. I said to Bishop Cannon:

"When Garfield was nominated for president, I went to call on his family at Mentor by way of Kirtland, the first capital and cradle of the Mormons. Were you ever at Kirtland, Mr. Cannon, to see its remarkable church and spirit of that date sometime in the '30?"

"Yes, I have been there. Gen. Garfield was far away the most scholarly of our public men upon the doctrines and institutes of the Mormon church. It is our tradition that some members of his family had been connected with the Mormon church, possibly his wife's family, as the church was originally at Kirtland. You may not know that Sidney Rigdon, one of the earliest of Joseph Smith's converts, was a Campbellite preacher at Kirtland, and therefore the Campbellite followers of the Rev. Mr. Rigdon welcomed to Kirtland the church of Latter Day Saints.

"Garfield, as a Campbellite member and preacher, investigated the doctrines his predecessor espoused. I sat up one whole night in a railroad train when I was traveling with Garfield, arguing at his desire, the doctrines of our church. To my mind it is the most beautiful revelation of any of the churches. It was made by God to America and an American. Its tribute to marriage as construed in heaven is a great comfort to believers."

"Did you personally ever know Joseph Smith, the prophet?"

JOSEPH SMITH'S STRENGTH.

"Yes. I was a well grown boy at Nauvoo where Joseph was murdered. I recollect him very well. Before the mob tore him to pieces, sometime before his murder, he was a model of manly beauty. He could walk under a string 6 feet 3 inches high, then turn around and jump over the string. He gave the spirit of his athletics to our people. When some controversialists called on Joseph, once, to tempt him to an encounter, he stooped down and drew a line and made a jump from it. 'Beat that jump!' said Joseph, 'before you measure faiths.' The selection of the Mormon cities, Kirtland, Nauvoo, Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Salt Lake all attest the statesman characters of our leaders. The site of Nauvoo was not the least beautiful of them. Indeed I recollect it from my youth as the most beautiful site, river and prairie ever made together; the river loops at Nauvoo, so that the main street ended both ways on the river. Since we left here it has not revived, but Salt Lake City has 75,000 people, and the British are coaxing our people up to Albertine to settle, just over the border, some 400 miles from Salt Lake."

"Do the Utah mines pay?"

"Some of them do. However, only a few out of a great many mines prove to be valuable. The railroads are not being multiplied, but the good ones are doing much better."

"Are your churchmen persecuted as much as formerly?"

"No. I have seen the attacks on Roberts. I thought it was a mistake for him to run. But he is a notable speaker and you will find can defend himself. He is rather a newspaper man than anything else. I suppose we had as many speakers in Utah as in any state in the Union. You see, nearly all our young men have been sent off on missions to preach and they learn to expound."

"What do you think of the war?"

"I think our astonishing success is due to Providence. I forsee for America a great future, her states all open to each other's trade, and not vexed like Europe by rival custom houses. The Americans are probably going to lead the trade of the world. France, I know, is declining, and I do not believe England or Germany can keep up with us. The great feat of the war, it seems to me, was the wonderful performance of the Oregon, which advertised nearly around the world the perfection of our machinery."

THE ENGLISH CHARACTER.

The British are as insular as the Irish, or the Block islanders, and they momentarily hate each nation that competes most nearly with them. At present it is the German nation, more scientific, more observant, more adaptable; not eaten up with conceit nor sacerdotal with hypocrisy.

The British almost died for joy when our Union was attacked by slavery. Nine years later the Germans wolloped the French and became the protector of the continent and its peace, of which the English had been chronic disturbers.

Then free trade was really tested by Germany using London for her open market. A law was passed compelling Germany to stamp her goods "Germany," but the effect was to distinguish these goods as of a standard cheapness compared to English.

Moreover, in the course of centuries the English people found that it is not necessary to wear a pair of stockings or a woolen shirt without any change forever till the same wears out; that a change of stockings, and, if possible, shirts, and the strange process called washing, promote novelty and a peculiar joy.

Before Germany came in with her free pair of socks for a shilling the Briton had worn cordurcy shirts, warranted for life and well shrunk in the process of their manufacture, and ropewalk stockings made of carpet hemp and riveted, and also insured, without change or wash, for life.

These everlasting garments and one unchangeable drunk, from youth to age, added to a Sunday bull dog carried under the arm, were the bulwarks of the British constitution.

The Germans learned their trades in Britain, and learned them sober, and returned to Germany and manufactured. They produced an excess of goods and discharged them, through London, into the British colonies.

All at once the Americans licked Spain, that England had made so much of in her Wellington histories.

The opportunity to set America upon Germany and Germany upon America was too good to be lost.

To quote all that the German newspapers said in criticism of America and have it all sent over by cable to the American presses and advertised free was a noble inspiration.

Again let the profound McKinley stand clear of the British open port!

In my early days I tried that open port from casks in the London dock vaults. Inside the vaults, among the British fungus, the open port was apparently light, conversational and joyous; but in the open air the giddiness was extreme. We proceeded to court the damsels in the Thames tunnel and defy the police. We were at least two days getting well from the open port, and I now hear with surprise that England wants America to help maintain the open port in China, Philippena and other parts.

No, I prefer Zinfandel!

A VISIT TO RUSSIA.

Maj. Pangborn, who has traveled around the world for eight years to advise railway and mercantile interests, said to me yesterday among many things:

"The war against Spain's colonies has raised the United States for the first time into universal recognition and let loose our people to see the world they are to compete in.

"Our flag, carrying chiefly Standard Oil, is by that product hailed. The Russians at Baku fear the Standard Oil company more than the United States. Our consul at Baku regretted that he could not show me the Russian oil works, which he could not see himself, but my credentials easily got me access. Americans, formerly little seen to Russia, are thronging there now.

"I have been the entire length of the Siberian railroad, sleeping comfortably at 60 degrees below zero. The terror of Siberia is not cold, but heat. In almost a day the climate alters from winter to midsummer, plants seem to fruit in a few days and the camels cannot carry their heavy skins to work. Heat, indeed, is the great terror of Asia. Nobody will navigate the Persian gulf, with its deadly, unfreshened heat, and therefore railways down the Euphrates will never carry passengers. The Russians have the true line, skirting Northern Persia, from which that country can be pierced to Herat. The Persian gulf is 650 miles long. Persia, once a powerful monarchy, is reduced to some 7,000,000 Hohammedan people, and like Afghanistan, is almost a dependency of Russia.

"The English are extending their railways toward Singapore and Southern China. Several of the India railroads pay well.

"I think that Bombay is declining. It is out of the direct line of navigation around India from Egypt, some 700 miles backward—too great a detour.

"Calcutta grows. I regard England as a decaying mercantile power, relative to her past. Her last great advantage is in her shipyards, and her shipping takes a mighty sum out of our exports and passengers. We want, first of all, more American shipyards. Our machinery stands at the top of the world; a large merchant marine will make us the New England of the globe.

"I have been in the Philippines," said Maj. Pangborn, "and cruised all through the archipelago, where, with water 1000 feet deep under you, you can toss oranges upon opposite shores. We want to keep the Philippines

GOWNS AT THE PARIS SALON

Opening Parade of New Spring Fashions, Showing Artistic Things for Women That Can Gratify Their Taste.

BLACK AND WHITE EFFECTS.

The opening of the salon in Paris, heretofore such an event in the fashionable world, has lost some measure of its fame as a representative inauguration of the new spring fashions, quite after the manner of all public social functions which serve the purpose of an opening parade of dress, says the New York Sun. Just as soon as an event of this kind has established a reputation for presenting a show of fashionable people in fashionable attire the tide promptly turns and these envied objects of interest reserve their attractions for a later date when they can be less conspicuous as models of the leading modes.

All the same, gowns worn at the salon are still cited as trustworthy examples of the latest fashions, and serve their purpose quite as effectually as when they blossomed out like mushrooms in one night, so to speak, with a flourish of trumpets. Each and every social event brings out some new models more or less charming in design, since Paris is, and always has been, the great center around which fashion flutters. Here it is that dress is seriously considered and cultivated as one of the fine arts, and the Parisian designers never fail to produce artistic and alluring things which tempt all women who can gratify their tastes in dress.

Everything in the way of materials, between cloth and gauze, seems to be worn at the salon, and pale blue is the popular color used for pretty touches of trimming as a contrast. One of the most striking effects in the new gowns is a combination of white satin and black cloth, which is put on in serpentine bands all over the princess foundation dress of satin, showing a narrow line of white between the bands. Black cloth cut out in arabesque designs over white satin forms another gown of this class. Black and white effects in every conceivable form are, perhaps, the leading features in dress if any one or two things can be said to lead in the midst of a variety so great that it seems almost impossible to be specific at all. A pretty idea for a black and white gown is carried out in white taffeta, trimed with black chantilly lace in a festoon pattern. Two rows of this are sewn on around the skirt fully sixteen inches apart, forming a deep point in front and one on each side of the back. The space between is filled in with embroidered black silk polka dots, which cover the entire waist and sleeves.

Taffeta gowns in pale blue, with blue mousseline de soie sleeves, are among the latest fancies of fashion, and are trimmed with point d'esprit and straps of narrow black velvet ribbon. Very filmy and fairy-like materials form many of the gowns worn at the salon in the daytime, one striking illustration being a mauve mousseline de soie laid in tiny plaits all over the tunic and bodice. This was made over pale pink satin merveilleux, finished at the bottom with a shaped flounce of the mousseline. Cream guipure edged the tunic and the bodice around a yoke of white chiffon dotted over with small lace applique designs.

Fashion has developed a variety of eccentric whims this season which add the coveted chic to many of the new gowns. The use of pique chemisette vests in foulard gowns and cloth bands on elegant lace costumes quite reverse the manner of things, but anything which can produce an unusual effect is the thing most sought after. Machine stitching, as a means of decorating our gowns, has a prominence it never had before, and the latest freak of all is the tailor-built gown of silk, which is a solid dull faille or taffeta. A novel trimming seen on some of the foulard gowns is a rather wide band of white taffeta silk, machine tucked with a lace heading, through which narrow black ribbon is run. White cloth bands, over which narrower bands of blue cloth are stitched with white, trim a blue satin foulard, and a pretty vest for a blue nun's veiling is made of white faille embroidered with black silk dots, finembroidered with black silk dots, finfront, where it fastens with tiny black silk buttons.

The variations in the details of trimming are simply endless, and while it would seem that every possible change had been rung, some novel effect in decoration is constantly coming to the front. Ribbon work in flower designs appliqued on trims some of the crepe de chine gowns very prettily, and the foulards show all sorts of striking effects. One of these in blue and white made with a tunic, as almost every gown is this season, is finished with a deep ruffle of white taffeta trimmed around with two folds of plain blue foulard, with a space between wide enough to admit of a narrow band of black applique lace. Other foulard gowns are trimmed with bands of velvet ribbon, and along the lower edge of each row Tom Thumb fringe is sewn.

Some of the prettiest foulards are in a cream white ground patterned in dainty pink. They are made, like all the light silks, on a white taffeta lining with an accordion plaiting at the bottom. A plaiting of the foulard forms the lower skirt of one stylish gown, and the overdress is trimmed with two rows of cream white festoon lace bordered on one edge with a tiny ruche of pink chiffon, which also edges the plaiting at the feet. The bodice has a yoke of cream lace over white silk, the lower portion being covered with pink chiffon, over which vertical bias bands of the foulard are arranged with spaces between strapped diagonally across with the lace on bands of white silk.

Transparent sleeves of chiffon matching the color in the pattern are a feature of the latest foulards. Lace is also used for this purpose, and a novel effect is obtained by making either the upper or the lower half of the sleeve transparent. Certainly the sleeves have about reached the limit of lightness, but they are so elaborately trimmed that we can almost forget the fullness we were so loath to give up. It is a comfort to know that they cannot diminish much more, and as fashion is ever on the move, the next change is obvious. The change is not in the immediate future, however, and we can anticipate for the coming fall very much the same outlines in dress as we have now, unless, perhaps, we may be moulded to the form of the trumpet a little more carefully than at present.

With this slight forecast of fashion, four months hence it is safe to predict that the soft, fine broadcloths will be the leading material for wool gowns, as they have been for the past season. The crepe de chine and nun's veiling gowns, which have gained such a hold on the popular fancy, will be very useful for semi-dress occasions next winter, in the pale gray and beige tints especially. Some of the prettiest models are run with fine lingerie tucks all over the tunic and bodice, meeting in slanting lines at the seam down the front of the overdress. This may be covered with a band of lace insertion or drawn together with a fancy stitch, as so many of them are. Dainty gowns of crepe de chine are made with an unlined yoke and sleeves of Irish point. Corselets of lace, too, are a pretty finish. Bolero fronts of taffeta covered with lace as a dainty addition, and soft belts of black tulle fastened with a rosette are still another feature of the gray gowns.

A pretty model for nun's veiling is trimmed around the skirt with ruffles and groups of tucks with lace insertion between. The sleeves are tucked, and the bodice, with a lace yoke, is made very simply with small plaits at the belt, and a fichu drapery of the material around the shoulders. A more striking gown of white taffeta, strined with a hair line of pale blue, shows an underskirt of plain white silk with graduated bands of blue silk stitched on. This also forms a portion of the bodice, which is trimmed with lace. Another of the many models carried out in Irish point lace is made over pale yellow satin with plaitings of yellow chiffon, edged with ruchings around the feet. Chiffon embroidered with pale pink and shirred into a flower effect fills in the vest opening on the bodice. Pale gray nun's veiling trimmed with ivory lace forms still another pretty gown with an under bodice of tucked gray taffeta silk.

A soft pink foulard spotted with black combined with cream lace and black velvet ribbon is the material of which another gown is made. An odd feature of another foulard of blue, patterned with white, is the trimming of white taffeta silk bands stitched with black silk and finished on the edge with a lace beading, through which narrow black velvet ribbon is run. This forms the yoke, and the bodice is trimmed with applique lace. One of the special novelties this season is the lace coat with a Medici collar, and there is a dainty blouse of crepe de chine tucked so as to form an opaque effect on the shoulders. White embroidered muslin forms the vest and collar. Navy satin foulard forms another blouse, with a vest of plain blue glace tucked and stitched with white. The upper part of the sleeves are formed of this, and the inner vest is of white tucked muslin.

In muslin dresses there are pretty models for the graduation gowns so much in demand just at present. One is of white organdie trimmed with rows of gathered white satin ribbon, and another is of white silk dotted muslin over white taffeta, and is trimmed with ruches of white chiffon. The vest is of chiffon and the wide collar of lace. Many of the muslin gowns have lace yokes, and bolero or Eton jackets of lace.

The bathing season is about to begin once again and the bathing suit is a very important part of the summer wardrobe, despite the reputation it has acquired of not being quite enough to supply one moth with a good meal. The approved costume for this season is comprehensive enough for all purposes of modesty and usefulness, and fine silky brilliantine is the leading material. This in black, dark blue or white is very desirable, the dark colors being made up with white revers, vest and belt striped with white or colored braid. Red, pale blue and navy braids are pretty on the white suits, and this style of dress is made with a wide hem and no trimming around the skirt. Colored braid sewn on bands of white in straight or cross lines is a very effective trimming for the dark gowns.

Rows of stitching in a contrasting color are also very much used, making a very pretty finish. Experiments in color and style of bathing gowns are rarely successful, and the modest, well-made costume in white, dark or neutral colors will prove to be the best investment. Gray is very much liked, and, trimmed with white, it is dainty and desirable. Serge, flannel and silk are all employed in this department of dress, but there is no question about the popularity of mohair, as it sheds the water and does not cling to the figure like silk or flannel.

Rather pretty suits for young women are made of dark red serge and trimmed with white braid. White flannel, embroidered all over in blue polka dots, makes a stunning dress, while another effective dress for those who like show is a white mohair, trimmed with blue bands of the same material, with rows of blue stitching between. The sleeves are short with a banded puff, or cut in the coat-sleeve style to the elbow, where they end in a frill.

The prevailing skirt is quiet, having a little fullness around the hips, but there are varied styles for those who like extremes in every branch of dress, and the mermaid skirt is adapted to this costume very easily. It fits the hips after the most approved pattern, and is usually cut with a circular flounce half its length. Some of the skirts button up the side, like the tailor gowns, and if you want a fanciful costume, make the upper half of your skirt in a dark color and the lower in white, spotted with polka dots to match. The waists are made very much like a shirt waist, and quite as carefully fitted, with a little pouch in front.

In the accessories of this dress there is nothing especially new. The kimono-shaped cloaks of Turkish towelling, or flannel, are very useful, and very striking, too, when they are made of white with wide red bands for trimming. Shoes, or rather soles with stockings attached, are very nice; and then there are the usual black tights and hose combined, with an elastic wool strap going over the shoulders. Full knickers are the usual accompaniment of all bathing suits, but stout women often discard these for the close-fitting tights. One very unusual style of skirt is cut in many gores with rows of stitching down either side of the seam, and scalloped edges falling over a ruffle, which in some instances is made of silk. Silk collars adorn some of the mohair gowns, and duck and pique are both used for this purpose.

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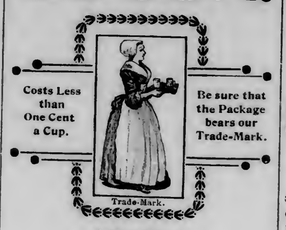

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FRANKLIN AS A PARODIST.

Imitated Style of Genesis, and Rewrote the Lord's Prayer.

In the June Century Paul L. Ford has another of his papers on "The Many-Sided Franklin." This time it is the writer and journalist that he considers.

It was not his contemporaries alone whom Franklin deceived by the cleverness of his art. While acting as agent in London for a number of the colonies, he was compelled, if he wished their interests to receive the slightest attention, to dance attendance at the levees; but he put his disgust at a system of business based on personal influence and corruption into one of the severest pieces of irony he ever penned. "It is now more than one hundred and seventy years since the translation of our common English Bible," he began a paper which he entitled "Proposed New Version of the Bible." "The language in that time is much changed," he continues, "and the style being obsolete, and thence less agreeable, is perhaps one reason why the reading of that excellent book is of late so much neglected. * * * I therefore thought it would be well to procure a new version, in which, preserving the sense, the turn of phrase and manner of expression should be modern. I do not pretend to have the necessary abilities for such a work myself; I throw out the hint for the consideration of the learned; and only venture to send you a few verses of the first chapter of Job, which may serve as a sample of the kind of version I would recommend."

Then followed seven pharaphrased verses, which, without the least change of substance, were, by mere change of words, made to become a savage satire on the monarchial system of government. Yet such was the skill with which it was written that the editor to whom it was sent printed it in good faith as a serious proposal, and it has since been frequently cited as serious endeavor of its author. Thus one of his recent biographers devotes three pages to abuse of the irreverent. Something Matthew Arnold wrote is still more amusing:

"I remember the relief with which, after long feeling the sway of Franklin's imperturbable common sense, I came upon Franklin himself in the act of making a new version of the Book of Job, to replace the old version, the style of which, says Franklin, has become obsolete, and thence less agreeable. I forget the precise verses, which may serve as a sample of the kind of version I would recommend. We all recollect that famous verse in our translation: 'Then Satan answered the Lord and said, Doth Job fear God for nought?' Franklin makes this, 'Does your majesty imagine that Job's good conduct is the effect of mere personal attachment and affection?' I well remember how when first I read that I drew a deep breath of relief, and said to myself, 'After all, there is a stretch of humanity beyond Franklin's victorious good sense.' The lover of literary curiosities may be almost sorry that Franklin's proposal never got any further."

It is a pity that Franklin could not read both these judgments, for no one would have enjoyed them more, and he should have successfully deceived biographers and critics is only a further monument to his cleverness in letters.

Franklin attempted a far more difficult piece of biblical revision, however, than a paraphrase of Job—rewriting the Lord's Prayer. His draft, which has been strangely overlooked by his editors and biographers, though imperfect, gives reasons for each suggested change, too long to be included here, though most interesting. The text of the prayer, as far as extant, was:

"Heavenly Father. May all revere thee. And become thy dutiful children and faithful subjects. May thy laws be obeyed on earth as perfectly as they are in heaven. Provide for us this day as thou hast hitherto daily done. Forgive us our trespasses, and enable us likewise to forgive those that offend us. Keep us out of temptation."

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THEIR GRADUATING ESSAYS

Two Girl Students Prepare to Impress Their Relatives and Illustrate the High Aspirations of Budding Girlhood.

SWEET THINGS IN GOWNS

They were two sweet girl graduates and they had shut themselves up in the double room which they shared to write their essays, says the New York Sun. The frivolous one, who had the valedictory on her hands, was curled up on a couch with books of quotations and poems all around her. She was writing on a big pad balanced on one knee. The severe-looking girl was at a table surrounded with open cyclopedias, books of reference and dictionaries.

"Listen to this," said the valedictorian. "Tell me how this sounds: 'We must realize that life is a reality; one that confronts us now as never before. We stand on the threshold of the dim, impenetrable future. Heretofore our paths have been strewn with roses of kindness and affection. The school room has been our universe—a world from which we step reluctantly into the newer area that opes before us.'"

"That what?"

"Opes."

"Oh, I don't think I'd say opes. Opens or unfolds sounds better. But it's all right. You're in luck to have that kind of rot to write instead of this thing I'm working on."

"How far have you got?"

The severe-looking girl picked up the sheets of paper on which she had been writing and began to read in elocutionary style:

"'Back—back to the dim mysterious and remote past, we children of the present gaze through the mists of years to the centuries when the minds of the ancients conceived the discoveries for which we of today are the beneficiaries. Ethnology, comparative philology and the prehistoric archæology teach us'—That's as far as I have reached. How do you like it?"

"That's great! It sounds just like a history!"

"I don't want it to sound too like the history. Last year Jessie Cayley's essay was copied exactly from the history, word for word, and the girls all repeated it softly to themselves while she was reading, and it made such a buzz that she had to stop half way. It was dreadful!"

"Oh, yours doesn't sound like that. It just smooth and nice. Now what ought I take up after the arena opening before us?"

"About parting with schoolmates. That's always good for a page and a half. Make it read strong." She turned over a page of the cyclopaedia and ran her fingers along it in search of a word. "Now I go on from here," she said.

"The manufacture of glass, usually attributed to the Phoenicians, was really discovered by the Egyptians more than four thousand years ago—m—mm—mm. The ancient Egyptians had methods of coloring glass which we have never been able to equal. Their imitations of precious stones'—Say, did you hear that Sadie Flarehy is going to wear a diamond necklace at the graduation?"

"I saw her wearing a turquoise and pearl one at the graduation."

"I shouldn't be a bit surprised. She always dresses in horrid taste. Now, my frock is absolutely plain, just a mousseline soie slip over white taffeta. I won't wear even a pearl; nothing but a class pin. Will you?"

"I have to wear a baguette, you know, on account of my eyes; so I am going to wear a chain with small pearls in the links. It's very simple, though. Oh, how I hate that Flarehy girl, don't you?"

"I despise her. I've ordered white kid shoes because she is going to wear satin slippers, and she wanted all the girls to. Do you know there are none of the girls that I should care to associate with when we get away from here. Stupid frumps, most of them! You are the only girl that I have ever made a confidante of. I don't depend on one of them. Mean, tricky things! always gossiping behind one's back! But I'm disturbing you!"

The pen and the pencil traveled busily over the paper. The severe girl skipped from page to page of her reference books. The frivolous girl chewed her pencil and looked at the ceiling now and then, as though for inspiration. Suddenly she stopped.

"Listen!" she commanded. "I think this is good: 'This day, which seems so auspicious, so filled with happiness and the fragrance of our vanished school days, sweeter than the blossoms which we wear in honor of our commencement day, is saddened by one cloud that darkens the vista smiling before our wondering eyes. Our graduation means a parting from dear friends and schoolmates with whom we have been bound together in the closest ties of affection and companionship for so many months. When we think of those friends who will perhaps pass out of our lives forever, the tears must dim our eyes, whilst our thoughts flit back to the days gone by.'"

"Lovely!" said the severe girl; "but not whilst—while is just as good and one letter less. When you read that you must look quickly around the class from face to face and smile at them. Even though you hate 'em, smile and it makes a great hit with all the relatives. Addie Sandalhope did that last year, and the reporters all spoke of her 'unaffected friendly manner in addressing her mates.'"

What had she on?"

"Oh, you can imagine! White satin with a train and short sleeves!"

"Just fancy! Have you decided to have a transparent yoke?"

"Yes, I think it's more the thing with a dotted muil. It's one of those clinging skirts, you know, with bow knot embroidery running up the side and ending in a rosette on the left hip.'

"How perfectly sweet! Just give me a hint about what subject I should take up after the days gone by."

"If I were you I'd go right on: 'And now, dear teachers,' Give it to them strong about their patience and affection. Try and forget how old Miss Hearkinson broke up our party that night and took away the cigarettes to show as proof. We'll get even with her some day for that! Then go on to our hopes and ideals. Oh, that's so easy, I envy you."

"Poor thing! I do pity you. How far have you got now?"

"I've just started on the literature of Egypt: 'The key to Egyptian writing was discovered by means of a heavy block of black basalt, now a relic in the British museum. It bears a tri-lingual inscription, written in hieroglyphic, demotic and Greek characters.'"

"Oh, that's beautiful! Go on!"

"The hieroglyphical writing reveals itself in monuments of the first dynasties. They are vast and wonderful replicas of an age when great minds groped dimly in the sciences that now are included in the curriculum of every college.' Now I branch off into ancient astronomy."

"Pinkie Shields is going to wear the gold star medal she took in astronomy. Did you ever hear of such ostentation?"

"What can you expect of a girl who wears made-up neckties?"

"I always suspected that she did, but you know she denied it and said she tied them herself. How did you find out?"

"The chambermaid showed me some Pinkie had given her when they were soiled. They were all sewed in place!"

"Well! Well! What do you think of this, dear? And now, dear teachers, you to whom we owe the deepest debt of gratitude for your unswerving devotion to our interests, your patience with our many failings, your intellectual guidance and support, to you we must say farewell, farewell.'"

"Are you going to say farewell twice?"

"Yes, I think it makes it strong. Besides I intend to draw out the last farewell in a sort of a sob. Don't you think that's a good idea?"

"Capital! Go on."

"'If, as we stand today with our reluctant feet upon the diverging line between the world and the alma mater we can boast of any intelligence, any preeminence in our studies, it is to you that we must be grateful. Accept, then, our heartfelt thanks for your weary weeks of labor in our interests and believe that we shall always cherish your memory in our hearts even though the waves of life's ocean roll upon the shores of time and carry us out upon the vast sea of life's university.'"

"Y—y—y—es. Can't you work in a quotation there?"

"How would 'Break, break, break,' do there?"

"Do that! And then wind up with a general good-by."

"Oh, I'll be so glad when I get the old thing done! Are you nearly through, dear?"

"Not half. I have to skip around so for facts. But here I found a whole page that I can slip in after 'The Egyptologist observes.' It's a quotation you know, but people don't notice it if you read quickly."

"I should use a lot of them if I were you."

"Oh, I have. I shall devote about a page to our high-minded ambitions and our lofty aims and ideals before I wind up."

"Oh, that's easy. You can't have too much of that in it. Speak of the star of promise shining always upon our pathway leading us to higher, truer lives. I know I heard that some place in a play, I think, but it's a good line."

"Oh, you are such a dear to help me! Read me what you have now."

"I've just read: 'Professor Maspero, the director general of the excavations and antiquities of Egypt, in his official report of the uncovering of the mummies writes as follows of the appearance of Rameses: "The face of the mummy gives a fair idea of the living king." ' Then follow two pages that he wrote. It would only bore you if I read it. It bores me to death."

"I wonder why they ever choose such awful subjects."

"To impress our parents and relatives, I suppose. But I shouldn't complain. Madeline Fortune has to write on 'Mediæval and Modern Outlines Contrasted' and Nellie Bruce has one to do on 'The Final Extinction of Man.'"

"Nellie Bruce is going to wear a pink sash and a string of coral because she is a brunette and doesn't look well in pure white."

"What vanity! I understand that she's engaged, and that her fiance is coming all the way from New York to see her graduate."

"Yes, they are to be married in September. How I should hate to have such a short time to see the world. Mother's going to take me to Europe this summer, and I am to buy a lot of gowns in Paris and have a coming out party next winter. Catch me getting engaged in such a hurry!"

"We're going to Narragansett Pier and Bar Harbor, and I expect to get engaged several times before the autumn. Not real engagements, you know. Just for fun. I was engaged four times last summer at Lake George."

"Why, I've never been, even once. I suppose it is great fun! Listen, dear how is this: 'One ideal purpose we shall always have in view from the hour we leave our dear college forever. It will shine like a star across our pathways leading us on, upward ever to higher, truer lives.' Did I get that right?"

"That's it."

"The past, dear schoolmates, is behind us; the future before us; only the present is ours. Let us make the most of our golden opportunities!'

"Yes. Now get in all your good-byes to schoolmates, teachers, professors and the college. Leave no one out not even the servants. Then you're finished! Wish I was!"

"Never mind, dear. We'll go through the cyclos together after supper, and I'll help you find some nice long quotations!"

Don't be discouraged if your coffee looks "muddy" and tastes worse; buy a can of "T. & T." brand, most delicious coffee you ever tasted.

"Put that in your pipe and smoke it"—or in your mouth and chew it—you'll get *Satisfaction* in either case.

Ask your dealer for it—the best seller in the State.

WELLMAN-DWIRE TOBACCO CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN. MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY,

stop forever all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, health-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Impotency, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 65c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold) $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH Druggist.

BEFORE and AFTER

MANHOOD RESTORED "SUPIGENE"

Vitalizer will quickly cure all nervous, or diseases of the generative organs brought on by youthful errors or excesses, such as: Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Spermatorrhœa, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. Stops losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which leads to Spermatorrhœa and Impotency. Cleanses the liver, kidneys and urinary organs of all impurities. Strengthens and restores small weak organs. $1.00 a box. 6 for $5.00. Guaranteed to cure. Send for free circular and 200 testimonials. Davol Medicine Co., San Francisco, Cal. For sale by MAX WIRTH Druggist, Duluth, Minn

Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, or other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by E. J. ROYCE, Druggist

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, to. $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

50 cents

MAKE PERFECT MEN

DO NOT DESPAIR! Do not Suffer Longer! The joys and ambitions of life can be restored to you. The very worst cases of Nervous Debility are absolutely cured by PERFECTO TABLETS. Give prompt relief to insomnia, lasting memory and the waste and drain of vital powers, incurred by indiscretions or excesses of early years. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Brace up the system. Give bloom to the cheeks and lustre to the eyes of young or old. One 50c box renews vital energy. 50 cents 6 boxes at $2.50 in a complete guarantee cure or money refunded. Can be carried in vest pocket. Sold everywhere, or mailed in plain wrapper on receipt of price by THE PERFECTO CO., Cedar Block, Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Duluth, Minn., by MAX WIRTH and S. F. BOYCE, druggists

PROPOSALS FOR DORMITORY, EMPLOYES' QUARTERS AND WATER AND SEWER SYSTEM.—

Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., June 5, 1899. Sealed proposals, indorsed: "Proposals for dormitory, etc., Leech Lake," as the case may be, and addressed to the commissioner of Indian affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received at the office of Indian affairs, until two o'clock p. m., of Friday, June 30, 1899, for furnishing all the necessary materials and labor required to construct and complete at the Leech Lake School, Minn., one dormitory, one employes' quarters and one water and sewer system, in strict accordance with the plans, specifications and instructions to bidders which may be examined at the Indian office, the offices of the "Improvement Bulletin," of Minneapolis, Minn., the "Pioneer Press," of St. Paul, Minn., the "Evening Herald," of Duluth, Minn., the Northwestern Manufacturers' Association, St. Paul, Minn., the Builders and Traders' exchange, Omaha, Neb., the U. S. Indian warehouse, 1902 State street, Chicago, Ill., and at the above agency.

For further information application should be made to Capt. W. A. Mercer, acting U. S. Indian agent, Leech Lake agency, Walker, Minn.

A. C. TONNER,
Acting Commissioner.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-8-10-13-15-17-20-22-24-27.

EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 26th day of May, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein American Exchange National Bank of Chicago was plaintiff and William C. Sargent et als defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of three thousand seven hundred eighty-six and 43-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as coroner of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 12th day of July, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor William C. Sargent had in and to the real estate hereinafter described, on the 25th day of September, 1893, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

The undivided three-fourths (¾) interest in the southeast quarter (se¼) of section thirty-three (33), township fifty-one (51), north range thirteen (13) W. 4 P. M., and an undivided one-half (½) interest in fractional lots twelve (12), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), block twenty (20), and an undivided one-half (½) interest in lots three (3), four (4), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), block eighty-eight (88), London addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 26, 1899.

JOHN J. EKLUND,
As Coroner St. Louis County, Minn.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-27-June-3-10-17-24-July-1-1899.

EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 26th day of May, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein George E. Arbury, administrator of the estate of J. Porter Smith, deceased, was plaintiff and William C. Sargent defendent in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of five hundred sixteen and 7-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as coroner of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 12th day of July, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor William C. Sargent had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 11th day of December, 1895, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

The undivided three-fourths (¾) interest in the southeast quarter (se¼) of section thirty-three (33), township fifty-one (51), north range thirteen (13) west 4th P. M. and an undivided one-half (½) interest in fractional lots twelve (12) thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), block twenty (20), London Addition to Duluth and an undivided one-half (½) interest in lots three (3), four (4), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), block eighty-eight (88), London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, the above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 26, 1899.

JOHN J. EKLUND,
As Coroner St. Louis County, Minn.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-27-June-3-10-17-24-July-1-1899.

EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 26th day of May, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein George E. Arbury, administrator of the estate of J. Porter Smith, deceased, was plaintiff and William C. Sargent defendent in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of five hundred sixteen and 7-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as coroner of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 12th day of July, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtor William C. Sargent had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 25th day of September, 1893, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

The undivided three-fourths (¾) interest in the southeast quarter (se¼) of section thirty-three (33), township fifty-one (51), north range thirteen (13) W. 4 P. M., and an undivided one-half (½) interest in fractional lots twelve (12), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), block twenty (20), and an undivided one-half (½) interest in lots three (3), four (4), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), block eighty-eight (88), London addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota; the above described lands lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 26th, 1899.

JOHN J. EKLUND,
As Coronor St. Louis County, Minn.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-27-June-3-10-17-24—July-1—1899.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

CHURCH SERVICES

Triple Ordination to Deaconate at St. Paul's Episcopal Church.

FOR THE CHILDREN

Many of the Churches Will Have Exercises Conducted By Sunday Schools.

There will be a triple ordination to the deaconate in St. Paul's church at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, at which Bishop Morrison will officiate. Of the three candidates, one is a full-blooded Indian, another a Swede, and the third an ex-Congregational minister. Other services will be holy communion at 8, morning prayer at 9, evening prayer at 7:30. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" ..... Diadem
Alse" ..... Diadem
Introit anthem—"Come Holy Ghost"... ..... Custance
Solos, Miss McMillan, C. D. Shepard.
Litany hymn—"Hear Our Solemn Litany" ..... Arr.
Communion service arr. from "Missa Sancti Cordis" ..... Custance
"Kyrie Elelson" ..... Choir.
"Gloria Tibi" ..... Choir.
"Sanctus" ..... Miss Rena Smith and choir.
"Benedictus Qui Venit" ..... C. D. Shepard and choir.
"Agnus Dei" ..... Choir.
Anthem—"Whoso Dwelleth" ..... G. C. Martin
Solos, Miss Smith, C. D. Shepard.
"Nunc Dimittis" ..... Stainer
Recessional—"Ye Servants of the Lord" ..... Muriel

EVENING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" ..... Diadem
"Call Ideles" ..... Chanted.
Hymn—"How Sweet the Name" ..... Gauntdett
Anthem—"Savior, Breathe an Evening Blessing" ..... Havens
Orison—"Light at Evening Time" ..... Troyte
Recessional—"Ye Servants of the Lord" ..... Muriel

* * *

Children's day will be observed at the First Methodist church tomorrow, and the Sunday school will meet at 10:30 o'clock, in place of the regular 12 o'clock service. The program will be as follows:

Orchestra of birds.
Prayer—"Child's Christ" ..... The pastor, Mr. Long.
Sermonette—"Learn Of Me" ..... The pastor, Mr. Long.
Quartet—"They Brought Young Children Unto Him" ..... Custance
Presentation of Bibles and diplomas to graduating class of primary department.
At 8 o'clock the evening service will be held. Dr. Long will preach on "Home." At 6:45 p. m., Epworth league devotional service. The following is the musical program:

EVENING

Prelude—"Ave Maria"—composed in Sixteenth century ..... Gounod
Response—"Hear, O Father" ..... Dow
Emily Ellis Woodward.
Interlude—"Improvisation" ..... Arcadett
Chorus—"One Sweetly Solemn Thought" ..... Arr.
Offertory—"Serenade" ..... Braga
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Male quartet—"Home" ..... Arr.
Apollo Male quartet.
"Postludium in D" ..... Gustav Merkel

* * *

At Pilgrim church, the pastor, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "The Completeness of God's Conduct," and in the evening on "The Sense of Responsibility in Life." The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"In the Morning" ..... Edward Grieg
"Oh Lord We Praise Thee" ..... Chadwick
Quartet.
Organ—"Offertoire" ..... Hoffmann
Tenor solo—"O That Thou Hadst Hearkened" ..... A. Sullivan
Cyril Tyler.
"Lead Kindly Light" ..... Homer Bartlett
Quartet.
Organ—"Festival March" ..... J. R. Calkin

EVENING.

Organ—"Largo" ..... Chopin
Organ—"Virgin's Prayer" ..... Massenet
Solo—"Night" ..... Beethoven
Mr. Mandelert.
"Song of My Soul" ..... P. A. Schneeker
Quartet.
"Postlude" ..... Gounod

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Mrs. Kendall; tenor, Cyril Tyler; alto, Miss Jennie Moody; bass, Mr. Mandelert; organist, Mrs. Mandelert.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 926 East Second street, the pastor, Rev. R. R. Fairfield, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. The Christian Endeavor prayer meeting will be held 7:00 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Ave Maria" ..... Schubert
Anthem—"The Lord is Exalted" ..... West
Offertory—"Charity" ..... Glover
Tenor solo—"Come Unto Me" ..... Robinson
Postlude—"Tannhauser March" ..... Wagner

EVENING.

Prelude—"Austrian Hymn" ..... Haydn
Anthem—"The Soft Sabbath Salm" ..... Barnby-Shelley
Quartet, with soprano solo.
Offertory—"Consolation" ..... Mendelssohn
Auto solo—"Not Ashamed of Christ" ..... Brown
Miss Ethel Cannon.
Gospel anthem—"My Strength and Redeemer" ..... Sankey
Postlude—"Triumphal March" ..... Rossini

The choir is composed of Miss Patrick, soprano; Miss Cannon, alto; W. H. Brooks, tenor; Mr. C. E. Gridley, bass, with Miss Florence Clement, organist.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church there will be an observance of Children's day at the morning service. The pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland will also preach in the evening, subject, "The Responsibilities of the Educated."

* * *

At the Morley Congregational church, corner of Nineteenth avenue east and First street, the morning service will be devoted to children's day exercises. The service will begin at 11 o'clock. The parents of the scholars are especially invited to attend this service. There will be no evening service.

* * *

At the First Christian church there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Robert Grieve minister. The children of the Sunday school will render an exercise entitled "Songs of Jubilee" in the morning at 10:30 and the minister will preach in the evening. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

Children's day exercises will be held at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at 10:30. The Y. P. S. C. E. meeting will be held at 6:45 p. m. Preaching by the pastor, R. A. Montgomery at 7:45 p. m.

* * *

Rev. Harry White will preach at the Unitarian church tomorrow on "The Ideal of the Church."

* * *

At the Lester Park M. E. church John T. Low will speak both morning and evening.

* * *

Professor C. G. Layergren, of Chicago, will preach tomorrow morning at the Swedish Bethel Baptist church, Ninth avenue east and Third street and in the evening in the Swedish Baptist church in West Duluth.

* * *

At the Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, children's day will be observed tomorrow.

The Sunday school is to join in the morning service at 10:30. There will be special song and music appropriate for the day and a short sermon by Rev. K. A. Lundin. In the evening at 7:30 the children of the Sunday school will render songs, Scripture reading and recitations.

* * *

The morning services of the Second Presbyterian church at Columbia hall at 10:30 o'clock will be in charge of the children in children's day exercises followed by the regular Sunday school. The evening services at 7:30 o'clock will be in charge of the pastor, Rev. A. C. Manson.

* * *

At the Lake avenue bethel there will be a service at 10 a. m. conducted by John Callahan. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45. At 7:45 p. m. there will be special children's day exercises. Monday evening meeting conducted by Mr. Robel. Tuesday evening temperance meeting. Wednesday evening prayer meeting. Thursday evening gospel meeting.

* * *

At the Branch Bethel Sunday school at 3 p. m. L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Gospel meeting at 7:45 p. m. conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Callahan. The Monday evening meeting will be conducted by the young people of the First Baptist church. Remaining evenings of the week by Mr. Callahan.

* * *

The First Church of Christ (Scientist), No. 922 East Superior street, will hold communion services at 11 o'clock a. m.

* * *

Rev. George R. Gear will preach in Grace church Sunday morning and evening. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude ..... Violin, organ and clarinet.
Anthem ..... Choir.
Gloria ..... Congregation.
Offertory ..... Violin, organ and clarinet.
Postlude ..... Violin, organ and clarinet.

EVENING.

Prelude ..... Violin, organ and clarinet.
Song service ..... Congregation.
Anthem ..... Choir.
Postlude ..... Violin, organ and clarinet.

SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Baltimore Sun: Rev. Dr. Hillis said, in a recent sermon: "The industrious poor will become well-to-do; the thrifty well-to-do will become wealthy; the leisure classes are certain to increase. By 'the leisure classes' does Mr. Hillis mean the millionaires and the tramps?

Baltimore American: Several clergymen of Massachusetts have petitioned the legislature to revoke the sentence of banishment passed against Roger Williams in 1635 on account of his alleged heresy. There is no suggestion in the petition as to how Roger is to be notified of the legislature's decision.

Minneapolis Times: A Brooklyn minister has made things lively in the church club of that city by denouncing Sunday schools as an invention of the evil one. One member was so shocked that he could not deliver the address he had prepared. When a minister is struck dumb it is a sure sign he has struck a severe jar.

Philadelphia North American: With the decision of the general assembly at hand that smoking is not un-Christian, Presbyterians ought to indulge in rejoicing. The decision has been wisely rendered. For if you smoke in this sphere it should not follow, brother, that when your days are ended here you'll still smoke in another.

Boston Transcript: The Benedictines of St. Vincent's monastery in Pennsylvania have given up their profitable business of beer brewing owing to the assaults of the Catholic total Abstinence union. If they feel any remorse for the past they can lighten it with the reflection that they at least made an honest and excellent quality of beer.

New York Herald: A clergyman who has recently come to the pastorship of a prominent church copyrights his sermons and restricts their verbatim publication to two newspapers that pay for this privilege. Sermons are the didactic results a pastor gives for the salary the church pays him. Hence the nice question, who owns them, the pastor or the congregation that supplies the salary?

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Texas, has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages, and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvelous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Sample bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded.

Low Excursion Rates East.

VIA ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Round trip rates—

New York	$30 00
Boston	31 00
Buffalo	24 40
Toronto	24 40
Montreal	28 65
Portland, Me.	32 50

And Eastern points generally. Tickets on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19. Choice all routes. Full particulars city ticket office, 332 West Superior street.

Special Rates,

Low one way and round trip tickets to Eastern and Canadian points on sale via Wisconsin Central lines. Call at city office, No. 430 West Superior street, for full particulars.

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent.

PEOPLE WE KNOW.

They Are Duluth People and What They Say is of Local Interest.

When an incident like the following occurs right here at home it is bound to carry weight with our readers. When so many strange occurrences go the rounds of the press; are published as facts when the intelligent reader knows that they cannot be true, there is no wonder that people become skeptical. One subject, skepticism, is rapidly disappearing. This is due to the actual personal experiences of our citizens and their public utterances regarding them. The doubter must doubt no more in the face of such as this. The public statement of a reputable citizen living right here at home, one whom you can see every day, leaves no ground for the skeptic to stand on.

Mrs. John Pitts, of 123 West First street, says: "As the result of an attack of typhoid fever I suffered severely during a year with kidney complaint, and although I was treated by physicians I did not get any better. There was a constant heavy aching across my back, so severe at times that I could hardly stoop or straighten up. I did not rest comfortably at night, and in the morning felt tired and worn out. I also suffered a great deal from dull and persistent headaches. The kidney secretions were irregular, distressing and unnatural, and my limbs were greatly puffed and swollen. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's store. I soon felt better and before long the aches and pains left me entirely, the kidneys were active and healthy and I felt as well as ever I did in my life. I owe my cure entirely to Doan's Kidney Pills and am pleased to recommend them to others."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States. Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

THE WORLD OF LABOR

Trades Assembly Discusses Plans For Entertaining the State Federation.

TO ARRIVE SUNDAY

Many Delegates Are Expected to Reach Duluth on Tomorrow's Trains.

The Trades assembly devoted the most of the time at the meeting last evening to a discussion of the reception and entertainment of the delegates and visitors to the convention of the State Federation of Labor. W. E. McEwen, chairman of the committee, asked for volunteers to act on the committees to prepare the decorations at Odd Fellows hall, where the business session will be held, and to meet the visitors at the trains. The following responded and were appointed:

Train committee—Gordon O'Neill, Walter Johnson and A. A. Fider.

Decorations—I. Pierce, E. Schibiskey, J. McMurchy and H. J. Conklin.

After the volunteers had been secured, one of them bethought him to inquire what time the trains arrived, and when it was ascertained that the train committee would have to hustle to the depot by 6:30 Sunday morning, a groan went up. However, not a man flinched. The trains on which the greater part of the visitors are expected are the 6:30 a. m. and 1:35 p. m. trains Sunday and the 6:30 a. m. train Monday.

The committee reported that members of unions and their families would be admitted to the reception and ball on their union cards, this plan having been adopted in view of the impossibility of distributing the tickets and the inconvenience to which the members of unions would be subjected if they had to call on the committee to procure them.

There was some opposition to giving the banquet in Turner hall and a motion was made that the committee be directed to make a contract with one of the hotels, but the motion was lost and the matter left in the committee's hands. It is the understanding that it will be held in Turner hall if that place can be secured, and it is thought that it can be.

A vote of thanks from the street car men's union to the assembly for its endorsement of the Pavilion and Duluth Superior bridge boycott was received and read.

A bill for the rent of a bicycle for use by a messenger during the street car strike and a bill for printing cards for use in the strike ordered A. A. Fider, one of the tustees up to make a protest against incurring bills without proper authorization. Things were run entirely too loosely, he remarked. The bills were referred to the trustees.

H. J. Conklin, a delegate from the Carpenters' union, called attention to the approach of the election for members of the school board and suggested that a committee be appointed to secure the election of members who would restore the school year to ten months and would not economize by cutting down the force of teachers. Instead of retrenching in that way, he said, the real estate boomers who were responsible for the expensive buildings that had been erected should pay their taxes. No action was taken in the matter.

LABOR NOTES.

Tokio has seventy soap factories.

The small retail merchants of St. Louis and Kansas City have succeeded in persuading the Missouri legislature to pass a law in regard to department stores. Merchandise is divided into eighty-eight classes, and each kind requires a separate license fee of from $200 to $500.

It is asserted that Paris is about to replace 4000 ordinary cabs with electric cabs.

The Yadkin river, in North Carolina, which is capable of furnishing 40,000 horse-power, is about to be harnessed to dynamos and made to run mills.

Assemblyman Hill appeared before the Buffalo aldermanic committee on ordinances in behalf of the bakers' association, which is back of the proposed ordinance prohibiting the sale of baked goods on the public markets and prescribing a penalty of 25 cents on every loaf of bread sold from a stall.

Ohio unionists held a state convention. They demanded that the state and national constitutions be so amended that all may have a direct vote on all laws. They further demand compulsory education; legal working day of not more than eight hours; rigid inspection of workshops, mine and home; liability of employers; equal pay for equal work for male and female; abolition of sweating system; municipal ownership; nationalization of railways, telegraph, etc.; abolition of prison contract labor; prohibition of contract system in letting public work; abolition of government by injunction. A resolution was presented but not passed at the afternoon session which demanded that steps be taken for the formation of a new labor party with these principles as its platform, in case they were refused recognition by the other parties.

Glasgow has 2000 union clerks.

The Massachusetts house and senate passed the trades' union insurance bill despite the governor's veto. The bill exempts trades unions from the provisions of the law governing fraternal beneficiary organizations. The labor organizations asked for this bill, in view of the fact that they are not carrying on an insurance business, but are simply protecting one another in their organizations.

A party of surveyors has commenced work on the proposed Ohio ship canal. Three routes will be surveyed.

New York shoe clerks have organized.

Syracuse hasn't an idle union carpenter.

Pittsburg railway men now get $2.50 for twelve hours.

During the first week of May over 2000 new members were added to the Tobacco Workers' National union.

Wages of some piano makers at Chicago have been cut 10 per cent.

Chicago has 3000 union woodworkers.

Toronto, Ohio, sewer pipe makers struck for an advance of 25 cents per day.

Chicago has a Metal Workers' council.

United States contain 23,000 summer hotels.

The Workingmen's league, of New York, a new political party which is the outcome of the workingmen's Jeffersonian $1 dinner held last April, was permanently organized on Sunday by representatives of the Knights of Labor, the American Federation of Labor and some independent trade unions. The object of the league, its promoters say, is to use politics as a means of obtaining labor reforms and enforcing the labor laws. It is proposed to organize branches of the league in the different assembly districts.

Thirty thousand building trades workmen in New York have been fighting the board of delegates of the building trades for almost two years are now treating for peace. The board represents 60,000 men. The enemies of the board have been running what is known as the Building Trades council. The trouble arose because the men represented by the Building Trades council were opposed to sympathetic strikes.

The quarterly dividend list of the Fall River mills for the three months ending May 31 has been issued. On a capital of $21,923,000 the percentage is about 1 1-5, and the indications are that it will be maintained for the year. The total amount is larger than in a corresponding period for several years, and is $72,000 more than was paid in the corresponding quarter of 1898.

Philadelphia Horseshoers' union No. 6 is conducting an agitation against machine-made shoes. These shoes, it is said, can be bought very cheaply, and can be put on by botch workmen, who are known as "hoof butchers, because of their careless use of the knife and rasp "to make the thing fit." Bonner once said that cheap methods and unskilled horseshoers had crippled half the equine race.

The Baltimore Federation's Legislative committee has been instructed to present to the city council an ordinance providing that hereafter all contractors taking city work pay their laborers $10.50 per week, or the same amount paid directly to the unskilled workmen by the city, and that no [illegible] for taking work from the city should pay skilled mechanics less than the prevailing rate of wages in the trade craft or calling of the said skilled workmen, and that all officers of the city employing skilled mechanics shall do the same.

America has 75,000 union miners.

Organizer Brown of the International Association of Mechinists announces that the organization in Chicago has increased 20 per cent in the last month.

Japan has two tanneries.

Inspector De Barry was asked concerning the rumor in Canada that the alien labor law has been suspended. He stated most emphatically that the law was still in force, and that so far as he knew there had been no talk of suspending it. "At this moment," said Sir Wilfred Laurier, "that on the 3000 miles of boundary between Canada and the United States there is only one spot where the American alien labor law is being enforced, and that is at the city of Buffalo."

Chicago brickmakers get 50 cents per hour.

Suit was entered in the circuit court last week against the St. Louis Apothecaries' association and its seventy-six members individually, by Attorney General Edward C. Crow, on the ground that the organization is a combine or trust. The action was brought in an endeavor to dissolve the association, which embraces in its membership all of the retailers of St. Louis save four. It is alleged that the St. Louis apothecaries' was formed March 1, 1899, and that its intent was to increase the price of certain patent or proprietary medicines to the price marked on the packages as they are sent out by the manufacturers; to maintain such prices, and to curtail the output of certain drugs and medicines handled by retail druggists.

The Carnegie company alone produces nearly 2,000,000 tons of pig iron per annum, which is almost as much as the total output of Germany, France and Belgium thirty years ago, and more than the total output of the United States up to the year 1872. The same works produce annually about 1,000,000 tons of Bessemer steel ingots and 650,000 tons of rails—figures which exceed the annual output of all the works in Great Britain up to 1880—and the same firm has lately made arrangements to produce at Homestead about 1,000,000 tons of open-hearth steel annually, which is more than the total open-hearth steel output of France, Belgium and Germany combined, and considerably more than the total output of this description of steel in the United States as a whole up to 1894. This gigantic corporation does not stand alone. The Illinois Steel company has also much larger resources of production than any concern in Europe, and so also has the Tennessee Coal and Iron company in another and not less interesting region.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cents per box. Sold by Duluth Drug company.

NEW SUMMER RESORTS.

LAKE POKEGAMA, PINE CITY.

But few people know that near Pine City, on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, is located one of the most beautiful lakes in Minnesota. Two splendid hotels, a few summer cottages, two small steamers on the lake. Abundance of everything needful and conducive to good living and best of all three trains daily to and from Duluth, making it easy of access. One fare rate for round trip on Saturdays. Try it.

Teachers' Rates,

Round trip and one way. Special rates via "The North-Western Line." New York, round trip, $30. Boston, $31. Proportionate rates to other Eastern points. Through sleepers and free chair cars. Full information 405 W. Superior St.

Reduced Transportation Rates.

VIA WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

Special low round trip rates to Eastern and Canadian points at less than one fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale June 9, 10, 12, 16, 17 and 19.

For full particulars call at city office, No. 430 West Superior street.

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agent.

THE CROWN PIANO

"THE ONE OF MANY TONES."

If you have not seen and heard these wonderful instruments you have a revelation in store for you. We invite you to come. The Crown Pianos contain the greatest improvements of the age. Sold at $10 monthly.

French & Bassett,
Reliable Piano Dealers.

THE DEATH OF DARIUS.

Alexander's Chagrin and the Persian King's Magnanimity.

In the June Century Professor Wheeler's eighth paper on Alexander the Great describes "Alexander's Mightiest Battle," wherein at Gaugamela, with 47,000 men, he overthrew Darius and his million. His pursuit of the Persian king, some months later, and his failure to capture him alive, were among the most striking incidents in the emperor's history.

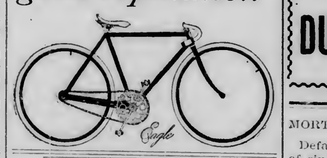
There was no time for delay. Men and horses were already fatigued by the forced marches, but there could be no halt. It was a race for a prize Alexander had set his heart upon gaining. On they went again over hill and valley, through the night and on until noon. Then they came to a village which the party had left only the day before, but with the intention of traveling by night. Still they were twenty-four hours ahead. Alexander's troops was almost exhausted. Did the villagers know of no shorter road? There was one, but through a desert country, with no water for horse or man. Quickly transferring 500 selected infantrymen to as many horses taken from the cavalry, and directing the rest of the infantry to follow on the main road, he set off by the canter by the desert road. Men fell by the way, horses foundered, but all night long the mad chase was forced. Nearly fifty miles was covered. Then in the gray morning light was discovered on ahead the straggling caravan. There was no preparation for defense. One glimpse of those dreaded horsemen, and then a wild scramble for life. The few who stayed to fight were cut down. Bessus and his aides had tried to induce the captive shah to mount a horse and flee, but he stoutly refused. They then drove their javelins into his body and scurried off.

On down the dismantled line of the caravan the Macedonian riders came, no more than threescore able to keep pace with the leader. "They rode over abundance of gold and silver that lay scattered about, and passed by chariots full of women which wandered here and there for want of drivers, and still they rode on, hoping to overtake the van of the flight and find Darius there." (Plutarch). But nowhere was Darius to be found, until at last a rider, straggling away from the rest, found a wagon far away from the road, by a valley pool where the frightened, unguided mules had dragged it. In it lay the dying shah. "Still he asked for a little cool water to drink, and when he had drunk he said to Polystratus, who had given it to him: 'Sir, this is the bitter extremity of my ill fortune, to receive a benefit which I cannot repay; but Alexander will repay you. The gods recompense to Alexander the kindness he has done my mother and my wife and my children. I give him through you this grasp of my hand.' With these words he took the hand of Polystratus and died. When Alexander reached the spot, he was pained and distressed, as one could see, and he took off his own mantle, and laid it upon the body, and wrapped it around." (Plutarch).

NOVELTIES IN PARASOLS.

"I wish I could read you Gladys's letters from London," writes Edith Lawrence in the June Ladies' Home Journal. "She sends me descriptions of two new parasols which I must tell you about. The first one she saw when driving in Hyde park. It was of fawn-colored silk, trimmed with bands of cerise lace insertion and large bows of satin ribbon of fawn color. The stick, which was very long, was made of pale green enameled wood. The most original part of the whole thing was a tiny little pocketbook which topped the handle off. It consisted of a round ball of carved wood with a cat's eye in the center, which when pressed the cat's eye the pocketbook flew open. It was lined with pale green leather. The other parasol was made of different shades of red, which at the present is the most fashionable color in London just now for street wear. The cover was of red bolting cloth and was hand painted in bunches of red poppies of a deeper shade. All around the edge were eyelet holes, which are called by the women in London 'peep holes.' It seems they like to hold their parasols down low and see who is passing, through the eyelet holes."

"A Wheel with a good reputation"



EAGLE,
$30.00 AND $40.00

Bicycle Sundries,
Fishing Tackle,
Base Ball Goods, etc.,
At Popular Prices.

REPAIR SHOP
IN CONNECTION.

J. W. NELSON
No. 5 East Superior St.

LOVERS
OF COMFORT AND A GOOD TABLE

Should Try the
Wisconsin Central Lines
Dining Car Service.

Meals in Dining Cars are Served A La Carte.

Direct Line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, Chicago, Milwaukee, and All Points
EAST and SOUTH.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p. m.	Lv. Duluth	Ar.	11:15 a. m.
4:15 p. m.	Lv. W. Superior	Ar.	11:00 a. m.
4:35 p. m.	Lv. Superior	Ar.	10:37 a. m.
7:25 p. m.	Lv. Ashland	Ar.	7:45 a. m.
4:14 a. m.	Ar. Neenah	Lv.	11:55 p. m.
4:34 a. m.	Ar. Oshkosh	Lv.	11:31 p. m.
5:09 a. m.	Ar. Fond du Lac	Lv.	10:55 p. m.
7:15 a. m.	Ar. Milwaukee	Lv.	8:45 p. m.
9:45 a. m.	Ar. Chicago	Lv.	6:25 p. m.

For Rates or other information apply City Ticket Office, 423 West Superior St., Union Depot, or

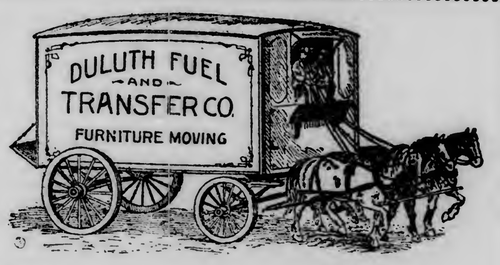
W. M. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior St General Agent.

THERE is something about a dyspeptic stomach that makes one sour, cranky, makes the eyes see green, makes the brain dull, and the lines of the face drawn. These feelings may be overcome by the use of

Pabst Malt Extract
The Best Tonic

which not only wards off dyspepsia and indigestion, but cures many cases of long standing by toning up and helping the stomach. How many a cheerful smile, rich joke, and merry tale have emanated from a former dyspeptic who has had the blessed privilege of using this preparation! A man forgets that he ever had a stomach when he uses The "Best" Tonic.

At all drug stores.



Storage, Packing and Moving.

Employ none but experienced men. Responsible for all breakages. Reasonable in prices. Get estimates before moving.

DULUTH FUEL & TRANSEER COMPANY
Office—401 West Superior Street.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of six thousand five hundred thirty-seven and 66-100 dollars ($6537.66), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice for principal and interest on a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Guilford G. Hartley and Carrie E. Hartley, his wife, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 21st day of February, 1895, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 99 of mortgages, on page 158.

Mortgagors made default in paying taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1896, 1897 and 1898, and the undersigned mortgagee paid same on April 20th, 1899, amounting to one hundred sixty-nine and 41-100 dollars ($169.41), and the mortgagee claims and holds a lien under the terms of the mortgage against the mortgaged premises for said taxes so paid.

There is due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and taxes paid as above stated, the total sum of six thousand seven hundred seven and 7-100 dollars ($6707.07).

Notice is given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, said mortgaged lands will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered one (1), two (2), three (3) and four (4), in block numbered twenty-nine (29), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis, Minnesota, said lands being in said county and state, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth in said county and state, on the 26th day of June, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of six thousand seven hundred seven and 7-100 dollars ($6707.07) and interest thereon and one hundred dollars ($100) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, May 12th, 1899.
THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.
S. T. & Wm. Harrison,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-13-20-27-June-3-10-17.

Notice to Contractors.

Notice is hereby given that on and after July 1, 1899, stone masons' wages will be 35c per hour, and 9 hours shall constitute a day's work.

Duluth, Minn., April 29, 1899.
COMMITTEE,
Stone Mason's Protective Union, No. 7038.

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.
Sold by all druggists.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Sold by all Local Druggists. PHILADA., PA.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two thousand and twelve dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Aaron Olson and Mathilda Olson, his wife, mortgagors, to E. K. Baxter, mortgagee, bearing date the tenth day of January, 1896, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 13th day of January, 1896, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 102 of mortgages, on page 278.

And whereas subsequent to the giving of said mortgage E. K. Baxter, the mortgagee, died testate and his will has been duly probated in the probate court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, and the undersigned Sarah B. Baxter has been duly appointed and has qualified and now is the executrix of the last will and testament of the said mortgagee, E. K. Baxter, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that piece of land thirty-five feet by ninety feet (35 ft. by 90 ft.) lying between a line thirty-five feet (35 ft) from and running parallel with the most northerly side of the alley and the line forming the most northerly side of the alley and extending from Twentieth avenue to within ten feet (10 ft) of the most easterly line of lot three hundred twenty-six (326) being the most southerly part of lots three hundred twenty-two (322) and three hundred twenty-four (324), in block one hundred twenty-five (325), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof. Also a piece of land thirty-seven and 75-100 feet (37¾ ft.) by seventy feet (70 ft.) being thirty-seven and 75-100 feet (37¾ ft) off of the most westerly side of the most northerly half (½) of lot three hundred twenty-four (324), in block one hundred twenty-five (325), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 24th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of 2012.00 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 10, A. D. 1899.
SARAH B. BAXTER, Executrix of the last will and testament of E. K. Baxter, deceased,
Mortgagee.
ALFORD & HUNT,
Attorneys for said Executrix.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-10-17-21-July-1-8-15-1899.

IN SPORTING CIRCLES.

Very Good Season Is Now In Prospect.

The Duluth Baseball club pulled another victory over Superior out of a slugging match that was called a baseball game by courtesy Wednesday afternoon, winning out by a score of 17 to 15. The game was raw and not at all creditable to either club. Both can do a good deal better, and both in fact have done a good deal better. The wind was high Wednesday, and this may have had a good deal to do with the quality of the playing. Today and tomorrow the Duluth club was to play two games with the Minneapolis Brewers. The Brewers are said to be a very fast team, and two good games are looked for. Tomorrow Patterson will pitch, and if the weather is good a big crowd is looked for.

* * *

The golf links of the Northland Golf club are in shape for the season's playing now, and they are being used, not extensively as yet, because the golfers have not got down to their hard playing yet, but they are being used to a considerable extent. A record has not yet been established for the links, but it is expected that it will be somewhere between 60 and 70. The links are said to be the hardest in the state, if not in the Northwest, and one who has been over them and made a good record need not be afraid to try almost any links. The harder they are the better for good playing, however, and there are some hazards that will make good sport. for the golfers. The club house is up and completed, and it is a very neat, tasty and comfortable building.

* * *

The eagerness with which the American people turn from work to recreation as the summer days round to is one of the most encouraging and healthful promises of the race, says Sandy Griswold in the Omaha World-Herald. We are a hard working and a fast working people, we United Staters, in particular. We certainly inherit from the indomitable spirits who conquered this continent, not by the sword and the musket, but by work and enterprise, a condensation of vigorous labor which finds expression in every undertaking for commercial and industrial advancement. It was not until the present generation came on the stage that the duty of play was recognized along with the duty of work, and that sport began to take its place in the economy of life as an essential element. The annual vacations, which now form an unexpressed condition in every engagement, however humble the employment, the half holidays of yet more recent introduction, and early closing of commercial establishments, all mark the recognition as a factor in a healthful social life.

Even in times of business stagnation the claims of sport are conceded, and in the present year, as we see the clouds lifting and floating away from the commercial horizon, the season of sports shows an activity greater than ever before. The year is undoubtedly going to be most gratifying to the votaries of revivifying pastimes of all kinds. Intercollegiate sports have been re-established in a way that cannot help but make it soon as a golden one. There can be no more convincing evidence of the close touch in which our great universities keep with the people than the wide popularity of these meetings in the various forms of athletic rivalry. The close sympathy between the great public and the athletic youth of our colleges and schools is shown in the eager interest with which the progress of preparation is watched and the enthusiasm with which the result is received. It is not an affair of the cloisters; there is nothing exclusive about it: the work of the nines, the elevens and the crews make for the delight of the multitude as truly as for the glory of the universities.

Then there are other resistless attractions of the summer sporting season, the professional baseball race and the light harness horse in his palmiest days will come nowhere near creating the enthusiasm he promises this year: the bicycle, too, is bound to come into more sporting prominence than ever after the war is over, and golf will be one of the general big features, for the increasing popularity in this newer form of exercise shows still plainly the progress of the development of the idea of recreation as a pleasurable duty. Pugilism has even become a fad in the big metropolitan cities, and rowing and boating never reached a higher pinnacle, while shooting and fishing are recognized as the cream of the whole sporting realm. Man has to work hard enough, anyway, and he is a wise man who balances labor with sport.

* * *

George Barton Cutten, for two years Yale's center rush—the most brutal spot in America's most brutal college game—has just been elected to minister and preach from a New Haven pulpit. From muscular sports he has gone over to muscular Christianity. The church militant has gained a splendid specimen of young manhood in his "tower of strength which stood four square to all the winds that blew" upon the gridiron, to fight for her cause. This muscular young preacher, although conservative in the main, cherishes many untraditional ideas on the subject of religion and sport and life in general. In all things he is individual. Born and reared in Nova Scotia, he is a typical "blue-nose," a staunch and worthy descendant of the New York stout hearts, who, preferring to hold fast in their allegiance to their mother country, left the colonists when the latter won in the revolutionary struggle and migrated to Canada.

* * *

THE STUFFED MITT.

Joe Walcott received $944.75 as his share of the house for knocking out Dick O'Brien in the fourteenth round at the Broadway Athletic club. O'Brien's share was $315.25, which he earned hard. The receipts of the show amounted to $2519. The men fought for 50 per cent of this, of which Walcott got three-quarters and O'Brien the other quarter. Walcott has made more money than this in other fights. The boxing show patrons didn't turn out to the fight. This was probably due to the fact that they anticipated a one-sided contest.

* * *

Billy Edwards, who used to be the champion lightweight of the world, is beginning to look the worse for his years. He is now making a living by giving boxing lessons in New York. Edwards had some money a few years ago, but lost it in speculation in Wall street. He will be glad when the Saratoga season opens. He always is in better health at that resort than anywhere else. During the summer months Edwards lives in a boarding house which is almost exclusively patronized by Methodist ministers. The boarding house keeper is a very straight-laced Methodist, and Edwards is obliged to be at home every night before 10. He says it is really on this account that he lives there, as it makes him regular in his habits, and is a complete change from New York life. Edwards' occupation was not known up to last year, at all events, and the ministers referred to him as "Brother Edwards." He rather revealed his pugilistic training during the last week that he was at this establishment last year, and it may be that he will not be "Brother Edwards" on his return.

A very eloquent clergyman came to Saratoga from the West last year and preached at the Methodist church in Sartoga. His brother ministers were very enthusiastic about him. Edwards felt that he was in duty bound to go and hear this wonderful preacher. That day after service the minister and his colleagues were at dinner, and they were all congratulating him on the splendid sermon. The clergyman asked Edwards what he thought of his preaching.

"It was a corker," said Edwards. "The way that you knocked the devil around the ring and then completely floored him with an upper cut was as clever as anything I ever heard. You didn't need but one round for him. If there were as many good scrappers as you in the world the devil would not have so many friends."

* * *

Francis Erne, boxer of Buffalo, has declined to make another match with George McFadden. He was asked to agree to another meeting with the New Yorker, but peremeptorily declined and refused to give any reasons for his declination. Any one who saw the fight will not be at a loss for an explanation of Erne's shyness. The Buffalo boy received the severest beating that has fallen to him since he has been in the ring. McFadden is not the showy boxer that Erne is, and the latter always catches the eye of the inexpert onlooker. As a grand stand performer Erne has no superior, and his showy poses and dramatic attitudes are calculated to make a deep impression on those unfamiliar with boxing.

McFadden, on the other hand, has not a graceful or attractive pose in his entire repertoire. He goes into the ring to fight and not to pose.

Therefore when Erne kept at long range his attitudes were very effective, but as soon as McFadden go to close quarters the Buffalo boy's graceful poses were badly damaged. McFadden's short arm body blows and jolts on the face took all thed reamy langour out of Mr. Erne.

* * *

Erne and George Lavigne will fight July 2 in the Hawthorne club of Buffalo for the lightweight championship and a purse of $7500, of which Lavigne will be $1500. The weight is to be 133 pounds at noon. The arena seats 16,500 people. There is no roof for the club, but notwithstanding this fact the contest will be decided at night.

* * *

Tom O'Rourke, matchmaker of the Lenox Athletic club, must certainly intend to have the pictures taken of all the big important fights he expects to pull off at his club this summer, for he has notified both Kid McCoy and Joe Choynski that he will give them a purse of $6000 and also a percentage of a picture-taking scheme to both at the Lenox Athletic club. As this offer is a big one considering the fact that the fighters can get a certain revenue from the pictures, the chances are that McCoy and Choynski will accept it. This pair would attract a big crowd if they fought in New York, for, as they are without a doubt two of the cleverest heavyweights in the world, the sports would flock in large numbers to see them battle.

* * *

Kid Lavigne, the lightweight champion, continues to soak in the spring water at Mount Clemens, Mich., and drop pearls of thought on the pugilistic situation. Listen to this:

"Now that the Burge match is off, I want to go down the line with the genuine lightweights. Erne and Sullivan are the two best men in the class, beyond all boubt, although the showing that McFadden made against Gans and Erne entitles him to a fight with the top-notchers. Of course I think I can whip Erne or any other man of my pounds, and admit that I might have been in better condition than I was when I fought Erne before, but don't lose sight of the fact that the Buffalo boy is mighty clever, can hit hard with both hands and has improved right along. Why, the report was sent out from 'Frisco that Hawkins had all the best of that fight, but after the first round Hawkins never touched Erne, and the latter just knocked the Californian into a cocked hat.

"I intend to get into condition now and keep in shape several months, during which time I hope to fight several battles in this country. Any of the lightweights can get on with me, providing a suitable purse is offered, but none of this kind will do," fishing a telegram out of his pocket. It was from the club at Youngston, Ohio, and offered a purse of $500 for twenty rounds between Lavigne and Spike Sullivan. As such a fight would be worth almost as many thousands to a New York club, Lavigne did not answer the message. The champion insists that he was not in bad shape when his brother jumped into the ring and thus lost the fight to Smith, and he would like to meet the "mysterious" one again at the same weight—142 pounds—but Smith refuses to scale that low again.

* * *

THE HORSE.

The great stallion Advertiser, valued by the late Senator Leland Stamford at more than $100,000, and who trotted to a record of 2:15¼ and was timed a quarter in 30½ seconds, a 2:02 gait, has arrived safely at Stony Ford and is attracting many visitors to that farm, the birthplace of Electioneer, and prepotent lines of Electioneer and George Wilkes are united in Advertiser, and as 3092 standard performers have come directly from these lines, Robert Bonner has decided to breed Russella, sister of Maud S, to the handsome and fast son of Electioneer and Lulu Wilkes. A few days ago George H. Ketcham, owner of Cresceus, 2:09¾, pointed to the sign over the gate of the Cleveland track, "Maud S, 2:08¾," and said to Mr. Busbey: "That mile to high wheel sulky was the greatest ever trotted, and the next greatest was the 2-year-old performance of Arion, 2:10¾, to a high wheel sulky." Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, the new owner of Advertiser, appreciates the compliment paid him by Mr. Bonner in sending the sister of Maud S on a visit to Stony Ford, and hopes that the results will be the 2-minute trotter. Gen. Tracy sailed Wednesday for France, to be absent four months. He will join ex-President Harrison in Paris.

* * *

Detroit's famous blue ribbon meeting that signalizes the opening of the grand circuit is destined to add to its popularity this year, as in addition to the $10,000 M. and M. and three other stake events, a race has been arranged between the crack pacers of the country. The owners of Star Pointer, Joe Patchen and John R. Gentry have declared their intention of starting their horses in this race, and either Searchlight or Anaconda, the two California pacers now at Denver, and who created such a sensation through the circuit last year, will be in the race. It is to be mile heats, two in three, for a purse of $2000, and is the first event of the kind proposed this year. Other associations have been making a feature of trotting races for stallions, but nothing will compare with this race for speed. July 22 is the date named for this battle of 2-minute horses. John R. Gentry is now being trained on the Grosse Point track, and worked a mile Friday in 2:12¼, the last quarter in 0:29¾, and his driver insists that he is faster than ever.

* * *

Ecstasy, the Baron Wilkes filly that took a mark of 2:10 as a 2-year-old at Lexington last season, has been educated to the trot and will be a starter in the New England Futurity.

* * *

And now it is said Budd Doble is to resume the training and driving of trotting horses. Bring out Goldsmith Maid, American Girl, Lucy and Lady Thorn, Ben and Dan Mace, Jim Eoff, and McMahon, and lets have an old-timers reunion.

* * *

Just before the Fasig sale Askey 2:08¼ was given a fast quarter over the Glenville track at Cleveland. He was timed by H. M. Hanna, Frank W. Covey, Henry Exall and others in 0:29 2-5, a 1:57½ gait. This phenomenal speed at this time of the year led wise horsemen to predict a price of $10,000 at least for the Kansas horse, but he was knocked down at $7500. Horse auctions are curious things.

* * *

Thirty high-bred colts and fillies are eligible to the New England Futurity for foals in 1896, to be trotted this summer. The only Western representative is C. W. Williams' brown colt Kellar, by Allerton, out of Miss France, by Red Wilkes, all the other nominations being from the East and South. J. Malcolm Forbes has two candidates—Narion, by Arion—Nancy Hanks, and Muscat, bay filly by Arion, out of Caracole, by King Wilkes. Allerton heads the list of sires in number of produce named, three of his get being eligible. Those in the Idle Hour Stock farm's bay filly Kaffa, by Allerton-Cyprus, by Strathmore; Mitchell Walter's bay colt Kellerton, by Allerton-Aulinda, by Alcantara, and the Williams' entry.

* * *

According to the records of the board of appeals of the American Trotting association the boldest job of ringing attempted last year was in the case of the bay mare Babette (pacer), 2:11¼. Babette is owned by W. G. Woodworth, of Detroit, Mich., but was under the management of F. P. Klock, of Detroit, who posed as Arthur Allen, of Toledo, Ohio. Babette was dyed a chestnut color and entered in 2:40 pacing classes, especially at Grand Rapids, Mich., as "Lady Elkins." During the race at this latter place Babette was recognized by George G. Robens, and the parties who were meddling her as Lady Elkins were called to the judges' stand and ordered to make the regular identification under the rules. This they were unable to do and took the mare from the track. Since then many efforts to locate the offenders have failed, and the board has ordered the expulsion of Woodworth and Klock and the mare. It is impossible to tell to what extent Babette can be masqueraded as Lady Elkins, or what the winnings were before the exposure at Grand Rapids in September, but it is understood the job was carried on all summer under various aliases, everything from 2:20 to 2.00 purses being at the mercy of the 2:11¼ mare.

* * *

THE DIAMOND.

"I don't pose as a tipster, but just put me on the tab with the prediction that the fight for the pennant this season between at least five clubs will be fought clear to the finish, and it may develop that the leader of the big league twelve will not be determined till the last day of the season," said a sport recently. "A constant change in position by the margin of a few percentage points and one or two games will keep the teams of the first division dangling in the throes of fever, uncertainty and suspense, which will mean a thankless, rocky road for the umpires. Such teams as the Hanlon Superbas and Tebeau Perfectos believe, like all winners, that they have a right to play in their license, more liberty than the second division teams, and that will make a barbed-wire time of it for the umpires. Each day they take the field they will expect to win, and the team that is losing will go out of its way to enlist a tenth man in their cause in the person of an umpire. Pain's fireworks will prove a tallow dip in comparison with the rockets fire of sulphur-blue criticism that will fizzle and sputter in a game between Brooklyn and St. Louis, if either Joe Kelley or Patruccio Tebeau corners an umpire in a close, scrappy game."

* * *

Jack Virtue, the well known ex-first baseman of the Clevelands, was one of the victims of the recent railroad accident in Pennsylvania. His face was bruised beyond recognition, yet he came out alive and was taken to a hospital in Norristown.

* * *

Capt. De Saulles of the Yale nine has again shaken up the team. He has laid off Catcher Sullivan, put First Baseman Waddell behind the bat and Substitute Catcher Hirsh on first. Third Baseman Bronson will not play again this season, and his place will be taken by a freshman, Frank Quinby.

* * *

The Indiana supreme court has decided that the statute prohibiting Sunday baseball is valid, thus reversing the decision of the lower court. The baseball people will probably ask for a rehearing, and, pending a ruling on that motion, will endeavor to play Sunday games.

* * *

Losses by one run are evidences of class rather than streaks of blind luck," according to Joe Kelly. "When a team gets beaten repeatedly by one tally, as did the Colonels and Senators one season, they simply show their inability to overcome the critical situation that confronts them as the result of needing one run. That, at least, has been my idea, and if you will look over the records of the major league teams beaten by one or two runs repeatedly were the second division nines, or absolute tailenders."

* * *

The owner of the Patterson franchise in the Atlantic league has thrown up the sponge on account of lack of patronage and the league will run the club for thep resent.

* * *

There isn't so much talk about the pennant going West this year since the Eastern teams got at the Occidental bunch.

* * *

THE MAT.

Jack Carkeek has spent the last few days in lshpeming visiting friends here, says the Marquette Journal's correspondent. He has renewed many acquaintance-ships and the time has passed most pleasantly for him. When interviewed he stated that he would certainly be in the city on Saturday, June 24, to compete in the Corrwell wrestling tournament being arranged by Jim Reynes and Joe Pops. He did not know whether Rowett or O'Neil will enter for the matches and doesn't care a rap. He is indifferent as to whom he shall go to meet, and confidently hopes that any wrestler who thinks he can be defeated in the Cornish style will enter the tournament and endeavor to demonstrate that fact.

Carkeek's decision to enter for the tournament contests is received with great satisfaction by his admirers here, and as here is no doubt that O'Neil and Rowett will be among the entries there will be matches in the course of the tournament which will be worth coming miles to see. The winner will undoubtably have the right to claim the championship of the world in the Cornish style.

When asked what his program for the future was Carkeek stated that he intended to follow the wrestling game for a period of at least two years, at the expiration of which time he would probably retire from professional athletics for good. He intends to wrestle hard and will participate in numerous matches before he finally retires. Next fall he is to be will meet John Anderson at Stevens Point, and on June 14 or 15 he will wrestle Antoine Peri at Ishpeming, and before this section as the manager of the celebrated Turk who made a trip through this section a few weeks ago.

Either in the second or third week in July, Carkeek will leave on a foreign tour, the duration of which he has not as yet determined. While abroad he will arrange many matches with the best wrestlers. He has already arranged for three matches, one of these with Paul Jons, who is universally conceded to be the best wrestler in France, at Paris. A second match will be with Carl Beck of Copenhagen, a man of wide reputation in his own country. Both of these matches will be in the Graeco-Roman style. The third match which Carkeek has arranged abroad is with Tom Crayton, of Manchester, commonly known as the "Bulldog," who is one of the best men in the catch-as-catch-can style in England.

WHEELS AND THEIR RIDERS

This breezy controversy between the League of American Wheelmen and the National Cycle association grows more interesting as the weather warms. Both sides seem overflowing with confidence as the racing season gets into its stride, and it looks now as if both would be running up to the time of the national meet. Every successful race meet under National Cycle association auspices serves to make it stronger, and that there is timidity in league racing circles cannot be gainsaid. If the league had $10,000 to offer as prizes, there is no doubt that many of the recalcitrants could be won back, but the league, unfortunately, has not that amount of cash to spare. That the professionals appreciate the situation can be shown from letters received by League of American Wheelmen and National Cycle association people from all over the country, a majority of which are in sympathy with the breakaways. The future of racing in this country depends largely on the outcome of this fight, and both sides want to look a little out.

The 15-mile motor-paced race at Philadelphia the other day between "Major" Taylor and Eddie McDuffie was a failure. In the last lap of the third mile McDuffie's steam motor began leaking and the race was stopped. Taylor and McDuffie rode a 5-mile pursuit race, unpaced. McDuffie caught Taylor in two and three-quarters miles in 6:25. The five miles were finished by McDuffee in 12:01.

* * *

The new bicycle trust is not thoroughly organized yet. A few manufacturers are not wholly satisfied with the terms, but their opposition is not forcible enough to prevent the deal being consummated. Latest advices from New York are to the effect that the promoters hold 110 options, good until Aug. 1. Promoter Spalding says the extension of time means simply that there are titles and mortgages which require investigation, and that all of the stock of the respectivee holders was not turned over for one reason or another. All stock was deposited with the United States Trust company, which receipted for it. When the transfer was made a provisional contract was made with the active manager of each establishment, retaining his services for a period of three years. The contract, however, is not binding on the American Bicycle company, and merely bridges over the interim between the present and the time when the American Bicycle company will assume active direction of the business.

* * *

The racing board of the League of American Wheelmen has decided to offer a special prize to be competed for at the national meeting in Boston. This will be in addition to the regulation prizes. An effort will be made to decide upon the best all around rider, and with this object in view there will be three races, one at a mile, one a 5-mile pursuit race and another a 15-mile paced race, the winner of two of three races to be known as the all-round champion. In competing for the championship the points will be scored as they are at all national circuit meets. The board will encourage inter-division championships that will land the winning teams at the national meet. The divisions may pay the expenses of these teams. The national circuit will start in the west in June and meets will be held prior to the international meet at Montreal and the national meet at Boston, as follows: Terre Haute, St. Louis (two meets), Chicago, Ottumwa, Iowa; Janesville, Wis., and two meets in Michigan on dates yet to be selected. After the national meet at Boston the circuit will include Philadelphia, New York, Wilkesbarre and Providence.

* * *

Like other conflicts, that are now being waged between the League of American Wheelmen and the National Cycling association for the control of cycle racing is not without its humorous passages. A couple of days agoa blond-haired innocent from a New York suburb was out in quest of a sanction, but being a bit raw he wandered into the enemy's camp and asked an officer of the National Cycling association for a sanction. The situation was explained to him, and he decided that his fellows did not want to incur discipline at the hands of the Amateur Athletic union. As he did not know the way the National Cycling association officer escorted him to the offices of the League of American Wheelmen racing board official and introduced him as a sanction seeker. It was so much like an opposing general bringing a recruit to the other's camp that all enjoyed a laugh. The incident illustrated a fact that is not appreciated by all who listen to the sounds of conflict, which is that, notwithstanding the sharpness of the fight, friendly personal relations continue to exist between most of the men on the two sides.

* * *

What some cyclists may consider an important problem has been effectually solved by their fellow wheelmen in Paris, says the New York Times. During the past winter the number of bicycles pledged at that beneficent institution of Paris, the state pawn shop, better known as the Mont-de-Piete, has far exceeded the number pledged in former years. Sociologists were at a loss to account for the reason. Then the warm days of spring came and with them the unraveling of the mystery. The bicycles were nearly all taken out. They had simply been stored; that is all.

Keeping the bicycle in one of the regular storage warehouses in Paris is quite an expensive matter. It is also manifestly inconvenient to pack it away in the small suite of rooms that many French families occupy. On receiving the wheels the officers of the Mont-de-Piete have, of course, been unable to discriminate. They could not be sure that the machine they might neglect and allow to rust might not some day have to be put up at auction. Then they would be held accountable to their superiors. In consequence, all the bicycles confided to their care have been kept in the best possible condition. Several plans of discrimination have been suggested for the expected rush of business next December, but they have all been declared impracticable.

* * *

The New York Sun reports that an attempt will be made late this month to ride a bicycle one mile in one minute, with a pacemaker making the pace. The rider who will make the effort is Charles M. Murphy of the Kings county wheelmen, the former champion of the racing track. The idea was originated with Murphy and he has been seeking the opportunity to test it ever since 1890, when he first broached the subject. From time to time the scheme has come to the surface again, pending negotiations with some railroad, but it has never materialized. The plan usually is to the expense of building the necessary board track between the rails and placing a locomotive at Murphy's disposal for practice trials. This was the plan in 1895, E. E. Anderson, Western rider adopted the idea and made a trip behind a locomotive in 1 minute 1 3-5 seconds. This disposed of the argument that it would be impossible for a rider to breathe when going at such a pace. Murphy has always been a remarkable rider. On a home trainer of that style, which the writer used three years ago, he was able to ride and balanced the same as on the road, Murphy has covered a mile in less than a minute, and those who know him are sanguine of his success in the effort to accomplish the much-discussed feat behind an engine.

The scene of the performance will be a 2-mile stretch of road near Babylon, Long Island, that is straight and level. A smooth flooring of boards will be laid between the rails for a mile. Half a mile will be allowed in which to get headway and half a mile in which to slow and stop. An engine and one car will be used. The referee and other officials will be on the rear platform of the car, while other judges will be at the starting and finishing marks. At the rear of the car, will be built a wind shield of large dimensions, something like a hooper in shape, so that the whirling air cannot beat upon the rider from above, below or at the sides, but will have to rush in behind and below upon his back. The ride will be made during the state meet at Patchogue, on June 29 or 30 or July 1.

* * *

People trombled with the wheel habit have been assured at various times that a continuance of the practice would bring about one or many of the afflictions charged up to the bicycle. We have been promised epidemics of the bicycle head, the bicycle face, the bicycle rubberneck, the bicycle limb and other distortions of the human form. But the promised epidemics did not spread beyond the crannums of the authors, whose pitying friends restrained them in time to escape asylums for the feeble-minded. The disease appears to have spread beyond the Atlantic, and has broken out in a new form in the London Globe, under the head:

"The 'cyclist's cough' is the latest ailment to which wheelmen are said to be specially liable. For some years, we are told, doctors have noticed that coughs are more prevalent in summer than in winter. No doubt the exceptionally mild winters which we have enjoyed since 1894-95 reduced the recent average of such complaints; but that dry summer weather should multiply them seem inexplicable until it occurred to a doctor that the majority of his patients were enthusiastic cyclists. Since, moreover, the characteristic of road traffic in dry weather is dustiness, it was easy to arrive at the conclusion that the coughs were due to irritation of the lungs, caused by the inhalation of dust.

"Nor does the conclusion appear unreasonable to the lay mind; for analysis of dust of our roads has repeatedly shown that it consists in large numbers of splenles of triturated vegetable matter, such as would inevitably cause irritation when imbedded in the tissues of the lungs. When, too, we bear in mind how thickly coated with dust a cyclist becomes after ten miles or so of the high road in dry weather, and how common it is to see him scorching by with his mouth wide open, like a fish out of water, we can realize the terrible amount of dirt which he must swallow in the course of week's hard riding. And that the inhalation of large quantities of dust may cause fatal illness is proven by the inquests which are occasionally held upon linesmen who have been suffocated from this cause.

* * *

A veteran rider says that it is a pity that wheelmen are slaves of habit. Time after time they pedal along the same routes, seldom seeking variety. They seem to prefer the congested main roads as if there were no choice. And yet the country at this time is rich in beautiful lanes with excellent surfaces where one can always get that change of scene which is the greatest charm of cycling. All that one needs is to study one's route in advance and endeavor to vary one's trip so as to avoid the thronged and dusty highways. These can be left to the scorcher and the policemen who lie in wait for their victims.

* * *

Connected with the subject of free wheels is that of back-pedalling, which Professor Sharp declares not to be tiring. He recently gave an explanation of his views on the subject. After backpedaling down a steep hill he thought the wheelman ought to be refreshed rather than fatigued. It may be so on paper but, several volumes of dissertation would be required to convince the average rider who has just back-pedaled down a steep grade, that he has not been engaged in a tiring effort.

* * *

The L. A. W. announces that Frank, Tom and Nat Butler have paid their fines to that organization, and are now eligible to ride on all tracks that are controlled by the L. A. W. It also said that Joe Downey and Charles McCarthy have been reinstated.

* * *

Arthur Gardiner has announced his intention of entering the middle distance ranks. He will meet Elkes and McFarland several times this season. Gardiner is now training at the big camp in Washington. He will ride in his first race this year in July.

* * *

The question of using cycles in the service of the fire brigade has frequently been raised, but little progress has been made in England. Cycling fire extinguishguards' rocket apparatus. This life saving apparatus reaches the scene of the fire sooner than an ordinary fire escape.

* * *

The latest foreign cyclist to arrive in this country is G. F. Fischer, the amateur champion of Holland. He represents "De Kamploen" the official newspaper of Holland wheelmen. Fischer will take part in several races this season, but will devote the greater part of his time here to studying cycling methods in this country.

* * *

The Wisconsin legislature has passed a law authorizing the country districts to purchase road machinery without the necessity of paying their road taxes in cash, by making it possible to purchase graders and rock graders on time payments. This will result in the adoption of road machinery by hundreds of Wisconsin towns which have been unable heretofore to raise the necessary cash.

* * *

It now looks as though motor pacing would be developed to a considerable extent with the date of the national meet arrives. If that is the case the public will be furnished an opportunity to see the greatest middle-distance riders in the world, in private trials that are made by McDuffee with motor pacing machines satisfactory results have been obtained. It is provable that "Tom" Linton will arrive at the track by the middle of June, bringing with him a complete outfit of European pacing machines.

* * *

The League of American Wheelmen cycling tour of Europe has started from Southampton the party under the charge of F. A. Elwell having arrived there safely last week. The tour will be through France and England, and the Cyclists' Touring club of England and the Tourling club of France will assist in making the trip pleasant for those who are on the tour. The party is composed of league members from New York, Maine, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Michigan and Pennsylvania.

CURE FOR INSOMNIA

Insomnia is a self-inflicted curse through the violation of nature's laws," writes Edward P. Warman in the June Ladies' Home Journal. The cause may be over-anxiety, planning for the morrow, thinking and worrying over the yesterdays and todays, but no opiate can remove the cause, even though it may bring sleep. If the cause is merely mental overwork it may be quickly removed by relieving the brain of the excess of blood. Physical exercise is a panacea for about every ailment which human flesh is heir to. Therefore, stand erect, and rise slowly from the heels; descend slowly. Do this from forty to fifty times until you feel the congestion in the muscles of the leg. Almost instant relief follows, and sleep is soon indnced. For those who are averse to a little work I would recommend, instead, a bowl of very hot milk (without so much as a water) immediately before retiring. The hotter the milk the better for the purpose. This will prove the better sleep-producer than all the opiates known to medical science. It brings about an increased activity of the blood vessels of the stomach, causing slight temporary congestion, which relieves the blood vessels of the brain. The hot milk is also quite strengthening to the stomach."

THE PROOF OF THE BEER,

like the proverbial pudding, is the partaking thereof.

Blatz THE STAR MILWAUKEE BEER promptly proves its high quality to the consumer.

See that "Blatz" is on the cork.

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Booklet about brewing mailed for the asking.

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DULUTH BRANCH: Telephone 62.

Chronic Dyspepsia Cured.

AFTER suffering for nearly thirty years from dyspepsia, Mrs. H. E. Dugdale, wife of a prominent business man of Warsaw, N. Y., writes: "For 28 years, I was a constant sufferer from dyspepsia and a weak stomach. The lightest food produced distress, causing severe pain and the formation of gas. No matter how careful of my diet I suffered agonizing pain after eating. I was treated by many physicians and tried numerous remedies without permanent help. Two years ago I began taking Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills and Nervine. Within a week I commenced improving, and persisting in the treatment I was soon able to eat what I liked, with no evil effects I keep them at hand and a single dose dispels any old symptoms."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 4th day of May, 1899, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein McCormick Harvesting Machine Company was plaintiff and John Maginnis and Jennie Maginnis, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of one thousand four hundred eighty and 25-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Thursday, the 22nd day of June, 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtors had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 5th day of February, 1898, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

All that part of lot seven (7) in block fifty-two (52) that lies within sixteen and two-thirds (16 2-3) feet of the easterly line of said lot and within one hundred (100) feet of the southerly line of Bench street; also all that part of lot eight (8) in said block fifty-two (52) that lies within sixteen and two-thirds (16 2-3) feet of the westerly line of said lot and within one hundred (100) feet of the southerly line of Bench street, all in Endion Division of Duluth, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, together forming a tract thirty-three and one-third (33 1-3) feet on Bench street by one hundred (100) feet deep.

Dated Duluth, Minn., May 4th, 1899.

Wm. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

J. H. WHITELY,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-6-13-20-27-June-3-10—1899.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three thousand six hundred and ninety-six 02-100 ($3696.02) dollars, principal and interest, and ninety-nine 08-100 ($99.08) dollars taxes, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice on a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Beriah Magoffin and Lucy T. Magoffin, his wife, of St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Elizabeth A. Collins, mortgagee, bearing date ninth day of May, A. D. 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of register of deeds in and for St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1895, at nine o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 428; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

And whereas, said mortgagee died after the execution and delivery of said mortgage, and the undersigned has heretofore been duly appointed, and has qualified, as executor of the last will and testament of said Elizabeth A. Collins, deceased, and has caused a duly certified copy of his appointment to be recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described therein, which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter (nw¼ of nw¼) and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter (se¼ of nw¼), of section number nineteen (19), in township fifty (50) north, of range fourteen (14) west, according to the government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on 17th day of July, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay the said debt, $3696.02 principal and interest, $99.08 taxes, and $75 attorneys' fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., June 3rd, 1899.

FRANCIS A. CODY, JR.,
Executor of the Estate of
ELIZABETH A. COLLINS,
Deceased, Mortgagee.

THOMAS S. WOOD,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8-15-1899.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three thousand six hundred and ninety-six (62-100 ($3696.02) dollars, principal and interest, and ninety-nine 08-100 ($99.08) dollars taxes, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice on a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Beriah Magoffin and Lucy T. Magoffin, his wife, of St. Louis County, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Elizabeth A. Collins, mortgagee, bearing date ninth day of May, A. D. 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of register of deeds in and for St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1895, at nine o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, on page 428; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

And whereas, said mortgagee died after the execution and delivery of said mortgage, and the undersigned has heretofore been duly appointed, and has qualified, as executor of the last will and testament of said Elizabeth A. Collins, deceased, and has caused a duly certified copy of his appointment to be recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises described therein, which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of the northwest quarter (nw¼ of nw¼) and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter (se¼ of nw¼), of section number nineteen (19), in township fifty (50) north, of range fourteen (14) west, according to the government survey thereof, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on 17th day of July, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay the said debt, $3696.02 principal and interest, $99.08 taxes, and $75 attorneys' fee, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., June 3rd, 1899.

FRANCIS A. CODY, JR.,
Executor of the Estate of
ELIZABETH A. COLLINS,
Deceased, Mortgagee.

THOMAS S. WOOD,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8-15-1899.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three thousand six hundred and eighty-six 02-100 ($3686.02) dollars, principal and interest, and 79-100 dollars ($9261.79), making in all due at the date of this notice, one thousand two hundred sixty-one and 79-100 dollars ($9261.79).

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The northerly one hundred (100) feet of l

FATALITIES ON RANGES

Jesse York, a Brakeman, and Axel Tower, a Section Foreman, Killed on the Duluth & Iron Range Road.

Two Men Killed at the Fayal Mine.

Several Bogus Checks Are Passed at Eveleth.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, June 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Axel Tower, section foreman at Robinson lake, was killed Friday night at 10:25 by an ore train on the Duluth & Iron Range railroad. He was returning home from Tower under the influence of liquor and when about five rods from his house laid down across the track. The top of his head and both feet were cut off and his body was badly torn in several places. Deceased was 34 years of age and leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon from the Swedish Baptist church at Soudan, the Rev. Johnson officiating. A large number of relatives and friends followed the remains to Lakeview cemetery.

The eighth weekly shoot was held this week with a very high wind blowing, making the scores below the regular shooting. Following is the result, unknown targets: Rohrer, 20; Oppel, 19; Kinney, 18; Cummings, 18; Coss, 18; Congdon, 18; Ryan, 18; Taylor, 16; Chalk, 11, out of a possible 25.

A ball game was played Sunday afternoon between the second nines of Tower and Soudan at Soudan which resulted in a score of 26 to 27 in favor of the home team. Batteries, Soudan, Odgers and Richards; Tower, Burgess, Burnham and Sundberg; umpire, Hickey.

Fred Williams had the misfortune to stub and break an artificial limb and is now at Chicago getting a new one.

Nels Coffman, civil engineer for the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, has a large crew at work assisting in surveying the track on the Ely extension that the bad curves may be straightened, the road being very bad at many places.

Mrs. William Rosanko and son, of Ely, are visiting with relatives at Soudan for several days.

The Finnish Temperance society held its annual picnic Sunday at Soudan, which about 500 visitors attended to witness the various sports.

A large crew of timbermen and track men were engaged Sunday changing the tracks and laying the shaft at No. 4 of the Minnesota Iron company causing no delay in ore shipments.

E. L. Bainbridge went to Duluth Monday morning to attend the state convention of the Maccabees held in that city on June 8, 9 and 7, being the elected delegate of Tower Tent No. 7 K. O. T. M., returning Tuesday evening.

H. B. Manton and wife, of Chicago, are in the city for a few days' outing and visiting around the lakes here.

Charles Johnson came down this week from his homestead in 62-18.

Mrs. Peter Schaefer and Mrs. Archie Collins returned from a visit to their home at Ely Friday evening.

John Hickey, Jr., came up from Duluth Saturday evening to spend the week visiting with his parents.

William Bowles, of Red Jacket, Mich., is visiting with his many old friends in the city.

William Allen returned this week from McNaughton, Wis., where he has been superintending the moving of the sawmill recently purchased by the Tower Logging company for their mills at Bear Head lake.

Mrs. Gunder Peterson and daughter returned this week from a two weeks' visit with friends at Virginia, Minn.

Mat. C. Wilson, W. E. Boettiger, A. M. Harris, George S. Ingram, L. R. Trenheur and J. H. Jones left Sunday morning for the Rainy Lake country, where they will take up homesteads.

George L. Ryan returned Wednesday evening from Duluth.

J. T. Welch came down from his homestead and left on a business trip to Duluth Tuesday.

William N. Shephard returned Thursday evening from several days' sojourn in Duluth.

Andrew Thorn left Monday morning on city important business at Escanaba, Mich.

Mrs. Fred Fiske, of Buffalo, N. Y., left Monday morning for Mine Center, where she will join her husband.

Capt. E. Morcom returned Wednesday evening from Duluth.

Mrs. E. S. Radcliffe came up from Duluth last evening for an extended visit.

Last of Mrs. E. E. Barnidge.

Mrs. Gates, of Duluth, arrived Thursday evening to visit her son, Superintendent Gates of the Indian schools at the Bucker Point reservation.

Mrs. D. Garrison, who has been visiting with Mrs. M. O'Keefe, returned Monday evening to her home at Ely.

Mrs. C. Williams, of Ely, was visiting with friends at Soudan Wednesday.

Charles McNamara was in the city several days this week looking after his property.

Mrs. Edwin Ball and two daughters left this morning for Milwaukee where they will visit with relatives. Mrs. Ball proceed to Chicago before they return to Soudan.

W. J. Bonham returned from Ely Thursday morning.

J. G. Ketcham, general manager of the Howe Lumber company returned Wednesday evening from Duluth, accompanied by his wife.

Mrs. L. A. Felter and family left Thursday morning for Two Harbors where she will make her home.

Stephen H. Gleeson, Indian farmer at the Nett Lake reservation, arrived in the city Tuesday evening for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Shephard returned to their home at Duluth after spending a few days here with relatives.

William Bassett came up from Duluth Wednesday evening for a few days' visit. Mr. Bassett was one of the first settlers of Tower, having left here about eleven years ago.

Mrs. Tresider went to Ely Monday evening to visit with relatives.

John Hawkinson, foreman of county roads, arrived Thursday evening from Duluth to lay plans for the improvements of the Crane Lake portage.

The wedding of Fred Abbe and Miss Edyth Smythe will take place on June 28.

J. M. Underwood, president of the American Iron company, left Thursday morning for Duluth. The explorations of his company at Robinson lake are in two fine veins of hemitite ore of very rich grade.

Mrs. Ole Hanson and daughter left Thursday morning for an extended visit with relatives at Virginia.

David Simons, G. Strand and Charles Meig were passengers on Tuesday morning's south-bound passenger train.

Matt Wilson launched his new launch Comet yesterday. It is the neatest and prettiest craft now on Lake Vermilion.

William Barnidge arrived Thursday evening from West Superior for a few days' visit with his uncle, E. E. Barnidge at the Vermilion.

James Billings, C. E. Starkey and R. A. Kerr left yesterday morning for Mine Center.

M. F. Marion, deputy clerk of the district court, issued a marriage license to John Kangres and Hilda Wilaka, and first citizenship papers to Isaac Simon this week.

The state dairy inspector arrived in the city Thursday evening on official duty.

A game of baseball will be played tomorrow afternoon at the ball park between the local lodges of the Modern Woodmen of America and the K. O. T. M. Game called at 3 p. m.

L. Loranger came down from Mine Center for Thursday evening, en route South.

Max Shapiro left Thursday morning for Chicago.

W. A. Eaton returned Thursday evening from his Minneapolis visit.

James Thompson returned Monday evening from a visit with relatives in Duluth.

Mrs. J. H. Winterfield came up from Duluth Tuesday evening to visit with her sister, Mrs. G. L. Ryan.

Frank Burgess, who for the past four years has been on the staff of the Vermilion Iron Journal, departed Wednesday morning for Idaho.

Charles Meig returned from Duluth Thursday.

Charles Oppel returned from Duluth Saturday to spend the vacation with his parents.

Mrs. McCarthy, of Duluth, arrived Monday evening for several weeks' visit among old friends, the guest of Mrs. O'Keefe.

David Simon was a passenger on Tuesday morning's south-bound train.

E. P. Chalk returned Wednesday evening from an extended visit at Duluth.

Mrs. Kellogg returned to her home at Two Harbors Monday morning after visiting with her husband several days at Soudan.

Miss Georgia Chilow arrived Wednesday evening from Duluth to spend the vacation with her parents at Soudan.

Gunder Peterson came up from Waldo and spent Sunday in the city with his family.

J. L. Miller, jr., of Dayton, Ohio, E. C. Bebb, L. E. Ward and D. L. Fairchild, of Madison, Wis., United States geologists, arrived in the city Saturday to make a geological survey of the Vermilion. They will remain about five weeks.

H. J. Wessinger, master mechanic of the Minnesota Iron company's mines, has invented a new steam shovel which has given a trial last Monday and gave general satisfaction, being a great improvement over those in use.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The village council met Monday evening to take action in regard to the moving proposition. Nothing of importance was accomplished, although an exciting and interesting meeting was on tapis. Mr. Adams, on behalf of the townsite company, tendered several offers to the village, including a $500 bonus for the completing of a new waterworks plant and other improvements that would have been a valuable asset to the village, but his offers were rejected by the council.

Charles Carlson, of Duluth, was up Wednesday, shaking hands with his many friends.

Eveleth lodge, No. 110 Knights of Pythias will hold memorial services in the Methodist church tomorrow evening.

Mrs. W. H. Boarding, of Chicago, is spending a few days with her son, Superintendent John H. Boarding, at the Adams.

Mrs. G. W. Wallace, of the Fayal, was a Zenith city visitor Friday.

President J. L. Greatsinger of the Duluth & Iron Range, Superintendent Thomas Owens and Roadmaster J. P. Shea, of Two Harbors, came up in a special Tuesday evening to inspect the damage done to the company's property by the heavy rains the first part of the week.

A man giving the name of F. W. White and purporting to be an iron land buyer has been operating in this vicinity the past few days with bogus checks, etc. He drew several drafts through the bank here on banks in Montana for several thousand dollars, then bought merchandise and other things from our merchants, paying for them in checks drawn on a West Superior bank, all of which were no good and returned unpaid. He has played his game in Ely and other Range towns with varied success, but here he got nothing from our bank and but about $60 from the various business firms whom he victimized.

Mrs. H. W. Harbaugh and son, of Virginia, were Eveleth visitors Tuesday.

Jesse York, a brakeman on the Duluth & Iron Range, was run over and killed in the Fayal yards Monday night. He was standing on the end of an ore car in a train that was switching into the yards and in some way left the car, quite badly. Dr. McClure dressed the foot and a special train took Mr. Elbert to Duluth.

Miss Antauvar, of Duluth, visited Miss Smith Sunday.

Archie Lmoind and Lewis Auedett spent Sunday in Superior.

Harry Bagley, of Duluth, visited Mrs. U. C. Tower Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Knudson preached at Fond du Lac Sunday afternoon.

A team of Clark & Jackson's horses fell in the river at the "chimp" Tuesday evening. They were gotten out with considerable difficulty.

William Brotherton, a knot sawyer in Clark & Jackson's shingle mill cut off two fingers Wednesday night.

Rev. Mr. Wilson, of Duluth, visited Rev. Mr. Knudson Thursday.

Edward Hermann, who has been studying in the medical department of the university at Minneapolis, came up Thursday to spend the summer here.

The Josie Davidson made her first trip to Fond du Lac Thursday. She will make trips three times a week this summer.

The Riverdale camp of Modern Woodmen held a meeting Tuesday evening. A couple of new men rode the goat for the amusement of the members.

Miss Mary Wilson went down to St. Paul Monday and returned Thursday bringing with her her little nephew, Peter Scott, who has been attending the school for deaf and dumb at Faribault.

The steamer Charles H. Bradley arrived Friday morning for a cargo of lumber from the Clark & Jackson yards. She will take about 800,000 feet.

Mrs. Philip Jordan visited her sister, Mrs. McGilvery, of Superior, Wednesday and Thursday.

School closed Thursday afternoon for the summer vacation. Mrs. Irene Cooke, who has been principal, will go with her daughter Marian, to Indianola, Iowa.

Sunday trains will be put on tomorrow. There will be a morning and an afternoon train.

A party of men from here attended the Maccabee convention at the Armory Tuesday evening. The Maccabee tent of this place is having quite a boom. They expect to initiate about sixty new members in the near future. A hive is to be organized next week.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward S. Dash, of New Duluth, was visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sweet were in West Duluth Sunday.

A. G. Renstrom was in Duluth on business Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nacey, of Duluth, were visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Nacey on Sunday.

Miss Julie Moline is visiting Mrs. Gilbertson, of West Duluth this week.

Mrs. V. A. Dash and son Victor, of Duluth, spent a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Overton, this week.

Havery Dash, of Duluth, was visiting his uncle, J. G. Brink Thursday.

John Moffet has moved from Spirit Lake to the store at Ironton.

Albert Swenson was in Duluth on business Wednesday.

The Smithville school had a picnic Friday instead of the usual closing entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith were in Duluth this week.

Mrs. Irene Cook spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink.

A. Krouse and Oscar Peterson, of Fond du Lac were in Smithville Monday.

Health Inspector Murray and Alderman Sang paid a visit to Smithville on Wednesday. There has been a kick made in regard to making this place a dumping ground for the cesspools of West Duluth. It will now be stopped.

Miss Lillian and Irene Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sweet, Grace Segl, Nettie Amundson and Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink and daughter Florence attended class day exercises at Duluth High School Wednesday evening.

Walter Dash spent Sunday with his uncle Mr. Overton.

Walter Lundquist, of New Duluth, was visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Lundquist this week.

Mrs. R. A. Folkerts and son spent a few days in Duluth this week.

Mrs. J. G. Gilbertson and son, of West Duluth, spent Thursday with Mrs. J. Moline. Mrs. Joseph Joy was in Duluth this week.

Mrs. S. Johnson and children, of Duluth, are spending the week with Mrs. Albert Swenson.

James Dunn, one of the high school graduates, is the first one to graduate from this viceinity.

Miss Mamie Nacey, of Duluth, spent Sunday with her parents in Smithville.

Miss McRae, Miss Tusch, of Duluth and Miss Jean Stewart, of West Duluth, came out to attend the school picnic Friday.

Mrs. Mat Amundson was visiting in Duluth Monday.

Miss Lillian Stearns spent Wednesday in Duluth the guest of Miss Dollie Dash.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. J. Millbrook returned from Sparta Wednesday. Mr. Millbrook has received a contract to put in a foundation for a large engine house at Sparta for the Gemot Iron company.

J. R. Ford was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

John Nick has gone to Sparta, where he has accepted a position as clerk in Campbell & Talboys' store.

The Fayal mine has commenced hoisting ore again, having succeeded in getting the thirty-six feet of water pumped out.

SPARTA.

Sparta, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. M. R. Nathin was an Eveleth visitor Wednesday.

The Duluth & Iron Range road has a crew of surveyors here locating tracks.

Mrs. Glen Brown returned from Duluth Thursday where she has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McLean.

Peter W. Haley made a business trip to Eveleth Wednesday.

James Dorbity is suffering from the effects of a fractured rib.

W. Archambault will move his family here from Hibbing next week and make Sparta his home.

Highland & Hebbloom have discontinued their mercantile business here and will remove to North Branch and engage in business at that point.

There is a shortage of laborers, both male and female, all over the Mesaba range. Girls are commanding almost as good wages as men.

William H. Davis, of Minneapolis, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

A. White has been appointed operator for the Duluth & Iron Range at Sparta.

M. R. Nathin and Judge Leach went to Virginia Friday on business.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fred Lino has opened a restaurant on Main street.

The Duluth & Iron Range has put four crews on to handle ore between the mines and Biwabik.

The Hale mine commenced ore shipments Thursday.

C. W. Mewbeter and wife returned to Sparta where Mr. Mewbeter has accepted a position with the Sparta Iron company.

Girls can obtain most any wages demanded here. Mr. Farrell was forced to close his restaurant on account of not being able to secure help.

William Loulan and Daisy Brennan were united in marriage at the Catholic church Wednesday. Both are prominent young society people and well known. Mr. Loulan is superintendent for the Drake & Stratton company here.

Frank Senrick and wife have returned from West Superior. Mr. Senrick will engage in business here.

Louis Pagenuch has returned from Italy and has opened a confectionery store here.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, June 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Active preparations are being made by the citizens of Grand Rapids for a grand celebration on the glorious Fourth. The demonstration this year will be the finest ever held in the county. There will be horse races, foot rages, bicycle races, tug rolling contest and, if possible, a baseball game. The following committee has charge of sports and prizes: H. D. Powers, Frank Resler, Harry Hanson, Fred J. Stevens and M. McAlpine.

On Monday the ground was purchased in Cohasset for a site for a sawmill. The road will be opened at once and when completed it will employ about fifty men. This means a big boom for our little suburban town.

Secretary Barnard of the Northwestern Editorial association has sent word to the committee here to prepare for 10 visitors on July 15.

Mrs. Thomas F. Brady and little daughter, of Hibbing, are spending the week visiting at the home of Judge T. M. Brady.

Rev. Father Gamoche left Thursday for Duluth, from where he will go to Hibbing tomorrow over Sunday.

Col. Blanden and Capt. Ringland, of Fort Dodge, Iowa, arrived in town Wednesday and will spend the month of June here fishing on the river.

Miss Katherine Renny left on Monday afternoon for her home in Stevens, Minn., where she will spend her summer vacation.

Lawyer J. N. True, of Detroit, Minn., is in Grand Rapids this week, attending to legal business.

O. W. Baldwin, of Duluth, was in town at the district court this week.

Mrs. B. C. Finnegan and children are spending the month with friends and relatives in Aitkin.

Mrs. L. D. Rasmussen and daughter returned home this week from a two months' visit with relatives in Putney, N. D.

Mrs. C. L. Pratt left yesterday for Minneapolis, where she will remain for several weeks visiting relatives.

T. F. Eaton, of Minneapolis, a representative of the Minneapolis Times, was in town the early part of the week.

Mrs. E. J. Farrell and daughter, Marie, left the latter part of the week for Malone, N. Y., having been called there by telegram announcing the serious illness of Mrs. Farrell's mother.

Mrs. P. B. Munson and little daughter, of Minneapolis, will spend the summer visiting with relatives here.

Samuel J. Moran has returned from a ten days' visit with relatives in the Twin Cities.

Mrs. Wade Blaker has gone to Minneapolis to visit with her son, who is attending school there.

Mrs. Thomas Creeper, of Swan River, spent Thursday and Friday with friends in town.

Attorney T. W. Murphy, of Hibbing, was in town this week attending district court.

George Arscott is again in town, having spent the past few months at Price Bros.' camps.

M. Ponti returned yesterday from a short business trip to Duluth.

E. M. Clark, of Duluth, was in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Editor D. C. Anderson of the Carlton Vidette is in town this week, attending a law suit.

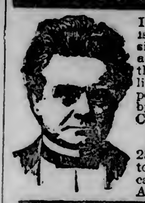
County Attorney E. J. Farrell returned the early part of the week from Minneapolis.

Miss Cleveland left on Friday for Chicago where she will remain a few days and then proceed to her home in Kansas.

Messrs. W. Graham and French, of Hibbing, were in town this week in attendance at court.

The grand jury today brought in an indictment against George J. Ferguson for murder in the first degree for the killing of Frank Noggle, about March 25 last. The case will probably not come up for trial before the first of next week. It promises to be a long one, as there are in the neighborhood of forty witnesses subpoenaed by the state.

MUNYON'S



I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble that cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch street, Phila.

DYSPEPSIA CURE

FREE BOOK FOR WEAK MEN

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My little book **"THREE CLASSES OF MEN"** sent sealed free, upon request. It tells of my 30 years' practice and success in treating results of youthful errors: **Nervousness, Impotency, Varicocele, and Kindred Ailments,** by nature's own gift to man—**Electricity.**

Drugs never cure—they only stimulate. With my famous Dr. Sanden's 1899 Model

ELECTRIC BELT

and Supporting Suspensory I cured 6,000 last year, and give in "Health World" (sent sealed with book) over 400 voluntary testimonials—new every month. Soothing currents applied through weakened parts at nights. It cures you while you sleep. Not for sale by agents or druggists. Beware of Quacks with their "Free Trial" swindles. Write for book to-day, and get my opinion of your case.

DR. T. A. SANDEN, 826 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

"ENCHANTING, OVERPOWERING."

Mrs. Van Rensselaer's Impressions On Seeing Niagara.

Thousands of visitors to Niagara will recognize the truth to nature of Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer's description of Niagara falls in the June number of the Century. She has seen the falls from many points of view, and thus describes them from the best:

Cross now to the Canadian shore. The spot where Table Rock broke off (about fifty years ago) puts us once nearly in front of the Horseshoe. Here, unless the vapors blow too thickly around us, we get the most astonishing impression that Niagara gives, excepting those that will come at the bottom of the gorge and even more than any of these it satisfies the sense of beauty. Here we can almost see into the central arcanum of the irregular curve. We could see into it, and we imagine that we could see through it into something unimaginable beyond it, if only the clouds that it generates would cease their billowing. Dim, blazing white and iris-spanned if the sun shines, pearly white when the sky is gray, they never do cease, rolling upward and outward, lower or higher, rhythmical, mutable, but immortal. No rocky fangs show at the foot of this great middle current. Below are only breakers of foam, flowing off in a river of foam, as above are cumuli of snow and then of mist, and still higher, streamers of smoke, of steam, of gossamer. Behind these is a cliff of diamonds; in front is an aura of rainbows; and dominating the whole there gleams through the white transluscencies the mobile adamant of the emerald brink.

Try as we will, wait as we may, even here we cannot see into the heart of Niagara. But here we can see it beat, and the organ peal of its beating fills our ears. We are wrapped in soft splendors, soft thunders, until the senses blend their testimonies. Sights and sounds, things motionless and moving, cannot be separated, and our own being is lost in their illimitable rapture. No other sensation wholly physical in its origin can be at once as overpowering and as enchanting as this one. And although we know that its origin is physical, is terrestrial, we cannot grasp the fact. The beauty that we are feeling is too different from any that we have ever felt before. It is a transfiguring of the familiar things of earth into the imagined things of heaven. To the eye it is a revelation of the divine possibilities of light and color, form, movement and sound; and to the mind it is an allegory of power and purity in their supreme and perfect essence. Built of there are walls to the city celestial, built of opal, emerald and some vast aurpral whiteness for which he have no mortal term, and bridged for the feet of angels with arches of the seven pure colors, the gateway through them must look like the heart of Niagara. It cannot be more immense, more mystical, more sacredly resplendent. It cannot be more aerial or more everlasting.

THE UNBELIEVER.

He said there wasn't a God on high, he
laughed at the Christian's hope;
He looked at the stars in the dotted sky,
at the rock on the mountain slope—
The ponderous rock that jutted out, high
over the murmuring sea—
And he said that they were among the
things which merely happened to be;
It was "only a matter of cooling off and
condensing that had brought
The systems, with their suns and worlds,
to perfection out of naught."

He spoke of the sun-kissed pagan's creed
and the god unto which he bowed;
He spoke of the drooping flower's need of
the mist from the passing cloud;
He spoke of the dumb brute's fear of
death, of the wild bird's mother love,
And he smiled at the claim that man
draws breath through the favor of
One above;
He heard the bell as its echo spread on the
peace of the Sabbath morn,
He listened to what the preacher said,
and he turned away in scorn.

He stood by the bay as the tide came in;
he watched the billows that broke;
He saw the volcano across the plain, with
its summit wreathed in smoke:
"They were things that had come out of
empty space," he could tell you how
and why.
But a pallor spread over his baby's face,
and they said that the child would
die!

Then the man who had scoffed fell down
on his knees, he still had a prayer to
make;
"O God," he pleaded, "spare him, please!
God spare him for Christ's sake."
—S. E. KISER, in the Chicago Times-Herald.

PRESIDENT'S GRAVE UNMARKED.

Two pages of pictures in the June Ladies' Home Journal, giving views of the places "Where our Presidents are Buried," recall the fact that four of the first five of our chief executives sleep in the soil of Old Virginia. The picture shows that the grave of President John Tyler, at Richmond, Virginia, is absolutely unmarked—even by a small headstone. Visitors to Hollywood cemetery are shown a scarcely perceptible mound, over which a magnolia tree spreads its shade in summer, as the resting place of our tenth president. The burial places of all the others are marked with monuments or tombs, except those of the two Adamses, who are buried under the portico of the First church at Quincy, Massachusetts.

STREET RAILWAY KING

Yerkes Squandering Fortunes in New York City—Is Providing a $30,000 Bath-room for His Beautiful Wife.

HE HAS DESERTED CHICAGO

Charles T. Yerkes, the street railway magnate, has decided that he has enough money, says the New York Evening World. In the last fifteen years he has accumulated a fortune estimated at from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000. He made it in the West.

Now he is bringing it to New York to spend it. From the present time on New York will be his home.

Though for years Yerkes has spent much of his time in New York, he has called himself a resident of Chicago. Now he is to leave the Windy City for good. He will dispose of all Chicago property, even to his home.

His new home is one of the finest in New York, and when being built attracted much attention because of the $30,000 bath room which Mr. Yerkes placed in it for his wife. Besides this it contains what is undoubtedly the largest private art gallery in the city—a huge hall 101 by 25 feet—filled with paintings and statuary which are valued at anywhere from $500,000 to $1,500,000.

The life of this millionaire reads like a romance. Once the possessor of a huge fortune he lost it all in the dark days of 1871 and was sent to prison as a criminal.

Then pardoned, he found himself penniless, with life to begin anew.

Yerkes comes from old Quaker stock, and was born in Philadelphia, June 25, 1829. His father was president of the Kensington National bank. When 17 years old the young man began life in the flour and commission business and four years later started for himself as a banker and broker.

Everything went well with him until just after the war, when he failed and was sent to jail on a charge of attempting to keep money belonging to the city of Philadelphia. In a short time the influence of his friends and of the city officials made itself felt. Public opinion changed, an application for a pardon was signed by nearly all the prominent men in the state, and Yerkes was released. He again began life. His old friends assisted him and he was doing a good business when the failure of Jay Cooke & Co. startled the world.

Yerkes foresaw the panic which would follow and promptly got on the short side of the stock market. In the few months that followed he made enough money to pay off all his debts and leave him a working balance.

In 1875 he decided to stop speculating and go into the street railway business.

Chicago seemed to him to afford great opportunities. In 1886 he went there and studied the financial prospects of the city. He secured control of the majority of the stock of the North Chicago line and formed a company which leased the right to operate the system. It promises to be a long one, as there are in the neighborhood of forty witnesses subpoenaed by the state.

He built

THE WOMAN'S COLUMN

(All material for this column must be sent in by Tuesday evening to the chairman of the board of editors, No. 5 Twelfth avenue east.)

* * *

According to Dame Rumor a new club has been formed and for what seems to us an original object. This new organization is called the "American Voice Culture Society," and teaches the children of the public schools to sing difficult music at sight. Thus far there is nothing new, but the novelty consists in the fact that this instruction is given with a view to cultivating a musical tone in conversation. The society further hopes to have this characteristic of the speaking voice one of the necessary qualifications of the teacher. Surely there is no person upon whose ear the rasping tones of the street have jarred but what will welcome and strive to aid this movement.

* * *

"But more above
And harder, patience with the love."

"They are such tiny feet!
They have gone so short a way to meet
The years that are required to break
Their steps to evenness, and make
Them go
More sure and slow.

"They are such tiny hands!
Be kind; things are so new, and life but stands
A step beyond the doorway. All around
New day has found
Such tempting things to shine upon, and so
The hands are tempted off, you know.

"They are such fond clear eyes
That widen to surprise
At every turn! They are so often held
To sun or showers—showers soon dispelled
By looking in our face;
Love asks so much grace.

"They are such frail, frail gifts!
Uncertain as the rifts
Of light that lie along the sky;
They may not be here by and by.
Give them not love, but more above
And harder, patience with the love."
—MARION MEIGS.

* * *

This week the reform department of the Twentieth Century club has been giving out flower seeds to the teachers of the public schools, who are distributing them among the children for the purpose of interesting children of the schools in the knowledge and culture of flowers. Every child can make an attractive garden out of a yard of land if he can have no more. It is the intention of this department to have these seeds distributed through the western and middle portions of the city. As the soil is poor and the rocks are barren in this part of the city, the children will have ample opportunity to develop skill and taste in beautifying them with flowers, making this one of the most attractive parts of the city. Last year a row of sun flowers on a point of rocks along the street car line in the western part of the city greeted the eye of the passer-by. The idea was so pleasing that we hope this year to see many flowers in similar locations, and the department will report on the pretty gardens. Oneota is making special preparations for a county fair. As this comes late, it will give the children an opportunity to display at the fair their success in flower gardening.

* * *

There is no place where plain common sense is more needed than in treating of educational problems. This is without doubt a day of great progress in this direction, but it is also a day of numerous fads. To weigh these problems and to decide what is wheat and what is chaff is a necessity. Not long ago the bureau of education at Washington published the statement that "the average child of 12 years is not capable of more than thirty-five minutes of continuous study without becoming fatigued." If this is true of the average child, alas! for the unfortunate who falls below that average.

We wonder how many children were carefully observed to furnish material for the Washington report. The Child Study Monthly for March contains a very interesting article from Mrs. S. F. Ware, who has had eighteen years' experience in the school room. She, as it seems to us, rightly feels that if this statement is true it speaks very badly for the training of the children. Mrs. Ware's statements are based upon experiments which she personally conducted. When she began her experiment her group of children showed signs of fatigue at the end of ten minutes, but at the end of four months they were able to work without fatigue for a whole hour. Mrs. Ware draws a very rational conclusion that if a child is nervous, there is something wrong, and it becomes the parent's first duty to discover and remove the cause of this disturbance. Many times the nervousness is caused by the fact that the work is not adapted to the child's need or capabilities. What a child feels he can accomplish calls out his interest under normal circumstances. It is what he feels is beyond him that makes him uneasy. The paper is full of suggestions to the thoughtful mother and teacher.

AMONG THE PLANTS

Here is a letter asking if it is too late to "make" garden and plant out pansies. As I read the letter I was reminded of a question I asked some years ago when I was visiting Mackinac island. A few blocks from the Astor house a man there was planting out cabbages, and I saw at a glance that they were of the late flat Dutch variety, a kind that takes longer to mature than the kinds we grow nowadays, and it was the Fourth of July. I had already planted out all my late crops in Ohio, for experience had taught me that they ought to be set by June 20, or there would be among them many soft heads that would be of no use as winter keepers, so I asked the man how it was he had delayed his planting so long, and in my freshness suggested a probable failure of the crop, and this is what I got: "Say, mister, you may know something about Ohio, but you don't know this country; this garden has always ben planted at this time for years and we never had a failure, and the Fourth of July has always been our time for planting out cabbages."

After years of experience in Duluth I have found it even as the man said. We cannot get at it quite as early, but everything has the Northern energy, even the plants, and they are bound to finish their job should they have to grow nights and Sundays. Let them grow. In regard to pansy plants, we would say that if properly grown they can be transplanted at any time, for when a seedling starts it generally makes only one or two roots, so we transplant them. This breaks off the long tap roots and causes them to form a mass of short, fibrous roots. You can notice this in taking up seedlings; they often have a straight tap root, like the poppy or mignonettes, but after transplanting you will find such a dense mass of small roots that the whole surrounding soil is held in their grasp, and such plants can be moved at any time. We have pansy plants that have been transplanted three times, and when taken up now the root ball is larger than the tops and such stock can be transplanted every week in the year and not suffer at all or check back. I also find no difficulty with poppies, and they are generally considered the hardest to move of any of the annual class of plants, so go ahead with your planting, for the season is only two or three days later than usual. In comparing notes with last year we find there is scarcely any difference, and we have every reason to believe that we are going to have the best growing season we have had for years.

I have been scolded for not writing more, but it is not so easy as it looks. You can talk so much easier than you write, and oftimes after you have finished your letter you wonder if anyone would take the time or be interested in such common-place subjects, for gardening is only poetical in imagination, and it is not easy to work hard, but it is bewitching, just the same. Here am I waiting with the impatience of a child to open up a lot of palms an' ferns I have just bought and that are now on the road. One would think that a florist would get over such folly, but he does not. "Men are only boys grown tall; hearts don't change much, after all," so I find myself wondering why the consignment was so long on the road and what has been sent me, and an half feverish to see the plants, to put them up, straighten out the leaves that have been hurt in packing, and as I do this I will wonder how it is they have left their homes in the far off tropics to cheer our hearts in the frozen North. They bring the sunshine with them.

ED C. LINDSAY.
The Lakeside Florist.

The Power of the Press.

"The power of the press" is a common expression, but few really realize its actual power. Deep thinkers do not hesitate to assert that half the crime of our country may be traced to this source. But great as is the influence of the press, it cannot begin to equal the power of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters over disease. Most diseases originate in a weak stomach. The Bitters strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood and cures constipation. It will tone up the nervous system and stimulate inactive kidneys. As an appetizer it is unequalled. It cures sick people, and an occasional dose regulates the bowels and prevents well people from becoming sick. If you want to get well and keep well, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Liver complaints cured by Beecham's pills

Gossip of the Stage

Tonight Bobby Gaylor, the well known Irish comedian, will appear at the Lyceum in "McSorley's Twins." The Salt Lake Herald says of Bobby:

"Bobby Gaylor is not only funny—nearly any comedian can be that—but he is highly original, and for this reason alone he will be the most popular farce comedian who has visited us for some time. His method of telling stories is of an entirely unique order, and it keeps the audience in roars from start to finish. There is a plot to "McSorley's Twins," of course—something about two pairs of twins, with many complications, and a song or dance, or both, every other minute. The supporting company is very capable in helping out the situations and the singing. There is a diminutive soubtette, who contributed some character songs, and a coon song artist—of course—also dancers, etc. Gaylor himself is most versatile. He not alone tells those awfully funny stories, but he sings or dances as the occasion requires. The Grand was crowded in every corner last night, and indications point to a repetition of the same story all next week, for the bill is a good one and will furnish plenty of fun and recreation.

ROLAND REED COMING.

Roland Reed, after an absence of several years, is to again favor Duluth with a visit. Next Tuesday evening he will appear at the Lyceum and present for the first time here his new comedy, "The Wrong Mr. Wright," which has scored an immense success. It is highly amusing and entertaining and Mr. Reed has been fitted with a strong character in Seymour Sites. It is that of a wealthy man who has been famous for his parsimony until he becomes interested in a pretty woman, when the lavishness of his generosity exceeds all bounds. This individual has been robbed of $50,000 by a trusted clerk. In hopes of capturing the thief himself and thus save the reward offered, the merchant assumes the name of Mr. Wright. It so happens that the absconding clerk also assumes the name of Mr. Wright. Numerous complications result. A fascinating young woman is engaged by a detective agency to take charge of the case. She mears the wrong Mr. Wright, and believing him the guilty man strives to make him fall in love with her, but she also learns to love him herself, and is heart broken until she learns that is not the right Mr. Wright, when happiness comes to herself and everybody else who deserves it. There are half a dozen other characters, an amusing English lording, an heiress who wishes "to be loved for herself alone" changes places with her maid, an "unappropriated" spinster who longs to be loved on any account, a hypocritical psalm singer and a United States artillery offier.

MARSTON STOCK COMPANY.

Theodore Marston, manager of the dramatic company bearing his name, which opens a weeks' engagement at Turner hall next Monday evening, is a soldier as well as an actor, having served Uncle Sam as major of volunteers in the late war with Spain. Mr. Morston is a character comedian and plays the part "Yohnny Yohnson," the young emigrant just landed, in a great sensational comedy drama "Slaves of Fortune," which is the opening piece Monday night and wears in the last act the same uniform that he wore while in the service.

Florence Stanley, the beautiful and accomplished leading lady of the company is an actress of marked ability possessing a wonderful voice and strong emotional powers. Miss Stanley is a California girl and created quite a sensation in society circles when she made her debut a few years ago in San Francisco. The critics predicted a bright future for her. Off the stage Miss Stanley is a bright conversationalist and possesses the happy faculty of making friends with everyone by her kind and pleasing manners.

* * *

Sarah Bernhardt announces her production of "Hamlet" as "The Tragic History of Hamlet, a drama in fifteen scenes by William Shakespeare, translated by Eugene Moreniel and Marcel Schwab." The version takes no liberties with Shakespeare. Sarah Bernhardt wears a suit of black silk with a cloak of crepe de chine.

* * *

Justin McCarthy has written a book called "Modern England." In it he mentions all the present English actors whom he rates in the first class. They are Henry Irving, Ellen Terry, Beerbohm Tree, Charles Wyndham, J. L. Toole, J. Forbes-Robertson and Mrs. Patrick Campbell. Somebody says the New York Sun should remind Mr. McCarthy that the Kendals, Kyrle Bellew, George Alexander, Martin Harvey, Olga Nethersole and John Hare are still acting.

* * *

Martin Harvey has gone to the front in London with long strides. Three years ago he was unknown here playing small parts in Henry Irving's company. Now he is a prosperous star. His hundredth performance in "The Old Way" occurred last Friday. He has on hand a play by Captain Basil Hood, founded on a story by Hans Christian Andersen and called "Ib and Little Christine."

* * *

In the Australian production of "The Belle of New York" Oscar Girard plays the part originated by Daniel Daly, and he has made such an impression that Oscar Girard gloves, cigars and neckties are the real thing at this moment in the antipodes. Louise Willis Hepner is also spoken of with friendly zest for her performances of Edna May's part.

* * *

Irving now is well on in the sixties and his health is badly shattered, so much so that he is frequently unable to finish the evening's performance. His double is ever ready to take his place. Financial reverses, but worse than that, domestic calamities, have shocked a system that was never very strong. It is one of the strange decrees of fate that a man who has had more personal triumphs than any other of his generation should now find himself going down the hill to a saddened and embittered old age. I hope I may not be too pessimistic in this matter, but the chances are very many that we shall never see this great actor and sumtuous stage producer in this country again, says Charles Alfred Byrne in Brooklyn Citizen.

* * *

Everlasting Evangeline Rice says: "I still believe Dixie to be the best entertainer of them all, and I intend to take him to London and produce 'Adonis' once more. I ran 100 nights there twelve years ago, in spite of the opposition to everything American at the time.

* * *

Emma Calve has had her share of joy and glory on earth and will never know this public more. An irremediable disease has taken possession of her, and all the clairvoyants in the world whom she consults continually in the fond hope that she may be herself again will never be able to bring her back to life and health. She was to get $100,000 for sixty performances here, but she will never be able to earn one dollar of it, says the Brooklyn Citizen.

* * *

Managers Wagenhals and Kemper have engaged Charles B. Hanford for the coming season as co-star with Louis James and Kathryn Kidder. Mr. Hanford's recent appearance was with the Hanford-Tyler-MacLean combination during their engagement at the Herald Square theater. He will be seen in such parts as Sir Louis O'Trigger in "The Rivals," the King in "Henry V.," in "Winter's Tale," Joseph Surface in "The School for Scandal," and Marc Antony in "Julius Caesar."

Mabel Fenton (Mrs. Charles J. Ross) has decided to retire from the stage. She will hereafter devote herself to the management of a hotel near Asbury Park, owned by herself and her husband. Miss Fenton received a very flattering offer from Augustin Daly to play Ada Rehan's role of Lady Garnett in "The Great Ruby" on the road next season.

* * *

Alfred Klein, the diminutive comedian who has devoted about nine of the best years of his life to acting as a foil to De-Wolf Hopper's length and angularity, has found a new comedy by Joseph Adelman, called "My Lord, the Butler," and, as he thinks the title role fits him, he may take the piece out next season.

* * *

Not long ago Maurice Barrymore announced that he was going back to England this summer never to return to this country because he thought his prospects would be better over there, but he has evidently changed his mind, as it is now stated that he will play Rawdon Crawley in Mrs. Fiske's production of "Becksy Sharp," which is the name given to Langdon Mitchell's dramatization of "Vanity Fair." The ball on the eve of Waterloo will be one of the elaborate features of the production.

* * *

Every time she comes over here from England, Olga Nethersole has to learn anew the lesson that no matter how much her own art is appreciated, a second class English company will not be accepted in her support. Her first tour was marked by the thorough roasting given her fellow players, so when she came the following season she secured her supporting players after her arrival. Then she stayed away two years, forgot all about her first experience and the same thing happened again. She will be over again next season, but will have an American company.

* * *

In a learned dissertation upon the necessity for simplicity of method in christening comic operas, Victor Herbert said recently that he would probably have to change the name of the comic opera which he had composed for the use of Frank Daniels next season and which he had intended to call "The Ameer." Mr. Herbert fears that the great common people who patronize comic opera do not know the significance of the word, but who ever heard of the title of a comic opera having any reference to the work itself? He has the whole dictionary to choose from, and if he is put to it he might call it "The Soup Ticket." Everybody would know what that means.

* * *

Unlike some others, Adolf von Sonnenthal, the German doctor, who was over here during part of the season, did not revile America and Americans on his return to Vienna. His expressions were most enthusiastic and he even enjoyed having his room on the fifteenth floor of a New York hotel.

* * *

Planquette's operetta, "Les Cloches de Corneville," known in English as "The Chimes of Normandy," has just been given for the first time in Corneville where its scenes are laid, and for the somewhat unique purpose of raising money to purchase a chime of bells for the Corneville church. The chimes referred to in the title are the chimes of the former abbey.

* * *

The season being over we are now getting the statistics a bit at a time. There were 34 new plays produced in New York last season, ten in German, and sixty-four of the whole number were of native authors. The percentages of failures and success will come later—perhaps.

* * *

Florida Kingsley appeared in her bare feet as Trilby in an entertainment recently given by the Professional Women's league and now those enterprising managers whose object is to elevate the stage are besieging her with offers to play little bare-foot parts. She has refused them, because she is afraid of splinters.

* * *

Ramsay Morris' new play, "The Last of the Romans," has been tried, and now Andrew Mack feels safe for next season. The period of the play is 1740 and the priesthood, the laiety and the quality of Ireland have been woven into a story that sounds quite romantic.

* * *

It is said that Nance O'Neil's campaign for English favor will be inaugurated through a matinee performance of "Magda." Lester Lonergan, who has been playing leading juvenile parts with Mme. Modjeska for several seasons, will probably play the Rector.

* * *

Playing Romeo with a cast made up of actors unskilled in the use of swords is a more dangerous matter than most people might suppose. While the celebrated Maude Adams production of "Romeo and Juliet" was in Boston, when Romeo Faversham interfered in the fight between Tybalt and Mercutio, he received the point of Mercutio's sword through his lower lip and into the roof of his mouth. He managed to finish the play by making numerous adroitly managed trips to the wings to stanch the flow of blood. After the performance a surgeon was called and sewed up the wound.

* * *

THEATRICAL SMALL TALK.

Walker Whiteside has been engaged to originate the title role in "Ben Hur."

Henry Lee will be Simonides.

Ada Bonner, who used to play Teddy in "A Bunch of Keys," died the other day.

Charles Dickson will be seen in "All Men Are Liars."

Jerome Sykes will star next season in "Chris and the Wonderful Lamp."

Barney Gilmore will play Dooley, in "Kidnapped in New York."

Harry Conor has presented "A Trip to Chinatown," "A Rag Baby" and "A Stranger in New York" in Honolulu.

Nat Goodwin thinks he will play Shylock Thomas Wise may be seen in "Dear Old Charley."

William Gill, who wrote "Adonis" and "The Seven Ages" for Henry E. Dixey, has just about completed an entirely new work, in which this comedian may be seen next season.

A Berlin play, called "The Vivisector," is the work of Dr. Lutze, who aims to prove the baneful effects of vivisection upon those who practice it. It was received with enthusiasm and the author was called repeatedly before the curtain.

Mrs. Langtry has definitely decided to return to the stage. She will be her own manager and use a society melodrama.

At the London Lyceum next winter, while Irving is making his American tour, a subscription season of twenty-two Shakespearean plays will be given, including some that are infrequently acted.

When "The Christian" is produced in London next fall the author's daughter will have a part in it. She calls herself Miss Hall Caine. Evelyn Millard and Hubert Waring, now acting in "The Adventures of Lary Ursula," will play Glory and Storm.

The Peter Stuyvesant play, in which William H. Crane is to appear next season, will be called "Peter, the Headstrong," and Mr. Crane will spend the summer at Cohasset practicing with a wooden leg.

George Ade, inventor of "Artic" and "Pink Marsh," has written a 1-act musical comedy and Harry Woodruff, a member of the Lyceum company, will present it in Chicago this week.

To get even with the music halls where dramatic sketches are presented the managers of the London theaters threaten to permit smoking.

"The Choir Invisible" is in process of dramatization and Henry Jewett, who has made a hit this season in the part of John Storm in "The Christian," will be starred in the production.

Harry B. Smith will turn "Cyrano de Bergerac" into a comic opera for Francis Wilson, and the gentleman whose chief mode of comic expression finds outlet in his legs will endeavor to make his nose equally humorous.

"The Christian," in which Viola Allen plays the principal role, has been given its 100th consecutive performance in Boston. The No. 2 "Christian" company will be headed by Effie Ellsler next season.

"Nobody's Bill," a French farce, is being translated by Joseph Herbert.

Mrs. Fiske has engaged Maurice Barrymore to play the part of Rawdon Crawley in "Becky Sharp," Langdon E. Mitchell's dramatization of "Vanity Fair." Mrs. Fiske will produce this play in New York next September.

"Who Killed Cog Robin?" of which J. Cheever Goodwin and Louis Harrison are the authors, has been secured by Thomas Q. Seabrooke for production next season.

Alfred Klein, formerly of De Wolf Hopper's company, may star in "My Lord, the Butler," a farce, next season.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

WINE OF CARDUI

GOOD SPIRITS REVIVED.

CECIL, ALA., Dec. 28.

I had fainting spells, heart failure, weak eyes, scanty menses, and womb disease. I am 18 years old, but I found myself unable to study in that condition. I took Wine of Cardui and Black-Draught, and they brought me around all right. With the relief, good spirits and happiness returned.

MISS CARRIE HARRIS.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

A girl or woman, suffering with the diseases which afflict her sex, is pretty sure to have the blues. She will be dull, listless and easily irritated—a burden to herself and those around her. Sometimes she will sit or lie for hours, staring into vacancy, utterly unable to see anything but despair ahead. This sad condition is easily corrected, although many women refuse to think so. They wrongly suppose their troubles are incurable because their sufferings are so great. To these women, Wine of Cardui will prove a real blessing. It will restore the distinctly feminine organs to health and strength. It will crush out the blues and revive the spirits. Its good effects are widespread. No matter what be a woman's ailment, if menstruation is in any way affected, Wine of Cardui is the proper, natural remedy.

LADIES' ADVISORY DEPARTMENT. For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, *Ladies' Advisory Department*, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

LARGE BOTTLES SOLD BY DRUGGISTS FOR $1.00.

WINE OF CARDUI

GARDEN OF EDEN

The Discovery Made That It Now Exists on Lester River.

FINE FARMS THERE

Citizens of Duluth Raise the Festive Potato---One on Mr. Buchanan.

The theory that the Garden of Eden is on the banks of the Euphrates is now questioned. It is on the bank of Lester river, about three miles above Lester Park, it is asserted. Robert Benson, who has a place in that locality, says that the people who have been chasing around in America looking for the garden have been wasting their time. Mr. Benson and P. S. Annecke, who also has a place up there, which "pines onto" Mr. Benson's, were at the city hall last week to see about getting the city to help improve the road up there. They claim that at present one travels about twenty-five miles in going the three, counting the climb up and down the numerous hummocks. They said that a person in robust health would enjoy the exercise, and one obtained a fine view of Lake Superior and a good stretch of Wisconsin while in the air on the bound, but the ride had its drawbacks, and it was impossible to get eggs over it at all and the jounces and jarries were apt to shake up to the tops of the eggs. Hence it would not suit their purpose in their capacity as farmers.

Quite a number of people have places up the river at the end of the road. S. L. Smith, ex-city attorney, has been improving a piece of land up there for several years and has a full fledged farm, with a residence and several substantial buildings. He has a lot of fine chickens.

Louis Loeb is another of the farmers up there, and there are several others in the community. It is said that they intend to organize a grange and have papers on agricultural topics read by the members.

Mr. Benson told a crowd at the city hall that he had raised some potatoes on his patch that were a foot long. Mr. Annecke bore out his statement and said that Smith and Loeb would swear to it.

A man who worked on a farm when he was a boy says, however, that Benson's potatoes are gourds. He claimed to have been out at Benson's place and seen them. He says that Benson raised them for potatoes and intended to take them to the county fair. He started with them, but found out on the way in from a man he met that they were gourds. He took them back and tried to sell them to S. L. Smith for cucumbers for his chickens. Mr. Smith took a few, but the chickens were "onto" the racket and would not touch them. This bred distrust in Mr. Smith's heart and they say he counts his chickens night and morning when Mr. Benson is out on his place, which is quite near Mr. Smith's.

The members of the community are casting about for a name and it has been decided to offer a prize of half a dozen bottles of Fitger's best to the person who offers the best suggestion. Communications should be addressed to P. S. Annecke, care of Fitger & Co., or to Robert Benson, Exchange building.

* * *

About the busiest man in town these days is Secretary Buchanan, of the Jobbers' union, who is looking after getting up the arches and decorations for the reception committee. He is to be seen frequently out in the street directing with voice and gesture the workmen on the poles putting up the arches. Strangers in town are apt to be attracted by the spectacle of a well dressed business man side-stepping around and prancing back and forth in the mud with his gaze turned upward and his hands playing nervously and several times during the Maccabee gathering groups have gathered on the sidewalk and watched him, under the impression, probably, that he was a street fakir going through maneuvers to attract attention preparatory to opening out his stock and proceeding to business. They would wait until they became impatient and then they would ask him what his graft was and failing to get any response they would manifest their disgust by calling "whiskers" and exchanging views as to his mental condition. All this failed to ruffle the equanamity of Mr. Buchanan, who is something of a philosopher. But an incident happened the other day that did try him a little.

Noticing that a certain fixing had not been fastened up on an electric light post, Mr. Buchanan procured a ladder and a hammer and some nails and started in to do the work himself. The spectacle of a man in working clothes up on the ladder at work would have attracted no attention, but the sight of a man in business attire perched up there looking for points with the nails excited interest and quite a crowd gathered, in the assemblage were a number of the street arab tribe, who, as is well known, have a keen eye for the ridiculous in a situation.

The wind was blowing, making the ladder somewhat unsteady, and Mr. Buchanan was having some difficulty in getting a bead on the nails.

"Now," yelled a boy, seizing with true street arab instinct the "psychic moment" when Mr. Buchanan was poising his hammer. He made a flustered dab as the crowd laughed and a boy whistled. Of course, the hammer did not hit the nail and the nail fell to the ground.

"Hey, say mister, you dropped a nail," yelled half a dozen boys in chorus.

Without deigning to even glance at the crowd, Mr. Buchanan, with great calmness and deliberation took another nail from his pocket, tapped it lightly in place as he had seen carpenters do and then let drive a powerful blow to drive it home. He missed again.

"Say, he can hit the post, I guess," yelled one of the boys.

"Sure; he's a bird, he is," remarked another boy.

"Don't fall, birdie," put in another boy.

Mr. Buchanan made up his mind not to try another nail and he began to cast about for a way of making a dignified retreat.

"Take me down, somebody," said a boy, as Mr. Buchanan hesitated and glanced about.

He joined in the laugh that followed, and this enabled him to retire gracefully. One of the boys remarked that he was all right and the others endorsed the assertion.

Mr. Buchanan says that he now realizes the strain of living in the fierce white light that beats on those who are in the public eye.

SEEN THROUGH GATH'S EYES

(Continued From Page 3.)

now. But of all countries, we most need vessels.

"The administration at Washington is regarded as a rather weak follower of the American genius which has suddenly done the Balboa act over of looking from Oregon down upon Asia. McKinley's best foreign representative, Hitchcock, is now in his cabinet. He had the money to entertain handsomely, and, besides that, was an Ethan Allen by blood.

"The cabinet of McKinley is not regarded as gold plate. The president is adroit and the great events have come in their fullness of time whilst he is on the earth. But the American nation is the great thing, its impact and impetus irresistible.

"The best posted American on physical and foreign questions is James J. Hill, author of the Great Northern railroad, itself the forerunner of the Siberian and Central Asiatic lines.

"I have a liberal skeptical view of trusts; there is the Air Brake stocks, which has never paid a dividend, pushed up above 200 on the statement that the Russian government had adopted it. The Russians merely allowed it to be applied as an experiment on eight trains.

"Russia is the most hospitable land in the world. It is doing the greatest good to the world by its railways, and without brag or hypocrisy. Like a noble vine, its railways shoot their tendrils in the night over the ruins of fallen capitals, over Merv, Samarcand, Persepolis."

STYLES FOR MEN.

Stiff-Bosomed Shirt to Disappear Early In June.

The summer shirt this year offers no novelties in the way of pattern or color. The absence of the flashy colors that some of the makers showed early last spring is infallible evidence that the demand for them must have been slight. No suggestion of these vivid greens, reds and china blues have been seen this year, says the New York Sun. Yet the combination of pink, blue and mauve are full of color for the man who is willing in the summer to be somewhat more spectacular in dress than during the winter months. These blues, pinks and mauves are combined in nearly all cases with white stripes and are vivid enough with the redeeming grace of good taste to satisfy anybody. The plaited bosoms will show the only variation from the plain bosoms. Three plaits about an inch and a half wide are the style used by most of the best makers. Madras and the heavier cheviots are used. The stiff bosomed shirt will practically disappear from view by June 1. The high, turned over collar has lost most of its overwhelming vogue and is rarely seen. The collars turned over at the edges are seen still, although not so frequently as in the past, for the pervading higher turned over collar has driven them as well out of fashion on a large scale. Those sent now from London to this country are round and not pointed at the corners. Men who prefer to wear the turned down collar formerly in fashion find that the best shops offer them extremely low, meeting at the center and then cut away without any of the curves and flaring effects sought several years ago.

In summer neckwear the Oriental ties and scarfs in more colors than ever are again making an effort to gain the favor always denied them here, although in London they are worn more than any other kind of tie when the warm weather sets in. They are modish there even during the winter months. With this fact in mind it has always been difficult to understand why they were never worn here to any extent. This season has brought them out with greater crudity and contrast than ever before. The small knot and broad, flaring scarf have disappeared to make way for the single fold caught with a scarf pin, which is not only decorative here, but necessary to keep the tie in place. The butterfly is no longer seen. Its successor is the tie of an average breadth of two inches at the ends, gradually growing narrower until it is about an inch and a half wide in the center. These are made this spring in light colored checks of silk, although the dark blue ground with the white spots is a mere favored pattern than any other. These are what the salesmen call standard patterns, and they vary little from year to year in general design, although the details are sometimes new.

Last year's novelty in shoes was a black low quarter that proved a formidable rival to the low, light-colored shoes that had held their own so indisputably for several years. It did not supplant them and was confined last season almost entirely to those men who make it a point to wear what is newest in good styles. This summer it is to be popular again and will reach that larger number of men who awake more slowly to new fashions. The gradual cheapening of well-made shoes is one of the changes in men's dress in recent years. Not only are ready-made shoes much cheaper, but the form of them is comparable now to those made by the best and most experienced makers. The latter prospered formerly through their exclusive ability to make certain lasts. These have been imitated so successfully that a shoe can be bought now for $5 which possesses many of the good qualities formerly thought to be obtained only when twice as much or even more was paid.

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